14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

CAUSES BIG SENSATION

The Government's Suit Against Truit Startles Westerners.

The First of the Kind Ever Filed in California.

San Francisco, March 8.—The news of the filing of a suit by the United States government against a number of elevator companies has caused a sensation in California and the West, this being the first legal proceedings of the kind ever instituted out here.

United States District Attorney Robert Devlin, who brought the suit, was located late last night at his residence in Berkeley. In discussing his action he said:

"The complaint filed yesterday is against the Otis elevator company and thirty other defendants who are alleged to be in one concern and operating contrary to the provisions of the Sherman act. The complaint was drawn up by me, but is signed by United States Attorney General Moody, all such actions originating at Washington.

"The action is based upon affidavits of men who were formerly in the combine and who state that, while the defendants to the action are apparently separate concerns they in reality are all under control of the Otis Elevator company. The effect of this pooling of interests is to enhance prices and restrict trade with the view to controlling all the elevator business on the Pacific coast with the probability that this is but a branch of a gigantic trust that controls the elevator output all over the United States.

"Such a combination is against the provisions of the Sherman law and we believe that we have ample evidence against the trust to make out a clear case when it comes to trial. The affidavits of the men set forth in the complaint whose names I do not now remember, are complete and are based upon personal knowledge. A great quantity of material of firms not in the combine has gone to waste, there being no sale for it.

"This suit has been carefully prepared and will be pushed vigorously. In every phase of it the attorney general has been consulted and I regard the case as clear and strong against all the long list of defendants."

GREEN CASE TO THE JURY

Major Conrad Closes Argument for Government.

Judge Instructs Jury to Acquit on One of the Indictments.

Washington, March 8.—Maj. Holmes Conrad, special counsel for the government, resumed his argument to the jury in the trial of Former State Senator Green of New York, when court convened today. Mr. Conrad's address to the jury is the concluding argument in the case.

Mr. Worthington objected to Mr. Conrad's comment on the fact that the court did not take the case from the jury. The court stated that the jury would be instructed on that point.

Mr. Worthington also objected to statements made by Mr. Conrad with reference to the absence of testimony on behalf of the defense and moved the court to discharge the jury on the ground that the remarks of counsel prejudiced the jury. The motion was overruled. At the conclusion of Maj. Conrad's argument, Justice Gould read his charge to the jury.

The court prefaced his charge with a reference to a remark by counsel for the defense, who expressed the fear that "We are sitting too near the seat of government." In view of that, he said, it was his duty to instruct the jury to be influenced by nothing except the facts and the law and evidence. The court explained that in overruling the motion to instruct the jury to acquit, it was simply a determination that the government had presented a case which should be submitted to the jury. It was then explained that there had been originally in the trial two indictments, one charging conspiracy to commit an offense and the other a conspiracy to defraud. The same facts were presented in each. The government having elected to go to the jury on the indictment charging a conspiracy to defraud the jury was instructed to return a verdict of not guilty on the other indictment.

FATHER GEORGE TYRRELL WITHDREW IN FEBRUARY.

Washington, March 8.—For some months rumors have circulated concerning the possible withdrawal of the well-known author, Father George Tyrrell, from the Society of Jesus, of which he has been a very prominent member for a number of years. It is now known that the withdrawal took place on Feb. 19 last, the immediate cause being his unwillingness to repudiate certain parts of his writings which did not meet with the approval of his superiors.

STEEL MAGNATE NOT AS ILL AS RUMORED

CHARLES M. SCHWAB.

The reports that Mr. Schwab was dangerously ill are not borne out by later news.

SCHWAB NOT VERY SICK

Members of Party at Loss to Know How Rumor Started.

Steel Magnate Sends Out Word He is Feeling Fine.

Kansas City, March 8.—The Rock Island train, on which Charles M. Schwab was due to arrive in Kansas City at 6:15 this morning, was reported nine hours late and will not reach here until about 3 p. m.

A message received at the general office of the Rock Island at Topeka said that Mr. Schwab's condition was slightly improved this morning.

Mr. Schwab's train passed through Hutchinson a few minutes after 8 o'clock this morning. A second dispatch, received in Kansas City from that point, quoted Mr. Schwab as saying: "I am feeling fine."

It was stated that he was resting comfortably and was feeling better than at any time in the past two days.

According to the present arrangements, Mr. Schwab and his party will lay over in Kansas City when they arrive until 10 o'clock tonight. His private car "Loretta" will be hitched on to the regular Rock Island train for St. Louis, leaving Kansas City at that hour.

At Hutchinson the conductor of Mr. Schwab's car refused to let any one see the steel magnate. The conductor, however, insisted that Mr. Schwab's condition was in no way serious. "Mr. Schwab," said he, "is all right and feeling fine. He has not been seriously ill at any time since he left Los Angeles."

At Hutchinson several telegrams were delivered to Mr. Schwab and earlier in the morning several were sent by him to persons in the East.

The conductor said that, while Mr. Schwab was somewhat ill when he left Los Angeles, his condition had at no time been alarming and the members of the party were at a loss to know how the report of his serious illness had been started.

MEMENTOES OF ACTRESS.

Possessions of Late Mrs. Gilbert to be Sold at Auction.

New York, March 8.—Interesting possessions of the late Mrs. Gilbert are on view at local auction rooms, where they are to be sold later in the week. Among the effects of the old actress are costumes, pictures, books and many personal belongings.

Chief among these is the Bible presented by the Ladies' Guild and Missionary society of the church to which Mrs. Gilbert belonged, on the occasion of the actress' eighty-third birthday, in 1904. There is a telegram from Joseph Jefferson, sent in 1902, on her eighty-first birthday, and a card from Lady Jerome, in London, inviting Mrs. Gilbert to meet the Duke and Duchess of Teck.

There is also the typewritten copy of her part in "Granny." This is the play in which she was acting at the time of her death in Cicago, and the part is the last she ever learned.

JAPS WHO SURRENDERED ARE COURTMARTIALED.

Victoria, B. C., March 8.—The steamer Kanagwa, from Japan, brought news that Lieut. Commander Mizoguchi and other officers of the transport Kinshiu, sunk by the Russian Vladivostok squadron at the beginning of the war, are being courtmartialed for alleged cowardice. On the occasion of the disaster the war department at Tokio issued a bulletin that none of the soldiers on board was taken prisoners; that with the exception of the survivors who returned all had been killed or had committed suicide. Extended accounts were given in Japanese newspapers of how Lieut. Com. Mizoguchi and other officers committed harikari, but with the return of these officers among the prisoners from Russia. Japanese newspapers say they regret their sympathy. Lieut. Com. Mizoguchi said he and other officers went on board the Russian vessels when called to surrender, but the men refused to surrender, many committing suicide on the deck after firing with rifles at the enemy, which torpedoed and sank the transport.

NO CHANGE IN POLICY

French Ministerial Crisis Will Not Affect Moroccan Affairs.

President Fallieres Begins the Formation of New Cabinet.

Paris, March 8. — The govgernent finds itself ithout a ministry at the culminating stage of the Moroccan conference at Algeciras. An official statement says:

"The ministerial crisis does not affect French policy at the conference."

This is designed chiefly to warn Germany not to take advantage of the situation. The fact is that the ministerial hiatus confuses matters and threatens the agreement which otherwise might have been reached today.

The vote in the chamber of deputies last night, resulting in the defeat of the government and the resignation of the cabinet, also requires that the government temporize with the church manifestants who are becoming increasingly demonstrative, particularly the peasants.

President Fallieres today began a series of consultations relative to the formation of a new ministry. He first conferred with M. Dubost, president of the senate, and later received M. Doumer, president of the chamber of deputies. No announcement of the president's course of action has been made but the names most mentioned are those of Leon Bourgeois, the former premier; Alexander Miller and the former minister of commerce, Raymond Poincaire, former minister of public works and Senator Clemenceau. There is some talk also of M. Delcasse, the former foreign minister, who is supported by the anglo-French enthusiasts, but his appointment is impossible owing to German hostility to him.

M. Rouvier wants to retire from the premiership but he may be induced to retain the portfolio of foreign affairs or that of finance under another premier.

Rentes went off 20 centimes today but recovered, showing that the operators on the bourse were not seriously disturbed by the resignation of the cabinet.

TAWNEY TRIES TO OSLERIZE CLERKS

Old Employes to be Cut Down to $1,000 a Year.

Washington, March 8.—The old government clerk, no matter what salary he may be getting now, is to be cut down arbitrarily to $1,000 a year, for the sole reason that he has reached the age of 65 years if a provision in the legislative, executive and judiciary appropriation bill goes through.

The committee on appropriations decided to incorporate the provision in the bill. Investigation has shown that $2,000,000 a year is paid government clerks here who are 65 years of age or older. Of these class of clerks 77 per cent receive more than $1,000 a year. The few hundred dollars more that each of the old clerks receive represent years of struggle and toil to gain a salary upon which they could live and support their families and they now see their years of work going for nothing.

Many of these clerks are as efficient it not more so than the college graduate of from 21 to 30 years of age, who are filling up the departments. It is upon these older clerks that the executive heads of the departments depend for precedents and methods of procedure.

Chairman Tawney of the committee on appropriations is responsible for the provision. He has been told by the heads of the various departments that they have superannuated clerks and Mr. Tawney, instead of trying to have them dismissed, determined upon the $1,000 salary for all over 65 years.

LAWYERS' CANDIDATES.

New York Bar to Name Men for the Bench.

New York, March 8.—A movement is to be launched next week among the lawyers of the city to take the nomination of judges out of politics, and to put forward for judicial offices, next year, men selected and indorsed by the legal fraternity, without regard to the wishes of any political organization.

Ten prominent members of the bar of this city are to attend a dinner to be held next week. At this the candidates of the judiciary will be considered.

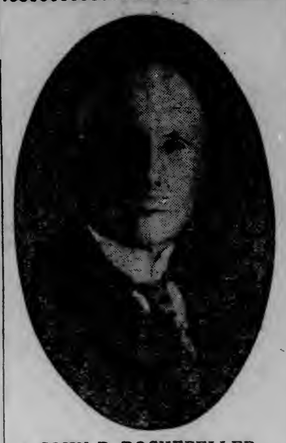
It is understood that among those asked to the dinner will be William G. Choate, William B. Hornblower, Austen G. Fox, Francis Lind Stetson, Paul D. Cravath and District Attorney Jerome.

LAST OF THE HOGANS, BALLOONISTS. DEAD.

Jackson, Mich., March 8.—William Hogan, balloonist, who has performed some of the most daring feats in midair in history and who was well known throughout the United States, is dead here, aged 63 years.

Hogan's death recalls the tragic end of two of his brothers who ascended to dizzy heights innumerable times, but finally met death while performing. John Hogan ascended in a balloon at Detroit ten years ago and was dashed to the ground. Edward Hogan went up in an airship in New York in the late eighties and was never seen again. It is supposed he dropped into the ocean.

SEARCH FOR OIL KING ABANDONED



JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.

Attorney General Hadley announces that, while he had not relinquished his hope of having John D. Rockefeller subpoenaed to give testimony in the ouster case against the Standard Oil company, he had stopped efforts in that direction on the promise of A. D. Eddy, the attorney for the oil company, that the necessary evidence would be forthcoming from other sources.

TRAGEDY IN FLOUR CITY

Newspaper Driver Shoots His Wife and Then Kills Himself.

The Woman Not Seriously Hurt But the Man Died Instantly.

Minneapolis, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Henry Morisette, aged 28, a driver for the Tribune newspaper, this morning shot and wounded his wife, aged 26, and then blew out his brains.

The couple lived at 82 Tenth street, south, and of late had been frequently quarreling. Last evening the woman called in a policeman and informed him that she would no longer live with her husband, as she was afraid of her life.

Morisette then agreed to go away quietly, but said he would sleep in the house for one night before going away.

This morning when Mrs. Morisette came out of her room, her husband was standing in the hall.

As soon as he caught sight of her, he drew a revolver and fired.

The revolver bullet struck her in the forehead, inflicting a glancing scalp wound. The woman, however, fell to the floor and Morisette undoubtedly thought he had killed her.

He then went into the kitchen and sent a bullet through his brain dying instantly.

SMUGGLE RIFLES FOR CHINAMEN

A Number With Ammunition Found on Steamer for Orient.

San Francisco, March 8.—Twenty-two modern rifles and 10,000 rounds of ammunition were seized yesterday in the quarters of the Chinese crew on the Pacific mail steamer Manchuria, scheduled to sail for the Orient this afternoon. The company officials thereupon ordered, it is said, as thorough a search of the vessel as possible, and this resulted in two more boxes of rifles being found in the room of one of the assistant engineers. The engineer and the Chinese were questioned and it was found that guns had been purchased in this city by the engineer and smuggled aboard the vessel. The officials say they believe that there are no more guns aboard, but this will not be certain until the freight has been discharged from the steamer upon her arrival at Hongkong.

Nothing is known as to how long the smuggling of this character of goods has been going on or how many rifles have been sent in this way to China.

TOBACCO FAMINE

At Fosterburg, Ill., Relieved After Four Days of Suffering.

Alton, Ill., March 8.—The relief of Lucknow was as nothing to the joy of the citizens of Fosterburg, a hamlet twelve miles from here, when a four-horse team from this city reached there with supplies of tobacco, gasoline and oil.

The town was completely out of illuminants and fuel owing to the terrible condition of the roads.

For four days lovers of the weed were deprived of their narcotic and the male population had become the grouchiest lot to be found in the state. They could go to bed in the dark, shiver for lack of fuel, but could not exist without their tobacco.

When the four-horse team appeared the wagon was surrounded with a mob shouting and fighting for the Indian weed, smoking and chewing.

RESCUERS HAD TO RUN

Attempted to Assist Italians Killed and Wounded in Wreck.

Foreigners Turned on Relief Crew Who Were Compelled to Flee.

Greenburg, Pa., March 8.—Three Italians were killed outright and a score or more injured, a number, it is believed, fatally, in a collision on the Pennsylvania road near Ridebaugh, Pa., today between a milk train and a work train filled with foreigners. The worktrain was composed of flat cars loaded with pipe for a pipe line which the Pennsylvania road is building from Indian Creek to Pittsburg. About seventy-five Italians employed at this work were also aboard, and the train had just pulled onto the main line from a siding, when it met the milk train in collision. The two trains came together with terrific force and men and iron pipe were hurled in all directions. The last flat car was telescoped and two others demolished, but the milk train was not seriously damaged.

Immediately after the accident the crew of the milk train went to the assistance of the injured, but were forced to flee from the infuriated Italians who were crazed at the sight of their dead and dying countrymen. A number of Italians rushed at the train crew with threats of vengence and the crew had to take refuge on their engine to escape the wrath of the foreigners.

The dead and injured were brought to this city and the most seriously hurt taken to the hospital. It is thought a number will die. As the foreigners were all known by numbers, their names could not be learned. The responsibility for the accident has not been determined.

NEW TRIAL TO BE ASKED FOR

In Case of Men Who Were Convicted of King Murder.

Minneapolis, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The alleged discovery of new evidence is the ground of a motion filed yesterday in Anoka county for a new trial of Orlin Kalderwit, John Kolb and Charles Hammons, convicted at Anoka last winter of complicity in the murder of the boy, Freddie King, at Columbia Heights, near Minneapolis, in November, 1904. Kalderwit was sentenced to life imprisonment for murder in the second degree. Kolb and Hammons, convicted of murder in the third degree, were sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment. Arguments in support of the new motion will be heard on March 19.

The basis of this movement for freeing the convicted men is said to be the determination of John Kolb's wealthy father to exhaust every possible effort on behalf of his unlucky son.

Detectives hired by the senior Kolb are declared to have obtained evidence that is not only new, but that is also an indictment of men not heretofore suspected in connection with the case.

Other evidence to be presented will impeach the testimony of George Slater, the Minneapolis lunch wagon man, who declared at the trial that he heard Kalderwit say to Kolb: "Let's get together and get that joint at Columbia Heights." Fearing that the police would interfere wtih his lunch wagon business, Slater, as is now asserted, did not quote Kalderwit's actual words, which were: "Let's get together and go up and stick Ward for a couple of cans of beer."

FIGURED IN ELOPEMENT.

V. K. Gray Said to Have Married a Marshalltown Girl.

Marshalltown, Iowa, March 8.—The news of the arrest of V. K. Gray, alias A. M. Atwood, at Des Moines, on a charge of forgery alleged to have been committed in this city, and his sensational escape from Sheriff Hutson, has caused a sensation here from the fact that he is said to be the husband of Miss Trixie Shapcott, a prominent young woman whose elopment with a stranger a few weeks ago was the cause of much gossip in society circles. Miss Shapcott had only met Gray a few times when both suddenly disappeared and it is understood they were married at Dubuque. Their elopment occurred the day after a well-dressed stranger succeeded in passing a forged check on a clerk of the post-office force. The check was for $50 and the officers have been on the man's trail ever since. He represented himself to be a Mr. Carow and claimed to be traveling for a drug firm. The young woman has much sympathy here, as Gray, Atwood or Carow, as he is variously called, was a polished individual and she seemed to be infatuated with him.

ONE KILLED, SEVERAL HURT IN COLLISION.

Saratoga, N. Y., March 8.—A rear end collision on the Delaware & Hudson railway here yesterday resulted in one death and severe injuries to several passengers, who were on the train known as the Lake George special. Miss Esmand, aged 16 years of Gansevoort, was killed. Her mother, Mrs. Charles Esmond received injuries that are likely to prove fatal. Frank Sindecust, Buffalo, Frank Cardes, Albany and Nelson M. Varney, Sandy Hill, received severe injuries.

OPPOSED TO THE STATEHOOD BILL

SENATOR SPOONER,

Who takes an antagonistic position on the statehood bill, saying that he does not believe that Arizona and New Mexico are prepared for statehood under any circumstances.

MUTINY ON STEAMSHIP

Fatal Revolver Battle Occurs on Board the Massachusetts.

Firemen Dissatisfied With Food Are the Principal Disturbers.

New York, March 8.—A mutiny, in which one life was lost, occurred today on board the steamer Massachusetts, which was lying at her dock at Brooklyn. James Slocum, a fireman, was killed during a revolver battle on the steamer's deck in which the steamer's firemen were ranged on one side and opposing them were the ship's officers and members of the crew. Sounds of the fighting caused a reserve of police to be hurried to the steamer, but the firemen who had started the trouble had been driven into submission before the police arrived. Six members of the crew were arrested, as were also First Officer Albert J. Evans and Fourth Officer Elmer H. Kerwin. All were held as witnesses. Kerwin's home is in Baltimore, Md. The mutiny has been brewing, according to the officers of the Massachusetts, ever since the steamer left Cardiff, Wales, Feb. 5. The firemen were the chief disturbers, it was alleged, making continual complaints about their food. The crew, however, sided with the officers. During the voyage from Cardiff there were almost daily fist fights on the steamer, all growing out of the surly tempers of the two opposing factions. The wrangling continued after the Massachusetts arrived in Brooklyn several days ago. Some of the firemen spent last night in the city and the quarrel began immediately upon their return to the vessel today. The Massachusetts was expected to sail today for San Francisco.

WANDERED IN RAGING STORM

Nebraska Man Found in Pitiable Condition on the Plains.

Grand Island, Neb., March 8.—Nearly frozen to death and half starved, Patrick Kearney of Wood River was found wandering on the plains west of Cheyenne, Wyo., Sunday. For ninety-six hours he had tasted no food with the exception of a small can of salmon. For four days he faced the worst blizzard of the winter. When discovered he was nearly dead and was taken to a Cheyenne hospital where the attending physicians hope to save his life. He will lose both hands and both feet.

Kearney started to walk from Cheyenne to Laramie, having run out of money and being too proud to make his condition known. He became lost in the blizzard and groped about in the blinding snowstorm from Wednesday till Saturday, suffering intense agony from the cold and the pangs of hunger.

He told the hospital authorities that several times it seemed as if he must sink down in the snow and perish, but he managed to survive the terrible ordeal through sheer force of will.

Kearney's parents are wealthy, and against their wishes he left home to make his own way in the world, with the result that he will now be a cripple for life if he survives.

WORLD-BEATING ORGAN FOR NEW YORK CATHEDRAL

New York, March 8.—An organ, which is designed to be one of the most powerful in the world, has been ordered by the authorities of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. It is to cost $50,000, and is to be constructed with funds contributed by Mr. and Mrs. Levi P. Morton. The instrument will be built in Boston.

PLANS ARE PRESENTED

Three Propositions Looking to Settling Moroccan Controversy.

Presentation of Plans Brings Delegates Much Closer Together.

Algeciras, March 8.—The ministerial crisis in Paris caused profound astonishment among the delegates of the powers attending the Moroccan conference, but the details have not yet reached Algeciras. The impression prevails that the event is deplorable and may possibly prove disastrous to French diplomacy. The delegates, however, refuse to commit themselves on the effect which the downfall of the Rouvier cabinet may have on the conference.

Previous to the receipt of the news of the ministerial crisis at the French capital the tone of discouragement had completely disappeared and the work of rapproachment was proceeding with feverish activity.

The conference this morning resumed the discussion of the Moroccan police question. Three distinct propositions were presented—one by the Austrian delegation embodying the German ideas; another by the French and the third by the Moroccan mission.

The Austrian plan gives the sultan supreme command of the police and he is to select French officers for the police at four ports, namely Tangier, Saffi, Rabat and Tetuan, and Spanish officers for three ports, namely Mogador, La Rache and Mazegan. The sultan finally is to select an inspector general of police from Switzerland or Poland. The inspector general is to have his headquarters at Casablanca, on the Atlantic coast, and is to command the Franco-Spanish police at the other ports.

The Moroccan plan makes the sultan supreme and asks that all the powers participate in the organization of the police.

The French plan, as heretofore outlined, establishes Franco-Spanish police, but divides them in different ports and places them under a neutral general. The French delegates declare that the latter condition is unacceptable.

However, the presentation of the plans brings the contestants much closer together.

A REAR END COLLISION

On Burlington Injures Four Men and Kills Much Live Stock.

Burlington, Iowa, March 8.—A rear end collision here today between two sections of a freight train on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad resulted in the injury of four men. A stockman, S. Heaton of New Virginia, Iowa, was fatally injured. The others hurt were: Brakeman Stuckman, badly cut in the head and body; William Fackman of Burlington, arm broken; Brakeman Frank Mathews of Keithsburg, internally injured. The wreckage blocked the main line for several hours. A large amount of live stock was killed, and fifteen cars and one engine demolished. The accident was caused by the first section of the train breaking in two.

CHINAMAN TO BE DEPORTED

Arrested at Bemidji and His Statements Found to be Untrue.

St. Paul, March 8.—Sue Qual Fook, a Chinaman, was ordered deported by United Stes Court Commissioner C. L. Spencer yesterday. Fook was arrested at Bemidji Nov. 23 last and brought to St. Paul. He was given a hearing on Feb. 6 and on Feb. 13, when an adjournment was taken until yesterday in order to allow the government time to look up his record.

When arrested he informed the exclusion agent that he had been a merchant in St. Paul since May, 1905, but at his hearing he said he bought an interest in the firm of Quong Yat Chong in Chicago in 1892. J. M. Dickey, assistant United States attorney, went to Chicago and found that the firm mentioned did not begin business until 1895.

SHEPARD'S CASE

Ready for Presentation to the French Minister of Justice.

Paris, March 8.—Edmond Kelly has completed his brief for presentation to the minister of justice, M. Chaumie, concerning the case of Elliott F. Shepard, who was fined and sentenced to three months imprisonment on Oct. 26 last, for killing Madeline Marduel, who was run over by Mr. Shepard's automobile at St. Ouen, April 24, 1905. Maitre Cruppi, who is associated with Mr. Kelly, had previously secured the assurance that the minister would carefully consider the brief. Until the minister decides the case it will remain stationary, the sentence of imprisonment not beginning until M. Chaumie's decision is rendered.

CONVICTS FOUND GUILTY.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 8.—Vaughan, Ryan and Raymond, the convicts concerned in the mutiny at the state penitentiary here last November, charged with the killing of a prison guard, were today found guilty of murder in the first degree.

Good Evening—

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday; brisk northwest winds and lower temperature. Minimum temperature tonight about 20 degs. above zero.

Are You Ready for the Grand Opera?

Here you alone find the correct things made by the world's masters in fine dress requirements.

Alfred Benjamin & Co.,

Dress Suits,
Tuxedo Suits,
Paletot Overcoats,
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Silk Hats, Opera Hats, Dress Shoes, Dress Shirts Dress Gloves, Dress Ties, Dress Collars, Opera Vests and Black Trousers.

The Daylight Store.

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THE ORIENTAL TURKISH AND VAPOR BATH PARLORS

Seventh avenue west, opp. the Incline, have the most modern and complete equipment in the Northwest. The up-to-date treatment for rheumatism and kindred diseases. Prices 25c and 50c

IT'S NECESSARY

As well as convenient to have one of our cabinets in your office. Brush and comb, soap and clean towels for $1.00 per month.

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WHITE OAK Timbers.

WOODRUFF LUMBER CO.

German and French Taught

In class or private. Address Prof. Jacob A. Wermil, P. O. Box 156.

LEAVES TODAY.

W. B. Brinkman Accepts Important Position at Champaign, Ill.

W. B. Brinkman, who for the past year has been manager and advertisement writer for I. Freimuth, has accepted a similar position with Lewis & Company, Champaign, Ill., one of the largest department stores in that section of the state. Mr. Brinkman leaves for the scene of his new duties this evening.

DISPATCHES ARE DELAYED.

Washington, March 8.—Illustrative of the difficulty the state department is having in communicating with its minister at Caracas, was a message received today from Mr. Russell at that capital stating that the department's dispatch of Feb. 21 did not reach him until March 2 and then it came by boat from Trinidad.

THE BLAKE HAT

Snappy Styles for Young Men. Hats that fit your looks as well as your Head; your Pocket as well as your figure.

AT YOUR HATTER'S.

DEMOCRATS TO CAUCUS

Will Get Together on Council Appointments Before Next Tuesday.

No Changes Are Likely in the Important City Offices.

Some time before the close of the week the Democratic members of the city council will endeavor to hold a caucus on the election of a president of the council, a city clerk, the city sealer of weights and measures and the harbor master.

Aldermen Tessman and McEwen are now practically the only candidates for the office of the president of the council, and it looks almost like a deadlock between them. If the Democratic members caucus on one of the two candidates the other will drop out of the race and the election next Tuesday night will be made unanimous.

No opposition to H. W. Cheadle for city clerk has developed, and it is practically certain that he will secure the office for another year.

One or two of the Democrats have refused to caucus on the position of sealer of weights and measures and it begins to look as if Noble Sampson, the present incumbent, would be elected for another year. He has been putting up a hard fight to retain the position, and his friends claim he has a majority of the aldermen on his side.

Mayor Cullum will announce his appointments at the meeting to be held Tuesday evening.

He stated this morning that he had nothing to give out as yet regarding them but that there was not much chance of any big surprises being sprung.

No change is likely to be made in the principal offices at this time. City Attorney Bert Fesler will doubtless be reappointed, and T. F. McGilvray will undoubtedly be again selected by the mayor. Health Commissioner Murray, Building Inspector Kelley, Chief Troyer and Private Secretary McCallum are also practically assured of a reappointment. Thomas Dillon's term expires on the board of public works, and he will also be chosen for another term. The city assessor's term does not end until next September.

The mayor will also make one appointment to each of the following boards: Board of water and light commissioners, board of fire commissioners, board of civil service commissioners. Some changes in these non-partisan boards will probably be made.

The city officers, with the exception of the private secretary and the chief of police, must be approved by the council, but with a Democratic majority in the council, there is not much chance of the mayor's appointments being held up by that body.

BIG BATTLE OVER INSURANCE LAWS

Brings Many Insurance Men to the New York Capital.

Albany, March 8.—Immediate interest in the big battle over the ten bills proposed by the legislative special insurance investigation committee began today to take form in view of the fact that the first hearing on the bills will be held here tomorrow. Every indication points to a large attendance and to a hearing which will forecast a bitter struggle over the bills when they come up for final passage. Insurance men are gathering from all over the state. There are five life underwriters' associations in the state. These associations have united for the fight against those portions of the bills that are objectionable to them.

New York, March 8.—The heads of the leading insurance companies have completed their program for tomorrow's hearing before the legislature at Albany. Presidents Morton of the Equitable, Peabody of the Mutual Life and Orr of the New York Life and other high officials of the companies, accompanied by counsel will be in attendance. Mr. Morton will speak on the subject of insurance company investments and, it is understood, that he will offer some decided objections to the recommendations of the Armstrong committee. It is likely that the principal addresses for the other companies will be made by counsel.

NEW YORK PAPER EXPOSES REBATES

Gives Department of Justice Information It Had Not Heard of.

Washington, March 8.—Upon being shown the publication in the New York American of today regarding the alleged granting of rebates on the transportation of sugar, Attorney General Moody said:

"Some weeks ago a representative of that paper called on me and said that information was in possession of that paper tending to show that large rebates on the transportation of sugar had been given to the American Sugar Refining company by the trunk lines of railroads running out of New York city, and asked me if the department of justice desired to use the information in legal proceedings. An examination of the matter showed clearly that it was highly important, and tended to show the giving and receiving of large money rebates. The subject was then brought to the attention of Mr. Stimson, who had been selected by the president as district attorney for the Southern district of New York.

"Following this, on the first day of February, which was the date of Mr. Stimson's taking office, a conference was held in New York between the attorney general, the assistant to the attorney general, Mr. Purdy and Mr. Stimson, when the evidence was gone over with very great care.

"It is the purpose of the department to proceed carefully but with all possible expedition.

"It ought to be said that until this information was furnished the department by the representative of the American, the department had no knowledge or suspicion of the facts, and that the representatives of that paper have aided the officials of the department in all ways in their power."

All Humors

Pimples, boils, eruptions, eczema or salt rheum, scrofula, are radically and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Liquid or tablets, 100 Doses One Dollar.

OHIO OPERATORS OPPOSE ADVANCE

Delegates to District Convention at Indianapolis So Instructed.

Cleveland, March 8.—A conference of the coal operators of Ohio was held here today for the purpose of discussing the demands of the miners for an advance in wages. About 150 operators, representing every branch of the coal interests were present. The conference took place behind closed doors and only meager information was given out when it broke up. The only statement made public was that no formal action was taken, but that those present were unanimous against the proposed increase of 5.55 per cent in miners' wages.

Several hot speeches were made against any increase. It was decided to send a delegation of 100 operators to the district convention to be held at Indianapolis on March 19. The delegation was instructed to oppose any advance in the present wage scale.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today had an interview with John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America. They discussed the negotiations now pending between the hard and soft coal operators and miners. At the conclusion of the conference Mr. Gompers said that he had promised Mr. Mitchell all the support possible which the American Federation of Labor can afford him.

President Gompers came here to confer with labor leaders concerning the structural iron workers and builders' troubles in this city. He said he does not want to bring about a general strike in the building trades, but that if the other unions support the housesmiths, who are now on strike, and the employers won't give way on the question of the open shop, there is likely to be a general strike.

HEADQUARTERS AT ASHLAND

May be Established by the New Farmers' Exchange.

Minneapolis, March 8.—(Special to The Herald).—The Farmers' Exchange, an organization which is operating and promoting independent elevators in the spring wheat territory, was addressed in convention today by Bert Williams, mayor of Ashland, Wis. Serious consideration is being given to his offer from public interests at Ashland to cooperate with the exchange in establishing farmers' independent grain houses and shipping facilities there. A recent revision of rates places Ashland more nearly on a parity with Duluth and Superior with regard to wheat from the west, and the exchange is dissatisfied with the treatment of independent shippers at the latter points.

DORSETT NAMED FOR GOVERNOR

By Minnesota Prohibitionists in Convention at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, March 8.—(Special to The Herald).—Minnesota Prohibitionists today nominated C. M. Dorsett of Minneapolis for governor, and Prof. Ole Lockensgaard of Madison for lieutenant governor. In addition to the usual declarations on the liquor traffic, the platform comes out strongly for equal suffrage. The ticket will be completed this afternoon.

Hon. T. C. Pound in Duluth.

Hon. Thad. C. Pound of Chippewa Falls, Wis., formerly lieutenant governor of Wisconsin, is in the city today. While here he will establish a branch office of the Chippewa Springs Company, of which he is the founder. Mr. Pound is well pleased with Duluth, and expresses great faith in the future of the city.

Even Better Than Frumenty

Old English Dish Is Now Surpassed by a Malted Grain Food.

Writing on the food problem and advocating a rational health diet, Dr. Josiah Oldfield, author of "The Claims of Common Life" and other well-known works, declares a sufficiency of grain food is necessary and refers to the old English dish of frumenty as a most excellent article of food. He also speaks of malted grain as a food for increasing years. This eminent author thus strikes the very keynote of health and strength.

There is a modern food which embraces all the qualities of frumenty and has even more, for it is malted grain. We refer to Malta-Vita—all pure grain and nothing else.

Malta-Vita is made by an extended and elaborated process of the old way of making frumenty. The whole wheat grain is thoroughly cleaned, the boiled in water and cooked in steam to gelatinize the starch. After the starch cells have broken down, the wheat is mixed with pure barley malt extract which converts the gelatinized starch into maltose, or malt sugar, highly nutritious and easily digested even by the weakest stomachs. Then each grain of wheat is rolled into little wafer flakes and goes to the great ovens where, under intense heat, it is baked crisp and brown, "done to a turn," and ready for your table.

All grocers sell Malta-Vita. Now 10 cents.

THE NAMES OF WINNERS

Educational Contest Conducted by the Herald Is at an End.

Five Boys Are Given Membership in the Y. M. C. A.

The names of the boys who are winners in the educational contest which was carried on among The Herald newsboys during the month of February, and who will be awarded memberships in the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., are as follows:

Harry Zlatkowsky, Washington school, age 15, standing 93.

Sam Keron, Washington school, age 15, standing 93.

Ingvald Malvick, Emerson school, age 14, standing 91½.

Mauritz Nelson, Adams school, age 15, standing 90.

H. Jenson of the Irving school, 16 years of age, had a higher standing than Olin, by one-quarter of a point, but in view of the fact that his residence at West Duluth made it rather difficult for him to attend the boys' department regularly, he voluntarily resigned in favor of Olin.

In addition to these new memberships, the benevolent business man of Duluth who originated and stood the expenses of the contest, have agreed to renew four of the memberships given last year in the same sort of a contest, bringing the total expense to the buiness man in question for memberships to $8. So successful were the winners of last year's memberships in their work at the Y. M. C. A. that the backer of the contest, who absolutely refuses to allow his name to be used in connection with the affair, looked upon the investment as such a good and paying one that the renewals were decided upon. Thus it will be seen that the second of the contests developed even more satisfactorily than was expected. The announcement of the renewals was hailed with great delight by the four lucky youths today, for it came as an utter surprise, no intimation having been given them that their time in the department would be extended.

From the list printed above is will be seen that two of the winners, Albert Olin and Mauritz Nelson, are from the West end department, which is under the charge of Herman Olson.

The boys who entered the contest were marked on their attention to business, which was determined by their buisness associations with The Herald, and their conduct and standing at school. Each of the winners attended strictly to business twenty-four working days of February, and were marked accordingly by A. C. Pearson, circulation manager of The Herald. The contest was very beneficial to the boys, by awakening their ambitions and calling from them greater efforts at school and in application to business.

LOADS OF GOLD.

Fallacies of Famous Writers in Estimating Capacity.

One of the peculiarities of civilization of that by the use of new methods we lose sight of well-known facts that were once as familiar in men's minds as household words, says the Washington Post. Money is now represented universally by bank notes and checks, but the majority of living Californians remember the days before the resumption of specie payment when legal tender was not current money on the Pacific slope, and nothing went save gold eagles, double eagles and half eagles. When the Bank of California opened its doors of a morning there was always the sight of the officials bringing trays of gold coin from the safe to tables in rear of the counter. Each tray held $10,000, and the weight of the gold was 31 pounds 4 ounces. Sometimes an official would carry two trays, and there were strong clerks who could carry three trays, but on their heads, not in their arms. Californians, therefore, are exceptions to the curious fact that the world at large has begun to confound gold and money, and this confusion of ideas comes out curiously in modern fiction. Writers either make men unable to carry large sums of gold or they make them carry enormous amounts as if gold weighed no more than greenbacks.

The most recent error of this kind will be found in Mary Crawford's story, "The Heart of Rome," where two workmen propose to blackmail a Roman princess. They demand 100,000 lire (about $20,000), which she is to bring in her carriage and deliver to two men who will be walking steadily along the Appian Way, and who will wear certain signgiving things supplemental to the usual best clothes of Roman artsans. Crawford makes the curious reflection that these men did not know the weight of gold coin and did not realize the impossibility of their carrying off their respective shares in their pockets. Now, each man would have had to carry thirty-one pounds four ounces, and this could have been done with ease.

Now, this is only a reflection, and does not in the least mar the story, which is unusually interesting, even for Marion Crawford. But far other is the case with Balzac's "Le Cure du Village," where the whole plot hinges upon the supposed weight of 100,000 francs in gold. This would be only 62 pounds 8 ounces, yet Balzac imagined that a strong young man required assistance to carry it in four trips to the river, about a mile distance, where he hid it close to a small wooded island in the center of the stream. It is quite possible that the hardy miners who go to the Klondike do not read either Balzac or Marion Crawford, but if they did they would be astonished at the curious ignorance displayed. We may take it for granted that the weight of gold and provisions carried by the most successful miners ranges from 70 to 100 pounds avoirdupois. We know from Gibbsons' description of the Roman soldier that each man carried, in addition to his defensive armor and his sword and pilum or pike, sixty pounds weight of various things needed for the fortification of the temporary camp at the end of the day's march. This was sixteen miles, but when the Theban legion, composed entirely of Christians, were sent from Egypt to reinforce the army of Maximian, the colleague of Diocletian, in his campaign against the revolted peasants of France, they made a double march of thirty-two miles to avoid burning incense before the figure of Victory, located in front of the Emperor's tent. Next day they were all massacred. Their exploit, however, which is historical, shows clearly that sixty pounds is not an incumbrance to an active man and can be carried for a long time.

The blunder of Balzac is the more inexcusable, because his story was written as a sort of challenge to the fantastics, headed by Charles Nodier, and the romantics, under the leadership of Victor Hugo and Theophile Gauthier. Balzac's aim was to show that there was more vital interest in the secret current of ordinary life, bursting into notice under the fierce impulse of passion, than in the wildest dreams of the fantastics, such as the "Trilby" and the "Lines de las Sierras" of Nodier. "Trilby" excited immense interest at the time, but is now deservedly forgotten, save when some American, fired with enthusiasm for "The Culprit Fay," a gem of the sweetest, purest poetic fancy, seeks the book that inspired it. The odds are a hundred to one that he finds it insupportable. Balzac's work, in addition to its grave fault in the plot, has many defects, and is intolerably didactic, and filled with political disquisitions which time has shown to be erroneous. But it will always be read, because it is a true drama of unfortunate and unlawful love, and if Shakespeare had handled it, would have been a fit companion for "Romeo and Juliet."

Let us now examine the other side of the question, the writers who have made men carry insupportable loads of gold. In the first rank of these is Prescott, in his "History of the Conquest of Mexico," in his splendid description of the noche triste, when the Spaniards, besieged in the palace of Axayacatl, endeavored to escape. Their quarters were upon the broad boulevard that ran from the northeast to the southwest, dividing the city of Tenochtitlan from the other quarters of Mexico, viz., the city of the priests, the city of Mexico Tenucha, the city and bazaar of Tlatlcolco, and the two quarters inhabited by the serfs. Close to the palace of Axayacatl was the great canal which cut the canal exactly at that point. This was bridged ordinarily by huge beams that were squared so as to fit evenly, which they must have done, for the Spanish cavalry and artillery crossed other bridges of the same description. The Mexicans had removed the beams, and Cortez ordered his carpenters to make a portable bridge. Before the Spaniards started the royal treasurer displayed the gold and emeralds of the emperor's fifth, and bade the soldiers take what they would. Old Bernal Diaz relates that he took a beautiful emerald, which annoyed the treasurer very much. "No, no," he cried; "take gold. We can manage to save the emerald." "oG to thunder!" said stout old Capt. Diaz, and he marched off, and saved his life, and afterward sold the emerald for a big sum when the conquest was achieved. But, as he relates, and as Prescott writes, there was a man who actually took 1,000 ounces, weighing 187 pounds, 8 ounces, and carried it through the terrible hurly-burly of the sorrowful night, and then, the next day said to Cortez: "General, what shall I do with this gold? I cannot carry it any further." "Fling it to the devil," said Cortez. "If you live, you may get more gold; but if you lose your life, you will not get another one." So he threw it down, and marched with the rest from Thucopan (now Tacuba) all around the lake to the friendly Tlascalans.

It is certain that the man could not have carried more than 1,000 ounces, weighing 62 pounds 8 ounces, through the stress and storm of that night's fighting. The old captain wrote his book long afterward, but his mind was clear and his memory excellent, and the fault must have been with the proofreaders, who have always made mistakes. But that does not in the least exonerate Prescott, who ought to have known that the thing was incredible. The most extraordinary error of this kind ever made is to be found in the Stingaree stories of Pearson's Magazine. There the statement is made gravely that a man carried 30,000 pounds in gold, a little trifle of nearly $150,000, weighing 468 pounds 12 ounces, and that for a long distance, including a railroad trip. It is obvious that with this writer the confusion of ideas between gold and bank notes was complete. One of the consequences of the ever-increasing volume of fiction magazines is that the quality os deteriorating rapidly, especially in English periodicals. What is more, certain subjects supposed to be interesting are attempted by men who know nothing of the wild life of arid regions, and their imagination cannot take them out of the environment of their daily life in congested cities.

All Women's Tailored Suits to Close at Less Than Cost!

Needing the room for the new Spring Suits which will soon be coming, we have decided to close out all women's suits now on hand, at prices that actually do not cover cost to us. Wanting a suit, this is your golden opportunity to profit by our decision to take a loss. Come see the garments and get first pick.

Women's Tailored Suits that were $19.00, $22.50, $25.00 and $30.00—choice $15.00

Women's Tailored Suits that were $12.50 and $15.00—choice $6.98

Every one of these suits is made up in late styles—principally in gray mixtures, plain black, dark green, and dark blue. Materials are of the best—workmanship of the highest order.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits at Closing Prices.

We have just nineteen Ladies' Silk Shirtwaist Suits, in plain brown, blue, dark red, terra cotta, block and shepherd's check. We divide them into two lots to close:

Lot No. 1—Choice at ..... $9.98 for Shirtwaist Suits that were $12.50, $15.00 and $19.00.

Lot No. 2—Choice at ..... $15.00 for Shirtwaist Suits that were $22.50 and $25.

A great chance to save money.

Two Special Silk Purchases.

Just arrived from New York—a special purchase of the Latest Spring Novelty Jasper Silks, in beautiful checks, plaids and floral designs—excellent $1.00 value—we offer it at, per yard 89c

500 yards of Peau de Chines, in fashionable Spring shades; every piece of actual $1.00 quality—placed on sale at, per yard 65c

New Coats For Early Spring Wear.

$10.00 Value for $6.98.

Just received from a New York maker a number of Ladies' and Misses' three-quarter length Coats in stylish, fancy light and dark mixtures—have velvet collars, and are the right thing for early spring wear. These coats are a good $10.00 value, but we are going to give them a good start by offering them at a special price of only—

$6.98

Stylish New Skirts at Exceptionally Good Value.

We are showing a swell new line of Ladies' Skirts in the new spring fashions. These garments are made up of fine Panamas, chiffon Panamas, serges and fancy gray mixtures, in circular and pleated effects. Prices—$6.50, $7.98, $8.50, $9.50, $10.00, $10.98, $12.50, $13.50 and $14.50.

Tomorrow Morning We Start Our Final Clearance of Winter Millinery.

For Friday and Saturday Only.

6½c a yard for Outing Flannels, in short lengths; pink, blue, cream, purple and white; good value at 10c.

7½c a yard for nice, new Percales; mostly dark blue and dark red; pretty white figured; 10c would be cheap for it.

68c for Waists of dark and light flannelettes, all sizes; worth 98c and $1.25.

The New Spring Hats will very soon want the room taken up by the present stock. We are anxious to close out every winter style hat, and will make prices that will do the work slick and clean. "Carrying things over" from one season to another is not according to our business principles. SEE THESE BIG CUTS

CHOICE $2.48

For Hats that are priced $6.98, $4.48, $3.98 and $3.48.

CHOICE 98c

For Hats that were $3.25, $2.98, $2.48 and $1.98

CHOICE—10c and 25c for two lots of Hats that were made to sell as high as $2.00.

Business Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays—8 a. m. to 10 p. m. Prompt Deliveries.

Johnson & Moe The West End Big Department Store

Cor. 21st Ave. W. and Superior St., Duluth.

Car Fare Refunded on Purchases of $3.00 or Over.

WORDS, WORDS, WORDS!

Much innocent gratification may be derived from getting a friend to read over the following, and holding the dictionary on him, says a writer in the Argonaut. The jest is not so pleasant if he holds the dictionary on you: "One enervating morning, just after the rise of the sun, a youth bearing the cognomen of Galileo, glided in his gondola over the legendary waters of the lethean Thames. He was accompanied by his allies and coadjutors, the dolorous Pepys and the erudite Cholmondeley, the most combative aristocrat extant, and an epicurean who for learned vagaries and reveries of character would take precedence of the most erudite of all Areopagite literati. These sacrilegious dramatis personae were discussing in detail a suggestive and exhaustive address, delivered from the prosecenium box of the Calistenic lyceum by a notable financier on obligatory hydropathy, as accessory to the irrevocable and irreparable doctrine of evolution, which has been vehemently panegyrized by a splenetic professor of acoustics, and simultaneously denounced by a complaisant opponent as an undemonstrated romance of the last decade, amenable to no reasoning, however allopathic, outside of its own lamentable environs. These peremptory tripartite brethern arrived at Greenwich, wishing to aggrandize themselves by indulging in exemplary relaxation, indicatory of implacable detestation of integral tergiversation and exoteric intrigue. They fraternized with a phrenological harlequin who was a connoisseur in mezzotint and falconry. This piquant person was heaping contunely and scathing raillery on an amateur in jugular recitative, who held that the Pharaohs of Asia were conversant with his theory that morphine and quinine were exorcists of bronchitis. Meanwhile the leisurely Augustine of Cockburn, drank from a tortoise shell wassail cup to the health of an apotheosized recusant, who was his supererogatory patron, and an assistant recognizance in the immobile nomenclature of interstitial molecular phonics. The contents of the vase proving soporific, a stolid plebian took from its ceremonies an heraldic viploncello, and, assisted by a plethoric diocesan from Pall Mall, who performed on a pianoforte, proceeded to wake the clangorous echoes of the empyrean. They bade the prolix Caucasian gentleman not to misconstrue their inexorable demands, while they dined on acclimated anchovies and apricot truffles and had for dessert a wiseacre's pharmacopoeia. This the truculent Pythagoreans had a novel repast, fit for the gods. On the subsidence of the feast they alternated between soft languors and isolated scenes of squalor, which followed mechanist's reconnoissance of the imagery of Uranus, the legend of whose incognito related to a poniard wound in the abdomen received while cutting a swath in the interests of telegraphy and posthumous photography. Meantime an unctuous orthoepist applied a homeopathic restorative to the retina of an objurgatory spaniel (named Daniel), and tried to perfect the construction of a behemoth which had not mired in pygmean slough, while listening to the elegiac soughing of the prehistoric wind."

HIS OWN WEDDING.

Gaylord (Kan.) Sentinel: This is the first instance in several years of newspaper work that the writer has dared to tell the truth about a wedding for fear of getting licked, and does so now with a keen relish. The groom is an editor and is not a popular and accomplished leader of society; in fact, he doesn't know as much about it as a rabbit. His hair is red and the freckles on his face crowd each other for room. In the dusk it is hard to distinguish him from a telephone pole. He has never considered that the future looked very bright or promising—it has always kept him too busy paying his board bills to have any dreams about future greatness. He is just a common sort of a fellow, and claims distinction only in that he is a Kansan from the sole of his clumsy feet to the top of his head. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. White, and was born and raised in the Solomon Valley. Judging from the job she has taken on her hands she is a young lady of more than ordinary nerve.

SELF-RESTRAINT.

Kansas City Journal: Mr. Balfour, the British statesman, who, with his party, has gone down to defeat, has marvelous self-control and never was known to be even ruffled by the bores who continually harass public men. One evening when he was being terribly "heckled" at a public meeting in Manchester a sympathizer called out, "Don't lose your temper." Mr. Balfour smiled easily as he replied: "I have lost many things in my time, but I never lost my temper." Even on the golf links he does not rise to the mildest profanity at a freak of bad luck.

TALLY CARDS Our stock is large and varied. We have the most complete assortment of Stationery in the city. The latest publications by the world's best authors are always to be found here. We make a specialty of Legal Blanks and Fountain Pens. ALBERTSON'S

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Good Evening—

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday; brisk northwest winds and lower temperature. Minimum temperature tonight about 20 degs. above zero.

Are You Ready for the Grand Opera?

Here you alone find the correct things made by the world's masters in fine dress requirements.

Alfred Benjamin & Co.,

Dress Suits,
Tuxedo Suits,
Paletot Overcoats,
Chesterfield Overcoats

Silk Hats, Opera Hats,
Dress Shoes, Dress Shirts
Dress Gloves, Dress
Ties, Dress Collars,
Opera Vests and
Black Trousers.

The Daylight Store.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 Superior Street, Cor. Fourth Ave. W.

THE ORIENTAL TURKISH AND VAPOR BATH PARLORS

Seventh avenue west, opp. the Incline, have the most modern and complete equipment in the Northwest. The up-to-date treatment for rheumatism and kindred diseases. Prices 25c and 50c

IT'S NECESSARY

As well as convenient to have one of our cabinets in your office. Brush and comb, soap and clean towels for $1.00 per month.

YALE LAUNDRY CO.,
Towel Supply Dep't.

Edison the Wizard!

We are headquarters for Edison Phonographs and the famous Gold Moulded records—the No-Scratch kind. Machines sold on the Easy Payment plan.

B. F. HATHAWAY,

200, 201, 202 Alworth Building.
Phones: Office, Zenith, 201; res., Zen. 329-Y

WHITE OAK Timbers.
WOODRUFF LUMBER CO.

German and French Taught

In class or private. Address Prof. Jacob A. Wernli, P. O. Box 156.

LEAVES TODAY.

W. B. Brinkman Accepts Important Position at Champaign, Ill.

W. B. Brinkman, who for the past year has been manager and advertisement writer for I. Freimuth, has accepted a similar position with Lewis & Company, Champaign, Ill., one of the largest department stores in that section of the state. Mr. Brinkman leaves for the scene of his new duties this evening.

DISPATCHES ARE DELAYED.

Washington, March 8.—Illustrative of the difficulty the state department is having in communicating with its minister at Caracas, was a message received today from Mr. Russell at that capital stating that the department's dispatch of Feb. 21 did not reach him until March 2 and then it came by boat from Trinidad.

THE BLAKE HAT

Snappy Styles for Young Men. Hats that fit your looks as well as your Head; your Pocket as well as your figure.

AT YOUR HATTER'S.

DEMOCRATS TO CAUCUS

Will Get Together on Council Appointments Before Next Tuesday.

No Changes Are Likely in the Important City Offices.

Some time before the close of the week the Democratic members of the city council will endeavor to hold a caucus on the election of a president of the council, a city clerk, the city sealer of weights and measures and the harbor master.

Aldermen Tessman and McEwen are now practically the only candidates for the office of the president of the council, and it looks almost like a deadlock between them. If the Democratic members caucus on one of the two candidates the other will drop out of the race and the election next Tuesday night will be made unanimous.

No opposition to H. W. Cheadle for city clerk has developed, and it is practically certain that he will secure the office for another year.

One or two of the Democrats have refused to caucus on the position of sealer of weights and measures and it begins to look as if Noble Sampson, the present incumbent, would be elected for another year. He has been putting up a hard fight to retain the position, and his friends claim he has a majority of the aldermen on his side.

Mayor Cullum will announce his appointments at the meeting to be held Tuesday evening.

He stated this morning that he had nothing to give out as yet regarding them but that there was not much chance of any big surprises being sprung.

No change is likely to be made in the principal offices at this time. City Attorney Bert Fesler will doubtless be reappointed, and T. F. McGilvray will undoubtedly be again selected by the mayor. Health Commissioner Murray, Building Inspector Kelley, Chief Troyer and Private Secretary McCallum are also practically assured of a reappointment. Thomas Dillon's term expires on the board of public works, and he will also be chosen for another term. The city assessor's term does not end until next September.

The mayor will also make one appointment to each of the following boards: Board of water and light commissioners, board of fire commissioners, board of civil service commissioners. Some changes in these non-partisan boards will probably be made.

The city officers, with the exception of the private secretary and the chief of police, must be approved by the council, but with a Democratic majority in the council, there is not much chance of the mayor's appointments being held up by that body.

BIG BATTLE OVER INSURANCE LAWS

Brings Many Insurance Men to the New York Capital.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla

Liquid or tablets, 100 Doses One Dollar.

OHIO OPERATORS OPPOSE ADVANCE

Delegates to District Convention at Indianapolis So Instructed.

Cleveland, March 8.—A conference of the coal operators of Ohio was held here today for the purpose of discussing the demands of the miners for an aavance in wages. About 150 operators, representing every branch of the coal interests were present. The conference took place behind closed doors and only meager information was given out when it broke up. The only statement made public was that no formal action was taken, but that those present were unanimous against the proposed increase of 5.55 per cent in miners' wages.

Several hot speeches were made against any increase. It was decided to send a delegation of 100 operators to the district convention to be held at Indianapolis on March 19. The delegation was instructed to oppose any advance in the present wage scale.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today had an interview with John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America. They discussed the negotiations now pending between the hard and soft coal operators and miners. At the conclusion of the conference Mr. Gompers said that he had promised Mr. Mitchell all the support possible which the American Federation of Labor can afford him.

President Gompers came here to confer with labor leaders concerning the structural iron workers and builders' troubles in this city. He said he does not want to bring about a general strike in the building trades, but that if the other unions support the housesmiths, who are now on strike, and the employers won't give way on the question of the open shop, there is likely to be a general strike.

HEADQUARTERS AT ASHLAND

May be Established by the New Farmers' Exchange.

Minneapolis, March 8.—(Special to The Herald).—The Farmers' Exchange, an organization which is operating and promoting independent elevators in the spring wheat territory, was addressed in convention today by Bert Williams, mayor of Ashland, Wis. Serious consideration is being given to his offer from public interests at Ashland to cooperate with the exchange in establishing farmers' independent grain houses and shipping facilities there. A recent revision of rates places Ashland more nearly on a parity with Duluth and Superior with regard to wheat from the west, and the exchange is dissatisfied with the treatment of independent shippers at the latter points.

DORSETT NAMED FOR GOVERNOR

By Minnesota Prohibitionists in Convention at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, March 8.—(Special to The Herald).—Minnesota Prohibitionists today nominated C. M. Dorsett of Minneapolis for governor, and Prof. Ole Lockensgaard of Madison for lieutenant governor. In addition to the usual declarations on the liquor traffic, the platform comes out strongly for equal suffrage. The ticket will be completed this afternoon.

Hon. T. C. Pound in Duluth.

Hon. Thad. C. Pound of Chippewa Falls, Wis., formerly lieutenant governor of Wisconsin, is in the city today. While here he will establish a branch office of the Chippewa Springs Company, of which he is the founder. Mr. Pound is well pleased with Duluth, and expresses great faith in the future of the city.

Even Better Than Frumenty

Old English Dish Is Now Surpassed by a Malted Grain Food.

Writing on the food problem and advocating a rational health diet, Dr. Josiah Oldfield, author of "The Claims of Common Life" and other well-known works, declares a sufficiency of grain food is necessary and refers to the old English dish of frumenty as a most excellent article of food. He also speaks of malted grain as a food for increasing years. This eminent author thus strikes the very keynote of health and strength.

There is a modern food which embraces all the qualities of frumenty and has even more, for it is malted grain. We refer to Malta-Vita—all pure grain and nothing else.

Malta-Vita is made by an extended and elaborated process of the old way of making frumenty. The whole wheat grain is thoroughly cleaned, the boiled in water and cooked in steam to gelatinize the starch. After the starch cells have broken down, the wheat is mixed with pure barley malt extract which converts the gelatinized starch into maltose, or malt sugar, highly nutritious and easily digested even by the weakest stomachs. Then each grain of wheat is rolled into little wafer flakes and goes to the great ovens where, under intense heat, it is baked crisp and brown, "done to a turn," and ready for your table.

All grocers sell Malta-Vita. Now 10 cents.

THE NAMES OF WINNERS

Educational Contest Conducted by the Herald Is at an End.

Five Boys Are Given Membership in the Y. M. C. A.

The names of the boys who are winners in the educational contest which was carried on among The Herald newsboys during the month of February, and who will be awarded memberships in the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., are as follows:

Harry Zlatkowsky, Washington school, age 15, standing 93.

Sam Keron, Washington school, age 15, standing 93.

Ingvald Malvick, Emerson school, age 14, standing 91½.

Mauritz Nelson, Adams school, age 15, standing 91 1-3.

Albert Olin, Madison school, age 15, standing 90.

H. Jenson of the Irving school, 16 years of age, had a higher standing than Olin, by one-quarter of a point, but in view of the fact that his residence at West Duluth made it rather difficult for him to attend the boys' department regularly, he voluntarily resigned in favor of Olin.

In addition to these new memberships, the benevolent business man of Duluth who originated and stood the expenses of the contest, have agreed to renew four of the memberships given last year in the same sort of a contest, bringing the total expense to the bulness man in question for memberships to $11. So successful were the winners of last year's memberships in their work at the Y. M. C. A. that the backer of the contest, who absolutely refuses to allow his name to be used in connection with the affair, looked upon the investment as such a good and paying one that the renewals were decided upon. Thus it will be seen that the second of the contests developed even more satisfactorily than was expected. The announcement of the renewals was hailed with great delight by the four lucky youths today, for it came as an utter surprise, no intimation having been given them that their time in the department would be extended.

From the list printed above is will be seen that two of the winners, Albert Olin and Mauritz Nelson, are from the West end department, which is under the charge of Herman Olson.

The boys who entered the contest were marked on their attention to business, which was determined by their bulsness associations with The Herald, and their conduct and standing at school. Each of the winners attended strictly to business twenty-four working days of February, and were marked accordingly by A. C. Pearson, circulation manager of The Herald. The contest was very beneficial to the boys, by awakening their ambitions and calling from them greater efforts at school and in application to business.

LOADS OF GOLD.

Fallacies of Famous Writers in Estimating Capacity.

One of the peculiarities of civilization of that by the use of new methods we lose sight of well-known facts that were once as familiar in men's minds as household words, says the Washington Post. Money is now represented universally by bank notes and checks, but the majority of living Californians remember the days before the resumption of specie payment when legal tender was not current money on the Pacific slope, and nothing went save gold eagles, double eagles and half eagles. When the Bank of California opened its doors of a morning there was always the sight of the officials bringing trays of gold coin from the safe to tables in rear of the counter. Each tray held $10,000, and the weight of the gold was 31 pounds 4 ounces. Sometimes an official would carry two trays, and there were strong clerks who could carry three trays, but on their heads, not in their arms. Californians, therefore, are exceptions to the curious fact that the world at large has begun to confound gold and money, and this confusion of ideas comes out curiously in modern fiction. Writers either make men unable to carry large sums of gold or they make them carry enormous amounts as if gold weighed no more than greenbacks.

The most recent error of this kind will be found in Mary Crawford's story, "The Heart of Rome," where two workmen propose to blackmail a Roman princess. They demand 100,000 lire (about $20,000), which she is to bring in her carriage and deliver to two men who will be walking steadily along the Appian Way, and who will wear certain signs giving things supplemental to the usual best clothes of Roman artisans. Crawford makes the curious reflection that these men did not know the weight of gold coin and did not realize the impossibility of their carrying off their respective shares in their pockets. Now, each man would have had to carry thirty-one pounds four ounces, and this could have been done with ease.

Now, this is only a reflection, and does not in the least mar the story, which is unusually interesting, even for Marion Crawford. But far other is the case with Balzac's "Le Cure du Village," where the whole plot hinges upon the supposed weight of 150,000 grances in gold. This would be only 82 pounds 8 ounces, yet Balzac imagined that a strong young man required assistance to carry it in four trips to the river, about a mile distance, where he hid it close to a small wooded island in the center of the stream. It is quite possible that the hardy miners who go to the Klondike do not read either Balzac or Marion Crawford, but if they did they would be astonished at the curious ignorance displayed. We may take it for granted that the weight of gold and provisions carried by the most successful miners ranges from 70 to 100 pounds avoirdupois. We know from Gibbsons' description of the Roman soldier that each man carried, in addition to his defensive armor and his sword and plumn or pike, sixty pounds weight of various things needed for the fortification of the temporary camp at the end of the day's march. This was sixteen miles, but when the Theban legion, composed entirely of Christians, were sent from Egypt to reinforce the army of Maximian, the colleague of Diocletian, in his campaign against the revolted peasants of France, they made a double march of thirty-two miles to avoid burning incense before the figure of Victory, located in front of the Emperor's tent. Next day they were all massacred. Their exploit, however, which is historical, shows clearly that sixty pounds is not an incumbrance to an active man and can be carried for a long time.

The blunder of Balzac is the more inexcusable, because his story was written as a sort of challenge to the fantastics, headed by Charles Nodier, and the romantics, under the leadership of Victor Hugo and Theophile Gauthier. Balzac's aim was to show that there was more vital interest in the secret current of ordinary life, bursting into notice under the fierce impulse of passion, than in the wildest dreams of the fantastics, such as the "Trilby" and the "Ames de las Sierras" of Nodier. "Trilby" excited immense interest at the time, but is now deservedly forgotten, save when some American, fired with enthusiasm for "The Culprit Fay," a gem of the sweetest, purest poetic fancy, seeks the book that inspired it. The odds are a hundred to one that he finds it insupportable. Balzac's work, in addition to its grave fault in the plot, has many defects, and is intolerably didactic, and filled with political disquisitions which time has shown to be erroneous. But it will always be read, because it is a true drama of unfortunate and unlawful love, and if Shakespeare had handled it, would have been a fit companion for "Romeo and Juliet."

Let us now examine the other side of the question, the writers who have made men carry insupportable loads of gold. In the first rank of these is Prescott, in his "History of the Conquest of Mexico," in his splendid description of the noche triste, when the Spaniards, besieged in the palace of Axayacatl, endeavored to escape. Their quarters were upon the broad boulevard that ran from the northeast to the southwest, dividing the city of Tenochititlan from the other quarters of Mexico, viz., the city of the priests, the city of Mexico Tenucha, the city and bazaar of Thatcoico, and the two quarters inhabited by the serfs. Close to the palace of Axayacatl was the great canal which cut the canal exactly at that point. This was bridged ordinarily by huge beams that were squared so as to fit evenly, which they must have done, for the Spanish cavalry and artillery crossed other bridges of the same description. The Mexicans had removed the beams, and Cortez ordered his carpenters to make a portable bridge. Before the Spaniards started the royal treasurer displayed the gold and emeralds of the emperor's fifth, and bade the soldiers take what they would. Old Bernal Diaz relates that he took a beautiful emerald, which annoyed the treasurer very much. "No, no," he cried; "take gold. We can manage to save the emerald. 'OG to thunder!" said stout old Capt. Diaz, and he marched off, and saved his life, and afterward sold the emerald for a big sum when the conquest was achieved. But, as he relates, and as Prescott writes, there was a man who actually took 1,000 ounces, weighing 187 pounds, 8 ounces, and carried it through the terrible hurly-burly of the sorrowful night, and then, the next day said to Cortez: "General, what shall I do with this gold? I cannot carry it any further." "Fling it to the devil," said Cortez. "If you live, you may get more gold; but if you lose your life, you will not get another one.' So he threw it down, and marched with the rest from Tlucopan (now Tacuba) all around the lake to the friendly Tlascalans.

It is certain that the man could not have carried more than 1,000 ounces, weighing 62 pounds 8 ounces, through the stress and storm of that night's fighting. The old captain wrote his book long afterward, but his mind was clear and his memory excellent, and the fault must have been with the proofreaders, who have always made mistakes. But that does not in the least exonerate Prescott, who ought to have known that the thing was incredible. The most extraordinary error of this kind ever made is to be found in the Stingaree stories of Pearson's Magazine. There the statement is made gravely that a man carried 30,000 pounds in gold, a little trifle of nearly $150,000, weighing 468 pounds 12 ounces, and that for a long distance, including a railroad trip. It is obvious that with this writer the confusion of ideas between gold and bank notes was complete. One of the consequences of the ever-increasing volume of fiction magazines is that the quality of deteriorating rapidly, especially in English periodicals. What is more, certain subjects supposed to be interesting are attempted by men who know nothing of the wild life of arid regions, and their imagination cannot take them out of the environment of their daily life in congested cities.

All Women's Tailored Suits to Close at Less Than Cost!

Needing the room for the new Spring Suits which will soon be coming, we have decided to close out all women's suits now on hand, at prices that actually do not cover cost to us. Wanting a suit, this is your golden opportunity to profit by our decision to take a loss. Come see the garments and get first pick.

Women's Tailored Suits that were $19.00, $22.50, $25.00 and $30.00—choice **$15.00**

Women's Tailored Suits that were $12.50 and $15.00—choice..... **$6.98**

Every one of these suits is made up in late styles—principally in gray mixtures, plain black, dark green, and dark blue. Materials are of the best—workmanship of the highest order.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits at Closing Prices.

We have just nineteen Ladies' Silk Shirtwaist Suits, in plain brown, blue, dark red, terra cotta, block and shepherd's check. We divide them into two lots to close:

Lot No. 1—Choice at..... $9.98

for Shirtwaist Suits that were $12.50, $15.00 and $19.00.

Lot No. 2—Choice at $15.00

for Shirtwaist Suits that were $22.50 and $25.

A great chance to save money.

Two Special Silk Purchases.

Just arrived from New York—a special purchase of the Latest Spring Novelty Jasper Silks, in beautiful checks, plaids and floral designs—excellent $1.00 value—we offer it at, per yard **89c**

500 yards of Peau de Chines, in fashionable Spring shades; every piece of actual $1.00 quality—placed on sale at, per yard **65c**

New Coats For Early Spring Wear.

$10.00 Value for $6.98.

Just received from a New York maker a number of Ladies' and Misses' three-quarter length Coats in stylish, fancy light and dark mixtures—have velvet collars, and are the right thing for early spring wear. These coats are a good $10.00 value, but we are going to give them a good start by offering them at a special price of only—

$6.98

Stylish New Skirts at Exceptionally Good Value.

We are showing a swell new line of Ladies' Skirts in the new spring fashions. These garments are made up of fine Panamas, chiffon Panamas, serges and fancy gray mixtures, in circular and pleated effects. Prices—$6.50, $7.98, $8.50, $9.50, $10.00, $10.98, $12.50, $13.50 and $14.50.

Tomorrow Morning We Start Our Final Clearance of Winter Millinery.

For Friday and Saturday Only.

6½c a yard for Outing Flannels, in short lengths; pink, blue, cream, purple and white; good value at 10c.

7½c a yard for nice, new Percales; mostly dark blue and dark red; pretty white figured; 10c would be cheap for it.

68c for Waists of dark and light flannelettes, all sizes; worth 98c and $1.25.

The New Spring Hats will very soon want the room taken up by the present stock. We are anxious to close out every winter style hat, and will make prices that will do the work slick and clean. "Carrying things over" from one season to another is not according to our business principles. SEE THESE BIG CUTS

CHOICE $2.48

For Hats that are priced $6.98, $4.48, $3.98 and $3.48.

CHOICE 98c

For Hats that were $3.25, $2.98, $2.48 and $1.98

CHOICE—10c and 25c for two lots of Hats that were made to sell as high as $2.00.

Business Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays—8 a. m. to 10 p. m. Prompt Deliveries.

Johnson & Moe
The West End Big Department Store
Cor. 21st Ave. W. and Superior St., Duluth.

Car Fare Refunded on Purchases of $3.00 or Over.

WORDS, WORDS, WORDS!

Much innocent gratification may be derived from getting a friend to read over the following, and holding the dictionary on him, says a writer in the Argonant. The jest is not so pleasant if he holds the dictionary on you: "One enervating morning, just after the rise of the sun, a youth bearing the cognomen of Galileo, glided in his gondola over the legendary waters of the lethean Thames. He was accompanied by his allies and coadjutors, the dolorous Pepys and the erudite Cholmondeley, the most combative aristocrat extant, and an epicurean who for learned vagaries and revolting discrepancies of character would take precedence of the most erudite of all Areopagite literati. These sacrilegious dramatis personae were discussing in detail a suggestive and exhaustive address, delivered from the prosecenium box of the Calistenic lyceum by a notable financier on obligatory hydropathy, as accessory to the irrevocable and irreparable doctrine of evolution, which has been vehemently panegyrized by a splenetic professor of acoustics, and simultaneously denounced by a complaisant opponent as an undemonstrated romance of the last decade, amenable to no reasoning, however allopathic, outside of its own lamentable environs. These peremptory tripartite brethern arrived at Greenwich, wishing to aggrandize themselves by indulging in exemplary relaxation, indicatory of implacable detestation of integral tergiversation and exoteric intrigue. They fraternized with a phrenological harlequin who was a connoisseur in mezzotint and falconry. This piquant person was heaping contumely and scathing raillery on an amateur in jugiar recitative, who held that the Pharaohs of Asia were conversant with his theory that morphine and quinine were exorcists of bronchitis. Meanwhile the leisurely Augustine of Cockburn, drank from a tortoise shell wassail cup to the health of an apotheosized recusant, who was his supererogatory patron, and an assistant recognizance in the immoble nomenciature of interstitial molecular phonics. The contents of the vase proving soporific, a stolid plebian took from its ceremonies an heraldic viploncello, and, assisted by a plethoric diocesan from Pall Mall, who performed on a pianoforte, proceeded to wake the clangorous echoes of the empyrean. They bade the prolix Caucasian gentleman not to misconstrue their inexorable demands, while they dined on acclimated anchovies and apricot truffles and had for dessert a wiseacre's pharmacopoeia. This the truculent Pythagoreans had a novel repast, fit for the gods. On the subsidence of the feast they alternated between soft languors and isolated scenes of squalor, which followed mechanist's reconnoissance of the imagery of Uranus, the legend of whose incognito related to a poniard wound in the abdomen received while cutting a swath in the interests of telegraphy and posthumous photography. Meantime an unctuous orthoepist applied a homeopathic restorative to the retina of an obiurgatory spaniel (named Daniel), and tried to perfect the construction of a behemoth which had not mired in pygmean slough, while listening to the elegiac soughing of the prehistoric wind."

HIS OWN WEDDING.

Gaylord (Kan.) Sentinel: This is the first instance in several years of newspaper work that the writer has dared to tell the truth about a wedding for fear of getting licked, and does so now with a keen relish. The groom is an editor and is not a popular and accomplished leader of society; in fact, he doesn't know as much about it as a rabbit. His hair is red and the freckles on his face crowd each other for room. In the dusk it is hard to distinguish him from a telephone pole. He has never considered that the future looked very bright or promising—it has always kept him too busy paying his board bills to have any dreams about future greatness. He is just a common sort of a fellow, and claims distinction only in that he is a Kansan from the sole of his clumsy feet to the top of his head. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. White, and was born and raised in the Solomon Valley. Judging from the job she has taken on her hands she is a young lady of more than ordinary nerve.

SELF-RESTRAINT.

Kansas City Journal: Mr. Balfour, the British statesman, who, with his party, has gone down to defeat, has marvelous self-control and never was known to be even ruffled by the bores who continually harass public men. One evening when he was being terribly "heckled" at a public meeting in Manchester a sympathizer called out, "Don't lose your temper." Mr. Balfour smiled easily as he replied: "I have lost many things in my time, but I never lost my temper." Even on the golf links he does not rise to the mildest profanity at a streak of bad luck.

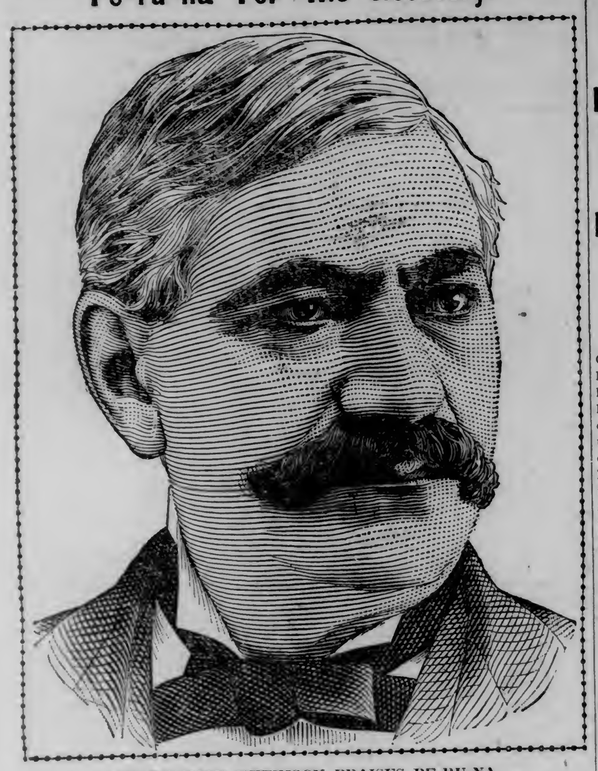
TALLY CARDS Our stock is large and varied. We have the most complete assortment of Stationery in the city. The latest publications by the world's best authors are always to be fouad here. We make a specialty of Legal Blanks and Fountain Pens. **ALBERTSON'S**

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

HAD CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

Congressman Meekison Gives Praise to Pe-ru-na For His Recovery.



CONGRESSMAN MEEKISON PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

Hon. David Meekison, Napoleon, Ohio, ex-member of Congress, Fifty-fifth District, writes:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison.

ANOTHER SENSATIONAL CURE: Mr. Jacob L. Davis, Galena, Stone county, Mo., writes: "I have been in bad health for thirty-seven years, and after taking twelve bottles of your Peruna I am cured."—Jacob L. Davis.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

BLIND OPERATOR TAKES MESSAGES

Educated by "Listening to Wires," He Holds Railroad Job.

Carmi, Ill., March 8.—At Maunie, a little village east of here on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, lives Gilbert McDonald, who, though blind over twenty years, has for the last six years through telegraphy been breadwinner for his widowed mother and younger sisters.

The telegraph wires have educated him. Left blind when but 2 years old, by disease, McDonald was never able to educate himself at the public schools.

About eight years ago, while loafing around the depot at Maunie, an operator asked him why he did not learn telegraphy.

"I can do it," replied the plucky lad, "and am ready to begin."

In a surprisingly short time he had mastered the Morse code, and in six months was adept at the key. He could send fast from the start, but, as he had no education, it became necessary that he study English.

He accordingly became attentive to everything that went over the wire, and in less than a year could spell out and define over 1,000 words.

He applied himself to typewriting, and was soon speedy with his machine. On several occasions the operator intrusted him with the care of the office, and he performed the work with dispatch and accuracy. He sold tickets, made change, copied orders, sent messages and did the other work as well, apparently, as the regular operator.

One day J. W. Logsdon, division superintendent of the Louisville & Nashville, stopped off unexpectedly at Maunie. McDonald was working the station that day. The superintendent was very angry and was preparing to reprimand the operator for leaving him in charge when his attention was attracted toward McDonald, who was sending a message.

Faster and faster clicked the keys until they sang like an old press man was pounding them. Interested, the superintendent listened to the marvelous speed of the blind boy, and when he had got his "O. K." a kind hand was laid on his shoulder and the gruff superintendent became his friend.

Arrangements were made at once by the railroad officials to send McDonald to the State Blind School at Jacksonville. He remained there a few months, and when he returned, he again took up work at Maunie. He was made assistant operator at Maunie.

McDonald's greatest delight is to "work a press message" to metropolitan daily papers.

The sender has to read the message to McDonald, who gets it on the wire about as quickly as it is read. He can receive as fast as the fastest can send, and never make a break when a good man is working it in. He uses a typewriter.

McDonald has been brought to Carmi on several occasions to relieve the Western Union operator here. He was working the wires here when the Post-Dispatch ordered the story of his life. His greatest ambition is to be a press man in some big newspaper office. He has worked stuff into the offices of all the St. Louis papers and can send as fast as most of the men want it.

He is 23 years old, and is hopelessly blind. He is intelligent, and can converse on all current topics. He now has a vocabulary of over 1,800 words, which he has picked off the wires, and subsequently learned their meaning. He bears the unique distinction of being the only blind operator, supporting himself and others in the world.

INSPECTION OF BANKS

Would be More Careful Under Bill Offered by Pearre.

Washington, March 8.—Representative Pearre of Maryland, appeared before the house committee on banking and currency today to urge favorable action on his bill to inspect national banks more carefully for the prevention of national bank contributions to campaign funds and to prevent national banks from offering inducements to state, federal or municipal officers for the purpose of obtaining deposits of public moneys. Mr. Pearre said he knew of counties where national banks manipulated party machines for the sole purpose of electing county treasurers who will deposit public money according to the orders of banks.

ANOTHER $10,000 FOR RELIEF OF THE JAPS.

Washington, March 8.—For the third time the Christian Herald, through Dr. Klopsch, its editor, has made a large contribution to the Japanese famine relief fund. Today the state department received from that paper, through the Red Cross, the sum of $10,000 for transmission to Japan through the American embassy, and it is understood that similar sums will probably be contributed weekly for some time to come.

It makes you long for dinner time

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Best for flaky pastry, wholesome bread and biscuit—best for crisp cookies—best for delicious cakes, toothsome muffins, doughnuts that will melt in your mouth.

Everything you **make well**, it will help to make **better**, because it's **"best by test."**

Anybody can cook well if they use **Calumet** Baking Powder. Failure with it is almost impossible. The **food** prepared with it **is free** from Alum, Rochelle Salts or any injurious substance.

Price is Moderate

WEST DULUTH

SAWING LOT OF LUMBER

Lesure, St. Louis and Mullery & O'Brien Mills Working Fast.

Half Million Feet a Day Sawed at West Duluth Alone.

The Lesure, St. Louis and Mullery & O'Brien mills are turning out an awful lot of sawed timber every twenty-four hours just now. Trainload after trainload of logs are coming in daily and on the date of the recent storm, the usual amount having been delayed, the double supply came in on the day following and compelled shutting down of the mills. The Lesure mill is now operating only during the day shift, however. The Lesure and Mullery & O'Brien mills are sawing for the Virginia Lumber company, all, however, practically the same concern.

The two mills at West Duluth are turning out close to 500,000 feet each twenty-four hours and the amount turned out of the Mullery & O'Brien mill is adding to that amount materially.

REINFRY-MELDAHL.

Pretty Wedding of Popular Young People is Solemnized.

The marriage of Miss Ethel I. Remfry and Albert Meldahl took place last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Remfry, 621 North Fifty-seventh avenue west, at 8 o'clock last evening. Rev. Thomas Grice performed the ceremony. Only relatives of the young couple were present and all afterwards sat down to the wedding breakfast. Miss Remfry was attended by Miss McLennon of Duluth and Mr. Meldahl was supported by his brother, John Meldahl.

Last night Mr. and Mrs. Meldahl left for the coast and will be gone for about a month or five weeks. They went over the Northern Pacific and will go from Portland South, and will return over one of the Southern roads. On their return they will live in a house which Mr. Meldahl has just built on North Fifty-ninth avenue west. Mr. Meldahl is a well-known contractor of West Duluth.

West Duluth Briefs.

Miss Bretta Wright of 126 North Sixty-third avenue west will leave this evening for St. Paul to spend a month with her sister, Mrs. E. P. Stewart of Anthony Park.

This evening Rev. A. W. Ryan will hold Lenten services in Holy Apostles Episcopal church. This will begin at 7:45 o'clock sharp, and it is hoped that the attendance will be large.

For wall paper go to Nygren's.

Emil, the 1-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Bilsey, died last night of pneumonia at the family residence, 119 North Fifty-third avenue west. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Bilsey are receiving many expressions of condolence from their neighbors.

Haven Forbes is here from Sandstone, where he is running a farm.

Mrs. H. H. Phelps, entertained at cards at her home on Highland avenue last evening.

The funeral of Rade Tongovic, the man who was murdered in a saloon in West Duluth last Sunday morning, was held this morning from Filiatrault's undertaking rooms. S. C. Tonkovic, a brother of the dead man arrived here yesterday from Rock Falls, Wyo. He was very much affected by the terrible end of his brother.

Jewelry repairing—Hurst, 301 Central.

A four-act drama "The World Against Him" will be given tomorrow night at Great Eastern hall by local talent, under the auspices of the West Duluth lodge, A. O. U. W. for the benefit of Phil Marion, who was injured in the Lesure mill a few weeks ago. Special numbers will be given by several local artists.

Mrs. C. G. Peterson of 608 Fifty-ninth avenue west entertained the ladies aid society of the Third Swedish Baptist church yesterday.

Mrs. W. H. Sweet has gone to St. Paul to attend the funeral of a relative there.

The Commercial club will hold its usual meeting Friday night and some important matters will come up for discussion.

TO ECLIPSE THEM ALL.

Garfield Club Banquet Expected to Surpass All Former Events.

President Thomas H. Martin of the Garfield Republican club of Duluth, says that he expects the coming annual banquet of the club, March 23, to eclipse in the way of attendance and general success anything previously attempted by the organization. The banquet room of the Masonic Temple has been rented for the occasion and a program of speakers of national reputation will no doubt prove a strong drawing card. Added to this will be good music, both vocal and instrumental, and a good dinner. The banquet hall will open at 7 o'clock in the evening and 15 minutes later the banquet will begin. The program will be finished by 11:30. Negotiations are pending for a special train to accommodate those from the range towns and Two Harbors who wish to attend the banquet.

Republicans of Duluth will not receive invitations as it is considered unnecessary, a general invitation being issued to all good citizens, President Martin says. J. B. Sutphin is chairman of the committee on invitations and tickets should any one desire an invitation sent to any particular person, it is desired that the name be turned in to Mr. Sutphin who will see to the matter.

NEW RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following rural carriers have been appointed: Beaver Creek, route No. 1, Alphonso J. Gibson, carrier; Lorenzo J. Gibson, substitute. Bertha, route No. 2, Guy K. Williams, carrier; Charles Hartung, substitute. Litchfield, route No. 8, Vernon H. Brokaw, carrier; Wesley Hanter, substitute.

A Liquid Dentifrice penetrates the little crevices of the teeth and thus thoroughly purifies and cleanses the mouth.

SOZODONT

3 Forms: Liquid, Powder & Paste

ASK YOUR DENTIST

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Printer at Fargo is Charged With Forgery of Two Checks.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—A printer, who is known here as W. W. King, is wanted here on two charges of forgery. It is charged that he sought employment in Newman, Holt & Frame's law office here and stole two checks which he later filled in, one for $42 and the other for $32, and cashed. It was suspected that he was a representative of the Printers' union. This the printers deny, and say that King robbed the secretary of the union here by making false representations. Newman, Holt & Frame are attorneys for the employing printers.

Mrs. Laure Waller of Twin Valley, Minn., has made compalint against her husband, A. J. Waller, who deserted her on the night of her marriage. It was indicated at the preliminary hearing that the marriage was not voluntary. Owing to a new law, passed at the last session of the legislature, conviction on the charge on which Waller has been arrested is punishable with imprisonment from one to three years in the penitentiary.

The death of Patrick Kiley here has recalled stories of his peculiarities. He was wealthy, and it is a question as to whether he has any heirs. He has lived here for many years, but made a confidant of no one. In his room, which he allowed no one to visit, even in his last hours, were found old shovels, picks and iron junk.

The Commercial club in mass convention voted unanimously against declaring the Red River of the North unnavigable, and the state's representatives in congress were requested to oppose the bill.

The club also voted itself in favor of Congressman Marshall's bill providing for the removal of internal revenue tax from denaturized alcohol.

Mannhaven—The Mercer county roller mill at Krem was destroyed by a fire of unknown origin, but which is supposed to have started in the engine room. The loss is estimated at about $4,000. The mill was erected in 1899 and was owned by Samuel Richter. It had a capacity of sixty-five barrels a day.

Grand Forks—Only Republicans took part in the primary election Tuesday, and John Dinnle was nominated for mayor without opposition. Only slight interest was shown, Dinnie receiving 339 votes against 1,050 votes for mayor two years ago. The full ticket was nominated and all the opposition will be from independent candidates nominated by petition.

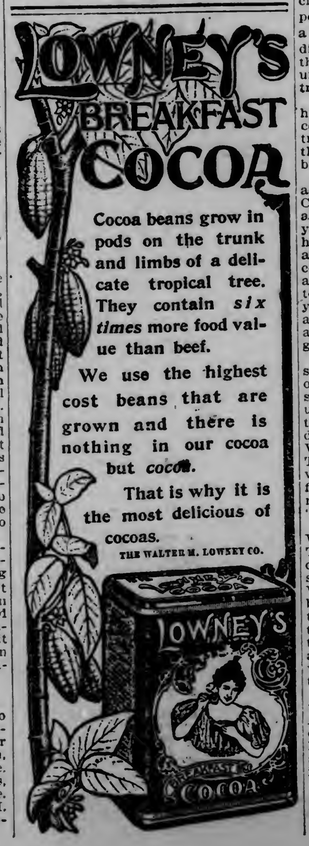
SOUTH DAKOTA

Mitchell—Snowbound for fifty-five hours is the experience of the passengers on an accommodation train on the Milwaukee road west of Chamberlain, during the blizzard Friday and Saturday. The train was made up of two coaches, an express car and freight cars, and was started out of Chamberlain in the morning to go to Presho, forty miles distant. The storm increased to such an extent that at noon the train could make no further headway, and between two stations the engine was stopped in a drift. The train remained there till Sunday evening, when relief was finally secured.

Pierre—The first meeting of the state board of equalization for the year is fixed by law for the fourth Tuesday in March, and it meets with the county auditors of the state to discuss and formulate plans for the general assessment work of the state. The date this year is March 27. The first of such meetings was held last year, and every county in the state except one was represented. The work last year resulted in a greater uniformity of assessment figures between the different counties than for former years, and the session this year will probably be devoted to correcting irregularities which yet exist.

The Fidelity Land & Trust company, which was incorporated several weeks ago, has been organized by the selection of Claude Garner, president; A. W. Ewart, vice president; W. J. Newton, secretary, and M. A. Lange, treasurer. The company will have headquarters in this city and is arranging to put up a building of its own this summer. It expects to transact a general land and loan business.

The first of the colored colony that is to be established in Sully county has arrived and gone into the western part of that county, near Fairbank. This colony was planned by B. P. Blair, an old resident of that section. The class of settlers he is looking for was men with capital to purchase their homes and begin farming operations, and he says the colony will be a prosperous one from the start.


LOWNEY'S
BREAKFAST
COCOA
Cocoa beans grow in pods on the trunk and limbs of a delicate tropical tree. They contain *six times* more food value than beef.
We use the highest cost beans that are grown and there is nothing in our cocoa but *cocoa*.
That is why it is the most delicious of cocoas.
THE WALTER M. LOWNEY CO.
LOWNEY'S
COCOA

BURGLARS WERE BUSY

Thieves Enter Three Stores During Early Hours of Morning.

Secured Small Sum in Cash and Bottle of Wine.

Burglars were at work in the city last evening, and no less than three stores were entered during the early hours of the morning.

The thieves gained access to the building on First street, occupied by the Bridgeman & Russell company and McAuley & Co.'s meat market. They went through the cash drawer in Bridgeman & Russell's store, and secured about $22 in small change which had been left there over night.

From there they went into the meat market, which occupies part of the same building, and opened the cash drawer. They secured a small sum in loose change there, the greater part of the proceeds of the day's sales having been taken out before the store was closed for the night.

The store of the Sattler Liquor company on Michigan street was also entered during the night, probably by the same persons that burglarized the other two stores. The thieves drank the contents of a bottle of wine, leaving the empty bottle on the floor, and broke open the cash drawer. They secured but a small sum of money, however, as practically everything had been locked in the safe when the store was closed. The total amount secured from the three stores would probably be less than $25, of which amount about $22 was taken from Bridgeman & Russell's.

No attempt was made to blow the safes in any of the three places, and the work is evidently that of a gang of sneak thieves. The thefts were probably committed by the same persons who entered Victor Huot's store and also the stationery store of Lundberg & Stone a few weeks ago. The thieves appear to be content to sneak in through some unlocked door or open window at the rear, and take the contents of the cash drawer, and possibly a few small articles from the stock. The police are making every effort to get some trace of the guilty parties, but as yet they have been unsuccessful. In the meantime the merchants in the city are being warned to keep their rear doors bolted and their windows barred, if possible, and not to allow any loose change to remain in the cash drawers over night.

Obituary.

This does not mean Mellin & Company, 310 West First street, the big medium priced tailors established only one year in Duluth, and are the leaders now. Our tremendous business makes our running expenses reduced to the minimum. Our margin of profit is correspondingly small. We can save you $10 to $15 on every suit or overcoat. Exclusive patterns to select from. No old woolens. The only cash tailors in Duluth, consequently you are not paying advanced prices on charged accounts. We can build your garments as they should be—right. Some of the best business men in Duluth are taking advantage of the opportunities we offer. If our clothes are not satisfactory they are not yours. Gentlemen, it is up to you.

PROSPERITY NOT FOR VENEZUELA

Until Castro is Driven Out, Says Former Revolutionist.

New York, March 8.—Gen. Jose Manuel Hernandez, "El Mocho," implacable foe of Castro, in exile in this city, declares he cannot understand how reports that he is on the point of leading a revolution against the Venezuelan dictator originate. At the same time the stern old revolutionist scored in unmeasured terms the Castro administration and Castro himself.

"So long," he asserted, "as that man holds the power just so long will my country face trouble without and trouble within; just so long also will the United States find itself menaced because of the Monroe doctrine."

"El Mocho," son of a revolutionist and himself twice imprisoned in San Carlos, where, loaded with shackles and chains, he spent more than two years, is in New York City. Recently he returned from the Canary islands and since his return the report that he contemplated leading a revolt originated in diplomatic circles at Washington. His quarters at the Hotel Empire yesterday resembled a business office, and there were many swarthy visitors, all of whom are said to be part of his great army of friends in this country.

"I, who am an exile in this country, see with grief the deplorable condition of my own countrymen," said he, "I see my country oppressed. I see her unhappy at home and in constant trouble with the countries abroad. They do not wish this. My countrymen, the Venezuelans, are a peaceful people. Their ambition is to live in harmony with the world and to prosper. They find themselves in the iron grip of a man who has well been said to be 'money mad.'

"There must be no other person in Venezuela today but the president. There must be no prosperity, no security, no peace. The revenues of the state are all for his private fortune. Venezuela is rich in natural resources, but today the monopolies of all these things are Castro's They would pay their debts, but the funds are all Castro's. Instead of warships ready for action, they would like to welcome the visit of friendly fleets, as you do in this country. That is impossible.

"It is no new condition in the country. It is of three years' standing. Although the last revolution has been ended that length of time, he still collects the war tax imposed then. He still has at least two thousand men imprisoned for political reasons, and is adding to the number every day. The country is almost his plaything and his toy.

"I am astonished that it should be reported that I am now preparing for a revolution. Such reports are inspired by my enemies. If it were true, however, it would be the height of folly for me to speak of it.

"It was reported from Washington in dispatches that in a revolution I am to receive the support of the asphalt companies and of the French cable companies. I have told you that I am not planning a revolution, and you may also say that I am not to receive the indorsement or support of the companies named. Personally I may say that if I were doing this thing you ascribe to me I would like to have it thought that they were supporting and helping me, because that would undoubtedly attract many to the cause, but I must say to the contrary.

"There is general discontent in Venezuela today. That is apparent. Sooner or later it is inevitable the change must come. They are too weak now and he is too powerful. They realize that a revolt to be successful must be unexpected, it must be quick, it must be carefully planned. Who knows when those preparations can be made?

"But they will be made," continued the old general vigorously. "They will come in the natural order of things. Then my beloved country may take its place in the republics of the world, where she deserves to be. Under a wise, beneficent administration her progress would astonish the world."

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. For sale by all druggists.

TO DAM RED LAKE RIVER.

Bill Passed by House Granting Authority to William J. Murphy.

Washington, March 8.—Representative Steenerson has secured the passage by the house of a bill which means much for the development of the manufacturing industries of Northern Minnesota. When the project is carried out, electricity will be used in connection with the water power developed.

The bill, in brief, provides that consent of congress is granted to William J. Murphy, his successors and assigns, to build a dam across the Red Lake river, at or near the junction of the Black river, so-called, with said Red Lake river, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, for the development of water power and such works and structures in connection therewith as may be necessary or convenient in development of said power, and in utilization of the power thereby developed. Plans for construction of said dam and appurtenant works shall be submitted to and approved by the chief of engineers and secretary of war.

That there shall be placed and maintained in connection with said dam a sluiceway, so arranged as to permit logs, timber and lumber to pass around through, or over said dam without unreasonable delay or hindrance and without toll or charges.

And provided further. That suitable fishways, to be approved by the United States fish commission, shall be constructed and maintained at said dam. This act shall be null and void unless the dam herein authorized be commenced within one year and be completed within three years from the time of the passage of this act.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Manufacturer's Sale OF Bed Pillows

The Demonstration of Redfern Corsets by Miss E. A. McLaren now in progress—3rd floor

A Special lot picked up by our New York buyer. 50 Pairs in all, 3 pounds good mixed feathers to the pillow. Would be sold regularly at $1.25.

FRIDAY ONLY

85 Cents

Art Dept. Specials

Hand Embroidered Center Pieces, 98c

Of linen, and come in all floral patterns, American Beauty, Strawberries, Chrysanthemums, Poppy and other beautiful designs, worth regularly $2.50, tomorrow 98c

Complete Embroidery Sets, 25c

Containing one Center Piece, one Cushion Cover, Diagram Lesson and Color Plate, four Skeins Richardson Embroidery Silk and one Embroidery Hoop, all for 25c

The Store of Quality — Silberstein & Bondy Company. — The Store of Quality

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Masquerader Acquitted on Charge of Wearing Indecent Costume.

Escanaba—The jury before which was tried the case of Jack Fogarty at Escanaba returned a verdict of "not guilty." Fogarty was arrested by Officer McCauley for appearing at a masquerade ball at the North Star hall in a costume which violated—so the arresting officer charged—all the laws of decency.

Menominee—John S. Coman, in company with Charles Goodman of the Sawyer-Goodman company, has returned to Menominee from Canada, where they closed a deal for the purchase of 2,000,000 feet of white pine. The pine is all dry and ready for shipment and will be sent to Menominee and Marinette by boat as soon as navigation has opened up.

The Carpenters' union has served notice on Menimonee and Marinette contractors and others performing similar work in these two cities that the union scale of wages for carpenters has been raised from 28 to 30 cents an hour. It is reported that the union of masons and bricklayers is contemplating a like advance in the union scale.

Houghton—Near Kenton, a lumbering town in Houghton county, an uncommon sight is presented at various places along the logging roads of a lumber company. Because of the unusually deep snow, deer are having a difficult time to find food this winter, and the lumber company has come to the rescue by putting out hay in different places. That the fodder is appreciated is apparent from the well-trodden runways leading to the feeding grounds and from the manner in which the hay disappears. Many tons of hay already have been contributed to the animals.

Norway—Announcement is made of the intention of the Michigan State Telephone company to rebuild its lines in this city. A metallic return system will be installed at a cost of approximately $10,000, and a more commodious central office will be provided. Construction work will begin April 1, and will require several months to complete.

Newberry—In line with the action taken in other counties of the peninsula, the Luce county board of supervisors has cut off all fees that have heretofore been allowed the deputy game warden, and that official will hereafter have to worry along on a salary of $20 a month. The motive of this action is resentment at the workings of the new game law, which gives the state the lions' share of the license fees and saddles the expense of enforcing the statute upon the counties.

Is Your Hair Sick?

That's too bad! We had noticed it was looking pretty thin and faded of late, but naturally did not like to speak of it. By the way, Ayer's Hair Vigor is a regular hair grower, a perfect hair restorer. It keeps the scalp clean and healthy. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

GOOD RIGHT THROUGH

Every leaf full of virtue.
Every infusion delicious.

Annual Sale Exceeds 14,000,000 Packets

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA TEA

Black, Mixed Green or Oolong — 10c Trial Packet at your Grocer's

Trade Supplied by Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.

TO ASK QUASHING OF INDICTMENTS

Counsel for Western Federation of Miners Will Make That Motion.

Caldwell, Idaho, March 8.—Owing to a misunderstanding between Sheriff Nichols of this county and Warden J. M. Whitney of the state prison, the prisoners under indictment in connection with the assassination of ex-Governor Steunenberg were not brought to Caldwell today for arraignment. It is stated that a special train this afternoon will bring Charles B. Moyer, William Haywood and George A. Pettibone to Caldwell. Harry Orchard, it is stated, will be brought here for arraignment at a later date.

The grand jury will remain in session here until the validity of its indictments can be passed on by the court. It is stated that after the reading of the indictments counsel representing the accused members of the Western Federation of Miners will ask time to move for the quashing of the indictments before the defendants enter their pleas.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

Washington, March 8.—John D. King, chairman of the rural carriers' examining board of the civil service commission and who had been connected with the railroad postal service for about forty-five years, died here today. He is survived by his wife and one son. The latter is Capt. H. D. King of New York. Death was due to nervous paralysis. He entered the postal service as a clerk at Janesville, Wis. He was prominent in the star route investigations, and in connection therewith traveled over the state of Colorado, both on foot and on horseback. At several Republican national conventions Mr. King served as assistant sergeant-at-arms. He was a member of the Masonic order. The body will be conveyed to Janesville for interment.

Janesville, Wis., March 8.—Mrs. Susan Crossman, who would be 103 years old March 28, died last night. She was the oldest resident of Rock county.

POLICEMEN SUSPENDED.

St. Louis, March 8.—Two sergeants and eight patrolmen were today suspended by the police department by Chief Gillaspy, pending charges, it is said, that will be formally preferred against them before the police board. All the men were until recently on duty in the central district which is in the center of the grand jury investigation into charges of grafting.

CHINESE SEE NIAGARA FALLS.

Buffalo, March 8.—Prince Tsai Tse and party arrived at Niagara falls this morning and will pass the day in sightseeing. They will leave tonight for New York.

BUSINESS OF MUTUAL LIFE.

New York, March 8.—The annual report of the Mutual Life Insurance company for 1905 to the insurance department at Albany, shows that the company issued during that year new insurance amounting to $181,662,643 as against $229,532,430 in 1904.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

Legal Labels on Dr. Price's Baking Powder Cans.

To comply with the pure food law of this state all baking powders must have the names of their ingredients clearly printed on the labels in order to acquaint grocers and consumers with the true character of the powder. All cans of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, bear labels printed as the law directs. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, as most everyone knows, is made from pure grape cream of tartar, is endorsed by the highest authorities for its purity and wholesomeness, and fully complies with the pure food laws of Minnesota and all other states.

CORBIN COMES HOME.

San Francisco, March 8.—Maj. Gen. Corbin, recently in command of the army in the Philippines, accompanied by his wife and personal staff, arrived today from Manila. He is to be promoted to the rank of lieutenant general April 14.

Columbus, O.

Use the Erie Railroad Short Line—the popular route—two through trains daily. Apply to E. R. Porch, traveling passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

REPAIRS NEARLY COMPLETED.

Washington, March 8.—The secretary of the navy has received a cable message from Commander Hosley, commanding the fleet towing the drydock Dewey to the Philippines, saying that the repairs to the dock are progressing at Las Palmas, Canary islands, and that he expects to resume his journey to the Mediterranean on the 12th inst.

AVALANCHE KILLS A SCORE.

Trondhjen, Norway, March 8.—A snow avalanche at the Lofoten islands yesterday night buried a dozen of fishermen's huts. Rescuers extricated twenty-one dead and thirty-nine injured.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Siasconsett, Mass., March 8.—The steamer Baltic, from Liverpool was in wireless communication with the station here when the vessels was 120 miles east of Nantucket lightship at 6 a. m. The Baltic will probably reach her dock about 8 a. m. Friday.

New York—Arrived: Koenigen Louise, Genoa.

San Francisco—Arrived: Korea, Hong Kong, Yokohama and Honolulu.

New York—Sailed: Teutonic, Liverpool; Rotterdam, Rotterdam.

Glasgow—Arrived: Graf Waldersee, New York, for Hamburg.

Queenstown—Sailed: Ivernia, Boston.

Auckland—Arrived: Sonoma, San Francisco via Honolulu for Sydney, N. S. W.

Honk Kong—Arrived previous: Minnesota, Seattle via Yakahama.

Algiers—Arrived: Canopic, Boston via Ponta del Gada for Naples, Genoa, etc.

Auckland—Sailed: Sierra, San Francisco.

WILL SAVE THE FALLS.

Toronto, March 8.—The international waterways committee has reached an agreement regarding the falls by which both countries will take all precautions to save its scenic beauty.

GAS 80 CENTS IN NEW YORK.

Albany, N. Y., March 8.—The senate today passed the bill making the rate for gas in Greater New York, 80 cents per thousand feet. The bill now goes to the governor, it having already passed the assembly. The measure excepts several wards in Brooklyn for which it provides a sliding scale.

SEVERE COLDS

Take Dr. Bull's Pills for Constipation. Read the inside of this wrapper.

Dr. BULL'S
Celebrated
COUGH SYRUP,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

(AS PREPARED BY THE)
Rev. Dr. J. W. Bull,
Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by all Druggists
Price 25 Cents.

(Directions inside.)

El Sirope del Doctor BULL—por la Cos

and pneumonia are always ushered in by a sudden chill. The next step is marked by a gradually rising fever. The next by sore throat, hoarseness, running nose, headache, cough, painful breathing and expectoration. *Then* you are at the critical turn. It calls for action, also care in selecting the remedy to take; because delay and experimenting mean death by pneumonia or weakened lungs.

The right remedy, the best remedy, the safest remedy, the surest cure is without doubt the famous, world-renowned

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Its many cures are truly remarkable, but they are all due to the super-excellent formula by which it is made. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup soothes, heals and cures like no other remedy can or does.

Read how this celebrated remedy is praised by all who use it. Every testimonial is absolutely genuine.

"My husband had a severe cold and feared he would get pneumonia. I bought a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and after giving him a few doses he was greatly relieved, and after taking a bottle of the syrup the cough had completely stopped. I have also been cured of severe coughs and colds by the wonderful Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup"
Mrs. Frederick Haberjan,
2015 W. Hagert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sample Sent Free
to all readers. We want you to have absolute confidence in Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and to that end will cheerfully send you a free sample. Send no money, simply write a postal card or letter and give the name of this paper. Address
A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
Ask for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Insist on having it. It will cure you. Bear in mind there is no remedy "better or just as good" as Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup which is the best. Do not experiment with something else: it is dangerous to health. Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; it always cures. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

SOME KICKS REGISTERED

Congressman Bede Gets Protests Against New Duluth Bridge.

Claims That It is Fake Concern—Something of the Plan.

Washington, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Early in February Congressman Bede introduced a bill to authorize the Wisconsin & New Duluth Bridge company to construct a bridge over the St. Louis river between Duluth and Superior. Mr. Bede has been working to secure the passage of this measure and has it well in hand. Now comes a number of letters to him and Representative Jenkins from citizens of Superior, in which it is alleged that the promoters of the proposed new bridge really have no intention of actually constructing the bridge, but desire to secure a franchise in order to freeze out others, who contemplate a similar improvement.

Both Representatives Jenkins and Bede are now investigating this charge, and if they learn that the Wisconsin & New Duluth Bridge company is a "fake" concern and does not really intend to build the bridge, they will cease their efforts to get the bill through, and it will die in a pigeonhole in committee.

The Wisconsin & New Duluth Bridge company, which has caused the introduction of the bill, is composed of Wisconsin and Duluth people who have interests on both sides of the St. Louis river at and near New Duluth. James Bardon, Henry S. Butler and Senator Hudnall of Superior are among its directors.

The people connected with the company assert that there is not the slightest doubt that the bridge will be built. They say the number of bridges that will be allowed across the bay or river will be limited and that this is one of the strategic points for a bridge. That being so it is practically certain that some railroad will try to build there, and to forestall the building of the bridge by some railroad that will be entitled to use is for its individual uses, and to the exclusion of others, the people owning lands will have a bridge built that will be open to all roads that may desire an entrance into the city. It is also to provide for the passage of wagon and foot passengers.

TRAIN WRECKERS UNDER ARREST

Four Young Men Confess to Sixth Attempt to Wreck.

New York, March 8.—Four young men who were arrested near Passaic, N. J., today charged with attempting to wreck an eastbound Buffalo express train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad early today, have confessed that this was their sixth attempt at train wrecking. All of the attempts were made in the vicinity of Passaic. They said the only reason for the acts was a desire to witness the excitement which would attend a wreck. The Buffalo express today escaped disaster by an exceedingly narrow margin. It was running nearly an hour late and at a high rate of speed when the engineer saw the obstruction on the track. He succeeded in bringing the train to a stop less than a car length from where a number of ties and iron fish plates were placed upon the track.

Knights' Templar Installation.

A public installation of the officers elected by Duluth Commandery, Knights Templar, will be held at the Masonic temple Tuesday evening, March 20. The ceremony will be followed by the usual reception had on such occasions. J. L. Owen, the newly-elected commander, has announced the following appointive officers of the commandery: Standard bearer, W. P. Welbanks; sword bearer, J. W. Lyder, Jr.; warder, William A. Pitcher; first guard, John Cox; second guard, W. D. Underhill; third guard, Stanley R. Holden; sentinel, Henry Van Brunt.

FISH UNDERGROUND.

Pittsburg Gazette: R. A. Durst, while sinking an artesian well in Apaseo, a small town between Celaya and Queerwater, Mexico, came upon a subterranean stream of water at a depth of about 240 feet. In the water that came from this stream he found many little fish from one-half to an inch in length. Mr. Durst writes to a gentleman in this city that from the way the fish came out of the well there must have been millions of them in the stream below.

The fish were all alive and perfect specimens of their kind, though lighter in color than fish in general, showing that they lived underground. These had probably been spawned in the underground river channel, which is in all probability a spawning ground.

That larger fish did not come up the pipe does not mean that there are not larger ones in the channel beneath. In the first place, the pipe or the well is comparatively small in diameter, and again the well may have struck near the bank of the underground stream, or the shallow water part, where the tiny fish are accustomed to congregate.

One of the curious things about this well is that there is no stream for miles which disappears underground, and so there seems to be no way to account for the fish except that they are the inhabitants of a stream that must run for miles under the surface. From the configuration of the country the stream may be one that never reaches the surface directly, but percolates through the earth in many places in the form of springs.

ON COIN TOSS.

Kansas City: Congressman Gillespie of Texas went to congress the first time on the toss of a coin. There were three candidates, and, after thousands of ballots were taken, it was decided to break the deadlock by the toss of a coin. The third man was eliminated on the first toss, and Gillespie won the second toss and the nomination.

CHARCOAL BURNER REWARDED.

Kansas City: It is said that one of the duke of Teck's ancestors, who was a charcoal burner, pointed out a silver mine to a German emperor, who had been driven into exile. When the kaiser regained his throne, with the aid of the wealth thus obtained, he made the charcoal burner a duke.

D. E. H. March 8

DRESS CHART FOR THE GRAND OPERA.

According to the latest "correct dress chart," published monthly by J. W. Gibson, New York, these are the togs you should wear to this week's Grand Opera performances:

EVENING.

COAT	Swallow tail or Tuxedo.
VEST	White single or double breasted.
TROUSERS	Material to match Coat.
OVERCOAT	Paletot or Chesterfield.
HAT	Silk or opera.
SHIRT	White, with cuffs attached.
COLLAR	Poke or wing.
TIE	White. (Black with Tuxedo coat).
GLOVES	White kid.
'KERCHIEF	White linen.
STUDS	Pearl. (Gold with Tuxedo coat.)
LINKS	To match studs.

MATINEE.

COAT	Frock.
VEST	D. B. white, or same material as coat.
TROUSERS	Light gray stripe or same material as coat.
OVERCOAT	Paletot or Chesterfield.
HAT	Silk.
SHIRT	White, with cuffs attached.
COLLAR	Wing or poke.
TIE	Light gray Ascot or Four-in-hand.
GLOVES	Light gray suede.
'KERCHIEF	White linen.
STUDS	Pearl or gold.
LINKS	Pearl or gold.

All or any part of this attire can be bought from intelligent salesmen who know all about "what is what."

You may not care about the prices, but if you do it will interest you to know that our Stein-Bloch garments surpass the average tailor's work, even if he charges twice as much—and that we sell the exclusive haberdashers' togs at ordinary clothing store prices.

Columbia Clothing Company.

Walk in Hanan Patent Leathers.

FORD GOT EVEN.

Boston Herald: J. Q. Hoyt, once postmaster at Barnet, Vt., and Seth Ford, White mountain stage line owner, also of Barnet, were great friends, and were always playing jokes on each other.

Hoyt was a tailor, his shop being opposite Mr. Ford's residence. Ford once bought a suit of clothes of Hoyt, who told him they were "half cotton." Ford took them home. His wife looked them over, and told him they were "all cotton, and no half cotton about it."

He took them back, and said: "Hoyt, you said these clothes were half cotton."

"They are," said Ho yt.

"Well, what is the other half?"

"That is cotton, too."

Some time afterward Hoyt's store and safe keys were missing. They were supposed to have been dropped by him into a box of suspenders while he was showing a prospective buyer the stock, and that the next pair of suspenders he sold he sold the keys with them.

In some way Ford got the keys and returned them to Hoyt, saying: "Here, Hoyt, do these belong to you? I found them under my chicken roost."

EMOTIONAL CONVERT.

Kansas City Journal: A remarkable instance of the efficiency of emotional conversion, from the sudden conviction of sin to the immediate embracement of the love of God, and consecration to the help of others, was the experience of Rev. Samuel Hopkins Hadley, who has just died at the Presbyterian hospital in New York of appendicitis, being 62 years of age. Hadley, who was of good old Puritan descent, and had Jonathan Edwards for an ancestor, was a native of Kentucky, and led a wild life in his youth, and, indeed, until he was nearly 40 years old, when he was drawn into the Jerry McAuley mission in New York city, and was touched to his heart, lifted up, and became a friend of all sinners. The good accomplished by this unlettered Jerry McAuley in Water street, Manhattan, can never be reckoned; but here is one example of it: There is not much to say about his life beyond this; it was simple, sincere and devoted. He was more than anything else an apostle to the drunkard, but also to all who needed the gospel help. His brother, the late Col. H. H. Bradley, colonel of the church army of the Protestant Episcopal church, was one of those whom he rescued.

CURIOUS SAND WELL.

Kansas City Journal: A curious well in Canada produces sand instead of water. The sand comes up in a fine stream like a fountain. The force which drives it to the surface from a depth of 100 feet has not yet been discovered.

Lincoln Park Roller Rink

Roller skating carnival given under auspices of Y. P. C. E. society for the benefit of the Pilgrim Congregational church of West Duluth, Friday evening, March 9. Usual price of skating and admission.

STATEHOOD DISCUSSED

Senator McCumber Speaks in Strong Terms Against Present Bill.

Tillman Says President's Message is a Remarkable Document.

Washington, March 8.—The senate met at 11 o'clock, an hour earlier than usual, in order to afford additional time for the discussion of the statehood bill, but it looked for a while as though that object would be frustrated by the lack of attendance on the part of the senators. When the hour for meeting arrived not a single seat in the chamber was occupied, but as the vice president and the chaplain entered through the north door, Mr. McCumber and Mr. Gearin appeared at the opposite entrance, and Messrs. Teller and Patterson came in a few minutes later. Other senators were slow in making their appearance, and at 11:15, when Mr. McCumber began to speak on the statehood bill, less than a dozen senators were in their seats.

Mr. McCumber introduced his speech by presenting a substitute for the statehood bill, creating one state of Oklahoma and another of Indian Territory, the latter under the name of Sequoia, in honor of the Cherokee scholar of that name, and entirely eliminating New Mexico and Arizona. He made an argument against the consolidation of the territories into fewer states, contending that more Western states were necessary to give the agricultural and other trans-Mississippi interests strong representation in congress. He predicted in the near future that the West would have a much larger population than the East, and said that even if present boundary lines were preserved it would still be impossible to secure as many states as there were east of the Mississippi, and therefore the balance of power in the senate must necessarily be against the western section.

Mr. McCumber declared that the time would come when the East would find its protection in the West. He referred to the influence of foreign immigration in Eastern communities, and in this connection said that at its last election Chicago had elected a Socialist as mayor.

When Mr. McCumber closed, Mr. Tillman gave notice that as soon as opportunity offers he will address the senate on the message of the president sent to the senate yesterday on the coal inquiry resolution recently passed by congress on Mr. Tillman's motion. He referred to the presidential message as "a very remarkable document," and said that but for the pressure to proceed with the statehood bill he would ask to be heard at this time.

Mr. Patterson then addressed the senate on the statehood bill, speaking in opposition to the passage of the house bill. He devoted his attention almost exclusively to the portion of the bill providing for the joining of Arizona and New Mexico, and contended that Arizona as now founded had an unquestionable right to ultimate statehood.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 8.—The house on meeting today agreed to a resolution calling on the secretary of state for the report of Herbert H. D. Pierce, on the condition of the American consulates in the Orient and especially Shanghai.

By mistake several days ago Mr. Hughes (W. Va.) favorably reported from the committee on accounts a resolution increasing from $60 to $70 a month the salaries of the four colored cloakroom men whose duties it is to hang up coats and hats of members, shine their shoes, etc. The resolution was agreed to at once. Just as the resolution was announced, Mr. Hughes realized that he had been directed by the committee to report the resolution with the recommendation that it should not pass. Today he moved to reconsider the action, but this motion was laid on the table by a vote of 96 to 41, thus affirming the increases.

MONEY FOR HARPER LIBRARY.

Chicago, March 8.—Martin A. Ryerson, president of the board of trustees of the University of Chicago, has subscribed $25,000 to the William Rainey Harper memorial library fund.

Low Rates to Coast Points.

February 15th to April 7th, Northern Pacific railway will have on sale daily, one way second class rates to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, as follows:

Billings, Mont., and intermediate points	$15 00
Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Missoula	20 00
Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Elensburg	22 50
Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Vancouver, Ashland	25 00
San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal.	34 90

For tickets and sleeping car reservations, call at City Office, 334 Superior street.

HIS DEFENCE.

Wicked Captain's Victory in Face of Overwhelming Evidence.

A major and three captains were sitting at a table in the club, says the New York Sun.

"See that old chap over there?" asked the major. "He's Gen. ———, retired, the most conscientious old duff I ever knew. Jove, I did see him tricked by a slick scoundrel on a court-martial once."

"What's the yarn?" asked the junior captain.

"Well," began the major, "it came about this way. There was a captain in my regiment whom we may call Breek, and if ever there was a scoundrel Breek was it.

"Every C. O. he ever had tried to pinch him on one count or another, but Breek was as cute as he was crooked and mean. He always pulled out on a technicality of some sort.

"The old boy over there was in command of our department. He hated Breek. All of us hated Breek. So when Breek was finally caught red-handed, drunk and raising Ned on the public streets, we rejoiced clean through the department. It was an open and shut case.

"The prosecution had no end of witnesses. Breek said he didn't even want any counsel. He chose to defend himself.

"The court martial was ordered and convened. Breek didn't object to anybody. The members rose to take the oath. The judge advocate was just starting to swear them when Breek broke in:

"'I want to call the attention of the president of the court,' he said, 'to the fact that the collar of his blouse is unhooked. Officers sitting on a court martial are supposed to be properly dressed.'

"The president, a fat old colonel, of forty years' service, glared fiercely at Breek, but buttoned up his collar.

"The court was sworn. The first witness was called. His testimony began—damning for Breek. The court couldn't help feeling satisfied. Suddenly Breek started again.

"'I wish to call the attention of the court to the fact that Capt. Jones is lounging on the table. A member of a court martial should maintain a military and decent position.'

"Old Jones was too amazed to do more than puff and blow. The impudence of this scoundrel! It all went on the record, too. He sat up in his chair, cherry colored with suppressed fury.

"Witness after witness swore to the disreputable and drunken conduct of Breek. Breek smilingly let them go without cross-questioning them. Then the last witness for the prosecution was called.

"The reiterated testimony was too much for the patience of the members of the court, who began to let their thoughts wander aimlessly. Breek's high, cracked voice rasped out sharply:

"'The president of this court is requested to call the attention of Maj. Stafford to the fact that he is here to do his duty, not to put in an hour day dreaming.'

"A gasp of surprise ran through the room. What was the idiot up to, anyhow?

"The judge advocate wrote down the last conclusive statement of the last witness.

"'The prosecution,' he announced, 'here rests.'

"Breek looked blinkingly at the president.

"'The defence,' he said, 'desires to call Col. Martin as a witness to character.'

"The president gasped with amazement. He was duly sworn.

"'Col. Martin,' was the first question Breek asked, 'are you my friend?'

"'No, sir,' thundered the indignant colonel, smarting under the recent impudent correction.

"'Do you consider me a gentleman?'

"'I do not, sir.'

"'Don't you think me fit to be an officer of the army and to associate with other officers of the army?'

"'Not by a great deal,' sputtered the colonel honestly.

"'Did you feel this way before this trial came up?'

"'I always have.'

"'Then please tell the court your previous personal opinion of me.'

"'I considered you a miserable, impertinent, dishonorable rascal, sir.'

"'That will do,' said Breek; 'please call Maj. Stafford.'

"To the amazement of the court the same questions were asked of Stafford. With the same outcome. Then Capt. Jones was called, and the scene was repeated almost verbatim. A like result followed the examination of four other members.

Then Breek announced that he had a statement to submit. The dazzled court waited for it dumbly.

"That statment was a materpiece. It called the attention of the court and the department commander to the fact that in this trial a clear majority of the court had testified under oath that they had entered on their duties with bitter hostile animus toward the accused.

"They had severally admitted that before any evidence was submitted they were firmly convinced that he was unfit for the army. Under such circumstances a fair trial was impossible. He asked that as a matter of justice the findings of the court, if unfavorable to him, be disapproved.

"You never saw such a wrathy outfit as that court was. Of course, they found him guilty and sentenced him to dismissal. But the old man was so afraid his own feelings might prejudice him that on reading the proceedings, when he struck the statement, he disapproved the sentence, and Breek went scot free."

FILIPINO STUDENTS.

Kansas City Journal: At the present time there are 178 Filipino students in this country receiving an education at the expense of the Philippine government. The candidates are selected by examination, and one stipulation is that they will enter the Philippine civil service after they have completed their studies.

$1.69 For $3.00 Galvanized Ash Barrels.

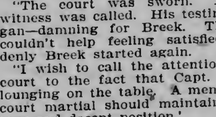
Freimuth's Lake Ave., Michigan and Superior Sts., DULUTH, MINN.

$1.38 For our regular $1.75 Curtain Stretchers.

Friday Bargains in the Daylight Basem'nt

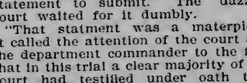
It's Wash Day Specials This Time.

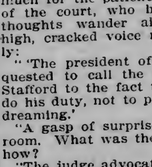
The superior quality of these items would show their intrinsic values, even were the prices double. If your necessaries are not in evidence, we've got them—and at equally as great reduction.

Wash Boilers

Heavy copper bottom—$1.50 value—Friday at 59c

Skirt Boards, 48c
Full 6 feet long; these boards sell regularly at 69c; on Friday we sell them at 48c

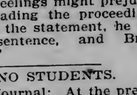
"Scourall."
It brightens everything. "Scourall"—large size cake, for Friday only, per cake 5c

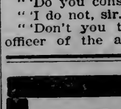
Best on Earth Sad Irons
Regular price $1.50 per set—Friday at 98c


Waffle Irons—Regular 75c grade—special for Friday 59c


Galvanized Tubs
Heavy Galvanized Tubs with wringer attachment—ordinarily 65c—Friday 48c

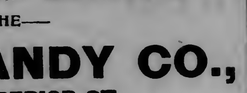
Clothes Baskets.
Finest quality—always $1.48—our extra special price for Friday 88c

Disb Pans.
Heavy Tin Dish Pans—our regular 35c grades—Friday 21c


Tin Water Pails.

10-quart Tin Water Pails—our regular 15c pail—special price for Friday only 9c

Laundry Soap.
"Happy Day" Laundry Soap; limit, 25c worth to a customer—12 bars for 25c

Ironing Boards.
The Celebrated "Tidal Wave" Ironing Board. Are sold everywhere at 30c — 23c

Scrub Brushes.
Worth 25c—at 15c


GRAND OPENING

—OF THE—

ZENITH CANDY CO.,

20 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Saturday, March 10th.

A bag of fine candy free with every purchase. All purchases of 50c or over will be presented with a 25c box of chocolates and bon bons. We have the largest line of pure, fresh candies in the city. Made daily. Try our fine ice cream.

EST. 1847.

Allcock's

PLASTERS

A universal remedy for pains in the back (so frequent in the case of women). They give instantaneous relief.

Wherever there is a pain a Plaster should be applied.

Rheumatism, Colds, Coughs, Weak Chest, Weak Back, Lumbago, Sciatica, &C., &C.

Insist Upon Having Allcock's

For pains in the region of the Kidneys, or for a Weak Back, the Plaster should be applied as shown above. Wherever there is pain apply Allcock's Plaster.

For Rheumatism or Pains in Shoulders, Elbows or elsewhere, or for Sprains, Stiffness, etc., and for Aching Feet, Plaster should be cut to fit and shape required and applied to part affected as shown above.

Allcock's Manufacturing Co.

Brandreth's Pills

The Great Blood Purifier and Tonic.
For Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, etc.

Established 1752

B. Brandreth

FITGER'S BEER

IS NATURE'S TONIC

IT INSTILLS NEW LIFE INTO THE STAGNANT SYSTEM

It is exhilarating. bracing, pure

SEND FOR A CASE

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

DISMANTLED BY COMPANY

Agent Brown Says Vandals Have Not Done Much Harm.

Almost Everything of Value on Mataafa Removed by Owners.

H. W. Brown, agent for the Pittsburg Steamship company, denies that vandals have done much harm aboard the wrecked steamer Mataafa, which lies just outside the harbor entrance.

"Almost everything of any value was removed from the boat long ago," said Mr. Brown today. "The total amount of the 'souvenirs' which have been taken by visitors is not great. The loss to the company from vandalism is not anywhere near as heavy as people seem to think.

"Many people have undoubtedly been attracted to the wrecked boat, however, and some of them have been unscrupulous to take everything they could conveniently lay their hands on, but we guarded against such losses by taking off everything that could be removed.

"Some of the fixtures were so badly damaged by the storm as to be practically worthless and that is why they were left on the boat. There will be no more vandalism in any event, as the wreckers are now at work on the boat and will be until she is removed."

Visiting the Mataafa will have to cease now. For some time the trip out to the boat has been fraught with danger for the reason that treacherous ice, following this warm weather, abounds, and several persons have narrowly escaped wetting and perhaps drowning in their efforts to get aboard the craft.

Several persons have fallen through treacherous ice but have been snaked out by comrades or have been able to extricate themselves without help. The other day a young woman received a wetting. She followed in the footsteps of two corpulent men, feeling that she, weighing very little over 100 pounds, would be able to traverse the places that they dared trod. She came to grief, however. The fat boys crossed a weak stretch of ice with success, but when she essayed the trip, she fell through. Her frightened cries brought other sightseers to her side in a minute and she was picked out unhurt.

Children have been playing about the wreck also, but no serious accidents to them have been reported.

LIBRARY REPORT.

More Than 10,000 Volumes Circulated During February.

At the monthly meeting of the library board Monday night, the resignation of Miss Elizabeth Selden was accepted, and since the civil service examination of applicants was not held until the following day the vacancy in the staff of the library will not be filled until the April meeting of the board.

Instead of discussing a regular book list the board voted to spend this month's appportionment in compiling some of the files of bound periodicals and for that purpose the first hundred and eighty-five volumes of Littell's Living Age will be purchased at a cost of about $150.

The statistical report of the library for the month of February is as follows:

Total circulation	10,635
Average daily	483
Greatest daily	557
Least daily	348
Books in circulation	3,248
Cards issued to users	196
Notices sent	169
Books repaired	110
Juvenile circulation	3,162
Average daily	253
Greatest daily	253
Least daily	94
Books added to library	211
Cards filed in catalog	416
West Duluth circulation	1,282
Attendance	3,055

WIFE ASKS DIVORCE.

Mrs. Hendricson of Backus Admits That Marriage Was a Failure.

Cruelty, drunkenness and low associates are the grounds that are claimed by Migonette Hendrickson of Backus, in her suit for a divorce from Lloyd Hendrickson. She is 20 and he is 22 years of age. They were married at Walker, Minn., in August, 1904, but their marriage relations have ever been uncongenial, according to the complaint filed by Mrs. Hendricson.

She claims that a month after their marriage they went to Backus to run a hotel and she consented to remain there, provided certain objectionable characters were excluded. Mrs. Hendrieson claims that such persons were not only permitted to come to the hotel to stay, but they were joined by others and their presence finally caused her to leave the place and earn her own living. She claims her husband subjected her to gross indignities, called her abusive names, treated her with cruelty and was frequently drunk. She asks that her maiden name of Murphy be restored.

SUITS ARE STARTED.

Range Litigants Bring Their Trouble Into District Court.

Two civil actions concerning range interests were started in district court yesterday afternoon. McGuire & Atwood have sued the Hibbing Cash Commission company for $174 alleged to be due for merchandise sold the commission company which is comprised of A. H. Powers, Bryan O'Rourke and W. J. Dwyer of Hibbing. Reynolds & McClearn represent McGuire & Atwood.

M. E. Turnquist of Virginia has sued Joel Turnquist for $622, alleging that the amount was to have been paid in installments according to an agreement. Bannon & McGilvery of Eveleth are the attorneys for Turnquist.

HEIRS TO $28,000,000.

Bank Clerk and Engineer's Wife Are Found to be Legatees.

Enid Okla., March 8.—William H. Conklin, a Chicago bank clerk, and his sister, Mrs. Edward H. Ryan, wife of the engineer of the city waterworks here, are heirs to an estate in Germany worth $28,000,000, according to a lawyer from that country who has been in the United States for some time searching for descendants of Franck and William Stillwagen. The latter was the grandfather of Conklin and his sister. Half of the estate is cash and the remainder real estate on the Rhine. Mr. Conklins father emigrated to Pennsylvania in 1840.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Duke of Duluth."
METROPOLITAN—The Burlesquers.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, Savage English Grand Opera company.

"THE DUKE OF DULUTH."

Large Audience at Lyceum Waxes Enthusiastic Over It.

CAST.

Darling Doolittle of Duluth	Nat M. Wills
Klakka	Carrick Major
Dennis O'Hara	Fred'k Knights
Gulessenoi Baretta	Tony Hart
Jasper Washington Green	Frank White
The Chief of Police	Edward Beck
Ameera	Marie Tyler
Flirtino	Hattie Arnold
Jhansi	Etta Pearce
Bianca	May Harrison

Were all rulers as popular with their retainers as Darling Doolittle, Duke of Duluth, in private life known as Nat M. Wills, proves to be with his, anarchism would have to go out of business and sta yout. From the time that the duke arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, when he was received by a large crowd at the depot and escorted to the city hall, until the close of the entertainment at the Lyceum theater last night, ovations became so much the common thing that Mr. Wills must have gone to bed last night calloused to them.

No such enthusiastic audience has been seen at a public entertainment in a great while as witnessed "The Duke of Duluth" at the Lyceum last night. Of course, the music—for the contraption is a musical comedy of the approved kind—is tuneful. There are really some very pertty airs in it and they are very well sung. But the audience entered into the spirit of the thing with a zest that the proverbially cold Duluth audience seldom works up.

On the rise of the curtain at the beginning of the first act, the audience displayed a determination to be pleased, applauding as soon as the curtain started to go up. Whenever a man would appear on the stage, some overly enthusiastic one would mistake him for the real duke, but when Wills really did put in an appearance, the applause pretty nearly tore the seats up. Needless to say, his grace was very much pleased at his reception. The whole company throughout the performance shared with Mr. Wills the enthusiasm of the audience and each and every soloist received a full share of the applause. Mr. Wills was undoubtedly funny, but to one who has been an habituu of the Duluth theaters for years and watched audiences perform, the enthusiasm of last night's audience was much funnier than Mr. Wills can ever hope to be.

At the close of the first act, Mr. Wills was given curtain call upon curtain call and finally had to come before the curtain and talk to his subjects. He was visibly embarrassed and admitted that he was unused to making speeches, but under the circumstances did very well. He spoke of his ride on the hook and ladder truck yesterday afternoon and of the chesty feeling he had over the reception by the faithful retainers of the duchy of Duluth. He admitted that he never dreamed for a moment of being given such a reception as he received and was completely taken off his feet, both figuratively and literally. He ended his speech by telling a story of a funny incident which happened to him in Winona some years ago.

The music in the show is tuneful and catchy and the chorus is good. Among the songs and singers, Miss Marie Tyler should be mentioned as singing "I Like Your Way" in very nice fashion, and Miss Pearce sang and danced a number of times in a manner which did not fail to get her plenty of encores—in fact, the audience almost worked her to death. Mr. Major sang several airs very well also. Of course the whole affair centered around Mr. Wills, and his songs and parodies were the bright particular hits of the night. "The Duke of Duluth" is not over-burdened with a plot, which helps some under the circumstances. The story is simple, and the complications by the man who wrote the book and lyrics do not tangle things so that the audience is endangered with brain-fever to keep track of it. The scenery is among the best special scenery which has been here, and the costumes of the chorus and the principals, too, are pretty, green and red being the prevailing colors.

Miss Pearce sang "Percy" very well, but the song happens to be one of those uninteresting compositions which are to be sung at some member of the audience, on whom a spot light is thrown for the time. The affair brought howls at the expense of the victim, as usual, but it should be cut out. Embarrassment is, of course, unavoidable to the man who is thus singled out from the audience; and people do not pay their money through the window of the box office for the purpose of being held up to jeers and laughter. The song last night was so coarse that those who had any sense of justice or refinement, or whatever one might care to call the sentiment, were not at all pleased, and while a smile was forced at times, they could not endorse the act. The spectacle was not edifying, and belongs only in low-class variety theaters.

Near the close of the second and last act Mr. Wills sang a number of parodies which were very well received, and followed this up by singing "The Poor Man." Encores following each verse, he sang a number of verses which have local application, and which are as follows:

The lives of people in Duluth,
Are cast in pleasant lines.
They borrow, beg and piffer cash
To put in copper mines.
The millionaire and stevedore
Sink money in a hole
Because they're wise to this queer fact—
They're copper's really Cole.

The Tom Cole man,
The Tom Cole man;
Don't you let them ever put
Your Thomas on the pan.
So get right next,
Get nearer if you can;
The copper itch,
Will make you rich,
The Tom Cole man!

Of all my subjects in Duluth
The smoothest of them all
Wears a smile that won't come off,
Down at the city hall.
Do you suppose the doctor has
Ambition in his pate?
I have a hunch he'd like to rule.
The grand old North Star state!

The gun shoe man,
The gun shoe man,
Don't you ever let them put
Doc Cullum on the pan.
So work for him,
Keep working all you can.
John Johnson's frock
Would fit our Doc—
The gum shoe man!

Our Teddy rules the nation, but,
Jim Hill rules the West.
He's driven competition to
The regions of the blest.
And yet, I hear, the South Shore road,
Will very soon begin,
To run its rails to Helena,
And make it warm for Jim.

The grand Fitch man,
The grand Fitch man,
Don't you ever let them put
His whiskers on the pan.
So pray with me,
Keep praying all you can,
And we will get
That Fitch road yet
The grand Fitch man.

It so happened that Mayor Cullum and W. F. Fitch of the South Shore road were members of a party in a proscenium box and got the full benefit of the verses about them.

Taken all in all "The Duke of Duluth" was built to amuse and fulfills its mission, which fact is usually regarded as Success with the big "S" in this life. It is worth while seeing, and will be produced again this evening.

GRAND OPERA.

Tomorrow evening the Savage English Grand Opera company will open its engagement at the Lyceum in Wagner's "Lohengrin." This is one of the earliest works of the great German tone dramatist, and remains to this day one of the finest. The story of Lohengrin, the son of Parsifal, is the story of Elsa, the princess of Brabaut, who was falsely accused of murdering her brother. The charge is made by an envious relative, Frederick Telramund, husband of Ortrud, who is consumed with jealousy of the beautiful Elsa. Telramund wishes to usurp Elsa's inheritance to the crown. The princess has no champion to appear for her in the lists, according to the usages of the dark ages, and in her despair she appeals to heaven in one of the beautiful classic numbers of the opera, telling of a vision in which a great knight came to save her. At that moment a beautiful swan appears, drawing a boat in which is a glorious knight in full armor of white.

This is none other than Lohengrin, the son of Parsifal, and Knight of the Holy Grail, whose magic sword avenges the princess. He then marries Elsa, exacting from her the promise that she shall never inquire as to his birth or whence he came. But the envious Ortrud worked on Elsa's curiosity and pride until at last she puts the fatal question. Then she learns the story of Lohengrin, who, when his identity becomes known, can no longer remain. The swan again appears and bears him away. The famous "Swan Song" sung by "Lohengrin" occurs both on his arrival and at his departure, and is one of the most beautiful motives of the opera. The music drama abounds in sonorous melodies, the great "Wedding March" occurring in the third act, that is introduced by the famous prelude of wondrous beauty.

EMPIRE BURLESQUERS.

"The Fruits of Revenge Are Lemons" is the titie of one of the funny acts on the star olio of the Empire Burlesquers at the Metropolitan this week. It is presented by Imhof, Conn and Corinne. It is understood that during the remainder of the week they will present their old success, "The Doings of Dr. Louder," which was formerly used by them with great success. The other acts on the olio are very strong. John A. West, the musical Brownie, the Eskimo Ballet, the Four Musketeers, the Brothers De Van are all winning new laurels. Souvenirs will be distributed to all ladies attending the performance this evening.

TOGURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

ICE CONDITIONS ON GREAT LAKES

First Report Shows Less Than Last Season at This Date.

Norman B. Conger, inspector of the weather bureau at Detroit, Mich., has issued the first ice report for the season. He reports much less ice than at this time a year ago. His review of general lake conditions is as follows:

"The reports from the regular and display stations of the weather bureau indicates that there is much less ice in all the lakes than was reported at this time last season. In Superior there is but little field ice reported. At Duluth the harbor ice ranges about twenty inches and the ice pack extends out about three miles. This pack began to move out on the 5th. In Whitefish Bay the ice is broken up and moving with the wind; the ice is about sixteen inches and covered with snow. In Lake Michigan the ice is confined to Green Bay and the straits. No field ice is reported from any station. At the straits the ice is about twelve inches thick and extends from Point Au Sable to Waugoshance. It is not heavy nor windrowed. In Lake Huron the ice fields are reported over the southern portion only; these fields are well broken up and began running into the river on the 5th. The ice in Lake St. Clair is running out slowly. In Lake Erie the ice over the western portion is not heavy and is breaking up; the south passage is practically open. The field ice over the extreme eastern end the ice extends beyond vision; many spaces of open water are visible. There is but little ice reported in Lake Ontario. The ice in the harbors is breaking and will not last long; some of the harbors are now free of ice.

"In camparison with same period last season there is very much less ice reported in all the lakes, and present indications are for an early opening at the straits.

"Navigation was resumed between Detroit and Cleveland March 5, by the departure of the steamer City of Detrait for Cleveland. This is the earliest since 1890, when the first boat left on March 1."

Of the Lake Superior points he says:

"Duluth: The harbor ice is not so thick and the lake field of much less area than last year. A field of pack ice three miles wide is beginning to move lakeward. Harbor ice ranges from fourteen to twenty inches.

"Houghton: Harbor ice about nineteen inches thick; at Portage Entry the ice is from three to six inches and extends some distance out into the bay. At Ship-Canal the ice within the breakwater is about twenty inches thick; and extends about one half mile beyond the breakwater. The ice is broken up and floating about outside the breakwater.

"Marquette: Loose cake ice, three to six inches thick covers the harbor and about one third of the bay. The lake is free of ice and has been nearly so all winter.

"Whitefish Point: The ice first formed about Feb. 1st, and at no time since that date has the ice been stationary in the bay, moving in and out with the winds. On March 3rd the east side of the steamer course was clear of ice while the west side was packed full.

Sault Ste. Marie: Ice averages sixteen inches, well covered with snow at present.

GOVERNOR JOHNSON'S MOTHER SERIOUSLY ILL.

St. Peter, Minn., March 8.—Mrs Caroline Johnson, mother of Governor John A. Johnson, is critically ill at her home in this city. She is suffering with a severe attack of sciatica, and her condition is giving Governor Johnson and her other children much concern. Miss Hattie Johnson, who is a teacher in the St. Peter public schools, has put aside her work temporarily that she may assist in nursing and caring for her mother.

WEAK KIDNEYS MAKE WEAK BODIES.

Kidney Diseases Cause Half the Common Aches and Ills of Duluth People.

As one weak link weakens a chain, so weak kidneys weaken the whole body and hasten the final breaking-down.

Overwork, strains, colds and other causes injure the kidneys, and when their activity is lessened the whole body suffers from the excess of uric poison circulated in the blood.

Aches and pains and languor and urinary ills come, and there is an ever-increasing tendency towards diabetes and fatal Bright's disease. There is no real help for the sufferer except kidney help.

Doan's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys and cure every kidney ill. Duluth cures are the proof.

L. P. Schneider, butcher at McAuley's Washington Market, and living at 210 West Fourteenth avenue, Duluth, Minn., says: "A statement I made in 1898, recommending Doan's Kidney Pills, and which has been published in the local papers, very mildly expresses my opinion of that remedy. After suffering for a long time with pain through the back and loins which made it almost impossible for me to stoop or life anything without torture, and after using various medicines and treatment without effect, Doan's kidney pills cured me, and the lapse of six years has proved that the cure has been permanent. I am sure that I suffered the worst tortures of kidney trouble. Often the pain felt as if a sharp knife was piercing me. At night, although I was tired out, I could not rest or lie in one position without getting sore all over. The kidney secretions were irregular and contained a heavy sediment. Since I found this cure I have time after time advised others to use Doan's Kidney Pills, and I never miss an opportunity to speak well of them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NOTHING *offered in these "Friday sales" is old or worn stock — everything just as you'd most like to have it.*

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

PRICES *are reduced for the one reason that we make Friday a day of special values in the basement.*

This Week's "Friday Bargains"

Give You Some Unusually Fine Chances to Save

A splendid assortment of practical things for housekeepers—and prices that are lower than ever. Read every item and serve your own interests by being early for the things you want.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS.

BATH SPRAY—98c.

"Monarch" massage and bath spray—makes the bath an increased pleasure and comfort; the kind sold by all druggists at $1.50, goes on sale Friday at only—

98 cents

BREAD AND MEAT SETS, 10c—Here's a "dandy." Combination knife, with saw and serrated blade, and long-pronged steel fork, fitted with ferruled wood handles; a lot we got to sell at 19c—Special, one day 10c

HATCHETS—7c each—Better get a good house hatchet. These are fitted with good hickory handles, and sell regularly at 10c to 15c—Friday only, each 7c

BUTCHER KNIVES, 12½c—A lot of fine steel blade kitchen and butcher knives—rosewood and cocobola handles, steel and brass riveted and mounted, assorted styles; actually worth up to 45c each—for Friday only at this price—2 for 25c. (Another lot worth to 25c at 5c each.)

HANDY HOUSE BRUSHES, 3c—1,000 uses for a little brush like this in the kitchen; has a wood handle and good white fibre bristles—sold everywhere at 5c.

FOOD CHOPPERS, 75c, 98c, $1.25, $1.59—The "Universal" food chopper—the best by everybody's judgment. The regular prices are less than those offered by any others in the city. These prices for Friday only:

No. 0—special..75c No. 2—special..$1.25
No. 1—special..98c No. 3—special..$1.59

CHINA and GLASSWARE

"SEARCHLIGHT," 29c—Here's a new one—and a "hummer." Gas light, complete with burner, mantle, and imported "Jena" globe; fitted with patent regulator, that saves gas bills; you'll be astonished at such a lamp at so little a price—we were; limit 3 to a customer, Friday only 29c

SALTS AND PEPPERS, 35c pair. Pretty shaped cut glass shakers with sterling tops; you couldn't select anything more suitable for the finishing touch to the "well-groomed" table. Most jewelry stores ask 50c each for them; our Friday price, each 18c

SLOP JAR, 85c—"Combinet" slop jar, of fine white ware, with wire bail or handle, full size, such as sells regularly at $1.25—For Friday only, each 85c

BREAD AND BUTTERS, 5c—A lot of prettily decorated china oat-meals and bread-and-butters; either floral, or pink and gold, and green and gold decorations; a number of designs; regular 10c values at 5c

OIL LAMPS, $1.25—A fine large oil lamp—nickel plated; with round burner, 10-inch plain white shade; sold regularly at $1.95; goes Friday for $1.25

100-PIECE DINNER SET, $10.95—This is a set of highest grade English semi-porcelain, traced in gold and decorated in a design using a dainty rosebud, in natural coloring; it's our "Buena" pattern, selling regularly at $14.85—Friday $10.95

WATER TUMBLERS, 5c—New shaped Colonial glass tumblers—a neat size and shape, such as you'd like to find; they were 90c a dozen—Friday, each 5c

CABINET RESIGNS

Rouvier Ministry Defeated in the French House of Deputies.

The Crisis Comes Unexpectedly and Over a Minor Debate.

Paris, March 8.—Like a bolt from a clear sky the Rouvier ministry was defeated in the chamber of deputies last night and immediately resigned. The cabinet crisis comes at a most dramatic moment, when the Franco-German contest has reached a decisive stage, and may exert an important adverse influence on the Algeciras conference and in European affairs.

The defeat of the government came on a comparatively minor debate over the church disorders. The government succeeded in holding only 234 votes, while the various elements in opposition—Clericals, Socialists and Nationalists—united and polled 267 votes, placing the ministry in a minority of 33.

Premier Rouvier, with all his colleagues, at once proceeded to the foreign office, where a joint letter of resignation was prepared. Later M. Rouvier presented this letter to President Fallieres, who accepted the resignations. The president announced his intention of consulting the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies today relative to the formation of a new cabinet.

The debate in the chamber of deputies was upon the bloody riot Tuesday during the taking of an inventory of a church in the village of Boeschepe, resulting in the death of a manifestant.

Various orators severely criticised the government's course, asserting that it threatened to precipitate a religious warfare.

Premier Rouvier responded:

"The government has the duty to apply the law. It will apply it without weakness, but also with the prudence, tact and wisdom consistent with public tranquility. I ask the adoption of a resolution approving these declarations of the government."

The resolution was thereupon put to a vote and defeated. The result was due to a combination of opposition influences. The vote was more expressive of personal antagonism to the ministry than of opposition to church inventories.

Having returned from presenting to President Fallieres the resignation of the ministry, M. Rouvier was surrounded in the lobbies of the chamber of deputies by groups of members who expressed their regret at his abandonment of office.

M. Rouvier displayed not the slightest emotion. Replying to one of his followers, he remarked:

"I regarded it as a point of honor to fulfill the task I had undertaken. The chamber's vote has relieved me of a burden, the weight of which had begun to make itself felt.

"I do not regret it."

Responding to the declaration of another deputy that he might have carried opinion with him, M. Rouvier said:

"I should have received 350 votes had I declared for more vigorous action, but the sentiment of the chamber was against the cabinet's remaining in office until election, and this struggle would have begun again tomorrow. It is better to finish it.

The meeting of the members of the cabinet at the foreign office lasted half an hour. After exchanging views with reference to church inventories, it was decided to suspend operations in that regard until a new cabinet is appointed. The decision resulted from a disparity of the opinion displayed in the chamber of deputies relative to the methods for carrying out the law providing for the separation of church and state. Had the chamber voted confidence in the government, the cabinet would have been compelled to continue to apply the law, but the downfall of the ministry having clearly occurred through disagreement of the methods hitherto adopted, which on one side are considered too violent and on the other side too indulgent. M. Rouvier and his colleagues thought it better to disconcentrate the enforcement of the law. The promulgation of regulations, however, will occur in the ordinary course as specific dates therefor are laid down in the bill.

Prior to the cabinet crisis, the Franco-German controversy over Moroccan control seemed to be in the balance, with the inclination strongly toward an agreement. All depended upon Berlin's last word. If this was a frank concession of a Franco-Spanish police without impossible conditions, then agreement was assured, but if the concessions involved further conditions, France, whose pride was already much aroused, was prepared to reject it. The foreign office today stated the situation as follows:

"The reported German concession has not been communicated to us and we are therefore unable to state definitely what action may be taken thereon. One thing, however, can be stated with absolute positiveness, namely: If the German concession on the police question is conditioned upon international supervision it will not be accepted."

This statement preceded the cabinet crisis. After that event no one was able to indicate the course of the government.

In the lobbies of the chamber of deputies this question became the subject of lively discussion. Much curiosity was expressed concerning the effect M. Rouvier's retirement will produce. Before M. Rouvier had made known his conclusion of resigning he said to one of his parliamentary supporters:

"Regarding Algeciras, I hope to leave my successor a better situation than I found."

It is generally believed that M. Rouvier until his successor is appointed, will continue to carry on the policy, which has received the approval of the chamber of deputies on several occasions.

The cabinet of M. Rouvier was formed Nov. 12, 1905, when M. Loubet was president of the republic. When M. Fallieres was inaugurated last month, the cabinet formally tendered its resignation, but at the request of the new president it remained in office.

If you are too poor to be a want advertiser, then, indeed, you are in "hard luck;" otherwise, you still have an "even chance" with the best of them.

PILES

Can Be Cured and We Can Prove It.

Sample Package Free,—Prove It Yourself.

When we say that we can cure Piles we mean just exactly what we say—nothing more, nothing less. We say it because we know it and stand ready to prove it to you or to any other person. Just as we have said it and proved it to thousands already.

It is because of these thousands that we have cured that we are able to say this.

We have done our part in calling your attention to this fact and it is up to you to disprove it. And we offer you the means of doing so, knowing that you can't and that when you try our wonderful Pyramid Pile Cure you will be so well pleased with it that you will go straight to your druggist and get a box of it.

And more than that, if at any time in the future any person tells you as you have told so many yourself, that they are suffering the agonies of the damned from piles, you will not rest until he or she has bought and is using a box and getting the same relief and cure that you got. We have seen it done.

Here, for instance, is a sample of what a sample did and shows very conclusively that we are dealing in cold, hard facts and not empty assertions. A person who gets a sample never fails to buy.

Mr. John Byrne of 2306 Second avenue, New York City, writing under date of Jan. 17th, 1906, says: "I received the sample and used it right away. I got so much relief from it after twenty years' suffering, that I bought a 50 cent box. The almost unbearable pain is almost gone and my fistula has almost disappeared. I had given up all hope of ever being cured. I assure you, gentlemen, I will use every effort to make any of my friends try them, as I can guarantee they are a sure cure."

Pyramid Pile Cure is for sale at every druggist's for 50 cents a box and it is cheap at ten times the price to any one who needs it.

To get a Free Sample send your name and address today to the Pyramid Drug Co., 949 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

The BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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THE TIMBER AND STONE ACT.

There is much to compel thought in the interview with W. E. Culkin on the proposed repeal of the timber and stone act, published in The Herald last evening. His more than eight years in the government land office here makes him an authority on the subject, and adds much weight to what he has to say.

As he said last evening, the timber and stone act is a poor man's law. Through it many a man of slender means has been given an opportunity to make a start in life. He has been able to file on a piece of timber land, pay a reasonable price for it, and then reap the benefit of an innocent but highly profitable investment. There can be no harm in this. Each man has but one chance at it. It is true that there have been frauds in connection with the operation of the law, but it is by no means unique in that respect; many other laws have been trespassed upon much more seriously than this. So closely does the government watch the filings under the timber and stone act that it has kept most of them tied up for months and years at a time, the net result being the discovery of very few violations of the law in comparison with the number suspected by the federal authorities.

It is significant that the only people likely to benefit by the repeal of the timber and stone act, the land-grant railroads, are back of the interests pressing for its repeal. The same newspapers and agitators that want to tie government land up in forest reserves and parks wherever possible, want the timber and stone act repealed. One reason is that it would tie up a lot more land, and give the land-grant and scrip-holding railroads a longer time in which to dispose of their possessions to advantage.

Opportunities for timber and stone entries are very scarce in Northern Minnesota nowadays, so it really does not make such a very great difference to prospective locaters whether the law is repealed or not. But to citizens of this part of the state who are interested in getting land out of the hands of government and state, where it pays no taxes, builds no schools or roads, and contributes nothing to the wealth of the state, it is important that every facility for getting public land into private hands be afforded. On the other hand, the railroads who have land grants and scrip to dispose of are interested in seeing that as much of the remaining public domain as possible be held back from disposal and settlement.

Investigate the forestry movement, and you find the railroads. Investigate the movement for the repeal of the land laws, and you find the railroads again. Investigate any movement which has as its object, visible or concealed, the segregation of public lands, and you find the railroads.

"SENATORIAL COURTESY."

However much it may have shocked his associates in the United States senate, there will be general public rejoicing that Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin has smashed the unwritten law that requires new senators to keep their mouths closed during their first two or three sessions.

He got up the other day and told the senate that the two railroads that cross Indian Territory are trying to steal the very valuable coal lands that are located there. What is more, the senators had to listen to him, much as they undoubtedly disliked it. They disliked it not only because he was talking several years in advance of his due time to speak, but because he was saying unkind things about the railroads that many of the senators love so well. He not only talked, but he made motions, demanded a roll call, and generally acted just about as he pleased.

Let us hope he will keep on acting just as he pleases, so long as he pleases to act in a manner satisfactory to the people that put him where he is, with the valuable assistance of his own ambition and untiring energies.

"Senatorial courtesy," that ancient and ossified fraud, demands that a new senator shall waste the first half of his term by sitting back and keeping quiet, letting those who have earned the right to speak and make motions by serving their apprenticeship do all the work. Oddly enough, they permit the new senator to vote, but they rather resent it if he shows a disposition to vote as he pleases instead of as they tell him.

LaFollette comes too freshly from the people; we cannot afford to have him kept quiet. New senators usually come freshly from the people, and doubtless that is one reason it is the policy of the senate to keep them still until they learn to associate in harmony with the ideas of the older senators. If they got started at once they might say or do something for the people.

If Mr. LaFollette succeeds in shattering precedent and starting the fashion of letting new senators become active before associate with corporation influences has worn off their allegiance to the people, there may be some hope for the senate yet.

THE POOR RICH MAN.

Pity the sorrows of the unfortunate rich man! Maybe he has not so many sorrows as some people might think, and at any rate most of us would be glad to experiment with his peculiar brand of sorrows in exchange for our own; but at the same time the rich man must have his own particular sorrows, if the process of getting rich has not eliminated sensitiveness.

For instance, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, the eminent Chicago Hebrew, voiced an idea that is becoming more or less prevalent when he said recently: "Charity, as the word is known today, is only a bribe of moneyed men to make a community forget the wrongs heaped upon it."

That is what the rich man gets when he gives. When he refuses to give, does that please the popular fancy? Oh, no, indeed it does not. In that case he is stingy, sordid, mean, grasping; his soul is shrivelled up in the scorching flames of his abnormal avarice. If he gives, it is a conscience contribution designed to quiet the uneasy resentment of the people at his riches and his methods of getting them. If he keeps his money, it is because he is inhuman.

While we are busying ourselves trying to correct the improper conditions under which improperly large fortunes have grown up, it might be worth while to consider practicing a little charity toward the poor rich man. If we start with the assumption that if we had had his chances we should in all probability have grasped just as much as he did, and that we might even have grieved because we did not get more, it will probably help us to exercise this charity. It is difficult, no doubt. It is entirely natural for him who has not to hate him who has. Even when we know it is naughty and sinful, envy will spread out its insidious tentacles through our beings and make us uneasy and resentful over the improper distribution of luck.

Perhaps the rich man rises superior to the cavilings of the throng, and in that case he will not be thankful for attempts to manufacture pity for him. Perhaps, too, in this world of compensations, it is a law of nature that even beds of roses shall have their thorns. At any rate, if the criticisms of those who look the rich man's gift horses in the mouth are not justified, the rich man knows it, and if his conscience is clear criticism will not harm him materially.

REACHING THE SOURCE.

One feature of the pure food bill now pending in congress that will be of great importance and value is that providing that if retail dealers can show certificates of purity from the manufacturers of the goods they sell, they shall be immune from punishment, and the manufacturer who sells adulterated goods and certifies that they are pure must bear the brunt of the punishment. This is eminently fair and proper, and in many respects it will be more important in making the measure effective than the criminal clause.

The trouble with state laws, however good and however well enforced, is that they hit the retailer, who is often innocent of criminal intent, and let the guilty manufacturer go free. This is unavoidable, though unfair. The people must be protected from poisonous food adulterations, and since the dealer is the only one within the reach of the state law, he must suffer unless he takes steps to make certain that the goods he offers for sale are what they are represented to be.

If the Heyburn bill passes in its present form, dealers everywhere will invariably demand from the manufacturers certificates that the goods they buy from them are pure. This will be a necessary precaution. If a dealer sells impure goods and has no certificate of purity from the maker, he is liable for punishment. If he insists on the certificate, he cannot be touched, but the manufacturer can and will be dealt with severely. Therefore every dealer will demand purity certificates as a measure of self-protection with every shipment of goods he receives.

This will put it up to the real source of impure and fraudulent goods—the manufacturer. There is where the real blame belongs, and there is where the full punishment should go. The only way to stop the adulterated food evil is to cut it off at its source, and if the manufacturer is required to swear to certificates of purity and then undergo severe punishment if he lies about it, the manufacture of impure foods will straightway become exceedingly unpopular and unprofitable.

The federal food law will be no infringement upon state rights. It attempts only to regulate interstate traffic, and will not interfere with state laws. In fact, state laws will be as necessary as ever, since the federal law will not touch manufacturers who confine their distribution of fraudulent and poisonous products to their own state. For these, state laws rigidly enforced are necessary, and the federal law will prove to be a stimulus to more general enforcement of state regulations.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Started your garden yet?

* * *

Don't confuse content and shiftlessness.

* * *

Are you going to grand opera joyfully or dutifully?

* * *

Depths of character lead to heights of achievement.

* * *

This is pretty fine spring weather, but don't change 'em yet.

* * *

The "Duke of Duluth" has carried his own precinct strongly.

* * *

The "smoke nuisance" is felt most by those who try to quit the seductive weed.

* * *

George J. Silk and B. A. Wagner have started the Times at Backus, and it is newsy and well printed.

* * *

The people play the dangerous part of innocent bystander in the operations of the high finance and trust manipulators.

* * *

If the people paid as much attention to their legislative bodies as the "interests" do, they would have better results.

* * *

Missouri wants to move the national capital to the Ozarks. Evidently Missouri wants to be shown how the nation's business is being done.

* * *

Senator Clapp's position on the railroad rate regulation question seems to be firm enough for anybody. He is voicing the sentiment of his state.

* * *

Count Boni said that if the worst comes to the worst he can beg his bread. Well, hasn't he been the object of Gould charity long enough to get used to it?

* * *

Andrew Hamilton is back from Europe, and he will have a chance to explain to an anxious public the mysteries of the Albany "House of Mirth" and "the yellow dog."

* * *

Whether or not the New York grand jury finds that contributing insurance funds to campaign committees is against the criminal law, it is certainly against the moral law which declares for fair play.

* * *

Don't overlook making sure your legislative candidates stand for drainage, good roads, immigration, reapportionment, extending the primary election to state officers and United States senators—in short, for the people and for progress.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The finest fishing I ever had in my life was last fall with a party of California friends in Northern Arkansas," said D. F. Lewis of Milwaukee at the St. Louis. "To my notion there is no place in the world where one can enjoy such bass fishing. I never dreamed of such sport before as we had. Early in the last century, so they say, there was a big earthquake, which resulted in the sinking of hundreds of thousands of acres of land in the valley of the St. Francis and Little Rivers from ten to fifty feet. The waters coming down from the Ozarks overflowed this great region, creating what is now known as the sunk lands.

"Water mosses, smart weed, flag grass, eel grass, water lilies and many other species of water vegetation took root in this water-covered territory, and over the whole area there is a great forest. From this rather limited description you can readily see that peculiar conditions for fishing exist there. They tell me that not until 1890 was it discovered what a magnificent fishing ground these sunk lands offered, and that millions of bass and game fish had been breeding undisturbed for nearly a century in what might almost be termed a swamp. It was not for five or six years more that anglers began to go into the region in any great numbers. Fishing in those waters must then have been little better than murder, for even now there is no limit to the size of the strings one may catch. The catch is limited only by the desires of the angler. Any kind of bait will do, if you get far enough into the overflowed district to get beyond the limits of the region usually fished. I have seen big black bass bite on bits of red flannel fastened to a hook and dipped around open spots in the moss.

"The fame of the place has spread all over the United States, and thousands of sportsmen visit it annually. Modern club houses have been built in a dozen different spots in the sunk lands of the St. Francis, and as many more along the Little River. The swimming territory of the bass is unlimited, and they are found both in the main channel of the river and well back in the forest. It is a peculiar experience to be poled about in a small boat between tree trunks, casting into open pools ahead of the boat, or allowing one's fly to drop easily in a space beside a promising clump of moss. Because of the brush and trees, and the fact that the rank vegetation leaves only small open patches of water except in the main channel, it takes a skillful fly caster to land the fish after he is hooked, or to drop his fly in open water in the first place."

* * *

"It will be twenty years or more before Bayfield, Wis., ceases to be a saw mill town," said George Quayle of Bayfield, at the St. Louis. "There is still a vast amount of timber in the territory tributary to Bayfield, and the mills will be busy cutting it for many years to come. Most of it is on Wilson and Base islands, which belong to the Apostle group, and consist mostly of hemlock. Camps were established last fall and the first raft of logs will be received at Bayfield as soon as the ice leaves the bay.

"The company in which I am interested has 4,000,000,000 feet of hemlock, and there are some neighboring tracts which we may purchase. All of this timber will be sawed at Bayfield in the R. D. Pike mill. The demand for this kind of lumber is active, and the market price is high."

* * *

Tonight and tomorrow night the transient guest who has not engaged his hotel accommodations before hand is likely to fare poorly in Duluth. Practically every available room in the four leading hotels of the city, as well as in some of the smaller establishments, has been engaged by out of town people who are coming to the grand opera. Most of these people, having come quite a long distance, will remain in the city for all three performances.

The range towns in particular will furnish a liberal patronage, and a good many theater-goers will be from Bemidji, Cass Lake and other towns along the Fosston branch of the Great Northern. Ashland, Superior and other towns of Northern Wisconsin will also furnish their quota, but the Superior people, of course, will be able to go home after the performances, and will, therefore, not be dependent upon Duluth hotels for accommodations.

* * *

At the Spalding: A. C. Harper, Chicago; N. B. Hinckley, St. Paul; W. J. Burrows, St. Paul; E. Goldsoorn, Minneapolis; W. E. Waunlton, Winona, Minn.; F. Engelking, Tonawanda, N. Y.; C. N. Carney, Bay City, Mich.; W. N. Pelum, Skion, O.; F. S. Chapman, St. Paul; S. M. Stanley, T. Thane, Minneapolis; A. F. Culling, San Francisco; G. E. Harrison, Hibbing; C. J. Fox, Buffalo; T. M. Clifford, Escanaba, Mich.; S. Hoar, Ely; C. D. Neal, Moline; F. A. Jones, San Francisco; T. C. Pound, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; Mrs. W. J. Power, Hibbing; J. Vivian, Jr., T. Bazza, Laurium, Wis.

* * *

At the St. Louis: S. Gottlieb, Baltimore; M. D. Crawford, Minneapolis; O. Dahl, J. Farros, Two Harbors; R. Matzahn, Good Thunder, Minn.; E. M. Griffin, Minneapolis; S. Smith, Kent, O.; M. J. Blaney, Chicago; J. Glode, N. E. Gleason, J. Ryan, J. Spala, Ely; J. H. Sargent, D. B. Irwin, Minneapolis; G. Carlson, Hibbing; W. J. Gilles, Minneapolis; G. E. King, Ia.; T. A. Fallehn, Haup, Wis.; M. V. Squires, Blackduck; W. H. Paupan, Benmidji; E. J. Wasto, Fargo; A. T. Gordon, Mt. Iron; T. Jury, Ely; W. H. Shea, Jr., Virginia; G. Bromun, Grand View, Minn.; W. Mudg, Nashwauk, Minn.; P. J. Ryan, Hibbing; C. S. Neuman, Princeton, Minn.; T. F. Beariger, Ely; A. H. Powers, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Lenox: W. Halberg, Ishpeming, Mich.; P. Davidson, Pueblo, Col.; G. Harris, Denver, Col.; G. J. Malin, Hibbing; E. B. Mourn, Minneapolis; E. G. La Nare, Iron Mountain; J. M. Norten, Virginia; C. C. Schlosser, Milwaukee; L. Alsberg, St. Louis; A. G. Longmeker, Fargo; R. Sproat, Cheboygan, Wis.; G. La Verne, F. Y. La Verne, Loul, Wis.; T. Mackie, Ashland; F. Miller, Eau Claire, Wis.; E. Thompson, Portland, Or.; J. Crombe, Ironwood, Mich.; G. P. Wing, Odanah, Wis.; W. E. Mesanger, Odanah, Wis.; F. T. Bostwick, J. Bostwick, Albany, N. Y.

* * *

At the McKay: A. Putman, E. H. Jenus, Minneapolis; E. L. Lewis, St. Paul; S. D. Bryan, St. Paul; W. H. Cooper, Minneapolis; B. F. Gates, Mandan; H. H. Stutson, Biwabik; A. C. Elliott, Mora, Minn.; G. Nettle, Ely, Minn.; J. J. Hayes, Chisholm, Minn.; Indianola Willcuts, Holyoke, Minn.; Alice M. Bechtel, Wooster, O.; H. C. Serenson, Willmar, Minn.; T. J. Tyler, Brainerd; H. C. Wilkey, Minneapolis; A. W. Kallis, Biwabik; Mr. and Mrs. E. Herbert, Iron River, Wis.

The Whole Thing.

Washington correspondence New York World: Clerk McDowell of the house of representatives has issued a vest pocket directory of the house, giving the names of the members, their residence and their committee rooms.

"What's this, Aleck?" asked a disgruntled member who came into the clerk's office after he had had a session with the speaker about getting recognized to call up a bill.

"That's a vest-pocket directory of the house," Clerk McDowell replied. The member examined it carefully.

"Seems to me like a rotten waste of money," he said finally. "You could have made it a heap smaller and more accurate if you had printed Speaker Cannon's name in it and let it go at that. If he ain't all there is to the house of representatives I'll eat my hat."

Tell Us About It.

Kansas City Star: Nevertheless, the esteemed Chicago Tribune might, it would seem with great propriety, specify in its columns the things which, according to the testimony of its editor-in-chief, his son as commissioner of public works in Chicago was asked to do, and which, if he had done, would have placed him under indictment. Do the newspapers in Chicago think that the way they are keeping still about the rotten government in that city will make it any better?

Calve's English Vocabulary.

Boston Herald: The New York World reports that when Calve was asked if she had not learned to speak English this trip the departing songstress responded:

"Sure, Mike! I'm from Missouri. Twenty-three, you—skiddoo! Au revoir!"

There's nothing like proficiency in our vernacular.

THE WEATHER

There is no mistaking this weather. It is spring. There is a smell in the air that cannot be misunderstood, for it is the balmy, joyous ozone of spring, no matter if a blizzard comes along later to make it appear that we rejoiced too soon. With the ice out of the lake, there should be an early spring, and the season of northeasters and fogs ought to be shorter than usual. Last night's lowest temperature was 29 deg., and yesterday it got up to 48 deg. While the weather man says it will be colder tonight, when he says that he means it will get down to 20 deg., his warning causes no alarms. Following is the official survey and local forecast by H. W. Richardson, local forecaster:

"The Manitoba disturbance has moved its center to Eastern Ontario, while the Gulf of Mexico storm has shifted its center to the Eastern Florida coast, the former causing light snow or rain in the Red River valley, while the Gulf storm brought light to heavy rain in most states from the Ohio valley eastward and southward. Temperatures are generally moderate, ranging from the freezing point in the Middle Rockies and along the Canadian border to 60 deg. in Florida. The barometer is high in Alberta.

"The easterly movement of this area will be attended in this locality tonight and Friday by partly cloudy skies, brisk northwest winds and lower temperature, the minimum tonight probably going to 20 deg. or a little lower."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	38	Miles City	36
Atlanta	40	Milwaukee	32
Bismarck	32	Minnedosa	36
Boston	36	Modena	22
Buffalo	32	Montgomery	44
Calgary	24	Moorhead	32
Charleston	52	New Orleans	46
Chicago	34	New York	36
Cincinnati	42	Norfolk	44
Davenport	32	Northfield	28
Denver	40	North Platte	28
Detroit	34	Oklahoma	32
Devils Lake	34	Omaha	30
Dodge	30	Phoenix	44
Duluth	29	Pierre	38
El Paso	36	Pittsburg	36
Escanaba	28	Port Arthur	30
Galveston	46	Portland	40
Green Bay	24	Prince Albert	30
Havre	34	Quappelle	32
Helena	34	Rapid City	38
Houghton	28	St. Louis	36
Huron	28	St. Paul	34
Jacksonville	56	San Francisco	54
Kamloops	36	Santa Fe	28
Kansas City	34	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Knoxville	40	Shreveport	38
La Crosse	30	Spokane	34
Lander	30	Swift Current	26
Little Rock	40	Washington	40
Los Angeles	52	Williston	32
Marquette	32	Winnemucca	30
Medicine Hat	32	Winnipeg	8

Chicago, March 8.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin: Generally fair tonight and Friday. Cooler Friday.

Minnesota and North Dakota: Generally fair tonight and Friday. Cooler tonight.

South Dakota: Fair tonight and Friday. Cooler tonight.

DULUTH AND THE HERALD.

Moose Lake Star: J. Adam Bede says that he is in favor of a national institution for the study of crime, criminal characters and criminal minds, and he adds that he has a few friends that he would like to send there as material to work on. Can it be that he has reference to any of that clique in Duluth that he has tried so hard to please and that has steadily refused to behave and to let him alone? They would make good subjects for study, all right.

St. Cloud Journal Press: The Duluth Herald cartoonist prints the picture of the state capitol away up on a sort of Gibraltar rock, at the base of which is a dark and deep canyon, marked "Republican Factionalism," while on the opposite bank stands a lonesome-looking Republican candidate for governor gazing mournfully at the far-away capitol. No "bluff" on paper will frighten us. We propose to fill the yawning canyon with Democrats—and the deeper it is the better—and then if necessary construct a Caesar's column, a la Donnelly, of what few Democrats may be left to make it easy getting into the capitol for Republicans. Think you can scare us with your old picture, eh?

Olberg Journal: Of course, Duluth is the proper place for the next Republican state convention.

Brainerd Tribune: Three cities, Minneapolis, Duluth and St. Paul, will be in the fight soon to secure the Republican state convention for the nomination of a state ticket. For years St. Paul, as the capital city, has controlled the nominating conventions. There was much complaint, however, over the accommodation. Duluth has a big armory and good hotel accommodations. Minneapolis doesn't deserve the convention, and we hope it will go to Duluth this year.

Perham Enterprise: The Duluth Herald suggests that the law be changed so that political parties may nominate candidates for the United States senate at the primaries. The idea is a good one. Push it along.

Sunbeam Sunbeam: Give Duluth the Republican state convention, so the disappointed politicians can jump in the lake and cool off.

Grand Rapids Independent: Holding the state convention at Duluth would be a real nice thing, all right, all right.

Brainerd Dispatch: There will be considerable hustling between the cities of Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis as the place for holding the next Republican state convention. There will be no objection if the city at the Head of the Lakes is selected by the powers that be; in fact, we believe it would be a popular idea for the convention to meet in a new place, take on new ideas and start the campaign of 1906 in a manner that would mean success all along the line. The gentle zephyrs off the unsalted seas might have a beneficial effect.

MODERN PIRATES.

New York Tribune: The oldtime sea rover who was wont to swoop down on a merchantman and loot its cargo was regarded by all civilized nations as a criminal of the most dangerous type. If caught, he was usually hanged along with his crew. In these more peaceful days there are pirates who prey on commerce, but they are far less engaging to the imagination. Among them, as told elsewhere in the Tribune this morning, may be classed the "trademark grafter," as he is sometimes called, who, despite the laws, still prospers. Instead of holding up a ship laden with merchandise he attacks the business of some other manufacturer, and by imitating his rival's brand, the style and cover of the packages in which the ware are sold, and also by throwing out to the public the bait of a cheaper price, he diverts the revenues of his victim into his own pocket.

So great has become the depredations of these land buccaneers that American manufacturers are now asking for a national law which shall make the imitation of trademarks a penal offence. A bill has been introduced at Washington which provides that the maker of goods which are articles of interstate commerce and which bear labels in imitation of other brands shall be liable to $1,000 fine or imprisonment for two years, or both. The manufacturer who fleeces the public by means of a counterfeit label is as much a swindler as the green goods man or the gold brick financier. If, as the advocates of the bill assert, it will be supported by the courts as constitutional, it should be passed. Caution in respect to its scope, however, is absolutely necessary. The law of 1876, which made trademark counterfeiting a penal offence, was overthrown by the courts on the ground that it infringed state rights.

Most of the states have statutes making trademark piracy a criminal offence, but these laws vary to such a degree and are so laxly enforced that manufacturers say they afford them little protection. They also point out that nearly all European countries have national laws like the one they want enacted by congress, and that even in China there is a law providing that one guilty of this offence may be imprisoned for one year.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

DISTINCTIVELY A CREAM OF TARTAR BAKING POWDER

It does not contain an atom of phosphatic acid (which is the product of bones digested in sulphuric acid) or of alum (which is one-third sulphuric acid) substances adopted for other baking powders because of their cheapness.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1886.

***Edmund Sherwood has returned from a month's visit to the Twin Cities.

***W. S. Royle has entirely recovered from his recent toboggan accident.

***Andrew Jackson has presented Fire Chief Mannheim with a gold-topped cane.

***L. F. Safford is filling the roller mill icehouses at Connor's Point for the joint use of himself and the mills.

***Mr. Newton of Eau Claire either will buy or lease the Merchants hotel if it can be had on reasonable terms, and, after building an addition to it, open a first-class hotel.

**The following real estate transfers have been recorded:

George N. LaVaque to Joseph Arsenault, fractional part of block 13, Ray's, lots 15 and 16, block 79, Endion, $1,500.

John Carnings to D. A. Duncan and Nils Hall, lot 21, West First street, First division, $4,000.

C. H. Clark to Duncan & Hall, part of lot 19, West First street, $3,000.

Owen Fergusson to Francis D. West, lots 202, 204, 206 and 208, Second division, $2,000.

Christianson Sorenson to Paul Sorenson, lots 3and 4, block 82, Portland, $300.

***J. A. McLennan has arrived from Chicago to push the building of the West Superior elevator. Mr. Davis has come with him and will begin pile driving very soon. He intends to drive 100 per day.

***The keelo f the ill-fated Guido Pfister still looms up out of the lake and looks like the spine of a huge amphibium.

***The Ohio Central Barge and Coal company during the coming season will carry all the ore from Agate Bay to Ohio ports, under contract. This will amount to over 200,000 tons.

***The ice in the canal is thicker at present than it has been for years before. There has scarcely been any current since the blizzard of a week ago and to this, of course, is attributable the unusual thickness the ice has attained. Park Pointers now walk across the ice to and from their water-surrounded hamlet.

***L. O. Wile returned from Eau Claire last evening, the Northwestern Baseball league having completed the work of organization. The league will include Milwaukee, St. Paul, Eau Claire, Oshkosh and Duluth. The $1,000 guarantee was adopted to compel the clubs to play the season through. The playing season begins May 5 and ends Oct. 10. Henry H. Bell of Duluth was elected president of the league. E. B. Peetman of Eau Claire was chosen treasurer and A. D. Quinn of Milwaukee secretary.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Northfield News: Boodlers and grafters are already exhibiting promiscuous activity in the politics of the state. The railroads have furnished the funds for the employment of an army of strikers and ward heelers. Every mercenary and political Hessian who can be found will be given profitable employment by them. The corporations will have their agents in every election precinct and unless the people are alive to their interests they will be betrayed.

Anoka Herald: Liberty will be unknown in America in its fullest and completest sense until the laws are made to operate for the rich and poor alike.

Brookston Herald: Every dollar you spend at home helps to build up and improve the country you call home, and increases the value of your property, while every dollar you send away helps to build up some other place to the detriment of your interests.

Two Harbors Iron Trade Journal: Variety is the spice of life, but if that is made the object for which we live, it soon becomes such a consuming fire that it eats up the very essence of life itself.

North Branch Review: Most any Minnesota congressman would make a good candidate for governor—and none of them want the nomination.

Mora Enterprise: We'll bet a year's subscription to a hole in a doughnut that the more the new laws are discussed the more the last legislature will be cussed for so hurriedly throwing together the words which constitute the provisions of law which fix the rights, powers, duties and liabilities of 2,000,000 people.

Ortonville Herald Star: Lest we forget, this opportunity is taken to endorse Frank Eddy for chairman of the next Republican state central committee. It is so easy to endorse Frank for anything.

New Ulm Review: Let the parties put up men the people want and then there will be no need of large campaign funds. A good, clean man and honest is of more consequence to the people of the state than the question of where to get funds to elect some man of questionable integrity.

Preston Times: Governor Johnson favors a railroad fare of 2 cents per mile. So does every man and woman in Minnesota not directly interested in railroad corporations. No passes and a 2-cent fare should be the slogan in the approaching legislative campaign. Elect no man who will not subscribe to this program and the thing is done.

Little Falls Transcript: There may be quite a contest over deciding who would be the best "safe" man for the conservative Republicans to nominate for president. Aldrich and Foraker are both very good men to lead the anti-Roosevelt Republicans. They would be entitled to a campaign fund.

Windom Reporter: The mite of a widow is very mighty when she wants to marry the second time.

Willmar Tribune: It is a good sign that the Republicans are discussing candidates for lieutenant governor with a great deal of interest. The position is very important, and just as much care should be exercised in selecting a candidate for that place as for governor. The Republicans cannot afford to be responsible for another Ray Jones in that place.

Laughtertown.

Would ye learn the road to Laughtertown,
O ye who have lost the way?
Would ye have young heart though your hair be gray?
Go learn from a little child each day.
Go serve his wants and play his play,
And catch the lilt of his laughter gay,
And follow his dancing feet as they stray,
For he knows the road to Laughtertown—
O ye who have lost the way.

—KATHERINE D. BLAKE.

The Proof of the Pudding, Etc.

Detroit News: The fact that there is a press gallery in Russia's new hall of parliament means almost as much as the parliament itself.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES

Cleveland Leader: "And you are ready to forgive your daughter for eloping with me, sir."

"Yes, I'll treat her kindly. The poor girl will be sufficiently punished in having you for a husband."

New York Sun: Mistress—Whom can you give as a reference?

New Girl—Shure, here's the foine wan yez wrote yersilf six months ago.

Washington Star: "Lady," said Meandering Mike, "I'd like to trust to yer generosity fur somethin' to eat."

"You're the same man that I gave a meal to day before yesterday."

"I am. I couldn't keep away from de cookin.'"

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "George, what is all this talk about a uniform divorce bill? What is a uniform divorce?"

"It's a technical term, my dear. Just as soon as the bill becomes a law people who get divorces will have to wear a uniform."

"Well, well. Isn't that a shame?"

Chicago Tribune: "In these days of wholesale adulteration how is one to distinguish the bogus article from the genuine?"

"You can't. The manufacturers are sharp enough nowadays to charge just as much for it."

Cleveland Leader: Mr. Stoplate—That lamp appears to be going out.

Miss Tersliep—And yet they say inanimate objects have no intelligence.

Philadelphia Ledger: "Oh, George," sighed the romantic girl, "I wish you were like the old-time knights; I wish you'd do something brave to show your love for me."

"Gracious!" cried her fiance, "haven't I agreed to marry you, and me only getting $20 a week?"

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Women would be crying nearly all the time if it didn't make their noses so red.

A girl calls it flirting when she thanks a man for giving her a seat in a street car.

There is a lot of fun in making people believe you are having more than you are.

After a woman has tried nine times to marry off her daughter she succeeds by letting the girl herself try.

You are not so particularly proud of having been told how much the baby looks like you when the way he howls makes him look like a piece of raw beefsteak, chewed around the edges.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | Last time tonight "Duke of Duluth."
Prices 25c to $1.50. 50 People.

March 9 and 10—Three Performances
Savage English Grand Opera Co.
Prices 50c to $3.00. Seats Now.

Friday—Overture at 8—Lohengrin.
Saturday Matinee, March 10—Overture at 2—Wagner's Tannhaeuser.
Saturday Evening, March 10—Overture at 8:15—Gounod's Faust.

METROPOLITAN
All This Week—Empire Burlesquers.
Wrestling Match Saturd'y Night
Martin Johnson, the well known Duluth wrestler, will meet Ray Davies of Milwaukee at the "Met." Best two falls out of three.
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.
Next Week—The Cherry Blossoms.

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

BAYHA & CO

Second Ave. W. and First St.

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS

Bed Room Furniture Half Price

The half price list includes many splendid articles of bed room furniture, dining room furniture, rockers, chairs, settees, etc. (about 150 pieces in all.) The list below is but a little indicator of the splendid buying opportunities this GREAT MARCH CLEARANCE SALE AFFORDS.

$28 Dressing Table $14.

Bird's-eye maple— oval French plate mirror—swell top—French legs—a beauty—well worth the original price.

$38.50 Dressing Table $19.25.

Bird's-eye maple—large oval French plate mirror—shaped front—French legs—a large beautiful piece—a snap at $19.25.

$70 Princess Dresser $35.

A mohogany Princess dresser with triple French plate mirrors—swell front—good and roomy—price cut square in two.

$12 Dressing Table $6.

Solid golden oak—large shaped French plate mirror—swell top—large drawer—well made and finished—a bargain.

$11.50 Dressing Table $5.75.

Golden oak—trim little piece—with oval French plate mirror—French legs—handsomely finished—yours at Half Price.

Other Pieces

At Half Price will be seen in our windows and on our first floor—hundreds of exceptional bargaius YOU cannot afford to miss.

Bed Room Furniture 40% Discount

$48 Chiffonier $28.80.

Large, handsome Chiffonier, mahogany, 38 inches wide, 18 inches deep, large French plate mirror, five large drawers.

$45 Chiffonier $27.

Mahogany, 39 inches wide, 20 inches deep, four large drawers, two small ones and hat box—mirror top.

$35 Dressing Table $21.

Mahogany, with adjustable mirror, two large, two small drawers, highly polished.

$34.50 Dressing Table $20.75.

Large, quarter-sawed oak Dressing Table, finely finished, two large and two small drawers, French plate mirror.

$30 Dressing Table $18.

Mahogany, large size, roll front, two drawers, large French plate mirror—a snap.

$30 Dressing Table $18.

Mahogany, swell top and front, large shaped mirror, a handsome piece.

Every Article in the Store Reduced in Price From 10% to 50%.

A splendid opportunity this for young people about to start housekeeping to furnish their home—select what you may desire, take advantage of the discounts, and of our EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS if you so desire. Terms of payment arranged to suit your convenience.

IS DROWNED IN HARBOR

Unknown Man Breaks Through Ice and Meets His Death.

Calls for Help Could Not be Answered in Time.

Cries for help from an unknown man who was clinging to the ice near the Booth dock, were heard early this morning by Motorman Burns of the ferry bridge and Arthur Fortin of Park Point, but the man was overcome by the cold and sank before help could reach him.

"For God's sake, help!" the man called repeatedly. The cries were first heard about 12:45 a. m. and continued for nearly half an hour, while his would-be rescuers were frantically trying to find a small boat or some kind of a craft with which to reach him.

An alarm was sent to police headquarters, and Lieut. Dresman and Officers Westerlund and Fortin ran to the scene. The man was still calling for help, but no boat could be found for some time. They finally secured a flat-bottomed punt, and tried to reach the spot from which the cries proceeded, but the ice prevented them from making much progress.

Meanwhile the men on the tug Ottawa were getting up steam with all possible dispatch, but before they could get sufficient power to move the propeller the unfortunate man became exhausted by the cold and sank beneath the ice.

Although it was moonlight, the men on the dock were unable to distinguish the unfortunate victim. They could not even see the outlines of his figure in the water, but the cries apparently came from a spot about a block west of the Booth dock. The man had probably been crossing the ice and had broken through.

The police have as yet been unable to find any clue to the identity of the missing man. A search will be made for the body today, and if the man had any friends or relatives in the city they will doubtless make inquiries before night. No one has yet been reported missing at headquarters.

Examination FREE

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

DR. BEST,

Rooms 1 and 2, 26 W. Superior St.

A NEW CHURCH IS ORGANIZED

Rev. Alexander Milne Returns From Hill City, Minnesota.

Rev. Alexander Milne, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational church, has returned from Hill City, Minn., where he presided as moderator at a council of Congregational clergymen, which organized a new church there.

The other members of the council were Rev. H. Stutson of Biwabik and Rev. Herman P. Fisher of Crookston. The council was organized last October and it was proposed then to visit Hill City, but it was impossible then to reach the place. The steamer on Lake Pokegama was not running.

At present there are no railroads linking Hill City with the outside world and the clergymen found it necessary to drive to the village. It is located twenty miles south of Grand Rapids.

Rev. Mr. Milne declares that they were agreeably surprised with the community which they found. Being without a railroad and rather in the heart of a wilderness, they did not expect to see such a modern, thriving place. A sawmill is one of the industries, and almost every part of the buildings of the town, except the sashes and doors, are made at Hill City. It is a farming community.

He found a nice class of people at Hill City and says that the town already boasts of a good schoolhouse. A Congregational church of fifteen members was organized before the clergymen took their departure.

MONTANAN FALLS DEAD.

Suddenly Called While Joking With Sisters in Chicago Depot.

Chicago, March 8.—Merriment changed into mourning when, with laughter on his lips, Frank Kramer, a rich Montana ranch owner, fell dead in the arms of his sisters in the rotunda of the Grand Central station.

"We had laughed the entire morning," Miss Clara Kramer, the elder sister, living at 161 Oakwood boulevard, explained. "When I rapped on his door our brother awoke with a laugh. It occurred to us all that we were unusually light-hearted. We laughed, all three of us, until our sides ached, and Frank kept on joking and telling us stories until we reached the depot."

The Montana rancher had just purchased two tickets—one for himself and one for his younger sister, Miss Minnie Kramer.

He had come from Montana for a month's visit to his sisters and was taking one of them away for a long pleasure trip to New York.

He held up the two tickets for them to see and laughingly began upon the last comical story he ever told of a mule and a certain miner in Butte city, when he stopped suddenly, gave a gasp and reeled sidewise and forward into the arms of the women, who sprang to his assistance. Before a physician could be found he was dead.

The contrast of the tragic ending with the pleasant morning added a shock to the grief of the sisters. The pleasure journey of the younger sister was changed to a funeral journey for them both. With the body of their brother, they left for Miles City, Mont.

COUNTY DIVISION MOVE

Is Made by the Commercial Club of Virginia.

Virginia, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Virginia Commercial club last evening inaugurated a movement for county division at the coming fall election, with Virginia designated as the temporary county seat. On motion of Mayor Eaton, a committee was appointed as follows: W. H. Eaton, Ransom Metcalfe, W. E. Hannaford, M. L. Fay, F. B. Rossom, W. H. Shea, O. A. Polder, J. Costin, Jr., A. Pakkala, Nels Anderson, John Ketola, M. A. Murphy, M. T. Savage and Frank Hughes. The committee will at once commence the work of raising a campaign fund, and will prosecute the division campaign with vigor.

The question of better train service on the Missabe road was discussed, and a committee, consisting of Frank Hughes, Mayor Eaton and P. R. Vall, was appointed to wait on the road officials and see if one of the trains could not be run direct through from Duluth to Virginia without first running into Eveleth; also to visit the Duluth & Iron Range officials and see if the evening train running back to Elba, McKinley and Biwabik could not be held over in Virginia until 11 or 12 o'clock two nights a week.

The pros and cons of the paving question were again discussed, and while no action was taken, it was the sentiment of a large majority of those present that Chestnut street should be paved this year, and that the property owners on the street pay for it.

J. Costin, Jr., chairman of the committee on opera house, reported that the committee had interviewed the Fitger Brewing company and had learned that the company had given up the idea of building an opera house and instead would erect a fine hotel building on their Chestnut street lots. The committee was discharged, as it was the sentiment of the club that by waiting a year or two a better opera house may be secured.

Eugene McCarty, 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Mark McCarthy, caused some excitement Tuesday by disappearing from home. He was finally located at one of the logging camps up the line, whither he had gone for a little outing.

B. F. Smith, proprietor of the Hotel Fay, has let a contract to James Sampson for an addition to the house, which will provide twenty-nine more bedrooms and make it possible to considerably enlarge both the lobby and dining room. The new improvements will cost $15,000 and when completed the Fay will contain ninety-eight guest chambers, fifteen of them with bath in connection.

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

CAUCUS AT BIWABIK

For Village Officers---Two Candidates for Each Office.

Biwabik, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The village caucus for the selection of candidates for the election will be held this evening at the village hall. There are two candidates in the field for each of the officers, excepting that of president, for which N. B. Shank is the only aspirant. The present village officers are all candidates, with the exception of President W. L. Hill. Their names and the positions to which they aspire are as follows: President, N. B. Shank; trustees, J. A. Riley, F. B. Myers; recorder, F. M. Butler; treasurer, J. S. Hopkins; constables, William O'Hara and M. W. Norton. The opposition ticket is as follows: Trustees, J. G. Niemi and Alfred Lundstrom; recorder, G. Palvarinta; treasurer, G. N. Gleason; street commissioner, John Kostamo.

The caucus for the township of Biwabik will be held immediately after adjournment of the village caucus. The only opposition here will be for the office of treasurer, the contestants being Barney Kinney, the present incumbent, and J. H. Silbar. All the old officers are candidates for re-election.

At the village election the question of voting bonds for the purpose of building a sewer system and renewing and enlarging the water works plant will be submitted.

MINERS QUIT WORK.

Forty of the Strikers Quit and Are Paid Off.

Aurora, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—About forty of the striking miners at the Miller mine quit work and were paid off yesterday morning. Superintendent C. E. Moore says there were fifty others ready to take their places as soon as they left and that the mine is now running full-handed and everything working smoothly.

Olof Helstrom, candidate for village president, still insists that he will offer the old-fashioned tickets at the village election and if they are refused, will contest the election. The remainder of the Helstrom ticket is as follows: For trustees, Charles R. Hill, August Johnson and Frank Krzyski; recorder, W. H. Gunn; treasurer, Peter Johnson; assessor, Charles Olson; justice of the peace, B. Christianson; constables, Charles Anderson and Matt Turk.

The village authorities have gone ahead making preparations to conduct the election under the Australian system, and some of the members of the Helstrom ticket have filed, so their names will appear on the Australian ballot. Those who have filed are as follows: For president, R. J. McGhee; trustees, Charles R. Hill, Matt Alto, W. Z. Karkeet and J. I. Vickers; recorder, F. V. Anderson; treasurer, J. W. Land and P. M. Johnson; assessor, Charles Olson; constable, Matt Turk; justice of the peace, B. Christianson.

The World of Sports

TO ADD NEW MEMBERS

Duluth Boat Club Will Consider 100 to 150 New Applications.

Officers Outline Plans and Prospects for Coming Season.

Between 100 and 150 new members will be taken in by the Duluth Boat club this spring, in addition to the sixty new life members who will be added to the list.

With the greatly increased equipment which the club will have, it can accommodate a large number of new members, and the board of directors has decided to add 100 or 150 new names to the roll.

Each of the present members of the club has been furnished with an application blank, and has been requested to secure the name and application for membership of at least one desirable person. The names will be submitted to the committee for approval. The club is especially anxious to secure new members who will develop into good oarsmen, and they will probably be given first choice in case there are more applications received than can be accepted.

The dues this year have been left at the same figure as last season. The initiation fee is $10 and the annual dues are $15, making a total expense of $25 for the first year, and $15 for the ensuing years.

The sale of the sixty life memberships has been placed in the hands of a committee composed of the following men: C. A. Duncan, W. G. Hegardt, A. W. Frick, George Spencer, B. M. Peyton, F. H. White, W. E. Morrow, R. M. Wolvin, W. J. Olcott, J. L. Washburn, John Uno Sebenius, George H. Crosby. All of the applicants for life membership must be approved by the committee. Any of the present members are entitled to make application for a life membership, and their claims will be given first consideration.

The following circular letter has been sent out by the club, outlining the plans and prospects for the coming season:

"The Duluth Boat club desires to interest you in its plans for the season of 1906; the twentieth anniversary of its existence.

"Improvements are contemplated which will make the club the most attractive outdoor organization in the Northwest. No city has finer facilities for boating and water sports. No club will have better equipment for their fullest enjoyment. No sport is so clean and health giving. In its twentieth year, the club has had no serious accidents on the water. The club believes a boy should be early trained to live in and on the water. Its members and boys should be so accustomed to rowing and swimming that no accident in later life could rob them of the self-possession that may mean preservation.

"The club aims to tempt the business men and the youth from indoor offices to out-of-doors exercise. The club believes in rowing and in rowing races. The youth who develops the needed preservation for preparation and the stamina for a hard-contested race stands a better chance in the struggle of life. No training develops so fully, self control, persistence, a sense of fair play and dogged endurance. Because the club believes all this, it has kept its annual dues at the lowest possible figure.

"The club desires also to furnish its members a most unique and enjoyable entertainment for their out-of-town visitors. Can you give your guest from an inland city any more pleasure than by a trip about the harbor in the club's fast launch, a swim at the club, supper at its cafe and a comfortable seat on the veranda in the grateful breeze off the moonlit water, watching the myriad lights of the city and the passing boats?

"The club invites you to examine the perspective views and outline of its proposed improvements herewith."

WILL MEET JOHNSON.

Ray Davies of Milwaukee Will Wrestle Firemaa Next Saturday Night.

Martin Johnson, the well known local fireman, who goes in for wrestling every little while, is scheduled to meet Ray Davis of Milwaukee on the stage of the Metropolitan Saturday evening. Manager Billy Longstreet of that popular place of amusement hath arranged all the details and declares that the match will be one of the prettiest ever held under his chaperonage in Duluth. The match is for a percentage of the gate receipts. Johnson's prowess on the mat is no secret to the followers of the game in this part of the country, and as there are rumors afloat to the effect that Davies has helped some to make Milwaukee famous, a good fast match is expected. There are those who declare that the Milwaukee man will wrest Johnson, but most of the local sports expect to see the fireman eat up the other fellow. The winner must take two falls out of three.

CURRENCY REFORM

Sought by Committee of New York Chamber of Commerce.

New York, March 8.—Morris K. Jesup, president of the chamber of commerce, has appointed a committe to consider the general question of currency reform. The members are Frank A. Vanderlip, Isador Straus, John Claflin, Dumont Clarke and Charles A. Conant. This committee has been named as the result of a resolution introduced by Jacob H. Schiff and adopted.

Have You Tried It?

A building-up food for invalids and for those with weak life functions, which, by its action on the blood, will help your body to throw off disease and take on flesh.

For nearly a quarter of a century

Ozomulsion

The Cod Liver Oil Emulsion "Par Excellence."

The food that does good, has been used and prescribed by physicians in all parts of the world.

As a result, Ozomulsion has today a larger sale than any other emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, and is carried in stock by every druggist in the United States.

There are two sizes—8-oz. and 16-oz. Bottles; the Formula is printed in 7 languages on each.

OZOMULSION LABORATORIES

98 Pine St., New York.

ON AGAIN OFF AGAIN

Baseball Negotiations With Michigan Come to Abrupt Termination.

Copper Country Towns Turn Down Proposition of Northern League.

Either Messrs. Price and Lamb are the poorest of all baseball prophets, or in speaking for publication they allowed their hopes to get the better of their judgment.

Messrs. Price and Lamb said that the new league was a go; that the Copper country towns were all willing to join hands with the Northern; that it was all over but the shouting and the drawing up of the schedule.

Last night the clubs in the Copper country league met at Houghton and turned down the proposition of the Northern league in a cold, ruthless manner. It was decided to form a four-club league, embracing Calumet, Lake Linden, Houghton and Hancock. If Duluth wants to get in later, and can break away from the Northern league, together with Superior, the two cities will be accepted to make a six-club circuit.

Menominee and Iron Mountain were dropped, owing to the poor prospects for baseball in those towns, and the franchise of Iron Mountain was transferred to Houghton.

The Copper country magnates grew chilly in their pedal extremities when they thought of the long railroad jump to Winnipeg, Grand Forks and Fargo, and they preferred to play in their own little back yard, where they can walk from one ball park to another, if the gate receipts show a falling off.

The action of the Copper country towns leaves the baseball situation in the same beautifully unsettled condition that it was six months ago. The Northern league is still hunting for two good towns to complete the circuit, and the time intervening before the opening of the baseball season is now becoming a matter of weeks.

Manager Kuehnow of the Duluth team left yesterday for Minneapolis, believing when he left that the new merger league was a go, and that all that was left to do was to complete the details of the combination.

J. M. Lamb of the Winnipeg club is still in the Copper country, but is expected back today, when he will be given a chance to explain his poor success as a prophet.

MAKE NEW MARKS.

Chicago Bowlers Smash Three Previous World's Records in One Match.

Chicago, March 8.—Three world's records were broken in one series of games in the Chicago Bowling league last night, the greatest feat ever accomplished on bowling alleys in this country. The Howards, leaders of the league, rolled 1,207 in their second game against the West Chicagos—the first 1,200 total on record for a five men team—and with 1,085 and 1,085 in their other two games, averaged 1,124 flat, the first time that 1,100 has been touched for three games.

The other new record was the average of 241 1-3, registered by Ray Stoike, who had scores of 277, 279 and 278.

The previous best mark for high team game was 1,159, while the team average record stood 1,093. The best previous individual performance for three games was 738 flat.

The records were made in regular league tournament play and will stand as world's records.

PAY-OFF AND SOCIAL

Held by the National Protective Legion at Hibbing.

Hibbing, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The National Protective Legion had a pay-off and social at Close's hall on Wednesday evening. The society is a fraternal and insurance order, with a special insurance feature. The members pay a sum of $2 a month for a term of five years, at the end of which they receive the entire amount they paid, plus the dividends declared by the legion. In this case the sum paid was $250, or over twice the amount paid in. Fifteen members received this benefit of $250 each. After the program a fine supper was served. Mrs. C. N. Conner, M. D., of St. Ignace, Mich., the district manager of the legion, was the leading speaker of the evening. About fortaoin shrdlu etaoin shrdlu cmfwyp seventy-five people sent in their names for application to membership.

HARRY GILLHAM

Of Blackduck Aspires to be Sheriff of Beltrami County.

Bemidji, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Harry Gillham of Blackduck is the first to declare himself a candidate for office in Beltrami county. While here yesterday, Mr. Gillham stated that he was a candidate for the office of sheriff, to succeed Thomas Bailey, the present incumbent. Mr. Gillham is a Republican. Sherman Bailey, the chief of police of Bemidji, is said to be a candidate, as are also M. E. Thurston and John Larson. Sheriff Bailey has not yet definitely stated whether he will be a candidate, but one who is close to him states that he will again enter the field. He is a Democrat, but has always made an independent run, and no one yet has even given him a close, hard race for the office. There is talk here of pushing Henry Funkley, a local attorney, for state senator. E. J. Swedback of Bemidji is the present senator.

CASS LAKE ELECTION.

Talk of Opposition to Citizens' and Taxpayers' Ticket.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the past week, there has been some talk of opposition to the "Citizens' and Taxpayers' ticket," nominated for office at the village election to be held on March 13. The opposition has not developed into a regular ticket for all the offices, but there is talk of opposition to a few on the regular ticket, which will undoubtedly result in some split tickets being circulated among the voters. As an offset to this, Dr. Gilbert, candidate for president; F. L. Gorenflo, D. L. Stanton and W. F. Keeneman, candidates for trustees, and George Stein, candidate for recorder, have signed and issued a statement to the effect that they will not countenance the use of their names on any but the regular ticket. It is safe to presume, however, that this place will live up to the reputation gained in past elections by producing a red-hot fight for some offices, on the 13th.

LANPHER HATS.

If you are a judge of hat quality, you can see the value in these hats—if you are not, you can have confidence in their reputation and popularity.

Soft Hats in the newest shades and shapes.
Stiff Hats in dimensions that are becoming.

Three Dollars

Ask Your Dealer.

TOWNSHIP OF STUNTZ.

Candidates for Office Nominated at Caucus at Hibbing.

Hibbing, Minn., March 8.—Candidates for office in the township of Stuntz, which includes the village of Hibbing, were nominated at a caucus held here last night. The meeting was called to order by Martin Imbertson and Judge T. F. Brady acted as chairman. J. B. Connors was chosen for assessor without opposition. P. J. Summers was chosen for supervisor for a term of three years, receiving 105 votes against 87 received by William Lindberg. Clarence Dwyer was chosen for township clerk by acclamation. For treasurer there were two candidates, Michael Gleason receiving 185 votes against 177 received by Herman Antonelli. There were four candidates for overseer of highways and the vote on their names resulted as follows: Jacob Kovista, 129; Henry Enright, 115; Andrew Roberts, 42; Samuel Brady, 28. For justices of the peace, J. B. Connors and W. J. Ryder were chosen, and Peter Wring and Daniel Miles were chosen for constables.

The caucus committee for the next year consists of Herman Antonelli, Michael Summers and Thomas F. Brady.

It is expected another ticket will be put in the field.

FINLANDER KILLED.

Fell Down a Timber Shaft at the Sellers Mine.

Hibbing, Minn., March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Finlander named Jacob Koski, employed at the Sellers mine's No. 5 timber shaft, fell down the shaft yesterday while handling timber. Both legs were broken and he received severe internal injuries. The Rood hospital ambulance was immediately summoned, but he died while en route to the hospital. He is 23 years old and has a brother and several sisters here.

When Koski fell he struck a piece of lagging, his body bending almost double. It is thought some pieces of timber which fell with him had struck him, for his chin and neck were badly gashed. He was unconscious from the time he fell until death.

Tuesday forty more Italians direct from Italy were utilized to restock the Myers-Hartley camps of the Oliver company. On Monday night forty Italians arrived to be used on surface work in the vicinity of the Burt pit.

ATTORNEY IS REMOVED.

Washington, March 8.—President Roosevlt yesterday removed from office Horace Speed, the United States district attorney from Oklahoma, as a result of charges to the effect that he had entered into a contract with a certain county commissioner to render legal service and that he had paid improperly to that commissioner certain sums of money in connection with that employment. The charges were investigated by the department of justice and the president's action follows the report on that investigation.

Horrible Torture of Children.

Thousands of Mother's, every night, watch the fevered unrest and the awful torture their babes and children undergo when rashes, blotches, pimples and breakings-out appear on their little bodies and faces. Immediately they imagine the child's blood is impure or poisoned, and begin to dose an already over-worked stomach with vile and noxious drugs, when as a matter of fact the disease is not in the blood, but solely in the skin.

Don't Dose The Stomach! Treat The Skin.

These rashes, blotches, pimples and breakings-out are given the general name of Eczema.

It is purely and simply a local disease and entirely confined to the skin, and in no instance is it the result of impure or poisoned blood. This disease is caused by thousands of little germs which burrow into the outside skin, and their ravages there result in the sores, the fiery itching and burning sensations experienced by sufferers from this disease. The only successful treatment for Eczema is by external or local applications.

Our Confidence in the D. D. D. Prescription.

So many astonishingly effective and permanent cures have been made by this wonderful skin disease remedy (the D. D. D. Prescription) that we are absolutely convinced it will conquer any and all diseases of the skin and scalp.

We Back This Assertion With Our Guarantee.

Those who are interested in this subject are invited to call at our store and see actual photographs of many people cured of these seemingly incurable skin diseases.

WE PROVE IT.

To convince you we have arranged with the D. D. D. Co., so that any sufferer from any skin disease can get direct from the D. D. D. Co's laboratory a large free sample of D. D. D. prescription together with 32-page new pamphlet on skin disease and free advice on your particular case from the world's greatest skin specialists.

LYCEUM PHARMACY.
DULUTH, MINN.

FREE SAMPLE BOTTLE. (MAIL THIS PROMPTLY.)

D. D. D. Co. Medical Department. 116-120 Michigan St., Suite 357, Chicago.

Please send me free prepaid a large size sample bottle of D. D. D., pamphlet and consultation blank.

For.....years I have been afflicted with a skin disease called.....

.....and have never used D. D. D.

Name .....

Address .....

Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., delivered the last of a series of talks before the Browning class of the Twentieth Century club this morning at the library. The subject of this last talk was "Browning's Message to His Time" and closed the work of this class for the year. Mr. Powell dwelt upon the optimism which he said was the key note of Browning's message, and explained that, although in the series of talks he had dwelt much upon the religious phrase of the poet's writings, Browning was essentially a religious poet and every truth which he saw and felt and expressed ran up to the religious thought underlying all creation. Browning was a God-intoxicated man. Mr. Powell said that although the present age was regarded often as irreligious, it is fundamentally and essentially a religious age. It may be a time of doubt but it is religious doubt and it is a time of yearning for a faith to take the place of the faith that has passed away, to answer the needs of the soul. Browning's message is one that can be understood and accepted without his intellectual opinions. Optimism underlies all his words and it is not the superficial and cheap optimism which is encountered so often but it is the optimism which prevails over sorrow and suffering.

The lecture was a fitting close of a series that has been greatly appreciated by a large number of the club members.

The annual business meeting of the class followed the lecture. Miss Elizabeth Anderson was again elected leader of the class and the plan of work for next year will later be determined upon. The arrangements for a lecture by Mr. Powell on "Kipling" which will be given Monday, April 2, at the parlors of the first Methodist church were completed.

Talk on Teeth.

"The only reason which can be offered for the painful dentition in childhood, is that the child may be made to cry in order to exercise the lungs," said Dr. J. D. Park last evening in his talk at the Young Women's Christian association rooms on "The Teeth, and Their Care." The informal talk was a most interesting one and the association members who were present enjoyed getting this dental knowledge in a more impersonal way than is usual. The exact reason why the grinding machine hurts when manipulated by a dentist amid his avowals that he is not touching the nerve, the proper care of the teeth and many other interesting facts were related in an informal way by Dr. Park, illustrated by charts and interesting models.

This talk was the third in a series arranged by the educational committee of the association.

West End Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Alma Person and John Lindberg took place last evening at Svea hall at the West end. The wedding service was read by Rev. J. A. Anderson of the Swedish Methodist church and one of the delightful features of the ceremony was the singing of the Swedish wedding chorus by the Orpheus and Svea Singing societies. The hall was decorated with flowers and palms and the West end string orchestra played before the ceremony and during the reception which followed. Mr. and Mrs. Lindberg will be at home in the West end.

Surprise Party.

Mrs. Alfred B. Ringsred was pleasantly surprised last evening at her home in Park terrace by a number of friends. Mrs. Ringsred was one of last week's brides, the wedding being a very quiet affair. A large leather chair was presented Mrs. Ringsred, and the guests were:

Mesdames—
S. W. Herr. Brown,

Misses—
Mary Weller, Jennie Poissant,
Mary Terry, Edna Miller,
Pearl Flood, Marie Morrow,
Jennie Gunderson, Inez Lee,
May Mackey, Lizzie Weller,
Nora Sullivan, Winnifred McMillan,
Gretta Ahle, Anna Brown,
Nora Gates, Minnie Nelson,
Agnes Larose, Anna McBride,
Lizzie Mackey, Alvina Brieson.
Rose Belaski,
Minnie McDonald.

Outlook Club.

The Outlook club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Victor Stearns of 1105 London road. The fifth lecture in the series being presented before this class will be given by James A. Merrill on "Education, Man's Addition to the Evolution of Nature."

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Ham shank, 10 cents a lb.
New cabbage, 5 cents a lb.

Fish:
Cod, 18 cents a lb.
Halibut, 18 cents a lb.
Salmon, 20 cents a lb.
Finnan haddie, 10 cents a lb.
Smelts, 15 cents a lb.
Crabs, 35 cents each.

Fine fish market! The folks who are religiously observing Lent and those who are just fond of fish may have an especially delightful time during the next forty days for the market that is presented Duluth housewives could scarcely be better. From the humble ordinary fish all the way through shrimps and lobsters and crabs, an especially fine choice is offered.

One of the real delicacies of the season is a dinner of new cabbage gently boiled with a ham shank. The cabbage is young and tender and in combination with the shank of a ham makes a delicate morsel and an especially pleasing change.

Linen Gowns of All Models for the South

By A. T. ASHMORE.

For the South linen dresses of all kinds and descriptions are in vogue for the morning, lawn and embroidered batiste gowns for afternoon and for the evening costumes silk chiffon and lace are en regle. Fine lingerie waists with plaited linen skirts may also be worn in the morning, but a dress throughout is considered smarter.

While the skirts of the linen suits have not altered noticeably—there are far more made with trains than formerly—the jackets are most of them quite different from last year's models. Long coats are now not nearly as popular as the short boleros and Etons, and these last are all embroidered or to some extent lace trimmed. The sleeves are mostly long, that is, in the simpler models, but the embroidered lace and linen jackets have generally short puff sleeves. The jackets may be belted in or not. There are some few short empire models, but these are not apt to prove becoming, and it can safely be said are destined to no long run of popularity.

While a white linen suit is bound to be serviceable and has the added advantageof being able to stand any amount of hot sun as well as frequent laundering, and it is always well to have at least one such costume on hand still there should be provided also one or more colored linen suits. Pale pink, deep old rose, tan, many shades of blue, green mauves, all these make most attractive warm weather gowns, not too light for practical use.

With a linen coat and skirt there may be made as well a waist of some simple model trimmed with lace yoke and cuffs. Again, the waist may be embroidered in white or the shade of the linen even if there is another embroidery on the costume. Princess gowns in colored linen are attractive. These are made on the old models, either shirred, tucked or plain about the waist and hips. The panel effect in front employed on so many cloth and velvet dresses this winter is being imitated in linen and silk for the spring and summer. While many gowns have deep, round or square lace yokes there are many made up now with only a narrow V of lace. With these gowns are worn short embroidery linen boleros or else the heavy lace coats which are so very smart just now.

The debutante and also many young married women intend to keep the long skirt in fashion just as long as possible; older women prefer the more graceful and becoming train skirt, so that the controversy is destined to be a severe one. Linen gowns may be made according to individual desire, long or short. The short skirts—that is, in linen—are a sensible walking length, but not exaggerated; about an inch or so from the ground keeps the dress from cutting through and becoming soiled, while being at the same time rather a graceful length. The separate white linen skirt is, of course, different; this is intended for golf, sailing and tramping and must clear the ground by a good three inches. All skirts are plaited in some model so as to be full about the feet, and many of the handsomer ones are lace trimmed. White and embroidered waist bands of the same embroidery about the hem of the skirt serve to trim it attractively. This embroidery is, of course, apart from the tucks and plaits, for no skirt is now made on a plain gored model.

Bravery in Children

Instead of bringing up their children to be brave, many women quite unconsciously are developing them into cowards. If youngsters are not taught to meet conditions that to juveniles are dangers they will be entirely unable to cope with real ones as they grow older. Bravery in a child is what self-reliance is to an older person; but if a little one is being brought up with the idea of being afraid of things, or that some other person or thing is responsible for its troubles, it is bound to become aprehensive, shrinking and wholly dependent upon others. But though a child really is dependent upon its elders, the youngster itself need not be altogether aware of the fact. Instead it can be trained to take care of itself, and when confronted by danger reaches the other curb in safety.

Of course, this extreme in self-reliance is seen in the little gamins who, while merd babies, can take care of themselves under all conditions. It is the other class that goes always attended by, maids or parents that is timid and shrinking, unable to know what to do if necessary to decide.

One does not advocate turning children of gentle birth into gamins, but the happy medium lies in developing their minds from the time they are old enough to think. Children, even the smallest of them, like a sense of responsibility. The so-called "maternad instinct" that it supposed to be evidenced by a little girl's fondness for dolls may be merely that she likes to feel the importance that comes with deciding what frock dolly shall have on, or whether it is too cold for it to go out. The child then is doing precisely what she sees her mother do, and is grown up and wise accordingly. The same applies to little boys who go forth bravely armed with splinters to kill Indians marauding in the currant bushes. It is not only an outlet for the instinct of adventure, but also being grown up and "manly."

This perfectly normal instinct in both sexes can be turned to account even in children who are never in the street without nurses and who really are not thrown upon their own responsibilities. It is a very simple thing to teach the child to look after the nurse—that is to think that itself and not the servant, is responsible for their safety. A tot with a nurse may easily decide whether it is a good time or not to cross the street. The nurse is there to prevent, in case of error of judgment, but it will be found very soon that the child's judgment is good, and learning to depend upon itself in this one thing the mind is bound to work on others, developing a self-reliant, brave woman or man, instead of one who fears and constantly turns to another through life.

Pretty and Smart Fancy Costumes Are Made of Crepe Tissue Paper

Young women who are frequently invited to fancy dress balls that have become a fad this season will be delighted to know that they can make at home handsome and elaborate costumes of paper at an expense of but a few dollars. These frocks when carefully cut and fitted resemble those made of silk and cloth, etc., but are more effective because of the originality of the designs into which they can be worked.

For less than $3 a girl with any knack for planning gowns can make a poppy costume out of big leaves, with skirt and sleeves in five different shades of red and green calyx waist that would cost a large sum if fashioned out of any fabric. For a brunette this kind of a frock would be decidedly becoming.

"It will take but a short time to make such a flower costume," says an experienced worker in paper.

"Get the measurements for the length of the skirt, waist, and sleeves, decide on the size of the leaves and then block out the design. To make the skirt sufficiently full at least five thicknesses of tissue paper should be used, and each leaf should be long enough to reach, without piecing, from the waist line to the ankles or above them. These leaves will be most effective if so aranged that the deepest shade of red is the outside layer, while the lightest tone is next to the body. To save time the various colors of paper could be placed one on top of the other and the five layers blocked out with one cutting. When enough leaves have been fashioned for the skirt they should be arranged so that the ends lap over each other, giving a fluffy effect, and they are then ready to be sewed to a tight fitting belt of ribbon silk, or stout dress lining.

"To secure a neat looking waist the best plan is to sew the green crepe paper calyx-like leaves to a tight fitting garment of some light weight material. One thickness of paper is, of course, sufficient for the waist, the deep green leaves of which should be cut large enough to cover the petals of which the skirt is made as the calyx leaves actually do.

"Short sleeves about six inches deep, made of small green calyx leaves, should be twisted around into shape and sewed to the armholes. On these as decoration tiny buds of poppy should be pasted or sewed. If desirable to make the frock gayer for special fancy evening wear, tinsel should be sprayed over both red skirt and green waist.

"For the hat small poppy leaves, shading from pink through five tones to deep red, with a center of 'pops' such as the natural flower has, is most effective and, when tied with cardinal satin ribbon or maroon moline, gives the necessary touch to a unique and beautiful costume.

"Of another pattern, but quite as unusual, is the grape gown made of green crepe paper, with huge purple grapes of silk decorating skirt, sleeves and waist.

"A deep accordeon pleated flounce of green crepe paper is first fitted to the figure and then finished with a cloth or ribbon binding. Over the hips, meeting in the front, are two shirred pieces of green tissue paper generously arranged over the pleats to look like a poionnaise. If it is difficult to sew these to the skirt binding they can be attached to the waist of huge green grape leaves that are fastened over a tight fitting garment. The sleeves are also of the green leaves of the grape. Over the entire frock, sleeves, waist and skirt wherever it is possible without making the gown look too much ornamented big bunches of silk grapes with long brown stems are carefully sewed into place.

"With this dress goes a big Gainsborough hat. Green grape leaves in a shade to match those in the costume are used to cover a wire frame. If it is becoming one side should be turned up and caught with a bunch of grapes. If it looks better on the wearer with a flat brim the fruit should be placed around the crown where it will look best. Bows of ribbon or moline with streamers may be used if desired.

"A stunning gown patterned like a 'bat' can be made out of black crepe paper. With wings of dark tissue attached to the arms and in the center of the back of the frock so that they appear to be outstretched as if ready for flight. The feature of this robe is the wings, and so to give them prominence the dress is very simply made. A plain gathered skirt made on severe lines with a straight, slightly bloused waist of black crepe paper buttoned in the back is sewed like any cloth material and is very easily made. Constructing the wings is not so easy. There must be ribs of narrow pieces of light weight wood polished or sandpapered smooth, to which the tissue paper is pasted taut. When finished these wings are tied with ribbon or sewed to the gown at the back of the neck and to the bottom of the skirt, and the other edges are tied to the shoulders, elbows and wrists with black baby ribbon, so that they can be freely moved as the wearer wishes to flap them.

"For the head dress a small black paper bat with wings out as if ready to fly is appropriate and a fitting finish for the costume.

Empire House Gown From Model Designed in Paris for Summer

From La Mode Pratique is taken the accompanying illustration. This dinner or tea gown is of pale green chiffon made over a fitted silk lining. The empire lace coat hangs loose from the shoulders and forms the only trimming on the gown.

Crushed Straw Hat for Morning Wear.

PHOTO BY Pach Bros

Crushed Straw Hat

Bent and crushed straws are to be among the smart hats for spring and summer, but the shapes for the two seasons will differ materially. Those for the first months will be rather small and trimmed tailor fashion, with wings, breasts or bows. These are designed for morning, and toques, that is to say long and narrow shapes, will be the best form.

For summer large picture hats will be bent in all conceivable forms, only the finest and softest straws lending themselves to this treatment. The effect is particularly good, as each can be made to suit the face of the woman wearing it.

THE EVENING STORY

H C Hibbard

MY FIRST CASE

By J. A. Tiffany.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

I had been engaged in the practice of law for a period longer than I care to state before I made as much as a policeman earns. My clients had been few and my fees still fewer.

As a matter of fact, I had barely made enough by the actual practice of the law to pay my office rent and to purchase the law books that I told myself I really needed, and I had been driven to eke out an existence by reporting for the law journals, and even by means less dignified than that.

But now I had been fortunate enough to secure the appointment of municipal court judge. It was purely a political appointment; I did not flatter myself with the belief that I had gained it by reason of any special fitness for the position. There were fifty lawyers in town possessing no more conspicuous disability for the office than myself.

This had been my first day of office, and there had not been a single case for trial. It looked as if my experience as a private practitioner was to be repeated in my official capacity. Even the law-breakers and litigants shunned me.

I was aroused from my meditations by the sound of footsteps. Somebody was coming up the stairs.

In a few moments a man's figure appeared in the open doorway. He glanced at me, and then turned and looked over the banisters, listening.

The man was unmistakably from the country. He wore ill-fitting clothes of coarse material, heavy boots and stubby beard of ginger hue.

A clumsy, ungainly man, apparently about 45 years of age, he advanced toward my desk with stealthy, nervous step. The fellow had a hunted look.

"Say, mister," he said, in a whisper, "what will you charge to get me off?"

"Off what?" I asked.

"Well, I don't want to tell, but I suppose I shall have to; it's all over town. Please don't let them take me to jail, mister."

"What's the trouble? What have you done?" I asked the fellow. "But I may as well warn you, before you go any further," I added, remembering my new appointment, "that I am a judge, as well as a lawyer."

"You a judge," the yokel exclaimed, in a tone of horror. "Oh, gosh, I've run right into the arms of the law, when I was trying my best to escape. Please, sir, don't send me to jail," the fellow whined.

"If you are in need of professional advice, I think you had better go to another law office, and not tell me anything about your troubles," I said.

"No, I think I would rather tell you and get it over with. Will you let me off with a fine if I make a clean breast of it, judge? You have a nice face, mister, and I'd rather tell you, if you only promise not to send me to jail."

"I cannot promise anything," I answered impatiently. "If you deserve to go to jail, you'll no doubt get there, in time."

"Oh, don't say that, mister—for God's sake don't say that! I am an orphan, sir—you wouldn't send an orphan to jail?"

"Well, my good man, I have already advised you to go to some other lawyer, and take advice. I can't send you to jail until you are brought before me in the ordinary course of justice."

"But I don't want to go to jail at all, judge. I didn't think they would hold it against me all these years. I haven't been in the city in thirty years, and if you'll only let me go this time, I'll promise never to come here again."

"You can go home, for all I care," I said, indifferently, for the fellow impressed me more as a fool than as a criminal.

"Yes, but won't you give me a line in writing, to say that I can go free? Now, how much would it cost me to fix it up nicely between you and me?"

"I am afraid you don't understand, my good man," I said quietly, for the fellow was so simple and stupid that it was impossible to get angry with him. "If there is anything to be fixed up, it will have to be done in the regular course of justice—in open court."

"But I don't want to be exposed, mister," he whined; "I don't want to be exposed. And I am sure I have been a peaceful, law-abiding man for the last thirty years. I think they might have let it drop instead of bringing it up, after all these years. Lots of boys havo done worse things than that, and never heard anything of it."

"Now, see here, my man," I said sharply, for the fellow was becoming tedious, "if you have anything to say to me, I will listen to it, and treat it confidentially, so far as I can. But I advise you to go to some other lawyer and ask his advice, if you are in trouble. But you must either tell your story as briefly as you can, or get out of here."

"Oh, but I don't want to go to no other lawyers. They're such robbers, too. You look honest, mister. Perhaps you're an orphan too. Are you an orphan, judge?"

"That's neither here or there," I answered shortly. "Either tell me your troubles, or go and tell them to some other lawyer."

"No," said the man, desperately, "I'll make a clean breast of it to you, judge. You see, mister, when I was a boy—thirty years ago—I came to the city one day, in my father's sleigh; and while the old man was around town doing his business, I played about the stable where he put up his horse. There was a lot of snow on the ground, and some of the city boys began calling me a hayseed, and pelting me with snowballs. I didn't like it—not so much the snowballing as their calling me a hayseed. So I made some snowballs myself and shied back at them. Well, just as I was throwing a good hard ball at one of the boys, a policeman came round the corner, and it knocked off his hat. I started and ran as hard as I could. I never stopped till I got to my father's farm, away out in the country ten miles from here. I laid awake all that night, expecting that they would be coming for me; and I've been expecting them ever since. But, as I had not heard of it in all these years, I plucked up courage and came in today, thinking it had all blown over. But I see that I was mistaken. They're after me."

"What makes you think they are after you?" I asked the fellow.

"There's notices all over the city," the man whined.

"What kind of notices?" I asked. "I haven't seen anything of them."

"Why, one says, 'Bill posters beware,' and another, 'Bill posters will be prosecuted!'"

"What's your name?" I asked, as a light seemed to break in on me in all this nonsensical tragedy.

"Posters," the man replied. "William Posters. But they generally call me Bill—Bill Posters."

"Ah, I see," I said, with a sigh of relief. "And you want to settle this quietly—without any exposure?"

"Yes, mister, if you will be so kind. How much will it cost me?"

"Well, this is a case, I am afraid, that can't be settled with a fine," I said, rising and confronting the villain, who shrank from me, and cowered near the door.

"You won't send me to jail, judge?" he pleaded.

"No, we'll settle it without that," I said. "Just turn round."

As Mr. Posters turned his back on me, I gave him a good, hearty kick, that sent him clear through the doorway.

"Is that all?" he asked, with a bucolic smile.

"Yes, that's all—for the present," I replied. "But if you ever come near this office again, I'll give you a good deal more than that. Now—skedaddle, Bill Posters, and get back on the farm, where you belong."

WILL SUE NICARAGUA.

Two Iowa Men Begin Proceedings for $20,000 Damages.

Iowa City, Iowa, March 8.—Henry Albers, recently released from a prison cell at Jalapa, Nicaragua, is visiting his cousin, Mrs. M. E. Coover, in this city. He and his brother were imprisoned last June, and they propose to seek redress by claiming $20,000 damages each. They allege that they were falsely accused of resisting officers, and were thrown into jail. Their sentence was for three years. This was cut to twenty months, and finally the United States minister secured their release during the winter. They will prosecute their suits against the government and work the big silver mine in which they are largely interested when they return to Central America. The Albers brothers are former residents of Muscatine.

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George L. Tupper. Robert J. Quigley.
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325 W. Michigan Street. Zenith Phone 1835. DULUTH, MINN Old Phone 1502.

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WALL PAPER.
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THE GREATNESS OF DULUTH

As a jobbing center is due to the firms whose announcements appear on this page. The merchant who buys once of Duluth jobbers buys always. The location of Duluth makes it possible to fill quickly any order and to ship promptly, whether East, West, North or South

BAY FRONT STIRRING

New Dredge Company Building Its Equipment Rapidly.

Towing Company Repairing Its Fleet—Constructs Workshop.

In the bay slips at Sixth, Seventh and Eighth avenues west the scene is a busy one and men are working every hour of daylight. The hammers ring on anvils and rap on nails and boards. In short, the Great Lakes Towing company and the Duluth-Superior Dredging company are getting ready for business and have men working all of the time. At the foot of Sixth avenue west the dredging company is doing a lot of building and at Eighth avenue west the towing company is putting its tugs in shape for the coming season.

The dredging company has a large crew of men building two dredges and two scows. One of the dredges was launched last fall and is of the dipper type. The other is not yet launched but will be before long. It is of the hydraulic kind. Both are big and powerful machines and it is claimed that when the company gets through it will have the very best and most modern equipment of the great lakes. The dredge already launched lies in the slip at Seventh avenue west and its machinery is being adjusted now and at the same time its house is being finished. The boilers for the hydraulic dredge have just arrived and now lie on the dock at Sixth avenue waiting to be loaded into the dredge. Besides the dredges, two large dump scows are being built, one of which has been launched and the other will be launched before long.

The Great Lakes Towing company has its tugs in the slip to the west of the Omaha freight shed. Capt. Herbert Vrooman, local manager of this company, has displayed an ability for utilizing castaways which has brought him considerable congratulation. The old tug Lyon sank a long time ago and the hull was dragged into the slip west of the Omaha sheds. She has been merely a derelict and useless and so far it was thought was in her grave. Capt. Vrooman had been renting a workshop for his repair men, but this winter had the hull of the Lyon dragged up on the beach in the slip mentioned, propped up, pumped out and patched, and then built a strictly up-to-date workshop on the old hull. He has a miniature machine shop in it, while he is adding to as is necessary and in short has fitted up a repair shop which will attend to most of the needs of the fleet in his charge during the most strenuous season—and that at very little expense.

A good deal of work is being done on the tug E. G. Crosby, which takes care of the company's work at Ashland. Her upper works are being practically renewed. Other extensive repairing is being done on the hulls and engines of the rest of the fleet. Sixteen tugs are laid up there and are being overhauled.

Busy People Need NEURALINE

They cannot stop work for
Neuralgia, Headaches, La Grippe, or Pains.

When chilliness, sneezing and general aching of the body announce Colds or La Grippe, stop it by taking a few NEURALINE powders according to directions.

Price, 2 Powders 25 cents

Ask your druggist for Neuraline. Manufactured by EUREKA MEDICAL CO., South Bend, Ind.

WOULD-BE ASSASSINS

Who Recently Attempted to Kill President Reyes Are Executed.

Bogota, Colombia, Tuesday, March 6.—The three men who on Feb. 19 attempted to assassinate Gen. Reyes, the president of the republic of Colombia, were shot today at the spot where the attack took place. Complete calm prevails throughout the republic.

President Reyes was shot at by three mounted men as he was out driving with his daughter. Eight revolver shots were fired, five of which struck the carriage, but the president and his daughter escaped uninjured. The scene of the attempted assassination was near the Arzobispo bridge in the suburbs of Bogota. After firing at the president, the would-be assassins rode away, but were subsequently captured.

It was erroneously announced Feb. 24 that the execution of the would-be assassins had already taken place.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Three men held up a street car at Albright, a suburb of South Omaha, shortly after midnight, Wednesday. Conductor Flory resisted their attempts to rob him and one of the men shot him in the wrist and the side. They then fled without securing any money. Flory is seriously injured.

A special from Canyon City, Or., says that James Montain, a Montana man, tempted to hold up a saloon and was killed by Bud Greenwell, the proprietor.

The trans-Mississippi elevator just built by the Trans-Mississippi Grain company of Omaha, at Council Bluffs, was partially burned Wednesday afternoon, the fire originating from hot tar poured on the roof by workmen. The damage is about $60,000. There was no grain in the building. The elevator was built to replace one burned a year ago.

Fire Wednesday destroyed the coaling station of the Chicago & Alton railway at Twenty-eighth street and California avenue, Chicago, and threatened two round houses and hundreds of loaded coal cars. It will be necessary to coal all the locomotives by hand until temporary chutes can be built. The damage to the station amounts to $50,000.

MAN'S BODY WAS BLOWN 700 YARDS.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 8.—When a quantity of nitro glycerine exploded near Williamston, this county, two weeks ago, H. W. Kerr was driving the wagon in which it was being carried. All that could be found after the explosion was a few pieces of flesh, which were shipped to Cincinnati for burial. Today, however, his body was found lodged in a tree some 700 yards from where the explosion occurred.

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For Sprains, Bruises Sore Muscles, Cuts Burns & Scalds

At All Dealers Price 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

Dr. Earl S. Sloan Boston Mass. U.S.A.

INTERNAL COMMERCE

Movements for January Showed Improvement Over a Year Ago.

Particularly True Regarding Live Stock, Grain and Coal.

Washington, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Internal trade movements for January showed in the aggregate a decided improvement over those for January, 1905, this being particularly true with regard to the receipts and shipments of live stock, grain and coal.

According to reports received by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, 3,652,254 head of live stock were received at six important interior markets during January. This was 163,435 head more than in January, 1905, and 375,184 head more than in January, 1904. Of the total, 1,669,314 head were received at Chicago, 671,538 at Kansas City, 496,395 at Omaha, 418,918 at St. Louis, 322,580 at St. Joseph, and 183,708 at St. Paul. Although there was a slight decrease in the receipts both at Chicago and St. Paul, it was more than offset by the increase at the other four markets. The number of hogs received at these markets during January, 1906, was 1,918,656; sheep, 580,557; cattle, 755,131; horses and mules, 61,613, and calves, 36,297. As compared with January, 1905, there was an increase in the receipts of cattle, calves, sheep, horses and mules, and a slight decrease in the receipts of hogs.

Shipments of live stock from Chicago during January amounted to 463,201 head; Kansas City, 136,402; Omaha, 58,429; St. Louis, 118,346; St. Joseph, 25,079, and St. Paul, 83,013, making a total of 860,469 head, compared with 695,466 head shipped from these markets during January, 1905, and 667,981 head during January, 1904. Compared with January, 1905, there was an increase in the shipments from all of the markets named.

An indication of the increased demands upon the railroads by heavier live-stock movements is the fact that over 5,000 more cars were required to handle January's receipts at these markets in 1906 than in 1905.

Stocks of meat on hand Jan. 31 at five important interior markets amounted to 255,498,487 pounds, compared with 292,623,031 pounds on the corresponding date in 1905 and 256,580,190 pounds on Jan. 31, 1904. Of the supply for Jan. 31, 1906, Chicago had 114,236,945 pounds; Kansas City, 66,224,660 pounds; Omaha, 31,040,269 pounds; St. Joseph, 29,314,796 pounds, and Milwaukee, 24,571,986 pounds.

At fourteen primary grain markets the receipts of grain during January aggregated 71,308,914 bushels—over 17,000,000 bushels in excess of those in January, 1905, and 3,000,000 more than in January, 1904. Of the fourteen markets—Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Duluth, Kansas City, Little Rock, Louisville, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, Omaha, Peoria, St. Louis and Toledo—only Cleveland, Louisville and Toledo sustained losses as compared with the receipts of January, 1905. The grain shipments from these cities during January, 1906, totaled 47,432,490 bushels, compared with 30,202,062 bushels in January, 1905, and 35,363,812 bushels in January, 1904. The increase in both the receipts and shipments was due largely to greatly increased arrivals and withdrawals of oats, although the movements of wheat, corn, barley and rye all showed improvement when compared with like receipts and shipments in the preceding year. Oat arrivals at these markets during January amounted to 19,608,983 bushels, a gain of over 9,000,000 bushels when compared with similar movements in 1905, while by a like comparison shipments which totaled 18,204,424 bushels presented an increase of nearly 8,000,000 bushels.

Wheat receipts at the four spring-wheat markets of Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Duluth and Chicago, from Aug. 1, 1905, to Jan. 31, 1906, reached a total of 118,399,272 bushels, compared with 106,257,442 bushels received during the corresponding months in 1904-5, and 111,111,853 bushels in 1903-4. Of the movement for the present season, Minneapolis received 64,203,310 bushels, Duluth 31,132,020 bushels, Chicago 17,589,192 bushels and Milwaukee 5,423,750 bushels. At the winter-wheat market of Toledo, wheat receipts from July 1 to Jan. 31 totaled 4,287,700 bushels; at St. Louis, 17,099,000 bushels; at Detroit, 1,744,347 bushels, and at Kansas City, 32,272,000 bushels, making a total of 55,403,047 bushels, in contrast with 47,253,477 bushels received during the corresponding period in 1904-5, and 57,171,408 bushels in 1903-4.

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Shipments of domestic freight on the Great Lakes during January reached a total of 328,864 net tons, more than 80,000 tons in excess of January, 1905 or 1904, while the increase over January, 1903, was more than 140,000 tons. Of January, 1906 shipments, 15,297 tons were flour, 28,021 tons grain and flaxseed, 118,910 tons coal, 13,383 tons ore and minerals, 43,779 tons lumber and logs, and 94,564 tons unclassified freight. Shipments of coal showed a remarkably heavy increase over January's shipments in preceding years, being more than twice the size of the corresponding movement in 1905. This increase is, no doubt, in part due to the effort of affected industries to procure unusually large supplies of coal in order to safeguard their interests in the event of a general strike.

Grain receipts at Boston during January amounted to 4,124,464 bushels; at New York, 13,047,885 bushels; at Philadelphia, 7,294,791 bushels; at Baltimore, 9,432,194 bushels; at New Orleans, 8,482,075 bushels, and at San Francisco, 1,671,629 bushels, making a total at these six markets of 43,963,138 bushels, as compared with 27,488,459 bushels received during January, 1905. All markets showed a gain with the exception of San Francisco, the increase at Baltimore being the greatest, amounting to nearly 5,000,000 bushels.

The cotton brought into sight during the month of January amounted to 904,189 bales, over 50,000 bales less than in January, 1904. It was also the lightest movement for any month of the current season. During the five months ending Jan. 31, 1906, the amount of cotton brought into sight was 7,907,586 bales, as compared with 8,888,357 bales during similar months in 1904-5 and 8,009,622 bales in 1903-4, while the net overland movement for the same months was 517,827 bales in 1905-6, 629,677 bales in 1904-5, and 616,861 bales in 1903-4. Of the American spinners' takings for the first five months of the current season, which amounted to 2,535,687 bales, 1,482,806 bales were from Northern mills and 1,152,881 bales to Southern mills. During the corresponding months of 1904-5 similar takings totaled 2,566,501 bales, of which 1,383,754 bales were consigned to Northern mills and 1,122,047 bales to Southern mills.

Receipts of cotton at leading interior towns from Sept. 1, 1905, to Jan. 26, 1906, reached a total of 388,750 bales, as compared with 355,029 bales received during the corresponding period of 1904-05, and the corresponding period of 1903-04. Cities receiving over 100,000 bales during the first five months of the current season were Houston, Texas, 146,067 bales; Memphis, Tenn., 80,861 bales; St. Louis, Mo., 52,624 bales; Augusta, Ga., 14,700 bales, and Little Rock, Ark., 14,171 bales.

Cotton receipts at United States ports from Sept. 1, 1905, to Jan. 31, 1906, amounted to 5,702,095 bales, of which 3,331,710 bales were received at Gulf ports and 2,221,093 at Atlantic ports. The ports receiving over a million bales were Galveston, 1,809,555 bales; Savannah, 1,144,980 bales, and New Orleans, 1,033,998 bales. The receipts of cotton at all ports during the corresponding period of 1904-5 were 6,670,236 bales, and in 1903-04, 5,897,542 bales.

Shipments of anthracite coal during January from Eastern producing regions reached a total of 5,458,084 tons, more than a million tons greater than shipments for January, 1905, or January, 1904, and only a little over 500,000 tons below the exceptionally large movement in January, 1903. In fact, the January, 1906, shipments have been exceeded in only four months during the past six years.

Coke production at Connelsville during the first four weeks of January amounted to 1,137,000 tons, exceeding that for the first four weeks of January, 1905, by over 100,000 tons, and that for the first four weeks of January, 1904, by nearly 200,000 tons. This production was larger than that which occurred during the first four weeks in any of the three preceding years, and the cars required to handle it numbered 57,672, compared with 49,352 employed during the first four weeks of January, 1905, and 39,368 in January, 1904. Of the shipments for the first four weeks of 1906, 17,423 cars were destined to Pittsburg, and 8,206 cars to points east of Connellsville. Of the ovens employed in manufacturing coke in the vicinity of Connellsville less than one-half of 1 per cent were idle during the first four weeks of January, 1906.

The runs from wells in petroleum pipeline territory during January reached a total of 3,166,998.41 barrels, while other receipts aggregated 3,869,196.83 barrels. Regular dividends during the same period were 2,851,816.54 barrels and other deliveries 3,478,955.87 barrels. During January, 1905, runs from wells amounted to 3,743,001.13 barrels; other receipts, 3,065,995.25 barrels; regular deliveries, 3,927,945.71 barrels, and other deliveries, 2,980,519.26 barrels.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST
DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.
Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.50. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

MILD WEATHER IS FAVORABLE

For the Production and Consumption of Pig Iron.

Cleveland, March 8.—The Iron Trade Review says: The long continued mild weather has been favorable for both production and consumption of pig iron. All foundries have been very busy and current orders for foundry grades indicate that buyers are melting more than they expected. The market for Southern iron is not so strong. The furnaces are showing a disposition to lower quotations, at least to the amount of the additional freight rate of 25 cents, which became effective March 1, and in a few instances on very desirable business $13.75 Birmingham for No. 2 has been shaded. The United States Steel corporation has taken all of the Bessemer which the Bessemer association had to offer for March delivery, about 7,000 tons, and is expected to come into the market again at an early date.

The demand for structural material continues very active. It is expected that 12,000 tons of material will be required for new buildings along Broadway, New York. Among recent contracts awarded, there were 14,000 tons to the American Bridge company for the Japanese government for bridges, the material to be rolled at the Ambridge plant.

The demand for rails is still strong in spite of the heavy orders which have been placed. The Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel company at Youngstown will be taken off bars and put on rails.

The demand for wire and wire products has been so active that there has been some discussion as to the advisability of advancing prices, but the leading interest is opposed to such action. Western mills are rushed with orders and are having difficulty in giving satisfactory delivery.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

MANUFACTURING JEWELERS
333 W. MICHIGAN ST.
Trade Work a Specialty. Makers and Repairers of Gold and Silver Jewelry. Highest Cash price paid for old gold and silver

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ASBESTOS GOODS.

ASBESTOS
Pipe and Boiler Covering—Roofing—Packing—Cement—Paper.
A. H. KRIEGER,
DULUTH and HOUGHTON

ART GLASS AND MIRRORS.

St. Germain Bros.
ESTABLISHED 1891.
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.
OLD MIRRORS RE-SILVERED.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES.

F. L. STODDARD,
Barber Supplies and Furniture.
Cutlery Grinding.
212 West First Street. Both 'Phones.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

PHILLIPS-BELL SHOE CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of BOOTS AND SHOES.
Wales Goodyear Rubbers.

BOX FACTORY.

Duluth Box Manufact'g Co.
(Incorporated.)
54th Ave. W. & Polk St., West Duluth, Minn.
Nearly all firms on this page use our Boxes. Packing Boxes, Box Shooks, Beer Cases, Pop Cases, Cratings, Chicken Coops, Etc.
Offices—113 W. Mich. St., and at Factory.

BRASS WORKS.

DULUTH BRASS WORKS Manufacturers of.... BRASS GOODS, BRASS CASTINGS, BABBITTS.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Thomson & Dunlop,
JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
Samuel Cabot's, Shingle Stains.
Mantels, Fireplace Fixtures.
226-228 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

PAINE & NIXON CO.,
Dealers in
Building Materials of every description.
PLATE AND WINDOW GLASS, Mirrors, and brick of all kinds.
106 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

CANDIES.

DULUTH CANDY CO.
Candy Manufacturers.
No. 20 East First Street.

CANDIES.

John Wahl Factory.
National Candy Co.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CONFECTIONERY
John Wahl, Mngr. 7-13 10th Avenue W.

CIGARS.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO.
"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
"LaVERDAD" clear Havana
102-104 W. Mich. St.

COLD STORAGE & COMMISSION

C. E. PEASLEE, Pres. and Mngr.
GEO. MACAULAY, Sec. and Treas.
THE VICTOR COMPANY,
Cold Storage and General Commission.
Wholesale dealers in Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Country Produce.
202-204 West Michigan Street.

DOVE-TAIL BOX FACTORY.

G. J. PETRUSCHKE,
Manufacturer of and dealer in
BOX SHOOKS, CRATES AND LUMBER
For buildings of all descriptions. Get our prices before building.
BEER CASES A SPECIALTY.
Factory: Cor. of 50th Avenue and Main Street, West Duluth, Minn.
Old 'phone 3090-L and 3081-M.

DRUGS.

LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.
Drugs and Druggist Sundries
223-227 South 5th Ave. W.

DRY GOODS.

F. A. Patrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
ALSO MANUFACTURERS.
"Best Located."

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

BURGESS ELECTRIC CO.,
312 West First Street.
Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
Manufacturers of Gas, Electric and Combination Chandeliers.

ENG'RS, F'NDERS, MACHINISTS.

National Iron Co.,
Manufacturers
HOISTING ENGINES, STRUCTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Fitzsimmons-Palmer Co.
Commission Merchants.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
122-124 West Michigan Street.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

The Thos. Thompson Co.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce and General Commission Merchants.
126-128 West Michigan Street.

GROCERS.

Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.
"A GREAT HOUSE IN A GREAT LOCATION."
Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Grocers.
Horse Dealers.

GROCERS.

Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit Co
General Commission Merchants.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Etc.
218-220 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

FISH, OYSTERS AND POULTRY.

Tucker-Overman Co.
(Incorporated.)
General Commission Merchants, FISH, OYSTERS AND POULTRY.
212 West Michigan Street., Duluth, Minn.

GROCERS.

Wright-Clarkson Mercantile Company
IMPORTERS—
Wholesale Grocers, Manufacturers.

GROCERS.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

HARDWARE.

KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO
HARDWARE.
LUMBERMEN'S AND MILL SUPPLIES.

HARDWOOD FLOORING.

Hardwood Flooring
Interior Finish, Doors, Sash, Frames.
Woodruff Lumber Co.
LUMBER.
817 Garfield Ave. Warehouse 22nd Ave. East

HATS AND CAPS.

BLAKE & WAITE COMPANY
WHOLESALE
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES AND FURS.
LUMBERMEN'S SPECIALTIES!

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Zenith Phone 287. Old Phone 1435-M
J. J. WALL,
Wholesale Liquor Dealer
Our Leaders— Old Crow, Hermitage Rye and Bourbon. Bond & Lillard Bourbons.
310 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

LUMBER and INTERIOR FINISH.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co Manufacturers of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
OFFICE AND STAIR WORK.

MACHINERY AND IRON.

Duluth Iron & Metal Co
Dealers in
Relaying Rails. Bar Iron and Steel. Iron and Steel Scrap. Spikes and Bolts.
200 to 300 East Michigan Street. Telephones 91.

MATCH FACTORY.

Union Match Co.
Manufacturers of
Doll House Matches,
West Duluth.

MATTRESS MANUFACTURERS.

Duluth Bedding Co.
ALL KINDS OF MATTRESSES MADE TO ORDER.
EXPERT REPAIRING.
733 W. Mich. St. Zenith Phone 1732

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Christensen-Mendenhall-Graham Co.,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Men's Furnishing Goods.
Lumbermen's and Miners' Wear a Specialty.
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NOTIONS, OFFICE SUPPLIES.

Tupper-Quigley Co.
George L. Tupper. Robert S. Quigley.
Wholesale Notions and Office Supplies.
325 W. Michigan Street. Zenith Phone 1835. DULUTH, MINN Old Phone 1500.

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Zenith Paper Co
Manufacturers Wholesale
Paper and Stationery.
Building and Roofing Paper.
222-224 West Michigan Street.

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS.

Crane-Ordway Co.,
12 West Michigan Street.
Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
Jobbers of Plumbers', Steam and Gas-fitters' Supplies.

PROVISIONS.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO. COLD STORAGE
Butter, Eggs, Milk, Cheese, Cream.
16 WEST FIRST STREET

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS.

Consolidated Stamp & Printing Co
Badges, Banners, Buttons | Stencils, Notary and Corporate Seals
Steel Die Embossing and Card Engraving.
14 North Fourth Ave. W. Both Phones.

RUG FACTORY.

Interstate Rug Co.,
L. SINOTTE, Prop.
The only rug manufacturers and carpet cleaning establishment in Duluth.
1701-03 West Michigan St.
Both Phones.

SHOWCASE FACTORY.

DULUTH SHOWCASE FACTORY,
Showcases, Bar, Barber, Office and Store Fixtures.
1610 West Michigan St.
Zenith Phone 1260. Peter M. Carlson, Prop.

STEEL CEILINGS.

DEETZ & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Galvanized Iron Cornice,
Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters, Galvanized Iron Skylights, Etc.
Ventilating Pipes, Steel Ceilings, Smokestacks
ROOFING.
Phone 793. 406-408 East Superior St., Duluth, Minn

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO.
—WHOLESALE—
Stationery, Notions and Paper.
18-20 W. Michigan Street.

WALL PAPER.

H. A. HALL & CO
WALL PAPER.
119 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE GREATNESS OF DULUTH

As a jobbing center is due to the firms whose announcements appear on this page. The merchant who buys once of Duluth jobbers buys always. The location of Duluth makes it possible to fill quickly any order and to ship promptly, whether East, West, North or South

FLOUR AND FEED.

C. S. PROSSER & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
114-116 EAST MICHIGAN ST.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CLYDE IRON WORKS of Logging Tools and Steam Log Loaders.

HARDWARE.

MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO.
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

KNITTING MILLS.

NELSON BROS.'
KNITTING MILLS
Manufacturers of Knitted Goods.
2101-2103 W. Superior St.

LEATHER AND SADDLERY.

Wholesale manufacturers HARNESS, COLLARS, ETC.
SCHULZE BROS. CO.
Jobbers SADDLERY HARDWARE, Leather and Shoe Findings.

Glaskin-Comstock Co
MILL, MINING AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES.
RUBBER GOODS OF ALL KINDS
LEATHER BELTING.
CORDAGE AND WIRE ROPE.

BAY FRONT STIRRING

New Dredge Company Building Its Equipment Rapidly.

Towing Company Repairing Its Fleet—Constructs Workshop.

In the bay slips at Sixth, Seventh and Eighth avenues west the scene is a busy one and men are working every hour of daylight. The hammers ring on anvils and rap on nails and boards. In short, the Great Lakes Towing company and the Duluth-Superior Dredging company are getting ready for business and have men working all of the time. At the foot of Sixth avenue west the dredging company is doing a lot of building and at Eighth avenue west the towing company is putting its tugs in shape for the coming season.

The dredging company has a large crew of men building two dredges and two scows. One of the dredges was launched last fall and is of the dipper type. The other is not yet launched but will be before long. It is of the hydraulic kind. Both are big and powerful machines and it is claimed that when the company gets through it will have the very best and most modern equipment of the great lakes. The dredge already launched lies in the slip at Seventh avenue west and its machinery is being adjusted now and at the same time its house is being finished. The boilers for the hydraulic dredge have just arrived and now lie on the dock at Sixth avenue waiting to be loaded into the dredge. Besides the dredges, two large dump scows are being built, one of which has been launched and the other will be launched before long.

The Great Lakes Towing company has its tugs in the slip to the west of the Omaha freight shed. Capt. Herbert Vrooman, local manager of this company, has displayed an ability for utilizing castaways which has brought him considerable congratulation. The old tug Lyon sank a long time ago and the hull was dragged into the slip west of the Omaha sheds. She has been merely a derelict and useless and so far it was thought was in her grave. Capt. Vrooman had been renting a workshop for his repair men, but this winter had the hull of the Lyon dragged up on the beach in the slip mentioned, propped up, pumped out and patched, and then built a strictly up-to-date workshop on the old hull. He has a miniature machine shop in it, which he is adding to as is necessary and in short has fitted up a repair shop which will attend to most of the needs of the fleet in his charge during the most strenuous season—and that at very little expense.

A good deal of work is being done on the tug E. G. Crosby, which takes care of the company's work at Ashland. Her upper works are being practically renewed. Other extensive repairing is being done on the hulls and enginee of the rest of the fleet. Sixteen tugs are laid up there and are being overhauled.

Busy People Need NEURALINE
They cannot stop work for
Neuralgia, Headaches, La Grippe, or Pains.
When chilliness, sneezing and general aching of the body announce Colds or La Grippe, stop it by taking a few NEURALINE powders according to directions.
Price, 2 Powders 25 cents
Ask your druggist for Neuraline. Manufactured by EUREKA MEDICAL CO., South Bend, Ind.

WOULD-BE ASSASSINS

Who Recently Attempted to Kill President Reyes Are Executed.

Bogota, Colombia, Tuesday, March 6.—The three men who on Feb. 19 attempted to assassinate Gen. Reyes, the president of the republic of Colombia, were shot today at the spot where the attack took place. Complete calm prevails throughout the republic.

President Reyes was shot at by three mounted men as he was out driving with his daughter. Eight revolver shots were fired, five of which struck the carriage, but the phesident and his daughter escaped uninjured. The scene of the attempted assassination was near the Arzobispo bridge in the suburbs of Bogota. After firing at the president, the would-be assassins rode away, but were subsequently captured.

It was erroneously announced Feb. 24 that the execution of the would-be assassins had already taken place.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Three men held up a street car at Albright, a suburb of South Omaha, shortly after midnight, Wednesday. Conductor Flory resisted their attempts to rob him and one of the men shot him in the wrist and the side. They then fled without securing any money. Flory is seriously injured.

A special from Canyon City, Or., says that James Montain, a Montana man, tempted to hold up a saloon and was killed by Bud Greenwell, the proprietor.

The trans-Mississippi elevator just built by the Trans-Mississippi Grain company of Omaha, at Council Bluffs, was partially burned Wednesday afternoon, the fire originating from hot tar poured on the roof by workmen. The damage is tained losses as compared with the reabout $60,000. There was no grain in the place one burned a year ago. building. The elevator was built to re-

Fire Wednesday destroyed the coaling station of the Chicago & Alton railway at Twenty-eighth street and California avenue, Chicago, and threatened two round houses and hundreds of loaded coal cars. It will be necessary to coal all the locomotives by hand until temporary chutes can be built. The damage to the station amounts to $50,000.

MAN'S BODY WAS BLOWN 700 YARDS.

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 8.—When a quantity of nitro glycerine exploded near Williamston, this county, two weeks ago, H. W. Kerr was driving the wagon in which it was being carried. All that could be found after the explosion was a few pieces of flesh, which were shipped to Cincinnati for burial. Today, however, his body was found lodged in a tree some 700 yards from where the explosion occurred.

Accidents Will Happen Use SLOAN'S LINIMENT
For Sprains, Bruises Sore Muscles, Cuts Burns & Scalds
At All Dealers Price 25c 50c & $1.00
Dr. Earl S. Sloan Boston Mass U.S.A.

INTERNAL COMMERCE

Movements for January Showed Improvement Over a Year Ago.

Particularly True Regarding Live Stock, Grain and Coal.

Washington, March 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Internal trade movements for January showed in the aggregate a decided improvement over those for January, 1905, this being particularly true with regard to the receipts and shipments of live stock, grain and coal.

According to reports received by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, 3,652,254 head of live stock were received at six important interior markets during January. This was 153,438 head more than in January, 1905, and 375,184 head more than in January, 1904. Of the total, 1,069,214 head were received at Chicago, 671,538 at Kansas City, 446,395 at Omaha, 448,914 at St. Louis, 322,580 at St. Joseph, and 182,768 at St. Paul. Although there was a slight decrease in the receipts both at Chicago and St. Paul, it was more than offset by the increase at the other four markets. The number of hogs received at these markets during January, 1906, was 1,918,056; sheep, 889,557; cattle, 755,131; horses and mules, 61,613, and calves, 30,297. As compared with January, 1905, there was an increase in the receipts of cattle, calves, sheep, horses and mules, and a slight decrease in the receipts of hogs.

Shipments of live stock from Chicago during January amounted to 433,501 head; Kansas City, 156,402; Omaha, 58,429; St. Louis, 118,346; St. Joseph, 25,079, and St. Paul, 88,011, making a total of 880,459 head, compared with 695,496 head shipped from these markets during January, 1905, and 667,981 head during January, 1904. Compared with January, 1905, there was an increase in the shipments from all of the markets named.

An indication of the increased demands upon the railroads by heavier live-stock movements is the fact that over 5,000 more cars were required to handle January's receipts at these markets in 1906 than in 1905.

Stocks of meat on hand Jan. 31 at five important interior markets amounted to 255,498,487 pounds, compared with 292,623,031 pounds on the corresponding date in 1905 and 223,580,199 pounds on Jan. 31, 1904. Of the supply for Jan. 31, 1906, Chicago had 114,326,945 pounds; Kansas City, 56,234,050 pounds; Omaha, 31,040,269 pounds; St. Joseph, 29,314,796 pounds, and Milwaukee, 24,571,986 pounds.

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Wheat receipts at the four spring-wheat markets of Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Duluth and Chicago, from Aug. 1, 1905, to Jan. 31, 1906, reached a total of 118,329,272 bushels, compared with 106,357,442 bushels received during the corresponding months in 1904-5, and 111,111,853 bushels in 1903-4. Of the movement for the present season, Minneapolis received 64,293,310 bushels, Duluth 31,132,020 bushels, Chicago 17,580,192 bushels and Milwaukee 5,423,750 bushels. At the winter-wheat market of Toledo, wheat receipts from July 1 to Jan. 31 totaled 4,287,700 bushels; at St. Louis, 17,699,000 bushels; at Detroit, 1,744,347 bushels, and at Kansas City, 32,272,000 bushels, making a total of 55,403,047 bushels, in contrast with 47,253,477 bushels received during the corresponding period in 1904-5, and 57,171,408 bushels in 1903-4.

The east-bound movement of grain from Chicago and Chicago points during January aggregated 14,075,000 bushels, nearly 3,000,000 bushels more than in January, 1905, and over 8,000,000 bushels more than in January, 1904. East-bound flour shipments from these points totaled 484,523 barrels in January, 1906; 475,342 barrels in January, 1905, and 746,325 barrels in January, 1904.

Shipments of domestic freight on the Great Lakes during January reached a total of 328,864 net tons, more than 80,000 tons in excess of January, 1905 or 1904, while the increase over January, 1903, was more than 140,000 tons. Of January, 1906 shipments, 15,207 tons were flour, 28,021 tons grain and thxseed, 118,810 tons coal, 18,353 tons ore and minerals, 43,779 tons lumber and logs, and 94,564 tons unclassified freight. Shipments of coal showed a remarkably heavy increase over January's shipments in preceding years, being more than twice the size of the corresponding movement in 1905. This increase is, no doubt, in part due to the effort of affected industries to procure unusually large supplies of coal in order to safeguard their interests in the event of a general strike.

Grain receipts at Boston during January amounted to 4,124,664 bushels; at New York, 13,047,885 bushels; at Philadelphia, 7,294,791 bushels; at Baltimore, 9,432,194 bushels; at New Orleans, 8,482,075 bushels, and at San Francisco, 1,671,529 bushels, making a total at these six markets of 43,963,138 bushels, as compared with 27,086,459 bushels received during January, 1905. All markets showed a gain with the exception of San Francisco, the increase at Baltimore being the greatest, amounting to nearly 5,000,000 bushels.

The cotton brought into sight during the month of January amounted to 904,189 bales, over 50,000 bales less than in January, 1904. It was also the lightest movement for any month of the current season. During the five months ending Jan. 31, 1906, the amount of cotton brought into sight was 7,807,586 bales, as compared with 8,988,357 bales during similar months in 1904-5 and 8,009,622 bales in 1903-4, while the net overland movement for the same months was 517,827 bales in 1905-6, 629,677 bales in 1904-5, and 616,881 bales in 1903-4. Of the American spinners' takings for the first five months of the current season, which amounted to 2,635,687 bales, 1,482,806 bales went to Northern mills and 1,152,881 bales to Southern mills. During the corresponding months of 1904-5 similar takings totaled 2,505,801 bales, of which 1,383,754 bales were consigned to Northern mills and 1,122,047 bales to Southern mills.

Receipts of cotton at leading interior towns from Sept. 1, 1905, to Jan. 26, 1906, reached a total of 388,759 bales, as compared with 355,029 bales received during the corresponding period of 1904-05, and 489,638 bales in 1903-04. Cities receiving over 10,000 bales during the first five months of the current season were Houston, Texas, 146,067 bales; Memphis, Tenn., 80,951 bales; St. Louis, Mo., 52,624 bales; Augusta, Ga., 14,700 bales, and Little Rock, Ark., 14,171 bales.

Cotton receipts at United States ports from Sept. 1, 1905, to Jan. 31, 1906, amounted to 5,702,095 bales, of which 3,381,719 bales were received at Gulf ports and 2,221,095 at Atlantic ports. The ports receiving over a million bales were Galveston, 1,809,555 bales; Savannah, 1,144,389 bales, and New Orleans, 1,029,998 bales. The receipts of cotton at all ports during the corresponding period of 1904-5 were 6,670,236 bales, and in 1903-04, 5,997,542 bales.

Shipments of anthracite coal during January from Eastern producing regions reached a total of 5,458,084 tons, more than a million tons greater than shipments for January, 1905, or January, 1904, and only a little over 500,000 tons below the exceptionally large movement in January, 1903. In fact, the January, 1906, shipments have been exceeded in only four months during the past six years.

Coke production at Connelsville during the first four weeks of January amounted to 1,137,000 tons, exceeding that for the first four weeks of January, 1905, by over 100,000 tons, and that for the first four weeks of January, 1904, by nearly 200,000 tons. This production was larger than that which occurred during the first four weeks in any of the three preceding years, and the cars required to handle it numbered 57,672, compared with 49,352 employed during the first four weeks of January, 1905, and 39,368 in January, 1904. Of the shipments for the first four weeks of 1906, 17,432 cars were destined to Pittsburg, and 8,206 cars to points east of Connellsville. Of the ovens employed in manufacturing coke in the vicinity of Connellsville less than one-half of 1 per cent were idle during the first four weeks of January, 1906.

The runs from wells in petroleum pipeline territory during January reached a total of 3,166,998.41 barrels, while other receipts aggregated 3,879,196.83 barrels. Regular dividends during the same period were 2,351,816.54 barrels and other deliveries 3,478,955.87 barrels. During January, 1905, runs from wells amounted to 3,743,001.13 barrels; other receipts, 3,065,936.25 barrels; regular deliveries, 3,227,945.71 barrels, and other deliveries, 2,980,519.26 barrels.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST
DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.
Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1 50. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

MILD WEATHER IS FAVORABLE

For the Production and Consumption of Pig Iron.

Cleveland, March 8.—The Iron Trade Review says: The long continued mild weather has been favorable for both production and consumption of pig iron. All foundries have been very busy and current orders for foundry grades indicate that buyers are melting more than they expected. The market for Southern iron is not so strong. The furnaces are showing a disposition to lower quotations, at least to the amount of the additional freight rates of 25 cents, which became effective March 1, and in a few instances on very desirable business $13.75 Birmingham for No. 2 has been shaded. The United States Steel corporation has taken all of the Bessemer which the Bessemer association had to offer for March delivery, about 7,000 tons, and is expected to come into the market again at an early date.

The demand for structural material continues very active. It is expected that 12,000 tons of material will be required for new buildings along Broadway, New York. Among recent contracts awarded, there were 14,000 tons to the American Bridge company for the Japanese government for bridges, the material to be rolled at the Ambridge plant.

The demand for rails is still strong in spite of the heavy orders which have been placed. The Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel company at Youngstown will be taken off bars and put on rails.

The demand for wire and wire products has been so active that there has been some discussion as to the advisability of advancing prices, but the leading interest is opposed to such action. Western mills are rushed with orders and are having difficulty in giving satisfactory delivery.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

MANUFACTURING JEWELERS
333 W. MICHIGAN ST.
Trade Work a Specialty. Makers and Repairers of Gold and Silver Jewelry. Highest Cash price paid for old gold and silver

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Whatever your taste, whatever your prejudice or preferences, whatever you spend—you can get a better cigar for your money from a Box branded with the Triangle A.

This Triangle A represents the product of the American Cigar Company's new methods of cigar manufacture—the ripe, rich, deliciously smooth and even flavor instilled in the tobacco through exclusive processes of fermenting and blending.

ANNA HELD

CIGAR—5c.

reveals the benefits obtained for you through the perfection of these heretofore unknown processes. The "Anna Held" was popularly satisfying as a 10-cent cigar. An expenditure of several millions of dollars for the necessary equipment has made it possible to maintain the 10-cent quality while reducing the price to 5 cents. For a good smoke buy the "Anna Held."

Sold by all dealers in good cigars.

Trade supplied by GEO. R. NEWELL & CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

The "Smoke Story" is a book which tells all about these new methods of cigar production. We send it free.

AMERICAN CIGAR COMPANY
111 Fifth Ave., New York

5¢

BETRAYED BY WOMAN

Her Talk Likely to Send Three Men to Electric Chair.

All Held on Charge of Murder of Cincinnati Saloonkeeper.

Cincinnati, March 8.—While the police force of Cincinnati is blessing the loose tongue of Mrs. Lizzie Campbell, three men are spending their spare moments denouncing it.

It threatens to send all of them to the electric chair.

William H. Jackson, alias Davis; Danny Dodson, alias Wright, and Charles Campbell are the three men.

They are awaiting the action of the grand jury on the evidence in the murder of Henry Raisch, a saloonkeeper, on the night of Feb. 15.

When their case came up, the three together with the woman, Campbell's wife, who is held as a witness, waived preliminary examination and were bound over to the grand jury.

The police admit that all their efforts to find the murderers of Henry Raisch would have amounted to nothing had it not been for the proverbial inability of "the woman in the case" to keep a secret.

On the night of the murder three men entered the saloon of Henry Raisch at Front and Plum streets, and, with drawn revolvers, commanded "every body, hands up."

Two of the men were blue handkerchiefs over the lower portions of their faces and the third, the leader, a red bandanna.

In the saloon at the time beside Raisch, who was behind the bar, were his wife and three or four patrons, the latter in the back portion of the saloon. At the command "Hands up," Mrs. Raisch screamed and started to run from the room.

Raisch had a beer mug in his hand at the time and started to put it down behind the bar. The chief of the gang evidently thought the saloonkeeper was reaching for a pistol and fired, the bullet catching Raisch squarely in the forehead and killing him instantly.

Then the three ran from the place.

The murder was the culmination of a reign of thuggery which had existed in the city for several weeks. On the two nights previous two bold street car robberies were committed. The police associated all the crimes with the same gang, and several arrests were made on suspicion.

Friday morning following the tragedy Mr. Lizzie Campbell went to the saloon of George Brink, 311 West Third street, to get a can of beer. Brink was reading the story of the murder and mentioned it to the woman as a daring piece of work.

"Oh, the Cincinnati police are on the bum," replied Mrs. Campbell as she lifted her pail of beer from the bar. "They could not even land the men who have been doing the street car jobs. I see where they pinched some men early this morning. I can tell them right now, though, that they have not got the right man. The fellows who did that job last night are reading about it now and laughing at the wooden-headed cops."

Brink, who is an ex-policeman, became suspicious and telephoned to headquarters. Detectives Houillion, Sweeney, Dwyer, Calnan, Keatting, Kincaid and McIvermott were rushed to Brink's saloon, where they learned the address of the Campbell woman.

They went to her room at 311 West Third street and, as she opened the door, the officers rushed in.

Charles W. Campbell, the woman's husband, was lying on the bed and, as the officers stepped in he reached under his pillow for a pistol. Sweeney and Houillion grabbed him and, as the two pinioned him to the bed, Calnan reached under the pillow and drew out a revolver.

Dwyer seized Danny Dodson, who sat on the foot of the bed. As he did so, Dodson reached under the bed covers and grabbed a pistol, but, before he could use it, the weapon was jerked from him.

The men were rushed off to the police station while the room was searched and the woman sweated.

Two blue handkerchiefs and a red one wer found in the room, as well as several cartridges.

"Which one of these men killed the saloonkeeper—your husband?" was the first shot fired at Mrs. Campbell.

"Oh, no! Honest he did not! 'Kid' Harris killed him," she replied. "Harris came here last night and admitted to me that he killed the saloonkeeper and said that he was going to Chattanooga. I suppose he went."

The woman was then taken to the police station and locked up. Search was begun for "Kid" Harris, who was found the same day at Louisville. He established an alibi.

Meanwhile the police were working on another clew and Friday arrested the third of the trio, who proved to be William H. Jackson, who was taken when he went to collect some money due him for service in a coal yard.

In all the examinations, the finger of suspicion pointed toward Campbell as the man who fired the shot. The wife of the murdered man identified him as the robber who had shot her husband.

One of the patrons of the saloon said he was pretty sure Campbell was the man who fired the shot.

This news was broken to Mrs. Campbell and, in an instant, the flippant air of bravado which she had maintained disappeared. She asked to see the newspapers, which would bear out the officers' statements. They were shown to her and she asked to be left alone for a while.

Her request was granted and for two hour she paced the floor of her cell like an enraged tigress, alternately sobbing, cursing and praying. At the end of that time she said she wished to talk and on being taken before the officers made a confession in which she said that Dodson was the man who fired the shot and that he had confessed as much to her.

Her husband was the next to weaken and his confession bore out word for word that of his wife, naming Dodson as the murderer. When told that the other two had confessed, Jackson weakened and dictated a statement bearing out those of the other two prisoners without knowing what they said.

Dodson is still mum and refuses to make any statement whatever, his one damaging admission being made in a burst of uncontrollable rage.

He was confronted by Jackson and Campbell and told that they had confessed and, that he would better do likewise.

"Why, you cowards, don't you know that you will get just what I get?"

"That's right," remarked the questioning detective. "You will go to the chair."

"You bet they will," replied Dodson, "and they ought to."

The prosecutor holds that, under the law, the three men are equally guilty and all are held on a charge of first-degree murder. All three ascribe their troubles to the woman and curse her vigorously; even her husband, to save whose neck she confessed, having turned against her.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

OCTOGENARIAN MISER

Died of Excitement Over His Approaching Wedding to Girl.

Geneva, March 8.—A miser, 82 years old, who lived in the village of Gessevay, Canton of Berne, died last week from excitement, caused by the preparations for his marriage to a 20-year-old girl, the belle of the village.

When the police entered the miser's house they found gold, silver and notes hidden in every par. of the building. There were banknotes up the chimney, gold in a nightcap, $20 in silver in a stocking, more notes in an old boot, and coins secreted in mantel ornaments, under the carpet, and even in the back of a clock.

The miser, who also had $20,000 in a local bank, lived on 6 cents a day, and did his own cooking and washing in order to save money.

TOO LAZY TO GET UP.

Miner Shot Out Light and Perished in the Fire.

Bluefield, W. Va., March 8.—That his name is unknown matters little in these chronicles. His deed will his elegy supply and deserve for him a niche in the halls of fame, along with a page in the fire annals of West Virginia. Anyhow, he was a miner at Norwood, this county. Yesterday morning, after a large night, he jumped into bed, forgetting to put out the light. Rather than get up in the cold he reached under his pillow for his gun, and from the bed essayed to snuff out his coal-oil burner with a shot. The subsequent proceedings didn't interest him enough to cause him to move, and after the fire he started had burned several stores and a saloon and a string of dwelling shacks, inflicting a loss of $20,000, his body was found in the ruins.

Old Underoof Rye

has an earned reputation for superior quality.

CHAS. DENNEHY & COMPANY,
Chicago. 5

ARGUMENT FOR ROADS

Settlement of 200 Homesteaders That is Practically Isolated.

Settlers Pay Railroad Fare of Representative Before County Board.

In unorganized territory within the borders of St. Louis county, from twelve to eighteen miles from the town of Angora and some eight or ten miles from the St. Louis and Itasca county line, is a settlement of about 200 farmers who are seriously considering the question of whether they can hold out until they get suitable roads into their district, or whether they will have to give up their land, after all the trouble and work they have put on it in the last two or three years and seek another locality where they may have the advantage of a road to the railroad or to market.

This state of affairs was brought to the attention of the board of county comissioners yesterday when Claus Olson, a homesteader in section 61-20-8, appeared before it in behalf of his neighbors and made a plea that the comissioners render the homesteaders some relief, if possible, in the way of an appropriation to properly repair the Tower and Itasca road through the two of three townships that have been partially settled up.

Mr. Olson stated that the settlers had taken up a collection and provided railroad fare for him to come to Duluth and tell the county commissioners of their dire necessity for road improvement if they wish to save their homesteads.

"Travel on the road this winter, with the ground frozen and covered with two feet of snow is very easy," Mr. Olson said, "but in the summer season the road is in terrible condition and almost impassable."

He told the board that it took him one and a half days to haul a load of wheat four miles over the road and then he injured one of his horses to such an extent that it has not been able to do much work since. He recited instances that happened last summer of homesteaders buying flour and then paying from $1 to $1.50 per fifty-pound sack to have it hauled in fifteen miles from the railroad. Last fall, in order to haul his hay crop from his field to his barn, Mr. Olson claimed that he spent over six days cutting out the roadway so that he could get through with a wagon having a six-foot rack.

Mr. Olson claimed that the homesteaders that are in there now are getting very much discouraged over the prospects, although they regard the soil as splendidly adapted to crops of all kinds. He says that it is the lack of a road to get in and out that has made the cost of getting supplies so expensive that many other people who have been intending to hometsead lands in that locality hesitate. He claims that with the road repaired to such an extent that the settlers could ge in and out with facility to the railroad, the country would settle up rapidly.

Last year, so Mr. Olson said, the appropriation for the Tower and Itasca road was only $500, and when this came to be spread over twenty-one miles of highway, nothing was accomplished.

Mr. Olson's talk caused quite a discussion among the county commissioners as to the best thing to be done to afford the homesteaders relief, some suggesting that the farmers ought to get together and organize a town. Mr. Olson said they were rather opposed to a township formation for the reason that they could not see how they would be benefited. He claimed that if they had an organization the officers would have to be paid and the money might better be used on making roads.

It is claimed that it would cost the county at least $20,000 to repair the road through the three townships containing the settlers and the sum is not now available for the purpose. Some of the commissioners thought it would be five years, possibly, before the road can be repaired clear through the unorganized townships in question.

In the meantime the county board has promised to look farther into the matter and to devise some means, if possible, of affording some relief to the settlers this coming year.

RETURNED FROM FUNERAL

Of One Daughter, Only to Find Other Had Died.

Hamilton, O., March 8.—William Young, an employe of the Cincinnati Brewing company on Monday buried his 14-year-old daughter Gertrude, and when the family returned from the cemetery they found their 3-months-old daughter dead of the measles. Walter, aged 9, a son, is seriously ill of the same disease and the father was unable to attend the funeral of his daughter, he being fatally ill of a complication of diseases.

CLIMBED THE STACK,

And Threw Kiss to Folks Who Saw Her Do It.

Evansville, Ind., March 8.—Refusing to take a dare, pretty Jeanette Dougherty, a high school girl, climbed to the top of a smokestack, 222 feet high, and standing there threw a kiss to the people below, who had gathered to witness her feat.

HATS OFF

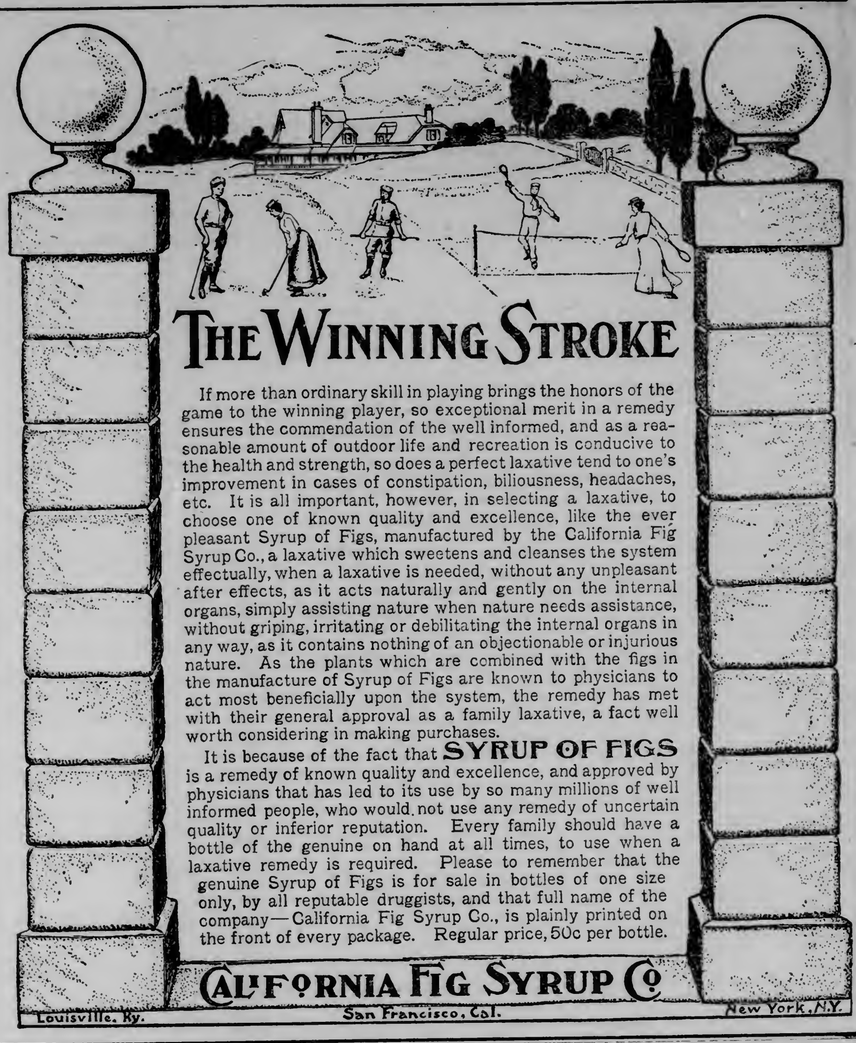
In Church, the Request Made of Women By Rev. Wilson.

New York, March 8.—At the request of the men of his congregation, who not only want to hear, but see the preacher as well, Rev. Warren H. Wilson, pastor of the Arlington Avenue Presbyterian church, Arlington avenue and Elton street, Brooklyn, has requested that the women in the congregation remove their hats before the services begin.

HATPIN

In Hands of a Woman Put the Masher to Flight.

Cleveland, O., March 8.—A hatpin in the hands of a milliner put a masher howling to flight Sunday night on East Sixth street. The young woman gave her name as Mary Harrington, and said she lived in Pittsburg. She lunched in a downtown restaurant on her way to a train Sunday night. The masher was at a near-by table. When she left he followed her and on the sidewalk outside he matched his steps to hers and spoke. She pulled a long pin from her hat and jabbed the fellow in the arm. The masher shrieked and scrambled out of reach.



THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that **SYRUP OF FIGS** is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists, and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

Always Keeps Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in His House.

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W. W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked at the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. This remedy is also without a peer for croup in children, and will prevent the attack when given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, which can only be done when the remedy is kept at hand. For sale by all druggists.

MARTHA STOLE GEMS

From Supreme Judge's Wife, But Police Recovered Them.

Georgetown, Ky., March 8.—Martha Bigstaff, who lives in a house in the rear of Mrs. James E. Cantrill, wife of the Appellate judge, offered several diamonds for sale in this city and sold one to a local jeweler. It was learned later that she had stolen the gems from Mrs. Cantrill. Chief of Police Zach Lusby has recovered twelve diamonds, an emerald, a diamond ring and part of a necklace. The diamonds had been taken from the settings. The value of the recovered stones is placed at $500. The girl is only 14 years old and will probably be sent to the house of correction.

Louisville, Ky., and Return $23.55.

On March 15, 16, 17 and 18, the "North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return, at $23.55. Tickets good for return March 31st.

Account American Bowling Congress. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

"Fame is a revenue payable only to our ghosts," while thrift is a daily meal ticket. The favorite literature of thrifty people is the advertising printed in their evening paper.

OLD SORES CURED

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All sorts of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 50c and $1. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Photographed From Life.

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Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth

Old Remedy. *New Form.*

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in

CAPSULES.

The *tasteless, quick* and *thorough* cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York

MOVING

We are experts in moving pianos and household furniture. Covered vans, if desired.

STORING

Let us store your furniture in our fine new warehouse at 510-512-513 East Superior Street. Special room for pianos. Private rooms if desired.

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All kinds of goods packed for shipment or otherwise. Packing material for sale. We make arrangement for your shipping without extra cost.

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Both Phones 492. Office 210 W. Superior St.

DISEASES OF MEN

Others Treat, But We Cure. You Can Pay When Cured. Honest Dealing and Cures Guaranteed.

The Old Reliable Doctor—Oldest in Age and Longest Located. A Regular Graduate in Medicine, Over 33 Years' Special Practice—23 Years in Minneapolis. Age and Experience Are Important.

Authorized by the State to Treat All

Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases

Cures guaranteed or money refunded. Charges low. No detention from business. Patients at a distance treated by mail and express. Medicines furnished ready for use—free from gaze or breakage. Over 40,000 cases cured. State your case and send for terms. Consultation free and confidential, personally or by letter.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS AND SEXUAL DEBILITY—The results of youthful follies and excesses. I stop night losses, restore sexual power, nerve and brain power, enlarge and strengthen weak parts—fit for marriage.

STRICTURE AND GLEET radically cured with a new and Infallible Home Treatment. No instruments, no pain, no detention from business. Cure guaranteed. Book and list of questions free—sent sealed.

SYPHILIS, blood poisoning and all private diseases permanently cured.

VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE AND PHIMOSIS permanently cured in a few days without pain or danger.

NO CURE, NO PAY. Rupture, Piles and Fistula cured without the knife. Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Address DR. T. J. PIERCE, 125 West Superior street, Duluth.

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BE WISE AND USE
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CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

NERVOUS?
Do you lack your former energy?
PALMO TABLETS
replace weakness with strength; make you look younger, too.
50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.
For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN, Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 325 Superior St., Duluth, Minn

D. E. H., March 8, 1906.

If You Are After

Good Things Cheap

you can get them this week at The Columbia's After-Inventory Sale. Everything in every department of which we found three or less garments of one kind has been bunched into a few new lots and priced at less than the original cost.

This is the last call! Listen!

Men's Suit Sale.

LOT 1—Suits picked from our very finest numbers, mostly Stein-Bloch garments of the $25, $22, $20 and $18 qualities, marked down to..... **$14.75**

LOT 2—For qualities up to and including quite a number of $18 suits down now to..... **$8.75**

LOT 3—The culls of the stock, mostly small sizes, but good in quality, originally sold as high as $10, $15 and $18, now down to..... **$5.00**

Men's Trouser Sale.

LOT 1—Consists of about 40 pairs that sold from $1.50 to $3.00, you can choose from these at..... **75c**

LOT 2—Consists of about 150 pairs, not all sizes, of every kind but plenty of every size in the lot. These trousers originally sold at $3, $3.50 and $4. You may take your choice at..... **$1.79**

LOT 3—Consists of about 200 pairs sold from $3.50 to $5.00—most of them good, choice patterns but not all sizes in every lot, your choice of these..... **$2.38**

LOT 4—About 150 trousers selected from our very finest line and consisting mostly of the Paragon make, which everybody knows sell ordinarily at not less than $5 up to $7.50— you may choose from this lot at..... **$3.38**

Men's Top Coats and Spring Overcoats.

LOT 1—About 20 top coats, mostly small sizes, different shades and patterns, that have been sold for $10, $12.50 and $15. Your choice..... **$5.00**

LOT 2—About 25 top coats—sorted patterns and colors—sold as high as $18. Take your choice..... **$7.75**

LOT 3—About 40 men's top coats, picked from our very highest grades which sold up as high as $20. This lot includes a large portion of the Stein-Bloch make. Your choice of these..... **$9.75**

Manhattan Shirt Sale.

We just received our first invoice for the new spring Manhattan shirts and as our purchase this spring is exceedingly large we have decided to sell out every Manhattan Shirt now in stock, nothing reserved—soft or stiff bosoms—ranging up as high as $2.50. Take your choice, while they last, for..... **98c**

Men's Hat Sale.

Included in this lot is a lot of sample hats, which we purchased last week from Mr. Stewart, representative of Gordon & Ferguson. This consists of the entire sample line, ranging in value up to $3.00. We put these on sale unreservedly, with the exception of the Gordon stiff hats, at..... **$1.25**

Young Men's Suit Sale

LOT 1—About 100 young men's suits that range in price from $8 to $12, including blacks, grays and fancy mixtures. Take your choice..... **$5.95**

LOT 2—This lot consists of a selection of suits of our very finest lines, including Pecks' and Stein-Bloch, ranging in price from $12 to $20. The largest part of them are black, unfinished worsteds and Thibets. Take your choice. **$9.75**

LOT 3—Contains about 20 coats and vests—the culls of the entire stock—mostly light colored, but good in quality. Some of these, when suits complete were as high as $12 and $15. You can take your choice, of coats and vests..... **$1.00**

Young Men's Overcoat Sale.

About 30 young men's overcoats, heavy, long, single-breasted garments, assorted colors and patterns, sold for $12.50— now..... **$5.00**

Young Men's Trouser Sale.

LOT 1—Consists of about 50 pairs of young men's long trousers, sold at $1.50, $2 and $2.50. Your choice..... **98c**

LOT 2—About 50 pairs young men's long trousers picked from our very best lines and ranging up to $4 in price. Take your choice in this lot at..... **$1.98**

Children's Overcoat Sale.

We have taken everything that we have left that sold a $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4 and some $5 coats, put them all into one lot, your choice..... **$1.98**

Children's Mackinaw Suits.

About 25 Children's Mackinaw Suits, in blue and red, did sell at $5, now..... **$1.95**

Columbia Clothing Co.

Burrows Block, Duluth, Minn.

Foot-Note: Wear The Columbia $3.50 Shoe.

CHAMPION TRAVELER.

Atchison Kas., Globe: Secretary Taft is the champion long distance traveler of modern times. Since he became governor of the Philippines, in May, 1900, Secretary Taft has traveled at least 100,000 miles in pursuance of his official duties. Of the time required for his journeyings, 360 days were spent at sea and six full weeks in railway trains. In the course of his first trip to the Philippines, Secretary Taft made a journey of 5,500 miles around the islands, establishing provincial governments. His original trip out by way of Shanghai and Honkkong covered nearly 12,000 miles. He came back to the United States in poor health, and traveled several thousand miles on the mainland here. He returned to the Philippines by way of Rome. Then he came from Manila to this country to become secretary of war. He next went to Panama and recently he escorted a congressional delegation across the Pacific and around the Philippines. So far as purely official traveling goes, he has established a record that is likely to stand for many years.

ATTENDED THE WEDDING.

Pittsburg Cor. Chicago Tribune: The strange man listened to the group of suburbanites discuss the Alice Roosevelt wedding.

"Gentlemen," said he, "I attended that wedding, and I was the only fellow there that didn't have an invitation."

"How did you get in?" piped up the secretary of the Lawn Tennis association.

"I walked in," replied the stranger, "as nobody saw me."

"But there were guards, and they must have seen you," added the professor.

"Oh, yes, the guards saw me, but nobody paid any attention to me."

"And didn't it cost you anything to get in?"

"Judge for yourself, stranger, I am Mr. Alice Roosevelt, the man she married."

We Resole your Shoes While You Wait!

Other Shops Do It While You Linger.

There is a difference. Our "Ads" are copied, but not our work nor our equipment. **Goodyear Welt Resoling** (only improved method.) **Men's, 75c. Women's 60c. NAILED SOLES:—Men's, 50c. Women's, Misses' and Boys', 40c.** Our prices on other work proportionately reasonable.

THE GOPHER SHOE WORKS

10 First Ave. W. Rear of Albenberg's.

GOODDELL PROMOTED

Y. M. C. A. Assistant Secretary Will Take Charge at Marshalltown.

He Makes Seventh Graduate From Duluth in Seven Years.

John A. Gooddell, who for several years past has been assistant secretary of the Duluth Y. M. C. A., will leave the city about May 1 to take a position as general secretary of the Young Men's Christian association of Marshalltown, Iowa.

Mr. Gooddell has been very popular in Duluth with both the association members and the directors of the association, and he will leave a vacancy that will be hard to fill. He took a very active part in the recent campaign for the funds necessary to construct the new association building, and also in the recent membership campaign which resulted in the Duluth association securing the largest membership of any association in the state.

His work here attracted the attention of the directors of the Marshalltown association, who were looking about for a new secretary, and Mr. Gooddell was given the call. He tendered his resignation to the Duluth board today.

The Marshalltown association has just completed a new building, and it has a membership of between 500 and 600. It is a combined railroad and city association, and there is a big field for the building up of the society there, under energetic management.

"We are very sorry to see Mr. Gooddell go," said Mr. Bevis, the general secretary of the Duluth association, today, "but he will have a wider field for work there, and it will be a well earned advancement."

Mr. Gooddell's promotion adds another to the list of graduates from the Duluth association, which is rapidly gaining a name as a training school for association secretaries. The first to leave was W. H. Wing, who became general secretary at Saginaw, and who is now conducting a successful campaign to raise $75,000 for a new building.

Charles J. Allen, secretary of the Fargo association, is a graduate of the Duluth school, and he has just completed a building campaign.

Carl Schumann, whose work in South America is well known in Duluth, is a third graduate in Duluth.

J. G. Hamaker, secretary of the boys' department at Asheville, is a former Duluth assistant secretary.

Swan Erickson is a sixth graduate. He left Duluth to become general secretary of the Mobile association, and is now in association work in Japan.

Paul J. Gilbert is another graduate, who left to take up evangelistic work, but who will return to the association work this summer.

Mr. Gooddell makes the seventh man to graduate in seven years.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

COPPER STOCKS TAKE A BRACE

Listed Stocks Are Much Stronger But Bisbee's Still Weak.

The copper stock market revived to some extent today. Most of the listed stocks which have been prominent in the recent declines were stronger at the close today. North Butte opened at $79 and advanced to $82.25, and declined to $81. The close was $81.50 bid and $82 asked. Amalgamated opened at $104.25, declined to $103.37½ and advanced to $105, closing at $104.87½ bid and $105 asked. United Copper opened at $63.87½ and sold as high as $64.62½, closing at $64 bid and $64.25 asked. Anaconda opened at $258.50 and advanced to $265.27½, closing at $265 asked. Butte Coalition sold at $37 and closed at $36 bid and $37 asked.

Copper Queen of Idaho opened at $3.50 and closed at $3 bid and $3.50 asked. Very little was offered at $3.50.

The Bisbee stocks did not show symptoms of recovery today, despite the upward tendency of listed stocks. It was expected that Calumet & Arizona would become a listed stock today, but no announcements to that effect were made. The stock sold at $113 and closed at $112 bid and $114 asked. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $30.50 and closed at $30 bid and $31 asked; Denn-Arizona closed at $25 asked; Junction at $25 bid and $26 asked; Lake Superior & Pittsburg sold at $40.50 bid and $41.50 asked, Pittsburg & Duluth sold at $22 and $21.50, closing at $22 bid and $22.50 asked.

Black Mountain was inactive and closed at $10.37½ bid. Keweenaw sold at $14 and closed at $14 bid and $14.50 asked, Warren at $15 bid and $15.50 asked, and Sullivan at $2.50 asked.

WITTY SPEAKER AT BANQUET

Congressman Adams Will Speak at Garfield Club Affair.

The Herald has received a dispatch from its Washington correspondent which says that Representative Henry C. Adams of Madison, Wis., has accepted an invitation to the banquet to be given on the evening of March 23, by the Garfield Republican club of Duluth. Mr. Adams is said to be one of the cleverest after-dinner speakers in congress and as a campaign orator is said to rank with the best. Only last week he delivered an after-dinner talk at the banquet of the Wisconsin society in New York, and it was declared to be the wittiest of a program of very witty speeches.

He will be one of the principal speakers of the evening at the Garfield club banquet.

CHINESE EMPEROR ILL.

Pekin, March 8.—The emperor of China, Tsai Tien, is ill. Telegrams have been dispatched to all the viceroys asking them to send their best physicians to Pekin. The physicians at the palace here say that the emperor's illness is serious, but not alarming.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

We will place on Sale Tomorrow Morning

Handsome Models in Evening or Opera Wraps

At $50, $62.50 and $85

Formerly $87.50 to $150.00.

Also several models formerly $39.50 to $49.50 at

$25.00

And a few of those on sale at

$15.00

Formerly $35 to $50.

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS

Smoke none but home made Union Label cigars.

The grand jury made its first report to the court this morning, returning two indictments, neither of which are made public.

To clear its title to a tract of West Duluth land, comprising a little over eight acres, and in the vicinity of its plant in that part of the city, the American Carbonite company has started suit against the West Duluth Land company.

Rev. S. W. Court of Superior will preach at the evangelical services to be held this evening at Grace M. E. church.

The missionary society of the First Christian church, will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 p. m. at the home of Mrs. Murphy, 11 West Second street.

E. P. Towne has entered suit in the municipal court to recover $500 for attorney's services claimed to have been rendered C. O. Nelson.

The Royal Arch Masons began yesterday afternoon the initiation of a class of candidates from the range. A banquet was served at the Masonic Temple at 6:30 p. m. and the ceremonies were completed last evening.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the police department had as yet been unable to learn the identity of the man who was drowned in the harbor early this morning.

James Hill was tried in the municipal court this afternoon on the charge of stealing an overcoat from John Kavista in a Lake avenue lodging house, but the evidence against him was not sufficient to warrant his conviction.

J. D. Rielkie, engineer of the First National bank building, was arraigned in the municipal court this afternoon on the charge of assault. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for March 24.

PERSONALS

L. B. Arnold, assistant land commissioner of the Duluth & Iron Range road, is in Chicago on business.

Edward J. Lynch of St. Paul, assistant commissioner of the state bureau of labor, is in the city today for the first time in his official capacity. He is looking over the situation in Duluth as regards matters that are of interest to his office, and appears to be satisfied with condition as he finds them.

M. H. Alworth left for Tarpon Spring, Fla., today.

George H. Croby left over the Northern Pacific today for California points.

Millie Bunnell and G. G. Hartley have returned from a trip to Pacific coast points.

Miss Madge Millar left for Chicago today.

D. T. Adams left for Chicago today.

Howard Coulby, president and general manager of the Pittsburg Steamship Co., returned east today after a short stay in Duluth.

Miss Louise Caldwell of Hibbing is registered at the McKay.

J. A. Campbell of Aurora, Minn., is a guest at the Lenox.

INSURANCE MEN ARE INDICTED

President and Two Vice Presidents of Mutual Reserve.

New York, March 8.—Three indictments against officers of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company were handed down by the grand jury today. Those indicted are Frederick A. Burnham, president; George D. Eldridge, first vice president, and George Burnham, Jr., second vice president.

SLEEP DESTROYER.

The Old Fashioned Coffee.

She suffered from nervousness by day and sleeplessness by night.

"Up to three years ago," writes a young woman, "I was in the habit of drinking coffee freely and did not realize that it was injuring my health till I was suddenly made the victim of nervous headaches so violent that I was compelled to give up household activities and stay in bed much of the time. Then insomnia came upon me and the wretchedness of sleepless nights was added to the agony of painful days.

"This lasted till a year ago, when I was persuaded by a friend to give up coffee entirely and use Postum Food coffee. The result was, in less than a week I began to feel the change for the better, my nerves grew stronger and I began to sleep a little. Day by day the improvement continued and in a short time, I was restored to health. My headaches left me, the nervousness passed away entirely, and I enjoy good, sound sleep every night.

"This is what I owe to Postum, and I feel it but right to tell you of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

ARRANGING FOR A LOAN

Russians Imperatively Need a Large Sum of Money.

New French Cabinet's Attitude Will Have Important Bearing.

St. Petersburg, March 8.—The fall of the French cabinet created much interest in government and diplomatic circles here because of its possible influence on negotiations at Algeciras and the dual alliance. At the foreign office the crisis was attributed to interior conditions and it is not believed that it will affect France's foreign policy. M. Rouvier's retention at the head of the foreign office is expected to offset the influence of M. Millerand, if he is appointed premier the latter not being regarded as a special friend of the Russo-France alliance. The French cabinet's attitude towards the new Russian loan is specially important to Russia at the present time. Minister of Finance Shipoff has summoned the prominent Moscow and St. Petersburg bankers and they are in conference with him on the question of a new interior loan.

Herr Mendelssohn, the Berlin banker, is also here in consultation with Premier Witte and M. Shipoff. It is explained that Herr Mendelssohn came here of his own accord. He had been virtually acting as the Russian government's agent in trying to place in small lots the loan of $200,000,000 authorized two months ago, but has met with little success. The exact character of the negotiations which Herr Mendelssohn is now conducting is not revealed.

The Russian bankers offer to float an interior loan of between $25,000,000 and $50,000,000 at 5 per cent, with the issue price at 86, if the government will abandon its scheme for a new lottery. The latter the government is willing to do, but objects to the price of the interior loan proposed by the bankers. M. Davidoff, chief of the department of credit operations of the ministry of finance, said: "The government has made no secret of the necessity for raising an immense sum, but all the $850,000,000 needed to liquidate the war and Russian expenses will not be required in 1906. With $200,000,000 to $250,000,000 in 1906 and $150,000,000 in 1907 the balance sheet could be cleared."

The government realizes fully that everything depends on an improvement in the political situation in the interior. A comparison of the per capita taxation and indebtedness in Russia and other European countries furnishes ample evidence that the burden which Russia is carrying is far from hopeless considering the resources of the empire especially the fact that over half the debts is invested in railroads and other assets. Just now it was pointed out by M. Davidoff there are encouraging symptoms of an increase in the railroad receipts and the return of money to the savings banks and treasury which already enabled the government last month to retire $25,000,000 of paper which will be followed within a week by $12,500,000 more.

"Therefore," said M. Davidoff, "if the political situation improves the government will have no difficulty in borrowing what is needed if the situation does not improve it is useless to peculate upon what will happen."

IS MOVING OUT.

West Superior Street Saloonkeeper May Not Appear at Hearing.

It may be unnecessary for the council to conduct a hearing for the purpose of revoking the license of Hokan Swanson, the West Superior street saloonkeeper, who was recently convicted of a brutal assault in the municipal court.

The mayor recommended that the license be revoked and the council ordered him to appear and show cause why it should not be done. The hearing was set for Monday night, but today Swanson began moving out his fittings, and it is possible that he will not attempt to fight the charges against him.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

Cincinnati, March 8.—Mrs. Ethel Geachy Brown, whose dead body was taken from the Seine near Paris, France, yesterday was a native of Fayetteville, Ohio, from which place she removed with her parents twenty years ago to some unknown place. The identification was made through a clue found in this city today.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

Cicero said that "it is a mark of great wisdom to take precautions against reverses of fortune"—such precautions, for instance, as buying a bit of real estate now and then, while able to do so. Do not let yourself overlook the real estate ads.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

For the Opera

If you've neglected getting that Dress or Wrap, come tomorrow, and we'll get it to your home in time.

Long Gloves

"Perrin's" famous make—12, 16 or 20-button Glace or Suede; black, white and any shade to match your gown—$2.75, $3.25 and $5.

Long Silk Gloves

"Kayser's," black, white or shades to match your gown—$1.00 to $2.00.

"La Berettz,"

Right from France, 6-button, $1.50.

Kayser's Short Gloves --- New Spring Shades

have just arrived—50c, 75c and $1.00.

Beautiful Waists

of Messaline—lace or net — $8.75 to $65.00.

New Jeweled Combs

and Hair Ornaments. Fresh importations, unique and clever designs, $1.50 to $21.50.

SPECIAL — Jeweled Combs $1.00—a large importation has just arrived and is shown in our vestibule case; value $1.75, at $1

Paris Jewelry Novelt's

of every kind—Barretles, Brooches, Necklaces, Bracelets. Hat Pins, La Valliers.

GOLD BELTS OR BELTING

and separate buckles.

The Store That Leads

Giddings

Superior St. and 1st Ave. West.

Head Throws

Squares or long effects, $1.50 to $12.50.

Opera Bags Silk Hosiery

and many other novelties, if you've neglected getting.

THE GRAND JURY HEARS EVIDENCE

Of Payment of Rebates by Railroads to Sugar Trust.

New York, March 8.—Evidence of a definite agreement between the railroads running out of New York city upon a division of the sugar freight business and also the payment of rebates, was given before the United States grand jury here today. Representatives of W. R. Hearst, the complainant in the case, declared that the government was in possession of documentary proof on every point charged, and that the United States district attorney's office was confident of exposing the most startling relations existing between carrying and producing trusts.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western road, Lowell M. Palmer of the firm of Havemeyer & Elder (a dock company), and others are the defendants in the principal rebate action, and other railroads figure in other proceedings. Nearly every railroad with terminals in New York or in Jersey City is concerned in the proceedings and the heads and operating officials are likely to be among those subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury.

"One thing is certain," said an assistant in the United States district attorney's office, "the prosecution thinks sufficiently well of the evidence to go ahead with the case. From the time and attention which have been put upon its preparation, I should say it is a most important proceeding."

STRANGE TREASURES.

Heirlooms That Are Jealously Preserved by Distinguished Families.

If the heirlooms which are so jealously treasured in the stately homes of Britain could only be brought together they would make one of the most fascinating museums in the whole world, says London Tit-Bits.

Lord Elgin has among his many ancestral treasures at Broomhall the very helmet which the valiant Robert Bruce once wore and the huge two handed sword which he wielded with such deadly effect in many a hard fought fray; while the Douglas banner which floated in the thickest of the fight at Otterburn has come down to our times through nearly twenty generations of the descendants of Archibald Douglas, who bore it so gallantly.

The brooch of Lorn, too, which was taken from Robert Bruce at the battle of Dalrigh, has been preserved ever since at Donnelly castle by the family of McDougall. Another most interesting relic of Bruce days is the famous Lee penny which was the inspiration of Scott's "Talisman." This magical coin, which is a silver groat of Edward III.'s time, with a cornelian set in it, was brought from the East by Sir Simon Lockhart and is credited with wonderful powers of healing the sick and curing those who have been bitten by mad dogs.

Among the many memories of Sir Francis Drake to be seen in private houses is the very sword which was presented to him by the burgesses of Plymouth, and which now belongs to Sir Francis Elliott Drake of Buckland abbey. At Buckland abbey, also, are the drum which accompanied the great naval hero on his voyage in the Pelican; a cocoanut cup mounted in silver gilt, given by Queen Elizabeth to Sir Francis, and also a silver gilt standing dish and cover. At Kimberley hall, the Norfolk seat of Lord Kimberley, are many valuable memorials of old days, notably the silver hilt of the sword which his lordship's ancestor, Sir John Wadehouse, wielded at Agincourt, and a rosary of coral and gold presented to Sir Philip's wife by Queen Catherine of Valois.

BY INNUENDO.

Kansas City Journal: No member of the British parliament is permitted to say bluntly and directly that another is drunk, but he may hint at the fact in paraphrase, as when Mr. Gladstone, replying to an unconventional speech of Disraeli's, remarked: "The right honorable gentleman has evidently had access to sources of inspiration that are not open to me."

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Facial Massage, Manicuring, at Miss Horrigan's.

WANTED—BELL BOY. APPLY COMmercial club.

WANTED—FOR MILLINERY DEPARTment, second trimmer and two apprentices. Freimuth's.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, scrubbing, cleaning or any laundry work by the day; is a good worker. G 84, Herald.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR LOTS 20-49, block 145, Crosley Park addition. G 43, Herald.

RUPTURE AND PILES PERMANENTly cured, without surgery. Dr. Bardwell, Merchants' hotel. Hours, 12 to 2.

FOR SALE—FINE COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Call at Locksley hall, Twenty-third street.

MANICURING, FACE AND SCALP treatments. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Blk.

BIRTHS.

DANIELSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Danielson of 716 Forty-first avenue west, March 3.

JOHNSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Johnson of 3626 Traverse street, March 3.

NELSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Nelson of Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street, March 2.

HANSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hanson of 2719 Helm street, March 7.

DEATHS.

LOE—Mrs. G. E. Loe, aged 38 years, died March 7, at her home 701 East Fourth street. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Norwegian church.

GALLAGHER — Katherine Gallagher, aged 38 years, died yesterday at St. Mary's hospital. The body will be shipped to Decatur, Ill., for burial.

BUILDING PERMITS.

B. A. Diers, addition to building on New street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues west, to cost..... $100

Sigfrid Bloomquist, frame building on Fifty-first avenue west between Ramsey and Bristol streets, to cost..... 500

Nels Johnson, frame dwelling on Lake avenue and Marvin street, to cost..... 800

ADVANCES SLIGHTLY

Some Gain in Wheat With Chicago Market in the Lead.

Flax is Firmer and Small Amount Worked for Export.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 8.—Wheat was stronger today with Chicago leading in the advance and other markets dragging. There was some uneasiness over political affairs in France, but Liverpool was ¾@½d lower and Paris unchanged. Antwerp was 1¼c lower, Berlin ¾c lower, and Budapest ¼c lower. Broomhall estimates Argentine shipments for the week at 3,000,000 bus.

Exporters here had bids but they were considerably below the market, and no business was done. Some bids for wheat for shipment to the East in the spring were received, but they were about a cent below a working basis.

The May option advanced ¼c in Duluth, New York and Winnipeg, ⅝-½c in Chicago, ¼-⅝c in Minneapolis and ⅛-¼c in St. Louis and Kansas City.

Corn was firmer, the May option being ⅜c higher in Chicago, and the Liverpool market was ¼d to ½d lower. May oats in Chicago gained ¼c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 27, against 12 last year, and at Minneapolis 262, against 241 last year, making a total of 289 for the Northwest, against 256 last year. Chicago received 6, against 10 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 430,000 bus; last year, 465,000 bus. Shipments, 144,000 bus; last year, 270,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 134,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 510,000 bus; last year, 744,000 bus. Shipments, 435,000 bus; last year, 439,000 bus. Clearances were 355,000 bus.

Trading in wheat was steady in the Duluth market. May wheat opened ¼c lower at 76¾c and at 9:41 had advanced to 76¾c. At 10:45 the price had fallen to 76⅛c, and at 12:35 rallied to 76¾c. The closing price was 76¾c, a gain of ⅛c over yesterday. July wheat was inactive at the opening. It sold as high as 78¾c, and low as 77⅞c, closing at 78⅜c, a gain of ¼c over yesterday.

Flax was dull in the local market. A little was worked for export. Prices were 1¼c lower in Antwerp and unchanged in London. May flax opened ¼c lower at $1.12¾, advanced to $1.12⅝, fell to $1.12¼, advanced to $1.12½ and declined to $1.12⅝. The closing price was $1.12⅝, a gain of ⅛c over yesterday. July flax opened ¼c lower at $1.13⅜ and advanced to $1.14. The closing price was $1.14, a gain of ¼c over yesterday. September flax was inactive and closed at $1.13¼, a gain of ¼c over yesterday.

Oats to arrive and on track were ¼c lower, May oats ⅛c higher and rye ¼c lower. Barley was unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 75¼c; No. 2 northern, 73½c; on track, No. 1 northern, 76½c; No. 2 northern, 73½c; May, 76⅜c; July, 78¾c; September, 78c: durum, No. 1, 71c; No. 2, 68c. Flax—To arrive, $1.10⅝; on track, $1.10⅝; May, $1.12⅝; July, $1.14; September, $1.13¼; October, $1.12. Oats—To arrive, 29¼c; on track, 29¼c; May, 29¼c. Rye, 57c; barley, 37-45c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 27, last year, 12; oats, 28; rye, 5; barley, 7; flax, 8, last year, 4.

Receipts—Wheat, 31,371; oats, 32,421; rye, 932; barley, 17,365; flax, 46,107.

Shipments—Oats, 1,306.

Cash Sales Thursday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car $0.75½
No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars 74¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 75
No. 1 northern, 1 car 76½
No. 1 northern, 1 car 75¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 76¾
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car 73¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 73⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 73¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car 74
No. 2 northern, 1,500 bus 73½
No. 3 wheat, 5 cars 71¾
No. 3, 3 cars 72
No. 3, 2 cars 72½
Flax, 2 cars 1.10½
Flax, 1 car 1.10⅝
Flax, 316 bus 1.10
Barley, 1 car ..... .38
Barley, 5 cars ..... .39
Barley, 1 car ..... .40
Oats, 5,000 bus No. 3 white 29½
Oats, 5,000 bus No. 3 white 29¼
Durum wheat, 1 car No. 1 ..... .72
Rye, 1 car No. 3 ..... .55

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The Price of Wheat Grows Stronger After an Easy Opening.

Chicago, March 8.—The wheat market today grew strong after an easy opening. The cabinet crisis in France and its supposed relation to the dispute concerning Morocco, was the only bullish factor. There was, however, a good demand by commission houses and pit traders. The weather conditions in the wheat belt were reported favorable for the crop and offerings were light. May opened ½c higher to ¼c lower at 76⅝c to 77¼c, and sold for a time at 77⅝c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 315 cars against 272 cars last week and 266 cars a year ago.

The market slumped off sharply on renewed liquidation, May declining to 76¾c. The market became firm during the last hour on covering by shorts, and the close was strong at almost the highest point of the day. The final quotations of May were ⅜@½c higher at 77½@⅝c.

The corn market was firm, despite lower cables. Small local receipts were the chief factor favoring higher prices. Trading was very light. May opened a shade to ⅛c higher, at 43⅛@43¼c to 43¼@43⅜c, and advanced to 43½@43⅝c. Local receipts were 144 cars with 3 of contract grade.

Prices held firm all day. The close on May was firm and ⅜c higher at 43⅝c which was the high point of the day.

The market in oats was firm along with other grain, there being no special news of either a bullish or bearish character. Trading was very light. May opened unchanged to a shade lower, at 29⅝c to 29¾@30c, and sold up to 29½c. Local receipts were 103 cars.

The provision market opened easier because of a decline in the price of live hogs, but the early loss was soon recovered. May pork opened 10c lower, at $15.60 to $15.67½. Lard opened 2½@7½c lower, at $7.80. Ribs opened 2½c lower, at $8.25 to $8.27½.

Close: Wheat—May, 77½@78c; July, 77⅞@78c. Corn—May, 43⅝c; July, 43⅝@43¾c. Oats—May, 30⅛@30¼c; July, 29⅜c. Pork—May, $15.80; July, $15.72½. Lard—May, $7.80; July, $7.90@7.92½. Ribs—May, $8.25@8.27½; July, $8.20. Rye—Cash, 62@64c; May, 63½c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.12; southwestern, $1.06; May, $1.10. Timothy—March, $3.20. Clover—Cash, $13.85. Barley—Cash, $37@53c.

GIVE US ORDERS TO SELL TO ARRIVE ON BULGES

C. C. WYMAN & CO.

DULUTH. GRAIN COMMISSION. MINNEAPOLIS.

We are headquarters for

Bonanza Circle

AND

North Butte Copper Stocks

PAINE, WEBBER & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

328 West Superior Street.

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Dealers in

Stocks, Grain, Provisions

Main Office

Fifth and Robert Sts., ST. PAUL, MINN

ARE YOU BUYING MINING STOCKS?

Before doing so write me. I offer for sale limited blocks of

Seyler Humphrey	45c
Red Top	$2
Fair Rock Manhattan	1c
Sassy Sal	19c
Empire Tunnel	27c
Mount Union	19c
Anglo-Saxon	6c
Overland Gold	5c

And all other desirable mining stocks at prices that will save you money.

R. B. HIGBEE, Broker.

Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul Minn. Established in 1899.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, March 8.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures steady: March, 6s 6¾d; May, 6s 5⅝d; July, 6s 5⅝d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s ½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7½d. Futures steady, March, 4s 5¼d; May, 4s 17⅛d.

Minneapolis Flour.

Minneapolis, March 8.—Patents are down 10c per barrel. Millers report an improved domestic demand. First patents $4@4.10; second patents, $3.80@3.90; first clears, $3.40@3.60; second clears $2.40@2.55. Shipments, 39,770 barrels.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76½	76-⅛	77⅛-¼	83¾
High	76¾	76⅞	77⅜	84¼-⅜
Low	76⅛	75½	76¾	82½-⅝
Close	76¾B	76⅜A	77¼-⅜B	84¼B
Close 7	76⅞	76-⅛	77⅛	84⅜
July—				
Open	77⅞-78	77	77½-¾	83⅜
High	78¾	78⅛	78-⅛	84⅛
Low	77⅞	77½-⅝	77	83¼
Close	78⅜B	78½	77⅞-78	84A
Close 7	78⅜	78¼-½	77¾	84⅛
September—				
Open		78⅛	77¾	82¼B
High		77½	77⅜	83⅜
Low		76⅝	77	82¾
Close		77⅜B	77⅝	83⅜B
Close 7		77	77⅝	83¼
St. Louis—			Close 8.	Close 7.
May			75⅞-76	75⅜
July			76½-⅝	75½
Kansas City—				
May			72-¼	71⅞
July			70½-⅝	70½
Winnipeg—				
May			73⅝	74½
July			76⅛	76

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	July.	May.	May.
Open	29⅞B	43¼-¼B	$15.60
High	30¼	43⅜	15.85
Low	29⅞	43⅛-¼	15.60
Close	30⅛-¼B	43⅜B	15.80

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 1; No. 1 northern, 5; No. 2 northern, 10; No. 3 spring, 8; No. 4 spring, 2; No. 2 durum, 1; total no. of durum, 1; total of all wheat, 27; last year, 12.

Flax—No. 1, 8; total flax, 8; last year, 4.

Oats, 28; rye, 5; barley, 7.

Total of all cars, 75. Cars on track today, 130.

New York Grain.

New York, March 8. Close: Wheat—May, 81½c; July, 84c; September, 83¾c. Corn—May, 49⅝c; July, 49½c; September, 50c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 8.—Close: Wheat—May, 76⅜c; July, 75½c; September, 77½c; No. 1 hard, 76⅜c; 1 northern, 75⅞c; 2 northern, 73⅞c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—White today's market ruled extremely nervous, and at times showing much uncertainty, the tone nevertheless showed marked improvement. There seemed to indicate that the leading shorts had pretty well covered and likely to take their bearings before extending their lines on the short side. The bulls have received a bad shaking down, and it is but natural to expect, viewing the conditions underlying the market, that they hesitate in buying much wheat, even at present prices. It seems to us the conditions remaining unchanged are responsible for the break and until we have had a change materially, we cannot expect any sustained advanced. We will, of course, have the natural speculative rallies, such as witnessed today, and which seems at the close tonight might be extended somewhat further. Help from the cables in the morning might give us a firmer opening, and naturally bring some further short covering.

Corn and oats—The advance in the coarse grain list today was slight, it is true, but the market throughout the session held very firm, even while wheat was headed for its low point. We do not look for anything startling right away on either side of this market. The small country movement and better cash inquiry naturally favor the buying side. The short interest again gave evidence of desire to cover.

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Some unfavorableness to the wheat crop, little evidence of serious damage. Position generally good. The bad condition of the roads is interfering greatly in movements of products. Recent declines in prices lessening interior grain offerings.

* * *

Montreal wires: "Exporters here report large business in wheat and say business done the past three weeks daily have been very heavy and fully 6,000,000 bus Manitoba wheat sold for shipment at the opening of navigation.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The market was extremely nervous and sensitive today with the feature the good buying on all weak places. Most of the news was of a bullish nature. A statement of Indian shipments for the year showed 33,279,000 bus, against 80,750,000 for the year preceding. Gulf sales were large. As a part offset to this the trade had an estimate by Howard of the Chicago Trade Bulletin on available supplies of wheat, which he places at 208,000,000 bus, against 131,902,000 in 1905. Estimated receipts of all grains are light, only one car of wheat for Chicago tomorrow. Practically nothing moving from the farms in any section of this country. Present level we believe fully discounts any bearish construction that can be put on government report Saturday, and to neglect to buy some wheat today or tomorrow will mean to buy it at considerable higher figures when everyone will want it.

* * *

The Southwestern Crop Bulletin says: Not a single complaint has been received which can be considered unfavorable, except that in some localities the surface is a little dry and should have some moisture soon. It might be said that throughout the Southwestern wheat belt conditions leave nothing to be desired. It is true, in the trans-Missouri states a high wind was raging the last few days of February and first days of March, but this condition is always met with at this time of the year, and is not a serious menace to growing cereals at this time. The several United States weather bureaus in this territory only show an average total deficiency of .44 incres of precipitation for the month of February, which is not alarming. Wheat in farmers' hands in Nebraska, Kansas, Texas, Missouri, Oklahoma and Territory is about 11 per cent of last year's crop, according to government estimate.

* * *

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, March 8.—Cattle, receipts, 900; steady, demand strong. Grain fed steers, $3.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.60@4.50; calves, $2@5.25; stock and feeding steers, $2@4.25. Hogs, receipts, 3,600; 10c lower; range, $5.50@6.15; bulk, $5@6.05. Sheep, receipts, 600; steady, $3.75@6; lambs, $4.50@6.60.

PRESIDENT REMOVES LAND OFFICE OFFICIALS.

Washington, March 8.—President Roosevelt has removed from office John D. Oliphant, register; J. A. Trotter, receiver, and I. J. Chapman, clerk, of the land office at Mangum, Oklahoma, for irregularities in the conduct of the business of the office. Today he appointed George B. Robberts to be register of the Mangum land office in succession to Oliphant. The appointment is only temporary, as the Mangum office is to be discontinued in April.

JURY ACQUITS GREEN OF CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

Washington, March 8.—The jury in the case of ex-State Senator George E. Green of New York on trial for conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with the use of time recording clocks in the postoffice department, brought in a verdict of not guilty this afternoon.

MINE MEN INDICTED FOR MANSLAUGHTER.

Charleston, W. Va., March 8.—The grand jury empanelled to fix the responsibility for the explosion at Detroit mine of the Detroit & Kanwaha Coal company, Jan. 18, in which eighteen lives were lost, returned indictments for involuntary manslaughter against Mine Superintendent J. E. Miner, Mine Boss R. F. Townsend, and the Kanawaha & Detroit and Kanawaha Fuel company. Two true bills were returned in each case. No indictments were returned against Mine Inspector Bonner Hill, whom the coroner's jury also held for involuntary manslaughter.

ARREST AT MENOMINEE CAUSES A SENSATION.

Menominee, Mich., March 8.—A sensation has been caused here by the arrest of Edward McIntyre, alias J. McArthur of Milwaukee. McIntyre is alleged to have robbed one woman and attempted to rob another. When arrested McIntyre had several thousand dollars.

SCHWAB SURPRISED.

Topeka, March 8.—Charles M. Schwab, who passed through Topeka on his way east shortly after 11:40, said: "I do not see how these reports about my serious illness originated. I have been slightly indisposed, that is all." Mr. Schwab was in the best of spirits.

LOOKING UP "TOWN TOPICS."

Washington, March 8.—Representative Bourke Cockran (N. Y.) introduced a resolution today requiring the postmaster general to report to the house whether Town Topics is admitted to the mails and whether the government assists the publication in "its said occupation of extorting money by blackmail."

OPHIR!

For some time past we have endeavored to give publicity to facts concerning the Ophir Tunnel-Buckhorn consolidation into the Buckhorn Ore company. These facts were intended to arouse curiosity and to stimulate inquiry of us and of others, and thus lead to trading in Ophir stock at the market price. Now permit us to URGE CAREFUL INVESTIGATION of the OPHIR TUNNEL-BUCKHORN ORE Company proposition.

Leave your orders with us and we will execute them as soon as possible.

H. E. SMITH & CO.

William Kaiser, Mgr.,
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
'Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

Bonanza Circle Coppers

AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.

Noon Quotations, March 8, 1906.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask	Miscellaneous.	Ask
N. Butte	78	80	Ala. Cen. pfd.	$5.50
C. & A.	113	114	Ariz. & E.	.10
C. & P.	30	31	Black Rock	.15
L. S. & P.	41	42	Comanche	.80
P. & D.	21	22	C. River (100)	.50
Junction	24	26	C. River (1,000)	.39
Man.	6	8	Eagle Mt.	$4.50
Black Mt.	10	11½	Little Cracker	.10
Denn.	21	23	Metropolitan	.20
Warren	14	16	Nev. Q. B.	.10
Cop. Qu'n.	3	3½	Ophir Tunnel	.30
Shattuck	40	45	Shasta	.15

Compare Ophir with Copper Queen—ten for one. Look Shasta up. You will buy it.

H. E. SMITH & CO.

WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
Phones—Zenita, 696, Duluth, 83.

SHASTA MAY BLOSSOM

Has perfect title to twenty-two very rich copper mining claims in Shasta county, California, near mines that are producing daily large quantities of Red Metal ore.

Shasta is driving its tunnels day and night, under very excellent superintendence.

The main ore bodies are liable to be struck soon and then the stock should and will advance in price. The time to buy Shasta stock at 15 cents is NOW—and the place to secure it is at the office of

H. E. SMITH & CO.

William Kaiser, Mgr.,
Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.
'Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

STRENGTH EXHIBITED

By Stocks at Close, Which Was Sharply Higher in Spots.

Activity Came in Last Three Quarters of the Hour.

New York, March 8.—Opening prices in the stock market today showed narrower changes than for some time and the market displayed a good deal of the sluggishness that was in evidence yesterday. When prices were not actually unchanged, they did not vary much more than ⅛c above or below yesterday's closing.

The indifference in the movement of prices manifested at the opening supplied a pretext to the bears for selling the list, and they offered Reading, Amalgamated Copper and United States Steel preferred, freely. Grain carrying railroad stocks showed more stability, and a rise of a point in Atchison and a demand for Union Pacific was instrumental in turning the market upwards at 10:20. Early declines reached 1⅛ in Reading and General Electric and 1 in United States Steel preferred, Amalgamated Copper and Northern Pacific. These losses were only partially recovered before the market weakened again when Reading sold down to 125¾. Colorado Fuel moved up 2 points and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred 4.

Reading was forced 3 points below last night, bit buying orders came in at the lower level and prices rallied. Union Pacific was conspicuous and rosel above yesterday. Northwestern gained as much and Consolidated Gas 1½, while St. Louis Southwestern lost 1⅛ and Kansas City Southern preferred 1¼. Bonds were irregular at noon.

A rise of 1⅜ in Louisville & Nashville, followed by a reaction of a point in Reading completed the only prominent fluctuations between 12 and 1 o'clock. In neither case did the general market show any sympathy. Pacific coast gained 5 and Atlantic Coast Line 1.

Western railroad stocks led by the Hill group were in better demand, their rise strengthening Reading and various specialties, which had been wavering. Reading rallied 1½ from the lowest and Amalgamated Copper and United States Steel preferred, which had lost a point early, made full recoveries. Delaware & Hudson and Central of Jersey improved 1. Consolidated Gas 2½. Northern Pacific 2¾ and Great Northern preferred 4¾.

The break in foreign exchange gave rise to discussion of possible gold imports and the market turned strong. The weakness in wheat gave special strength to the grangers. Atchison was a feature, with a rise of 5 points, Northern Pacific 4¾, Louisville & Nashville, St. Paul and Louisville & Nashville, Union Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande 1½. Amongst the 1-point gainers were Illinois Central, New York Central, Copper, Smelting, Brooklyn Transit and others. The close was strong and quite active near the top level.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	103	102½	103
do com	96	93¾	94¾
Smelting, com	155¼	153½	155¼
American Woolen	43½	42⅞	43½
Amalgamated Copper	105	103¼	104⅞
B. & O. Ry	110½	109¾	110½
Can. Pac. R	171¼	168⅞	171⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	56½	56	56½
C. F. I	64¼	61½	63⅝
C. G. W. com	21	21	21
Erie 1st pfd	77¼	77¼	77¼
Erie com	42¼	41¾	42¼
Illinois Central	161⅛	160⅞	161⅛
Central Leather	42⅞	42¼	42⅞
Louisville & Nashville	146¾	144¾	146⅝
Mexican Central	25	24¼	24⅝
Metropolitan Ry	115	115	155
Missouri Pacific	99½	98⅝	99⅛
Manhattan	157	157	157
Norfolk & Western	87¼	86¾	87¼
New York Central	140⅝	139	140⅝
Ontario & Western	48¾	48¼	48¾
Peoples Gas	97⅜	96¾	97¼
Pacific Mail	42	42	42
Pennsylvania Ry	138⅝	137⅞	138⅝
Rock Island com	26⅜	26	26⅜
Rock Island, pfd	66¼	66¼	66¼
Reading, com	128	125	127
R. I. & S. pfd	104½	103¼	104
R. I. & S., com	30	28⅝	30
Rubber, com	53¼	53	53¼
St. Paul	179¾	177½	179¾
Sugar	138¾	138	138¾
Southern Railway, com	40⅜	39¾	40¼
Southern Pacific	66⅝	65½	66⅜
Soo, com	150¼	148¼	149½
Texas Pacific	34⅛	33⅜	34⅛
U. S. Steel, pfd	105⅞	104½	105⅞
U. S. Steel, com	40⅝	39⅝	40⅜
Union Pacific, com	152¾	150¼	152
Wisconsin Cen., com	26½	26½	26½
Wisconsin Cen., pfd	55	55	55
Western Union	93¾	93⅝	93¾
Wabash, com	23¾	23⅝	23⅝
Wabash, pfd	50¾	50	50¾
Northern Pacific	217¾	211½	217¾
Erie, 2nd	69	68½	68¾
Great Northern	318½	314	318¼
American Locomotive	69½	67	69¼

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market closed strong and in spots sharply higher, notably Atchison, with Reading the dog in the manger, showing a point decline for the day. Activity and pronounced strength came in the last three quarters of the hour, taking the market out of its rut. The feeling that the Morocco question is at last out of the way contributed much to the buying demand, as did also the fact that shorts tried to further depress values. The steady tone prevailing throughout the day evidently was not to their liking. The action of the market shows remarkable strength. Atchison has been persistently bought for some time, and Southern Railway gives signals of accumulation. The market acts as if it would do better.

The Cotton Market.

New York, March 8.—The cotton market opened at a decline of 3@6 points in response to lower cables, favorable weather reports from the Southwest and continued liquidation. Prices ceased off to a net loss of about 7 points on active months soon after the call, but the market was rallied a little later by the reports of additional spot sales in Liverpool bringing the total for today up to 20,000 bales and prices ruled fairly steady about 2@3 points net lower during the middle of the morning. The undertone seemed nervous and general buying was checked by reports of unsettled conditions in the market for cotton goods.

Cotton spot closed steady, middling uplands, 11.25; middling gulf, 11.50; sales, 1,600 bales. Futures closed steady; March, 10.62; April, 10.68; May, 10.81; June, 10.85; July, 10.91; August, 10.85; September, 10.41; October, 10.31; November, 10.32; December, 10.35; January, 10.39.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul: Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Horse trade, nominal; receipts large, many consignments in for the auction which were sold very freely, going to buyers in the Northwest. Many private sales after the auction to fill out loads. The following prices rule at the close of business:

Drafters, extra	$160@185
Drafters, choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	125@190
Farm mares, choice	120@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@120
Delivery, choice	125@150
Delivery, common to good	75@125

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 8.—Cattle: Receipts, 6,000; market steady to strong; beeves, $3.90@6.35; cows and heifers, $1.50@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; Texans, $3.65@4.50. Hogs: Receipts, 28,000; weak to 10c lower; estimated tomorrow, 23,000; mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.27½; good heavy, $6.25@6.32½; rough heavy, $5.95@6.15; light, $6.00@6.25; pigs, $5.60@6.15; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.25. Sheep: Receipts, 12,000; market steady; sheep, $3.75@5.10; lambs, $4.70@6.90.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	104⅞	105
American Dev. Co.	.....	14
Anaconda	265	.....
Atlantic	23½	24
Arcadian	3½	3¾
Adventure	5½	5¾
Allouez	3½	38
Bingham	39¾	39¾
Black Mountain	10¾	11
Copper Range	69¾	70½
Calumet & Hecla	685	690
Calumet & Arizona	112	114
Calumet & Pittsburg	30	31
Centennial	24¾	25
Denn-Arizona	.....	22
Daly West	15½	15¾
Franklin	19½	.....
Granby	12¾	12⅝
Green Cons.	25⅞	26
Isle Royale	22	23
Junction	25	25
L. S. & P.	40½	41½
Michigan	13	13½
Mayflower	1	1½
Mass	9¼	9⅝
Monawk	56	56⅞
Mercur Con	66c	68c
North Butte	81½	82
National	2¼	2½
Old Dominion	45¾	46
Osceola	95½	96
Phoenix	1	1¼
Parrott	36½	37
Pittsburg & Duluth	22	22⅛
Quincy	87	88
Rhode Island	5¼	5½
Santa Fe	1⅝	2
Shannon	6¼	6½
Tecumseh	13	14
Tamarack	107	108
Trinity	10⅞	11
U. S. Mining	54¾	55
Utah	62	62½
United Copper	64	64¼
Union Land	2½	3½
Victoria	7⅜	8
Wyandot	1⅝	1½
Wolverine	139½	140
Winona	7¼	7½
Warren	.....	16
Butte Coal	36	37
Copper Queen	3	3½
Keweenaw	14	14½
Boston Con.	29½	30
Nevada Con	17	17¼
Utah Con.	30	31
East Butte	10½	10¾
Sullivan	.....	2½

New York Money.

New York, March 8.—Money on call, steady, 4@5¼ per cent; ruling rate, 5 per cent; closing bid, 4½ per cent; offered at 5 per cent; time loans slightly easier; sixty and ninety days, 5¼@5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange, weak, closed steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.40@45 for demand, and at $4.82.40@45 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.82. Bar silver, 64¼c. Mexican dollars, 49½c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, March 8.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $153,094,951; gold, $75,305,767; gold certificates, $56,724,130.

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The general market showed a little further rally today and the heavy liquidation appears to be over for a time. Coppers were dull, however, and showed little change in price. North Butte rallied early from 79 to 82¼. Granby and Nevada Consolidated, both of which are traded in here and also on the New York curb, were very strong and active. We still expect to have money rates within the next few weeks higher and advise selling stocks on every little rise.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The president of one of the leading producing mines which sell direct to the trade says he has received more inquiries for copper in the last ten days than for the previous month and half.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Locally the feeling seems to be shifting from the bear to the bull side, and while not many of the traders have gone long, I think there is a disposition to get out of the rain before they get soaked.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following prices, with the exception of those on hay, feed and meats, are the official quotations of the Duluth produce exchange. The list is corrected daily by the secretary, and it shows accurately the market condition up to 12 o'clock on the date of issue. The weekly market letter, published on Fridays, is not an official statement of the exchange, but the information is gathered personally from the different dealers.

BUTTER.	
Creamery prints	28 @ 29
Creamery, in tubs	27 @ 28
Dairies, fancy	18 @ 19
Renovated	20 @ 21
Packing stock	12½@ 13
EGGS.	
Fresh	15 @ 16
Storage	10 @ 11
CHEESE.	
Full cream twins	14 @ 14½
Block and wheel Swiss	14½@ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger full cream cheese	16
Primost	6½@ 7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	13½@ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb. cans	1 35
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Softshell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00
Pecans, per lb	12
Almonds	16
Black Walnuts, per bus	1 65
Mixed nuts	12½
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@ 8
Chestnuts, per lb	11
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	6 50
Baldwins	6 00 @ 6 50
York State Russets	6 50
Tolman Sweets	6 00 @ 6 50
Colorado Winsape, per box	3 00
Bananas, per bunch	2 00 @ 2 50
Cranberries	16 00
Dates, Fard, 12-lb. box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb. box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb. box	1 35
Grape fruit, per case	4 25
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 75 @ 4 00
California Navels	3 00 @ 3 50
Strawberries, per qt	55
VEGETABLES.	
Navy beans	1 75 @ 2 00
Beets, per cwt	2 00
Top beets, per doz	1 00
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 25
Cabbage, per ton	35 00 @40 00
Cauliflower, per box	3 75
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35
Celery, Cal., per doz	90
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	2 25
Horseradish, per barrel	7 00
Lettuce leaf, per box	1 35
Onions, per cwt	1 65 @ 1 75
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 25
Parsley, per doz	45
Parsnips, per cwt	2 00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50
Potatoes, per bus	55 @ 60
Radishes, round, per doz	75 @ 1 00
Spinach, per box	1 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	90
Rutabagas, per cwt	85
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Clarified, 16-gal. kg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Springs, per lb	14 @ 15
Hens, per lb	13 @ 14
Spring ducks, per lb	14
Turkeys, per lb	18 @ 20
Geese, per lb	12 @ 14
FISH.	
Trout, per lb	11
Pike, per lb	10
White, per lb	10 @ 12½
Lake Superior herring	2½
Skinned perch	6
Smelts, No. 1	12
Smelts, No. 2	10
Fresh salmon, per lb	15
Halibut, per lb	12½
Oysters, standard, per gal.	1 45
Oysters, select, per gal.	1 85
HAY.	
Timothy, No. 1, per ton	9 00
Timothy, No. 2, per ton	8 00 @ 8 50
Upland, per ton	8 00 @ 8 50
FEED.	
Bran, per ton	17 00
Oats, per bus	31½
Shorts, per ton	18 00
MEATS.	
Beef	5½@ 7½
Mutton	8½@ 9½
Lard	8¼
Pork loins	10½
Veal	8 @ 9

New York.

New York, March 8.—Butter, steady; unchanged; receipts, 3,389. Cheese firm, unchanged; receipts, 1,830. Eggs, easy; receipts, 17,411; state and Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 20@21c; do choice, 18@19c; do mixed extra, 16½c; Western firsts, 14½c; do seconds, 14c; Southerns, 12@14½c.

Chicago.

Chicago, March 8.—Butter, weaker; creameries, 16@24c. Eggs, firsts, 16@24c. Eggs, easy; receipts at mark, cases included, 13½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 12½@13c; twins, 11@5½12c¼; young Americas, 13c.

HINDOO FAKIRS.

Some of the Marvelous Illusions They Can Produce.

The writer has spent six months in Kashmir at the feet of Coomra Sami, the philosopher of Srinagur, one of the greatest of the thousands of adepts who are to be found all over the wilds of India, says a writer in the Occult Review.

$15,000 TO LOAN.

In amounts of $500 up to $1,500 at 6 per cent.

On or before clause, with privilege of paying $50 or more at any time. Interest stopped on amount paid.

MONEY ON HAND. NO DELAY.

Ten new flats and three new store rooms for rent.

Julius D. Howard & Co

Real Estate—Loans—Fire Insurance.
216 West Superior St.

BUILD A HOUSE ON

Twenty-eighth avenue west and First street—choice lots..	$600
The finest lot on Helm St. near Brewery, 50 feet	$650
Double corner, Thirty-first avenue west	$600
50 feet on Third street, near Bryant school	$700
50-foot lot on Sixth street near Twenty-third avenue	$225
50 feet London road and	$1100
Twenty-first avenue east.....	
50 feet on Sixth street and Nineteenth avenue east	$400

Interstate Land & Investment Co.
102 Providence Building.

MANUFACTURING JEWELERS

333 W. MICHIGAN ST.

Trade Work a Specialty. Makers and Repairers of Gold and Silver Jewelry. Highest Cash price paid for old gold and silver

VERY CHEAP

50 foot lot on East Fourth Street, between 21st and 22nd Avenues.

$800

PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

4½% Any Amount 5%
All Privileges
NO DELAY!

MONEY TO LOAN

BY

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

5½% First Floor, Lonsdale Building. **6%**

$2,000 to Loan

We have $2,000 on hand, which a client wishes us to place for them on a good mortgage. If you want a loan, call and see us

C. H. GRAVES & CO

Real Estate—Mortgage Loans
First Floor, Torrey Bldg.

$20000 Fifty feet on First street, good investment.
$3000 Lot (50x140) East Fourth street.
$1000 Two lots (100x140) East Sixth street.
$1400 Two lots (100x140) East Superior street.
$800 Two lots (50x140) East Sixth street.
10 acres garden and dairy land and 11½ acres garden and fairy land near city on Hermantown road.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN,

401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. phone, 328. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 28th, 1906.

In the Matter of the Estate of Hattie D. McCarthy, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John H. McCarthy, executor of the estate of Hattie D. McCarthy, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 26th day of March, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 28th day of February, 1906.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
ALFORD & HUNT,
Attys. for Executor.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-1-8-15-1906.

RAILROADS

TO REDUCE THE RATES

Western Railroads Would Make Substantial Cut In Tariff.

Warned by Agitation for Governmental Control of Rates.

Chicago, March 8.—Warned by the agitation for the governmental control of rates, Western railroads, according to the Record-Herald, have decided to make voluntary reductions in transportation charges amounting in the aggregate to many million dollars annually. The proposed reductions are to be made in all the rates of the six classes into which freight is divided and will be effective in the entire territory between the Atlantic seaboard and Missouri river. In general the reductions will amount to approximately 15 per cent.

The first step was taken in the movement yesterday at a meeting of the traffic executive officials of all Western railroads. The representative of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, presented the proposition for reductions, which was favored by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad.

Another conference has been called for next Tuesday at which will be present all of the important jobbers in the Missouri river territory. It is now planned, after a conference with the jobbers to determine a basis for rates from the seaboard to the Missouri river and then to make corresponding reductions in the rates from Chicago to the Missouri and from the Mississippi to the Missouri. When this is accomplished, it is stated, reductions will follow in the rates from New York to Chicago.

The following are the changes compared with the present rates proposed at today's meeting:

From the Missouri river to the seaboard proposed: First class, $1.27; second class, $1.05; third class, 83 cents; fourth, 61 cents; fifth, 50 cents, and sixth 46 cents.

Present rates, 1.47, 1.20, .93, .68, .52, .4805.

Want No Union Depot.

Local officials of the Great Northern road say that there is no intention whatever on the part of the company to enter into a union depot project at Virginia, Minn. The road already has what is claimed to be the finest depot on the range at Virginia. This was only recently completed, and it is said that there is no desire on the part of the officials to abandon the building in favor of a union depot.

$4200 34x140—First street; very heart of city. Six-room house, fine repair. Fine bath, etc.
$4750 Thoroughly modern eight-room brick house. Five minutes' walk from this office. First-class repair.

These are genuine snaps and are a fine buy as homes or investment purposes.

T. W. WAHL & CO., 201 Exchange Building.

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value.
$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.

Call in and see us about the above.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR S.

LOANS
5% and 6%
All Privileges Given. No Delay.

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO.
NO. 5 ALWORTH BLDG.

We Lend Money!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.

Cooley & Underhill,
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

4½% 5%
Money to Loan
With On or Before Clause.

John A. Stephenson
WOLVIN BUILDING.

A LIST OF UNIMPROVED PROPERTY THAT AN OUTSIDE PARTY WISHES TO DISPOSE OF:—

Lots 43, 45 and 47, East First St.
Lot 28, East Seventh St.
Lots 26 and 27, block 137, West Duluth, 5th Division.
Lot 11, block 283, West Duluth, 4th Division.
Lots 24, 25 and 26, block 4, Merchants Park Division.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
Room 1, Exchange Building.

EVERYTHING IN INSURANCE

Fire, Accident, Life } Burglary, Health, Plate Glass

Liability { Contractors, Employers, Elevator, General.

"Strongest Old Line Companies."

Hartman-O'Donnell Agency,
209-210-211 Exchange Bldg.

A DIMPLE MAKER.

Find a child with dimples and chubby arms and legs and you find a healthy child. Find one with drawn face and poor, thin body and you see one that needs Scott's Emulsion. Your doctor will no doubt tell you the child is fat-starved—its food is not nourishing it.

Nothing helps these thin, pale children like Scott's Emulsion. It contains the very element of fat they need. It supplies them with a perfect and quickly digested nourishment. Scott's Emulsion brings dimples and rounded limbs.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

A Card.

We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

SPENT $92 FOR CHAMPAGNE

For Wisconsin Football Team and Friends at Minneapolis.

Madison, Wis., March 8.—A member of the Wisconsin state university football team testified today before the legislative committee investigating the university that $92 was spent for champaigne for the team and friends following the football game at Minneapolis last fall. Students and professors in the agricultural college testified to conditions in the agricultural college being bad, the substance of the testimony being: Lack of harmony among members of faculty working to disadvantage of students and college; a clique existing among a minority of the faculty for retention of power; loose business methods; domineering and sarcastic attitude of certain professors towards students; conditions such as to demand immediate removal of Dean Henry; the repression of publication of a book showing to advantage the work of professors not in the clique; disappointment on the part of students as to lack of instruction in farm mechanics and machinery, too much time devoted to fads to the detriment of the college; determination on the part of the dean to develop the short course at the expense of other departments.

WILL CHECK SOCIALISM.

Sweden May Adopt Liberal Franchise, Says Fergus Falls Man.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 8.—Leonard Eriksson, a well-known attorney of this city, returned from a trip to Sweden today. Just before leaving Stockholm he had an interview with the prime minister, Karl Staaff, and in discussing political questions Mr. Staaff informed him that he proposed to devote every energy to secure the passage of a bill for the extension of the franchise. At the present time, only landowners or those having an income of 800 kroner per annum are allowed to vote, but the new law, if it is passed, will extend the suffrage to all citizens who have attained the age of 25 years and who have discharged all their obligations to the government—that is who have paid their taxes, and taken part in the brief militia evolutions. The law virtually extends the franchise to the entire male population.

Measures of this kind have been introduced before, but have always failed in the upper house, which there, as elsewhere, blocks reform legislation. Premier Staaff states that he is anxious to secure the passage of the bill, as he regards it as the surest means of checking the spread of socialism. As matters stand at present, the tenant farmers and the poorer classes of citizens argue that they are compelled to bear arms in case of war, but have neither voice nor representation in the government. The socialists dwell on these and similar ideas, and socialism is spreading at an alarming rate among the people generally.

Mr. Staaff feels that if the suffrage were extended, one great cause of discontent would be removed. The question of land ownership is also being agitated, and it is hoped that some plan will shortly be formulated which will enable tenant farmers to purchase their land. A large percentage of the land in Southern Sweden, especially, is owned by landlords and worked by tenants.

GAINES MAKES PLEA FOR CLEAN MONEY.

Washington, March 8.—Clean paper money was the subject of a hearing before the house committee on banking and currency today. Representative Gaines of Tennessee said the high charges of express companies for shipping paper money prevent banks sending dirty money to the United States treasury for reissuance. He urged that his bill for the shipment of dirty money by mail, without cost to the shipper, be passed. It was urged by Mr. Gaines that at present much of the government's paper money carries disease germs and threatens public health.

IRELAND SAILS FOR ENGLAND.

New York, March 8.—Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul sailed today for Europe on the steamer La Gascogne.

TELL THEIR TROUBLES

Mismated Couples Explain to Court Grounds for Separation.

Court Criticises One Young Husband for Indifferent Action.

Five divorce cases were heard in district court this morning, four by Judge Cant and one by Judge Ensign. Each judge had a trial unfinished when the noon adjournment was taken.

During the morning session Judge Cant granted decrees in two cases and held a third open for further evidence.

Judge Ensign heard the only case, in which there was a contest, that of Catherine Herzog against Felix Herzog. The family troubles of the Herzogs have occupied the calendars of both district and municipal courts a number of times within the last few years. About a year ago Felix Herzog sued for a divorce and his petition was refused.

This time Mrs. Herzog sues for a legal separation, claiming desertion of herself and family. Herzog contests the case and makes a counter claim that his wife acted toward him in such a manner that he could not live at home. Among the witnesses in court were the several children of the parties to the action, all of whom were with their mother.

The chief case of interest in Judge Cant's room was that of John Jepson against Myrtle Jepson, the ground being desertion. Jepson, who conducts a barber shop in this city, testified that he was married in Superior in March, 1902, when he was 17 and his wife was but 16 years of age. According to his story Mrs. Jepson grew tired of him after about seven months or a year of married life, and left the home of his parents where she was staying while he was seeking work, telling Jepson's folks that she would not live with him any more. Other testimony was adduced to show that Mrs. Jepson always desired to pass herself off as an unmarried woman wherever she went so she could have a better time.

Jepson admitted that he did not make any attempt to go to his wife or to attempt a reconciliation at times when he knew she was as near Duluth as Lake Nebagamon, Wis., and Virginia, Minn. His excuse was that he could not afford it.

Judge Cant criticized the young husband severely, remarking that there was altogether too prevalent an idea among people marrying very young that marriage could be taken on and put off when they wanted to do it, and that the good of society demanded they take a more serious view of marriage relations. He told Jepson plainly that it was his duty to have gone to his wife with a view of effecting a reconciliation, even if he had to borrow the money to do so, that the circumstances surrounding the separation were not satisfactory to the court. At the request of Jepson's attorney the court agreed to hold the case open for further evidence.

Cora Cudmore of Biwabik was granted a divorce from John Cudmore on the ground of cruelty and non-support. Mrs. Cudmore, who claimed to be 25 years of age, testified that she went up on the range from Ashland, from whence she came with Cudmore, a bartender. She claims that he married her while she was an inmate of a disreputable house and promised repeatedly to take her out to a home of her own, but never did so. She also claimed that he assaulted her at times in different houses where she had been staying and at one time pulled a gun on her. Mrs. Cudmore claimed that she wanted to live a good life and told the court that she would leave this part of the country and go to her relatives if granted a divorce.

Louise Willette was granted a divorce from Andrew Willette on the grounds of cruelty, abusive treatment and drunkenness. They were married in this city Feb. 5, 1904, and formerly resided on West Michigan street. Her testimony as well as that of her neighbors tended to show that Willette was on the rampage most of the time and never gave his wife or the neighborhood any rest, going so far as to assault his wife and to smash up the dishes and furniture.

The case of Louisa Johnson against Mikko Johnson was still on trial when the noon adjournment was taken. The parties reside on the range. Desertion was the ground for the action.

Three divorce cases were continued over the term.

Drunkards Cured Secretly

Any Lady Can Do It at Home—Costs Nothing to Try.

Any Lady Can Do It at Home—Costs Nothing to Try.

A Noted Salvation Army Worker Says: I Think the World Owes a Debt of Gratitude to Dr. Haines, the Discoverer of Golden Specific.

A new tasteless and odorless discovery which can be given in tea, coffee or food. Heartily endorsed by W. C. T. U. and all temperance workers. It does its work so silently and surely that while the devoted wife, sister or daughter looks on, the drunkard is reclaimed even against his will and without his knowledge.

FREE TRIAL COUPON

A free trial package of the wonderful Golden Specific will be sent you, by mail, in plain wrapper, if you will fill in your name and address on blank lines below, cut out the coupon and mail it at once to Dr. J. W. Haines, 552 Glenn building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

You can then prove to yourself how secretly and easily it can be used, and what a God-send it will be to you.

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STORE CLOSED!

CLOSES 1:30 P. M. THURSDAY.
Closed From 1:30 P. M. Thursday to 9:30 A. M. Saturday.

STORE OPENS AGAIN 9 A. M. SATURDAY, March 10th.

We must close at this time to give us opportunity to clean our store, arrange our stock and displays, to get all orders delivered before the Saturday rush, and last but not least, to give a needed rest to clerks, office force and management. Bring your pay checks to us, we will have thousands of dollars with which to cash your checks on March 10th.

General Hardware
Fine Tools,
Tinware,
Paints, Oils,
Guns, Ammunition,
Base Ball Goods,

R. R. Forward & Co.
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE
2110-12 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Furniture—
Carpets,
Shades,
Baby Carriages,
Stoves and Ranges,
Crockery and Lamps.

GRAVE DOUBTS OF MISS ANTHONY'S RECOVERY.

Rochester, N. Y., March 8.—Reports from the bedside of Susan B. Anthony, who is ill with pneumonia, were not quite so encouraging today. Her physician said:

"Miss Anthony spent a fairly good night, but was more restless and slept less soundly than on the previous night, though she suffered no pain to speak of. However, we do not feel entirely safe because of her heart weakness."

The doctor's tone indicated that grave doubts of Miss Anthony's recovery were held.

ONE JUROR EXCUSED; IVENS TRIAL BEGINS.

Chicago, March 8.—The trial of Richard Ivens for the murder of Mrs. Bessie Hollister was commenced today. At the opening of court a delay was occasioned by objections filed against one of the jurors by Assistant States Attorney Olson. After a consultation with Judge Smith, and Attorney Folds who represents Ivens, the juror was excused, it being thought that his feeble health would not be able to stand the strain of an extended trial. Another juror was secured, and Assistant States Attorney Olson made his opening address to the jury. It is generally understood that the case of the state rests largely upon the repeated confessions made by Ivens to the police and to the states attorney's office, and as soon as the case was fairly under way Mr. Folz objected to the introduction of any confession purporting to have been made by Ivens. He was promptly overruled by the court.

Afflicted With Rheumatism.

"I was and am yet afflicted with rheumatism," says Mr. J. C. Bayne, editor of the Herald, Addington, Indian Territory, "but thanks to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, am able once more to attend to business. It is the best of liniments." If troubled with rheumatism, give Pain Balm a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. One application relieves the pain. For sale by all druggists.

MYSTERIOUS PRISONER

Baffles Police Who Would Like to Identify Him.

Eldorado, Iowa, March 8.—There is a mystery still connected with the life of James Arthur, awaiting his second trial at Council Bluffs for bank burglary, committed at Trevnor last year, which the officials are endeavoring to find out. James Arthur has successfully hidden his real identity thus far, and his attorney admits that the name is an assumed one, and does not know the man's real cognomen. A woman claiming to be Arthur's wife has visited him a number of times at the jail, but she refused to divulge her name. She was well dressed, carried an air of culture and refinement and impressed the jailkeeper's family as being a woman of considerable standing and station in life. Her demeanor was ladylike and genteel in the extreme. Arthur was arrested with a man named John Bernstein, and both were sentenced to ten years at Fort Madison, but the supreme court gave the former a new trial. Bernstein, who was identified as Fred Stewart, a noted crook, came from Northwest Iowa, and it is supposed that Arthur likely accompanied him from somewhere in the neighborhood of Onawa or Sioux City. It is understood that the woman purporting to be Arthur's wife lives some place in Northern Iowa.

GILLILAN IS DELIGHTFUL.

His Wholesome Humor Keeps Audience in Continuous Laughter.

Strickland W. Gillilan, the humorist, drew a large audience last evening at the First Methodist church and entertained everybody happily. Fun and merriment fairly overflow from his personality. The audience laughed at him before he opened his mouth and they laughed until he quit, except at moments when a touching bit almost brought tears to their eyes, for, as with nearly all humorists, the tears are not very far from the laughs. He remarked upon opening that his entertainment was called "Sunshine and Awkwardness" and he would expect the audience to furnish the sunshine while he furnished the rest of it. And there is no denying that he did, for he is able to accentuate a natural awkward exterior to such a degree as to make his very appearance laughable. Mr. Gillilan understands very well the art of getting close to his audience and he keeps here all the time. His entertainment is a monologue very much like that of Ezra Kendall or entertainers of that character, but of a higher order. He introduces many of his bits of verse and recites them delightfully and they contain simple and touching pathos as well as bubbling wit and humor. Altogether it is a very pleasing entertainment.

MONTANA RANCH MURDER.

William Hoff Shot and Killed by C. A. Alls, a Rancher.

Missoula, Mont., March 8.—A cold-blooded murder was committed at Carlton, fifteen miles from here, in the Bitter Root valley, Tuesday afternoon. Reports state that C. A. Alls, a rancher, shot and instantly killed William Hoff, a man who went up the valley last summer from Philipsburg, where he has lived for fifteen years.

Alls, it is alleged, shot at Hoff three times with a 44-caliber Colts revolver, each shot taking effect in Hoff's body. The first shot tore off the lower part of his chin, the second bullet struck him on the edge of the collar bone and the third struck two inches lower down, crashing through the breastbone and remaining in the body. The tragedy occurred in the house at Alls' ranch, and as far as can be learned, was the result of a drunken quarrel.

Few particulars as to the nature of the quarrel are obtainable. There was one eyewitness to the murder in the person of George Coniff, but as he was under the influence of liquor, he, as yet, has not been examined about the affair. In the house at the time of the shooting was Alls' invalid father, who is 90 years of age and in such a feeble condition that he hardly knew what was going on.

Missoula officers brought the dead man and the accused murderer to this city.

W. E. D. STOKES SUED

For Support of Child and Makes Denial of Claim.

New York, March 8.—Suit has been begun against William Earl Dodge Stokes by Lucy M. Randolph for the maintenance of a child whose father she alleges, is Mr. Stokes. That the suit will be bitterly fought was stated on behalf of Mr. Stokes by his brother, Thomas Stokes, who maintained that there is no truth in the charges and that W. E. D. Stokes not only has no thought of a compromise or settlement, but purposes to make counter-charges of a serious character.

Mr. Stokes and Mrs. Randolph met about the time he was divorced from his wife, who is now Mrs. Philip M. Lydig. Mrs. Randolph was then Miss Lucette Ryley. After meeting Mr. Stokes she moved into more pretentious quarters, and wherever she appeared the exceptional beauty with which she is credited was adorned by handsome gowns and jewels. When she drove in the park the panels of her victoria and the harness of her horses were resplendent with her monogram.

Since she and Stokes ceased to be friendly, in November, 1904, Mrs. Randolph has been less frequently seen by her acquaintances. She moved to less pretentious quarters, but it could not be said that she was in want. The child, for whose support she is suing Mr. Stokes, is about 2 years old.

TRIBUTE TO HENDERSON.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 8.—The Iowa legislature today convened in joint assembly to pay tribute to the memory of ex-Speaker Henderson of the national house of representatives. Speaker Clarke of the Iowa house, and Senator George W. Dunham, personal friends of the late speaker, delivered eulogies.

ARE IGNORANT OF THE METHOD

Pittsburg Steamship Company's Men Do Not Know Plans.

Officers of the Pittsburg Steamship company declare that they are as much at sea as to the methods which will be adopted by Capt. Reid, in wrecking the steamer Mataafa, as those who have no direct interest in the boat.

They express doubt as to whether Capt. Reid himself knows just exactly how he will remove the steamer from the position outside the harbor entrance she has had since the disastrous storm of last November. For two days, one of the Reid tugs has been at work upon the wreck, but nothing of any importance will be done on her until the captain returns from his home at Sarnia, Can., where he went for a week's respite from work.

The Pittsburg folk declare that the extent of the large crack amidships, which furnished such a dramatic chapter to the work which cost nine lives, is not known now and that little can be done, aside from preparing for wrecking operations, until it is determined.

The entire contract for wrecking the Mataafa is held by Capt. Reid and he has complete charge.

AN AGREEMENT SEEMS ASSURED

German Delegate Makes an Important Statement at Algeciras.

Algeciras, March 8.—An official note issued at the close of the day's session of the Moroccan delegates read as follows:

"Herr Von Radowitz (chief of the German mission) referring to the statements made by the Russian, French and Spanish delegates at the last session of the conference said the German government did not object to the organization of the Moroccan police by France and Spain at the ports open to commerce, under proper guarantees assuring economic liberty."

The conference adjourned until Saturday night in order to permit the delegates to study the police projects.

The official statement made by Herr Von Radowitz today appears to assure an agreement.

The presentation of the French plan for M. Revoil, head of the French delegation followed the receipt of a telegram from M. Rouvier, stating that the resignation of the cabinet left the previous instructions to the delegates operative.

The White Carnival

WE are making great preparations for the coming event or the White Carnival.....

WAIT FOR IT!

ALBENBERG'S

Cor. First Ave. West and Superior St.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

Look around your house and see if there is not some thing you would like to sell or exchange for some other articles. Advertising in these columns will bring you customers—and the cost is very small.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT—Top floor Burrows bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—ONE LARGE OR TWO CONnecting unfurnished rooms West of Lake avenue. Give particulars. Address C 54, Herald.

DESK ROOM, OR WOULD SHARE OFfice. Central location. "Alpha," Herald.

WANTED TO RENT — THREE-ROOM furnished flat, centrally located for light housekeeping. References exchanged. F. M., Herald.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, one or two desirable furnished rooms, light housekeeping privileges preferred; East end. G 200, Herald.

FOR RENT—AFTER MAY 1; STORE suitable for cigar and confectionery; good location. Address W 36, Herald.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN
Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.

There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 160 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.

Open all the year. Write for booklet.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	..St. Paul. Minneapolis..	*3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m	....Twilight Limited....	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	...Chicago, Milwaukee...	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	.....Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac..	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	.....FAST MAIL.....	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	....Ashland and East....	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	....Ashland and East....	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	...North Coast Limited...	* 6:25 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 432 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:50 p.m
† 3:50 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m	....MINNEAPOLIS....	* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast,	† 7:10 a.m
† 3:20 p.m	...Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia...	*12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and ..... Soo City.....	† 9:50 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m.	Lv. North Country Mail. All Points East.	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m.	Lv. ....LOCAL.... Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †6:45 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:05	3:35
11:55	7:4.	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:35	3:00
A.M.	P.M	Daily, except Sunday.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv.57thAv.W.Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor...Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar.Ir'n Jnct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. M'l'n Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar...Sparta...Lv	----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	----	12:02
6:56	10:56	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

THE ALVERADO
Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod, Proprietor and manager. 210-212 West Superior Street.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment. RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
HOTEL McKAY
Corner First street and Fifth avenue West. Opp. Postoffice, Duluth.

The Miller
222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Pinch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Hon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	982
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1151-K	554

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SMALL FUURNISHED ROOM FOR rent. 208 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODern; private family. 412 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 1299-L.

TWO FRONT ROOMS FURNISHED. Suitable for two gentlemen and also other nicely furnished rooms. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE ROOM, SUITABLE for two; has grate and two large closets; everything modern. Call 919 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 922 EAST Seventh street. Inquire 712 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for light housekeeping, or double front rooms, furnished. 327 Eighth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS. ALL CONVENiences. 226 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished. All modern. Apply 310 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—4 ROOMS AT 2102 WEST Third street, water furnished, $10; 4 rooms at 2102 West Third street, water furnished, $8; 5 rooms 20 West Seventh street, $8; 10 rooms, 20 West Seventh street, $16. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba blk.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, centrally located; very reasonable; ladies preferred. G 85, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. No. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—FINE BEDROOM, WITH parlor, nicely furnished, suitable for two or three people. Call evening between 6 and 8 o'clock. 414 Fifth avenue east.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

GOOD 12-ROOM HOUSE, SIXTH street and First avenue east. Must be moved off. Office 211 Alworth building. Zenith phone 278. Residence 1127 East Third street, Zenith phone 952. Geo. A. Wieland.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE AFTER May 1. Furnished complete. Modern 12-room house. Rooms filled and table boarders; good class of boarders. Pleasant location. 432 Fifty-ninth avenue west. New phone 3161-Y.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AND barn. Inquire 428 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, furnished; bath and furnace, cheap if taken at once; two blocks from car barn. 2527 West Second street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, in Park terrace, cheap. Apply Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum building.

FOR RENT — DETACHED HOUSE, eight rooms, furnace heat, bath, gas. 925 East Second street, or old phone 776-L.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, EAST Fourth street; all conveniences. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein, Exchange building.

A cozy corner for what the Gopher Shoe Works saves you on shoe repairing.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, EAST Third street; all conveniences. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, Exchange building.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT; water, light and sewer; rent $16 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT — NEW STORE ROOM, 112 West First street, 140 feet deep; fine dry basement; paved alley in rear; up-to-date. Possession at once. J. W. Rowley, 24 West Third street. Zenith 1314.

CANDY STORE FOR SALE. 1531 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 121 SECond avenue west. Apply E. R. Jefferson.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

A large assortment of horses always on hand at our stables in Duluth and Midway, St. Paul.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

Miss Fitzpatrick, 504 E. 4th. Old 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

PAINTING and PAPER HANGING

BEST OF WORKMANSHIP. PRICES reasonable. C. Gill, 124 Second avenue west. Zenith 'phone, 1518-X.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar proof safes. Crescent Brokers., 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, pianos, cattle, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 986. Old 'phone, 759-R.

$1 PER WEEK PAYS BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST on a $20 loan. Other amounts in like proportion.
ACTUAL REBATE given if paid before due.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

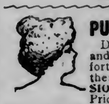
MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security, easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, furs, rifles, etc., and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

PERSONAL.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to positively cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

SPANISH TAUGHT. 519 EAST FIFTH street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

A FEW SECOND-HAND CARPENTER tools. T 50, Herald.

STANDING TIMBER IN MINNESOTA. Address V 9, Herald.

MORRISON'S TAILORING.

YOU CAN HAVE A GOOD SUBSTANtial, stylish suit made at Morrison's for less than you can get the same quality for anywhere. Come and see. D. M. Morrison, 8 Lake avenue south.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1295.

COMPOUND and VAPOR BATHS.

WE CURE COLDS, RHEUMATISM, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, gout and all blood poisons, give magnetic compound vapor baths. No. 16 E. Sup. St. Mr. and Mrs. A. Ecker, proprietors.

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED. Duluth Carpet Sweeper Repair Co., 123 W. First street. New 'phone 1578-D.

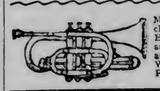
OLD CLOTHES BOUGHT.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1532-X.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO. W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio Bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. I. S. VALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PALMIST.

COUSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM FOR THREE; centrally located. Address J. M., Herald.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two gentlemen in private family. 130 West Third street.

THE LYLE, 28, 30, 32 East Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 122 East First street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.
Everybody to know that we can sell you anything you want in the line of house furnishings for very near one-half of what you'll pay for the same goods at the other stores. Come in and we'll tell you why. M. SHAPIRA, 12 First avenue west. Easy Payments.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna iron range, Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

SHOES WELL BOUGHT ARE HALFsoled at the Gopher Shoe Works.

FOR SALE—MAHOGANY DRESSER and chiffonier, quartered oak sideboard and china closet. Call mornings or evenings. 104 South Sixteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONY, CART and harness. $150 for the outfit. Old phone 66 Proctor.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND 50 HORSEpower Westinghouse engine in first class condition. Will sell cheap. Clyde Iron Works.

ONE DRESSER, ONE COMMODE, ONE large rug, one rocker, all for $7. Apply 417 Third avenue east.

AT BARGAIN — ONE IOWA STEEL range, 6-hole; one State Oak heater, for wood or coal; both complete and brand new; must be sold at once. 101 West Michigan street.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS. PARTY LEAVing city. Call 18 Fifteenth avenue west.

WILL SELL FINE UPRIGHT PIANO for $125 cash. 319 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; will sell all or part. Call Flat 13, 2231 West Michigan street.

"SHAKESPEARE" STOCK BOUGHT and sold. Morrison, 416 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF FOURTEEN-room rooming house, and furniture of seven rooms; must be cash. Parties leaving city. M 85, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL-SIZE DRESS COAT and vest, in first-class condition; a bargain. Address N. T. C., Herald.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE AT Lakeside, on car line; full corner lot, all fenced; $1,600. P 97, Herald.

TWO FINE BUILDING LOTS, ONE-half block from car, at Lakeside; will sell at a bargain. Address W. H. Robinson, 3408 Boyd street, Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614 Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU HAVE GOT $1,000 TO $2,000 cash and want to go in the retail business, this may suit you. Requirements: You must have clean record and have some experience. This is a part interest in an established business. L. L. Culbertson, Thomas Thompson Co., Duluth, Minn.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313X, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

YOUNG MAN, THOROUGH BUSINESS education, would like to invest $2,000 with services. Address W 3, Herald.

UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING

ED OTT, No. 6 W. First St. Both 'phones.

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERING.

C. F. FORSELL—GOOD WORK GUARanteed. 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

UPHOLSTERING.

TELEPHONE YOUR UPHOLSTERING wants to Cameron. He will call at your residence with a complete assortment of coverings and estimate your work. Zenith 'phone 787. Bell, 325-L.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CREMONEA VIOLIN MAKER.

RARE AND OLD VIOLINS REPAIRED; modern violins regraduated so they will improve with age. I develop the fullest tone capacity of every violin submitted. Forty years' experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. Lambert, 124 E. 4th St.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

WANTED
WANTED
FOUR COAT MAKERS
FOUR COAT MAKERS
FOUR COAT MAKERS
Only first-class men need apply. MEIS, 110-114 Third avenue west. Wolvin Building.

50 men daily to get shoes resoled—while you wait. The Gopher Shoe Works.

MEN WANTED—TO SMOKE NONE but home-made union label cigars, thereby assisting in the upbuilding of our city.

WANTED—100 RAILROAD LABORERS and station men for Washington, near Portland, Or. Good wages, two years' work, free fare from Duluth. Snip daily. Write or apply to the Duluth Employment company.

WANTED—YOUTH OF GOOD APPEARance, willing to work and learn, in our wall paper department. Apply at once, superintendent, Panton & White company.

BRIGHT BOY FOR GENERAL STORE assistant; must be a hustler and willing to start at the bottom and earn advancement. Interstate Mercantile company, 231 East Superior street.

TWO EXPERIENCED SOLICITORS for city; permanent employment and good compensation; must be hustlers and capable salesmen. Interstate Mercantile company, 231 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR STOCK clerk in carpet department. Must be strong and willing to work. French & Bassett.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

WANTED — BLACKSMITH, $75 PER month and board. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply Co.

WANTED — TWO MILLWRIGHTS. call at 411 Exchange building.

WANTED—BOY FOR CHECKROOM, Spalding Hotel.

BOYS WANTED AT THE BOTTLING works. Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN WATCHmaking; earn while you learn; write for our free book, "How to Be a Watchmaker." Stone's Watchmaking school, Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Only short time required. Now is the time to learn and prepare for the busy season. Illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BOOKS PROPERLY WRITTEN UP, adjusted and audited by expert accountant. Auditor, Herald.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

POIRIER & CO., 106 East Superior street.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE; BEST OF workmanship. Suits pressed, 50c; pants, 15c. 118 First avenue west. Old 'phone 1430-L.

PIANO LESSONS.

PIANO LESSONS BY COMPETENT teacher, 35c a lesson. Address V 35, Herald.

GIVEN BY COMPETENT LADY teacher. Moderate prices. Address F. E., 704 West Third street.

CHIROPODY and MANICURING.

MISS G. JOHNSON, ROOM 3, 125 WEST Superior street. New 'phone, 1702-D.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 621 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. A. FERGUSON, GRADUATE midwife, 617 Fifth Ave. E. Old 'phone 434-L.

LOST AND FOUND.

Found—Place equipped for doing good work while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

LOST—FUR BOA BETWEEN GARfield avenue and Twentieth avenue west. Finder return to 315 Garfield avenue and receive reward.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

MAGIC PIANO POLISH.

BEST POLISH ON MARKET. PREpared by C. O. Kristensen. Used by principal piano houses in city. 336 E. Sup. St. Phone, 1502-L.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Painful burns, any sore or skin hurt quickly healed by Satin skin cream. 25c.

WHILE-YOU-WAIT SHOP.

GET YOUR SHOE REPAIRED. HANDsewed soles, 75c. Nailed soles, 50c. All kinds rubber heels, 40c. Ladies' and boys' soles, 40c. All hand work, no machinery; best oak tanned leather. 302 E. Superior St.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED:
SALESLADIES SALESLADIES
SALESLADIES SALESLADIES
SALESLADIES SALESLADIES
AT ONCE!
GOLDEN RULE DEPT. STORE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's Female Regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

Good places awaiting good girls and good work, while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK AT Mrs. Page Morris', 2232 East First street.

GOOD WAIST AND SKIRT MAKERS wanted. Apply Miss Sall. Masonic Temple.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL with good recommendations. 31 West Second street.

WANTED — ONE EXPERIENCED shirt machine drill and one experienced shirt starcher. West Duluth, 16 Fifty-seventh avenue west. W. E. Weterin.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED diningroom girls. Northern hotel, Cloquet, Minn.; $18 per month.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. MRS. M. Oreck, 206 West Second street.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID. LELAND hotel, 606 West Superior street.

WANTED—SIX APPRENTICE GIRLS for millinery work room. Apply at once, superintendent, Panton & White.

WANTED — GOOD, EXPERIENCED sewing girl. Miss Hoff, 126 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5823 Oneida street.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL. 1624 EAST Third street.

WANTED—COOK. 503 WEST FIRST street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GIRL FOR general housework. Call at 2715 West Fourth street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 613 East First street.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO TAKE care of children. Apply 913 London Road.

WANTED — TWO OR THREE GOOD dining room girls. 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—A STRONG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 709 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2319 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENEral housework. 2327 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, good wages. 1505 East Second street.

WANTED—MAKERS AND APPRENtices at Miss Meining's, No. 3 West Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 826 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK. Apply or write to S. W. Walker, Walker house, Ironwood, Mich.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Rev. J. W. Powell, 320 South Nineteenth avenue east

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 525 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN BARbering, hair-dressing, manicuring and massage. Particulars free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED— A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 Fifteenth avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG GIRL WANTS PLACE AT light housework. Call or write to 419 East First street.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS work afternoons. T, Herald.

WASHING DONE BY THE PIECE, also ironing by the day. 405 Eighth avenue east.

YOUNG LADY WANTS PLAIN SEWing. 405 Eighth avenue east.

LADY WANTS WASHING AND IRONing by the day. Call new 'phone 891.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY or laundry to take home. G 99, Herald.

LADY WITH TWO CHILDREN WOULD like work on farm or mill boarding house; good worker and cook or housekeeper. Address 2527 West Second street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — SITUATION BY WIDOW lady in doctor's or dentist's office, with reference. Address G 75, Herald.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTS WORK, nursing preferred. New 'phone 80; old 'phone 612-K.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — CANVASSERS EVERYwhere to sell Tom Worrall's book, "Grain Trust Exposed;" 50 per cent commission. Worrall Grain Co., Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE—COWS.

JOHN E. JOHNSON WILL ARRIVE with a carload of fresh milch cows Saturday morning, March 10th, 701 Twenty-third avenue east. Zenith 'phone, 1853X.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday morning, March 6. 1219 East Seventh street. 'Phone, 1387 Zenith.

E. CARLSON WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows, Tuesday, March 8. Twelfth street and Twenty-second avenue west. Zenith phone, 1654D.

EVAN JOHNSON ARRIVED MARCH 2 with a carload of fresh milch cows for sale, at once, cheap, at my stock barns, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street. Telephone, Zenith 1586-Y.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows; just arrived. I. L. Levine, 221 Fourth avenue east.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARgest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 19, 1906. Work, second degree, Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 166, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 12, 1906. Work — First degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30, March 14, 1906. Work M. M. degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Stated conclave 7:30 p. m. Tuesday, March 6th. General business, election of officers, Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, March 8, 1906. Work—Twenty-fifth degree. J. E. Cooley, secretary.

SUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 7. Work —First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday, in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Mar. 8. Samaritan degree. T. J. McKeon, S. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patshkowski, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. O. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., meets every Tuesday at 118 West Superior street. Work first rank Tuesday, Mar. 6. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 8233, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and Third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next regular meeting March 16, 1906—initiation. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 73, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2296, meets at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Next meeting March 13; work first degree. Visiting members always welcome. S. F. Staples, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladh, banker; R. Rankin, clerk, 1322 Jefferson street.

CLAN SRTEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, March 7.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 122, will hold a musical and social entertainment March 21. The ladies will serve refreshments, coffee and cake. Invite your friends and have a good time. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt.-Gen.; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, Charles E. Norman; record keeper and finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m., residence, 412 West Fourth street.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Goging; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilleland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets the first and third Tuesday of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting March 6. Large class initiation. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 224 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

20 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

20 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

AMERICAN TROOPS STORM MORO STRONGHOLD FOR TWO DAYS AND KILL ENTIRE FORCE OF 600 NATIVES

WOULD RUIN INSURANCE

President Morton Tells Legislature That Proposed Laws Are Bad.

Remarkable Gathering of Insurance Men at New York Capital.

Albany, March 9.—Probably never before has a more remarkable gathering of life insurance men been assembled under a single roof than that which met today in the state capitol in connection with the hearing on the pending amendments to the insurance law. The hearig on the bills was had before the joit special legislative investigating committee, which drew upon itself last fall universal attention by its exposures of many of the conditions surrounding the business of life insurance as carried on in this state.

Today's hearing was the first public opportunity of the companies to express themselves upon the provisions of the ten bills presented by the commission to the legislature as the result of its investigation and the great and small companies concentrated a powerful personnel upon the occasion.

Arrangements had been made for a very large attendance, and yesterday it became evident that the grat crowd of insurance men coming in on every train would tax to the utmost the capacity of the assembly chamber. Last night the corridors of the hotels suggested the night before a great political convention. Many radical changes in the state insurance law and kindred statutes are proposed in the ten bills under consideration. A resume of these measures has been carried heretofore in these dispatches.

Long before the time set for the hearing the assembly chamber was crowded to the point of discomfort. Former Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff, president of the Provident Savings Life, acted as master of ceremonies and introduced the speakers.

Mr. Woodruff outlined the program and said that Former Judge William B. Hornblower of the New York Life would sum up for the insurance companies. He introduced President Paul Morton of the Equitable Life as the first speaker. Mr. Morton presented a communication in which he began by admitting that serious evils had crept into the insurance business and by assuring the committee that he was in accord with its general purposes. He said, however, that if these bills were enacted without changes it would seriously injure the insurance interests. "Not only will the insurance companies be unable to conduct their business in such a manner as to produce fair returns to their policyholders and meet the requirements of the people of the state for new insurance, but the conservative insurance companies of other states will be forced to discontinue business in this state. In short, the result of the legislation which you have recommended will be the reverse of the result you are to accomplish."

Mr. Morton referred to the suggestion that the bills, even if imperfect, could be amended at the next session of the legislature, but pointed out that the investigation had commanded such wide inspired confidence that the example of New York would quite surely be followed by other states, and that, therefore, the laws enacted at this session should be as nearly perfect as possible.

Mr. Morton then took up the changes in the bills he would suggest. In brief, he believed, that with certain qualifications, insurance companies should be allowed the same latitude in the matter of investments as heretofore.

THEATER A NECESSITY.

Jury Holds That Plays Are Moral Benefit to Community.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 9.—The claim by the defense that plays are morally beneficial to a community, and that, therefore the vocation of theatrical people comes within the meaning of the word "necessity" as construed by the courts in making exemption from the law against the pursuit of the usual avocations on Sunday, was successful in the case of the managers of Terre Haute's three theaters, who were put on trial for keeping open their playhouses last Sunday in defiance of the closing order. The managers were acquitted, and the authorities say the Sunday law against places of amusement where admission is charged applies only to baseball games.

MAN SHOOTS WIFE AND SELF---WILL LIVE.

Joliet, Ill., March 9.—Alois Kondter, a young Norwegian, made a murderous assault last night on his bride of six months, slashing her with a long knife. Kondter then stabbed himself several times. The woman will die. The man may live. It is believed that the couple had a jealous quarrel.

UILTY OF MURDER; GETS TWENTY YEARS.

Greensboro, N. C., March 9.—After deliberating for thirteen hours, the jury in the case of Dr. J. B. Matthews, the Greensboro, N. C., physician, charged with the murder of his wife, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. Judge Ferguson sentenced the prisoner to the penitentiary for a term of twenty years.

FAVORS A SEA LEVEL CANAL

PROF. WILLIAM M. BURR, Former Member of the Isthman Canal Commission, Strongly in Favor of a Sea-Level Canal.

POINTERS FROM BURR

Canal Expert Tells Committee New Facts About Canal.

Strongly in Favor of Contract Plan for Building Waterway.

Washington, March 9.—Prof. William H. Burr continued his testimony today before the senate committee on interoceanic canals. He again spoke in favor of the contract plan of building the canal and was questioned extensively regarding it. The committee evinced great interest in statements to the effect that a sea level canal could be enlarged economically to meet any demands of increased commerce of the future.

TO CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY

Of Admission of Minnesota Into the Union Fifty Years Ago.

St. Paul, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Today Governor Johnson announced the appointment of a committee that may have considerable bearing on the future of the Twin Cities. It is a committee to devise ways and means for the celebration of the semi-centennial of Minnesota.

The year 1908 will mark the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Minnesota into the union, and under a resolution introduced in the last legislature by Representative Joseph Mannix of Minneapolis it is proposed to duly celebrate the event.

This resolution calls for a committee of five to devise methods for the celebration and report with such recommendations as they think fit to the next legislature.

What is now being proposed is a fitting memorial in the shape of a possible exposition similar to the Lewis & Clark event at Portland, to be held at the state fair grounds. The state would undoubtedly make a heavy appropriation, Governor Johnson thinks that the United States could be induced to make an exhibit, while the various counties, including the Twin Cities and Duluth, would take part, the latter in the shape of money and exhibits and the counties with displays indicating their fifty years of progress.

Two years will elapse before this important event and the appointment of the committee at this date is for the purpose of spreading the movement and getting a start. As the two cities, St. Paul and Minneapolis are vitally interested, it is expected that they will take the matter up without delay.

SCHWAB PLAYS CARDS UNTIL A LATE HOUR.

St. Louis, March 9.—Charles M. Schwab arrived at 7 o'clock this morning in his special car attached to the Chicago & Alton train from Kansas City and departed on the Big Four for New York at 8:17. He could not be seen during his brief stop. The porter of his car stated that Mr. Schwab had sat up very late playing cards with his friends and was soundly sleeping when the train arrived at the union station.

ONE EDITOR KILLS ANOTHER.

Shreveport, La., March 9.—L. Stuckey, editor of the People's Demands, was shot and killed at Colfax, La., yesterday morning, by A. M. Goodwin, editor of the Colfax Chronicle. The cause of the tragedy was the publication of an article by Stuckey reflecting on the character of Goodwin. The shooting occurred on the depot platform. Goodwin fired three shots, all of which took effect, killing Stuckey almost instantly.

THE PORTE YIELDING

Grants the American Demands for Schools at Beirut.

The Ruling as to Other Schools is Not Satisfactory.

Constantinople, March 9.—The porte has yielded to the American demands and has informed the American legation that orders have been sent to Beirut to admit duty free all consignments for the American schools in Syria. The same note declares that the porte is ready to accord the same official recognition to American as to other schools, if a request to that effect is presented to the proper department for each institution separately. This is not satisfactory to the American legation, where it is considered to indicate a further attempt at procrastination, as similar requests for the recognition of certain schools presented to the ministry a year ago have not yet been granted. The legation now proposes to apply more urgent pressure for the recognition of the four most important educational establishments.

A SCHEME TO EVADE TAXES

Insurance Company Wrote Checks for Money But Did Not Use Them.

Cincinnati, March 9.—Checks amounting to $700,000 were written but never taken from the office of the Union Central Life Insurance company as a means of avoiding taxes, according to the testimony of Jesse R. Clark, treasurer of the company, yesterday, in the suit of the county treasurer to recover $175,000 in unpaid taxes. The attorney for the company offered to confess judgment for taxes on $700,000, the amount said to have been covered by unused checks and sought to keep from record any statement by Treasurer Clark on the matter. However, it was finally decided to submit all the facts to the court and the statement of Mr. Clark followed. He said that when the tax time aproached the company had immense amounts of cash in the banks, which are taxable as cash but that all possible was transferred into mortgage loans, which are untaxable. Agents were notified to place all such money possible and checks were drawn for the cash on hand and at once credited to the mortgage loan account. Mr. Clark held that this was a perfectly legitimate transaction as the money was out of immediate use, the banks being notified that it has been set aside and was not to be checked again for the time.

The rest of the case will be submitted upon an agreed statement of the facts and on briefs.

NO MORE FURNITURE

Can be Franked Through Mails by Government Officials.

Washington, March 9.—An appropriation bill carrying $191,358,848 for the postal service was finally agreed upon yesterday by the house committee on postoffice and post roads and will be reported to the house in about ten days. The bill is practically as it came from the subcommittee which drew it. Two important provisions are carried in the measure. One forbids the government departments franking anything through the mails which an individual cannot mail at regular postage rates. The other prevents committees, organizations or associations of citizens enjoying the franking privilege. Members of the committee believe a great saving will result to the government in freeing the mails from furniture, heavy reports and supplies of a nature which departments have been permitted to frank.

BURIED IN WELL.

Earth Caves in on a Workman and Kills Him.

St. Cloud, March 9.—William Welt, aged 35, while working in a well yesterday afternoon, was caught in a cave-in, and over twenty feet of earth tumbled down on the man. Workmen labored all the rest of the day in trying to recover the body, but the task had to be abandoned. It is stated that the recent thaws had so loosened the earth in the upper part of the well that the descent into the well, which, under any circumstances would have been perilous enough, was absolutely hazardous at the time Welt went down. Welt was a married man. He leaves a wife, but no children.

MOTORMAN KILLED.

Toledo, Ohio, March 9.—L. H. Williams, motorman of a Summit street car, was instantly killed about 7 o'clock last evening in a collision with a terminal freight train at the terminal crossing.

FRIDJOF NANSEN CHOSEN MINISTER

DR. FRIDJOF NANSEN, The Well Known Explorer and Political Agitator, Has Been Appointed as Minister to London for Norway.

BAD FAITH OF REBELS

Precipitates Fight in Santo Domingo in Which Eight Are Killed.

The Revolutionists Resist While Carrying Out Surrender Terms.

Washington, March 9.—The state department is in receipt of a cablegram dated Monte Christi, Santo Domingo, yesterday, saying that on the preceding day while the terms of surrender were being carried out between the government forces and the revolutionists the latter acted in bad faith and there was a fight in which two officers and six men were killed, including Gen. Cepin. The revolutionists escaped to the bushes.

WANT DUTY REMOVED.

Wisconsin Lumber Dealers Desire Free Lumber From Canada.

Milwaukee, March 9.—The Wisconsin Retail Lumber Dealers association, in annual session yesterday passed a resolution favoring the removal of the import duty on Canadian lumber and requesting congress to take action to this end. The resolution was followed by a general discussion in which it was brought out that American lumbermen found the time had arrived when the importation of Canadian lumber, free of duty, was desired as a result of the greatly reduced supplies of good lumber in the United States, particularly in the Northwest.

ACTORS ARE AROUSED BY Y. M. C. A. BAN.

Pittsburg, March 9.—Henry E. Dixey, the comedian, has sent an open letter to the president and secretary of the Pittsburg Y. M. C. A. relative to the barring of actors from that organization.

"This unjust discrimination, unchristian, unkindly and altogether abhorrent to any man who has the sense of fair play and an atom of American manhood, has touched me deeply," says Dixey. He then states that a meeting will be held in the Belasco theater next Sunday of "actors, actresses and all those who think that a man is a man, or a woman a woman, whether they be members of theatrical, legal or medical professions." He asks that the president and secretary and members of the association attend the meeting and express their views.

VICEROY OF CANTON GROWS MORE CORDIAL.

Hongkong, March 9.—The friction existing for some time between the viceroy of Canton and the American representatives there has given place to more pleasant relations, which state of affairs has been signalized by an exchange of courtesies. The viceroy gave a banquet in honor of Rear Admiral Train, March 6, while the viceroy and a number of high officials attended a reception at the American consulate March 7. This was the first function for months at which the viceroy had exchanged amenities with the Americans.

GREELY TO TAKE COMMAND.

San Francisco, March 9.—Maj. Gen. A. W. Greely until recently chief signal officer of the war department at Washington, arrived here yesterday to assume command of the Pacific division of the army, filling the vacancy caused by the retirement of Gen. Sumner some weeks ago. He will today formally relieve Gen. Funston, who has been in command since Gen. Sumner's departure.

OPERATORS TO RESIST

Demands of Coal Miners for an Increase in Wages.

Conference at Pittsburg Likely to Decide Matter.

Pittsburg, March 9.—Today's meeting of the coal operators of the Pittsburg district, which was called by Francis L. Robbins for the purpose of uniting on some definite policy for presentation at the interstate convention at Indianapolis on March 19, is regarded as the most important conference held since the question of wages has come before the public, as it is expected to not only settle the strike question in this district, but to largely influence the result in the states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

Within the past twenty-four hours it has developed that the operators of the western districts have been writing to the independent operators of this district and that they have had representatives working in the field with a view to persuading the independent operators to stick to the original demand and not grant an increase of wages to the employes. The claim that the operators of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and the independents of the Pittsburg district would be strong enough to fight the miners even though the Pittsburg Coal company should grant the miners an advance of wages of 5.5 per cent.

Previous to the opening of the meeting the general sentiment was that the conference would be divided some of the operators siding with the Pittsburg Coal company interests, in endeavoring to grant concessions to the minors, and a number of others strongly opposing the granting of any advance in wages at all.

FRANK EDDY OUT OF RACE

Refuses to Run for the Republican Nomination for Governor.

St. Paul, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank M. Eddy of Sauk Center refuses to make the race for the Republican nomination for governor. Word received today brings announcement of his withdrawal from the list of eligibles.

That Eddy would not get into the fight was practically settled when his fellow townsman, C. M. Sprague, announced his candidacy for the nomination of lieutenant governor. Despite this, however, staunch friends insisted that he would stick and interviews were given out by them to the effect that the story of his expected withdrawal was started by his enemies. His withdrawal appears in his paper, the Sauk Center Herald, which was published yesterday.

Eddy was a prominent figure in the coming contest. Quite a number of papers took up his cause and he was being boomed liberally.

With Mr. Eddy and Secretary of State Hanson out of it, the guebernatorial race is narrowed down to State Treasurer Block and Senator Lord. Jacob Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle is talked of, but no one knows whether he intends to run or not. The other two are avowed candidates and at present have the center of the stage.

ANNIVERSARY

Of the Birth of Edwin Forest Celebrated at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 9.—The one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Edwin Forrest was observed here today with appropriate exercises. Forrest's grave was decorated with flowers and a reception and commemorative exercises were held at the Edwin Forrest home, which were participated in by persons prominent in public and social life here, and many theatrical people now filling engagements in this city. Addresses were delivered by Col. A. K. McClure and ex-Supreme Court Justice Samuel Gustine Thompson, president of the home.

ROMAN ARISTOCRACY THROWN INTO MOURNING.

Rome, March 9.—The body of the Marchioness Corsini, formerly Princess Barberini, who was killed by the overturning of her automobile last night, was transferred from the quirnal to the San Felice palace adjoining the quirnal. The large hall of the palace was transformed into a mortuary chapel with an altar where mass was celebrated for the repose of the soul. The king and queen and many members of the aristocracy visited the chapel during the day. Many noble families related to the Corsinis and Barberinis are thus thrown into mourning.

VISITING WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Senator George B. Ward and J. L. Spaulding of Alexandria, Minn., are among today's arrivals.

FIFTEEN SOLDIERS ARE KILLED, MANY WOUNDED

Natives Were Entrenched in the Crater at the Top of a High Lava Cone.

Artillery Lifted for Hundreds of Feet by Means of Block and Tackle.

Manila, March 9.—An important action between American forces and hostile Moros has taken place near Jolo. Fifteen enlisted men were killed, a commissioned officer was wounded, four enlisted men were wounded and a naval contingent operating with the military sustained thirty-two casualties. The Moros lost 600 men killed.

Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the division of the Philippines, reports as follows from Jolo, capital of the Sulu islands:

"A severe action between troops, a naval detachment and constabulary and hostile Moros has taken place at Mount Dajo, near Jolo. The engagement opened during the afternoon of March 6, and ended in the morning of March 8. The action involved the capture of Mount Dajo, a lava cone 2,100 feet high, with a crater at its summit and extremely steep. The last 400 feet were at an angle of 60 degs. and there were fifty perpendicular ridges covered with a growth of timber and strongly fortified and defended by an invisible force of Moros.

The army casualties were fifteen enlisted men killed, a commissioned officer and four enlisted men wounded. The naval casualties numbered thirty-two. Ensign H. D. Cooke, Jr., of the United States steamer Pampanga, commanding the Pampanga fort was severely wounded and Coxswain Gilmore was severely wounded in the elbow.

The constabulary casualties were Capt. John R. White, wounded in thigh, severely; three enlisted men killed and thirteen wounded. Capt. Tyree Rivers, sustained a slight flesh wound in the right hand; Lieut. Gordon was slightly wounded in the right hand; Lieut. Wylie T. Conway of the Sixth infantry was slightly wounded in the left eye. All the wounded are doing well.

"Col. Joseph W. Duncan of the Sixth infantry, directed the operations. All the defenders of the Moro stronghold were killed. Six hundred bodies were found on the field.

"The action resulted in the extinction of a band of outlaws who, recognizing no chief, had been raiding friendly Moros, and owing to their defiance of the American authorities had stirred up a dangerous condition of affairs."

Washington, March 9.—The official account of the fight near Jolo is contained in the following cablegram received at the war department this morning:

"Military secretary, Washington, D. C. Following condensed from Maj. Gen. Woods dispatch from Camboango, March 9:

"Troops, naval detachment, constabulary, Col. Joseph W. Duncan, commanding, attacked Moro fortifications in crater on Mount Dajo near Jolo. Action lasted afternoon March 6 until morning March 8. Mount Dajo 2,100 feet high last dead feet angle 50 degs., lava ridges, heavy timber. Artillery lifted by block and tackle 300 feet. Moros depredated from stronghold for past eight months and resisted to the death. About 600 killed. Maj. Gen. Wood and Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss were present throughout the action.

"Killed, army fifteen, enlisted. Capt. Tyree Rivers wounded in thigh, slight. First Lieut. Gordon Jonston, wounded in shoulder, serious, First Lieut. Ernest H. Agnew wounded in hand, slight, First Lieut. Wiley T. Conway, eye, slight. Thirty-two enlisted men. Names enlisted men killed and wounded will be reported later. Navy: Wounded: Ensign H. S. Cooke, wounded in foot, serious; Coxswain Gilmore, elbow, slight; one seaman, slight.

"Constabulary killed, three enlisted; John R. White wounded in thigh, serious. Total killed, eighteen; wounded, fifty-two. Troops, naval detachment and constabulary all highly recommended. (Signed)

"ANDREWS, in absence of division commander."

The last list of troops stationed in the Philippines, at the war department, shows that on Jan. 20 the following troops were stationed on the island of Jolo:

Companies I and L, Fourth cavalry, field artillery. Companies I, K, L and M of the Twentieth infantry had been stationed at Jolo, but are understood to have been relieved by a battalion of the Sixth infantry, commanded by Col. Duncan in January. Col. Duncan was the senior officer on the field, save Gen. Wood and Brig.-Gen. Bliss. Assuming that the organizations were up to the normal strength, there were about 490 soldiers in the action, beside the naval contingent, the strength of which is so far unknown. It is believed, however, that owing to the sick list and other causes there were probably not more than 400 of the military engaged. The strength of constabulary is also unknown.

The official dispatch does not enable the authorities here to place exactly the scene of the combat. The only crater known on the island of Jolo is well toward the center of the island and some distance removed from the capital, which is on the seacoast. There is, however, near the city of Jolo, a distance of only five miles, a mountain answering closely, save for the crater, the description of that in the official dispatch. The mountain was controled by two dattos, Colbi and Joakinine, the latter one of the chieftains who signed the famous Bates treaty. The mountain is very steep and at its apex is a Moro fortress, which had never been taken by the white troops.

Lieut.-Gen. Bates, chief of staff, who had extensive service in the Southern islands of the Philippine archipelago, and is well acquainted with the Jolo country, probably as any officer here, has no fear that this last trouble will extend throughout the group. In the first place, he says there is no homogeneity among these island tribes; strong jealousies exist and it has been impossible for them to cohere in opposition to the whites. It is also believed here, from official dispatches, that the Moros attacked were really a set of robbers and that the action was undoubtedly precipitated by Gen. Wood's determination to exterminate them at any cost if they could not be otherwise subdued.

The movements of the gunboats, which had been detailed from the Asiatic fleet for duty in the southern islands of the Philippine archipelago, are reported only to the commander-in-chief of the Asiatic station at Manila, and the navy department, consequently, is without information as to the whereabouts of the ships until a considerable time has elapsed. However, the fact that Ensign Cooke, is reported to have been wounded, establishes the further fact that the gunboat Pampanga, a small craft of about 200 tons, was at Jolo, for this young officer is the commander of the vessel. Cooke was appointed to the navy from New York and his father lives at 166 West Fifty-fifth street in that city.

The department of Jolo is now in command of Brig.-Gen. Tasker H. Bliss. It was formerly commanded by Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood, who afterwards became commander-in-chief of the Philippine divisions upon the departure of Gen. Corbin.

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Husband Tries to Get Children While Wife is Being Buried.

Appleton, Wis., March 9.—As the body of Mrs. Warren Schoettish was lowered into a grave at a country cemetery at Welcome, her divorced husband, Peter Young, in company with a dozen friends, charged the crowd of mourners in an effort to get possession of his two 11 and 13-year-old children, who had made a home with their mother. The funeral ceremonies were stopped while the mourners and attackers participated in a battle. The father captured the older child and was carrying her off when police interfered and delivered the children into the custody of Father Pelegrin. The case will be brought here to determine what disposition is to be made of the children.

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Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—Mrs. E. M. Standifer of this city shot her sister, Miss Chappel, killing her almost instantly. The cause of the shooting is unknown. Mrs. Standifer is under arrest.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

20 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

AMERICAN TROOPS STORM MORO STRONGHOLD FOR TWO DAYS AND KILL ENTIRE FORCE OF 600 NATIVES

WOULD RUIN INSURANCE

President Morton Tells Legislature That Proposed Laws Are Bad.

Remarkable Gathering of Insurance Men at New York Capital.

Albany, March 9.—Probably never before has a more remarkable gathering of life insurance men been assembled under a single roof than that which met today in the state capitol in connection with the hearing on the pending amendments to the insurance law. The hearing on the bills was had before the joint special legislative investigating committee, which drew upon itself last fall universal attention by its exposures of many of the conditions surrounding the business of life insurance as carried on in this state.

Today's hearing was the first public opportunity of the companies to express themselves upon the provisions of the ten bills presented by the commission to the legislature as the result of its investigation and the great and small companies concentrated a powerful personnel upon the occasion.

Arrangements had been made for a very large attendance, and yesterday it became evident that the grat crowd of insurane men coming in on every train would tax to the utmost the capacity of the assembly chamber. Last night the corridors of the hotels suggested the night before a great political convention. Many radical changes in the state insurance law and kindred statutes are proposed in the ten bills under consideration. A resume of these measures has been carried heretofore in these dispatches.

Long before the time set for the hearing the assembly chamber was crowded to the point of discomfort. Former Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff, president of the Provident Savings Life, acted as master of ceremonies and introduced the speakers.

Mr. Woodruff outlined the program and said that Former Judge William B. Hornblower of the New York Life would sum up for the insurance companies. He introduced President Paul Morton of the Equitable Life as the first speaker. Mr. Morton presented a communication in which he began by admitting that serious evils had crept into the insurance business and by assuring the committee that he was in accord with its general purposes. He said, however, that if these bills were enacted without changes it would seriously injure the insurance interests. "Not only will the insurance companies be unable to conduct their business in such a manner as to produce fair returns to their policyholders and meet the requirements of the people of the state for new insurance, but the conservative insurance companies of other states will be forced to discontinue business in this state. In short, the result of the legislation which you have recommended will be the reverse of the result you are to accomplish."

Mr. Morton referred to the suggestion that the bills, even if imperfect, could be amended at the next session of the legislature, but pointed out that the investigation had commanded such wide inspired confidence that the example of New York would quite surely be followed by other states, and that, therefore, the laws enacted at this session should be as nearly perfect as possible.

Mr. Morton then took up the changes in the bills he would suggest. In brief, he believed, that with certain qualifications, insurance companies should be allowed the same latitude in the matter of investments as heretofore.

THEATER A NECESSITY.

Jury Holds That Plays Are Moral Benefit to Community.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 9.—The claim by the defense that plays are morally beneficial to a community, and that, therefore the vocation of theatrical people comes within the meaning of the word "necessity" as construed by the courts in making exemption from the law against the pursuit of the usual avocations on Sunday, was successful in the case of the managers of Terre Haute's three theaters, who were put on trial for keeping open their playhouses last Sunday in defiance of the closing order. The managers were acquitted, and the authorities say the Sunday law against places of amusement where admission is charged applies only to baseball games.

MAN SHOOTS WIFE AND SELF---WILL LIVE.

Joliet, Ill., March 9.—Alois Kondter, a young Norwegian, made a murderous assault last night on his bride of six months, slashing her with a long knife. Kondter then stabbed himself several times. The woman will die. The man may live. It is believed that the couple had a jealous quarrel.

UILTY OF MURDER; GETS TWENTY YEARS.

Greensboro, N. C., March 9.—After deliberating for thirteen hours, the jury in the case of Dr. J. B. Matthews, the Greensboro, N. C., physician, charged with the murder of his wife, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. Judge Ferguson sentenced the prisoner to the penitentiary for a term of twenty years.

FAVORS A SEA LEVEL CANAL

PROF. WILLIAM M. BURR, Former Member of the Isthman Canal Commission, Strongly in Favor of a Sea-Level Canal.

POINTERS FROM BURR

Canal Expert Tells Committee New Facts About Canal.

Strongly in Favor of Contract Plan for Building Waterway.

Washington, March 9.—Prof. William H. Burr continued his testimony today before the senate committee on interoceanic canals. He again spoke in favor of the contract plan of building the canal and was questioned extensively regarding it. The committee evinced great interest in statements to the effect that a sea level canal could be enlarged economically to meet any demands of increased commerce of the future.

TO CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY

Of Admission of Minnesota Into the Union Fifty Years Ago.

St. Paul, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Today Governor Johnson announced the appointment of a committee that may have considerable bearing on the future of the Twin Cities. It is a committee to devise ways and means for the celebration of the semi-centennial of Minnesota.

The year 1908 will mark the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Minnesota into the union, and under a resolution introduced in the last legislature by Representative Joseph Mannix of Minneapolis it is proposed to duly celebrate the event.

This resolution calls for a committee of five to devise methods for the celebration and report with such recommendations as they think fit to the next legislature.

What is now being proposed is a fitting memorial in the shape of a possible exposition similar to the Lewis & Clark event at Portland, to be held at the state fair grounds. The state would undoubtedly make a heavy appropriation, Governor Johnson thinks that the United States could be induced to make an exhibit, while the various counties, including the Twin Cities and Duluth, would take part, the latter in the shape of money and exhibits and the counties with displays indicating their fifty years of progress.

Two years will elapse before this important event and the appointment of the committee at this date is for the purpose of spreading the movement and getting a start. As the two cities, St. Paul and Minneapolis are vitally interested, it is expected that they will take the matter up without delay.

SCHWAB PLAYS CARDS UNTIL A LATE HOUR.

St. Louis, March 9.—Charles M. Schwab arrived at 7 o'clock this morning in his special car attached to the Chicago & Alton train from Kansas City and departed on the Big Four for New York at 8:17. He could not be seen during his brief stop. The porter of his car stated that Mr. Schwab had sat up very late playing cards with his friends and was soundly sleeping when the train arrived at the union station.

ONE EDITOR KILLS ANOTHER.

Shreveport, La., March 9.—L. Stuckey, editor of the People's Demands, was shot and killed at Colfax, La., yesterday morning, by A. M. Goodwin, editor of the Colfax Chronicle. The cause of the tragedy was the publication of an article by Stuckey reflecting on the character of Goodwin. The shooting occurred on the depot platform. Goodwin fired three shots, all of which took effect, killing Stuckey almost instantly.

THE PORTE YIELDING

Grants the American Demands for Schools at Beirut.

The Ruling as to Other Schools is Not Satisfactory.

Constantinople, March 9.—The porte has yielded to the American demands and has informed the American legation that orders have been sent to Beirut to admit duty free all consignments for the American schools in Syria. The same note declares that the porte is ready to accord the same official recognition to American as to other schools, if a request to that effect is presented to the proper department for each institution separately. This is not satisfactory to the American legation, where it is considered to indicate a further attempt at procrastination, as similar requests for the recognition of certain schools presented to the ministry a year ago have not yet been granted. The legation now proposes to apply more urgent pressure for the recognition of the four most important educational establishments.

A SCHEME TO EVADE TAXES

Insurance Company Wrote Checks for Money But Did Not Use Them.

Cincinnati, March 9.—Checks amounting to $700,000 were written but never taken from the office of the Union Central Life Insurance company as a means of avoiding taxes, according to the testimony of Jesse R. Clark, treasurer of the company, yesterday, in the suit of the county treasurer to recover $175,000 in unpaid taxes. The attorney for the company offered to confess judgment for taxes on $700,000, the amount said to have been covered by unused checks and sought to keep from record any statement by Treasurer Clark on the matter. However, it was finally decided to submit all the facts to the court and the statement of Mr. Clark followed. He said that when the tax time aproached the company had immense amounts of cash in the banks, which are taxable as cash but that all possible was transferred into mortgage loans, which are untaxable. Agents were notified to place all such money possible and checks were drawn for the cash on hand and at once credited to the mortgage loan account. Mr. Clark held that this was a perfectly legitimate transaction as the money was out of immediate use, the banks being notified that it has been set aside and was not to be checked again for the time.

The rest of the case will be submitted upon an agreed statement of the facts and on briefs.

NO MORE FURNITURE

Can be Franked Through Mails by Government Officials.

Washington, March 9.—An appropriation bill carrying $191,358,848 for the postal service was finally agreed upon yesterday by the house committee on postoffice and post roads and will be reported to the house in about ten days. The bill is practically as it came from the subcommittee which drew it. Two important provisions are carried in the measure. One forbids the government departments franking anything through the mails which an individual cannot mail at regular postage rates. The other prevents committees, organizations or associations of citizens enjoying the franking privilege. Members of the committee believe a great saving will result to the government in freeing the mails from furniture, heavy reports and supplies of a nature which departments have been permitted to frank.

BURIED IN WELL.

Earth Caves in on a Workman and Kills Him.

St. Cloud, March 9.—William Welt, aged 35, while working in a well yesterday afternoon, was caught in a cavein, and over twenty feet of earth tumbled down on the man. Workmen labored all the rest of the day in trying to recover the body, but the task had to be abandoned. It is stated that the recent thaws had so loosened the earth in the upper part of the well that the descent into the well, which, under any circumstances would have been perilous enough, was absolutely hazardous at the time Welt went down. Welt was a married man. He leaves a wife, but no children.

MOTORMAN KILLED.

Toledo, Ohio, March 9.—L. H. Williams, motorman of a Summit street car, was instantly killed about 7 o'clock last evening in a collision with a terminal freight train at the terminal crossing.

FRIDJOF NANSEN CHOSEN MINISTER

DR. FRIDJOF NANSEN, The Well Known Explorer and Political Agitator, Has Been Appointed as Minister to London for Norway.

BAD FAITH OF REBELS

Precipitates Fight in Santo Domingo in Which Eight Are Killed.

The Revolutionists Resist While Carrying Out Surrender Terms.

Washington, March 9.—The state department is in receipt of a cablegram dated Monte Christi, Santo Domingo, yesterday, saying that on the preceding day while the terms of surrender were being carried out between the government forces and the revolutionists the latter acted in bad faith and there was a fight in which two officers and six men were killed, including Gen. Cepin. The revolutionists escaped to the bushes.

WANT DUTY REMOVED.

Wisconsin Lumber Dealers Desire Free Lumber From Canada.

Milwaukee, March 9.—The Wisconsin Retail Lumber Dealers association, in annual session yesterday passed a resolution favoring the removal of the import duty on Canadian lumber and requesting congress to take action to this end. The resolution was followed by a general discussion in which it was brought out that American lumbermen found the time had arrived when the importation of Canadian lumber, free of duty, was desired as a result of the greatly reduced supplies of good lumber in the United States, particularly in the Northwest.

ACTORS ARE AROUSED BY Y. M. C. A. BAN.

Pittsburg, March 9.—Henry E. Dixey, the comedian, has sent an open letter to the president and secretary of the Pittsburg Y. M. C. A. relative to the barring of actors from that organization.

"This unjust discrimination, unchristian, unkindly and altogether abhorrent to any man who has the sense of fair play and an atom of American manhood, has touched me deeply," says Dixey. He then states that a meeting will be held in the Belasco theater next Sunday of "actors, actresses and all those who think that a man is a man, or a woman a woman, whether they be members of theatrical, legal or medical professions." He asks that the president and secretary and members of the association attend the meeting and express their views.

VICEROY OF CANTON GROWS MORE CORDIAL.

Hongkong, March 9.—The friction existing for some time between the viceroy of Canton and the American representatives there has given place to more pleasant relations, which state of affairs has been signalized by an exchange of courtesies. The viceroy gave a banquet in honor of Rear Admiral Train, March 6, while the viceroy and a number of high officials attended a reception at the American consulate March 7. This was the first function for months at which the viceroy had exchanged amenities with the Americans.

GREELY TO TAKE COMMAND.

San Francisco, March 9.—Maj. Gen. A. W. Greely until recently chief signal officer of the war department at Washington, arrived here yesterday to assume command of the Pacific division of the army, filling the vacancy caused by the retirement of Gen. Sumner some weeks ago. He will today formally relieve Gen. Funston, who has been in command since Gen. Sumner's departure.

OPERATORS TO RESIST

Demands of Coal Miners for an Increase in Wages.

Conference at Pittsburg Likely to Decide Matter.

Pittsburg, March 9.—Today's meeting of the coal operators of the Pittsburg district, which was called by Francis L. Robbins for the purpose of uniting on some definite policy for presentation at the interstate convention at Indianapolis on March 19, is regarded as the most important conference held since the question of wages has come before the public, as it is expected to not only settle the strike question in this district, but to largely influence the result in the states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

Within the past twenty-four hours it has developed that the operators of the western districts have been writing to the independent operators of this district and that they have had representatives working in the field with a view to persuading the independent operators to stick to the original demand and not grant an increase of wages to the employes. The claim that the operators of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and the independents of the Pittsburg district would be strong enough to fight the miners even though the Pittsburg Coal company should grant the miners an advance of wages of 5.5 per cent.

Previous to the opening of the meeting the general sentiment was that the conference would be divided some of the operators siding with the Pittsburg Coal company interests, in endeavoring to grant concessions to the minors, and a number of others strongly opposing the granting of any advance in wages at all.

FRANK EDDY OUT OF RACE

Refuses to Run for the Republican Nomination for Governor.

St. Paul, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank M. Eddy of Sauk Center refuses to make the race for the Republican nomination for governor. Word received today brings announcement of his withdrawal from the list of eligibles.

That Eddy would not get into the fight was practically settled when his fellow townsman, C. M. Sprague, announced his candidacy for the nomination of lieutenant governor. Despite this, however, staunch friends insisted that he would stick and interviews were given out by them to the effect that the story of his expected withdrawal was started by his enemies. His withdrawal appears in his paper, the Sauk Center Herald, which was published yesterday.

Eddy was a prominent figure in the coming contest. Quite a number of papers took up his cause and he was being boomed liberally.

With Mr. Eddy and Secretary of State Hanson out of it, the guebernatorial race is narrowed down to State Treasurer Block and Senator Lord. Jacob Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle is talked of, but no one knows whether he intends to run or not. The other two are avowed candidates and at present have the center of the stage.

ANNIVERSARY

Of the Birth of Edwin Forest Celebrated at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 9.—The one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Edwin Forrest was observed here today with appropriate exercises. Forrest's grave was decorated with flowers and a reception and commemorative exercises were held at the Edwin Forrest home, which were participated in by persons prominent in public and social life here, and many theatrical people now filling engagements in this city. Addresses were delivered by Col. A. K. McClure and ex-Supreme Court Justice Samuel Gustine Thompson, president of the home.

ROMAN ARISTOCRACY THROWN INTO MOURNING.

Rome, March 9.—The body of the Marchioness Corsini, formerly Princess Barberini, who was killed by the overturning of her automobile last night, was transferred from the quirnal to the San Felice palace adjoining the quirnal. The large hall of the palace was transformed into a mortuary chapel with an altar where mass was celebrated for the repose of the soul. The king and queen and many members of the aristocracy visited the chapel during the day. Many noble families related to the Corsinis and Barberinis are thus thrown into mourning.

VISITING WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Senator George B. Ward and J. L. Spaulding of Alexandria, Minn., are among today's arrivals.

FIFTEEN SOLDIERS ARE KILLED, MANY WOUNDED

Natives Were Entrenched in the Crater at the Top of a High Lava Cone.

Artillery Lifted for Hundreds of Feet by Means of Block and Tackle.

Manila, March 9.—An important action between American forces and hostile Moros has taken place near Jolo. Fifteen enlisted men were killed, a commissioned officer was wounded, four enlisted men were wounded and a naval contingent operating with the military sustained thirty-two casualties. The Moros lost 600 men killed.

Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the division of the Philippines, reports as follows from Jolo, capital of the Sulu islands:

"A severe action between troops, a naval detachment and constabulary and hostile Moros has taken place at Mount Dajo, near Jolo. The engagement opened during the afternoon of March 6, and ended in the morning of March 8. The action involved the capture of Mount Dajo, a lava cone 2,100 feet high, with a crater at its summit and extremely steep. The last 400 feet were at an angle of 60 degs. and there were fifty perpendicular ridges covered with a growth of timber and strongly fortified and defended by an invisible force of Moros.

The army casualties were fifteen enlisted men killed, a commissioned officer and four enlisted men wounded. The naval casualties numbered thirty-two. Ensign H. D. Cooke, Jr., of the United States steamer Pampanga, commanding the Pampanga fort was severely wounded and Coxswain Gilmore was severely wounded in the elbow.

The constabulary casualties were Capt. John R. White, wounded in thigh, severely; three enlisted men killed and thirteen wounded. Capt. Tyree Rivers, sustained a slight flesh wound in the right hand; Lieut. Gordon was slightly wounded in the right hand; Lieut. Wylie T. Conway of the Sixth infantry was slightly wounded in the left eye. All the wounded are doing well.

"Col. Joseph W. Duncan of the Sixth infantry, directed the operations. All the defenders of the Moro stronghold were killed. Six hundred bodies were found on the field.

"The action resulted in the extinction of a band of outlaws who, recognizing no chief, had been raiding friendly Moros, and owing to their defiance of the American authorities had stirred up a dangerous condition of affairs."

Washington, March 9.—The official account of the fight near Jolo is contained in the following cablegram received at the war department this morning:

"Military secretary, Washington, D. C. Following condensed from Maj. Gen. Woods dispatch from Camboango, March 9:

"Troops, naval detachment, constabulary, Col. Joseph W. Duncan, commanding, attacked Moro fortifications in crater on Mount Dajo near Jolo. Action lasted afternoon March 6 until morning March 8. Mount Dajo 2,100 feet high last dead feet angle 50 degs., lava ridges, heavy timber. Artillery lifted by block and tackle 300 feet. Moros depredated from stronghold for past eight months and resisted to the death. About 600 killed. Maj. Gen. Wood and Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss were present throughout the action.

"Killed, army fifteen, enlisted. Capt. Tyree Rivers wounded in thigh, slight. First Lieut. Gordon Jonston, wounded in shoulder, serious, First Lieut. Ernest H. Agnew wounded in hand, slight, First Lieut. Wiley T. Conway, eye, slight. Thirty-two enlisted men. Names enlisted men killed and wounded will be reported later. Navy: Wounded: Ensign H. S. Cooke, wounded in foot, serious; Coxswain Gilmore, elbow, slight; one seaman, slight.

"Constabulary killed, three enlisted; John R. White wounded in thigh, serious. Total killed, eighteen; wounded, fifty-two. Troops, naval detachment and constabulary all highly recommended. (Signed) "ANDREWS, in absence of division commander."

The last list of troops stationed in the Philippines, at the war department, shows that on Jan. 20 the following troops were stationed on the island of Jolo:

Companies I and L, Fourth cavalry, field artillery. Companies I, K, L and M of the Twentieth infantry had been stationed at Jolo, but are understood to have been relieved by a battalion of the Sixth infantry, commanded by Col. Duncan in January. Col. Duncan was the senior officer on the field, save Gen. Wood and Brig.-Gen. Bliss. Assuming that the organizations were up to the normal strength, there were about 490 soldiers in the action, beside the naval contingent, the strength of which is so far unknown. It is believed, however, that owing to the sick list and other causes there were probably not more than 400 of the military engaged. The strength of constabulary is also unknown.

The official dispatch does not enable the authorities here to place exactly the scene of the combat. The only crater known on the island of Jolo is well toward the center of the island and some distance removed from the capital, which is on the seacoast. There is, however, near the city of Jolo, a distance of only five miles, a mountain answering closely, save for the crater, the description of that in the official dispatch. The mountain was controled by two dattos, Colbi and Joakinine, the latter one of the chieftains who signed the famous Bates treaty. The mountain is very steep and at its apex is a Moro fortress, which had never been taken by the white troops.

Lieut.-Gen. Bates, chief of staff, who had extensive service in the Southern islands of the Philippine archipelago, and is well acquainted with the Jolo country, probably as any officer here, has no fear that this last trouble will extend throughout the group. In the first place, he says there is no homogeneity among these island tribes; strong jealousies exist and it has been impossible for them to cohere in opposition to the whites. It is also believed here, from official dispatches, that the Moros attacked were really a set of robbers and that the action was undoubtedly precipitated by Gen. Wood's determination to exterminate them at any cost if they could not be otherwise subdued.

The movements of the gunboats, which had been detailed from the Asiatic fleet for duty in the southern islands of the Philippine archipelago, are reported only to the commander-in-chief of the Asiatic station at Manila, and the navy department, consequently, is without information as to the whereabouts of the ships until a considerable time has elapsed. However, the fact that Ensign Cooke, is reported to have been wounded, establishes the further fact that the gunboat Pampanga, a small craft of about 200 tons, was at Jolo, for this young officer is the commander of the vessel. Cooke was appointed to the navy from New York and his father lives at 166 West Fifty-fifth street in that city.

The department of Jolo is now in command of Brig.-Gen. Tasker H. Bliss. It was formerly commanded by Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood, who afterwards became commander-in-chief of the Philippine divisions upon the departure of Gen. Corbin.

Some of the army officers here, who have served in the Jolo group, say that Mount Dajo, the scene of the action, is located about fourteen miles from Jolo, the capital of the island. Moro Coto is on the very top of the mountain. Once before the garrison of natives was induced to vacate the place by the exercise of diplomacy, but heretofore no force has been able to capture it.

The Sixth infantry which seems to have borne the brunt of the fighting was from Fort Leavenworth and has been in the Philippines about a year.

The officers of the general staff fully acquainted with the habits of the Moros say they have not the slightest fear that the Moros will try to retaliate for the crushing defeat administered to them. These officers judge from the dispatch from Manila that there were really two actions, the first probably a surprise and serving merely to locate the position and establish the strength of the Moro defenders. This having been done, the second day seems to have been occupied in hoisting the artillery and ammunition supplies to positions from which to operate upon the Moro fortress in the crater and the second action, fought under the conditions described on the slope of the mountain at an angle of 50 degs. undoubtedly broke the Moro strength in that locality for an indefinite time.

Capt. Tyree R. Rivers, who was slightly wounded, was appointed a cadet in the military academy from Tennessee July 1, 1879.

First Lieut. Gordon Johnston, who was seriously wounded in the shoulder, was born in North Carolina. He is a graduate of Princeton and an honor graduate of the infantry and cavalry school in 1903. He first entered the army at the outbreak of the Spanish war.

First Lieut. Wylie T. Conway, a native of Illinois, entered the army as a private in May 27, 1898.

First Lieut. Ernest Agnew, in 1898, was a second lieutenant of the Twentieth Kansas volunteer infantry. He was appointed second lieutenant in the regular army Feb. 2, 1901.

BATTLE FOUGHT OVER A GRAVE

Husband Tries to Get Children While Wife is Being Buried.

Appleton, Wis., March 9.—As the body of Mrs. Warren Schoettish was lowered into a grave at a country cemetery at Welcome, her divorced husband, Peter Young, in company with a dozen friends, charged the crowd of mourners in an effort to get possession of his two 11 and 13-year-old children, who had made a home with their mother. The funeral ceremonies were stoped while the mourners and attackers participated in a battle. The father captured the older child and was carrying her off when police interfered and delivered the children into the custody of Father Pelegrin. The case will be brought here to determine what disposition is to be made of the children.

WOMAN KILLS SISTER.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—Mrs. E. M. Standifer of this city shot her sister, Miss Chappel, killing her almost instantly. The cause of the shooting is unknown. Mrs. Standifer is under arrest.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GOOD EVENING.

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Snow flurries today and perhaps tonight, followed by generally fair Saturday, attended by brisk northerly winds. The lowest temperature tonight will be about 20 degs.

Knox Hats for Men Who Know.

HOME OF THE KNOX HAT.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 West Superior Street.

Emery Shirts For Men Who Know.

We are Ready to Show the Correct Men's and Boys' Spring Fashions

after months of study and care in choosing from the stocks of the best producers in the world

Suits, Raincoats, Overcoats, Hats, Furnishings, Shoes

for men and boys' wear. The genuineness of our values will appeal.

BURGLAR IS ARRESTED

Was Caught Red Handed in West Superior Street Saloon.

Left Humorous Letter for Proprietor of Sattler Liquor Company.

In Albert Schultz, who was placed under arrest this morning, the police believe they have the burglar who entered three stores Thursday night.

Schultz was caught red-handed in Mulligan's saloon at 217 West Superior street, about 6 o'clock this morning, and in his possession were found some papers which implicate him in the robbery of the Sattler Liquor company's store on Michigan street.

The proprietor of the saloon came down to open up his place of business about 6 o'clock this morning, and on unlocking the door, he found all the drawers behind the bar pulled out and their contents ransacked.

He heard a noise in the back room, and going back discovered Schultz crouching behind a partition.

He asked the young man what he was doing there, and the latter stated that he had just wakened up, pretending that he had slept in the room all night.

The proprietor then ran to the front door and summoned an officer. When they returned, Schultz was breaking the glass in the rear window, trying to make an opening large enough to crawl through. He was arrested and taken to headquarters.

When searched, a number of papers and small trinkets were found in his possession, which implicate him in the robberies. He had a letterhead of a company which is represented by the Sattler Liquor company, and an envelope containing stamps to the value of $2.75, which were stolen from the same firm.

He also had a small watch charm with the design of the Knights of the Maccabees on it, which the owner of the saloon identified as his property.

That Schultz was a burglar with a sense of humor, is shown by a letter which was turned over to the police by the Sattler Liquor company yesterday afternoon. It was found in the office yesterday morning. The letter had evidently been laboriously spelled out on the typewriter, and the writer was apparently not an experienced operator of the machine, as many letters were missing and others were misplaced. The letter was as follows:

"I am very sorry I caused you any trouble by breaking into your place. I sampled a lot of your stock and I must say I like your rock and rye best, and your Lilliwick rye is also good. But I am sorry to say I was a little disappointed because I couldn't find any champagne. Don't you keep it in stock? I got stuck on that opera hat and like it very much."

It is not the first time that Schultz has been in trouble. In 1898 he was arrested for grand larceny and served a term in the St. Cloud reformatory. At that time he was just 16 years of age, so that he is now 24. He has been living at 313 West Fifth street.

A complaint of grand larceny will be sworn out against him.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Young Man Draws on His immagination With Bank Checks.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Park River—Alfred Wakeford now languishes in the county jail at Grafton, awaiting the June term of court, all on account of drawing too freely on his imagination instead of a bona fide bank account. Wakefield obtained $110 from the State Bank of Fairdale and $205 from the Farmers' State bank of the same place by means of checks drawn on the State Bank of Milton. These checks proved worthless and Cashier Larson of the State Bank of Fairdale apprehended Wakeford at Grand Forks and got a return of the monty belonging to him, but before he could be arrested the fellow made tracks from the Forks. He was finally found in an out-bin nine miles from Fairdale and placed under arrest. He claimed that he did not know what he had done with the money. Wakeford was brought to Park River, where he had a hearing before Justice Young and was bound over to the next term of the district court.

Fargo—Napoleon de Montagny and Louis McCleod, fugitives from justice for more than two years, have been arrested and are now confined in the county jail awaiting a hearing before Judge Amidon in the federal court. De Montagny is charged with selling liquor in the Indian country and McCleod is charged with timber trespass. Both men were indicted at the session of the federal grand jury at Grand Forks in November, 1903, but made their escape to Canada before their arrest could be effected. The federal officials received word several days ago that the fugitives had returned to their former homes at Rolla, and Deputy Marshal Quist was sent there. He had little trouble in making the arrests.

Samuel Ellis is also lodged in the county jail awaiting arraignment before Judge Amidon. He was indicted two years ago by the federal grand jury on a charge of selling liquor without a license. He has been in Canada for some time and was arrested several days ago at St. Johns, N. D.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—John Schoenborn, the aged man who was brought to Aberdeen from Frank, in Day county, on the charge of selling liquor at retail without a government license, was discharged by United States Commissioner Wallace. However, other arrests may follow over the affair.

It develops that Schoenborn did not sell the liquor in question. It is alleged that a prominent woman member of the church of which Schoenborn was also a member, asked the old man for permission to leave several kegs of beer on his premises, to be sold for the benefit of the church. Schoenborn assented, and the beer was sold, five male members of the church acting as bartenders, the proceeds being turned over to the church as planned.

As the church people, probably through ignorance of the federal statutes, failed to take out a license, all concerned likely will be hauled before the federal authorities. They are Germans, and did not regard the matter as out of the ordinary until the deputy United States marshal arrested Schoenborn.

Huron—H. L. Hubbard, charged with the killing of G. W. Cakebread, and sent to the penitentiary for fifteen years, and who recently was granted a new trial by the supreme court, has been released from jail on bonds of $5,000. Hubbard's second trial will be held during the term of circuit court for this (Beadle) county, which convenes March 15.

Sioux Falls—For some weeks the people of Lyon township, near Sioux Falls, have been excited over the discovery of what they believed to be a vein of good quality of soft coal. Recently they arranged to sink a shaft to a depth of 100 feet in order to ascertain if coal could be found in sufficient quantities to liberate them from the grasp of the coal barons. The shaft has demonstrated that coal does not exist there.

Yankton—Forty thousand new settlers is the estimate placed on South Dakota's great influx of immigrants for the year of 1906.

The railroads figure they will haul at least 8,000 cars of settlers, their stock, household effects, etc., from the way people are now coming in, which on the average of five to a car, which number is allowed, makes up the total of 40,000 for the state in a year. This estimate is a conservative one and is likely to be greatly excelled.

The last six days has seen 250 cars, or 1,200 people, all come to stay, go through Yankton on just one line, and this is but a part, as it takes into consideration only the immigrant trains, which are really freights. This state is experiencing the greatest rush of new settlers in all its history.

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Cicero said that "It is a mark of great wisdom to take precautions against reverses of fortune"—such precautions, for instance, as buying a bit of real estate now and then, while able to do so. Do not let yourself overlook the real estate ads.

RAILROADS

A NEW ROAD FOR CANADA

Will Connect at Border With Duluth & Winnipeg Line.

Will Extend 140 Miles Northward Into Mining Districts.

The Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road will connect with another road besides the Canadian Northern at the border. American capitalists are backing a new railway enterprise to exploit the mineral district of the Rainy river. The road will be 140 miles long, from Fort Frances, and will connect with the Grand Trunk Pacific, near Black Face rapids.

It will be known as the Fort Frances, Manitou & Northern railway, and construction may begin this season. At Fort Frances the line will connect with the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg. It will cross the Canadian Northern at Fort Frances and the Canadian Pacific at Dinorwic.

The primary purpose of the new road will be for mining development. It will pass through a country noted for its gold and iron deposits. American capitalists developing the country have found themselves handicapped by poor transportation facilities, and the road is being built to get around this difficulty.

WILL HELP DULUTH.

Great Northern Boats Divert Tourist Travel to Northern Route.

The Great Northern Steamship company's boats, Minnesota and Dakota will, it is believed, indirectly benefit Duluth during the summer season by bringing tourists this way, affording them an incentive to travel via the northern route rather than the southern.

It is said that when the Dakota sails next Monday from Seattle to the Orient she will have the biggest passenger list she has had since she was put into service. The bookings on both the Minnesota and the Dakota, each of which has passenger accommodations for 2,000 persons, promise to be heavy this year, which indicates that tourist travel between the American continent and the Orient is continually increasing.

San Francisco has had a large part of Oriental travel, which meant that the Southern routes had the advantage in competing for the business. The fact that better service is offered now by way of Seattle insures that a great amount of Oriental travel will go that way, and that a good portion of it, by following the Northern route, will pass through Duluth, via the Great Lakes.

PROPERTY APPRAISED.

Report of the Appraiser on the Southeastern Property is Filed.

The final report of the value of the property required by the proposed Lake Superior & Southeastern road in Superior, between Banks and Grand avenue, was filed with the clerk of the circuit court yesterday by the board of appraisers.

The largest valuation placed on any single piece of property was $24,000 for the north forty feet of four lots on Winter street, belonging to the Hammond estate. This also takes in the one-story part of the Hammond block facing on Tower avenue, part of which is now occupied by the Great Northern ticket office. An award of $14,600 was made for the Lark saloon property, on Tower avenue, just south of the Omaha tracks, and $9,000 for the J. A. Link property.

C. D. Thompson of Duluth gets $1,400 for the north sixty feet of four lots at the point where the survey intersects Hammond avenue, and $300 for the north sixty feet of a lot between Hammond and Cummings avenues.

Railroad Personals.

E. R. Porch of St. Paul, traveling passenger agent of the Erie road, is in the city today.

G. M. Smith, general agent in Duluth of the Omaha road, left yesterday for the Michigan Copper country.

F. T. Lally of St. Paul, traveling passenger agent of the Burlington, is in the city.

Publicity will always help a legitimate business, just as sunshine will make plants grow.

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine**

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND AVENUES EAST.

NEW YORK STORE

109 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND AVENUES EAST.

Timely Women's Ready-to-Wear Extra:

Early Spring Sale.

In all our lines of Women's Garments that we are now showing for present wear, for later Spring and Easter wear—**Covert Jackets, Cravenettes, Silk, Linen, Lawn and Lingerie Waists, and Skirts in Voile, Silks, Panamas and Mohairs.**

Spring Skirt Sale.

$4.44 For the present Spring and Easter season we have gathered together the most stylish and effective conceits of the season, in circular, flounced, plaited and other new delights in skirts, made in various materials. These skirts are now more than ever examples of our great double value selling at Four-forty-four. For Saturday we have added to this $4.44 line, your pick of any of our colored Taffeta Silk Petticoats. **$4.44**

Covert Jackets.

$9.98

Pony styles, of exceptional taste and effect. These jackets are of the best coverts and lined with a very fine satin. They are made in the collarless style, with stitched-on collar notched with inlaid velvet.

$8.48

At $8.48 we are selling a very neat creation in three-quarter length covert coat, full box effect, pointed yoke and shawl collar.

$6.83

For $6.83 we are showing a very neat, tasty, Pony Jacket of light covert, perfect straight front, large buttons and collarless.

Voile Skirt

$9.98

Of the most effective skirts for dress occasions Voiles and Silks will be in paramount taste. We are showing a very excellent line of these at $9.98, and the prettiness of one skirt vies with that of another. They come made in the circular styles, but most effectively in the new narrow plaiting, with the upper part of the skirt trimmed with braid. You should not miss an inspection of these before you make any purchase.

Silk and Linen Waists

$5.98

Silk Waists are above everything the prettiest conceits of the season. Their effects are very neat, tasty and most inviting. Of these we are showing one in pink, blue, white, black, lavender and lilac Peau de Cygne, trimmed at yoke in front and back with encircling rows of lace and shirring.

$3.83

At $3.83 we show the most varied collection of washable Jap. silk waists. They are ALL pretty. Others ask $5.00 for their like.

99c

For tomorrow your pick of eight different styles of lawn waists.

Automobile Coats and Cravenettes.

$8.48 We place on sale for tomorrow one of the best coat offers we ever made. This season we are showing those effective long, light, covert Automobile Coats, with the pointed sailor collars. These and the new Mohair Cravenettes, and all our other this season's make of Cravenettes are placed on sale at..... **$8.48**

Children's Cashmere and Washable Dresses.

Sizes 6 years to 14 years.

We made a big advance purchase of these dresses at a greatly reduced price and have given the trade the advantage of the cheapness of our purchase. We are now making the final offer of these dresses. They will not last long at the price.

$1.69

All-wool Cashmeres, Cheviots and other fine materials, in brown, blue and red, in the Peter Thompson and Buster Brown styles.

99c

Very fine washable Chambrays, cotton and linen ducks, Piques and grass linens, in the Sailor, Suspender, Buster Brown and Peter Thompson styles.

CEREMONY IS DELAYED

In Order That the Bride May Finish Reading Novel.

Raton, N. M., March 9.—After facing death by hanging at the hands of a mob of whitecappers near La Veta, Col., because of his attentions to her, John W. Leonard, a mine contractor of that place, was compelled to wait until Mrs. Maggie Baker had finished reading a love story before she would consent to become his bride. The thrilling tale, entitled "For Love's Sake," a piece de resistance in melodrama and romantic fiction literature, being mentally consumed, Mrs. Baker, who is still quite fair and about 40, told Judge Bayne that she was ready to be "hitched."

Leonard and Mrs. Baker arrived here at 11 a. m. from La Veta and registered at the Seaberg hotel. After lunch, Leonard secured a marriage permit from County Clerk Brackett and returned to the hotel for his prospective bride. Mrs. Baker was ready and the couple walked to the home of Judge C. M. Bayne to have the nuptial knot tied.

Judge Bayne was enjoying an auto spin and did not return for an hour. Leonard and Mrs. Baker decided to wait for "his honor," and were invited to remain in the parlor. The blushing and somewhat nervous widow picked up a love story in book form from Judge Bayne's table and began to read. Meanwhile the groom-to-be paced up and down the room, frequently looking out of the front window to see if Judge Bayne was not in sight.

The love tale proved so interesting to Mrs. Baker that she did not notice Judge Bayne's return until Leonard spoke to him. Leonard explained the nature of their call and Judge Bayne, after asking him a few formal questions, announced that he was ready to tie the knot.

"Stand up and join right hands with Mr. Leonard," said Judge Bayne, addressing Mrs. Baker, who was still reading "For Love's Sake."

Mrs. Baker wanted to become a bride, but she also wanted to finish the entrancing novel. She realized that if the knot was tied too quickly, she would have no excuse for longer remaining in Judge Bayne's house.

"Judge, this book is awfully nice. I want to finish it before I get married. It makes me feel good, really. It's almost as good as getting married," said the widow.

Leonard's facce flushed, while Judge Bayne apparently did not know what to say.

"Ah, well; ah, well; oh, all right, if you think so, my dear," he finally stammered.

Leonard and Judge Bayne discussed weather prospects for thirty minutes while Mrs. Baker continued reading. When the last page of the book was turned Mrs. Baker sighed deeply, arose to her feet and announced she was quite ready to be "hitched." It required less than a minute for Judge Bayne to do the "hitching," and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard left for Walsenburg, Colo., on the evening Santa Fe train.

The visit to Leonard by whitecaps near La Veta, during which he was strung up with a rope as a warning, was because of his open attentions to Mrs. Baker, who conducted a miners' boarding house. Leonard was known to have a wife and family in Denver, and when the sturdy miners and others at Occident saw the undisguised love glances that passed between the couple, they decided that summary punishment was necessary in defense of good morals.

Leonard's first wife, who resides in Denver, secured a divorce from him a few weeks ago.

NEW YORK STORE

109 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

DISPOSAL SALE

Of Articles Which We Are to Discontinue Handling.

Owing to the great increase of our cloak and suit trade which demands all the space and attention at once, we will therefore dispose of all our gents' furnishings, notions and all other such articles **AT AND BELOW COST.** Our patrons are well aware of the quality of our goods, which we sell—the most satisfactory makes that the market represents—always at prices the very lowest, and now

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

39c and 49c extra heavy Workingmen's Woolen Sox—a pair **19c**

25c black cashmere and fine Merino dress Half Hose—a pair **12½c**

49c, 39c and 25c Gents' Ties, all silk, neat styles—tecks, string and club house.... **18c**

Four-ply all-linen Collars, any style **9c**

Best Cuffs—a pair **12½c**

$2.00 Men's Flannel Overshirts **99c**

75c and $1.00 values, Men's Shirts and Drawers, medium weight, sanitary and ribbed balbriggans—each **49c**

$1.00 fancy percale, madras cloth, sateen and white Dress Shirts, choice.... **49c**

$1.50 Men's heavy all-wool Shirts and Drawers—each **69c**

$1.89 Men's Sweaters, heavy double transverse knit **69c**

$3.00 Men's Sweaters of fine worsted, in white, blue and black **99c**

$5.00 Boys' Pea Coats—but a few left—ages 4 to 6—at **$1.98**

$1.50 Infants' Eiderdown Coats, pink and blue fancies—at **49c**

75c Stocking Caps and Tams; very nice quality.. **25c**

North Star and Glendale Mills Fine All Wool Blankets less than HALF PRICE

Heavy beaver Shawls, at less than	HALF PRICE
Ladies' Sweaters, at less than	HALF PRICE
Ladies' fine Woolen Underwear, at less than	HALF PRICE
Ladies' heavy Coats, at less than	HALF PRICE
Girls' Coats, at less than	HALF PRICE
Furs and Fur Coats, at less than	HALF PRICE

10c skeins Saxony Yarns, light blue and red only—a skein	4c
30c skeins stoutest German Knitting Yarns—gray and black	19c
15c balls Angora and ice wool—gray, black and white	8c
10c heavy Wrapper Percales, double fold, in staple dark colors—a yard	6c
15c Cinderella best Outing Flannel—white, cream and pink—a yard	7c
15c finest styles figured, yard wide, Silkolines—a yard	9c
$1.00 Wool Eiderdown fancy Dressing Sacques	49c
$2.50 Fancy Kimonos, satin faced—very stylishly made	99c
$5.00 and $6.00 heavy Skirts, all wool cloth, elegantly made	$2.63
$2.00 Flannel Waists, blue and reds left	99c
50c Patent Leather Belts—all styles and sizes	10c
50c Ladies' and Misses' Golf Gloves and double mercerized Mittens—a pair	15c
50c kind Table Damask, in real turkey red, bleached and half bleached damask—a yard	25c
10c Towelings and Crashes, in fine and coarse—a yard	7c

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

GATELY'S REPUTATION

Goes Into Every Suit of Clothes!

If our clothing were not as good as we say it is, who would be the loser? Will you try one on our Credit Plan? Should it not be good you would be a small loser, perhaps. But GATELY would probably lose your custom. We would also lose the custom of every other patron who has tried them and of thousands who have never tried them that had been told that they were not as represented.

Therefore GATELY'S clothing must be good because our reputation is staked upon it, and if you and thousands of others found that it was not the best, it would ruin our business. We sell the best clothing for OUR protection. Incidentally, that is YOUR strongest protection—It guarantees you the best clothing because the goods carries with it GATELY'S reputation. We simply ask of you a trial—knowing it will make a permanent friend.

GATELY'S

Try Your Credit Here

8 East Superior Street.

D. E. H., March 9, 1906.

FINAL CLEARANCE SALE

Many hundreds of new suits, spring coats and cravenette coats for men and boys have been placed in position during the last few days and we invite their inspection.

Meanwhile we continue to throw away good things cheap for a few days longer. Wherever last week's inventory disclosed that only a few of one kind were left, the garments are for sale at less than the original cost.

Men's Suit Sale.

LOT 1—Suits picked from our very finest numbers, mostly Stein-Bloch garments of the $25, $22, $20 and $18 qualities, marked down to..... **$14.75**

LOT 2—For qualities up to and including quite a number of $18 suits down now to..... **$8.75**

LOT 3—The culls of the stock, mostly small sizes, but good in quality, originally sold as high as $10, $15 and $18, now down to **$5.00**

Men's Trouser Sale.

LOT 1—Consists of about 40 pairs that sold from $1.50 to $3.00, you can choose from these at..... **75c**

LOT 2—Consists of about 150 pairs, not all sizes, of every kind but plenty of every size in the lot. These trousers originally sold at $3, $3.50 and $4. You may take your choice at **$1.79**

LOT 3—Consists of about 200 pairs sold from $3.50 to $5.00—most of them good, choice patterns but not all sizes in every lot, your choice of these..... **$2.38**

LOT 4—About 150 trousers selected from our very finest line and consisting mostly of the Paragon make, which everybody knows sell ordinarily at not less than $5 up to $7.50— you may choose from this lot at..... **$3.38**

Men's Top Coats and Spring Overcoats.

LOT 1—About 20 top coats, mostly small sizes, different shades and patterns, that have been sold for $10, $12.50 and $15. Your choice **$5.00**

LOT 2—About 25 top coats—sorted patterns and colors—sold as high as $18. Take your choice.... **$7.75**

LOT 3—About 40 men's top coats, picked from our very highest grades which sold up as high as $20. This lot includes a large portion of the Stein-Bloch make. Your choice of these **$9.75**

Manhattan Shirt Sale.

We just received our first invoice for the new spring Manhattan shirts and as our purchase this spring is exceedingly large we have decided to sell out every Manhattan Shirt now in stock, nothing reserved—soft or stiff bosoms—ranging up as high as $2.50. Take your choice, while they last, for..... **98c**

Men's Hat Sale.

Included in this lot is a lot of sample hats, which we purchased last week from Mr. Stewart, representative of Gordon & Ferguson. This consists of the entire sample line, ranging in value up to $3.00. We put these on sale unreservedly, with the exception of the Gordon stiff hats, at..... **$1.25**

Young Men's Suit Sale

LOT 1—About 100 young men's suits that range in price from $8 to $12, including blacks, grays and fancy mixtures. Take your choice **$5.95**

LOT 2—This lot consists of a selection of suits of our very finest lines, including Pecks' and Stein-Bloch, ranging in price from $12 to $20. The largest part of them are black, unfinished worsteds and Thibets. Take your choice. **$9.75**

LOT 3—Contains about 20 coats and vests—the culls of the entire stock—mostly light colored, but good in quality. Some of these, when suits complete were as high as $12 and $15. You can take your choice, of coats and vests..... **$1.00**

Young Men's Overcoat Sale.

About 30 young men's overcoats, heavy, long, single-breasted garments, assorted colors and patterns, sold for $12.50— now..... **$5.00**

Young Men's Trouser Sale.

LOT 1—Consists of about 50 pairs of young men's long trousers, sold at $1.50, $2 and $2.50. Your choice..... **98c**

LOT 2—About 50 pairs young men's long trousers picked from our very best lines and ranging up to $4 in price. Take your choice in this lot at..... **$1.98**

Children's Overcoat Sale.

We have taken everything that we have left that sold a $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4 and some $5 coats, put them all into one lot, your choice **$1.98**

Children's Mackinaw Suits.

About 25 Children's Mackinaw Suits, in blue and red, did sell at $5, now..... **$1.95**

Columbia Clothing Co.

Burrows Block, Duluth, Minn.

Foot-Note: Wear The Columbia $3.50 Shoe.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Children's Department.

A most comprehensive assortment of Dresses, Suits and Coats for the little miss of 4 or the larger one of 14 or 18—all the latest ideas are shown and as much care is taken in making this selection as in ladies' garments.

Beautiful creations in wash or wool fabrics, exclusive styles, which will not be shown elsewhere. Mothers visiting this splendidly equipped department on the second floor are here given an opportunity to select their child's outfit at a cost considerably less than having the garment made home.

Specials for Saturday:

LINEN DRESSES—New smart styles in white or natural linen color, regular $6.50 value; special for Saturday, only..... **$5.00**

BUDDY TUCKER DRESSES—A special line on sale tomorrow, made of fine quality linen; $8.50 value at— **$5.75**

TOP COATS—New London Styles. For girls from 6 years to 16 years; smart, chic styles, made of imported materials in novelty plaids and checks; patterns exclusive with the S. & B. Co. Prices range from **$9.75 to $25.00**

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Elbow Gloves.

An indispensible article to be worn with the short sleeve waists and suits; comes in black and white, or delicate shades in gray, tan, pink, and blue.

Shirt Waists for Spring Wear.

Beautiful creations, perfect in every feature, made of fine Batiste, handkerchief linen or eyelet embroidery; elbow sleeves, with or without lace cuff; a varied assortment of styles to select from,

From $1.50 up.

Smart Wraps for Stylish Women.

The woman who is looking for dependable, stylish garments usually makes her selection at the S. & B. Co.

Handsome, exclusive models both for street or evening wear; garments that exemplify every feature of artistic merit greets the eye as one enters our spacious, modern showroom on the second floor.

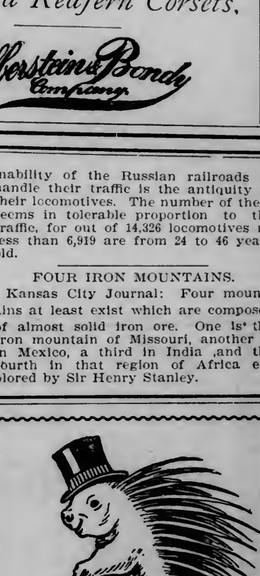
Tailor-Made Suits, $19.50.

New, jaunty models made of novelty mixtures, in bolero, Eton and 21-inch fitted coat style— special at **$19.50**

Smart Tailor-Made Suits, $25.00.

Made in Bolero, Eton, 21-inch fitted, or the short London coat style, beautifully made, of fine materials, in all the newest shades—

$25.00



The New London Top Coat $10.75.

Strictly man-tailored Coats, 50 inches long, made of fine quality imported fabrics in large or small invisible plaids—

$10.75

Silberstein & Bondy Company

INDICTED FOR MURDER

Vranjesch and Ivankovich Charged With Murder in Second Degree.

Three Indictments Are Returned Against West and Rogers.

Matt Vranjesch and Matt Ivankovich, the two Austrians who are charged with the killing of Rude Tonkovich, a fellow countryman, in a saloon on Raleigh street, March 4, are indicted for murder in the second degree. The indictment was returned by the grand jury this morning after several witnesses had been examined, and charges the two men with shooting Tonkovich without excuse or justification, with design to effect death, but without premeditation of deliberation.

If convicted Vranjesch and Ivankovich will be sentenced to life imprisonment in the state penitentiary.

Although Vranjesch is alleged to have confessed to the killing, the indictment presumes the equal guilt of both Vranjesch and Ivankovich.

Three indictments were returned against William West and Roy Rogers. The first charges robbery in the first degree, reciting that on the evening of Jan 5 last, they used violence and force to rob Hop Lee, a local Chinaman, of $113 in bills and silver. The second, charging burglary in the second degree, alleges that they broke into the Oak Hall Clothing company's store, corner Fourth avenue west and Superior street, the same evening, with the intent to steal. The third, charging grand larceny in the first degree accuses the two men of stealing clothing from the Oak Hall Clothing company, to the value of about $175.

Jurgen Geronimus is indicted for assault in the second degree. The information against him is that on the afternoon of Jan. 20 last, while driving with Mrs. Michael Molvney he attacked Molvney with a knife, with the intent to kill.

Ten indictments were returned altogether, but the others were not made public because some of the defendants are not in custody.

No true bill was found against Frank Williams and Frank Donovan, charged with burglarizing a Great Northern car at Hibbing, and they were ordered discharged from custody.

NOMINATIONS BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, March 9.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Surveyor general of Wyoming—Alpheus P. Hansen. Lieutenant-colonels to be brigadier generals—Lorenzo W. Cooke, Twenty-sixth infantry; Joseph M. Califf, artillery corps; Henry S. Turrill, deputy surgeon general; Crosby P. Miller, deputy quartermaster. Colonel to be brigadier general—J. W. Bubb, Twelfth infantry.

McKAY HOTEL CONTRACT LET

John Grandy Lowest Bidder—Emil Zauft Gets Another Contract.

Two important building contracts were let today at the office of Architect John J. Wagenstein.

John Grandy was awarded the contract for the McKay hotel addition on West First street. The figures of the contract are not made public, but it is understood that the improvement is to cost in the neighborhood of $50,000.

The proposed addition will have a frontage of fifty feet on First street and when completed will double the hotel's capacity. The hotel at present has sixty rooms. Twenty-seven of the new rooms will be provided with private baths.

The contract for the Charles Korth building at Fifty-third avenue west and Gosnold street was awarded to Emil Zauft, for $12,000.

The plans for both improvements were prepared by Mr. Wagenstein.

Worth Knowing

—that Allcock's are the original and genuine porous plasters, all others are imitations.

LEGAL FIGHT PROGRESSING

Catherine and Felix Herzog Present Versions of Domestic Trouble.

The divorce calendar in district court is not yet completed, the contest between Catherine and Felix Herzog still being on trial before Judge Ensign. The ground on which Mrs. Herzog asks the divorce is desertion, but several other matters of a rather unsavory nature concerning members of the family have been dragged into the trial, both sides having considerable testimony to introduce.

Judge Cant this morning ordered findings for Dollie Theabolt against George Theabolt after a number of witnesses had testified in support of Mrs. Theabolt's claim that her husband was an habitual drunkard and abused herself and their children. They were married when Mrs. Theabolt was but 16 years of age, in May, 1899, and have resided in the West end.

IS CHARGED WITH BIGAMY

Warrant Issued for Arrest of Harry J. Reynolds of Cleveland.

Cleveland, March 9.—A warrant was issued today at Norwalk, Ohio, for the arrest of Harry J. Reynolds of this city on the charge of bigamy. Reynolds is general superintendent for one of the most extensive iron ore concerns on the Great Lakes. It is alleged that Reynolds, who has a wife and grown children in this city, married Miss May Smith, aged 21, at Norwalk Tuesday evening.

MURDERESS WILL NOT BE HANGED

Mrs. Tolla's Sentence is Commuted to 7 1-2 Years.

Trenton, N. J., March 9.—The sentence of death imposed upon Mrs. Antoinette Tolla, the Bergen county murderess, for the killing of Joseph Sonta, was today commuted to seven and one-half years' imprisonment by the court of pardons. The vote stood 6 to 2. Mrs. Tolla was to have been hanged in Hackensack on Monday, March 12. This is the first time the court of pardons has ever commuted a death sentence to other than life imprisonment.

ABOUT A CIGAR.

The Retired Capitalist Tells of His First Setback.

New York Sun: "How did I get my first start in life? Why, I think I'd rather tell you today," said the genial retired capitalist, "how I got my first setback.

"I had been plugging along at a job I had, faithfully, with strict attention to duty and as hard as I knew how, and I was getting the rewards that never fail to come to that sort of work if you've got the nerve to keep it up. But there was a limit to the possibilities where I was then, and I was looking for a place where I could have more scope, and in due time I heard of a job that was just what I was looking for.

"I applied for that job and I was received by an elderly, but at the same time very keen gentleman, who treated me very kindly and told me finally that if they concluded to engage me they would let me know the next day. I knew that I never would hear from him and I never did; another man got the job.

"Now, why didn't I get it? I learned why about two years later.

"Then, still working for the old concern, I went one day into the office of a house that we did business with, and got through the business all right as usual, but when I was coming away this man here, a good deal older than myself, says to me:

"'Young man, the next time you come here I'd be obliged if you'd leave your cigar outside the door.'

"And then it came to me all in a heap why I hadn't got that other job. I was a smoker, and I had walked into that other man's office with a cigar in my fingers, and it wasn't a bad cigar, either, but I had gone in to see him carrying a lighted cigar; which was contrary to good taste and good manners and good business.

"It was clinging to my own enjoyment and showing that I was slave to a habit, or else it was showing that I was clinging to a pleayune sort of independence that made me stick to that cigar to show it, even when I was going into the presence of a stranger. And he knew, of course, that if I would walk into his office with a lighted cigar I would walk into other offices where I might be looking for business for him in the same way; into offices where my cigar would be likely to strike some other people just as it had him. And that would be bad business.

"And there was my apparent flaw and he didn't want to spare the time or take the risk of teaching me. And so I never heard from him.

"But I had learned considerable in that two years time, or I found I had when I got that jolt from the man who invited me to leave my cigar outside; and I cut out smoking altogether when I was around on business and about a week later I went again to see the man I had been to see two years before, but this time carrying no stale smoky odor about my clothes.

"I hadn't lost one single particle of my independence but I had acquired some sort of sense of the courtesy due to other people, of the respect, in fact, due to them and their establishments. And the keen old gentleman was sitting there just the same and sized me up in a minute, he knew by how much I'd grown, and there was a different touch in his kindness to me now, and——

"But I wasn't going to tell you how I got my first start in life, but how I got my first setback, as I've just done; and if you are looking for texts for aspiring young men, why, you might set down as the one for today:

"'Never go looking for a job with a cigar in your mouth.'"

OLD LOCOMOTIVES.

Kansas City Journal: A German students finds one of the causes of the inability of the Russian railroads to handle their traffic is the antiquity of their locomotives. The number of these seems in tolerable proportion to the traffic, for out of 14,326 locomotives no less than 6,919 are from 24 to 46 years old.

FOUR IRON MOUNTAINS.

Kansas City Journal: Four mountains at least exist which are composed of almost solid iron ore. One is the Iron mountain of Missouri, another is in Mexico, a third in India ,and the fourth in that region of Africa explored by Sir Henry Stanley.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Announce a Special Engagement of the Great Corset Specialist,

Miss E. A. McLaren

Who is Giving Free Fittings of the Celebrated Redfern Corsets.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

POTTER WILL APPEAL CASE

Breach of Promise Case to Go to Supreme Court.

George A. Potter, against whom a verdict for $20,000 damages was rendered in the district court in favor of Miss Sara H. Ham of Dubuque, Iowa, is taking the necessary steps to appeal to the state supreme court from the judgment of $21,223.30 entered and docketed in the district court of this county. A bond in appeal was filed in court this morning by Porter J. Neff, attorney for Potter.

The last record of file in the Ham-Potter case, an action in which Miss Ham sued for damages on account of alleged breach of promise to marry, was made Sept. 18, 1905, at which time Mr. Potter's motion for a new trial was denied. The case was one of the most sensational actions that has been tried in the district court in recent years, the trial occupying several days. Theodore Hollister represented Miss Ham.

WANTED FOR FRAUD.

Horse Thief Arrested at Marshall Tried Fake Suicide Graft.

Minneapolis, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Ben" Schamperlin, arrested for horse stealing at Marshall, Minn., proves to be Theodore Schamperlin, who tried to defraud two life insurance companies by a fake suicide. Last September, in Sioux City, his clothing was found on the bank of the river and Schamperlin was missing. His relatives applied for the $5,200 insurance which was withheld pending investigation. Later a letter was discovered in which an unknown person told how Schamperlin had been murdered and the body disposed of. Schamperlin admits having placed his clothing on the river bank and having written this letter. Since his disappearance he has stolen six horses in Southern Minnesota. The insurance companies involved are the Mutual Benefit Life of Newark and the Mutual Casualty company.

Setting of Cases.

The following civil cases have been set for jury trial next week, by Judge Cant:

March 12—Nos. 5, 7, 13, 16, 20, 21, 24, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 40, 41 and 43.

March 13.—Nos. 43½, 44, 45, 47, 51, 53, 55, 56, 57 and 58.

March 14—Nos. 59, 60, 63, 64, 79, 80, 19 and 34.

Arclay
A Clupeco Shrunk Quarter Size
ARROW
15 Cents each, 2 for 25 Cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Makers of Cluett and Monarch Shirts.

SPRING COATS
A&C Cloak
$1
A WEEK PAYMENTS.
I clothe the family—you wear the goods while paying for them.
Fred W. Edwards
Over Giddings.
Up Stairs, 1st Ave W. and Sup St.

A Bunch of Really Good Points
may be gained by seeing us when you need clothing. Especially we offer the Kohn Bros.' union-made and Kaufman hand-tailored clothing from $10 to $25.
Eagle
CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE
321 West Superior Street.

ARGUMENTS CONTINUE

By Members of the Senate on the Statehood Bill.

Beveridge Finishes His Speech Which Was Begun Thursday.

Washington, March 9.—Owing to the fact that the senate took a recess instead of adjourning last night, Mr. Beveridge was enabled to proceed with his speech in support of the joint statehood bill when today's session began at 11 o'clock. There was a much better attendance of senators than at the beginning of yesterday's session and the galleries were filled early.

Mr. Beveridge took up his argument where he left off yesterday, contending that the necessity for interpreters for the benefit of the Mexican population was rapidly passing and arguing that very little attention should be given to the pledge for statehood given when the territory of Arizona was created because it had been given as the result of fraudulent representations.

Mr. Beveridge was liberally applauded by the galleries when he concluded.

The legislative session of Thursday come to an end at 12 o'clock and the session of today was immediately convened, necessitating the disposal of the usual routine business before continuing with the tatehood bill.

Under the head of morning business Mr. Beveridge undertook to have read a number of telegrams in support of the statehood bill, but Mr. Teller objected on the ground that they should come in properly as a part of the discussion of the statehood bill.

Mr. Beveridge then stated that he had received hundreds of messages, most of them from Arizona, urging joint admissions. "I too, have received hundreds of messages on the subject of statehood," responded Mr. Foraker. "One of them from a gentleman, who gives his name and who says that a telegram signed by the senator from Indiana is being circulated in Arizona urging that 500 telegrams be sent to the senate from Arizona in favor of joint statehood."

The announcement created a laugh at Mr. Beveridge's expense and in which he joined. He said he knew nothing of the telegrams. The telegrams were not read. A bill appropriating $400,000 for the improvement of the mouth of the Columbia river, was passed.

Consideration of the statehood bill was then resumed and Mr. Foraker took the floor to make the first speech under the ten-minute rule. He pointed out that Arizona was not asking admission and he declared that there never had been an effort to foist statehood on an unwilling territorial constituency..

Mr. Dubois followed with a speech in support of an amendment offered by him, providing polygamists and Mormons from voting in the proposed state of Arizona as was originally provided by the Idaho test oath. He said he had seen a list of from 50 to 100 polygamists living in Arizona and that there also were many in New Mexico. There was, he said, no power in Utah to punish polygamy and Mormonism was so strong in his own state of Idaho that, notwithstanding the leader of the sect in that state had testified that he was the husband of three wives, there was no possibility of bringing him to account because of the political power of his church. "Wherever there is Mormonism there is polygamy," he said, and added that the only way to prevent polygamy was to strike at the organization that encourages it.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 9.—Private pension legislation was the order of business in the house today, 408 bills being on the calendar. The first motion entered was by Mr. Pine (N. Y.) that when the house adjourned today, it to be to meet on Monday next. The motion was agreed to.

The senate amendments in the Carnegie educational founda'ion bill were agreed to.

Representative Townsend introduced a joint resolution today, to amend the resolution approved on March 7, for an investigation of railroad discriminations and monopolies by giving the interstate commerce commission full power to subpoenae witnesses and compel the production of documentary evidence. It also makes an appropriation of $50,000 to conduct the investigation. Representative Gillespie of Texas also introduced a bill oppropriating $100,000 for the same investigation. It provides that any person testifying in such an investigation shall not be prosecuted for any offense about which he may testify. The bill also provides that the commission shall accept the reports of other departments of the government on subjects investigated by them, in case the commission regards the investigations as thorough.

The resolution sought to be amended is that which the president criticised in a recent message to congress.

MEET TO DISCUSS THE PROFESSIONAL COACH.

Chicago, March 9.—Eleven representatives of the large universities of the West met here today in the second conference regarding college athletics. It was admitted before the meeting convened that the most important matter to come up for discussion was the professional football coach.

Those present at the meeting were: M. W. Sampson, University of Indiana; T. F. Moran, Purdue; A. H. Pattengill, Michigan; T. W. Adams, Wisconsin; H. J. Barton, Illinois; T. F. Hogate, Northwestern; F. S. Jones, Minnesota; A. H. Smith, Iowa; A. W. Small, Chicago.

Prof. Small of Chicago announced before the meeting that he would not insist upon the abolishment of the professional coach.

MISS ANTHONY COMFORTABLE.

Rochester, N. Y., March 9.—Susan B. Anthony has passed a fairly comfortable night, though her temperature is 2 degs. higher this morning than yesterday. In spite of this her physician says the case shows a slight improvement. The patient's exhaustion, however, is still a source of great danger.

A FEW TOOL SNAPS FOR TOMORROW.

Our Ads Are Truthful.

Stanley pattern, iron smooth Planes, 9 inches long, with 2-inch cutters; no better planer made—

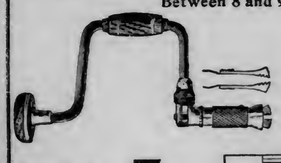
$1.30

No. 68—26-inch Rex Hand Saws, made by E. C. Atkins & Co.—high grade silver steel, warranted to be better than any other saw made in the world.... **$1.85**

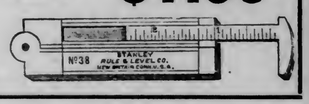
Large Clark's Expansive Bitts, with two cutters—small one cuts from 7/8 to 1¼—large one from 1¾ to 3 inches **$1.20**

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY EVENING

Between 8 and 9 o'clock.



Fray's 10-inch Ratchet Braces (like cut) **$1.35**



2 Foot Boxwood Rules **7c**

7-inch nickel-plated Block Planes—knuckle joints, slide adjustment for exact adjusting of the cutter with the face of the plane— **70c**

No. 11½ Madole Hammers—all carpenters know this make **55c**

Hammond Lath Hatchets **$1.10**

Level with Plumb — two brass tipped side views with ground glasses..... **$4.85**

Hodgson's Book, explaining the practical uses of the steel square **80c**

Hodgson's Book, Self-Taught Builders' Architectural Drawing **$1.65**

The cheapest place to buy tools in the city. Always watch our west window for bargains.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.
DULUTH, MINN.

Men's Furnishings Specials

(In the Annex.)

For Smart Dressers—our New $1.50 Shirt

They are the 1906 designs. Coat style. Plain or plaited, attached or detached cuffs. English Oxford, French Percales, and Madras. Newest patterns—checks, stripes and figures; any size or sleeve length; better than the custom-made; fit guaranteed. Get the new Spring models Saturday, at **$1.50**

Artistic Half Hose 25c, 50c.

Our own importation, and have the stamp of correct ideas, in stylish Hosiery; newest shades; embroidered figures and fancy clockings. Special for Saturday, at 50c and **25c**

Other Hose at 12½c.

They are worth 20c; blacks and tans, guaranteed fast colors; double heels and toes; Saturday **12½c**

Men's Faultless Brand Night Robes 50c.

Full made in width and breadth, with or without collar; edged with fairy braid or fancy silk embroidery; in other words it's the "Faultless Night Shirt"..... **50c**

Rubbers! Rubbers!

A visit to this section in the Annex will show what preparations have been made in this line. Our immense purchase incudes the best and most sterling qualities. We offer them Saturday as an introduction at special prices.

Women's Rubbers, first quality croquetts; regular 65c and 75c rubbers, Saturday..... **50c**

Women's Cuban Heels; our 75c brands, Saturday..... **59c**

Women's First Quality Storm Rubbers; everywhere 75c; special for Saturday..... **59c**

Men's Spring Low Cut 90c Rubbers for **75c**

Misses' First Quality Storm Rubbers; 60c values for..... **45c**

Boys' Low Cut Rubbers; our regular 75c grades; Saturday at **59c**

Children's Storm Rubbers; 45c qualities, Saturday **35c**

Women's Hosiery.

It's our first shipment of imported Hosiery, all in one lot at 39c. Assortment includes lace patterns, full length and boot; Egyptian cotton; gauze lisles; fine gauze cottons, with fancy embroideries; 1906 ideas; high spliced heels, double heels and toes; extra special Saturday **39c**

This sale also includes our celebrated Esco brand—the hosiery that wears.

5c Lawn Handkerchiefs 5c.

Women's fine lawn Handkerchiefs, made of splendid lawn; ¼ or ⅛ in. hemstitched hem; an extra special for Saturday..... **5c**

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Freimuth's

Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Sts., Duluth, Minn.

10c---Initial Hat Pins---10c

Another lot. Sells about as fast as we receive them. Heavy dull tops. Initial in Old English. It's the proper fad. Saturday..... **10c**

75c and $1 Back Combs 50c.

Fine shell and handsomely mounted; short and long teeth; all the newest shapes, and faddish mountings; some in burnished filigree designs; others in hammered brass; with or without jewels; also those very rich Orientals and antiques; either light or dark shell; this entire line Saturday at one price.... **50c**

$1 Solid Gold Beauty Pins 58c

Two on a card; sold elsewhere at $1.00; Saturday special at **58c**

Silver Spoons at 98c.

Roger's quality, silver plated Tea Spoons; new patterns, either in bright or gray finish; sold by jewelers at $1.50; Saturday your choice at, per set..... **98c**

69c--Alarm Clock--69c.

A high grade nickel plated Alarm Clock, with a back or top gong; guaranteed absolutely, at **69c**

BARGAINS IN THE SUIT SECTION

(Second Floor—Front.)

Women's Suits at $15.00.

A jaunty new Walking Suit, in the popular new Eton style, satin or Taffeta lined, circuar skirt, fine quality chiffon Panama, strictly all wool; the leading colors; Saturday..... **$15.00**

At $19.50 35 dashing Eton Coat Suits, in those very swagger Shadow Plaids and fancy mixtures, quite the latest novelty suit shown to date; Saturday's price but **$19.50**

Clever Tailoring in these Walking Suits at $22.50.

The new Pony Coat Suit and Etons at $22.50 are the acme of the tailors' art. Can't beat them in style, finish and perfection of fit at double the price. The fashionable shades—Alice, resada, ciel, silver and black; special for Saturday **$22.50**

A Few Left of Those Sample Skirts at $5.00.

It's a money-saving opportunity; Panamas and Melrose; all in the season's newest colors; cut in thec ircular or 9 and 13-gored; they are manufacturers' models and worth double; think of it..... **$5.00**

Then we have another lot of better material; each and every one a spring model. **$7.50** Panamas, checks, plaids and fancy mixtures; actual value $15; Saturday.... **$7.50**

Alterations at cost

Covert Coat at $7.50.

Brand new, made of fine covert, plain or plaid mixtures; either in the 52-inch or short; it's a tempting bargain Saturday for **$7.50**

High class workmanship and correct tailored models enter in every coat of ours. Your attention is called to our new styles at—

$10, $15, $25 and $35

35c--Ladies' Stocks--35c

The dainty new ideas in women's stocks are especially effective this season. We are showing about the most complete line of popular priced Novelties in Duluth; one lot especially at 35c are made of chiffon madras or pique, edged with Baby Irish or Point Venice lace tabs, medium and long treble flaps, trimmed with fancy buttons or medalion lace; this complete line Saturday **35c**

Also 3 numbers of Turnover Collars, either heavy embroidery or hemstitched at—7gc, 15c and **10c**

(On the Bargain Square.)

39c 69c 98c $1.29

1 entire lot to close; Drapery and Auto Veils. It's the balance of the season's stock, and just as proper now as ever. Lot includes—De Soies, Chiffons, Spider Webs, Messalines, Spanish, with printed escurial designs; sewing silks, plain and with Oriental patterns, and Neapolitan effects; some with 2-inch hemstitched hem; assorted shades; at $1.29, 98c, 69c and..... **39c**

$1.50 Handsomely Bound Books at 50c.

Another shipment of those copyrighted books hitherto published at $1.50; there will be fast selling in our Book department Saturday. All of the most popular fiction numbers are in this superior edition. **50c** 200 titles to select from— **50c** St. Elmo, the Hound of the Baskervilles, The Little Shepherd of Kingdom Come, The Man on the Box, The Call of the Wild, Graustark, Brewster's Millions, etc. Your choice of 200 authors Saturday, at **50c**

$1.25--Lingerie Waists--$1.25

(Second Floor—Front)

They are of splendid quality of white lawn, made in those new dainty styles, certain ideas confined strictly to Freimuth's. Saturday **$1.25**

Others of mull Batiste, trimmed with fine Valenciennes lace, embroidery insertion, cluster and graduated tucks; long, three-quarter or short sleeves. Every one has our stamp of quality, at—

$1.50, $2.00, $2.75, $3.75

A brief mention of some wonderfully beautiful ideas in the new French Lingerie Waists, of the better sorts; these have just arrived. You would wonder how they could be made to sell at—

$5.00, $7.50 and $10.00

Good Quality Undermuslins at Special Low Prices.

(Second Floor—Center.)

48c We offer for Saturday a gown, good muslin, generously made throughout; in either high neck, low or V neck; yoke hemmed and tucked; sleeve and collar ruffled with 2 in. lawn. You can't buy the material at our Saturday price of.. **48c**

21c for muslin or cambric drawers, 10-inch lawn ruffle, hemmed or lace edged; cluster of tucks; a regular Saturday special for.... **21c**

21c for corset covers, made of cambric with lawn embroidery ruffle or English thread Torchon; full fronts; 4 rows Val. insertion; Saturday **21c**

New Gold Belts, in the fine mesh or Oxford iridescent crushes—50c to $2.

Toilet Sundries.

It's about time to put away your furs and those real heavy woolens. We have the real thing for preservation, Rough on Moths, Japanese crystal camphor lumps—either lavender perfumed or odorless; it's a positive preventive for insects or moths, and absolutely harmless to the finest fabric; put up in packages; Saturday, a package **10c**

15c Sea Salt, 2 for 25c.

Extra refined Sea Salt from the Mediterranean. A sea bath at home. It invigorates the entire nervous system. Put up in 4-lb packages; special Saturday.. **15c**

L. & T. Toilet Waters.

La Treffe, Flormaye and Azure—the new odors; 8 oz. bottles; drug store price $1.00; Saturday **75c**

Rubber Complex'n Brushes

It's the only Hygenic Complexion Brush on the market. Removes the dead cuticle and smoothes out the wrinkles, putting new life to the skin; regular price 35c; special for Saturday..... **25c**

Lazell's Perfumes.

Sold at 75c elsewhere; in those exquisite odors, coronoria and golden chrysanthemum; 1 oz. bottles; put up in fancy box; special for Saturday **39c**

Ribbon Special 19c

1 lot of special Taffetas, includes both Nos. 80 and 100, full 5 inches wide; all the leading colors; your choice, per yard, Saturday **19c**

HOWE GETS A REVERSAL

Of Decision Made Against Him by Stearns County Court.

St. Paul, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Under a reversal ordered by the supreme court today the Stearns county district court is ordered to grant a new trial to George C. Howe, appellant in his efforts to recover $50,000 from Mary O. Coates and others, given as part payment on a mine located in Itasca county.

Howe stipulated in his agreement that the title should be perfect, which the owners failed to give, but the district court in reviewing the action for recovery held the defects to be minor and refused the plaintiff relief. The transfer involved a consideration of $750,000 covering the Arcturus iron mine and the supreme court in its findings, holds that a purchaser will not be compelled to take a title when the same is encumbered to the extent of affecting its market value.

The supreme court declared the $200,000 school bond issue valid. When the bond issue was voted upon in 1904 it failed to secure the necessary two-thirds of all the votes cast in the election and the comptroller declined to issue the bonds.

Last year a curative act was passed in the legislature providing that in such cases two-thirds of all the votes cast on the proposition was sufficient. This also, the comptroller declined to accept on the ground that it was special legislation. The decision affirms the Hennepin district court.

The issue provides $100,000 for grade schools and $100,000 for high schools.

SURVEYOR BLANCO DEAD.

El Paso, Tex., March 9.—Senor Jacobo Blanco, chairman of the Mexican international boundary commisison, died here today after several weeks' illness. Senor Blanco, for the Mexican republic, and Gen. Anson Mills, for the United States, have been for years surveying the Rio Grande and settling disputed points as to the boundary. The work had been about completed.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Baltic, Liverpool; Main from Bremen; Neapolitan Prince, Naples.

Fastnet—Steamer Campania, from New York, was reported by wireless telegraph eighty miles west at 11 a. m. and will probably reach Queenstown about 6 p. m.

Haven't you seen a "To Let" placard in some particular window so long that you come to wonder what was wrong with the property? Placarding is primitive—very primitive—advertising. It's just a little better than nothing—while Herald want advertising is a little better than anything else.

STORIES OF THUGS.

Ferocious Indian Criminals Who Reduce Murder to An Art.

"It was a happy inspiration that led to the adoption of the word "thug" as a synonym for a ferocious criminal, says the Los Angeles Times. Its very sound is suggestive of silent and sudden murder. It echoes the thug of the slungshot.

This, of course, is a mere coincidence: the word is not English, in spite of its sound. It is Hindoostance, and came to this country by way of England. There it has no newspaper currency, but retains its historical meaning, a caste of Indian stranglers.

In becoming popular the term has suffered some degradation. For the thugs of India were no vulgar sluggers and murderers. They were religious devotees and artists in crime. De Quincy would have given them high rank among the practitioners of "Murder Considered as a Fine Art."

The thugs, indeed, were under vows to Kali Devi, the black-browed consort of Siva the Destroyer. She is that terrible personage who appears in the Hindoo Pantheon as a fierce but beautiful woman, riding on a tiger; or as a hideous blood-stained idol, garlanded with skulls. Banded together to caste brothers, the Thugs hunted men to offer them to the deity of destruction; and because she required a bloodless sacrifice they killed their victims by suffocation.

But the Thugs, not being cannibals, could not live by mere murder. So they robbed their victims and divided the spoils between themselves and the temples of Kali. As a religious body, they were protected by the Brahmans, and by pious but impecunious rajahs, who licensed and taxed them. It was an easy way for a ruler to increase his revenue, and the victims were traveling merchants who would not be missed.

During the many centuries of war and anarchy in India Thuggee flourished mightily. Under Aurungzeb, to whom as a Moslem Kali was an abhorred idol, it suffered a check. Hindoo fanaticism supported it. The Nawab of Surat had captured a band of Thugs, and was about to release them for a ransom offered by certain Banians, who hoped to acquire "religious merit" by the act. But the emperor ordered the Thugs to be strung up by the left hands in the jungle, and left there to die. The Banians, prototypes of the sentimentalists who present notorious modern criminals with bouquets, banqueted the stranglers before the execution.

These terrors of the Indian highway are extinct, like the saber-toothed tiger. About sixty years ago many hundreds were put to work at tent making and other peaceful trades, in strict confinement.

It was the writer's privilege a few years back to visit one of the last of these world-famous stranglers. He had been captured young, and sentenced to imprisonment for life in a Central Indian jail.

In a cool corridor that overlooked the sunlit garden a venerable old man was weaving the pattern of a Persian carpet. Tall and erect, with snowy mustache and high caste features, he might have passed, in uniform, for a British colonel, bronzed by years of service. He showed not a single one of the criterions of the type criminal, as described by Lombroso.

Nadhoo, so he was called, had been so long a prisoner that he was rather cared for as a curiosity, a museum specimen, than treated as a criminal. He had become an expert in weaving, and, when the looms were idle, was by no means unwilling to talk of his experiences as a Thug. He had been born in the caste, and devoted early to the service of Kali. His father led him to a secret place in the jungle and there initiated him, by the weird rite of the corpse and the dagger, into the free masonry of the brotherhood. He learned their signs, how to interpret the omen of the owl, the patter of the "ramawsi"—the secret language of the craft. Being a precocious youth, as he said, he was selected to play the part of "talker," or confidence man. He was ostensibly a traveler on the Delhi road, where the Indian Midland railway now runs, for his brother, who dealt in silks and cotton goods in a Deccan city. Of his exploits as talker for the band of Tulsi Ram, a notorious Thug executed long ago for his crimes, he told this tale:

"Tulsi Ram was the right arm of Kali and I was the right arm of Tulsi Ram. It was I who decoyed Nasur Khan, the rich jeweler, with coaxing words, as men take carp from a pond by tickling their sides.

"Nasur was journeying to Delhi with gems from Mysore and a caravan laden with silks in bales and rich brocades. I came before him as a poor trader, begging for permission to join his train for the sake of protection against thieves."

A twinkle in the old man's eye betrayed his relish of the irony of the situation.

"But Nasur was hard as the stones he dealt in," he continued, "and the price he demanded for his protection was high. Then I told him that the rajah of Mulwa had news of the approach of his caravan, and Nasur's heart became as water, for he feared the horsemen of Mulwa and the toll they take. And I, supplying my tongue with the oil of persuasion, harped on his fears, and drew him on to take a safer way—where Tulsi and his band were waiting, and where our brethren of the pick ax had dug long trenches in the jungle grass.

"Nasur's heart was glad within him when he rode aside from Mulwa, and when he met Tulsi Ram, merry was his greeting. Quiet merchants all, they seemed—my brothers—and Nasur's men chatted with them, as travelers will, of the price of grain. And as they conversed together they made a jest about the Thugs. So my brethren gathered round Nasur Khan and his men, two to a traveler, and, when all were listening open-mouthed to a story of Hatim Tai's, an owl hooted twice from the jungle. That was the signal."

The old man illustrated with wrist and knuckle the act of tightening the rumal, or handkerchief, round the neck of the victim. He told how the travelers were buried, while warm, in the graves that had been prepared for them. For himself it was his destiny to be a Thug. "It is our custom," he said. "The potter's son takes to the potter's wheel; the coppersmith's to the tinkling hammer."

Strangely enough the veteran became himself a sacrifice to the goddess of his vows. For Kali Devi is also the patroness of that scourge of India, cholera morbus; and next hot weather the old Thug passed away during an epidemic. Kali had stretched out one of her hundred hands and called her devotee away.

From this confession it seems that winning the confidence of their victims was the mainstay of the Thug business. Theirs was not the bold, overt, "Your money-or-your-life" attack of the bandit, but the crafty approach of the criminal tactician. They reckoned on taking their man off his guard; as the "coney catcher" did in sixteenth century London, as the bunko man does today in Western America. Confidence operations are as old as "graft" itself.

The work of suppressing Thuggee was done by Col. Sleeman, one of those martyrs to exile and official duty that the Indian civil service needs and trains. In the district where he replaced blackmail and brigandage by law and order, the town of Sleemanabad—Sleeman's city—stands for his monument. The long task of rounding up the Thug bands was made easier by disaffection within their ranks. The powerful religious band was broken when unbelieving Moslems were admitted as members of the robber caste, and rose to be leaders. Then Kali worship became a mere pretext for robbery and murder, and Thuggee fell before the repressive measures of a strong executive.

One is not surprised to hear of European criminals adopting methods more or less like those of the Thugs. If a robber can trust his pal, two heads and two pairs of hands are better than one. A skillful grasp on the throat by one man stifles the cry for help and safeguards the operations of his partner. But as no idea of religious duty would avail in court, they must stop short of strangulation, or risk a charge of murder.

The gorrotters who infested London in the sixties choked, but did not kill the late returning citizens. When chloroform came into use in surgery, the underworld of crime, or at any rate its master minds, at once appreciated its value. It was painless, it was safe—for them; the victim would awake in a state of mental confusion—he could give the police no clew. The drug became popular with the scientific criminals who operated on English railroad lines, where the closed compartments secure privacy. Sometimes a subject died under chloroform by misadventure; but that might have happened at the hands of a young medical practitioner.

In Paris, however, the tricks of Indian Thuggee have been closely followed. Look over the files of the Parisian papers of recent years, you will find accounts of men found dead in lonely places with leather cords around their necks and empty pockets. They had resisted the attacks of strange thieves. in other cases wealthy men, returning late from the opera on foot, fell victims to the handkerchief trick. In this case the "foulard" of heavy Lyons silk took the place of the cotton "rumal" of the Thug. A robber dressed like a workman, or "petit bourgeois," would approach a belated clubman and offer him for sale a ring, ostensibly picked up from the pavement. If Monsieur did not take alarm, the robber's partner, who had crept behind his victim, snared his mouth and throat in a noose. Then with a quick "jiu-jitsu" turn, the thug heaved him off the ground on to his own back, like a sack of coal, and his partner stepped up and rifled Monsieur's pockets. The latter was then dropped on the pavement with force enough to stun him and the thugs made their escape.

The Frenche gendermerie trace this clever and bloodless oparition to the teaching of a professor, who lectured in the criminal quarter o fParis some sixty years since. About that time the Thugs of India were being brought to trial, and the revelations that followed excited great interest in Europe. It is very likely that the professor borrowed his line of treatment from these published cases. But old Nadhoo of the jail would have said that the spirit of an executed Thug had incarnated itself in the Frenchman in order to propagate the mystery of Thuggee in the virgin soil of France.

The Thugs of India, it was said, began as devotees, but ended as brigands. Some form of brigandage, indeed, seems endemic in Asiatic countries that are not ruled by the strong hand. Burmah is a case in point, and so are the Philippines.

The thugs of Burmah were called dacoits. During the first few years of the British occupation, the troops were actively employed, in small detachments, in hunting down the "dakus" and laying their chiefs by the heels. It was a rough school for subaltrans. The nature of the warfare is well illustrated in Kipling's "The Taking of Lungtungpen," a tale of the harrying of a dacoit stronghold by Mulvaney's detachment. But dacoity is now extinct in Burmah and the country is policed by native constabulary.

The Philippines are infected by the same disease under the name of ladronism. The ladrones were never effectively checked by the Spaniards, least of all in Samar; nor, to judge from a recent article in the Times by Mr. Haskin, can the peaceful natives even now exist without paying tribute. Like the Thugs, these ladrones do not interfere with white man; and with their robber's greed is sometimes mingled the ferocity of the Mosiem fanatic.

The Philippines are passing through the same crisis, it seems, as Burmah passed through twenty years ago. The disease being the same, it will yield to similar treatment, and ladronism will disappear under American rule, just as Thugee and Dacoity disappeared under British rule. But not under the weak hand of native home rule; all experience is against that. The suppression of brigandage in a land where it has the countenance of use and wont is not the least part of the white man's burden; but by him alone it must be shouldered.

A MAN-O'-WAR AIRSHIP.

Los Angeles correspondent Chicago Tribune: Charles B. Knox, the gelatin king, recently arrived in Los Angeles, where he proposes to construct an aerial navy. The first man-of-war of the air will be built next month and will be christened the Gelatin. If its trial trip is a success it will be taken to San Francisco, where several ascensions will be made.

Every detail of warfare in the sky has been considered by Knox and the inventor, George T. Tomlinson, and they are both convinced that they can build an airship that can with safely to itself hurl down swift destruction on ships that merely sail on the water.

The Gelatin will naturally be built for offensive operations rather than for defense. To save itself it must kill or fly. But it will be able to do both, and do them quickly. It will be fitted with torpedo tubes, which can be depressed to any angle. The mode of attack will be to take a position in the air directly over the enemy's ship.

The gas bag will be constructed in compartments, so that if any one should be punctured by a chance shot from small arms the Gelatin could fly away, upheld by the remaining compartments. It will be driven by two gasoline motors, which can me operated singly or in conjunction. If one of the motors should be put out of action by a chance shot the other would be able to propel the airship. The man-of-war of the air will also be provided with searchlights and a wireless telegraph apparatus, so that it may keep in touch with its own fleet and be warned of any danger that may menace it.

Heretofore balloons have been used in war solely for the purpose of observations of the enemy's movements, but Knox relies on the simplicity of his plan to make the airship an agent of destruction, and he believes in its success. Whatever the result of the practical tests may be, it is evident that the inventor has been successful in attaching a millionaire angel to his airship.

If you are too poor to be a want advertiser, then, indeed, you are in "hard luck;" otherwise, you still have an "even chance" with the best of them.

Get My Free Book — Rheumatism

It tells about Rheumatism, about the causes, the way to live to avoid and free the system of rheumatic poisons—even in desperate cases—with

DR. SHOOP'S RHEUMATIC TABLETS

Dr. Shoop, Racine Wis. Sold By Druggists.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

NO CHANGE IN MARKET

Produce Prices and Market Conditions Same as Last Week.

Eggs Are Plentiful and Cheap—Fruits Scarce and High.

Practically no changes have taken place in the produce market during the week just passed, and conditions and prices remain about the same as during the previous week.

The fine wether has stimulated trade somewhat, and most of the dealers report a fairly busy week in spite of the fact that this is generally one of the dullest periods of the year.

There has been nothing to cause any great change in market conditions, however, and fruits, vegetables, and dairy produce are all quoted at about the same figures as last week.

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Eggs remain unchanged in price at fifteen and sixteen cents a dozen. The receipts of fresh eggs have been running fairly heavy during the week, and are ample to supply the demand. As long as the fine weather continues it is not likely that there will be any notable decrease in the receipts. The low price of fresh eggs has destroyed the market for the storage eggs and the few that are left at the Head of the Lakes are being cleaned up at ten or eleven cents a dozen, which is several cents a dozen less than the actual cost of them to the storage houses, last summer.

The manner in which the market for eggs has fallen flat, has been a disappointment to the cold storage interests, or at least those which speculate for themselves in eggs.

The butter market, on the contrary, is holding very firm. The storage supply is well cleaned up, and there is not much cold storage stock left in Duluth. The receipts of fresh butter are running very light ,and are not sufficient to supply the demand. There is apparently no prospect of a decline in prices for some time to come. Creamery prints are selling for 28 and 29 cents a pound, and the fancy dairies from 18 to 19 cents. The packing stock is quoted at 12½ to 13 cents.

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The prices of all kinds of vegetables are about the same as last week. The chances are that the market will hold firm for some time to come, as the condition of the roads makes it difficult for the farmers to get to the market with their produce.

Potatoes are quoted at the same figure as last week, ranging from 55 to 60 cents a bushel.

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All kinds of fruits are scarce and high at the present time.

The apple stocks at the Head of the Lakes are practically depleted, and there are but few good apples to be had, with the exception of the Western box apples, which are being brought in from time to time. The shipments of these have been quite heavy, and consist of several varieties, including Spitzenbergs, Arkansas Blacks, Winesaps and Alaskan Beauties.

Oranges are also becoming rather scarce, and the outlook appears to be for higher prices. The receipts from California have been very light for several weeks and there is reported to be a shortage in the Western crop.

Lemons are also firm, and the dealers predict higher prices later in the spring, as the weather grows warmer and the demand for them greater.

Strawberries are beginning to get almost within the reach of the average purse, being quoted at 55 cents a quart. The quality of the fruit now coming in is very fine, the berries being large and juicy.

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Meats are unchanged in price from last week. The basis on lard is a point higher, being quoted at 8 3-8 cents.

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This evening the commission dealers along the street will give their annual banquet at the Commercial club. It has always proved a most enjoyable affair, and judging from the make-up of the committees in charge of this evening's banquet, it will be no exception to the general rule.

CAUCUSES AT BIWABIK.

N. B. Shank Nominated for Village President---The Township Ticket.

Biwabik, Minn., March 9.—At largely attended caucuses held here last night, village and township tickets were nominated to be voted on at the election next Tuesday. The village caucus, held first was presided over by H. G. Seely. H. H. Stuttson acted as secretary.

N. B. Shank was unanimous choice of the caucus for the village presidency. There were several candidates for seats on the board of trustees. The first trustee chosen was J. A. Riley, who received 76 votes against 25 received by A. Lundstrom and 28 by J. G. Nelmi, F. B. Myers was unanimously chosen as trustee No. 2. Thomas Trezona was chosen trustee No. 3, receiving 88 votes against 30 by J. G. Nelmi and 46 by A. Lundstrom.

For recorder, F. M. Butler received 97 votes against 35 received by G. Paivarinta. M. E. Gleason was nominated for treasurer, receiving 152 votes against J. S. Hopkins' 30. For street commissioner John Kostamo received 84 votes and C. J. Verrill 68. M. W. Norton was unanimously nominated for constable.

The township caucus was called to order with H. G. Seely chairman, and F. B. Myers secretary. F. Kinney was unanimously nominated for the position of supervisor for a term of three years. D. J. Cameron was unanimously nominated for township clerk. For treasurer, Barney Kinney received 72 votes and J. H. Silbar 31. N. B. Shank for assessor. William O'Hara for constable and Malcolm Anderson for overseer of highways were nominated by unanimous vote.

It is expected that several of the defeated candidates will run independently.

A Lively Tussle

With that old enemy of the race, Constipation, often ends in Appendicitis. To avoid all serious trouble with Stomach, Liver and Bowels, take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They perfectly regulate these organs, without pain or discomfort. 25c at all druggists.

CURIOUS CHANGE

Caused by Food.

"A few months ago," writes a N. Y. state woman, "I was the victim of a stomach so disordered that I could eat scarcely any sort of food without suffering great distress. In time an eruption appeared, of a most painful nature, which covered my whole body, and which the doctors said was erysipelas, and prescribed for it accordingly.

"Their medicines gave me no relief, however, my condition growing worse day by day. At last it occurred to me that possibly the derangement of my stomach was the cause of the trouble. The doctors said that that organ was like a piece of raw beef.

"I made a complete change in my diet, and put myself on a straight regimen of Grape-Nuts food. In a day or two I began to improve, my digestion gradually came back, all the nervousness and headaches disappeared, and within ten days the so-called erysipelas passed away and has never returned. Meantime my weight has increased and I can digest food that formerly I could not.

"I can honestly say that Grape-Nuts food constitutes the best diet I ever used." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

PLAN TO BREAK JAIL.

Prisoners at Ashland Caught While Sawing Bars of Cage.

Ashland, Wis., March 9.—A number of prisoners confined in the county jail awaiting trial in the circuit court on various criminal charges, had carefully planned an escape which was frustrated Wednesday night by Jailer Everson.

The prisoners had managed to conceal a saw in the steel cage where they are confined nights and had sawed four of the bars nearly off, covering up their labors during the day by means of soap. Jailor Everson happened to stroll around the jail after midnight last night, and, hearing strange sounds, proceeded to investigate. He found one of the men at work at the saw. He secured help and transferred the prisoners to another cage and their cage is being repaired.

From indications the prisoners intended to make their escape last night.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Savage English Grand Opera company in "Lohengrin."
METROPOLITAN—Empire Burlesquers.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday, Savage English Grand Opera company, "Tannhaeuser" at matinee, "Faust" in evening.

GRAND OPERA SEASON.

Savage English Company Engagement is at Hand.

This evening at the Lyceum the engagement of the Savage English Grand Opera company for three performances, the feast of music that Duluth is eagerly anticipating, will be given the initial opera being Wagner's beautiful "Lohengrin." The performance will begin at 8 o'clock sharp. The cast will be as follows:

Lahengrin..... Joseph Sheehan
King Henry I.... Robert Kent Parker
Telramund..... Winfred Goff
Herald..... Thomas D. Richards
Elsa, of Brabant.....
..... Miss Gertrude Rennyson
Ortrud..... Miss Margaret Crawford
Gottfried .....Miss Mathilde Metz
Conductor: Elliott Schenck.

Tomorrow afternoon "Tannhaeuser," also by Wagner, will be sung, begining at 2 o'clock sharp and with the following cast:

The Landgrave..Marrison W. Bennett
Tannhaeuser..... William Wegner
Reinmar..... Arthur D. Wood
Wolfram..... Arthur Deane
Walther..... Alfred Best
Biterolf..... Joseph Parsons
Heinrich..... George White
Elizabeth..... Miss Rita Newman
Venus..... Miss Margaret Crawford
A young shepherd boy.....
..... Miss Mathilde Metz
Conductor: Elliott Schenck.

Tomorrow evening Gounod's "Faust" will be sung, closing the engagement.

EMPIRE BURLESQUERS.

The Empire Burlesquers will conclude their engagement at the Metropolitan with a performance this evening and two tomorrow. The company has made a substantial hit with the patrons of the "Met." The attendance at the ladies' matinee yesterday was very encouraging to the management and the members of the fair sex seemed much pleased with the souvenirs which were distributed. The wrestling match tomorrow evening is adding interest to the last performance of the Empire folks in this city.

Sunday Band Concert.

Jens H. Flaaten, has made an extra effort to get something pleasing for the Sunday evening concert at the Lyceum theater this week, and has discovered a descriptive piece, called "War." Its opening bars breathe peace, and on through a maze of musical emotion, it goes, until the stirring battle scenes and ultimate victory, requiring twenty minutes for its portrayal. It is quite the most ambitious piece of descriptive music which the band has undertaken, and is well worth hearing. Mrs. George E. Budd, reader, and Miss Clara Richardson, soprano, will assist on the program.

EATON AGAIN ACQUITTED.

Milwaukee, March 9.—State Senator Barney Eaton, on trial charged with accepting a bribe of $25 from Albert W. Stark of Milwaukee during the legislative session in 1901, for the purpose of defeating the barbers' license bill, was adjudged not guilty yesterday afternoon by a jury in the circuit court. Senator Eaton was acquitted on a similar charge about a year ago. Eaton acknowledged receiving the money, but testified that it was used solely to defray the expenses incidental to his work in opposing the measure.

Lincoln Park Roller Rink

Roller skating carnival given under auspices of Y. P. C. E. society for the benefit of the Pilgrim Congregational church of West Duluth, Friday evening, March 9. Usual price of skating and admission.

Save MONEY by Buying MEN'S OUTFITTINGS at OUR PRICES.

You can waste a lot of money and then have a lot of discomfort coming to you later on, by buying "cheap" furnishings.

The best doesn't cost a great deal to begin with, and proves a site cheaper in the long run; that's the kind found here.

50c—Underwear—Egyptian cotton shirts and drawers, in terns, with detached cuffs; madras and percales in tan, light blue and the pretty new grays; look like $1.00 shirts—**50c and 75c.**

50c—A lot of those Egyptian cotton shirts and drawers, in medium weight for early spring; jersey ribbed, with silk facing, French neck, pearl buttons, silk front shirts; sateen faced and double crotched drawers.

19c—To finish up what's left of a big purchase of fine merino socks, cashmere finish, gray heel and toe, for **19c a pair or 3 for 50c.**

15c—Here's a sock item: Fine maco yarn, fast black, double sole, extra spliced heel and toe; as good as we ever sold before at 20c—that's pretty good—at a special price for Saturday, **15c a pair; 6 pairs for 75c.**

50c—New silk four-in-hands and tecks—all the new silk neckwear patterns and finest colorings; a drummer said this week, "The finest I've seen west of Chicago."

(Men's Furnishings Dept.—East Aisle.)

New SPRING SUITS for BOYS at "INTRODUCTION" Prices Saturday.

Want to introduce the new line of boys' suits Saturday—and they're worthy a hearty and cordial greeting in their excellency of materials, colorings and styles.

As a "flier" we've taken a few of the best lines at the medium prices, and drawn them into one lot and affixed a price that will put them on favorable terms with you, with the first introduction.

$1.98—About 150 jacket and pants suits and belted suits—plain navy and black and a goodly assortment of the swell new fancy mixtures; suits just marked to sell at prices up to $3.00. Ages 3 to 15. Saturday only at this price.

(Boys' Clothing Dept.—2nd Floor)

Order By Mail.

Persons who cannot make personal visits to the store, whether on account of distance or for other reasons, are assured that orders thus sent will be as faithfully and accurately filled as if you came yourself and as promptly as is possible.

New Stationery Just Arrived.

A new and complete assortment of Eaton & Hurlbut's famous box stationery, Highland linen, etc.; new tints, new fabric weaves; if you need stationery better come and get choice of a big assortment.

(Stationery—East Center Aisle.)

In Pillows and Bedding—Special.

New 5-lb. feather-filled pillows, striped feather-proof ticking—at **98c** a pair. Others up to $6.50 a pair.

Mattresses, with separate layers of cotton felt, hand tufted; the finest made at $7.50. Mattresses from $1.50 up to $45.00.

(Blankets and Bedding—Third Floor.)

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

SCHOOL Shoes and Dress SHOES for All the GIRLS and BOYS at 98c a Pair.

Too many styles and qualities to make more than one price—**BECAUSE** they must go quickly. All the present season shoes for misses, girls and little gents—every odd pair from full lines; soft, flexible leathers, and the heavier ones for rough school wear; all the shapes and lasts.

It's a clean sweep of the shelves before the spring stock is placed, and it's a "hurry" price, for we haven't much time. There are shoes worth $2.50 in the lot—but they're all one price Saturday—**98c.**

Miscellaneous Sale of CORSETS.

49c—Gathering together all broken lots of corsets, in dozens of models — girdles, long shapes, dip hips, etc.; some with side supporters—in pink, blues and plain whites; some with embroidery and lace finishing; we'll put them all in one lot for Saturday. Plenty of sizes and styles.

(Corset Dept.—2nd Floor.)

Dollar WATCHES for Much LESS.

If you once carried a watch you wouldn't be without one; you'd wonder how you ever got along before. This is a chance to get a watch that runs and keeps good time, for very little.

Stem wind and stem set, nickel case, Roman or Arabic dials—Saturday only **89c**—always been $1 everywhere.

(Jewelry—Front Aisle East.)

98c Graniteware for 43c.

17 and 21-quart, 4-coat granite dishpans. 12-quart, 4-coat granite water pails—all worth 98c—Saturday only

43c EACH.

(Limit 3 to a customer. Basement.)

GLOVES Made for Us Are Right.

We have kid gloves made for us so that we can be sure of giving our customers satisfaction, complete and full. They come from Germany—made to our order and every pair is so marked.

$1.25—"Erminie" kids, in all the new colorings for spring wearing—beiges, plum, reseda, Alice, the French grays and black and white; with either self or contrasting colored Paris stitchings; our special at $1.25.

50c for silk gloves, either Kayser's or Amsterdams—double tipped, two clasps, all colors and black and white.

(Gloves—Main Aisle.)

"1847 Rogers Bros." Flat Silverware.

What woman doesn't know the unquestioned superior merit and fame of the "Rogers Bros.' 1847" ware? Best that's made; used more than any other.

Just got our new lot in dessert and table spoons, teaspoons, knives and forks and novelty pieces, and our plainly marked prices are lower than those quoted elsewhere; prove it for yourself.

(Special price on quantity to hotels or restaurants. Talk with us.

(Jewelry—Front Aisle East)

Bring in the CHILDREN for Their New WASH DRESSES Now.

We've been anxious for the time to tell you about them, for **WE** knew what beautiful things there were for the little ones. They didn't come as soon as we wished—but they're here now. And how the girls will enjoy a look at them.

There are jaunty little sailor suits of white or natural linen, (and other pretty materials), with little embroidered emblems, chevrons, etc., put on the fronts, on the sleeves and on the collars in so many pretty little ways; there are all the sizes in every suit, from 6 to 14, and every price from **98c to $5.00**

Or maybe a Buster Brown style is more in the line of her fancy. Well, there's a big supply of them, with little braid trimmings, and contrasting pipings, touches of embroidery insertions—over the finest materials in the line of lawns, percales, ginghams and chambrays; prices on this line are from **49c to $5.00**

But nothing strikes closer the admiration and delight of the little girl than the so-well-liked Suspender Dresses—in all the materials and colors, with self material suspender effects over white lawn slips or waists. Mothers with an eye to the proper things for school wear will have no cause to hesitate when these are seen; sizes 6 to 16; prices ---------- **$1.49 to $5.00**

They're all here, and the very extent and variety of the styles, designs and colorings is an interesting feature—outside of the positive savings in the price.

(Children's Dress Section—2nd Floor.

Attractionns In the West Center Aisle

for women who are watching for "out - of - the - ordinary" things in little fixings and accessories.

5c each—500 dozen ladies' all linen handkerchiefs — special values.

10c—100 dozen ladies' pure linen, sheer handkerchiefs, hemstitched ⅛-¼ inch; 15c values for a "special."

25c—Corset cover embroidery, 18 inches wide, beading top; 50 pieces for Saturday, of the 35c quality.

10c—Satin ribbon, 4 inches wide; white and colors; usually 15c and 20c a yard.

5c—Turnovers—50 dozen of 'em; neat designs, daintily embroidered. Any other day 10c —Saturday 5c.

8c Ginghams 5c.

2,000 yards at the Bargain Counter — dainty patterns for summer dresses, of the prettiest styles; could sell them for 8c, but our policy directs us otherwise. No limit. Come early. 5c yard.

Special News From the Wash Fabrics.

What beautiful dresses you could make from a rich voile weave! Here's a cotton voile, for summer dresses, in light, medium and dark colors — for beauty and comfort. Everyone knows them for 15c values, but Saturday's special price at the wash goods counter will be only **9c a yard.**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

TO CONTROL ORE TRAFFIC

Object of Purchase of Lake Erie and Pittsburg Railroad.

Will Make Lorain Leading Port to Receive Lake Shipments.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 9.—The Pittsburg Post announces the sale of the Lake Erie & Pittsburg railroad to the joint ownership of the Pennsylvania and the Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad companies, which represent the Pennsylvania and Vanderbilt interests. The amount involved in the deal is not stated, but is not less than $3,750,000. The information comes from a reliable source and is further stated that the deal was made in an effort to control the lake traffic from the coal districts and keep any competition out of the field.

The Lake Erie & Pittsburg railroad was planned as a double track line from Lorain, Ohio, to Pittsburg via Youngstown. Afterward entrance was secured to all of the mills of the United States Steel corporation and it was supposed this corporation was to be identified with the road. Notwithstanding financial difficulties and legal battles over the terminals and rights of way into Lorain, the construction was continued.

Soon after the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania interests joined hands in securing control of the Little Kanawha properties, it is said the project of gaining ownership of the Lake Erie & Pittsburg line was taken up. The scheme was kept as quiet as possible and only after the matter had been closed and the properties were safely in the hands of the new owners did men interested in the deal make any statement.

It was brought forward yesterday for the first time in response to a question regarding the future of that road after the sale of the rights of way it held between Lorain and Cleveland to the New Lorain & Southern road undertaken by Joseph Ramsey, Jr., and his associates.

It is learned that the new owners plan to continue construction from Lorain to Youngstown and there connect with the Pittsburg & Lake Erie, and thus bring a direct connection into Pittsburg from the new lake port, and also give the Pittsburg & Lake Erie a direct entrance into Cleveland, something it has never had. Offers are said to have been made for the line by other roads, but the highest bidder took it.

The cost of the line from Lorain to Youngstown was said, at the time the road was first projected, to be $15,000,000.

In Lorain the new company has exceptional facilities for handling ore shipments, as it has taken over a large tract of land with good harbor facilities and extensive ore docks are to be built there, which will greatly increase the capacity for handling the Lake Superior product. The sale of this road coming immediately after the announcement that a big independent steel plant was about to be established near Lorain, is believed to have been hastened by the prospects of the added tonnage.

It was stated that the new project was not identified with any railroad, but was purely an industrial matter, with the railroads on the outside and figuring on the transportation that would follow its building.

With the building of the new steel works there and the completion of the plans of the National Tube company at Lorain which will give the lake city one of the largest works of its kind in the world, the necessary hauling of material to and from there, make the outlook for Lorain such as to attract unusual attention among the great transportation companies centering about the lakes.

The railroads will have not only the ore handling from the Lorain docks to Pittsburg and the valleys, but also the coal for lake shipment in the navigation season; coke all the year for the furnaces and limestone from the interior, thus making a more steady back haul from the lake than has ever been considered possible in the past.

TELLS COURT HIS STORY.

Iowa Boy Arrested as Vagrant Wins Friendship of Judge.

Clinton, Ia., March 9.—Patsy O'Neil, a little Iowa boy, is one of the pluckiest youngsters in the country. This is the opinion of the Clinton police. Patsy, who is 14 years of age, was arrested in the North-Western yards last night and taken to the police station, where he was locked up on the charge of vagrancy. In court today he told Judge Fink his story, and the judge immediately released him. The boy lived at Eagle Grove till three years ago, when his father died. His mother soon followed and the boy was thrown on his own resources. Nothing daunted, he started out to earn a living, and in the intervening years he has traveled all over Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and Indiana, doing odd jobs and endeavoring to put by enough money to enable him to complete his education.

"I want to be an electrical engineer," he told the judge. The manly bearing of the little fellow won for him the friendship of the judge, officers and others in the courtroom, and Patsy departed with the best wishes of many new friends.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

COST OF LIVING AT THE HIGHEST

Record of Thirty Years is Eclipsed by Present Figures.

New York, March 9.—The cost of living is now the highest that it has been in the thirty years during which the Dun Mercantile Agency has kept a record. According to these statistics, the average of commodity prices, proportioned to consumption, is $104,204, as compared with $101,939 a year ago. The Dun system of averages makes its comparison by the selection of an index number, and in the tables published today, commodity prices on March 1 compare with those of a year ago as follows:

	Mar. 1, 1906.	Mar. 1, 1905.
Breadstuffs ... .$	15,715	$ 18,075
Meats	9,052	8,417
Dairy and garden ...	13,644	14,103
Other food	9,626	10,103
Total food	48,137	51,256
Clothing	19,015	16,916
Metals	16,373	16,369
Miscellaneous	20,709	17,428
Total	$104,204	$101,939

The total in the miscellaneous class is higher than at any time in about thirty years, and the recent rise occurred chiefly in building materials.

Aside from a general advance in meats most food products became cheaper, but the general level of prices is higher than on March 1, 1905, despite the fact that foodstuffs have declined about 6 per cent.

Quotations for livestock and provisions have not shown the customary disposition to follow the course of the grain markets, practically every item in the list recording more or less advance, mess pork rising $1.25 per barrel during February and $1.75 since the opening of the year.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

John Radtke, Jr., 15 years old, was arrested at the Seventh district school at Milwaukee Thursday afternoon, charged with cutting off the hair of a score or more of East side schoolgirls between 10 and 15 years of age. The police declare that the boy has been carrying on this work since the first of the year.

L. W. T. Waller, midshipman, third class, naval academy, has resigned and his resignation has been accepted. Deficiency in studies is reported as the cause. He is the son of Col. Waller, U. S. M. C.

W. A. Brothers, government disbursing agent for the Pathfinder reservoir project, with headquarters at Casper, Wyo., was arrested Thursday on a charge of embezzling government funds to the amount of $5,000.

The report made Thursday by Col. Thompson H. Jones, chairman of the committee having in charge arrangements for the memorial to Gen. Joseph H. Wheeler, which will be held in Atlanta March 27, shows that the occasion promises to be the most representative gathering of veterans from North and South since the Civil war.

The conference report on the appropriation of $100,000 to the Jamestown exposition was agreed to in both houses of the general assembly of Virginia Thursday. This assures the appropriation.

OIL MAGNATES CALL ON THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, March 9.—H. H. Rogers and John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil company were in conference with President Roosevelt at the White House last night. Neither of them would discuss the nature of their call. They arrived in Washington early in the evening and expect to leave here tomorrow.

It was impossible to learn anything regarding the conference which the Standard Oil officials had with the president. While it is possible that the call had some connection with the message which President Roosevelt sent to congress calling attention to the fact that without an extra appropriation and the power to compel the attendance of witnesses, the Tillman-Gillespie resolution, which he signed, to investigate alleged railroad monopolies of coal and oil will amount to little and might achieve nothing, there is nothing on which any definite conjecture of the purpose of the conference can be based. Both officials repaired to their hotel after leaving the White House.

ELKS ANNUAL REUNION.

Arrangements Made at Denver to Accomodate 100,000 Delegates.

Denver, Colo., March 9.—The largest fraternal gathering of the world will be held in Denver next July when the Elks' annual reunion meets here. Already arrangements have been made to accommodate more than 100,000 delegates, and new hotels and rooming houses will be erected to meet the demands for additional accommodations.

Prices for meals or lodging will not be raised. The city council has given orders that any additional charge in excess of regular rates will be considered extortion and the offenders dealt with severely and their city license revoked. In many cities where the annual reunion of the Elks has been held prices went up according to the demand made upon the places which provided food and shelter, and this precaution was taken by Denver citizens, in order to insure their guests against imposition. The loss of their city license would be a severe blow to hotel men or owners of hack lines, and this order effectually insures against prices going up when the great crowd comes here.

More than $100,000 has been raised for the entertainment of the Elks by the lodges of Colorado. The decorations of the city will alone cost a small fortune. The place will be made a sea of purple bunting while the Elks are here, and illuminations and fireworks at night will add to the attractiveness of the scene. The reunion meets July 15 and continues a week.

AMMONIA THROWN IN PAYMASTER'S FACE.

New York, March 9.—William A. Malaney, a paymaster for Post & McCord on one of the buildings the firm is erecting with non-union iron workers, was burned and painfully cut last night when a man whom he says he recognized as a striker threw a bottle filled with ammonia in his face. Malaney fell to the ground, but as he did so pulled a revolver from his pocket and fired it to attract help. A policeman and several hundred boys started in pursuit of the fleeing assailant, who was finally captured. He refused to give his name.

SUFFEL & CO.
131 W. Sup. St.

ELK SKIN SNEAKERS
For **Men, Women and Children**—something new—the finest thing out for **Gymnasium** and **House-wear**—all sizes—at moderate prices.
ASK TO SEE THEM.

WEST END

ACTIVITY THIS YEAR

Building and Real Estate Changes Likely to be Extensive.

Movement Has Already Started in the West End of City.

In the matter of real estate purchases and construction of houses and other buildings, the present year promises to eclipse even the record of last year, which, by the way, was the banner twelve months. Already matters are started up and plans are being made for a number of buildings.

Work on the foundation of the new building which Mr. Gujer is about to put up on Twentieth avenue west, near Superior street, for the Anchor laundry, is going on and the superstructure will soon be started. This building will be rushed.

A heavy foundation is going in. The walls, too, will be heavy so that if futures demands are such, a taller building may take its place by adding a few stories.

A. E. Welander has sold his house at 2009 West Second street to David Adams and has bought a lot on West Second street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west, for which he has let a contract for a three-story building.

Frank Thomas of the West end has plans ready for a brick flat building on First street, across from the fire hall at Sixteenth avenue west. This building will be started soon and will be modern in every way.

It is said that throughout the West end there will be a lot of building this summer. Residences of various sizes will be going up and some very handsome ones will be among those erected.

Between the building and the paving, the West end will be a busy place during the summer of 1906.

REV V. J. WALLEEN

Comes From Near Winnipeg to Visit Former Classmate.

Rev. V. J. Walleen, a former classmate of Rev. F. O. Kling of the First Swedish Mission church, is in the city visiting Mr. Kling and family for a few days. Mr. Walleen is in charge of a Swedish colony about 300 miles west of Winnipeg, the largest colony of the kind in that new country. His record shows success in the colony work and he is also said to be a very eloquent speaker.

Last evening he took the place of Mr. Kling on the program given in the spring festival at the Swedish Mission church, speaking on "The Value of Time." Another speaker on the program was Rev. K. E. Forsell of the West Duluth Swedish Mission church. Mr. Forsell's address was about "Christian Ambition."

The music and the program as a whole was excellent.

AT GRACE CHURCH

Evangelistic Services Are Taking Place This Week and Next.

A series of evangelistic meetings are being held at Grace M. E. church, Twenty-second avenue west and Third street and all of the clergymen of the city are taking a hand. The meetings are remarkably well attended, the crowd showing an increase each evening. The meetings have taken place each evening this week and will be continued all of next week.

Last night Rev. F. W. Court of the Cumming Avenue M. E. church, Superior, assisted Rev. J. W. Robinson, the pastor, and tonight Rev. Charles Fox Davis will lead. On Sunday Revs. J. T. Moody and S. M. Marsh will preach and next week the pastor will be assisted by Revs. Thomas Grice, Charles Fox Davis, W. E. Barber and E. C. Clemans.

AT MUSICAL PLANNED

Mrs. Gideon Nylander, Soprano, Will be Heard Saturday Evening.

The musical evening to be held tomorrow night, is looked forward to with great interest among the lovers of song and music. Mrs. Nylander, who has not been heard in Duluth before, is to give several numbers. She has studied music in New York and Boston and at the musical academy, Stockholm, Sweden. Prof. Erickson and the church choir will assist in the program which is as follows:

Piano Solo—Fantasie, "Friskytlen" ..... Weber
Prof. N. E. Erickson.
Soprano Solo—"The Great White Throne" .....
Mrs. Gideon Nylander.
Song—"Herre var Herre" .....
F. J. Johnson and Chorus.
Soprano Solo—"Laugton fran Hofhere" ..... J. A. Josepson
Mrs. Gideon Nylander.
Address ..... Rev. Gideon Nylander
Soprano—(a) "Sommaren" .....
..... J. A. Josefson
(b) "Aftonstomning" .....
..... Aug. Korling
Mrs. Gideon Nylander.
Piano Solo—Selected .....
Prof. N. E. Erickson.
Soprano Solo—"Jerusalem" .....
..... Gounod
Mrs. Gideon Nylander.
Song—Psalm 117 .....
J. F. Johnson and Chorus.
Soprano Solo—"Tell min Fortrogna Stjerna" ..... Roleandi
Mrs. Gideon Nylander.

Calls Choir Leader.

Henry Oberg of Minneapolis has been called by the congregation of the Swedish Mission church of Twenty-first avenue west and Second street, to be its choir leader to succeed A. E. Anderson, the present one. Mr. Anderson has already accepted a call to a Chicago congregation and will leave here May 1. Mr. Oberg has not yet signified whether or not he will come but it is believed he will. He was formerly choir leader in the Swedish Tabernacle of Minneapolis and is considered a very accomplished musician and teacher.

Mr. Elmquist Coming.

Rev. A. F. Elmquist, formerly pastor of Bethany Lutheran church, and now pastor of St. John's English Lutheran church of Minneapolis, will be in Duluth next Wednesday and Thursday. He will officiate at the wedding of Miss Edith Okerstrom, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Okerstrom of West Second street, to Oscar Bjork, at Bethany church Wednesday evening, and on Thursday evening he will deliver a lecture before the young people's society of the church. In the meantime he will have visited many old friends.

Entertained Twice.

Mr. and Mrs. John Richardson, who were recently married in Dayton, Ohio, were twice entertained at the West end yesterday. Mr. Richardson is a former Duluthian and now resides at Detroit. He and his bride are here on their wedding tour. Mrs. E. E. Williams of 1709 West Second street entertained in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, and last evening Miss Elizabeth Morton of 1804 West Michigan street further honored the visitors.

West End Shortrails.

Mrs. I. I. Gorby, who was called out of the city a few days ago on account of the sickness of her mother, was on her way home later when she received a telegram that her mother was worse again, and immediately returned.

O. C. Nuubson has been confined to the house for the past six weeks.

C. C. Erickson of 1931 West Second street has purchased twenty acres of land in California and will have it set with fruit trees this spring. He intends remaining in Duluth for two years more and will then move with his family to his California farm, making it his future home.

The West End Commercial club will meet this evening in Sloan's hall and a full attendance is desired.

A concert will be given by the Grace M. E. church a week from next Tuesday evening. A fine program is being arranged.

You are sure to get what the doctor orders if you take your prescriptions to the "Lion Drug store."

This evening at 7:45 at St. Luke's Episcopal church, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, Rev. Roderick J. Mooney will deliver a Lenten sermon. The full choir will sing.

Conductor Hank Morin has fully recovered from the injury he received in the rock cut near Short-line park some time ago, and will now go with the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road.

M. A. Fedje, the West end merchant, is expected back from Mount Clemens next Sunday. He has been absent for over a month.

James Henderson, the blacksmith at 1920 West First street, has sold out to D. J. Lewis & Son.

Rev. and Mrs. Gideon Nylander of Sioux Falls, S. D., are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. A. Edstam, 114 Nineteenth avenue west.

Pure drugs at the "Lion Drug store."

Louisville, Ky., and Return $23.55.

March 15th to 18th the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Louisville, Ky., account American Bowling congress for $23.55 good returning until March 31st. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and full information call at city office, 324 Superior street.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Man Killed at Tilden Mine After Working But Three Days.

Bessemer—J. Onis, a Swede, was killed at No. 6 shaft of the Tilden mine. He had worked in the mine but three days. He came to this country a short time ago. The accident is the first that has happened at the Tilden mine for a long time.

Marquette—William Moyle, rockhouse boss at the Adventure mine's No. 3 shaft, at Greenland, was instantly killed Tuesday night. The skip in descending struck him on the head, at least this is supposed to have been the manner of his death. Mr. Moyle was 46 years of age and is survived by Mrs. Moyle and a number of children. He was a popular resident of Greenland and his death is sincerely regretted by the entire community.

Crystal Falls—The old changing house at the Lamont mine at Crystal Falls was destroyed by an early morning fire, and with it clothing of the men at work there. The men on the day shift lost their working clothes and the men at work their wearing clothes. The cause of the fire is not known, but is believed to have resulted from a candle left burning by some thoughtless miner. The dry was lighted with electric lights, so that there was no excuse for any lighted candles being brought into the building.

Norway—Peter Plourd, a wood chopper employed by Alex White of Norway, claims the credit of felling the largest maple tree in that part of the country. The tree was three feet eight inches through and made five cords of wood. It had marks of having been tapped for maple sap fifty-three years ago.

FALLIERERS IS STILL WORKING ON CABINET.

Paris, March 9.—President Fallieres continues his efforts to form a cabinet. He consulted for an hour today with Raymond Poincare, former minister of public works, who may be appointed premier if MM. Bourgeois and Sarrien persist in their refusals.

M. Rouvier, the retiring premier, who continues to carry on the current business, received the German ambassador, Prince Von Radolin, during the day, presumably in connection with the German desire to secure sufficient guarantees regarding the Franco-Spanish control of the Moroccan police, to permit of a final adjustment at Algeciras.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $1.00 per box; 6 boxes guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

SEEMED ACCIDENTAL.

Los Angeles Times: The late Theodore Thomas, whose life was devoted to educating the musical taste of America in general and the West in particular, used to tell the story of Belle Cole's success as "one of the best instances of this country's accepting its own musical geniuses only when postmarked with European approval." The recent death of Madame Cole in London gives new point to the tale.

She began to sing when only 12 years of age, in a church choir, in her home town of Jamestown, but in or near that not-too-prosperous Southern center was she held till nearly 30, when she was at last able to give up the teaching by which she had supported herself, and go to New York. There she received some little training (paid for out of hoarded earnings), but not a bit of encouragement, though she sang before several of the city's leading musicians.

"But she had faith in her own voice, if no one else had," said Mr. Thomas, "and in Victoria's jubilee year (1887) she went to London. She told me later that she traveled across with a return ticket in her pocket, fearing failure there as well as here. But her belief in herself was truer than her fear of the result of 'an English try.' It happened that her first appearance in London was at a small musicale at a friend's house, with Sir Joseph Barnby in the audience. As soon as she had finished, he asked to be presented, and told her forthwith that her voice was fine enough for Albert Hall. Not knowing Albert Hall from a dog kennel, however, she did not appreciate the size of that compliment, and only realized that this great musical conductor and composer must think well of her abilities when he went on to ask her to sing at the next Royal Choral society's concert.

"After that it was all the plainest kind of sailing. The queen herself took her up, had her sing several times in private concert before her, and when she started off round the world her fame was so well established that the trip was one long ovation. Incidentally, she came back to her native land, and then I met her."

Then Mr. Thomas would smile that quizzical little smile of his, half-reminiscent, half-sarcastic, and would add: "A New York impressario once called Madame Cole's success 'accidental,' laying it all to the 'whims' of a venerable composer and an impressionable queen. It only seemed accidental. If America had properly appreciated her daughter's talent, she would have been delighting the public ten years before her brave self-confidence took her across the water to a town where folks know good voices when they hear them."

A NEW CURE.

Kansas City Journal: A married couple at Humboldt engaged recently in an argument in which chairs were used to enforce logic and the woman was forced to wear her face bandaged for two weeks after the discussion. When she took the bandage off she found that her eyes, which had previously been crossed, had been knocked straight.

It takes a lot of preaching to convert some men to the value of advertising, but they always stay put.

DRESS GOODS
At Less Than Half Regular Wholesale Prices.

SILKS
At Less Than Half Regular Wholesale Prices.

WASH GOODS
At Less Than Half Regular Wholesale Prices.

GREAT SALE OF WATER DAMAGED GOODS!

Silk Sale.

1,000 yards Taffeta Silk, 19 and 21 inches, in assorted colors, regular price 50c, sale price 29c
500 yards Taffeta and China Silk, regular price 75c, sale price 39c
Black Peau de Sole, regular price $1.50, sale price 79c
35-inch Silk Taffeta, regular price $1.50, sale price $1.19

Sheeting, Etc.

A few hundred yards of 8-4 Sheeting, almost perfect, worth 20c, this sale price 15c
A small lot of 72-90 Sheets, good weight muslin, ends dirty only, worth 65c; this sale, each 45c
15 dozen Pillow Cases, worth 12½c, this sale only 8c
A few hundred yards of fine Muslin, worth 8c, price for this sale, only 5c

Women's Coats, Suits, Etc

About 15 Women's and Misses' Winter Coats, worth up to $15.00, special for this sale $5.00
About 18 Women's Suits, values up to $20.00, this sale price $7.98
100 Skirts, in Panama, Brilliantine and Ladies' Cloth, worth $7.50, sale price $4.39
All our $2.50 and $3.00 Shirt Waists, at this sale $1.98
$5.00 Silk Waists, special price for this sale $3.48
Your choice of any Trimmed Hat in the house, worth up to $7.00, at 98c

From FINCH, YOUNG & M'CONVILLE, Wholesale Dry Goods, of St. Paul, whose stock was damaged by fire on February 9th, as stated in their letter printed March 7. These goods were offered for sale Monday morning, February 26th; our buyer was early on the scene to get the pick of the stock. About $100,000 worth of Fine Merchandise was sold in less than an hour, and at ridiculously low prices.

THE GOLDEN RULE secured the choice of the entire Dress Goods, Wash Goods, White Goods and Domestics, which went on sale Thursday morning, at prices never before heard of. You will find most of these goods are only mussed as in most cases the wrappers only were damaged.

Men's and Boys' Shirts.

150 dozen Boys' and Men's Shirts, slightly damaged and usually sold at 50c and $1.00, but for quick action tomorrow they will be divided into two lots .. 29c and 39c

Mousseline de Soie.

Mousseline de Soie, 5,000 yards, in white, cream, blue, gray, black and lavender; 25c value; this sale 15c

Wash Goods, Domestics.

10,000 yards of Calicos, regular price 7c, sale price 4½c
2,000 yards Apron Gingham, regular price 7c, now 4½c
3,000 yards 28-inch Percale, regular price 8c, now 5c
10 pieces Plaid Suiting for Children's Dresses, regular price 15c, sale price 5c
5,000 yards Fancy Dress Ginghams, 12½c kind, now 7½c
36-inch Cretonnes and Drapery, 12½c kind, sale price 7½c
2,000 yards Batiste and Lawns, 15c kind, sale price 7½c
1,000 yards Organdies, 25c quality, this sale at 15c

Muslin Underwear.

LOT 1—Petticoats, Gowns, Corset Covers and Drawers, made of fine cambric, lace and embroidery trimmed, slightly soiled, worth up to $1.00, sale price 39c
LOT 2—Petticoats, Gowns, Corset Covers and Drawers—Nainsook—slightly soiled, worth up to $1.50 sale price 69c
LOT 3—Petticoats and Gowns made of fine Nainsook, slightly soiled, worth up to $2.50, sale price 98c
Children's Gowns, made of fine muslin slightly soiled, worth up to $1.00, sale price 29c
Muslin Drawers, slightly soiled, sale price—a pair 12c
Women's Ribbed Vests and Pants, worth 35c, sale price 21c
200 Corset Covers, embroidery trimmed, at 8c

THE GOLDEN RULE
17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET
"MONEY'S WORTH OR YOUR MONEY BACK."

THE GOLDEN RULE
17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET
"MONEY'S WORTH ON YOUR MONEY BACK."

CHAS. W. ERICSON. | CHAS. W. ERICSON. | CHAS. W. ERICSON.

Ready for Spring

This store is full of new things for men. No better values in up-to-date clothing and furnishings have ever been offered in the Northwest.

New Suits
—$10 to $30—

New Top Coats
—$10 to $18—

New Cravenettes
—$10 to $18—

New Hats. New Shirts.
New Shoes. New Neckwear.

Chas. W. Ericson,
CLOTHIER, HATTER, FURNISHER,
219 West Superior St.

Saturday and Monday

SPECIALS

Boys' and Youths' solid School Shoes; best makes—at $1.50
Men's all solid box calf Shoes at $2.00
Men's best brand Rubbers—at 75c
Men's heavy Cruising Boots $2.98
Men's fine hand-welt Shoes at $2.48
Men's fine patent colt Shoes at $2.98
Misses' solid School Shoes $1.50
Children's solid School Shoes $1.25
Ladies' calf, wet weather Shoes $2.50
Ladies' Storm Rubbers—at 48c
Misses' Storm Rubbers at 39c
Ladies' welt Blucher and Lace Shoes—special—per pair $2.50
Ladies' fine patent colt Blucher and Button Shoes at $3.00

Leaders in Reliable Footwear at Lowest Prices.

Duluth Treadwell Shoe Co. Superior

Rupture

New Scientific Appliance, Always a Perfect Fit—Adjustable to Any Size Person—Easy, Comfortable, Never Slips, No Obnoxious Springs or Pads—Costs Less than Many Common Trusses Made for Men, Women or Children.

Sent on Trial

I have invented a rupture appliance that I can safely say, by 20 years' experience in the rupture business, is the only one that will absolutely hold the rupture and never slip and yet is cool, comfortable, conforms to every movement of the body without chafing or hurting and costs less than many ordinary trusses. There are no springs or

Jas. Britton, Cured of Rupture by C. E. Brooks.

hard lumpy pads and yet it holds the rupture safely and firmly without pain or inconvenience. I have put the price so low that any person, rich or poor, can buy, and I absolutely guarantee it.

I make it to your order—send it to you—you wear it, and if it doesn't satisfy you, send it back to me and I will refund your money without question.

That is the fairest proposition ever made by a rupture specialist. The banks or the postmaster here in Marshall will tell you that is the way I do business—always absolutely on the square.

Here is what Mr. Jas. Britton, a prominent manufacturer of Bethlehem, Pa., writes:

"C. E. Brooks, Esq. Dear Sir:—I have been ruptured six years and have always had trouble with it till I got your appliance. It is very easy to wear, fits neat and snug, and is not in the way at any time, day or night. In fact, at times I did not know I had it on. It just adapted itself to the shape of the body and clung to the spot no matter what position I was in. It would be a veritable God-send to the unfortunate who suffer from rupture, if all could procure the Brooks Rupture Appliance and wear it. They certainly would never regret it. My rupture is all healed up and nothing ever did it but your appliance. Jas. Britton."

If you have tried most everything else, come to me. Where others fail is where I have my greatest success. Write me today and I will send you my book on Rupture and its Cure, showing my appliance and giving you prices and names of people who have tried it and been cured. It is instant relief when all others fail. Remember I use no salves, no harness, no lies. Just a straight business deal at a reasonable price. C. E. Brooks, 124 Brooks Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

AWARDS MADE FOR SUPPLIES

Water Department Provides for Extension Work This Year.

Two bids were opened by the board of water and light commissioners yesterday for furnishing 1,700 tons of cast iron pipe to be used by the department in gas and water extensions this coming season.

The lowest bid, $50,940, was made by the United States Cast Iron Pipe company of Chicago. The other bid of $51,885 was submitted by the American Car & Foundry company.

The lowest bid submitted for furnishing galvanized iron pipe was $566.07, by the Kelley-How-Thomson company. The Northwestern Shot & Lead company was given the contract for furnishing lead pipe on a bid of $6.21 per 100 pounds and the National Brass & Metal works was given the contract for fittings at $322.54.

Alderman Emil Tessman and H. A. Wing, representing the hill district, appeared before the board and reported progress in the matter of securing guaranty petitions for water and gas service on the hill. They said pledges to the amount of $3,200 have been secured with an additional $1,200 in sight. They were directed to lay out and submit to Manager Case a plan showing the district in which it is proposed to install the mains so that estimates may be had of the cost, with the idea of fixing the approximate amount of the guaranty that will have to be raised.

SEVEN-YEAR WARNING FOR THE AGED CLERKS.

Washington, March 9.—There will be a provision in the executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill providing that after 1913 all government clerks reaching the age of 70 years shall be dismissed from the service.

This provision is intended to act as a seven-year warning to the old clerks now in the government service. During the next seven years a scale of pay has been arranged for the old clerks. This scale prohibits the payment of more than $1,400 a year to any clerk 65 years or over; $1,200 to any clerk 68 years or over, and $840 to any clerk 70 years of age or over. Among the first to be affected by this legislation will be the veterans of the Civil war, many of whom are reaching the ages named in the bill.

Efforts will undoubtedly be made to strike out this provision, but Chairman Tawney is sincere in his attempt to prevent the accumulation of superannuated clerks.

Two Men Arraigned.

George Roth, who was indicted by the grand jury for larceny in the second degree, and Oscar Nystrom, who was indicted for burglary in the third degree, were arraigned before Judge Cant yesterday afternoon. Roth is accused of stealing $25 from Patrick Sheehy at a West Superior lodging house and Nystrom is claimed to have forced an entrance to Butler Bros.' store at Carson Lake.

Cheapest accident insurance — Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sell it.

TRAVELERS WILL MEET

Northern Food Salesmen Will Confer With State Commissioner Slater.

New Points in Pure Food Law Will Be Gone Over.

E. K. Slater, state dairy and food commissioner, arrives in Duluth this evening and tomorrow will be master of a "pure food school" which will hold sessions both morning and afternoon at the Commercial club.

The purpose of the school is to teach the traveling idea how to shoot—according to this season's pure food law. Mr. Slater, who is a tireless worker and has every single one of the many provisions of the revised law at his finger tips, will preside at the meetings and explain the changes in the law to the traveling men of this territory.

A similar gathering was held some time ago in St. Paul and it proved so successful that it was decided to hold one in Duluth. Mr. Slater and his assistants have felt, as have the jobbers and their employes, that the traveling salesmen who handle foods should know as much as possible about the state's laws regulating the sale of such stuff.

It is expected that the attendance will be large as all the local jobbers have assured Harris Bennett, deputy food inspector, who has made all local arrangements for the meeting, that they will have as many of their men on hand as possible. In addition to the men traveling for local houses, it is expected that travelers in this territory for outside houses will be present. In fact, all the food salesmen at the Head of the Lakes will undoubtedly be present at either the morning or the afternoon session.

There is to be no set program for either session. Mr. Slater will go at the new revised dairy and pure food law and explain and when the explanations are over, the brethren can ask questions. There will probably be many of these and they will be followed by discussions.

The morning session at the Commercial club will be called to order at 10 o'clock and school will "take up" again at 2 in the afternoon.

"One of the new features of the law," said Mr. Bennett today, "is the fact that the lowest fine which may be imposed upon anyone for violation of the provisions of the pure food law, is $15. The lowest fine was formerly only five dollars. This increase is an important part of the law. If you increase the severity of the punishment, there are fewer violations.

"Of another feature of the revised law, much has been said. I refer to section 84, which prohibits the sale of adulterated confectionery in the state. This and all the other changes in the law will be fully expounded by Mr. Slater at the meetings tomorrow at the Commercial club."

Will Argue Demurrer Saturday.

T. J. McKeon's demurrer to the complaint filed by Joseph Sheehy in his damage action, will be argued at special term of district court Saturday. Sheehy has sued for something over $8,000 damages on account of alleged malicious prosecution. As assistant city attorney Mr. McKeon prosecuted and secured the conviction of Sheehy on a drunk and disorderly charge. Sheehy escaped serving his jail sentence by reason of a technicality.

ITCHING PAINFUL SORES ON HANDS

Suffered for a Long Time Without Relief—Had Three Doctors and Derived No Benefit—One Doctor Was Afraid to Touch Them—Soreness Disappeared and Hands Now Smooth After Application of

CUTICURA SOAP AND CUTICURA OINTMENT

"For a long time I suffered with sores on the hands which were itching, painful, and disagreeable. I had three doctors and derived no benefit from any of them. One doctor said he was afraid to touch my hands, so you must know how bad they were; another said I never could be cured; and the third said the sores were caused by the dipping of my hands in water in the dye-house where I work. I saw in the papers about the wonderful cures of the Cuticura Remedies and procured some of the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. In three days after the application of the Cuticura Ointment my hands began to peel and were better. The soreness disappeared, and they are now smooth and clean, and I am still working in the dye-house.

"I strongly recommend Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment to any one with sore hands, and I hope that this letter will be the means of helping other sufferers. Very truly yours, Mrs. A. E. Maurer, 2340 State St., Chicago, Ill., July 1, 1905."

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

To know that a warm bath with Cuticura Soap and a single anointing with Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and purest and sweetest of emollients, will afford instant relief and refreshing sleep to skin-tortured babies, and rest for tired and worn-out mothers.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Eczema" and "All About the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands."

RICH ORE STRIKE EXCITES MINERS

Hundreds of Fortune Seekers Rush to the Scene.

Phillipsburg, Mont., March 9.—A recurrence of the old-time mining excitement has resulted from a recent rich strike of ore on the Bennett ranch, six miles north of Phillipsburg. Hundreds of fortune-seekers have gone to the vicinity and claims have been taken up in a stretch of country extending from Marshall creek to Combination. A tent city has sprung up in the neighborhood, and prospectors are at work chipping off the outcropping quartz and sinking shafts wherever there is indication of a vein of paying gold. The country is rich in surface indications, there being plenty of rich float, and it is expected that many promising lodes will soon be uncovered.

The strike that was responsible for this outburst of gold-mining fever was made in an old abandoned claim near the foot of a hill directly across the narrow valley from the Six Mile house.

More than fifteen years ago the ground was taken up by Sam Spence and Ed Smith, who bored several holes and found some good ore. The men, however, became discouraged at the slowness of results and Smith traded his interest in the claim for $80 worth of lumber. Finally the claim was abandoned and for ten years has been open to relocation.

A few weeks ago Will and Ephraim Bennett and Gus Irish began digging around the old prospect and broke off some rock from the hanging wall and sent it to the assayer. The return showed the ore to run $567 gold, $87 silver and a small percentage of copper to the ton. The three immediately located the old claim and three more adjacent to it, making a group of four.

The hanging wall is as perfect as ever shown in any mine, and the ore vein is from eighteen inches to two feet in thickness. Work has been started on a tunnel near Flint creek, which will strike the vein at a distance of fifty feet, and if the ore shows the same richness there the mine will be of great value. Several mining experts have viewed the prospect, and on their report the three men who rediscovered it have been offered a large sum for a share in it.

SAD EXPERIENCE

Of South Dakota Farmer Who Was "Mistook for Uncle."

Chicago, March 9.—Lewis Schill, a farmer from Lewison, S. D., had just left the Park Row station of the Illinois Central after his arrival when the performance commenced. Mr. Schill watched his opportunity to dash across Michigan boulevard, and managed to get to the other side without being chewed up by a devil wagon.

A woman flashily dressed, and seeming to have just stepped out of a fashion plate, approached. As she neared Schill she gave a start and jumped at him.

"Oh, my dear uncle, you dear fellow, I almost missed you. And here you are before I even got to the station," she cried, throwing her arms around Schill's neck. He was squeezed so tightly that for an instant he could not get breath to speak, but he looked comfortable.

Then he shook himself loose and demanded: "What's the matter with you? Never saw you before. Guess you have made a mistake."

"I beg your pardon," the woman said. "I thought you were my uncle I had not seen in many years, and whom I expect to arrive today."

"All right, only it's a good thing my wife did not see you, but she's 600 miles away," and he smiled.

Then the woman walked away, and Schill walked up town, meditating. Some time later, when he thrust his hands in his pockets, he found himself penniless, his purse was gone, as was also $280 in cash and a check for $600 on a St. Paul bank. Schill ran back to the place where he had been hugged, but the woman was not in sight.

He reported the robbery at the Harrison street station to Lieut. Bowler, who knitted his brows and said:

"I guess the woman trisked you, sure enough."

Schill has written home for funds.

HID IN A CELLAR.

How an Iowa Man Escaped Arrest for Six Months.

Montezuma, Iowa, March 9.—After hiding under his parents' house for more than half a year, Philip Martin has been captured by officers who had been searching for him on a charge of breaking into a Rock Island railroad car.

Martin, who is 23 years of age, lives with his parents at Brooklyn, Iowa, in a small dwelling house, whither he would flee on the approach of officers. He would enter his hiding place through a trap door in the floor, which was immediately closed and a carpet thrown over it. In this manner he kept concealed for months.

On Monday, however, an officer approached the house before Philip or those on the lookout discovered him. When a rap at the door was heard Martin made a dive for his trap door. The officer opened the outer door just in time to see the young man's legs disappearing through the trap door, and ignominously hauled him forth and lodged him in jail.

VERDICT IS WORTHLESS.

Iowa Girl Awarded $1,500 in Suit Against a Child.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, March 9.—Now that she has secured a verdict for $1,500 against a 9-year-old boy, Miss Maggie Hansen and her attorney are puzzled how to collect. The only property the boy has is a few pennies in his savings bank, and the prospect is that the judgment will remain unsatisfied.

Miss Hansen was a domestic in the family of H. A. Searle, and alleged that one day she was assaulted by Harry Searle while his parents were away from home. The boy is alleged to have struck the woman with his fists, the blow landing near her heart and rendering her unconscious. Then he is said to have kicked her in the breast and stomach, inflicting permanent injuries.

The girl brought suit against the boy and his parents, but the court excused the latter from the case on the ground that they did not countenance and could not have prevented their son's act. The jury returned a verdict against the boy for the sum stated.

TWICE CONVICTED.

Black River Falls, Wis., March 9.—George Plummer, a farmer of the town of Irving, was convicted in the circuit court yesterday of selling liquor to Indians during the last annual payments. He paid a fine for selling to prohibited persons in the justice court, and was arrested the second time for selling without first obtaining a license, and a conviction followed on the five counts in the information.

SPRING OPENING SALE!

Bona Fide Reductions Throughout the Store that are Bound to Break all Previous Records in this Great Establishment.

We intend making this Spring Opening a Day that will be remembered in the Retail Shopping World. A day that will overreach any former attempt at bargain giving by this or any other concern. A sale in scope and magnitude, in quality and quantity, variety of goods and in lowness of prices, we firmly believe to be without an equal. We could dwell at great length upon the great price cuts we have made, but it is unnecessary. Every item speaks for itself.

Sale Starts Saturday, March 10th, and will continue for 10 Days

FREE

To each man attending our Opening Sale on Saturday we will give away FREE a fine Morocco Pocket Book.

We offer on our opening day as an introductory price our new Spring Line of 50c Negligee shirts the snappiest stuff of the season's make, at **29c**

$1.00 Flour City Shirts, to-day with what was left of our winter line of Wilson Bros.' $1.00 and $1.50 Shirts, at Spring opening prices **69c**

Blake & Waite $3 Hats go at opening price, soft or stiff **1.98**

Zenith and Pioneer $2.00 Hats, soft or stiff—at opening price **1.48**

5c Linen Handkerchiefs go at **2c**

10c Linen Handkerchiefs go at **7c**

15c Linen Handkerchiefs go at **10c**

Fancy Ribbed Underwear, just the thing for Spring, sold everywhere for 50c; a leader at this sale, per garment **19c**

Summer weight Wool Underwear, worth $1.50 per suit, per garment **48c**

Spring Needle Underwear, well worth $2.50 per suit—per garment **89c**

What we have left in Men's 25c Cashmere Sox—opening price **12½c**

Shoe Department

Watson-Plummer Shoes, sold the world over for $5 and $4, our price for the Spring Opening, over 50 different styles go at only **$3.45**

Puritan $3.00 Shoe—opening sale price **$1.49**

Special Spring Values in H. C. & S. Hand-Tailored Union-Made Suits, Top Coats and Gravenettes

Goods that were bought to sell at a much higher price. Suits of style and fit that cannot be outdone by any retail establishment in the city or any other city for fit, style or fabric in worsteds, cashmeres, Washington cheviots, serges and cork screw, single and double breasted effects.

Those Suits and Top Coats the high rent stores would charge you $8.50, our Spring price **$6.50**

$10.00 Suits or Top Coats—our Spring opening price only **$8.50**

$12.50 Suits or Top Coats—our Spring opening price only **$10.00**

$15.00 Suits or Top Coats, our Spring Opening price **$12.50**

$18.00 Suits, Top Coats or Cravenettes, our Spring opening price **$15.00**

$20.00 Suits, Top Coats or Cravenettes, our Spring opening price **$16.50**

$22.50 Suits, Top Coats or Cravenettes—our Spring opening price **$18.00**

$25.00 Suits, Top Coats or Cravenettes—our Spring opening price **$20.00**

$28.00 Suits, Top Coats or Cravenettes—our Spring opening price **$22.50**

$30.00 Suits, Top Coats and Cravenettes—our Spring opening price **$25.00**

Any heavy weight Winter Overcoat or Suit that we have carried over before putting them away we offer them at half price.

Young Men's Suits, ages 15 to 20 years, single and double breasted effects—$5.00 suits for only **$2.95**

$7.50 Suits—Spring opening price **$4.95**

$10.00 Suits—Spring opening price **$6.95**

$12.50 Suits—Spring opening price **$8.95**

The Popular Three.

Boys' two-piece suits. Ages 2 to 16 years. Etons, Sailors, Norfolks and 2-piece double breasted suits. We are the Popular Three.

These suits in ages 2 to 16 years, are as equal and as good as any other store will show you at $2. Our Spring opening price **$1.00**

Some others show these at $3.50—our price **$2.00**

Some others show these at $5.00—our price **$3.00**

FREE

The Ladies attending this Sale Saturday, we will give away FREE, a Needle Case or one of the most popular Sheets of Music as our Opening Sale Souvenir.

Who doubts the truth of every statement and sneers at every proof never becomes wealthy or famous for shrewd judgment.

Pants.

Pants are here at a price that will tempt you.

Flat Iron Brand, hand-tailored Trousers in worsteds, cassimeres and tweeds.

$7.50 Trousers—go at only **$4.95**

$6.00 Trousers—go at only **$3.95**

$5.00 Trousers—go at only **$2.95**

$4.00 Trousers—go at only **$2.45**

Working Pants—worth $3.00 in all other stores—our price **$1.99**

$2.00 and $1.50 Pants at 95c and **$1.45**

Boys' Department.

The conservative boy will bring his mother here to buy his clothing as he can get better clothes for the money than any other store in town.

Boys' Knee Pants, Saturday, come in and see them—ages 3 to 15 years, go at **17c**

Boys' Ribbed Cotton—15c Stockings—go at **7c**

50c Shirts, Negligee—go at only **33c**

Boys' Shoes, heavy box calf, worth and sold in all other stores for $1.75, with extension soles—all sizes, 7½ to 13 ..... **99c**

Boys' $1.75 Shoes—sizes 1 to 5½ **99c**

Red School House Shoes for boys and girls, 20 per cent reduction.

What we have left in Boys' Winter Overcoats, worth up to $6.50, ages 3 to 10 years—go at one price **$1.95**

Every article here advertised is just as represented. Thousands of other articles placed on sale that space will not permit us to mention. Lose no time in coming as you will not be disappointed. Prices—not promises—make this store popular. Watch for the electric sign at 407 West Superior Street. Remember the Sale starts SATURDAY, MARCH 10, at 8 o'clock.

UNION CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

Mail Orders Filled. **JOHN PAULSON** **407 W. Superior St.**

FUTURE DEALS ARE GAMBLING

Sweeping Decision of Texas Court in Cotton Futures Litigation.

Dallas, Tex., March 9.—The court of civil appeals at Austin has given what looks like a fatal blow to dealers in cotton futures in Texas in reversing and dismissing the case of Jessie L. Norris against W. H. Logan. The complainant sued Logan to recover money furnished to buy futures, alleging that Logan had not sold according to directions. Logan filed a counter suit for money put up on the margins. The court dismissed the case, saying it was gambling. The effect of the decision is that neither side can collect money in Texas on deals in cotton futures.

PLAYING IN LUCK.

Contractors Expect to Finish Allouez Ore Dock on Time.

Schmidt Bros., the contractors, of Superior, who are building the new dock at Allouez bay, declare that they will be through with the dock about or very soon after May 1. That is the date on which it is agreed to be through, but in the building of a dock contractors regard it as remarkable to get through anywhere near the time agreed upon. Schmidt Bros. are trying for this record. They now have 200 men at work on the dock and have been playing in good luck ever since ice enough arrived on which to work.

The work on the Northwestern dock in Superior is not getting along very fast, the contractors being handicapped by the slow arrival of lumber.

Odd Things Not Found Elsewhere.

GIFTS FOR THE BRIDE

Whether you favor silver pieces or some of the many pieces of Jewelry, your best interest lies in inspecting the stock shown here.

F. D. DAY & CO.

Duluth's Fashionable Jewelers.

MINNEAPOLIS YOUNG MAN AN EMBEZZLER.

Minneapolis, March 9.—Carl A. Werner was placed under arrest yesterday by Detectives Helin and Hansen on a charge of embezzling $8,000 from the Minnesota Grain company in the chamber of commerce building by which he was employed. The young man had been locked up for two days by the police while relatives considered the matter of settling up the case. At noon yesterday is was decided that no settlement would be made and the arrest was, therefore, made. Werner is a son of N. O. Werner, president of the Swedish-American National bank. He has confessed to the embezzlement.

JOHN DIMOND DEAD.

Sauk Center, Minn., March 9.—John Dimond, a well known contractor and builder, and one of the oldest citizens of this city, died yesterday with a complication of diseases. He leaves a wife and three sons.

SAN FRANCISCO GIVES WELCOME

To All Who Will Attend National Educational Convention.

San Francisco, March 9.—The next convention of the National Educational association, which will be held in San Francisco from July 7 to July 14, is destined to leave pleasant recollections with all who will attend, for the rest of their existence. The people of California and of the whole Pacific coast vie with each other to extend to the visitors a cordial and generous welcome and make them wish to come again. San Francisco has earned the reputation for lavish hospitality, and, with the aid of the leading men and women of the coast, will strive to maintain that reputation with the teachers.

There is perhaps no other city on the American continent so well adapted for entertaining visitors, for out-door demonstration, for decorating and illuminating at all seasons of the year, than is San Francisco. Its climate, even temperature, complete absence of rain during the greater part of the year, make it a suitable place for large gatherings. The city has ample accommodation to comfortably house all who will come, as has been demonstrated on several occasions during the past few years. The rates for rooms and board are reasonable as in any city in the land, and more reasonable than in most other places; nor are the rates ever advanced on any occasion. Foodstuffs of all kinds, and the choicest, grow in California in such abundance that it can easily feed ten times its population, and fruits and vegetables grow and ripen from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. Nine-tenths of the surplus is exported to the East and across the Atlantic and Pacific.

A trip to California will be a most valuable object lesson to the teachers of the whole country, and furnish them enough material to speak about for years to come, and will be an education to the rising generation. California is a vast empire in itself with almost inexhaustible resources. But for Californians to tell the tales of its wonders and glories to the people across the continent, may be taken with considerable allowance.

Let the teachers come to California, as many as possible, let them see and behold and return with the knowledge gathered personally. It is but a few days' travel, the fare is very low, the cost of living most reasonable. In fact the whole expense will be but little more than going to some summer resort or to the seaside nearer their home, and it will prove a valuable experience and a lesson to those whom they teach.

The rates of travel are one fare for the round trip from all points and the $2 membership fee added. The following are the rates from the principal points including the $2, with stop-over privileges and good for return until Sept. 15: From St. Paul and Minneapolis, $91.90; Chicago, $64.50; Cairo and Memphis, $61.15; New Orleans and St. Louis, $59.50; Houston, $55.15; Omaha, Council Bluffs, Kansas City and Dallas, $52; Denver and Cheyenne, $47; El Paso, $42; Salt Lake City, $33.50; Ogden, $32.

FAMILY TROUBLE CAUSES MURDER.

Sour Lake, Tex., March 9.—Robert S. Farmer, manager of the Springs hotel, yesterday morning shot and killed W. P. Murphy, his brother-in-law, who, it is alleged, had sent him word he was coming from Beaumont to kill him.

In a domestic quarrel recently, Farmer took the part of Mrs. Murphy. When Muhpry appeared yesterday Farmer was discussing the matter with county officials, and as the man approached Farmer opened fire at close range with a shotgun.

Sells 1906 Lumber Output.

Nolan Bros. & Laird, who operate a sawmill at Skibo on the St. Louis river, have sold their season's cut of No. 3 and better lumber to a Tonawanda firm. The lumber company will manufacture about 10,000,000 feet. The price is said to be in the neighborhood of $200,000. The lumber will be shipped over the Duluth & Iron Range road to Two Harbors for shipment. Hitherto the company has been manufacturing solely for the car trade.

NO NEED TO DIE; TEETH ARE FOUND

Thought He Had Swallowed Them, Wife Called to Bedside.

Richmond, Ind., March 9.—Believing that he had swallowed his false teeth and that he was about to die, Joseph Iliff, proprietor of the Arlington hotel, telegraphed for his wife, who was visiting in Ohio, called his physician, and was removed to the Reid Memorial hospital for the purpose of being examined by means of an X-ray machine.

Dr. Charles Marvel made an examination, but no trace of the missing teeth could be found. After preparations had been made for an operation at a moment's notice in case any serious symptoms should develop, and after Mrs. Iliff had returned from her visit, the teeth were found under a couch on which Mr. Iliff had taken a nap during the day.

He supposed he had swallowed the teeth while asleep.

HOOSIER LESE MAJESTE.

Heavy Fine for Man Who "Cussed" Governor Hanly.

Muncie, Ind., March 9.—Because George Oliver "cussed" Governor Hanly for enforcing the saloon laws and causing the arrest of Oliver's friend, John Bowers, on a charge of keeping the latter's saloon open after hours, Oliver was himself arrested and charged with profanity. In the city court he was heavily fined. Oliver was in Bowers' saloon after hours when the police raided it. Incensed at the action of the officers, he cursed the governor and was then taken in tow by the police.

HIS GUN AN INKSTAND.

Laugh on the Policeman When the Case is Heard.

Chillicothe, Mo., March 9.—Pat Summers proved to court that his "pistol" was only a patent inkstand and was released from the charge of carrying and flourishing a weapon in front of a number of men.

Summers had a novel-looking inkstand on his desk and pointed it at some friends; when an unsophisticated policeman passed and, thinking he had witnessed a criminal act, arrested Summers. The young man thought the joke too good to be given away, and stood for trial. When he showed the "weapon" in the court, everyone, including the judge, laughed.

THE EVENING HERALD

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TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

PARENTS, WAKE UP.

From several parts of the country lately have come appalling stories of juvenile depravity in the public schools. In Chicago one girl of 11 and two of 12 years have been sent in shame to the House of Good Shepherd, and other similar cases are known to have occurred. Several weeks ago Southwestern newspapers were referring guardedly to the fact that in one term of school, evil had overcome eight young girls attending high school in a Kansas town.

These things did not happen in Duluth, for which Duluth may well be thankful. They have led in some quarters to attacks upon the public schools, and in Omaha the other day a man and his wife who were arrested for keeping their children out of school offered as an excuse that they feared to subject them to the influences of the public schools.

This, from parents, is utterly unjust, unthinking, and unreasonable. The fault does not lie with the schools. It lies with the home, every time.

When one hears of young children with the vices and evil knowledge of persons several times their age, the first thought is naturally of the homes that have produced such children. When young girls are seen parading the streets without evidences of having errands there, the first thought is of the parents that permit such things. When public dances are found to be attended by young girls and boys who ought to be under the shelter of the home rooftree the obvious inference is that they would be in that home if there was not something the matter with it.

The mother or father who does not know how each hours of the lives of their children is spent is criminally negligent, and directly responsible if harm befalls them. Many a home in Duluth today is unconscious of the approaching shadow of disgrace and horror because the rulers of that home are careless about the habits and associates of their children.

Great vigilance on the part of parents is urgently needed. Duluth is probably no better and no worse than other cities, yet there are ample evidences to every observer that many Duluth parents are hideously neglectful of their growing children. The parade on Superior street in the business center is full of such evidence, day and night. If parents do not wake up to their danger of their own accord, to many of them it will be brought home presently in a manner that will be heart-breaking. And the fault will be theirs, and theirs alone.

THE REMEDY.

Discussing the indictment of three St. Paul newspapers for publishing the details of the recent hanging of William Williams, in violation of a law which has reposed in innocuous desuetude between the covers of a statute book for ten years, the Detroit Journal says:

> It may occur to the law-making forces of Minnesota that the way to end the public discussion of capital punishment is to repeal the law which gave into human hands the right to take human life by might. An attempt to arbitrarily suppress the facts will never do it.

It may be said for Minnesota that this method of eliminating public discussions of excutions has already been considered in this state. An attempt to pass a measure abolishing capital punishment has been made in each of the last two or three legislative sessions, gaining a few more votes each time. Governor Johnson has publicly announced his intention of recommending to the next legislature that such a measure be adopted, and there is reasonable ground for belief that his suggestion will be acted upon.

As to newspaper publications of the details of executions, it must not be presumed that the newspapers delight in regaling their readers with matter so offensive. Since they serve the public, and in a measure at least must give it the news it demands, the choice does not rest entirely with the newspapers. While members of a certain class of journals give every evidence of positive delight in retailing horrors, most newspapers give what they are compelled to give of such news, and no more.

The only possible reason why men should be hanged by law is that the execution tends to deter others from repeating their offenses. When publicity does not attend hangings, their effect is softened and practically eliminated. When the state takes the life of a human being, and by preventing publicity keeps the moral influence that was intended from going forth, that execution becomes mere wanton murder, law or no law.

The best remedy for the evil is the abolition of capital punishment. Hanging does not lessen the number of murders, as the experiences of states that have abolished capital punishment clearly show. Men so desperate as to kill are usually willing to take their chances with the law, and thought of life imprisonment is as likely to hold them back as the shadow of the scaffold. If the people do not want to read reports of hangings, they should see to it, through their representatives in the legislature, that there are no more hangings in this state.

TEMPERANCE AND BUSINESS.

There are no stronger factors in the temperance movement than the railroads and many other large employers of labor in this country who have used their right to insist upon sobriety and decent conduct in their men.

The Chicago & Alton road has acquired much advertising because of its recent issuance of orders forbidding its employes to visit saloons, race tracks, dance halls or other resorts where liquor is sold or gambling permitted. As a matter of fact, however, there are many other roads that have not been mentioned in this connection that have rules nearly as rigid along the same line.

The general passenger agent of the Chicago & Alton, in discussing the new regulations, said recently: "All things are prohibited which either tend or might tend permanently or temporarily to impair a man's physical and mental powers." Many railroads and other corporations maintain systems of supervision that enable them to keep posted on the habits of their employes, in order to guard against the dangers of bad habits.

Unthinking employes subjected to these rules may fancy themselves aggrieved, and talk loudly of "interference with their personal rights." They are wrong. Employers making such rules are clearly within their rights, and, indeed, within their duty as well. Employes who do not wish to observe such regulations have their inalienable right to quit, and employers who find men in their employ who will not obey them have their inalienable right to discharge them.

It is not a matter of attempted regulation of the morals of their men that induces the railroads to take such action. They have a duty toward the public, in providing it with safe and comfortable transportation. If men will drink and gamble and stay up nights until their nerves are unstrung, their eyes are dimmed and their thoughts are clouded, they become a menace to the safety of the passengers under their care. A man without liquor in his brain, who goes to bed of nights and gets his normal amount of sleep, is likely to be healthy and clearheaded. On the other hand, a man who goes upon a passenger train after a night of dissipation is attended by physical and mental results of his dissipation that are likely to make him unfit for his important duties.

In guarding against such things, the railroads are doing only their duty to the public. If incidentally they preach a powerful temperance sermon by showing that liquor unfits men for the important duties of life and makes them less than their best, the lesson is valuable not only to those affected by their rules but to others who may not be conscious that in heedless trifling with their physical and mental health they are robbing themselves of their powers and making themselves less useful than they should be.

IMMIGRATION.

Here is a table published by American Medicine, giving the number of illiterates per 1,000 in various European countries from which our immigrants are drawn:

Sweden and Norway	1.1
German Empire	1.1
Switzerland	3.0
Denmark	5.4
Finland	16.0
Scotland	35.7
Netherlands	40.0
France	49.0
England	58.0
Belgium	128.0
Ireland	170.0
Austria	238.0
Hungary	281.0
Greece	300.0
Italy	383.0
Russia	617.0
Spain	617.0
Portugal	790.0
Servia	860.0
Roumania	890.0

This table is important in several ways. For one thing, it shows what effect a literacy test imposed upon prospective immigrants would have. A reasonable test of that nature would shut off many immigrants from the lower half of the table, and would admit most of those who come from the countries in the upper half.

If it worked out that way, and it would on the average, immigrants from the Scandinavian countries, the German Empire, the British Empire and Finland would be admitted quite freely, while immigrants from Austria, Hungary, Italy, Russia and Spain would be materially reduced in number.

In a general way, the very best of the immigrants that have come to this country are from the nations in the first list, and the objectionable exotics have largely come from those in the second list. Therefore, if a literacy test were applied, it would appear that it would work toward improving the quality of the immigration.

Of course we get some good people from all countries and some bad ones from all. That has always been and always will be. The most that can be hoped is that some measures may be adopted that will largely improve the general average, and the table given here is a powerful argument in favor of a literacy test as one of the regulations that should be adopted to that end.

Literacy is not a final and complete test, it is true. Doubtless many illiterates make good citizens, and their children, becoming educated in the schools of this country, make better ones. But it is a good test after all, and a fair one, one that nobody could seriously object to. And it seems clear that it would strongly affect the character of the immigration, and would tend to turn it back to the excellent class that was coming in a couple of decades or so ago, and away from the undesirable class that has prevailed of late years. Twenty years ago, roughly speaking, 75 per cent of our immigration came from the countries in the first half of the above list; today, on the other hand, 75 per cent of it comes from the illiterate countries in the lower half of the table.

THE FIELD SORVEY.

The state press is taking up right cheerfully the plan of holding the Republican state convention in Duluth.

* * *

The Aitkin Age reports Capt. F. M. Shook of Aitkin as declaring that he will not run for congress against Congressman Bede.

* * *

When the magnates decide just what they are going to do with Duluth, the fans will go into training for a season's hard rooting.

* * *

When you go to Superior, save your thirst until you get back to Duluth. Don't drink the water, because it is suspected of carrying typhoid.

* * *

Twelve thousand Northwestern business men and their families have taken advantage of cheap rates to visit Duluth this winter. Duluth's welcome to her neighbors is always warm.

* * *

The senate, in killing bills merely because the president wants them passed, is showing its childishness and incapacity and proving the need of a new deal on the upper house of congress. The senate is in its dotage.

* * *

The Windom Reporter thinks that if Aldrich were from Minnesota, he would never be returned to the senate and thousands of people would be asking him to resign. Not only that, but he would have to spend all of his time in Washington, because it would not be comfortable for him to come home.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The Cenadian government expects to expend between two and three million dollars within the next few years in improving the harbors at Fort William and Port Arthur," said P. A. Wallace of Port Arthur, at the McKay. "At present it is looked upon as two harbors, one for each town, but the contemplated improvements will make it one, and when all the work is completed there will be no finer refuge for the boats on the lakes.

"Both these town are steadily increasing in population, and more industries are going in there right along. Port Arthur is preparing to extend its limits northward to accommodate the larger population, and to do this the city has acquired title to nearly 1,500 acres, which have been the part of a great estate. The immigration of the Algoma district is keeping up in good shape, and a few years more will see the population in that part of the country practically doubled."

* * *

"There is always some particular spot in the country where a lot of money is being cleaned up in real estate, and just now that spot is Texas," said B. N. Wilson of San Antonio, Texas, at the St. Louis. "I suppose land is rapidly increasing in value elsewhere in the United States as well, but down our way there is a particular kind of land that is springing to the front in leaps and bounds. I refer to the sandy acres along some of the rivers.

"These lands for years have been supposed to be of little value for farming purposes, but lately it has been found that for certain crops they are even better than the black loam farther from the rivers, and those who got onto the fact early and gobbled up the sand districts are now selling out at big margins of profit. Particularly is this true in the northern part of the state, between the Paris and Red rivers. It has been neglected until the last few years, because in Texas farming and cotton growing were almost synonymous terms, and the black soil was that in which the cotton grew best, and was therefore worth twice or more times as much as the other.

"The farmers are only now learning to grow those products for which this sandy land is adapted. Here fruits and vegetables grow with a perfection no where surpassed, yet so recent has been the demonstration that most of the orchards are not yet in bearing. The farmers down that way are learning, to their surprise, that there is just as much money, sometimes more of it, in raising fruits and vegetables than in cotton. This is especially true in respect to potatoes. Two crops of these may be raised in one season. On this same land peanuts are raised to a considerable extent, and I have known as high as 125 bushels to be grown on a single acre."

* * *

"The construction of the Lake Superior & Southeastern road through Northern Wisconsin will doubtless result in the starting of new summer resorts that will become close rivels of Solon Springs, located on the Omaha," said H. H. Nash of Spooner, Wis., at the McKay. "The north half of Wisconsin is famous for the number and variety its lakes, as is Northern Minnesota. Some of the prettiest of these lakes are at present too far from a railroad to allow of their becoming popular as summer resorts, but on an examination of the map I find that the new line will pass within a very short distance of several of them, and I presume that stations will be established wherever there is a demand for them.

"The lake at Solon Springs is very pretty, but even more attractive are some of those which are yet practically unknown to the city folk. Within the last year or two people from the cities have been quietly buying up land along the shores of these latter, and by the time the Southeastern is built they will be in readiness to take up their residence for the summer, or parts of the summer on their new purchases. It is too that the fishing is not better in some of the lakes. Several of them offer excellent sport for the angler, but several others are no good from the standpoint of the sportsman. The reason for this, according to old residents of the country, is that a number of men a good many years ago who were fishing for the market, dynamited the lakes, and did the job so thoroughly that very few of the finny tribe were left for breeding purposes."

* * *

At the Spalding: L. P. Pontun, Detroit, Mich.; M. K. Knauff, Two Harbors; J. Ponttila, Eveleth; C. A. Patterson, Blackduck, Minn.; E. D. Benedict, Minneapolis; C. A. Rand, San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Robinson, Minneapolis; R. L. Kraus, Marshfield, Wis.; F. C. Medeck, Columbus, Ohio; F. Weyerhauser, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Stevens, Ironwood, Mich.; Mrs. E. R. Farley, Minneapolis; C. T. Fairbairn, Virginia; F. E. Little, Minneapolis; C. N. Thomas, Wausau, Wis.; R. H. Simpson, Waukesha, Wis.; R. L. Kraus, Marshfield; B. F. Fitch, Detroit; J. P. Dorsey, Deleran, Wis.; E. R. Burch, P. L. Howe, Minneapolis; A. M. Sheldon, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis: A. McLaughlin, Minneapolis; A. H. Powers, Hibbing; W. Wright, Braham, Minn.; H. W. McLaggan, Gordon, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Lyon, Ashland; D. B. McDonald, Virginia; M. E. Torinus, Stillwater, Minn.; G. E. Torinus, St. Paul; C. L. Storey, Hayward, Wis.; P. G. Pastoret, Two Harbors; M. D. Crawford, E. M. Griffin, Minneapolis; N. L. Clark, Two Harbors; D. C. Peacock, Hibbing; J. T. Miller, Ancta, Mo.; T. Ackerman, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; E. V. Renn, Grand Rapids; T. P. Ferry, Eveleth; W. N. Triplett, Floodwood, Minn.; Miss Pearl Howell, Mrs. D. R. Howell, Minneapolis; J. Harper, Hill City; G. Carlson, Hibbing; J. Backus, Virginia; M. Rgolsky, Hibbing; A. J. Lehner, Fairbanks, Minn.; W. E. Gaines, Kenton, Ohio; J. Dawn, Two Harbors; Sadie Murphy, Carrie Prince, Eveleth; R. B. Bundage, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Lenox: O. Wright, Minneapolis; W. A. Erickson, St. Paul; A. MacMillan, Toledo, O.; J. A. Campbell, Aurora, Ill.; A. L. Hearn, Virginia; J. R. Savage, Nashville; J. Druggan, W. H. Bellin, J. J. Evans, Minneapolis; W. H. Harrison, Moline, Ill.; J. Gerrin, Ashland, Wis.; L. F. Reds, Peoria, Ill.; C. Wittig, St. Paul; P. Haupert, Ashland; J. Dolan, Hayden, N. D.; J. H. Batten, Rice Lake, Wis.; S. Musolf, Eveleth, J. B. Ible, Eau Clarie; J. A. Campbell, Decatur, Ill.

* * *

At the McKay: E. Quistgaard, Grand Forks; E. Vitalis, Osceola; J. H. Chisholm, Cloquet; W. Ousley, Watertown, S. D.; H. Sprain, Webster, Minn.; A. L. Bavry, Sturgeon Bay, Wis.; Mrs. E. Chambers, Pond du Lac; Mrs. K. Carey, Biwabik; M. F. Stern, C. D. Morch, B. Pranke, Minneapolis; H. E. Monroe, Washington, D. C.; Miss Louise Caldwell, Hibbing; R. G. Rhoades, St. Paul.

New Kind of Panic.

Wall Street Journal: There is a panic in Wall street. This panic is not caused by any fear of a collapse of the great structure of prosperity which has been reared in the past few years. It has not been caused by any fear of foreign complications or domestic legislation. It is not caused by any lack of confidence in the solvency of banks and mercantile houses. Everybody is, in fact, contented and happy as regards the main financial features of the situation.

What then is all the trouble about? Who are the panic-stricken people and what is causing their alarm? Well, the panic is confined to the persons who have suddenly discovered that there is a public opinion sweeping through the country with the velocity and force of a cyclone. This public opinion is demanding a square deal. It is calling loudly for investigations, not only of insurance, but of railroads and banking and of monopolies which supply the necessities of life. People who have supposed that they were perfectly secure, who may have imagined, indeed, that every transaction into which they had entered was legal and ethical, have become suddenly appalled by the possibility that they have really been violating the law and committing malfeasance. They see that a number of insurance men who, a year ago, were in places of high power in the financial world, are now deposed, driven out, many of them in exile, some of them resting under the shadow of impending indictment. No wonder that other directors and trustees are becoming panic-stricken over the prospect of investigations in other fields than insurance. No wonder that some of them are constructing cellars in which they may hide in case the cyclone strikes them.

It may be said that this is the kind of panic that works, not for disaster, but for financial health and honor.

THE WEATHER

This snow is nothing. Very likely it simply came because people yesterday talked about spring. Well, there is no need of taking it back. It is spring, even if a mild, warm, moist snow storm did come along in the night and cover the bare spots with white once more. It may snow more, and there may even be a small blizzard, but it is spring, just the same, and the sun is rising higher every day and its rays are becoming more direct and warmer. Last night's coldest was 29 deg., and yesterday's warmest was 41. The weather man expects the snow to keep up this afternoon and possibly tonight, with fair weather tomorrow, and slightly colder. Following is the official survey and local forecast by H. W. Richardson, local forecaster:

"Low pressure areas overlying Western Lake Superior and the New England coast have caused snow in the Northwest and a continuance of rain or snow from the Ohio valley eastward and southward. Mild temperatures are the rule, but it is somewhat colder throughout the Northwest as a result of a "high" from Montana northward. Another disturbance is developing in the extreme Southwest.

"Conditions favor a continuance of snow flurries today and perhaps tonight, followed by generally fair Saturday, attended by brisk northerly winds. The lowest temperature tonight will be about 20 deg."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	40	Miles City	24
Atlanta	38	Milwaukee	30
Battleford	16	Minnedosa	22
Bismarck	28	Modena	26
Boston	32	Montgomery	42
Buffalo	30	Moorhead	26
Calgary	18	New Orleans	48
Charleston	44	New York	40
Chicago	34	Norfolk	42
Cincinnati	38	Northfield	34
Davenport	34	North Platte	30
Denver	26	Oklahoma	34
Detroit	34	Omaha	34
Devils Lake	24	Phoenix	48
Dodge	32	Pierre	28
Duluth	29	Pittsburg	34
El Paso	36	Port Arthur	22
Escanaba	20	Portland, Or.	48
Galveston	52	Prince Albert	12
Green Bay	23	Qu'Appelle	18
Havre	20	Rapid City	36
Helena	26	St. Louis	38
Houghton	12	St. Paul	30
Huron	26	San Francisco	52
Jacksonville	48	Santa Fe	34
Kamloops	30	Sault Ste. Marie	16
Kansas City	34	Spokane	30
Knoxville	40	Shreveport	38
La Crosse	34	Swift Current	18
Lander	30	Washington	42
Little Rock	44	Williston	24
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	32
Marquette	20	Winnipeg	16
Medicine Hat	12		

Chicago, March 9.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Saturday except snow near Lake Superior. Cooler tonight and in east portion Saturday.

Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Saturday. Cooler tonight.

Busy Over Nothing.

San Francisco Bulletin: It happens that the men who might be presumed to have their time most occupied with business are usually able to give plenty of time to their friends and to affairs of a public or charitable character; while men that have not much to do are frequently unable to make time out of their day for any work not directly gainful to themselves. It is the small-brained, as a rule, that don't amount to much and never accomplish big things, who are the busiest. They are not tall enough intellectually to distinguish between what is petty and what is essential and worth while. To their minds it is a merit to be busy, even though one be doing useless work. They see virtue in the fact of being at their desks precisely at 8, and scratching away there until 6 or later, notwithstanding that much of the work done is superfluous and none of it important.

A really big man orders his day intelligently, and leaves to subordinates the jobs that they can perform as well as he. He does not waste his own time or that of his subordinates on work that is not worth doing at all. His conscience doesn't ache if he idles an hour or half a day, neglecting no important, pressing task. He doesn't feel over the suspicion that his employes relax, at moments, and do less work on some days than they could do when driven at the highest pressure. He knows human nature and is aware that the most faithful employe, the sort of man who knows no rest in emergencies, will take matters easily at other times when there is no urgent occasion for haste.

The Graves of Confederates.

Philadelphia Inquirer: They were brave, they were Americans, and they died for what they thought was right. Three good reasons why the graves of Confederate soldiers in the North should be appropriately marked.

The Cry of the Children.

London World: Of all the cries that go up from this great city of ours, the cry of the children is the most insistent, the most important, and the least regarded. Each child that is brought up, or kicked up, in the streets, instead of in some place that bears the semblance of a home, is not only a reproach to the rest of us, not only a source of possible weakness, but a center from which radiates a constantly expanding circle of positive and calamitous danger to the community at large.

Mister March Wind.

Howdy, Mister March win,'
Howlin' 'cross de yard—
No matter how you hollier,
You des a ole blowhard!

You come befo' yo' time is—
You don't say "Howdy do;"
I see de lily turnin' pale,
De vi'let feelin' blue.

Howdy; Mister March Win'!
Dais only dis fer say:
You full ez brag en bluster,
En you'll blow yo'self away!
—FRANK L. STANTON in Atlanta Constitution.

The Chances Are for War.

Harper's Weekly: Things French have never appealed very strongly to the German press, and now, instead of using "entente cordiale," the Berlin newspapers have translated it into German as "Annaeherungsbestrebungen." The test of true friendship is the ability to pronounce it.

The Cass Lake Hypatia.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: The man who drowns his trouble in whisky has only bottled it.

When the angels sing, Satan stuffs cotton in his ears.

The room for improvement is often the most poorly furnished.

Senator Aldrich's success is due to the fact that he began life by putting his trust in Providence.

All trails lead to Northern Minnesota.

Efficiency never follows self-sufficiency.

A bird on the hat is worth a dozen in the shop window.

Casting all your burdens on the Lord is placing a premium on shiftlessness.

A badly fractured reputation may be caused by a slip of the tongue.

You never hear the devil grumble about working overtime.

The harvest that never fails comes from sowing the seed of happiness.

His Wife's Money.

Atchison Globe: Once upon a time a man married a woman who had inherited $500 from a grandfather. This was all she ever received, but the man never got credit for his efforts the rest of his life. He built a new store. "Did it with his wife's money," the neighbors said. The home was made over and enlarged. "His wife's money did it," was the only comment. The little measly $500 she inherited was given the credit for everything he did during life, and when he died and his widow put up a monument with his life insurance, "Her money paid for that," was said again. But this is what her money really went for: During her engagement she bought herself a $250 piano and a $150 diamond ring, and in a few weeks lost the ring; there was always some regret that she didn't lose the piano.

Dr PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Dr. Price's Baking Powder supplies a pure, wholesome leavening agent, which makes the biscuit and cake of highest healthfulness at medium cost, and protects the food from alum, which is the greatest dietary danger of the day.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Alum baking powders are sold at ten to twenty-five cents a pound or a cent an ounce, but they render the food partially indigestible and unhealthful.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1886.

***Clerk Coon of the Hotel St. Louis has returned from a protracted jaunt to his boyhood home in Michigan.

***Landlord Meinhardt of the Merchants hotel emphatically denies that any one will take charge of the Merchants as has been reported.

***Engineer Bevier the of St. Paul & Duluth engine No. 6 is just now the proudest valve puller in Duluth. His engine is just out of the shop with a new boiler and other improvements. By the way "Hutch" recently refused $10,000 for his first street lot.

***The Duluth Choral union assembled last evening at the Y. M. C. A. hall and under the leadership of Professor Denyer began a series of rehearsals. Among those present were Col. Graves, Messrs. Ray, Preston, Graff, Mitchell, Gray, Foote, Eber, Quillard and Johnson, Miss Cullyford, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Van Brunt, the Misses Woodside, Miss Eber. Mrs. S. E. Moore played the piano accompaniments.

***Phil Pastoret is employed by the city as overseer of the street gang.

***T. I. Brooke has just received a tempting offer from Port Henry, N. Y., to conduct a musical organization for two years. Notwithstanding it is nearly double his Duluth income at present, he is wedded to the Zenith City and is determined to bring his band here up to the highest rank.

***A very agreeable piano recital was given last Saturday by the pupils of Mrs. S. M. Stocker, assisted by Mrs. James B. Geggie. Among those who took part in the program were Misses Fleming, Mary Stewart, Ella Burke, Anna Graff, Ethel Rowe and Nettie Bronson and James Geggie, John Upham, Eddie Silberstein and Max Wirth.

**The following real estate transfers hae been recorded:

E. H. Hall to Leonidas Merritt, fractional lots 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 and 11 and lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 11 and 12, block 6, and lots 1 to 6 inclusive and 9 to 16 inclusive, block 7, Hall's addition to Oneota, $3,000.

Leonidas Merritt to John Freeman and John J. Costello, lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 and fractional lots 12 and 13, block 9, Hall's addition to Oneota, $625.

John F. McLean to Jessie F. Hopkins, lot 3, block 21, and lot 3, block 33, London addition, $80.

Western Land association to J. R. McKinnon, lot 23, block 87, Third division, and lot 23, East Seventh street, First division, $275.

***The grocery stores have decided to close at 8 p. m. until May 1, Saturdays excepted.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

St. Peter Free Press: Representative N. F. Hugo of Duluth is a candidate for speaker in case of his re-election, which seems to be a foregone conclusion. Mr. Hugo is an affable gentleman, able, fair and withal a man of affairs. But Mr. Hugo hails from Duluth, and this fact is now being used in quarters with a candidate of their own to put him down as a representative of the iron and railroad trusts, to prevent his election. As a matter of fact, however, Mr. Hugo made good in the last house on every proposition that had any connection with measures pertaining to the regulation of railroads. If Mr. Hugo is in fact a trust man it was certainly never revealed by his vote on trust bills.

Mankato Free Press: Governor Johnson concluded to take chances with the ills that we have and not fly to those he knows not of. Therefore he declined to call an extra session of the legislature.

Bemidji Enterprise: Like old-time printers "changing their luck," it would be a good thing to hold the state convention in Duluth.

Stillwater Gazette: There's no denying that when a woman will she will, and when she won't she won't. Out at Cody, Wyo., the women have driven all the gamblers out of town. Westward the star of empire takes "her" way.

Princeton Union: St. Louis county ought to go Democratic by several thousand for an election or two.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The Republican of Minnesota should wake up to the fact that Senator Nelson's enemies are endeavoring to prevent a call for an early convention, with the hope of raising so big a rumpus that he will not be endorsed by the state convention.

Princeton Union: Every daily newspaper in the Twin Cities will either openly or covertly support Governor Johnson for re-election.

Red Wing Republican: It is a very admirable quality to be possessed of a genial temperament, but unless it is combined with depth of conviction and personal stamina, you can estimate what it is worth by contemplating the character of Chauncey M. Depew.

Crookston Times: Chicago women are aroused and will band together and seek safety in universal suffrage. Desperate conditions demand desperate remedies.

Red Wing Republican: The time is not far distant when the "best society" will consist of men and women of brains, culture and achievement, who are factors in the actual progress of the world, rather than those whose only distinction lies in the possession of unearned fortunes and their chief object in life is to squander them.

Hastings Gazette: The representation at the next Republican state convention should be based upon the vote for governor at the last election, and it should not be held earlier than September. Otherwise there will be a long, lifeless campaign, and an unusually light vote.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: There is no use in being so good you have to have violent reactions.

An easy way to get a wife would be to make her believe you are bound not to get married.

When a woman is crying it is a sign she is having just as good a time as if she were laughing.

Pease Porridge Hot.

G. S. Pease in Anoka Union: Unharmonious possibilities threaten the success of the Republican party this year.

Eye openers for the people are getting real plenty.

Defiance of law must not be tolerated in the rich man, any more than in the poor.

Mighty different proposition if some Republicans buck Johnson, instead of backing him, in the coming contest.

Some of the so-called leaders of the Republican party in Minnesota are enough to drive a man out of that organization.

A cooked and dried convention this year will be dangerous to the success of the Republican party. Leaders take notice.

Let in the Light!

When you're sighin' in the shadders, an' there seems no joy to win,
Open wide the soul's dim windows—let the light come streamin' in!
When the future all seems darkened, an' there is no promise fair,
If you'll open wide those windows, sweetest light will find you there!
—F. L. STANTON in Atlanta Constitution.

LINES TO A SMILE.

Cleveland Leader: Mrs. Jawback—I'm sure I've suffered every misfortune a woman can.

Mr. Jawback—Oh, no—you've never been a widow.

Mrs. Jawback—I believe I said misfortune, didn't I?

Washington Star: "It's love that makes the world go 'round," said the old-fashioned sentimentalist.

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "it merely make some people so dizzy that they think the world is going 'round."

Chicago Tribune: The cook came to the professor to report that the cabbage he had ordered for dinner was all right in the center, but she had had to throw nearly all the rest of it away.

"Ah, well," said the professor, "let us make the best of it. Its errors are of the head rather than of the heart."

Atlanta Constitution: "It's a fine day, deacon."

"Yes, but we're all miserable creatures."

"Ah, thank God, we're still a-livin'!"

"Yes," groaned the deacon, "but our time's comin'!"

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "He's the most devout man in church. I never saw anyone who could be so absorbed in prayer."

"Indeed? I never noticed it."

"Probably not. I don't suppose you ever took up the collection."

Philadelphia Press: "My dear," said Mr. Nearsight, watching his little boy playing at bean-bag in the street, "what is that our Willie is trying to catch out there?"

"I don't know, I'm sure," replied his wife, wearily; "he's already had the mumps, measles and whooping cough."

Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune: Robinson—I wonder what Saul remarked when David said that all men were liars?

Brown—That's easy to imagine.

Robinson—What was it, then?

Brown—Well, I'm from Missouri.

Louisville Courier-Journal: "I won't resign under fire," the senator pugnaciously declared.

"And if we draw off the attack?"

"Then I won't have to resign."

And They Come to Believe It.

Washington Star: J. Pierpont Morgan says we are prosperous. He has that old trick of potentates, who use the first person plural when they mean the first person singular.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | "Lohengrin." "Tannhaeuser." "Faust."
FRIDAY, SAT. MAT. AND NIGHT,
HENRY W. SAVAGE
English Grand Opera Co.
Tonight, "Lohengrin;" Saturday Matinee, "Tannhaeuser;" Night "Faust."
Prices—50c to $3.00. Good seats left. March 16-17—"Checkers."

METROPOLITAN
This Week—Empire Burlesquers.
WRESTLING SAT. NIGHT
AT THE MET.
Martin Johnson (Duluth) vs. Ray Davies (Milwaukee.)
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.
Next Week—The Cherry Blossoms.

The Third Regiment Band
Plays every Sunday Night at the LYCEUM THEATER to big crowds. The best way to pass Sunday night is listening to Minnesota's crack band. Admission, all parts of the house, 25c.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Spring Hats, Spring Shirts, Spring Underwear, Spring Neckwear, Spring Gloves, Spring Shoes.
STORE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 10:30.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

The Correct New Spring Suits, Top Coats, Rain Coats for Men and Young Men Are Ready.

Copyright 1906 B. Kuppenheimer & Co., Chi.
New Spring Rain Coats, $10 to $28.

Copyright 1906 B. Kuppenheimer & Co., Chi.
Double-breasted Spring Suits, $8.50 to $30.

Copyright 1906 B. Kuppenheimer & Co., Chi.
Spring Top Coats, $10 to $25.

Copyright 1906 B. Kuppenheimer & Co., Chi.
Single-breasted Spring Suits, $8.50 to $30.

All the smart style innovations are evident in our great spring display. The garments have many little kinks of newness and are decidedly graceful. An early selection means much to you.

Grand Final Clearance Sale of Boys' and Children's Clothing.

THREE-PIECE SUITS.
10 to 17 years. Odds an ends—but all sizes in the lot—all colors.
$10, $8.50 and $7.50 suits, now.....$4.95
$6.50 and $5.00 suits, now.....$3.95

SAILOR AND VESTEE SUITS.
2½ to 10 years. Fancy mixtures and plain colors.
$7.50 and $6.95 suits, now.....$4.95
$6.50 and $5.00 suits, now.....$3.95
$4.00 and $3.50 suits, now.....$1.95

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS.
14 to 20 years. Blue serges and fancy mixtures—suits that sold from $25.00 down to $7.50—now $20.00 down to $4.95.
One lot—light colors—that sold at $12.50, $10 and $8.50.... $4.95

All Buster Brown, Buddy Tucker, Sailor and Two-piece Suits in broken lines included at greatly reduced prices.

TOMORROW—Saturday—Positively last day to take your choice of any Winter Overcoat in the house for..... $12.50

PROMISE TO LABOR MEN

England's Cabinet Has Agreed to Demands Heretofore Scorned.

Irish Government to Receive a Very Thorough Overhauling.

New York, March 9.—A London cable to the World says: Great Britain's new parliament is the most remarkable ever assembled. Its whole tone is thoroughly democratic. The cabinet is likely to encounter difficulties only when it tries to curb the members' fond expectations of reform.

The government's failure to instantly end the Chinese labor contracts in South Africa has caused disappointment which is only partly allayed by the reflection that such a step would cripple the Transvaal's only industry. But the government has already soothed this disappointment by reforms in many minor directions. It has admitted the right of postal clerks to form a trade union and to present their grievances to the postmaster general. The late Conservative government repeatedly refused this request and penalized the postal employes who sought it.

The government has practically committed itself to paying the members of parliament for their legislative services, a practice that already prevails in every British self-governing colony. The fifty-four labor members in the house of commons are immediately dependent for support on the subscriptions of their trade unions.

One member, John Ward, president of the Navies' union, says the expense attending parliament leaves him the choice of going hungry in the house of commons or of pinching the supplies of his family. His union allows him $10 a week.

In the last parliament, where class and capitalization reigned supreme, John Wards' dilemma would have provoked only sneers, but this house of commons is sympathetic toward the labor members, who have already shown themselves able, thoughtful, earnest men.

In Ireland, Dublin Castle is to be uprooted, figuratively, from its ancient foundations.

The system under which the government of Ireland was run by the Unionists has been severely shaken already. Wyndham's land act, which, being in the interests of the tenants, was restricted in its operation by castle regulations, has been given full scope.

Orders have gone ou to stop jury packing in Ireland, and the government in Ireland can no longer bring all its power and influence against the Nationalist majority there.

In South Africa the ascendency of the Rand gold mining autocracy, set up by Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Milner, will be overturned and a responsible government will be given to the Transvaal and Orange River colony, while to the Boers will be accorded equal rights with the British. The orgy of jingoism, extravagance and incompetency in which the recent government indulged, has turned back a veritable tidal wave of reaction.

Lord Milner's maudlin speech in the house of lords this week will become historic. He was flattered by an overwhelming audience, including all the peeresses who could squeeze into the galleries. Ambassador Reid, Secretary of Embassy Ridgeley, Curtis and other diplomats.

Lord Milner is a fine speaker, clear, forcible, an orator of parts, intensely convinced of his own omniscience. But the lords, of whom an immense majority were favorable to him, were chilled, almost repelled, by his narrow, hard, unrelenting bitterness toward the Boers.

The fatal policy he followed in South Africa became entirely explicable long before he finished his speech. He inveighed against all concessions to the Boers. He declared Chinese labor in the Rand not merely justifiable, but providential. He foretold the total loss of South Africa to the empire unless British supremacy is maintained there.

Having passionately appealed for the supremacy of law, Milner was forced to confess that he himself had illegally sanctioned the flogging of Chinese and had concealed the fact from Mr. Lyttleton, lately the colonial secretary, who had indignantly denied in parliament that such things had been done by Milner. This revelation, it is believed, will hereafter preclude Milner from appointment to any other governorship.

Arthur Balfour is seriously ill, it is understood. His defeats and his humiliations have broken him down, and it is probable that he will not be seen often in the house of commons during this session.

Joseph Chamberlain is also in feeble health. The grain of the opposition was too much for him. Besides the changed conditions in the house were exasperating to him. Where he reigned, an autocrat, in a sense, he is now regarded with rather contemptuous amusement.

The remnant of the Conservative party in parliament contains hardly one man of the slightest weight of distinction. The party's utter wreck is attributed mainly to Chamberlain, and it is still hopelessly torn by dissensions on the tariff question.

The Liberals, and indeed many Conservatives, firmly believe the Unionist party will never regain power until it abandons protection and that will not be until Joseph Chamberlain disappears from the political scene.

Are You Satisfied?

If you have had work done at our office, we want to learn whether or not you are satisfied with it. If it is not giving you perfect satisfaction, remember our guarantee is good.
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JURORS ARE THREATENED

Because They Acquitted the Alleged Kidnaper of Cudahy.

Denunciations of the Crowe Verdict General in Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., March 9.—Unless the twelve men who found Pat Crowe not guilty of kidnaping Eddie A. Cudahy, Jr., son of the millionaire pork packer, leave Omaha before March 23, a "citizens' committee" such as Nebraska knew in the vigilance days of half a century ago, will, if it fulfills its implied threat in the warning sent to each of the jurors, take some startling action.

The jurors say they will not leave Omaha, and one of them has given the typewritten letter from the vigilance committee to the federal authorities. Others have appealed to the police.

Everyone here knows what a "citizens' committee" warning once meant, and Omaha is awaiting breathlessly to see what will happen.

Denunciations of the Crowe verdict are still heard on every street corner. Public condemnation of the jurors has not abated. The storm of indignation which resulted in the letters of warning to the jurors brought out at the same time resolutions by the prominent business and social organizations of Omaha, in which the most caustic terms were used.

Women led in condemnation of the verdict. At a meeting of the Women's club the day after the conclusion of the trial, at First Congregational church, a committee was appointed to draw up resolutions and to set a date for a mass assembly.

At the first meeting Mrs. Mary G. Andrews, president of the Women's club, said: "There has been perpetrated in our city one of the greatest legal farces possible," and Mrs. W. B. Hartford, prominent in the club and social life, said the verdict was "so farcical as to be beyond expression."

Mrs. W. F. Nash, whose husband is president of the Omaha Electric Lighting company and owner of the Auditorium, declared that women are responsible for the actions of their husbands while doing jury service, and that the verdict reflected on every wife in Omaha.

At the subsequent mass meeting Mrs. E. G. McGilton, wife of the lieutenant-governor of Nebraska, introduced a resolution that the expression of the Commercial club in regard to the verdict be approved. This was passed without further discussion on the part of the Women's club and outsiders present.

The Commercial club resolutions went so far as to say that there had been "a willful and deliberate miscarriage of justice, and it should be condemned by every law-abiding citizen." The clergy in their sermons deprecated the verdict and at a meeting adopted similar resolutions; prominent men gave out interviews on the subject, the Real Estate Exchange and Civic Association joined the popular clamor, the attorneys requested Judge A. L. Sutton, who tried the case, to strike the names of the twelve jurors from the panel, in order that they might be barred from further service. In all its history Omaha had never been so deeply stirred by the outcome of a trial.

An editorial writer in the Square Deal, a local periodical, thus explained the verdict, under the heading, "Justice Weeps:"

"The Crowe verdict was infamous. No one has a lingering doubt as to the man's guilt. He was acquitted because he had robbed a rich man. The members of the jury acted the part of a mob, and their verdict was in accordance with the mob spirit. Justice weeps, and vengeance waits at the next crossing."

In the daily newspapers the expressions of opinion were hardly less restrained. All Omaha joined in the chorus of denunciation.

The jurors themselves are for the most part silent. It is known that for a long time they stood six for acquittal and six for conviction, but they have agreed, apparently for mutual protection, not to give the personnel of the line-up. H. L. Gibb, the foreman, said to a correspondent that the jury had no doubt young Cudahy was kidnaped, but that Crowe had not been identified as the kidnaper.

"The evidence in the case was insufficient," said Gibb. He persisted in this statement when reminded of Crowe's letter to Rev. Father Murphy confessing the crime and saying he had offered to give $21,000 back to Mr. Cudahy to drop prosecution. Gibb says it was not proven Crowe wrote this letter.

C. A. Baker, another juror, told a correspondent that he would return the same verdict again on the same evidence. John F. O'Leary said the most damaging testimony offered at the trial was not convincing to his mind. W. H. Slonne said there was a reasonable doubt left as to Crowe's guilt. Other jurors either reiterated these statements or refused to talk at all.

Judge W. W. Slabaugh, county attorney, who prosecuted the case, sat for eight years as judge of the court where it was tried. For a quarter of a century he has been regarded as one of Omaha's foremost legal authorities. He says he does not believe that he ever knew of a more conclusive case, notwithstanding the fact that five years had elapsed since the commission of the crime. Even without the letter in evidence, Judge Slabaugh says, the case would have been complete. The testimony in the trial, very briefly summarized, was as follows:

Nine witnesses variously identified Crowe as the man who was at the "kidnaping house" before young Cudahy was taken there, as the man who bought the horse driven to the buggy in which the kidnaping was accomplished; as the man who rented and paid for the "kidnaping house," and as the man who telephoned to the Cudahy home the day after the boy was kidnaped to ask whether Mr. Cudahy had received the letter thrown into his yard, demanding $25,000 ransom.

Three admissions were proven. One was by a witness who said Crowe had told him of having gone to Africa and Japan on account of a crime in Omaha; the others were by officers to whom, it was said, Crowe had confessed buying the pony and fleeing to Chicago immediately after the $25,000 was received.

In all, eighty-five witnesses were introduced by the state.

In addition to these there was the letter of six pages—in a handwriting which Judge Slabaugh compared with another signature of Crowe, which it resembled—written to Rev. Father Murphy of Vail, Iowa, in which the writer told the details of his flight to Africa after the kidnaping, of his remorse over the act, of his desire to lead a better life, and of his offer to return nearly all the money if prosecution should be dropped.

The letter concluded with a plea to Father Murphy to intercede with the Cudahys for the writer.

This letter is admitted by Judge Sutton as evidence on the ground that it was not a plea for spiritual, but for material, aid, was intended to be shown to others, and, therefore, was not a privileged communication. No effort was made by Crowe's attorneys to disprove its authorship.

Crowe was tried for robbery, not for kidnaping. At the time the Cudahy boy, then 14 years old, was stolen, there was no adequate kidnaping law. The penalty for robbery is from three to fifteen years in the penitentiary. Crowe is now facing a charge of robbery on two street cars in Council Bluffs, Iowa, for which the penalty is the same.

Crowe is considering opening a pool and billiard hall in South Omaha. He inspected a hall yesterday at 318 North Twenty-fourth street in that town and said he thought he would rent it. He expressed confidence that he would be acquitted of the robbery charge in Council Bluffs.

Judge Slabaugh received threatening anonymous letters before the trial, and since has received one of exultant note. "So, Baldy," it read, "you got left. Take a back seat. Hin, ha! How much did you get? Oh, oh!"

Eddy Cudahy, Jr., was kidnaped from the street near the family mansion at Thirty-seventh street and Dewey avenue the evening of Dec. 15, 1900. For thirty hours he was kept chained and blindfolded in a house within the city limits, while his captors wrote the letter to Mr. Cudahy, in which the son would be blinded with acids unless the $25,000 in $5, $10 and $20 gold-pieces was taken to a certain lonely spot five miles from Omaha and left there. Every precaution was taken by the kidnapers to prevent a trap in receiving the money.

Mr. Cudahy complied and his son was taken to a spot within two blocks of the home of the kidnapers, the blindfold was removed from his eyes and he was told to go home.

Not long after that James Callahan was arrested and tried as an accessory to the crime, but the evidence was not sufficient to convict.

Crowe disappeared, but returned to Omaha periodically, always getting out before the authorities compassed his arrest. He had been a former employe at the Cudahy plant and was suspected from the first.

Last August Judge Slabaugh heard Crowe was in hiding near the Ller Grand hotel and sent three policemen to arrest him. Patrolman A. H. Jackson was wounded. Crowe escaped. He was caught later in Butte, Mont., and brought back to Omaha. The celebrated pony in the case, which was used in taking the kidnaped boy to the house where he was concealed, was poisoned two months ago.

Crowe is twice an ex-convict. He served a sentence of three years for shooting Policeman Linnaman in Chicago in 1890, and another of the same length on his confession of grand larceny after being charged with train robbery at St. Joseph, Mo.

GIRL, SUDDENLY BLIND, CAN SEE

Miss Wise's Sight Goes and Comes Like Electric Light.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 9.—As suddenly and as strangely as it left her, the total sight of Miss Carrie Wise, a 16-year-old girl, blind more than a week ago, returned as she was sitting in a darkened room in her home, 621 Mount Mora street.

For eight days the girl was perfectly blind and under the attention of physicians. Now her eyes are as good and as strong as ever.

Miss Wise is the daughter of Milton Wise, an independent buyer at the stock yards. She was stricken totally blind, following an attack of the earache. For some days she had been suffering from catarrh of the middle ear.

As Miss Wise sat looking at an object in her room a sharp, intense pain shot through her head and the optic nerves. When the pain subsided the girl was totally blind.

The doctors said she was suffering from optic neuritis, which is an affection of the optic nerve, probably caused by inflammation.

Miss Wise was sitting in a darkened room at her home, staring ahead of her, trying as she had during the week, to catch some gleam of light. Suddenly her eyesight returned, and with a happy cry she leaped up to inform the members of the family that the apparently vain hope they entertained had been fulfilled.

Doctors Are Puzzled.

The remarkable recovery of Kenneth McIver, of Vanceboro, Me., is the subject of much interest to the medical fraternity and a wide circle of friends. He says of his case: "Owing to severe inflammation of the Throat and congestion of the Lungs, three doctors gave me up to die, when, as a last resort, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and I am happy to say it saved my life." Cures the worst Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Tonsilitis, Weak Lungs, Hoarseness and La Grippe. Guaranteed at all drug stores. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

SAME SERMON AFTER 60 YEARS

Pastor Apologizes to Women Who Heard It First Time.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 9.—After having the pulpit filled in turn by thirteen successors, covering more than sixty years, Rev. Lathrop Cooley again ascended to the pulpit at Franklin Circle Church of Christ and delivered the same sermon that he preached there sixty-four years ago.

It was an impressive service. There was plainly a feeling of awe over the consideration of the vast lapse of years which, however, have left Rev. Cooley still well preserved and with all of the virility that marked his sermons threescore years ago, still strongly in evidence.

Of the large congregation that heard his sermon in 1842 only two persons were present: Mrs. William H. Curtis of the Giddings block and Mrs. Charles Griswold of 12 Jay avenue.

Rev. Cooley asked at the opening of his sermon if there were any present who had heard the sermon when it was originally delivered. When the two women referred to arose he apologized for delivering an old sermon.

Rev. Cooley is now pastor of a church at Medina, Ohio. While here he was the guest of his lifelong friend, Abraham Teachout of Franklin avenue, N. W., who is in his ninetieth year.

PROMOTERS OF FIGHT

Held to be Responsible for Death of Pugilist Tenny.

San Francisco, March 9.—The coroner's jury at the inquest over the remains of Harry Tennebaum, or "Tenny," who died after a glove contest with Frankie Neil, has rendered the following verdict:

"We find that death was caused by blows inflicted in a boxing contest held at Mechanics' pavilion on Feb. 28, 1906, by Frankie Neil, and further that there was gross negligence on the part of the parties having charge of the contest for not having the contestants examined by a registered physician prior to the exhibition, according to law, and we hereby find said parties responsible for the death of said Harry Tennebaum."

District Attorney Langdon, when told of the coroner's verdict, said:

"In view of the verdict rendered, I shall make no positive charge of murder against the promoters of the fight or the parties participating. Further than that I do not care to discuss the case at this time."

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Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237 Duluth, Minn.

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Natural Laxative Water. Half a glass upon arising acts gently and quickly, giving positive relief. Try it NOW—to-day. Ask distinctly for Hunyadi János. Grand Prize, St. Louis Exposition, 1904.
FOR CONSTIPATION

DEATH BY INDIGESTION.

A Long Trial of Fatal Ills is the Direct Result of Undigested Food.

Undigested food, by fermenting, forms a poison in the stomach and this is absorbed in the blood. If this goes on very long, and your heart happens to be weak, you'll be found some morning dead in bed, or you may fall back down the stairs about an hour and a half after dinnner, and the doctor will call it heart disease. Yes, that may be the result, but not the cause. The cause is indigestion. Indigestion is a simple, common word, but it has a terrible import.

And so you may get apoplexy, and die suddenly while you're standing.

If you have a weak liver, the poison of undigested food will attack it and you will get jaundice. If you have weak kidneys, you will get Bright's disease or diabetes, from which there is no rescue for any man.

It was a learned physician who said that the progress of a race depended upon the stomachs of its members.

And you have at some time in your life eaten a heavy meal, or eaten in a hurry, and felt that "lump of lead" immediately afterward. That lump of lead is a hard ball of undigested food. The stomach can't digest it, and finds it hard to throw it out. And so it sours, and it makes you sour and everybody sour who talks with you. It gives you a bad breath and is building for you the road to dyspepsia and death, unless you stop it.

Stop it with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Just think, these little tablets are every bit as powerful as the gastric juice in your stomach. One grain will digest 3,000 grains of food. Isn't this wonderful? And it is true, just try it, and prove it.

If you have any brash, gas on the stomach, fermentation, burning, bloaty feeling, indigestion or dyspepsia or heartburn, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will make it disappear before it can do any harm to your heart or other organs.

They will invigorate the stomach, relieve the stomach of two-thirds of its work and give it a chance to rest. They will increase the flow of gastric juice, and if you will ever "live" in your lifetime, it will be after you have eaten a good, hearty meal, and taken one of these little tablets immediately afterward. You'll feel just fine.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after your next meal today and you will use them ever afterward. You will be cheerful, vigorous and your mind will be clear; you'll have snap and vim, and add many a day to your life.

You can get these wonderful little tablets at any druggists for 50c a package.

SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE LOST

Americans Besiege Mexican Consulate for Word From Missing Kin.

City of Mexico, March 9.—Information is desired at the American consulate in this city as to the whereabouts of a number of Americans who have dropped out of sight in Mexico.

Mrs. S. W. Leming of Tusculum, Green county, Tenn., lost all trace of her son more than four years ago and she is anxious that an effort to find him or learn his fate be made. The young man is known to have arrived in Tampico by boat in May, 1901. He was on his way to Guadalajara. Nothing has ever been heard of him after his arrival in Tampico. He never reached Guadalajara as far as can be learned.

Michael McCarty, an old pensioner of the United States government, has been missing from this city since March 4, 1905. On that date he called at the consulate and had his pension papers properly certified. No one has been found who saw him after that. He has nearly one year's pension money coming to him and it is believed if he were living he would have put in a claim for it long before this.

The death registry and hospitals of this city have been searched with the view of discovering what has become of the man, but they contain no clew as to his possible fate. He was a well known character in the local American colony and his friends are anxious to find out what has become of him. He had lived in Mexico for several years and it is not known from what place in the United States he came or whether he left any estate of value.

Relatives in the United States of Dennis Carey have written to learn what has become of that person. He was a resident of New Jersey for about thirty years and then moved to California, where he lived for seven years. It is said that he prospered in this country, but his relatives lost all trace of him and they now ask the aid of the United States consulate here in looking him up.

Information is also desired relative to the whereabouts of A. M. Rayford, who was last heard of in June, 1905. At that time he was in Cordova, Mexico, and was in ill health. He contemplated entering a local hospital, but there is no record of his having done so.

George L. Hatton, an American civil engineer, disappeared from this city more than two years ago and anxious relatives in the United States want to know what fate has befallen him. It is thought he may have left the city suddenly to take a position in a distant part of the country and that he may turn up well and sound.

Robert J. Campbell is another American who was last heard of in this city, in October, 1905. His relatives have written to the American consulate reuesting that search be made for him.

W. J. Lipscomb, an American, who is said to have lived here a few days ago, is mysteriously missing. Efforts to get a clew as to his whereabouts have been unsuccessful.

PARDONED CONVICT

Enjoys Looking at the Buildings in a Kansas Town.

Leavenworth, Kan., March 9.—Tobias Taylor, one of the oldest convicts in the Kansas penitentiary, was released after serving twenty years. He was brought to the penitentiary Feb. 28, 1886, under a sentence of death for a murder committed in Clark county. Under Governor Bailey the death sentence was commuted to twenty-five years, and with good time allowance he was liberated.

Taylor has a farm in Texas, which he inherited, and he will go there after a short visit with friends in Winfield, Kan. On his release he came to Leavenworth and wandered up and down the streets, looking at buildings and acting like a country boy.

"It feels strange to be free, and if I could only read and write I would be happy," was the remark of Taylor to a reporter. "Can't read a word and never could. My father died when I was a little boy, and my mother took me to the Texas frontier, where there were no schools. I went to the prison school four years and they handed me books and told me to learn to read, but I never could. A man 30 years old with a life sentence over him can't learn much.

"After twenty long years I am free. Now it's all over and I have no enmity against anyone, and I am an innocent man. I was convicted on circumstantial evidence, and I want you to put it in the paper I never killed anyone and am innocent."

While talking Taylor's countenance wore a constant smile, and he kept saying:

"I am free. It's fine to be free."

Taylor was the owner of a farm and had a butcher shop in Ashland, Kan., and while he was on a spree, it was charged, he murdered a man for money. While Taylor was awaiting trial he broke jail. There was a strong chain of circumstantial evidence which convicted him.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

WOMEN WAR ON DANCE HALLS

Public Meeting to Plan a General Crusade Against Vice.

Dubuque, Iowa, March 9.—The public dance hall and the admission of minors to the same have aroused a storm of protest from the women of the city. In order to start a crusade productive of results, a number of leading women of the city have called a mass meeting.

It is the intention to have women connected with the Catholic and Protestant denominations support the movement, and urge a general reform in the way of ridding Dubuque of the places of public dancing. For weeks committees have been quietly investigating the matter and reports sent in seem to prove to the women the necessity of united action.

It is understood that the effort will not be under the auspices of any organization, but will be the result of activity of all the women interested in the movement.

The best way to rid the system of a cold is to evacuate the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar acts as a pleasant yet effectual cathartic on the bowels. It clears the head, cuts the phlegm out of the throat, strengthens the bronchial tubes, relieves coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, etc. Sold by all druggists.

CITY WILL SUE MAYOR FOR FEES

Aldermen Insist Costs of City Court Belong to City.

Frankfort, Ind., March 9.—The city council has instructed the city attorney to begin suit against Mayor David W. Paul in the circuit court to regain the fees collected by the mayor in cases tried in his court and which the city council claim belong to the city. The council appointed a committee to audit the mayor's books, and when this committee made its report the mayor was given a week in which to make a reply if he saw fit.

The mayor asked for further time before making his reply, but the members of the council refused to grant any further time and instructed the attorney to begin the action in court. Mayor Paul says that the fees of the office belong to him and it is said that he will fight the attempt of the city to make him pay over the fees.

Anything to Buy Anything to Sell

Some of the three million readers of Everybody's are sure to want what you have, or have what you want.

The classified department in Everybody's advertises real estate, lawyers, automobiles, schools, office equipments, pianos and organs, business opportunities, good men wanted, seeds, poultry, hotels—whatever you have to sell or buy.

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OPEN A CHARGE ACCOUNT—YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

We invite you to open a charge account in this store and assure you the most liberal and courteous treatment. We are pleased to have you take advantage of the "KELLY SYSTEM" of easy payments to buy what you need. Our credit department has been thoroughly reorganized and placed under new management that it may be of greater benefit to those with a stipulated income.

STORE OPEN UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT.

A PEOPLE'S MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT

By DELOS F. WILCOX OF GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., AUTHOR OF "THE AMERICAN CITY."

Democracy is the method of political freedom. Equality of political rights cannot be preserved and made use of except through democratic forms of government. The growth of cities, the concentration of wealth, and particularly the organization of the distributing agencies of society into a great system, have proven a menace to free institutions. The representative system in its old form whereby certain ones are chosen by popular vote from among their fellow citizens for definite periods of years, and endowed with all the sovereign powers necessary to be exercised in the ordinary conduct of the government, has thus far proven too weak an instrument to cope with the forces of modern life which tend to destroy equality of opportunity. The main problem now confronting American people is, therefore, to so perfect their political system, that the will of the people may be intelligently organized, promptly expressed, and effectively executed.

The chief problem of municipal government is the same as the national problem, only it is intensified in many respects. Good city government can be realized, in this country, only when all of the people are intelligently interested in the common work of the municipal corporation, and have secured municipal charters and other controlling conditions of civic life of such a character as to encourage interest in public affairs and the devotion of time and effort to their improvement. In spite of all that may be said of the small importance of forms of government as compared with the spirit of the people, we should go wide of the mark if we did not recognize the essential value of political machinery that works smoothly and accomplishes its purpose. There can be no permanent compromise between the ideals of aristocracy and those of democracy. We, in America, are committed to democracy by the pronouncements of our forefathers, by the expectations of the world, and more than all, by the necessities of the age in which we live. What American cities then, most need is a more democratic system of government—a system better calculated to enlist in the common services of the city, the efforts of intelligent and public spirited citizens, and constantly to increase the proportion of citizens who are intelligent and public spirited.

The initiative, the referendum and the recall are the several devices by which the representative system is beginning to be modified to cure its defects and make it subservient to the will of the people. The adoption of these reforms is an important and seemingly necessary step toward free government in cities. It is to be expected that in their effort to perfect the instruments of their will by means of these measures the people will encounter the bitter and dogged opposition of all those special and private interests which profit from the failure of representative government and run the whole gamut of crime from police blackmail to frenzied finance. Public service corporations and all citizens interested in them, vacant land speculators and political grafters, will oppose the initiative, the referendum and the recall, if they understand them. But the issue cannot be avoided. The struggle for freedom is on. Let the people answer the call to battle.

The initiative is a simple measure for the purpose of enabling the people by means of petition and direct vote to carry through constructive measures of legislation, which would be defeated without it by the conservatism, inertia or preoccupation of representative bodies, or by the opposition of powerful private interests which have the ear of the legislators. In cities the initiative may be used for two distinct purposes. The first purpose is to revise or amend or advise the revision or amendment of the city's fundamental law. For such purposes the initiative is now in use in the cities of several Western states, notably California, Washington and Colorado. In some cases the adoption of a charter amendment proposed by petition and ratified by a vote of the people is final, subject to the rulings of the courts; in other cases the amendments so voted by the people are sent to the legislature for adoption or rejection without amendment. In Illinois, the initiative is purely advisory, and takes the form of popular voting on general questions, without the formulation of specific legislative measures.

A second use of the initiative in cities is to give the people the same authority to formulate and pass ordinances as the common council has. This function is related to the preceding one as ordinary legislation is related to constitution-making. The number of voters required to initiate municipal legislation or charter amendments shows considerable variation in different states and cities. A careful consideration of the conditions involved in the exercise of the initiative leads to the conclusion that a petition by 10 per cent of the actual voters of a city would be large enough to check ill-considered legislative schemes and not so large as to render this means for the expression of the people's will cumbersome and ineffective.

The referendum is a devise by which legislative measures which have been formulated by the people's representatives and passed upon by them are submitted for final approval to a vote of the people themselves. The referendum may take one of two forms. It may be compulsory or it may be optional. Under the compulsory referendum it is required that all legislative measures, or all of a certain class, must be submitted to the people for final approval. For example, in the new charter of Denver, it is required that no franchise-grant shall be made except by vote of the taxpayers, and in many different cities the question of issuing bonds in excess of a certain amount, or of levying taxes in excess of a certain percentage of the assessed valuation of property, must be submitted to popular vote.

The optional referendum meets with more favor and is more easily made applicable to all classes of measures than the compulsory referendum. Under the optional referendum all legislative measures, or all measures of a certain class, remain without going into effect for a considerable period after they have passed the legislative body. If within that period a certain percentage of the voters of the city petition to have any given measure referred to popular vote, then it must be so referred. The object of the optional referendum is to leave the process of legislation in the hands of the representative city legislature, but to provide a way by which the people may enforce their will whenever the common council seeks to override it. In the Duluth charter it is provided that a petition of 3 per cent of the electors may compel the submission of any franchise ordinance which passed the council to popular vote.

The recall is a measure by which the people retain the power to terminate the official life of any of their elected officials before the expiration of the term of office for which the officials were originally chosen. The theory of the recall is that every man elected by the people to carry out their will should continue to be the servant of the people subject to dismissal by them at any time when he ceases to attend to the business for which he was elected. The recall renders it possible for the people to hold their elected officials responsible to them at all times. It is a scheme calculated to check "the never-ending audacity of elected persons." If a mayor or other city official, having once been elected, proceeds to violate his pledges and refuses to carry out the platform upon which he was elected, the people may, by means of the recall, relegate him to private life and substitute in his place a more obedient servant.

The recall has many things in its favor. Not the least of these is that it would encourage longer terms of office and greater concentration of responsibility in municipal administration. The people of our cities are generally afraid of the scheme to give the mayor dictatorial powers. They say, "What if a bad man is elected to office? See the harm that he can do." They are also opposed to long terms of office because they feel that their officials should be compelled to render an account to the people as often as possible. The recall would meet these objections to long terms of office and to concentration of responsibility and would, therefore, make it possible to arrange our municipal government upon a theory more consistent with the demands of scientific administration. A mayor cannot learn his business in a month or two. It requires years of training and experience to fit a man for service as the chief executive of a modern city. The people cannot insure good government for themselves unless they are able to fix responsibility for extravagance and inefficiency, then, therefore, it is desirable that elected officials, especially the mayor, should be given large discretion and wide authority over the whole city administration. In that way, if things go wrong, the people will know who is to blame for it and whom they must hold responsible. The direct recall, therefore, is a measure calculated not only to insure the carrying out of the people's will, but also to encourage the organization of city government upon an economical and efficient basis.

The next great step in municipal reform is the adoption of the initiative, the referendum and the recall, instruments for making effective the public conscience and the civic interests of the community.

HATBAND'S ORIGIN.

London Daily Mail: Wilfred Webb, at a meeting of the Windsor and Eton Scientific and Archaeological society last night, spoke interestingly of the evolution of dress.

From prehistoric drawings it would appear, he said, that our early ancestors were clothed with hair and had little necessity for artificial covering. Judging from primitive races at the present day, clothing was not first adopted as a protection from the weather.

Just as the zoologist learns much concerning the ancestry of animals from the little features which survive in their bodily structure, so can the history of dress be evolved. Starting with the hat, it was shown that the hatband can be traced to a fillet which held in shape a simple piece of cloth. Sometimes this fillet was tied in a bow behind, the tails of which survive in the Scotch cap, the sailor hat and the bishop's mitre.

A little bow inside in the lining of the hat is a survival of the lacing which kept the lining in shape, or possibly takes us back to a time when a hat was made by putting a string through holes in a flat piece of leather, and, by tightening it, producing a crown. The plumes in hats are on the left side because in early times the adornments were so big that they would have seriously interfered with the use of the sword if worn on the right. The helmet of the fireman is practically identical with those worn by the ancient Greeks.

The large white collar, such as Milton wore, is still in a smaller form worn by the clergymen who preach in Geneva gowns and by Bluecoat boys. Buttons on coat sleeves point to a time when coats were very costly, and it was customary to turn back the sleeves so that they should not be soiled.

Mr. Webb also discussed the origin of the two buttons on the back of the coat, and said that he could find no satisfactory reason why in European countries the buttons on men's clothes should always be on the right side and those of women on the left.

The possible connection between the ornamentation on modern boots and the openwork shoes of the Romans was pointed out. The fact that a "clock" means a "gusset" suggested that the ornamentation which we know by the former name may have been originally intended to hide the joins in a stocking when it was made from pieces of cloth.

SQUATTERS MUST MOVE

Board of Public Works Orders Them All to Vacate.

Some of Them Have Held Possession for Several Years.

Squatters who are located on city property on Park point and at Fond du Lac will have to move this spring.

At a meeting of the board of public works this morning, steps were taken to force all squatters on city ground to vacate, and due notice will be given them to move as soon as the papers can be served on them.

Some of the squatters have cottages located on Thirty-first street, on Park point. The street has never been put through and the cottages have been built on the right of way.

There is another cottage on Twenty-seventh street on Park Point which was built in the same way.

At Fond du Lac there is a building which is used for a church at the present time, located on a public square between One Hundred and Thirtieth and One Hundred and Thirty-first avenues west.

The squatters have held these locations for many years and the order to move may arouse some of them to indignant protest. Several years ago all of them were forced to sign disclaimers, stating that they would not claim any right to the land by reason of possession, so that it is not likely that any of them will attempt to raise any legal objection to the city's right to compel them to move.

The action of the board was brought about as the result of the protests of a number of citizens, who claimed that the squatters had no right to the possession of the city property, and that if a few families were allowed to build cottages on Park Point, the board could not consistently refuse others the right or object if they did so. The board therefore decided to clean out all the squatters as soon as possible.

INSISTS DEATH CAME BY STRANGULATION.

Chicago, March 9.—When the trial of Richard Ivens for the murder of Mrs. Bessie Hollister was resumed today, Dr. W. H. Hunter, the county physician who was on the stand last night when court adjourned, again took the stand. Attorney Folz, who is defending Ivens, made an effort to break down the statement made yesterday by Dr. Hunter that the woman's death was caused by strangulation by the wire which had been twisted around her neck. The effort was unsuccessful, the physician declaring that death was unquestionably caused by strangulation.

The confessions made to the police by Ivens were challenged when Police Inspector Lavin was placed on the stand. The defense declared that the confessions were largely fabricated by the police and where they were not, they had been caused by intimidation.

AGAURANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Etching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Denied in the Case of Printers Guilty of Contempt.

Chicago, March 9.—Judge Walker today denied a writ of habeas corpus asked in behalf of Edwin R. Wright and Edward Bessette, respectively, president and organizer of Typographical union No. 16. The men were some time ago sentenced by Judge Holdom to thirty days in jail and to pay a fine of $100 for contempt of court. In refusing the writ Judge Walker held that the thirty days which have intervened since the men were committed to jail by Judge Holdom constituted imprisonment, and therefore that the sentence of each had been served. The fines, however, he declared, must be paid or served out in jail.

If you have used Witch Hazel Salve without being relieved, it is probable that you got hold of one of the many worthless counterfeits that are sold on the reputation of the genuine De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. All Druggists.

CITY BRIEFS

Smoke none but home made Union Label cigars.

The annual meeting of the Duluth Fruit and Produce exchange was held last evening. H. B. Knudsen was re-elected president, and C. E. Peaslee was again chosen secretary-treasurer. Chris Sanders was elected first vice president, and J. W. Wilson second vice president. The annual banquet of the exchange will be held in the Commercial club this evening.

Members of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. will hold a social in the building this evening, to celebrate the successful termination of a contest to collect $200 in dimes for a new piano for the rooms. The members will take an outing tomorrow afternoon, visiting some of the large boats that are tied up in the bay at Superior.

J. O. Buswell, the founder and Head of the Lakes Galilee Bible school, will be in Duluth Sunday and speak at the regular afternoon meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

The funeral of Mrs. B. O. Loe, who died at St. Luke's hospital March 7, will take place from Bethesda Norwegian church, corner of Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, at 2 p. m. Sunday. Interment at Park Hill cemetery, Woodland.

John McAlpine of this city has filed application in district court of St. Louis county for a change of venue of the civil action that has been started against him by Foley Bros. & Kelly in Hennepin county court. His attorneys are Washburn, Bailey & Mitchell.

E. P. Towne has been elected a director of the Commercial club in place of A. B. Black, who, on moving to Chicago, resigned his directorship. On and after April 1, the cafe at the Commercial club will be closed all day Sundays in order to give the employess a day of rest. The directors believe it will be to the best interests of the club to do this.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. John McAlpine of 1610 East First street, have returned from the East.

H. Coulby, president of the Pittsburg Steamship company, has left for Cleveland, after a stay of several days at the Head of the Lakes. W. W. Smith of the same company will leave for the East this evening.

Mrs. W. H. Bliss has gone to the South for a visit of several weeks.

I. Freimuth and his buyers have returned from their trip to the Eastern markets where they purchased heavily for the Daylight store.

J. Butler of Hibbing is registered at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Thomas of Ely are guests at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Armstrong are at the St. Louis.

Mrs. L. F. Leach of Cloquet is registered at the McKay.

Mrs. C. T. Ekstrand of Cloquet is at the McKay.

Mrs. W. Cobb and Mrs. J. D. Conan of Cloquet are at the McKay.

SENTENCE COMMUTED.

Minsk, Russia, March 9.—The sentence of death imposed on Anna Izmailovich, the daughter of Izmailovich, who attempted to assassinate Governor Kourloff, has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

FOUR HUNDRED EXECUTED.

Riga, Livonia, Russia, March 9.—Four hundred military executions have occurred in Livonia as a result of the government's repressive measures.

CULLOM RETURNS.

Washington, March 9.—Senator Cullom of Illinois, who returned from Florida today, arrived at the senate in time to vote on the statehood bill. He looked hale and entirely recovered from his recent illness.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Boston Herald: The late Maj. Merrill of Lawrence was well known in military circles all over the country. When the G. A. R. encampment was held in Kansas City, some years ago the soldiers of the East and those of the West vied with each other in telling stories of the war. After listening to some pretty tough yarns, Maj. Merrill related the following and carried off the honors:

"You know, boys, that I served throughout the war in a Massachusetts light battery. During the hottest of the fighting at Malvern Hill our ammunition was running low, and I was sent to the rear for powder. I had an open express wagon and four mules. I got about a ton and a half of loose powder into the wagon and started for the front. About half way back to my battery a rebel shell landed right in the middle of the powder, and, would you believe it, it burned up a bushel and a half before I could stamp out the fire!"

HAD A NAME READY.

Boston Herald: The late Andrew J. Dam, a well-known hotel man of New York, was, at the time of the Civil war, proprietor of a hotel in New Bedford. A number of colored citizens interested in the formation of a military company called upon Mr. Dam, and informed him that they would be glad to form the company and allow him to suggest the name, provided he would be willing to pay for the equipments.

"Congressman T. D. Eliot has fitted out a company of white men, and throughout the war they will be known as the Eliot Light Guards," said the spokesman of the colored men.

"Well," said Mr. Dam, "if I am to equip and organize this colored company, I shall insist that they be known as the Dam Black Guards!"

The military records do not show that such a company was ever organized.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Facial Massage, Manicuring, at Miss Horrigan's.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK. 821 West Third street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, GENERAL office experience and some knowledge of stenography preferred. Apply at Ohio Coal Co., between 9 and 10 a. m.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES A POSITION as stenographer, bookkeeper or cashier. G 68, Herald.

FOR RENT—BRIGHT, COMFORTABLE furnished room, suitable for two. Electric light, bath; rent reasonable. 458 Mesaba avenue.

RUPTURE AND PILES PERMANENTly cured, without surgery. Dr. Bardwell, Merchants' hotel. Hours, 12 to 2.

WANTED—HARNESS MAKERS. Address, The Konantz-Gaver Co., St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DELIVERY man; Scandinavian preferred. 1528 West Superior street.

MANICURING, FACE AND SCALP treatments. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Blk.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Matt Rud and Julia Hanson.
B. Soloski and Bessie Buckman.
Albert Mehldahl and Ethel Ida Remfrey.
Olie Lien and Rena Hovland.

BIRTHS.

HELSTIEN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Helstien, 1066 East Fifth street, March 5.

KYLALALA—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Constantine Kyimala of 296 St. Croix avenue, March 5.

CHAPMAN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Chapman of 321 Twenty-eighth avenue west, March 5.

LEACH—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Leach of 509 East Superior street, March 7.

DEATHS.

SKATBERG—Carl Skatberg, aged 26 years, died March 5 at his home, 215 East Sixth street, of typhoid fever.

NYMAN—Ellen, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leander Nyman of 621 Twenty-first avenue west, died March 7, of measles.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Louis Helstrom, frame building on Fourth street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east, to cost $500

Sam Johnston, frame barn on Sixth street, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues east, to cost.... 110

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

Open Saturday Till 10:00.

Continue Tomorrow!

Their Last and FINAL Clean-up

Of Big and Little Girls'

Coats and Dresses

Sizes 2 to 16—The stocks are comparatively small, but some of the smartest styles of the season still remain and they will be closed out at a song—so to speak.

$7.50 to $10.00 Coats at..... *$2.75 and $3.75*

$12.50 to $15.00 Coats at..... *$5.00 and $6.75*

$3.75 to $5 Little Tots' Coats at $1.75. $5 to $7.50 Dresses at $2.75.

It Pays to buy now, even if to lay away till next winter.

Tomorrow is the Last Day of the Final Clean-up.

Lots are very small and sizes very much broken—it's advisable to come as early in the day as possible.

Last of the $27.50 to $32.50 Coats at $12.50.

Various models in long coats, either loose or tight fitting--tan coverts, grey mixtures, black.

Last of the $15 to $18 Long Loose Coats at $5.

Not more than twenty coats left in all—these will be on sale tomorrow for their final riddance at $5.00.

Last of the $32.50 to $49.50 Suits at $9.75

—Just a few left—all at $9.75.

Just a few of the $25 to $29.50 Shirt Waist Suits at $9.75.

And those that were $13.50 to $15.50, at $3.75.

Fine Fur Scarfs

Scarfs that were $5.75 for..... *$2.75*

Fur Scarfs that were $19.50 to $25 for *$9.75*

Fur Scarfs that were $29.50 to $32.50 for *$12.50!*

Last Clean-up of Skirts

Skirts that were $8.75, at..... *$3.75*

That were $16.50 to $27.50, at..... *$6.75*

Voile Skirts that were $16.50, at *$9.75*

Shirt Waists

Shirt Waists that were $6.75 and $7.50, *$2.75*

That were $10.00 and $12.00, at *$4.50 and $5.50.*

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

Open Saturday Night Until 10:00.

GOLF CAUSES DEAFNESS.

Chicago Chronicle: The observant cannot have failed to notice during the past few years a remarkable increase in the use by persons of all ages and classes of ear-trumpets and other contrivances to assist the sense of hearing. To what can this modern ailment of half deafness be due?

An elderly practitioner, speaking from a lengthy experience, declared that the frequent use of the telephone was a prolific cause of unequal hearing. Ninety-nine persons out of 100 listen with the left ear to the telephone receiver. The left ear thus gradually becomes more sensitive and acute; the right does not actually lose power of sensitiveness, but it falls behind its more used mate.

Another doctor attributed semideafness to failing to protect the ear while driving or motoring.

One medical man adduced a strange cause for deafness in stating that the game of hockey produced this abnormally. This was entirely due to the nervous reflex action upon the complicated nerve plexus around the ear, resulting from the one-sided effort put forth in dealing the stroke. The same thing had been noted to a slighter degree in the case of golf when it is carried to excessive play.

Another doctor was of the opinion that the half-deafness or hardness of hearing in one ear was due mainly to nervousness, just as many people who hear perfectly always respond with a blank "Eh?" to anything that is said to them casually. They have heard, but an awkward and by no means admirable habit leads them to ask for a repetition.

WARNED THE DOGS.

Baltimore News: "Out in Pike county, Missouri they give animals more credit for all-around sagacity than in any other county in the state," remarked William Faunce at the Hotel St. James yesterday afternoon. "The dog out there is really a member of the family, and if he doesn't know how to read or obey the standard rules of etiquette the residents think it's his own fault, and he is dealt with according to his misdemeanor.

"In a lone corner of the county lives old Farmer Paisley, one of the meanest men in the state, and one who has love for neither man or beast. Not long ago he saw a dog loping through one of his fields, and it nettled the old man so that he had this sign put in the middle of the field:

DOGS NOTIS!

Anny dogs caught trespassing on these preserves will be shot on site.

BEWAIR!

"Fortune gives too much to many—but enough to none." The fickle goddess is partial to those who never quit courting her—who watch for a glimpse of her face even among the Herald wants ads.

A banquet of states will be given by the ladies of the Pilgrim Congregational church next Friday evening at the church parlors. An interesting program has been arranged by the committee and the affair promises to be an enjoyable one in every detail. The guests will be seated according to their native states, or at a foreign table if another land was the place of their birth. Presiding at the tables will be Mrs. W. A. McGonagle and Mrs. Nichols, New England states; Mrs. H. L. Paddock and Mrs. A. E. Shores, Michigan; Mrs. Alexander Milne and Mrs. T. H. Hawkes, Ohio and Illinois; Mrs. W. G. Hegardt and Mrs. Oscar Mitchell, the Western states; Mrs. Carl Sheldon and Mrs. George MacComber, Minnesota and Wisconsin; Mrs. Wieland and Mrs. Anderson "Foreigners." Oscar Mitchell will preside as toastmaster and the program is as follows:

"The Church and the Community," Judge Cant.

"Co-operation of the Denominations," Mrs. G. Hood Thompson.

"The Future of the Church," T. J. Davis.

Opera Lecture.

A large number of the people who are especially interested in grand opera as a study from which much enjoyment can be gained were present yesterday afternoon at Steinway hall to hear Elliot Schenck, Wagnerian director of the Savage company, in his explanatory lecture on the Wagner operas. The operas of "Tannhaeuser" and "Lohengrin" were those of which Mr. Schenck spoke. His object was to help the auditors to a greater enjoyment of the marvelous works of music, not simply that they might be able to explain to the people beside them when the different themes appear in the music, but that the wonderful beauties of the operas might be more truly appreciated. The music of "Tannhaeuser" was played and explained in as great detail as the time would allow and a shorter synopsis of "Lohengrin" was given. The talk was a helpful and illuminating one and was greatly appreciated by the audience.

Saturday Club.

The Saturday club will hold its regular meeting tomorrow afternoon at the club room of the library. The leader will be Mr. Downs and the study will be devoted to the history of Russia from 1730 to 1762. The program is as follows:

I. The two Annas.
II. Elizabeth Petrovna.
III. Peter the Third.
IV. Revolution of 1762.
Alliance with Frederick the Second.

Events of Interest.

Mrs. A. D. Thomson was hostess yesterday afternoon at an informal afternoon in honor of Mrs. Frank R. Webber of Boston. A musical program was presented by Emily Ellis Woodward and about ten of Mrs. Webber's friends enjoyed a most charming afternoon with her.

• • •

Miss Hulst, who has been the guest at the home of Judge and Mrs. Page Morris for the past two weeks, returned yesterday to her home at Milwaukee.

• • •

The Outlook club met this afternoon with Mrs. Victor Stearns of London Road. Two more meetings of the club will be held during the year. At one a selected reading will be given by Mrs. S. T. Harrison and Prof. Merrill, the lecturer for the year will present one extra lecture on "The Struggle of Consciousness with Environment."

• • •

A Lenten service will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at St. John's English Lutheran church at Lake avenue and Third street. The speaker for the evening will be Rev. Willis Beck of Superior.

• • •

Miss May Dossett will be the speaker at the devotional meeting at the Young Woman's Christian association, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Value of Persistency

Persistency, or the ability to stick to a thing, is one of the essentials of success in any kind of life, be it housekeeping or pegging away at a career. Every one has so often written in their copy books that "rolling stones gather no moss" that the proverb has lost its force, but it is one of the truest ever written. A woman who, as a household domestic, changes from cooking to dining room work, and shifts after a time to nursing, only to go back again to cooking, is not apt to be good in any one of these branches. She does them all indifferently and her wages are governed accordingly. If she persists, however, in being a cook, or continues to work as waitress, with the years she gathers the moss of experience. Her work is of a better kind and her wages increase.

One secret, of course, in business success is finding out the line to which one is suited, adopting it, if possible, and then sticking to it. But few men and not more women are permitted by force of conditions to do the thing they prefer. They are obliged to take the thing they must, and then more than ever persistency is necessary.

Working against the grain of inclination is most difficult, and the chances for success are less. It is only by unwavering persistency and concentration that one will avoid failure or mediocrity, that is only negative success. It means plodding on day in and day out through the years; seeing no advance from month to month, but only from year to year, and when one is yearning for success shining and immediate, to work for it patiently is a test of character. If there were only some means by which the end might be accomplished all at once the world would be more full of brilliant achievement. But in the long road that almost all must travel to it many leave the ranks, disgusted and worn out.

One of the greatest helps to persistency is learning that everything done, however little is a step toward fulfilment. One of the most ambitious women in a business way in New York, and a conspicuous success in it, says that the greatest lesson she ever learned in persistency was through a piece of hemming.

She was not accustomed to sewing, but decided to make a dress. All the work she did by hand with the utmost pains, and every woman knows that unless one is practised hand sewing is slow work. She could work on the dress only when away from business, and so it went slowly, and by the time she came to hemming the skirt she despaired. Yet she said to herself that having started the dress she would finish it, and she would finish it well, too.

The force of character that went into that hem was stronger than iron. She took every stitch quietly, patiently, persistently and as well as she could. Of course after a time she finished it, and the lesson she had learned was that by keeping at a thing persistently, even though progress could not be seen at the time, it was still being accomplished, and that the undertaking would be completed. What she learned there she has applied time after time in business; she sticks to it; begs away; never gives up, and she has never failed. She is making today an income of $10,000 a year, but she says that without having made that hem she would never have succeeded in other ways as she has. It's only just another case of little drops of water and little grains of sand making oceans and promised lands. It will make happiness and success of the finest sort, too, in whatever one undertakes.

Rabbit and Potato Recipes According to German Style

By EMMA PADDOCK TELFORD.

Rabbit, German Style.

My Dear Mrs. Telford:

Will you kindly give recipe as soon as possible for cooking rabbit. German style (hausenfeffer)? Also how to make potato balls? F. F.

Carefully clean your rabbit and cut the carcass into pieces. Put two tablespoonfuls of butter into a saucepan, and when hot add two tablespoonfuls of chopped bacon, two small carrots scraped and chopped fine, a bay leaf, a clove or garlic and salt and pepper to season. Add the rabbit and if liked, a few button mushrooms. Brown nicely, then stir in a half cup vinegar and water—mostly water—cover closely and simmer gently until the rabbit is tender. Add before serving a cupful of cream. Serve with noodles or potato balls.

Potato Balls—Kartoffelklosse.

Peel and grate one quart of potatoes, then press and drain through a coarse cloth so as to get rid of the water. Next take four good sized potatoes (boiled) and grate them, adding to the raw ones. Season with salt and a little nutmeg. Mix into balls, dipping the hands into cold water to keep from sticking. Put into the center of each ball (which should not be larger than pigeon eggs, as they swell in the cooking), a couple of small bits of bread that have been fried in butter. Have ready a pot of boiling salted water, lay in the balls, cover closely, putting a weight on the lid to hold it down, then boil not too fast, but steadily for fifteen minutes. The balls must be cooked as soon as made, as elsewise they will turn black.

Potato Dumplings.

These are somewhat different, but are used in the same way with beef a la mode or rabbit. Mash boiled potato fine, working in as much flour as possible. Add a couple of beaten eggs for a quart of potato, with salt and pepper to taste. Roll into small balls, in the hand, then drop into boiling salted water, not too much. Cover closely and cook fifteen or twenty minutes without uncovering. If any are left over, they are nice cut down and fried.

Mocha Tart.

My Dear Mrs. Telford:

Please tell me how to make filling and icing for a mocha tart. Do you use butter or cream, and how do you use them? G. W. M.

Make a delicate layer cake. For the filling, whip cream to a stiff froth, sweeten to taste and then whip in enough of the extract of mocha to flavor and make as dark as desired. It requires but little, as too much would liquefy the cream. Spread between the layers and pile up on top, in pyramid shape. If desired, a little of the mocha can be used to flavor the layers.

Still another recipe for the mocha filling calls for both butter and cream or rich milk. To make it, cook together one cup of cream, two-thirds of a cup of sugar and one and a third tablespoonfuls of butter. As soon as it "threads," remove from the fire, add quarter of a cup of mocha extract or strong coffee and cool.

Neapolitans.

My Dear Mrs. Telford:

Would you kindly give me a receipe for making Neapolitans? A. M. C.

The ingredients called for in a baking of Neapolitans are a quarter pound of butter, a half pound of sugar, ten ounces of flour, the same amount of almond paste (this you can buy at any first class grocery or confectioner's), the grated yellow rind of a lemon, and the yolks of three eggs, well beaten.

Mix the almond paste to a smooth consistency with a little white of egg, then add butter, sugar, flour and lemon. When thoroughly mixed, add the yolks and stir and beat until smooth and creamy. Turn on to a floured board, roll out about a quarter of an inch thick, cut into small cakes, circles, diamonds or any shape preferred, and bake on a buttered tin.

When quite cold, frost in different colors, using almond flavoring or vanilla as you like.

ROCKEFELLER'S MONEY.

Kansas City Journal: John D. Rockefeller's wealth equals the annual budget of fifteen European states. His fortune in dollars would form a double circle around the earth, and if his wealth would be transformed into pieces of silver it would weigh as much as two fully armored and equipped cruisers. If the calculation of the Almanac Hachette for 1906 is correct.

Stylish Evening Costumes Made in Paris for Early Spring

Le Salon de la Mode shows the two accompanying illustrations. Figure 1 is an evening gown of pink chiffon trimmed with lace and fine tucking. Figure 2 is of white net over deep cream satin, made with a suggestion of the empire.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Cranberries, 30 cents a quart.
Blood oranges, 25 cents a dozen.
New potatoes, 3 lbs. for 25 cents.
Strawberries, 60 cents a quart.
Ducks, 20 cents a lb.
Chickens, 20 cents a lb.

Cranberries have sprung into the list of luxuries and you order home a lot of cranberries with the same air of pampered plutocracy that was formerly given to the rarest luxury that the market afforded. Thirty cents a quart! Every berry guaranteed, spotted in the proper shades of red, firm and sour and thirty cents a quart. Strawberries are still out of the reach of no-copper-stock-families, but they are getting to look so much like berries that the conscientious person mumbles under her breath "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's strawberries nor his cranberries nor anything that is thy grocer's."

Duck and chickens and turkeys and roasts are offered in the same unchanging variety and you can get the choicest cut for Sunday by means of a pleasant word and a bit of cash.

Adapting Paper Patterns to Fit Figure Regardless of First Size

A problem that frequently confronts a home dressmaker is that of changing a pattern to fit a person, either larger or smaller than the measurements. In creasing the size is by all means the most difficult, but it can be done by carefully following the directions given here.

The most difficult part of a dress pattern is the bodice foundation, but when once that has been properly adjusted to the figure, the draping of it is simplicity itself, for all this season's bodices and blouses are loosely arranged on to the lining, and there are no side pieces. An ordinary tight fitting lining consists of eight pieces, i. e., a front, next to front, side piece, and back seamed down the center; these four pieces represent one side of the foundation in a stock size pattern, which is usually cut to fit a full size figure, i. e., twenty-five inch waist, thirty-six inch bust. If the pattern is required for a larger or a smaller size, alterations will have to be made at the following positions: Increase or decrease the width of the next to center of front piece at the side; the under-arm piece must also be cut wider or narrower at the side The next to back and the center of back seams should not be interfered with, unless the pattern is for a large size figure; in that case the back will have to be cut wider down the center. A paper pattern is necessarily very thin in substance, and must therefore be carefully handled, or the perforated lines at the waist will soon be obliterated.

The best plan is to paste the various pieces of the stock size pattern on to a sheet of stiff brown paper, run a tracing wheel rould each piece and through the waistline, mark the position of the notcher, allow plenty of turnings. In this way the same pattern can be used as a guide for making almost any kind of blouse, jacket, or bolero, and will save the trouble and expense of buying special patterns.

The material part of a body blouse pattern is usually in two pieces, i. e., one of the fronts, and half the seamless back; if it is required for a larger or a smaller size, the front piece will have to be made wider or narrower at the side, and the back piece has to be cut narrower or wider down the center of back. For instance, if the stock size pattern is to be twenty-five inches waist, thirty-six inches bust, and it is required for twenty-seven inches waist, thirty-eight inch bust it will be necessary to increase the width of each pattern one-half inch at the positions already quoted. If the bodice or blouse is too short, the pieces of the pattern will have to be lengthened below waist for an ordinary figure, but for any one who is exceptionally long waisted the shoulders must be made higher. Should the sleeve pattern be too short or too long it will have to be divided at the elbow, and altered to the length required, and if the pattern is too narrow it will have to be cut through the center, from the waist to the shoulder.

The alteration of a skirt pattern is a simple matter as regards length, as it is only necessary to add on or cut away at the hem, but now that tight-fitting skirts are in fashion a few hints will be useful to the home dressmaker. If a stock size pattern is being used, a model of the complete skirt will have to be produced in brown paper, or a newspaper would answer the same purpose. Try on the model with the seam allowances oueside. Take up or let out equally each side from just below the fulness of the figure up to the waist, not down from the waist.

If the pattern is for a very stout figure cut away about two inches from each piece at the top. This will give the necessary amount of fulness over the hips Lengthen or shorten at the hem. A flounced underskirt or a petticoat pattern with a deep frill will have to be cut longer or shorter at the hem of the upper part, for whatever the length of the front measurement may be, the depth of the flounce cannot be altered; and should there be too much or too little fulness over the hips, the alteration will have to be made by increasing or decreasing the width of the back at the position of the center of back seam. Patterns of children's clothing can be easily adapted to different sizes by cutting the various parts wider or narrower, and for a growing child plenty of turnings should be allowed at the side seams; and the shoulder seams of a blouse or a coat for the winter should be made a little wider than necessary, in order that extra clothing may be worn beneath.

Table Decorations, Elaborate, May be Modified for Home Use

Decorations for the table at a formal dinner shall match the color of the room and carry out the period, if one is expressed in the furnishing, is the latest edict from Paris.

Such elaborate schemes of course are only for the wealthy, but an ingenious woman can adapt and simplify them to her own possibilities and have a novelty at small cost.

One is not so lavish in flowers as far as quantity is concerned, but in regard to quality there is no limit. Orchids, of which there are so many kinds, those especially which grow on thin branches, representing the flight of a golden butterfly or in showers of gold spangles, begonias, Glories de Lorraine, roses and carnations and lilies of the valley of great size are all adopted.

Flowers and fruit interwine harmoniously in very unthought-of and indifferent forms. The table serves as a pedestal for a group of Sevres or a centerpiece of silver, and although these decorations are of a classical character, here are two compositions of an exquisite fancy. The first comprises a rectangular glass centerpiece with the ends in hemicycle form; rose petals and flowers are strewn in the borders, and Medici biscuit vases set in the verdure counterbalance a biscuit group arising from a miniature parterre of ferns and orchids.

This decoration is replete with a dainty grace, worthy of the Trianon.

No less delightful is the Japanese centerpiece indicated in the other picture. A lake with irregular shape is represented by a mirror, the banks being clothed with luxuriant herbage, studded with delicate flowers and dwarf trees form artistic groups between which rise the golden white trumpets of the arum lilies.

Fashion seems inclined to give greater play of imagination and many a hostess wishing to impart a truly personal note to her table decoration has only to seek the aid of flowers to conform with the exigencies of the mode.

DOCTOR DECOYED.

From Home by Fake Message and Burglars Ransacked House.

Ashland, Wis., March 9.—Hugh Kane and Thomas Burns are in the county jail under $500 bonds awaiting examination for burglary. The charge was preferred by Dr. Carl Sigel, who alleges that he was decoyed away from home by a fake telephone message, saying that a child was dying at White River, and while away Kane and Burns entered his home and made merry, ending part of a case of beer and ransacking the house, securing a quantity of money.

Dr. Sigel's daughter was alone in the house at the time and she stated that Burns and Kane threatened to break down the door if she did not let them in. Kane is a brother of James Kane, who figured conspicuously in a case at Duluth about two months ago, when he outwitted a police officer, but was afterwards caught.

EX-BANKER A PEDDLER.

Walks the Streets With His Wares and is Happy.

East Liverpool, O., March 9.—Dropped in business circles from banker to street peddler did S. S. Shillings of Columbiana, who is here. But he appears just as happy in his new vocation as he did a year ago when handling crisp banknotes, gold certificates and silver.

Low Rates to Coast Points.

February 15th to April 7th, Northern Pacific railway will have on sale daily, one way second class rates to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, as follows:

Billings, Mont., and intermediate points	$15 60
Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Missoula	20 00
Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Elensburg	22 50
Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Vancouver, Ashland	25 00
San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal.	24 90

For tickets and sleeping car reservations, call at City Office, 334 Superior street.

Louisville, Ky., and Return $23.55.

On March 15, 16, 17 and 18, the "North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return, at $23.55. Tickets good for return March 31st.

Account American Bowling Congress. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

Gray-Tallant Co

Waists, Wrappers, Underwear

Clean-up Prices—Your Opportunity.

Three offerings from the second floor that will attract many people tomorrow who recognize the savings they will mean to them. While you are there see the new suits, covert coats, cravenette coats, skirts and silk waists that have just come in. You will enjoy their newness.

LAWN WAISTS—We want to clean up the balance of our early Spring shipment of fine lawn waists—well made, new style waists with tucked or embroidered fronts—you will pay regular prices for them later in the season—$3.98 qualities at $2.98—$2.98 values at $1.98, and the $1.98 waists at..... **98c**

SOILED MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—No great quantity of them, but many different qualities and styles in the lot—night gowns, drawers, corset covers slightly soiled and mussed—soap and water will make them as good as new—don't you think you can afford to have them laundered when you buy them at..... **Half Price**

LADIES' WRAPPERS made of percale and flannelette—high grade wrappers, cut wide, prettily styled and neatly trimmed—not the ordinary kinds, but garments that you will enjoy wearing—pretty patterns in dots, stripes, Persian patterns, and small figures printed on blue, black, red and gray grounds; large, medium and small sizes in the lot—you are sure of finding a good fit—they're Medel's make—a guarantee of well-made garments—Saturday we put a table of them on sale—qualities worth up to $1.50—buy several of them because you probably will never have a chance to get such splendid garments again for..... **69c**

Specials.

HOSE SUPPORTERS—Velvet grip and Warner Bros.' makes—plain lisle and fancy frill elastic—safety pin top—25c values at..... **19c**

PEARL BUTTONS—3 different sizes—best quality of pearl—pretty shape—you can always use them—15c qualities at, a dozen..... **10c**

HANDKERCHIEFS — New Swiss handkerchiefs with embroidered hem—used for making dresser covers, aprons, corset covers, bags, ruffles, etc.—extra value at..... **15c**

For Saturday Buyers.

BED SPREADS—three cases of them, in the best of designs—most of them are woven so that you can use both sides—you are anxious to make a saving—won't these appeal to you when you have the opportunity of buying a quality that is sold everywhere at $1.25; tomorrow at..... **98c**

WHITE GOODS—A big line in many different weaves—neat little styles in stripes, figures, checks and dots—the kind you want for waists, dresses and children's wear—many of them sold at 25c and 35c. Saturday they are marked..... **15c**

INDIA LINON—medium sheer quality—long fold—fine even weave—not remnants or seconds, but clean, perfect cloths—a good 15c value—for one day we price them at, a yard..... **10½c**

AUTO CLOTH—We are selling lots of it for waists and suits—full 36 inches wide—looks like 85c dress linen—fully shrunken—the very best value—a yard..... **15c**

Odd Valenciennes Insertions.

Accumulation of many pieces where the laces to match them have been sold. There are several different widths and qualities—fine pretty patterns—you will be wanting them from now on for lingerie waists, underwear and dress trimmings—they sell from 7c to 15c a yard regular—we want to get them out of the way of the new matched sets, and to do it quickly, we offer them in one lot tomorrow—at, a yard..... **5c**

Good Shoes Low Priced.

WOMEN'S SHOES—in neat styles—made of box and velour calf, with dull or patent leather tips—light and heavy soles—lots of wear in them—button or lace styles—a $2.00 shoe—Saturday on sale at..... **$1.19**

MISSES' SHOES—A sensible shoe that will keep the feet dry and give good wear—your choice of kid or velour calf stock—lace style only—either light or heavy soles—$1.35 qualities reduced Saturday to..... **98c**

BOYS' SHOES—No complaints for wear are heard of this shoe, made of satin calf with their heavy extension soles—they stand the knocks and keep out the snow water—always sell at $1.65—tomorrow, a pair..... **$1.25**

CHILDREN'S SHOES—sizes from 5 to 8—soft Dongola kid stock, with patent leather tip—cut on the proper last to make the little people's feet comfortable—lace style—75c values tomorrow, pair.. **59c**

Gray Bros.' Shoes, $4.00.

No doubt about their superior value to any shoe offered at the price—in fact they have the style, build and stock that is put into the shoes that the shoe dealer gets $5.00 for. The new Spring styles have just come in and the quality is fully up to standard. Yes, leather is higher, but we paid the advance rather than have an inferior grade of stock used. The new ones are in plain kid or patent colt—button or lace—the Cuban heel is the popular one for Spring—the styles will be sure to please you. A truly $5.00 shoe for $4.00.

Gloves. Hosiery.

CASHMERE GLOVES—black only—extra fine quality—sell regularly at 35c—all sizes—Saturday, a pair.. **23c**

LADIES' CAPE GLOVES—the proper street glove and just the right weight for Spring wear—silk lined, $1.50; unlined..... **$1.00**

LADIES' HOSE—fine cashmere hose made of extra fine wool—sell at 75c a pair all season—tomorrow, a pair..... **59c**

LADIES' HOSE—Black Cat Brand—fleece lined—good wearing—always sell at 35c a pair—reduced for Saturday to..... **29c**

CHILDREN'S HOSE—fleeced the kind that have a bright black and hold it—sure to wear well—25c qualities at, a pair..... **19c**

Bagdad Silks.

The real Asiatic weave—many call it a Pongee silk—it has the coarse, uneven weave so popular in silks of this character now. You will not be troubled with your waist, suit or coat slipping at the seams if you buy this cloth—we guarantee it not to—new and popular colorings—27 inches wide—at, yard **$1.00**

New Eoliennes.

We are showing one of the prettiest cloths ever brought out in this weave—very lustrous, fine, even and close enough so that you do not necessarily have to make it over silk—many pretty colors and black and cream—it is a French woven cloth, 42 inches wide—a fortunate purchase allows us to sell it at, a yard..... **$1.25**

5,000 Bed Spread Corners.

Bed spread manufacturers, in making spreads for iron beds, are compelled to cut the two lower corners out to make them fit around the posts. We secured about 5,000 of them that were cut from crochet quilts, old Marseilles and many from the finest satin Marseilles spreads. You can use them for wash cloths, bath mitts, children's bibs and many other purposes. We offer them on Saturday in two lots—the smaller ones at 1c each and the larger ones at, each..... **2c**

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SPRING CLOTHING ON
CREDIT

You are Welcome!

We want you to see the Splendid Stock of Stylish Spring Clothing we are now showing—you are welcome whether you wish to buy or not. Prices are lower than ever this season and you can suit your convenience.

58 STORES—FACTORY TO WEARER

Charming Suits for Women and Misses — Clever Short Coats, Fetching Silk Waists—Exclusive Millinery of Elegance. Dashing Styles in Raincoats.

Men's and Boys' Suits

Smart Suits for young Men—Dignified Suits for older Men—Suits for Boys—Suits for Children. All sold on Credit at Cash Store Prices. Full line of Topcoats and Raincoats.

MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO.

201 W. SUPERIOR ST., UPSTAIRS.
Open Monday Evenings.

PEACE NOW IN MONTANA

But Politics May Enter Into the United Copper's Affairs.

Brief History of Trouble Between the Two Great Rivals.

Helena, Mont., March 9.—It is the consensus of opinion that the settlement of the copper war, which for years has been the direct cause of heat and turmoil of feeling every element in the state from commerce and industry to society and politics, will prove to be of incalculable benefit, provided the trust, so called, confines its operations to mining and allied interests and eschews politics.

Fear, however, is expressed in many quarters that the Amalgamated interests will not confine themselves to mining and treating ores, because they feel the necessity for "mining in the courts," as the litigation between Heinze and the Amalgamated was frequently termed.

In other words, the fear is expressed that the new combination will essay to secure certain legislation, such as the repeal of the eight-hour law, which has to do with employment in mines, mills, smelters and public works.

On the other hand, many argue that because of the extreme richness of the ore of the Butte mines, and the further fact that it will be doubled in reduced many large properties which have been closed by injunction pending the settlement of title, that, despite the high wages prevailing, it will be possible to realize vast fortunes every year in addition to the handsome dividends now being paid.

On the surface, there are only two classes which will be affected—lawyers and gamblers politic. Very few persons appreciate the extent to which the copper war was carried. It was not merely a question of two different persons claiming a mine and the institution of a suit to determine in which title rested.

There were more than 200 suits pending between the Heinze and Amalgamated interests at the time of the settlement of the war. In the aggregate, property worth more than $200,000,000 was at stake, and damages in the amount of $30,000,000 were claimed on one side or the other.

In order to win these suits, it is readily to be understood why vast sums would be spent in order to gain an important point. The mining laws under which title was determined, rested almost exclusively upon the question of apex. That is, while a mining claim is only 1,500 feet long, if it could be proved that a vein apexed therein, that vein could be followed indefinitely through the ground, no matter who owned the adjoining claims on the surface.

In consequence, up to the very moment the deal was closed, both sides to the controversy had experts at work testing, examining, inspecting, and in every imaginable way endeavoring to secure evidence which would tend to prove their contention. Some of the Butte veins are faulty, that is, they would split, stop abruptly and begin again.

Hence, the determination of these suits was a question most difficult for the supreme court, to which body all the suits eventually came. It was but natural, therefore, that the contending parties wanted friends on the supreme court bench, as well as on the district bench in Silver Bow county, where the suits all found their origin.

But an bitter as the war was, there never was a hint of suspicion as to the honesty and integrity of the supreme court judges, while on the other hand, the contrary was equally as patent as regards the lower court judges, or at least some of them. It should not be inferred by this, however, that the district judges were dishonest, but simply that they were elected by the Heinze elements and on Heinze decisions. There was an element of doubt in practically every case, and Heinze reaped the benefit.

In the supreme court, Heinze won victories and suffered defeats. For instance, he won the noted Minnie Healy case, and lost the equally important Nipper controversy. The former was prolific of more scandals than any case in the history of Montana jurisprudence. The mine, which was valued at $10,000,000, was purchased by Heinze under a verbal agreement with Miles Finlen.

Finlen was in a hurry to reach New York and told Heinze to go ahead and develop the property. Heinze made a rich strike, and upon his return, Finlen denied that he had sold the property to him. Hence the suit. It was tried before Judge Harney, who awarded it to Heinze. The Amalgamated appealed to the supreme court, which ordered a new trial because of the relations between Judge Harney and Miss Ada Brackett, a stenographer said to have been in Heinze's employ. Then an effort was made before the legislature to impeach Harney, and the Heinze interests retaliated by instituting disbarment proceedings against A. J. Rivers, chief counsel for the Amalgamated, on the ground that with a son of Senator W. A. Clark had induced Judge Harney to decide the case in favor of the Amalgamated. At the second trial, Judge Clancy awarded the mine to Heinze and this was affirmed by the supreme court.

Of course, all this litigation will now cease, and likewise the necessity for maintaining large political lobbies and corps of the best lawyers to be found in the Northwest.

The reports from Butte of rich strikes in not a few properties seem to be well authenticated, and as stated in the beginning of this article, the opportunity for the reaping of vast fortunes by ordinary business methods is apparently most golden for the new concern which has control of the world's greatest copper field. The sentiment of the state on the whole, seems to be that the new combination will be content to attend strictly to its mining business, and in such an event, the outlook for Montana's prosperity is most encouraging, as good wages prevail in every industry and the resources of the state are practically unbounded.

FLEES FROM FANCIED FOE

Demented Woman Gives Her Friends Chase to the Boulevard.

Fearing some fancied foe, Mrs. Con Erickson, wife of a painter living at 24 West Sixth street, ran screaming through the neighborhood last evening, and was not captured until she reached the boulevard.

Mrs. Erickson is said to be suffering from a temporary hallucination. Last evening, after the family had retired, Mrs. Erickson arose and said she could not sleep. She dressed the two younger children, eighteen months and six months respectively, and taking the oldest child in its underclothing started for the house of a neighbor, Ole Perregaard. Mr. Erickson thought it best not to interfere with his wife, and allowed her to carry out her plan.

Mr. Perregaard was shaking the grate in the stove when the woman burst into the house. "This is the last of my babies," she screamed, and, turning around, ran from the house. Mr. Perregaard and his son followed her and finally overtook her in a barn near the boulevard. She struggled desperately, and it was finally thought best to summon the police. The woman spent the night in the city jail, her husband remaining with her for company, while the children were cared for by Mrs. Perregaard.

FERRY BRIDGE IS APPROVED

Chicago Expert Will File His Report With Council Monday.

Stating that he would file his official report with the council Monday, William Hughes, the Chicago expert mechanical engineer employed to pass upon the aerial bridge, yesterday placed his approval on the structure in a letter to the city engineer.

Mr. Hughes stated that the machinery is in good working condition, and ample for the demands which may be placed upon it. On his last visit here, Mr. Hughes stated that he did not care to give an opinion until the bridge had been operated for at least thirty days. The car was started on Feb. 2 and has been running without a hitch since that time.

The council will be advised to provide duplicate parts of the machinery, in order that there may be no long delays in case some of the parts wear out or break.

THE ORIENTAL TURKISH AND VAPOR BATH PARLORS

Seventh avenue west, opp. the Incline, have the most modern and complete equipment in the Northwest. The up-to-date treatment for rheumatism and kindred diseases. Prices 25c and 50c

The World of Sports

HOUGHTON WINS OUT

Portage Lake Team Captures Pennant in International League.

Defeats Calumet Seven in Final Game of the Season.

Houghton, Mich., March 9.—Portage Lake captured the pennant in the International Hockey league by defeating the Calumet team here last evening, by the score of 7 to 1.

The Portage Lake team was leading the league, and last night's victory cinches the pennant.

Hod Stuart and Lorne Campbell were scheduled to appear in the Calumet lineup, but they failed to show up. The visitors put up a hard game during the first half, which ended with the score 3 to 1 in favor of Portage Lake. Scott saved his team from being shut out, by shooting a goal about one minute before the half ended.

The outcome was never in doubt after the first ten minutes' play. Bruce Stuart scored the first goal in less than five minutes, getting the puck on a pass from Hall. Lake got the second goal, also on a pass from Hall, about eight minutes before the half closed. Scott then scored for Calumet one minute before the end of the half, and with but a half minute to play, Lake carried the puck down the ice from the face off and notched another for Portage Lake.

In the second half the visitors were outclassed, and the home team piled up four more goals in quick succession. Hartgetting one, Taylor two and Holden one.

Play throughout was remarkably free from rough work, and only one penalty was imposed, McDonald getting one minute for tripping.

The teams lined up as follows:

Calumet	Position	Portage Lake
Nicholson	Goal	Hern
Carbonau	Point	Forester
Shields	Cover Point	Holden
McDonald	Rover	Taylor
Decorie	Center	B. Stuart
Scott	Right Wing	Hall
Gardner	Left Wing	Lake

TOURNAMENT WILL BE HELD

Mild Weather Will Not Stop Ski Jumping at Woodland.

Nothing short of a rain storm will prevent the tournament of the Duluth Ski club being held tomorrow afternoon as planned.

Teams have been kept busy all week hauling snow to the hill, and the bare spots have been covered as rapidly as they appeared. The members of the club have packed down the snow, and the hill is now in the best of shape for the jumps tomorrow.

This will be the final event of the season, and will probably be the last opportunity of witnessing an exhibition of ski jumping this year.

There will be three events in the tournament, as follows:

Class A—To include none except those who have taken part in previous tournaments.

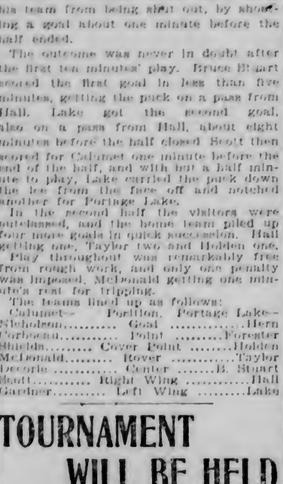
Class B—To include all over 18 years of age who have not competed in previous events.

Class C—To include all under 18 years of age who have not competed before.

The events will open at 2:15 o'clock and will be run off in order.

I Can Cure Cancer

At Home Without Pain, Plaster or Operation and I Tell You How, Free.



I Have Proven Cancer Can Be Cured at Home. No Pain, No Plaster, No Knife.—Dr. Wells.

I have discovered a new and seemingly unfailing cure for the deadly cancer. I have made some most astonishing cures. I believe every person with cancer should know of this marvelous medicine and its wonderful cures and I will be glad to give full information free to all who write me and tell me about their case.

Peter Keagan, Galesburg, Ill., had cancer of the mouth and throat. Doctors said, "no hope." Mr. Keagan wrote: "It is only a question of a short time—I must die." Today his cancer is healed up and he is well. My marvelous radiatized fluid did it. It has other just such cures to its credit. It is saving people every day and restoring them to health and strength. If you have cancer or any lump or sore that you believe is cancer, write today and learn how others have been cured quickly and safely and at very small expense. No matter what your condition may be, do not hesitate to write and tell me about it. I will answer your letter promptly, giving you, absolutely free, full information and proof of many remarkable cures. Address, Dr. Rupert Wells, 1042 Granite Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

WILL COME TO DULUTH

Frank Gotch Will Meet Billy Maynerd at Metropolitan Theater.

Undertakes to Throw Maynerd Three Times Within an Hour.

That Frank Gotch, who claims the wrestling championship of the world will be seen in Duluth at an early date, is now assured.

Arrangements have been completed for the visit of Gotch to Duluth, by Manager Longstreet of the Metropolitan theater. The exact date has not yet been set, but it will probably be some day next week.

Gotch will meet Billy Maynerd and will endeavor to throw him three times within an hour of actual wrestling time.

Maynerd is by all odds the best man in the business in this part of the country, and has thrown Johnson and Mattson. He is tricky and clever, and he should give Gotch a good match.

Maynerd left for Chicago last night to arrange a match with Rooney, the giant grapman of the Windy City. Before leaving he expressed some very decided opinions about the attack that has been made on him by some Superior sports. The trouble arose over the failing through of negotiations for a match between Maynerd and Davis, a Superior wrestler. Maynerd declared that he is willing to post a forfeit of $1,000 with The Herald, that he could throw Davis at least five times within an hour's actual wrestling.

* * *

Tomorrow night, Martin Johnson, the Duluth Brennan, will wrestle Ray Davies, a Milwaukee man. Davies is an unknown, and has never been seen on the mat in this part of the country.

The match is for two falls out of three, with the usual rules of two points down, pin falls, and strangle hold barred.

LAMB LEADING FORLORN HOPE

Still Trying to Make Michigan Magnates Change Their Decision.

Calumet, March 9.—J. M. Lamb of Winnipeg arrived here yesterday for the purpose of trying to persuade the baseball managers of the newly organized four-club league to change their decision and cast in their lot with the Northern.

The four-club league was decided upon Tuesday night, but Mr. Lamb is trying to convince the league managers that they would do better by forming an eight-club league with the Northern.

It is possible that another meeting will be held before the end of the week to discuss the plan.

In Duluth nothing can be learned of the baseball prospects. Manager Kuehnow was expected back from Minneapolis today, but until Mr. Lamb gets back from the Copper country nothing definite will be known.

DEER RIVER BALL TEAM.

Steps Taken to Put Strong Organization in the Field.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Word comes from Deer River that the baseball fans of that place are taking active measures to provide a fast team for Deer River during the coming season, and have already signed a full quota of players. Last year, Deer River had a very good team. Among the players were several Indians, graduates from some of the Indian colleges, notable Carlisle. This year, it is the intention of the Deer River people to have a much stronger organization and they propose to be able to hold their own with Hibbing, Virginia and the other towns that have had high-class teams heretofore. The business men and other residents of the village have promised substantial financial aid, and the success of the team is already guaranteed.

INDIANS LONG FOR OPEN FIELDS

Class Work in Industrial School Not Attractive to Braves.

Norfolk, Neb., March 9.—Love of home among the Indians is so great that one man's time is taken up entirely just bringing back the runaway Indians from the Genoa Indian school, where 350 Indians from Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin reservations are taught various trades.

Practically every one of the redskins who runs away starts immediately for home. They do not go because they are dissatisfied with the school, but because they want to go home.

The Chamas and Winnebagoes are the most frequent offenders, because they are so close to their reservations that they can walk the distance. Those from the distant reserves are nearly always caught before they get very far, but despite this rule, there is not a day goes by but that some leave the school.

This winter the number of desertions has been particularly large because of the summer-like weather, which made it possible for the student braves to leave school and walk both day and night.

BURGLAR LIVED ON FAT OF THE LAND.

Geneva, Switz., March 9.—During a round of inspection the proprietor of a hotel situated on the Grimsel Pass was astonished to see smoke issuing from one of the chimneys of the hotel, which he had carefully locked up and left for the winter months.

He unlocked a door, entered, and, attracted by the sounds of a piano, went into one of the best bed-sitting rooms.

There he found a young man, decked out in his clothes, playing and singing. The stove was lighted, and on the tables were bottles of his best champagnes and delicacies. The piano and a large bookcase had also been dragged into the room.

"For the last month," said the youthful burglar on seeing the proprietor, "I have been thoroughly enjoying myself. I never had such a good time in my life. I do not mind going to prison now, and I hope you will forgive me."

The jovial burglar put on a coat and hat, took a last glass of champagne, and followed the proprietor to the police station in the valley.

THE VELVETY FLAVOR OF THE "INVENTORS"

You'll find "Inventors" mild but not weak—not thin.

There's body to their smoke—the body that comes with carefully selected and intelligently cured Havana Leaf.

"Inventors" are delightfully smooth and aromatic.

They draw well because they're all hand made.

They smoke evenly and smoothly and get better with every puff right down to the end.

"Inventors" are the product of intelligence in every part of their making—intelligence in selection of the leaf, in blending, in curing and in rolling them by hand.

A liking for "Inventors" is a compliment to cigar judgment.

"INVENTORS" ALL SIZES

PRICE 10c

WEALTH FOR BARBER.

Gets $150,000 for Himself and Sister From Uncle.

Paducah, Ky., March 9.—Frank Just, a barber, forgot that he had two barber shops when the news came that he and his sister, Miss Rose Just, were heirs to a $150,000 fortune from their uncle, John Just, the uncle, lived in Indianapolis and as he was a bachelor, he left his fortune to his brother's children, whom he loved as if they were his own. His death, a few days ago, was caused by pneumonia.

SHOUTS MAR WEDDING.

Uninvited Guest Makes a Scene in Church.

Rock Island, Ill., March 9.—A man by the name of Harper staggered into Father Guyer's church while a wedding ceremony was being performed there and almost created a panic.

The choir had just begun to sing when the man jumped up shouting, and staggered up the main aisle. The bridal party thought he was a maniac and started to leave the church. An attendant caught the man, dragged him from the church and called the patrol.

Father Guyer thinks the man might have been bribed to disturb the ceremony, and will probe this possibility at the trial. The rector recently appeared before the city council and objected to the establishment of a saloon opposite his church.

SONS OF WIDOW

Ride Horseback Into Circus Tent and Stop Mother's Wedding.

Houston, Tex., March 9.—An unusual marriage ceremony in a circus tent was interrupted here by force of arms. The parties to the rite were Mrs. Mollie Bailey, aged 65, and a young man of 30, connected with the circus. The marriage had been secretly planned. The couple were in the midst of the ceremonies when the four grown sons of Mrs. Bailey rode into the tent on horseback, and with drawn revolvers ordered the preacher to vanish. The reverend gentleman immediately went under the tent. The young man who was to have been married also beat a retreat.

Mrs. Bailey is reputed to be worth $1,000,000. Houston is the winter quarters for the circus, and it was preparing for the season. It was evidently the plan of the lovers to start the season by consecrating their love in marriage.

Mrs. Bailey is famed throughout the South for her circus, which has been continually on the road for the last thirty years. It is strictly a wagon show.

GIRLS WAGE WAR

For Love Letters That Are Held by the Postmaster.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 9.—Postmaster John Francies of Allegheny, who announced that no more letters would be given out to young girls, unless on written order from their parents, that there was entirely too much love-making going on by mail, now almost wishes he was dead. He is going to and from his office by back alleys and in his eye there is the look of the hunted doe.

The angry girls are after Postmaster Francies, and after him hard. Meanwhile the undelivered letters are piling up, and Francies announced that he would send a bag of them to the dead letter office.

The other day he was caught in the corridor of the postoffice by a dozen angry girls. The largest one acted as spokeslady, and said:

"Mister Postmaster, there is a letter in there for me, and I want it."

"Have you an order for it?" said Mr. Francies.

"No, sir."

"Then you can't have it."

"But it's for a blind woman who can't come down town."

"Give us her address, and we will mail it to her."

"But she lives in Philadelphia," said the girl, who blazed out in wrath when the postmaster laughed.

WOMAN IS SUED

For Posing as a Man and Scaring Another Woman.

Oklahoma City, O. T., March 9.—A suit for damages in the sum of $25,000 has been brought against Mrs. Fay Hanson of this city by Mrs. Nannie Andrews. Mrs. Andrews claims that Mrs. Hanson appeared at her home some time since in clothing of a man, and making motions as if to do the complainant bodily harm. Shortly after a child was born undeveloped and dead, and this, Mrs. Andrews attributes to the scare she had when confronted by the woman.

DEATH COMES SLOWLY.

Wire-Entangled Man Drowns in Six Inches of Water.

Trenton, N. J., March 9.—When John Cullen failed to appear for breakfast at his home, 110 Breuning-avenue, it was found that he had not been home all night. Search was made and his body was found dangling from a barbed wire fence, face downward, in a muddy pool. Though the water was but six inches peey, he had slowly drowned.

Cullen had been in the business section of the city and left for home about midnight. It is said that he had been drinking, and it is supposed that as he tried to get over the fence his feet became entangled in the wires and he was unable to extricate himself.

PRETENSE WEDDING.

After Elopement, Couple Keeping First Marriage Secret a Year.

Wichita, Kan., March 9.—After Charles D. Church and Miss Cora M. Carrothers of Derby had been married for over a year, Church asked Miss Carrothers' father for permission to marry her and when it was granted the couple went to a nearby town and returned announcing their marriage. This going away was only a ruse, as the couple eloped to Wichita, Jan. 25, 1905, and persuaded Judge E. E. Enoch to keep their marriage secret and not even publish the license.

The secret only came out by chance a few days ago. A woman who witnessed the marriage in the probate judge's office visited Derby and asked about the bridal couple. When told Church was single, she related what she had seen in the probate judge's office in Wichita.

The bridegroom heard this and hastened to his bride and told her that the secret was out. She urged that they should make a clean breast of it to her parents. Church's courage failing him, however, he asked his bride's father for permission to marry her. This being granted the couple went to a town in the vicinity, pretending to wed there.

When the father of the young woman learned the facts he was a little put out, but was soon induced to forgive.

The best safeguard against headache, constipation and liver troubles is De Witt's Little Early Risers. They don't gripe. Sold by all druggists.

ALL BUFFALO IN ONE HERD

At Wichita Reserve, When 54-Mile Fence is Built.

Guthrie, O. T., March 9.—A. C. Cooper, father of the Wichita forest reserve, was in Guthrie from Fort Sill to see Governor Frantz about the park. Mr. Cooper says:

"The Wichita forest reserve has had hard knocks. At present we can see our way clear to announce that before the adjournment of congress our work will be done. The only thing hampering us now is the fence needed to inclose the grounds. As near as we can figure, we will need fifty-four miles of fence, ten feet high, with meshes to hold back the small as well as the large animals. The cost of this will be close to $17,000. The park will be supplied with buffalo, deer and every wild animal known to exist in North America. We have already secured several herds of Buffalo in the United States, including Buffalo Bill's herd in Nebraska, 13; Yellowstone Park, 34; Tutone Basin, 136; New York herd, 28; Goodnight herd, 58; all of them full-bloods. This will make the largest herd in the world, and we mean to purchase all of the rest. The National League of American Sportsmen is lending its assistance as a body. President Roosevelt, Andrew Carnegie, W. K. Vanderbilt and other influential men are members of this order. True sportsmen see that stronger measures of protection should be afforded the wild animals, which are being exterminated.

Mr. Cooper has been working on this for fifteen years. He has been mentioned as superintendent of the new park.

We Are Showing the Largest Line of
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
Ever Shown in Our City. Call and Look Us Over.
H. A. HALL & CO.,
119 East Superior Street. Telephone 534.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

There is One Soda Cracker
and Only One.
You do not know that Soda
Cracker until you know

Uneeda Biscuit

To taste **Uneeda Biscuit** is to fall in love with them. You never forget that first taste, and you renew it every time you eat **Uneeda Biscuit** —

5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

TILLMAN'S OPPONENT

Farmer Smith Sure That He Can Defeat the Senator.

General Organizer for Cotton Association May be Candidate.

Little Rock, Ark., March 9.—E. D. Smith of Columbia, S. C., who is touring this state in the interests of the Southern Cotton association, for which he is the general organizer, virtually admits that he will oppose Senator B. R. Tillman for re-election when the latter's term expires. Many of those familiar with political conditions in South Carolina believe Smith will be elected.

Mr. Smith has not formally announced his candidacy, but private correspondence with his home city, Columbia, the state capital, reveals the fact that there are at this time a large number of letters in the office of the general organizer from all parts of the state, insisting that he make the race for the senate, and thus eliminate Tillmanism from the state. Mr. Smith recently delivered two addresses in this city and made a splendid impression. As to his candidacy he said:

"I have not announced my intention in this matter, and had rather await my return to my own bailiwick."

When pressed for a more direct expression, he said:

"I will say that I have been considering the matter for some time. I have received a number of letters from leaders throughout the state, who have pledged me their hearty support in the event I decide to make the race. The time is ripe for a change in my state. The people are ready to throw off the yoke. I am free to admit that I have thought of entering the fight, for it will be a fight to a finish. A defeat of the present ring in South Carolina would mean the overturning of a machine which has been years in building. It would mean the changing of many things."

Mr. Smith was asked as to the present status of political conditions in his state.

"In my mind there is no doubt that a strong, plain man of the people can overthrow Tillman," he said. "There are many things now existing in the state of which the people have long since become tired. With the support of the common people, the people whom Lincoln delighted to call the common people, I can win, and that without any great amount of trouble."

A little study of the conditions now existing in the state where sounded the first gun of the greatest war the world has ever known, might be interesting. Tillman, now senator, was a few years ago a farmer in the "dark corner" of Edgefield county. Obscure, he rode into office on a Populistic wave, established himself in the office of governor, and proceeded at once to build up a powerful machine, which eventually sent him to the United States senate.

Perhaps the most noteworthy feature of the Tillman regime is the state dispensary law, by which the state has complete, or at least, is supposed to have, charge of the liquor traffic. It is claimed by those who favor the dispensary law that drunkenness has decreased materially since its adoption. Those who do not favor it, declare that it has not only failed to decrease drunkenness, but perjury, theft and other crimes are alleged to have been caused by the law. At this time it appears that this law is becoming less popular day by day, and it is believed that with the downfall of this the pet of the Tillmanites, Tillman will be forced into obscurity.

Mr. Smith, whom his friends and the political leaders of his state believe able to defeat this machine, is a son of the soil, born and reared on a farm. When the call for volunteers in the cause of cotton were called, Ed Smith was one of the first to respond. His work since that time has been of the most effective. In Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, Texas, Alabama, in this state and in his own, his voice has been upraised in the cause of a better and a more reasonable price for the staple. In South Carolina the farmers, and the business men, know him better than the average man in politics.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

TEXAS PIONEER DIES.

Man Thought to be Oldest in State Goes to Rest.

Temple, Tex., March 9.—Perhaps the oldest man in Texas died near Sparta in the death of Uncle Jack Smith, who lived on the Denman farm. He was buried in the Denman graveyard, and many people from all parts of the county were present to pay their last respects to the aged citizen.

Mr. Smith was one of the early settlers of Bell county and he had watched the county grow wealthy and populous, but had not acquired very much of this world's goods. Rev. Collier, aged 85 years, who was a mere boy when Smith was a grown man, preached the funeral sermon.

Had Uncle Jack Smith lived until his next birthday he would have been 112 years old.

The Little Doctor in your Vest Pocket

SEE the thin, round-cornered little Enamel Box below! When carried in your vest pocket it means Health-Insurance.

It contains Six Candy Tablets of pleasant taste, almost as pleasant as chocolate.

Each tablet is a working dose of Cascarets, which acts like Exercise on the Bowels and Liver.

* * *

It will not purge, sicken, nor upset the stomach.

Because it is not a "Bile-driver," like Salts, Sodium, Calomel, Jalap, Senna, nor Aperient Waters.

These waste Digestive Juices of the system needed to-morrow, in merely flushing out the Bowels today.

* * *

Neither is it like Castor Oil, Glycerine, or other Oily Laxatives that simply lubricate the Intestines for transit of the food stopped up in them at that particular time.

These emergency drugs relieve the immediate trouble, but do not relieve its Cause.

The same trouble will therefore recur again till that Cause is removed permanently.

The chief cause of Constipation and Indigestion is a weakness of the Muscles that contract the Intestines and Bowels.

Cascarets are practically to the Bowel Muscles what a Massage and Cold Bath are to the Athletic Muscles.

They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract, expand, and squeeze the Digestive Juices out of food eaten.

Cascarets do this naturally, without purging or discomfort.

They don't help the Bowels and Liver in such a way as to make them lean upon similar assistance for the future.

This is why, with Cascarets, the dose may be lessened each succeeding time instead of increased, as it must be with all succeeding doses of other Cathartics and Laxatives.

* * *

Cascarets act like exercise.

If carried in your Vest Pocket, (or carried in My Lady's Purse), and eaten just when you suspect you need one, you will never know a sick day from the ordinary ills of life.

* * *

Because, nearly all these Ills begin in the Bowels, and partial Constipation paves the way for all other Diseases.

Showing size of "Vest Pocket" Cascaret Box compared to Watch.

"Vest Pocket" box 10 cents.

Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

* * *

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX hard-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 715

Send to-day, mentioning this paper. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

NO LAKE ICE THIS YEAR

Duluth Will Have to Get Supply From Spirit Lake.

Companies Say Nothing as to the Probable Price.

When a glass of ice water is placed before you in a Duluth hotel or restaurant next summer, when you sip slowly the cooling high ball at your favorite resort for liquid refreshments, just bear in mind that the small pieces of congealed aqua came from Spirit lake and not from Lake Superior.

For once Jack Frost and old Lake Superior seem to have entered into a conspiracy to do up the ice companies. All along since late in December they have been coaxing the ice companies on with an invitation now and then that they would cast a sheet of ice over Lake Superior that would stay long enough to permit the big ice houses in the East end and on Lake avenue to be filled to the top for the season's trade, but now the 1st of March has passed and the prospect of an ice field of any area or depth is getting more and more remote as the sun mounts higher and higher into northern latitudes.

The public will have to wait in suspense for the ice companies to announce their next summer prices. Neither company will say at this time whether the current prices will or will not be raised, but it is intimated that the natural tendency would be to make the prices commensurate with the increased cost of shipping ice from Spirit lake to Duluth.

The present rate is 25 cents per ton or about $5 per car. This is $3 per car more than the ice dealers at Superior pay to get Lake Nebagamon ice, on a much longer haul.

In Duluth at the present time the ice rates to housekeepers varies from $2 to $3 per month. The rate depends on whether the housewife takes 225, 325 or 400 pounds, or whether two or four deliveries are made per week.

The rates to saloons, restaurants and heavy consumers varies from 17½ cents per hundred where ice in the amount of two or three ton per week is used, to about 30 cents per fifty pounds.

Persons connected with the Duluth Ice company and the East End Ice company stated this afternoon that practically all hope of getting a crop from Lake Superior this year is gone, barring the slight possibility that the floating ice will up in this end of the lake might be joined by two or three nights of zero weather and a small quantity of ice for commercial purposes secured. The floating ice is about 10 inches thick and even this, it is claimed, would be better than no ice at all.

It would seem to many that Duluth is face to face with an ice famine, so accustomed have people here become to the idea that the greater part of their summer's ice supply comes from Lake Superior. The ice companies, however, claim that there is not a possibility of an ice famine, that the supply of ice at Duluth this year will be fully 10,000 tons greater than it was last year. It is admitted that the entire ice supply will come from Spirit lake and the St. Louis river.

The idea of Spirit lake ice for domestic purposes, that is for cooling purposes where the ice is in direct contact with the liquids to be cooled and drank, does not appeal with much favor to the average Duluthian, but according to the people connected with the ice companies Spirit lake ice has been used for that purpose in the past and no objection has ever been made. It is claimed that an expert from St. Paul has made analyses of the water from Spirit lake ice and found that while there is more vegetable matter there is less animal matter than in the Lake Superior water, and he held the Spirit lake water to be suitable for domestic use.

Before much Spirit Lake ice is sold for domestic purposes, however, it is stated on authority that the city health department will have a number of analyses made of ice taken from different portions of that body of water, with a view to determining beyond any doubt whether it is fit for consumption. If such analyses should establish that the ice can only be used for commercial purposes, the Head of the Lakes will certainly be face to face with an ice famine from which it can get no relief, even though 1 cent a pound was offered for the luxury.

Last year the Duluth Ice company put up 40,000 tons of ice. When the company began storing ice this past winter it had barely 600 tons in its houses. Last season was somewhat more favorable for the ice companies than former years for the reason that the weather was fairly mild right up to the middle of December and people demanded ice much later than in former winters.

The Duluth Ice company also had outside orders that it could not fill last winter. It could have easily disposed of an additional 6,000 tons had the houses been supplied with it.

With a view to providing for such emergencies in the future the company built another large icehouse at Spirit lake and another on Lake avenue. A second new house is now being started at Spirit Lake.

Although the Duluth Ice company has not filled the East end house nor the new building on Lake avenue, it has filled all its houses at Spirit Lake, at West Duluth and the West end and expects to get the last new house up in time to put up more Spirit Lake ice. The company has about 25,000 to 30,000 tons housed already and expects to get in enough more from the up-river district to bring the total up to about 50,000 tons.

The East End Ice company has not filled its house at Twenty-second avenue east, but it has put in 10,000 tons at Spirit Lake and expects to put an additional 10,000 tons in a new house at New Duluth. The ice will be taken from the St. Louis river at that point.

A Park Point ice dealer, who has been waiting for weeks with the hope that he might get out some lake ice has given it up and notified the city health department that he is now cutting ice from the bay. He is permitted to do this with the express understanding that he tells his customers where the ice was cut, in accordance with the city ordinance.

Ice was cut from some of the slips this winter for commercial purposes. Four crops are said to have been taken out of the Lake avenue slip. Ice of the quality taken from the bay and slip is suitable for all purely refrigerating purposes, such as it is put to by the packing companies.

The amount of ice taken by the packing houses, fruit and produce commission houses, etc., is no small item in the ice trade. Besides the packing companies there are all the railroads to supply with ice for refrigerator purposes and one of the local brewing companies. The other brewing company has in recent years been putting up its own supply as well as furnishing ice for the car shipments and for its customers on the range and at other outside points where there is no regular ice supply. This company, it is said, has not yet put in any ice and getting it.

is now confronted with the problem of

A city ordinance requires that ice for domestic purposes be cut a mile from shore in Lake Superior. Persons connected with the ice companies claim that satisfactory ice is scarcely ever found much nearer the shore. Last year both ice companies cut ice a mile and three-quarters from shore, opposite Twenty-second avenue east. One channel that distance from the scene of the cutting operations to the icehouses was used by both of the local ice companies.

Tearing the Label out of a Gordon Hat takes none of its Quality—but it does take away the Satisfaction that comes from *knowing* you have the best.

Gordon Hats

$3.00

DIES AFTER HER DAUGHTER WEDS

Coming Home From Surprise Reception, Mother Drops Dead.

Doylestown, Pa., March 9.—Returning from the marriage reception of her newly-married daughter, Mrs. Watson Mathews of Buckingham valley, aged 60 years, fell dead from heart disease.

The day before Miss Rachel Mathews and George Opitz were married and shortly after the ceremony the young couple left for their newly-furnished home at Richboro.

Subsequently a party of the guests, including the bride's parents, left to surprise the couple in their own home, where a pleasant evening was spent, with the sad sequel.

Torture by Savages.

"Speaking of the torture to which some of the savage tribes in the Philippines subject their captives, reminds me of the intense suffering I endured for three months from inflammation of the Kidneys," says W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me. "Nothing helped me until I tried Electric Bitters, three bottles of which completely cured me." Cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Blood disorders and Malaria, and restores the weak and nervous to robust health. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50c.

CUPID MULCTS JUDGE.

Officer Pays the Expense of the Second Wedding.

Mount Vernon, Ill., March 9.—When Police Magistrate S. D. Cooper discovered that he had exceeded his authority in marrying G. L. Ward of Wayne City and Miss Ida Stewart of Marlow on a license procured in Wayne county, he immediately telephoned the young people and asked them to return to this city and be legally married, Judge Cooper standing the expenses. Accordingly the marriage ceremony was again performed at the justice's office, with the license procured in Jefferson county, and the mistake of the day previous corrected.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

TO MOVE TO OLD MEXICO

Full Blood Indians of Southwest Plan a Great Hegira.

They Will Leave Forever the Land of Their Birth.

Muskogee, I. T., March 9.—With bleeding hearts, the Indians of this territory are planing to leave forever the country of their birth, with all its traditions and the memories of heroic days, rather than become citizens of the United States.

The prospect of being thrown on their own resources to fight the battle of life with the pale-face appears so gloomy to the chiefs of several tribes that they are actively engaged in organizing wholesale migrations to Old Mexico.

There, in the mountains, amidst the primeval forests the Indians hope to continue their tribal life and remain true to the traditions handed down to them from generation to generation.

The thought of renouncing their tribal government in favor of Uncle Sam's rule, though it carries with it the prize of citizenship, is unbearable to the full-bloods. Is the chief, with all his tribal glory, to be a creation of the past? No, say the Indians, not as long as they can go to other lands that suit their ways of life well, and are offered to them on easy terms.

The Indians know too well that in the struggle with the white man they have little chance of winning.

The land-grabber and grafter will get the best of them and, in a short time, all the full-bloods, they say, would become paupers.

They know that, when the active protection of Uncle Sam is removed, when they are on equal terms with the pale-faces, —they will have to become pale-faces, too, or become extinct.

The only course that remains open to them, according to the chiefs of tribes and their advisers, leads to Old Mexico. There, in places where civilization has not left its taint, where game is plenty, and forests remain unviolated, they could establish themselves in their own way, according to their own tastes and traditions.

Several chiefs and leaders are going from tribe to tribe showing them the dangers which will result from the passing of tribal rule. Among these migration organizers ex-Governor William L. Byrd, a quarter-breed Chickasaw, is very active. He is regarded by his people as the greatest man in the world. To his two terms as governor the Indians refer with just satisfaction.

Ex-Governor Byrd has had many interesting experiences in the 60 years of his life. He alleges that the Indian agent once took the Indian capital by force and expelled the executive.

"Yes, I was robbed of my office," says the governor, "by the blue coats under orders from Washington, and I shall never forgive the federal government for it, but I regard Secretary Hitchcock as one of the best men we ever had. He is absolutely honest, and has always stood between the Indians and the bold grafters who have been robbing us from time immemorial. He has always been our friend. Had it not been for his fidelity and kindness towards the full-bloods we would have been robbed of every dollar we possess and of our lands, too.

"Secretary Hitchcock knows all about the recent trickery among the officers connected with the Five Tribes, and I expect some startling exposures before his investigation is over. But it is too late now. The Indian must leave this country or be lost."

It is interesting to note here that Secretary Hitchcock has promulgated a rule that notices making public the list of persons from whom the restrictions in the way of selling their lands had been removed should be posted simultaneously in the Indian offices in Washington and in those of the Dawes commission in Muskogee.

The ruling also requires that removal of restrictions become valid thirty days after approval is made. By these rules the allottee is protected from the land grafter who used to come and buy the land at a low price because the allottee did not know when the restriction would be removed, and because there was no competition.

When asked by a press representative about the migration of Indians, ex-Governor Byrd said:

"I have been considering the advisability of taking a large body of ignorant full-bloods to Old Mexico. They are unable to cope with their paleface brethren, and their place is among the mountains of the Mexican republic. They are not an agricultural people and there is no use trying to make farmers of them. Congress doesn't understand these people. If it did, I am sure it would treat them differently."

Byrd explains how impossible it is for white people to understand the Indians and their traditions. He does not question the fact that white people desire to do what they consider best for the Indian. But he maintains that they are not bound to fail just because they are not Indians.

"When I was young," said the ex-governor, "there were no paupers among the Indians. All of them were honest. They worked and knew nothing of the ways and tricks of the paleface. Our schools were controlled and conducted by Indian teachers. All of us boys had to do a certain amount of work daily. The tribal traditions were taught to us. We loved them. We loved the teacher who told them. Those days were glorious days for us.

"When the white man came, things changed. He offered to pay cash for rental in lands. This was new among us. It made the Indians indolent. They lived on the rents of their land. From indolence some were led to a belief that it is right to steal.

"Yes, the full-blooded Chickasaws will leave for Old Mexico as soon as they can sell their lands. Many Indians are dying now of broken hearts at the thought of leaving their lands. But there is no other salvation for my people. They were once a proud race. The contact with the whites has broken them in spirit and in body. Their worldly goods have been taken from them. Very few of them feel kindly towards the white man. Of course, they will continue peaceful. But I think is is better for them to go where they can live to themselves and build up their glorious days again."

This clamor for a hegira for the territory is widespread and grows every day. In the neighborhood of Davis, I. T., the movement is growing to large proportions.

The most effective worker in the cause of migration in that neighborhood is old "Hominy Williams," who has lived with various tribes for the past fifty years. He is 97 years old, but full of life and vigor. In his youth he gained distinction as a Buffalo hunter and government scout. Of late he has been preaching among the Indians and has gained immense influence. For the past six months Williams has been holding a revival in the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations and has over five hundred warriors encamped near Dalton Canyon.

"On the fourth of March," he tells them, "you will al have to become palefaces. This means you are going to be like the white men."

The Indians, who have not understood before, are alarmed. They think it is a new scheme to swindle them and take everything they possess.

They fear they will not be allowed to worship in their own way and will have to adopt all the customs of the white man.

The old preacher is urging them to follow him to the mountains of old Mexico, where the white man will not annoy them, and where they can live by shooting game and catching fish.

"Hominy Williams" is shrewd and knows his people. His followers are full-bloods who have never lived among white people. They live mostly in the Arbuckle mountains and their customs are what they were fifty years ago. These full-bloods are never as unhappy as when they are thrown in contact with whites. They do anything "Old Hominy" wishes and have unbounded faith in him.

As soon as the tribal government ceases they will probably go with him to Mexico.

When seen by the press correspondent, "Hominy" said:

"I propose to take these poor, helpless people with me into the mountains of Mexico, where they can live as they once lived in this fair land. They are not willing to adopt the ways of white men and I feel it is my duty to lead them into a land where hunting and fishing are good, and drudgery is unnecessary. They are not used to farming and will never be.

"I have just returned from the mountains near Colima, in the state of Jalisco, near the old volcano that makes a smoke and spits lava skyward. I found that my people can live there without molestation. Their lands here will be looked after by a few friends and relatives until the government will permit them to sell them. With the money they will buy cheap land in Mexico to graze horses and cattle.

"There is plenty of wild fruit in that region and game is abundant.

"This is the life that suits my people. There we can worship in our own way, with no one to disturb us. I have preached to my people for many years. They all know me. I am an Indian and can't help understanding them. I have given them many proofs of my friendship. They know that I will protect them."

Muskogee is the center of the Indian migration movement. Here the agitation is led by D. L. Berryhill, who is half Irish, but whose mother was a full-blooded Creek woman. His father left home when Berryhill was but a child, so that he was reared among the Indians. He is 58 years old.

For a long time Berryhill has been captain of the house of kings, the senate chamber of the Creek legislature. He was formerly prosecuting attorney for his people.

When he was 18 years old Berryhill was selected by the Royal Creeks as delegate to the Fort Smith convention, which made peace between the Indian soldiers of the Civil war.

Among his own tribe Berryhill is known as "the old warhorse of the Muskogee nation."

His movement comprises about 500 full-blooded Creeks, who are to be settled in Mexico. eH is said to have spent ten years of his life working out a project of settlement. More than once he visited Mexico to find a suitable place for his people and has communicated with President Diaz recently. To the Post-Dispatch he said:

"I have no enmity against the government or my white friends, but the sad truth is, the Indian cannot thrive under the white man's laws and customs. He must move somewhere else. He must seek for a place where he can till the soil in his own way, live in his home according to his own wishes and preserve the traditions of his people.

"If in the new land, the white man crowds us out again we will simply bow to our fate without murmur. What else can we do?"

The Creek Indians have selected a delegation to go to Mexico City. What the delegation will do there will be binding on the 5,000 Indians, who are only awaiting an opportunity to move to the Aztec republic.

In the City of Mexico, the delegation, which is composed of L. C. Perryman, former chief of the Creeks; D. L. Berryhill, Joseph Deer and Thomas Long, the last two being full-blooded Indians, will be met by a deputation from the government and President Diaz himself, the greatest living Indian. Here the last arrangements will be made as to terms and place of settlement.

"Diaz is a great and good man," said Berryhill, "and I have many letters from him, all of them in the kindest spirit. He says, 'Come to me, I am an Indian and you are Indians; we shall understand each other and live in peace and brotherly love.'"

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Headache? Stomach "off?"—Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

NO MAN STRONGER THAN HIS STOMACH.

The celebrated Dr. Abernethy of London was firmly of the opinion that disorders of the stomach were the most prolific source of human ailments in general. A recent medical writer says "every feeling, emotion and affection reports at the stomach (through the system of nerves) and the stomach is affected accordingly. It is the vital center of the body * * * * *." He continues, "so we may be said to live by (and he might well have said *through*) the stomach." He goes on to show that the stomach is the vital center of the body. He says "the function of digestion in its several stages is to prepare the food in forms which are suitable to be added to the structure," meaning the structure of our bodies. He continues, "every physical action from simple breathing, thinking and circulating of the blood to the most active bodily exertion wears out portions of the structure (of our bodies) and they become dead and so require to be taken away speedily. Much of the food which we take, and especially when unwholesome or in excess, adds to the waste material, and when it has undergone chemical changes it is still more mischievous." Then he goes on to the effect that the nervous system prompts every part of the circulating system. He says "it gives its message every moment to the infinate number of glands and follicles to unload themselves of waste material so that the current of blood may carry it away."

"When these two processes of nutrition and excretion are thus carried on with equal assiduity we are in health, but when this equilibrium does not exist there comes disorder and disease. The common form of such derangement is indigestion or dyspepsia. The function of nutrition is interrupted *and all the operations which depend upon it go wrong.* Under these conditions it has a way of appearing in other types of disorder. Many of these often mislead physicians. Other parts of the organism are likely to be involved, and we may find consumption, kidney complaint, hepatic (liver) disorders, hysteria and even mental alienation (derangement)." He says "it may be observed that deranged persons have a woe-be-gone expression, offensive breath, irregular action of the bowels, hallucintations and other like conditions of dyspepsia."

The foregoing is no doubt a rational view of the sad havoc worked in the human system by indigestion and dyspepsia, torpid liver and kindred derangements, which are generally associated with or followed by many other diseases of diverse appearance, but *all depending upon the weak and disordered stomach.* Cure the stomach weakness and you cure all these diseases and derangements.

For weak stomachs and the consequent indigestion or dyspepsia, and the multitude of various diseases which result therefrom, no medicine can be better suited as a curative agent than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The Golden Seal root, Stone root, Mandrake root and Black Cherry-bark are all recommended by such eminent authorities as Dr. Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College; Prof. John King, author of the "AMERICAN DISPENSATORY"; Prof. John M. Scudder, late of Cincinnati; Dr. William Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, Dr. Hobart A. Hare, of the University of Pa.; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Medical Dept., University of N. Y.; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., Professor of *Materia Medica* in the Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago, and many others, as remedies for indigestion and dyspepsia, torpid liver as well as for bronchial, throat and lung affections, as will be seen from reading a little booklet recently compiled by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., who will send the same on request, by postal card or letter, to any address, *free.* This little booklet tells of what Dr. Pierce's celebrated medicines are made, and gives the properties and uses of each and every ingredient entering into their composition. Write Doctor Pierce, as above and receive it by return post.

Queen's root, or Stillingia, is an ingredient entering into the "Golden Medical Discovery" highly recommended by several of the above mentioned authorities for the cure of chronic or lingering bronchial, throat and lung affections, public speaker's sore throat attended with hoarseness, dry, rasping cough and kindred affections. Not only is Queen's root specific in its curative action in all these affections, but in "Golden Medical Discovery" it is greatly assisted by the combination with it of Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark and Bloodroot, with which it is blended in just the right proportion. Pure, triple refined glycerine also greatly enhances the effectiveness of all these agents in the cure of chronic and lingering coughs, being a valuable demulcent, also antiseptic, and a nutritive of great value, especially useful in all wasting diseases, as in incipient consumption and other scrofulous affections. "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy in all catarrhal affections, whether affecting the nasal passages, the stomach, bowels or pelvic organs and the reason *why* will be learned by reading the little booklet noted above. Send for it *now.*

In chronic catarrh of the nasal passages, it is important that while taking the "Golden Medical Discovery" as the most effective constitutional treatment for this terribly distressing and most obstinate affection that the nasal passages should be cleansed two or three times a day by the free use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, used according to the directions which accompany the same.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, loss of appetite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Persons subject to any of these troubles should never be without a vial of the "Pleasant Pellets" at hand. Put up in glass vials, tightly corked, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are cathartic. They regulate, invigorate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in plain English; or, Medicine, Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, the cost of mailing *only.* Cloth-bound ten stamps more, 31 in all. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SCROFULA AN AWFUL INHERITANCE

While it is true that Scrofula may be acquired under certain conditions, it is usually inherited. Parents who are related by the ties of blood, or who have a consumptive tendency, or family blood taint of any character, are sure to transmit it to their children in the form of Scrofula. Swollen glands, brittle bones, poor digestion, weak eyes, Catarrh, emaciated bodies and general weak constitutions are the principal ways in which the disease is manifested. The blood has been diseased from birth, and being in this condition cannot properly nourish the body and Scrofula is the result. A hereditary disease like this can only be reached, by a constitutional remedy and nothing equals S. S. S. as a cure for it. It cleanses and strengthens the deteriorated blood, drives out all scrofulous and tubercular deposits, and there is a gradual but sure return to health. S. S. S. supplies to the anaemic, lifeless blood the properties necessary to build back to strong, robust health, and does this gently and so thoroughly that no signs of the disease are ever seen in after life. Being purely vegetable S. S. S. is the best remedy for Scrofula; its harmless but healing ingredients enter into the circulation and replace wax-like, bloodless faces with vigorous strength glowing with health. Book with information about Scrofula and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

Inherited Scrofula, and about seven years ago suffered intensely from it. Tried every doctor available at great expense, but grew rapidly worse; in fact, had given up all hope of being cured, and as a dying man will grasp at a straw, I was persuaded by my brother, much against my will, to try S.S.S. After taking six bottles, I felt a wonderful change for the better. I continued to take it for about six months, taking in all about fifteen bottles, which entirely cured me.
Montgomery, Va. W. H. STOCKTON.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

There is One Soda Cracker and Only One.
You do not know that Soda Cracker until you know

Uneeda Biscuit

To taste **Uneeda Biscuit** is to fall in love with them. You never forget that first taste, and you renew it every time you eat **Uneeda Biscuit** —

5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

TILLMAN'S OPPONENT

Farmer Smith Sure That He Can Defeat the Senator.

General Organizer for Cotton Association May be Candidate.

Little Rock, Ark., March 9.—E. D. Smith of Columbia, S. C., who is touring this state in the interests of the Southern Cotton association, for which he is the general organizer, virtually admits that he will oppose Senator B. R. Tillman for re-election when the latter's term expires. Many of those familiar with political conditions in South Carolina believe Smith will be elected.

Mr. Smith has not formally announced his candidacy, but private correspondence with his home city, Columbia, the state capital, reveals the fact that there are at this time a large number of letters in the office of the general organizer from all parts of the state, insisting that he make the race for the senate, and thus eliminate Tillmanism from the state. Mr. Smith recently delivered two addresses in this city and made a splendid impression. As to his candidacy he said:

"I have not announced my intention in this matter, and had rather await my return to my own bailiwick."

When pressed for a more direct expression, he said:

"I will say that I have been considering the matter for some time. I have received a number of letters from leaders throughout the state, who have pledged me their hearty support in the event I decide to make the race. The time is ripe for a change in my state. The people are ready to throw off the yoke. I am free to admit that I have thought of entering the fight, for it will be a fight to a finish. A defeat of the present ring in South Carolina would mean the overturning of a machine which has been years in building. It would mean the changing of many things."

Mr. Smith was asked as to the present status of political conditions in his state.

"In my mind there is no doubt that a strong, plain man of the people can overthrow Tillman," he said. "There are many things now existing in the state of which the people have long since become tired. With the support of the common people, the people whom Lincoln delighted to call the common people, I can win, and that without any great amount of trouble."

A little study of the conditions now existing in the state where sounded the first gun of the greatest war the world has ever known, might be interesting. Tillman, now senator, was a few years ago a farmer in the "dark corner" of Edgefield county. Obscure, he rode into office on a Populistic wave, established himself in the office of governor, and proceeded at once to build up a powerful machine, which eventually sent him to the United States senate.

Perhaps the most noteworthy feature of the Tillman regime is the state dispensary law, by which the state has complete, or at least, is supposed to have, charge of the liquor traffic. It is claimed by those who favor the dispensary law, that drunkenness has decreased materially since its adoption. Those who do not favor it, declare that it has not only failed to decrease drunkenness, but perjury, theft and other crimes are alleged to have been caused by the law. At this time it appears that this law is becoming less popular day by day, and it is believed that with the downfall of this, the pet of the Tillmanites, Tillman will be forced into obscurity.

Mr. Smith, whom his friends and the political leaders of his state believe able to defeat this machine, is a son of the soil, born and reared on a farm. When the call for volunteers in the cause of cotton were called, Ed Smith was one of the first to respond. His work since that time has been of the most effective. In Georgia, Florida,, Mississippi, Texas, Alabama, in this state and in his own, his voice has been upraised in the cause of a better and a more reasonable price for the staple. In South Carolina the farmers, and the business men, know him better than the average man in politics.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

TEXAS PIONEER DIES.

Man Thought to be Oldest in State Goes to Rest.

Temple, Tex., March 9.—Perhaps the oldest man in Texas died near Sparta in the death of Uncle Jack Smith, who lived on the Denman farm. He was buried in the Denman graveyard, and many people from all parts of the county were present to pay their last respects to the aged citizen.

Mr. Smith was one of the early settlers of Bell county and he had watched the county grow wealthy and populous, but had not acquired very much of this world's goods. Rev. Collier, aged 85 years, who was a mere boy when Smith was a grown man, preached the funeral sermon.

Had Uncle Jack Smith lived until his next birthday he would have been 112 years old.

The Little Doctor in your Vest Pocket

SEE the thin, round-cornered little Enamel Box below! When carried in your vest pocket it means Health-Insurance.

It contains Six Candy Tablets of pleasant taste, almost as pleasant as chocolate.

Each tablet is a working dose of Cascarets, which acts like Exercise on the Bowels and Liver.

* * *

It will not purge, sicken, nor upset the stomach.

Because it is not a "Bile-driver," like Salts, Sodium, Calomel, Jalap, Senna, nor Aperient Waters.

These waste Digestive Juices of the system needed tomorrow, in merely flushing out the Bowels today.

* * *

Neither is it like Castor Oil, Glycerine, or other Oily Laxatives that simply lubricate the Intestines for transit of the food stopped up in them at that particular time.

These emergency drugs relieve the immediate trouble, but do not relieve its Cause.

The same trouble will therefore recur again till that Cause is removed permanently.

The chief cause of Constipation and Indigestion is a weakness of the Muscles that contract the Intestines and Bowels.

Cascarets are practically to the Bowel Muscles what a Massage and Cold Bath are to the Athletic Muscles.

They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract, expand, and squeeze the Digestive Juices out of food eaten.

Cascarets do this naturally, without purging or discomfort.

They don't help the Bowels and Liver in such a way as to make them lean upon similar assistance for the future.

This is why, with Cascarets, the dose may be lessened each succeeding time instead of increased, as it must be with all succeeding doses of other Cathartics and Laxatives.

* * *

Cascarets act like exercise.

If carried in your Vest Pocket, (or carried in My Lady's Purse), and eaten just when you suspect you need one, you will never know a sick day from the ordinary ills of life.

* * *

Because, nearly all these ills begin in the Bowels, and partial Constipation paves the way for all other Diseases.

Showing size of "Vest Pocket" Cascaret Box compared to Watch.

"Vest Pocket" box 10 cents.

Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

* * *

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX hard-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 715

Send to-day, mentioning this paper. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

NO LAKE ICE THIS YEAR

Duluth Will Have to Get Supply From Spirit Lake.

Companies Say Nothing as to the Probable Price.

When a glass of ice water is placed before you in a Duluth hotel or restaurant next summer, when you sip slowly the cooling high ball at your favorite resort for liquid refreshments, just bear in mind that the small pieces of congealed aqua came from Spirit lake and not from Lake Superior.

For once Jack Frost and old Lake Superior seem to have entered into a conspiracy to do up the ice companies. All along since late in December they have been coaxing the ice companies on with an invitation now and then that they would cast a sheet of ice over Lake Superior, that would stay long enough to permit the big ice houses in the East end and on Lake avenue to be filled to the top for the season's trade, but now the 1st of March has passed and the prospect of an ice field of any area or depth is getting more and more remote as the sun mounts higher and higher into northern latitudes.

The public will have to wait in suspense for the ice companies to announce their next summer prices. Neither company will say at this time whether the current prices will or will not be raised, but it is intimated that the natural tendency would be to make the prices commensurate with the increased cost of shipping ice from Spirit lake to Duluth.

The present rate is 25 cents per ton or about $5 per car. This is $3 per car more than the ice dealers at Superior pay to get Lake Nebagamon ice, on a much longer haul.

In Duluth at the present time the ice rates to housekeepers varies from $2 to $3 per month. The rate depends on whether the housewife takes 225, 325 or 400 pounds, or whether two or four deliveries are made per week.

The rates to saloons, restaurants and heavy consumers varies from 17½ cents per hundred where ice in the amount of two or three ton per week is used, to about 30 cents per fifty pounds.

Persons connected with the Duluth Ice company and the East End Ice company stated this afternoon that practically all hope of getting a crop from Lake Superior this year is gone, barring the slight possibility that the floating ice will up in this end of the lake might be joined by two or three nights of zero weather and a small quantity of ice for commercial purposes secured. The floating ice is about 10 inches thick and even this, it is claimed, would be better than no ice at all.

It would seem to many that Duluth is face to face with an ice famine, so accustomed have people here become to the idea that the greater part of their summer's ice supply comes from Lake Superior. The ice companies, however, claim that there is not a possibility of an ice famine, but that the supply of ice at Duluth this year will be fully 10,000 tons greater than it was last year. It is admitted that the entire ice supply will come from Spirit lake and the St. Louis river.

The idea of Spirit lake ice for domestic purposes, that is for cooling purposes where the ice is in direct contact with the liquids to be cooled and drank, does not appeal with much favor to the average Duluthian, but, according to the people connected with the ice companies Spirit lake ice has been used for that purpose in the past and no objection has ever been made. It is claimed that an expert from St. Paul has made analyses of the water from Spirit lake ice and found that while there is more vegetable matter there is less animal matter than in the Lake Superior water, and he held the Spirit lake water to be suitable for domestic use.

Before much Spirit Lake ice is sold for domestic purposes, however, it is stated on authority that the city health department will have a number of analyses made of ice taken from different portions of that body of water, with a view to determining beyond any doubt whether it is fit for consumption. If such analyses should establish the fact that ice can only be used for commercial purposes, the Head of the Lakes will certainly be face to face with an ice famine from which it can get no relief, even though 1 cent a pound was offered for the luxury.

Last year the Duluth Ice company put up 40,000 tons of ice. When the company began storing ice this past winter it had barely 600 tons in its houses. Last season was somewhat more favorable for the ice companies than former years for the reason that the weather was fairly mild right up to the middle of December and people demanded ice much later than in former winters.

The Duluth Ice company also had outside orders that it could not fill last winter. It could have easily disposed of an additional 6,000 tons had the houses been supplied with it.

With a view to providing for such emergencies in the future the company built another large icehouse at Spirit lake and another on Lake avenue. A second new house is now being started at Spirit Lake.

Although the Duluth Ice company has not filled the East end house nor the new building on Lake avenue, it has filled all its houses at Spirit Lake, at West Duluth and the West end and expects to get the last new house up in time to put up more Spirit Lake ice. The company has about 25,000 to 30,000 tons housed already and expects to get in enough more from the up-river district to bring the total up to about 50,000 tons.

The East End Ice company has not filled its house at Twenty-second avenue east, but it has put in 10,000 tons at Spirit Lake and expects to put an additional 10,000 tons in a new house at New Duluth. The ice will be taken from the St. Louis river at that point.

A Park Point ice dealer, who has been waiting for weeks with the hope that he might get out some lake ice has given it up and notified the city health department that he is now cutting ice from the bay. He is permitted to do this with the express understanding that he tells his customers where the ice was cut, in accordance with the city ordinance.

Ice was cut from some of the slips this winter for commercial purposes. Four crops are said to have been taken out of the Lake avenue slip. Ice of the quality taken from the bay and slip is suitable for all purely refrigerating purposes, such as it is put to by the packing companies.

The amount of ice taken by the packing houses, fruit and produce commission houses, etc., is no small item in the ice trade. Besides the packing companies there are all the railroads to supply with ice for refrigerator purposes and one of the local brewing companies. The other brewing company has in recent years been putting up its own supply as well as furnishing ice for the car shipments and for its customers on the range and at other outside points where there is no regular ice supply. This company, it is said, has not yet put in any ice and getting it.

is now confronted with the problem of

A city ordinance requires that ice for domestic purposes be cut a mile from shore in Lake Superior. Persons connected with the ice companies claim that satisfactory ice is scarcely ever found much nearer the shore. Last year both ice companies cut ice a mile and three-quarters from shore, opposite Twenty-second avenue east. One channel that distance from the scene of the cutting operations to the icehouses was used by both of the local ice companies.

Tearing the Label out of a Gordon Hat takes none of its Quality—but it does take away the Satisfaction that comes from *knowing* you have the best.
Gordon Hats
$3.00

DIES AFTER HER DAUGHTER WEDS

Coming Home From Surprise Reception, Mother Drops Dead.

Doylestown, Pa., March 9.—Returning from the marriage reception of her newly-married daughter, Mrs. Watson Mathews of Buckingham valley, aged 60 years, fell dead from heart disease.

The day before Miss Rachel Mathews and George Opitz were married and shortly after the ceremony the young couple left for their newly-furnished home at Richboro.

Subsequently a party of the guests, including the bride's parents, left to surprise the couple in their own home, where a pleasant evening was spent, with the sad sequel.

Torture by Savages.

"Speaking of the torture to which some of the savage tribes in the Philippines subject their captives, reminds me of the intense suffering I endured for three months from inflammation of the Kidneys," says W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me. "Nothing helped me until I tried Electric Bitters, three bottles of which completely cured me." Cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Blood disorders and Malaria, and restores the weak and nervous to robust health. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50c.

CUPID MULCTS JUDGE.

Officer Pays the Expense of the Second Wedding.

Mount Vernon, Ill., March 9.—When Police Magistrate S. D. Cooper discovered that he had exceeded his authority in marrying G. L. Ward of Wayne City and Miss Ida Stewart of Marlow on a license procured in Wayne county, he immediately telephoned the young people and asked them to return to this city and be legally married, Judge Cooper standing the expenses. Accordingly the marriage ceremony was again performed at the justice's office, with the license procured in Jefferson county, and the mistake of the day previous corrected.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

TO MOVE TO OLD MEXICO

Full Blood Indians of Southwest Plan a Great Hegira.

They Will Leave Forever the Land of Their Birth.

Muskogee, I. T., March 9.—With bleeding hearts, the Indians of this territory are planing to leave forever the country of their birth, with all its traditions and the memories of heroic days, rather than become citizens of the United States.

The prospect of being thrown on their own resources to fight the battle of life with the pale-face appears so gloomy to the chiefs of several tribes that they are actively engaged in organizing wholesale migrations to Old Mexico.

There, in the mountains, amidst the primeval forests the Indians hope to continue their tribal life and remain true to the traditions handed down to them from generation to generation.

The thought of renouncing their tribal government in favor of Uncle Sam's rule, though it carries with it the prize of citizenship, is unbearable to the full-bloods. Is the chief, with all his tribal glory, to be a creation of the past? No, say the Indians, not as long as they can go to other lands that suit their ways of life well, and are offered to them on easy terms.

The Indians know too well that in the struggle with the white man they have little chance of winning.

The land-grabber and grafter will get the best of them and, in a short time, all the full-bloods, they say, would become paupers.

They know that, when the active protection of Uncle Sam is removed, when they are on equal terms with the pale-faces, —they will have to become pale-faces, too, or become extinct.

The only course that remains open to them, according to the chiefs of tribes and their advisers, leads to Old Mexico. There, in places where civilization has not left its taint, where game is plenty, and forests remain unviolated, they could establish themselves in their own way, according to their own tastes and traditions.

Several chiefs and leaders are going from tribe to tribe showing them the dangers which will result from the passing of tribal rule. Among these migration organizers ex-Governor William L. Byrd, a quarter-breed Chickasaw, is very active. He is regarded by his people as the greatest man in the world. To his two terms as governor the Indians refer with just satisfaction.

Ex-Governor Byrd has had many interesting experiences in the 60 years of his life. He alleges that the Indian agent once took the Indian capital by force and expelled the executive.

"Yes, I was robbed of my office," says the governor, "by the blue coats under orders from Washington, and I shall never forgive that federal government for it, but I regard Secretary Hitchcock as one of the best men we ever had. He is absolutely honest, and has always stood between the Indians and the bold grafters who have been robbing us from time immemorial. He has always been our friend. Had it not been for his fidelity and kindness towards the full-bloods we would have been robbed of every dollar we possess and of our lands, too.

"Secretary Hitchcock knows all about the recent trickery among the officers connected with the Five Tribes, and I expect to read of some startling exposures before his investigation is over. But it is too late now. The Indian must leave this country or be lost."

It is interesting to note here that Secretary Hitchcock has promulgated a rule that notices making public the list of persons from whom the restrictions in the way of selling their lands had been removed should be posted simultaneously in the Indian offices in Washington and in those of the Dawes commission in Muskogee.

The ruling also requires that removal of restrictions become valid thirty days after approval is made. By these rules the allottee is protected from the land grafter who used to come and buy the land at his own price because the allottee did not know whether the restriction would be removed, and because there was no competition.

When asked by a press representative about the migration of Indians, ex-Governor Byrd said:

"I have been considering the advisability of taking a large body of ignorant full-bloods to Mexico. They are unable to cope with their paleface brethren, and their place is among the mountains of the Mexican republic. They are not an agricultural people and there is no use trying to make farmers of them. Congress doesn't understand these people. If it did, I am sure it would treat them differently."

Byrd explains how impossible it is for white people to understand the Indians and their traditions. He does not question the fact that white people desire to do what they consider best for the Indian. But he maintains that they are bound to fail just because they are not Indians.

"When I was young," said the ex-governor, "there were no paupers among the Indians. All of them were honest. They worked and knew nothing of the ways and tricks of the paleface. Our schools were controlled and conducted by Indian teachers. All us boys had to do a certain amount of work daily. The tribal traditions were taught to us. We loved them. We loved the teacher who told them. Those days were glorious days for us.

"When the white man came, things changed. He offered to pay cash for rental in lands. This was new among us. It made the Indians indolent. They lived on the rents of their land. From indolence some were led to a belief that it is right to steal.

"Yes, the full-blooded Chickasaws will leave for Old Mexico as soon as they can sell their lands. Many Indians are dying now of broken hearts at the thought of leaving their lands. But there is no other salvation for my people. They were once a proud race. The contact with the whites has broken them in spirit and in body. Their worldly goods have been taken from them. Very few of them feel kindly towards the white man. Of course, they will continue peaceful. But I think is is better for them to go where they can live to themselves and build up their glorious days again."

This clamor for a hegira for the territory is widespread and grows every day. In the neighborhood of Davis, I. T., the movement is growing to large proportions.

The most effective worker in the cause of migration in that neighborhood is old "Hominy" Williams," who has lived with various tribes for the past fifty years. He is 97 years old, but full of life and vigor. In his youth he gained distinction as a Buffalo hunter and government scout. Of late he has been preaching among the Indians and has gained immense influence. For the past six months Williams has been holding a revival in the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations and has over five hundred warriors encamped near Dalton Canyon.

"On the fourth of March," he tells them, "you will al have to become palefaces. This means you are going to be like the white men."

The Indians, who have not understood before, are alarmed. They think it is a new scheme to swindle them and take everything they possess.

They fear they will not be allowed to worship in their own way and will have to adopt all the customs of the white man.

The old preacher is urging them to follow him to the mountains of Old Mexico, where the white man will not annoy them, and where they can live by shooting game and catching fish.

"Hominy Williams" is shrewd and knows his people. His followers are full-bloods who have never lived among white people. They live mostly in the Arbuckle mountains and their customs are what they were fifty years ago. These full-bloods are never as unhappy as when they are thrown in contact with whites. They do anything "Old Hominy" wishes and have unbounded faith in him.

As soon as the tribal government ceases they will probably go with him to Mexico.

When seen by the press correspondent, "Hominy" said:

"I propose to take these poor, helpless people with me into the mountains of Mexico, where they can live as they once lived in this fair land. They are not willing to adopt the ways of white men and I feel it is my duty to lead them into a land where hunting and fishing are good, and drudgery is unnecessary. They are not used to farming and will never be.

"I have just returned from the mountains near Colima, in the state of Jalisco, near the old volcano that makes a smoke and spits lava skyward. I found that my people can live there without molestation. Their lands here will be looked after by a few friends and relatives until the government will permit them to sell them. With the money they will buy cheap land in Mexico to graze horses and cattle.

"There is plenty of wild fruit in that region and game is abundant.

"This is the life that suits my people. There we can worship in our own way, with no one to disturb us. I have preached to my people for many years. They all know me. I am an Indian and can't help understanding them. I have given them many proofs of my friendship. They know that I will protect them."

Muskogee is the center of the Indian migration movement. Here the agitation is led by D. L. Berryhill, who is half Irish, but whose mother was a full-blooded Creek woman. His father left home when Berryhill was but a child, so that he was reared among the Indians. He is 58 years old.

For a long time Berryhill has been captain of the house of kings, the senate chamber of the Creek legislature. He was formerly prosecuting attorney for his people.

When he was 18 years old Berryhill was selected by the Royal Creeks as delegate to the Fort Smith convention, which made peace between the Indian soldiers of the Civil war.

Among his own tribe Berryhill is known as "the old warhorse of the Muskogee nation."

His movement comprises about 500 full-blooded Creeks, who are to be settled in Mexico. It is said to have spent ten years of his life working out a project of settlement. More than once he visited Mexico to find a suitable place for his people and has communicated with President Diaz recently. To the Post-Dispatch he said:

"I have no enmity against the government or my white friends, but the sad truth is, the Indian cannot thrive under the white man's laws and customs. He must move somewhere else. He must seek for a place where he can till the soil in his own way, live in his home according to his own wishes and preserve the traditions of his people.

"If in the new land, the white man crowds us out again we will simply bow to our fate without murmur. What else can we do?"

The Creek Indians have selected a delegation to go to Mexico City. What the delegation will do there will be binding on the 5,000 Indians, who are only awaiting an opportunity to move to the Aztec republic.

In the City of Mexico, the delegation, which is composed of L. C. Perryman, former chief of the Creeks; D. L. Berryhill, Joseph Deer and Thomas Long, the last two being full-blooded Indians, will be met by a deputation from the government and President Diaz himself, the greatest living Indian. Here the last arrangements will be made as to terms and place of settlement.

"Diaz is a great and good man," said Berryhill, "and I have many letters from him, all of them in the kindest spirit. He says, 'Come to me, I am an Indian and you are Indians; we shall understand each other and live in peace and brotherly love.'"

NO MAN STRONGER THAN HIS STOMACH.

The celebrated Dr. Abernethy of London was firmly of the opinion that disorders of the stomach were the most prolific source of human ailments in general. A recent medical writer says "every feeling, emotion and affection reports at the stomach (through the system of nerves) and the stomach is affected accordingly. It is the vital center of the body * * * *." He continues, "so we may be said to live by (and he might well have said *through*) the stomach." He goes on to show that the stomach is the vital center of the body. He says "the function of digestion in its several stages is to prepare the food in forms which are suitable to be added to the structure," meaning the structure of our bodies. He continues, "every physical action from simple breathing, thinking and circulating of the blood to the most active bodily exertion wears out portions of the structure (of our bodies) and they become dead and so require to be taken away speedily. Much of the food which we take, and especially when unwholesome or in excess, adds to the waste material, and when it has undergone chemical changes it is still more mischievous." Then he goes on to the effect that the nervous system prompts every part of the circulating system. He says "it gives its message every moment to the infinate number of glands and follicles to unload themselves of waste material so that the current of blood may carry it away."

"When these two processes of nutrition and excretion are thus carried on with equal assiduity we are in health, but when this equilibrium does not exist there comes disorder and disease. The common form of such derangement is indigestion or dyspepsia. The function of nutrition is interrupted *and all the operations which depend upon it go wrong*. Under these conditions it has a way of appearing in other types of disorder. Many of these often mislead physicians. Other parts of the organism are likely to be involved, and we may find consumption, kidney complaint, hepatic (liver) disorders, hysteria and even mental alienation (derangement)." He says "it may be observed that deranged persons have a woe-be-gone expression, offensive breath, irregular action of the bowels, hallucinations and other like conditions of dyspepsia."

The foregoing is no doubt a rational view of the sad havoc worked in the human system by indigestion and dyspepsia, torpid liver and kindred derangements, which are generally associated with or followed by many other diseases of diverse appearance, but *all depending upon the weak and disordered stomach*. Cure the stomach weakness and you cure all these diseases and derangements.

For weak stomachs and the consequent indigestion or dyspepsia, and the multitude of various diseases which result therefrom, no medicine can be better suited as a curative agent than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The Golden Seal root, Stone root, Mandrake root and Black Cherry-bark are all recommended by such eminent authorities as Dr. Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College; Prof. John King, author of the "AMERICAN DISPENSATORY"; Prof. John M. Scudder, late of Cincinnati; Dr. William Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, Dr. Hobart A. Hare, of the University of Pa.; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Medical Dept., University of N. Y.; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., Professor of *Materia Medica* in the Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago, and many others, as remedies for indigestion and dyspepsia, torpid liver as well as for bronchial, throat and lung affections, as will be seen from reading a little booklet recently compiled by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., who will send the same on request, by postal card or letter, to any address, *free*. This little booklet tells of what Dr. Pierce's celebrated medicines are made, and gives the properties and uses of each and every ingredient entering into their composition. Write Doctor Pierce, as above and receive it by return post.

Queen's root, or Stillingia, is an ingredient entering into the "Golden Medical Discovery" highly recommended by several of the above mentioned authorities for the cure of chronic or lingering bronchial, throat and lung affections, public speaker's sore throat attended with hoarseness, dry, rasping cough and kindred affections. Not only is Queen's root specific in its curative action in all these affections, but in "Golden Medical Discovery" it is greatly assisted by the combination with it of Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark and Bloodroot, with which it is blended in just the right proportion. Pure, triple refined glycerine also greatly enhances the effectiveness of all these agents in the cure of chronic and lingering coughs, being a valuable demulcent, also antiseptic, and a nutritive of great value, especially useful in all wasting diseases, as in incipient consumption and other scrofulous affections. "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy in all catarrhal affections, whether affecting the nasal passages, the stomach, bowels or pelvic organs and the reason *why* will be learned by reading the little booklet noted above. Send for it *now*.

In chronic catarrh of the nasal passages, it is important that while taking the "Golden Medical Discovery" as the most effective constitutional treatment for this terribly distressing and most obstinate affection that the nasal passages should be cleansed two or three times a day by the free use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, used according to the directions which accompany the same.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, loss of appetite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Persons subject to any of these troubles should never be without a vial of the "Pleasant Pellets" at hand. Put up in glass vials, tightly corked, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are cathartic. They regulate, invigorate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in plain English; or, Medicine. Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, the cost of mailing *only*. Cloth-bound ten stamps more, 31 in all. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Headache? Stomach "off"?—Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

Money! Money! Money!

Money for first mortgage loans at lowest current rate always on hand; no delay. Little & Nolte.

SCROFULA AN AWFUL INHERITANCE

While it is true that Scrofula may be acquired under certain conditions, it is usually inherited. Parents who are related by the ties of blood, or who have a consumptive tendency, or family blood taint of any character, are sure to transmit it to their children in the form of Scrofula. Swollen glands, brittle bones, poor digestion, weak eyes, Catarrh, emaciated bodies and general weak constitutions are the principal ways in which the disease is manifested. The blood has been diseased from birth, and being in this condition cannot properly nourish the body and Scrofula is the result. A hereditary disease like this can only be reached, by a constitutional remedy and nothing equals S. S. S. as a cure for it. It cleanses and strengthens the deteriorated blood, drives out all scrofulous and tubercular deposits, and there is a gradual but sure return to health. S. S. S. supplies to the anaemic, lifeless blood the properties necessary to build back to strong, robust health, and does this gently and so thoroughly that no signs of the disease are ever seen in after life. Being purely vegetable S. S. S. is the best remedy for Scrofula; its harmless but healing ingredients enter into the circulation and replace wax-like, bloodless faces with vigorous strength glowing with health. Book with information about Scrofula and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

I inherited Scrofula, and about seven years ago suffered intensely from it. Tried every doctor available at great expense, but grew rapidly worse; in fact, had given up all hope of being cured, and as a dying man will grasp at a straw, I was persuaded by my brother, much against my will, to try S. S. S. After taking six bottles, I felt a wonderful change for the better. I continued to take it for about six months, taking in all about fifteen bottles, which entirely cured me.
Montgomery, Va. W. H. STOCKTON.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

We Name Below a Few Prices for our Cash System Sale:

Dress Goods, worth 65c to $1.00—per yard 48c.

Dress Ginghams and Percales, worth 10c—at, per yard **8c**

Prints and Ginghams, worth 8c—at, per yd.. **6c**

Outing Flannels, worth 10c—per yd.... **8c**

Yard wide bleached Cotton, worth 10c—at, per yard **8c**

Cotton Blankets —at..... **49c**

Cotton Blankets worth $1.00—at.... **75c**

Ladies' and Men's Underwear, worth $1.00—at..... **75c**

Ladies' trimmed Hats worth $2.00 to $5.00—at only **98c**

Ladies' and Children's cotton Hose, worth 15c —at..... **10c**

Men's Dress Shirts, worth $1—sale price **75c**

Men's Neckwear, worth 25c—at **19c**

Men's Overalls and Shirts, worth 50c—at..... **44c**

Men's Underwear and Socks at special prices.

We will have tremendous savings for you in Shoes. Come and see our sale prices.

Remember the seven days' sale. Get ready now. Buy your Spring supply and save money.

NOTICE!

It has been decided by the management of our company that in order to meet the growing demand of our trade so as to secure the best results, and serve the best interests of all concerned, we must adopt a strictly cash system. That is, we will sell goods for cash only, thereby securing for our customers the very lowest cash prices. It is a matter of impossibility to extend credit to all who ask for it, and to be just to all and make no discrimination we shall hereafter enforce the adopted plan of cash only, at the lowest cash prices.

To demonstrate the power of our cash prices we shall open a **STRICTLY CASH STOCK-REDUCING SALE,** to continue from Saturday, March 10, to Saturday night, March 17.

Stock and prices are now being arranged for the sale, which will be advertised in The Herald and News Tribune.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Commercial club will meet this evening at the usual hour and it is hoped that a large membership will be in attendance, for the club desires to talk over some matters of great public interest. One of these will probably be the course of the Lake Superior & Southeastern road. There is some objection to the road crossing Michigan street twice and the club may make some protest over the matter, drawing the attention of the city council to it.

The club will also take up some other matters and may discuss the matter of opening up new roadways between West Duluth and the city proper, there being a decided dearth of passages between, Grand avenue being only half finished and the Jnswold street subway being dangerous.

Some action may also be taken regarding the bad condition of the streets in West Duluth. They are well nigh impassable.

West Duluth Briefs.

Judge Flack yetserday performed the ceremony which united Miss Holbrook and Michael Blodgett, both of the county of Kent, Mich.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bruley, 5717 Cody street. It is difficult to determine which is the prouder, Mr. Burley or Judge Flack, who is made a grandfather by the event.

Kitchi Gammi lodge, No. 123, Knights of Pythias, had a smoker for its members last night and decided that next Thursday night the first and second degrees will be conferred, to which North Star and Diamond lodges will be invited. A smoker will follow.

Mrs. Richard Schell entertained informally at dinner last evening in honor of Mrs. Faulkner of Stevens Point, Wis., who is here visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Schuler.

The L. L. O. A. is preparing to give a ball next Tuesday night at Victor hall.

The funeral of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Bilsey will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 from the Swedish Lutheran church, Rev. J. A. Krantz officiating. Interment will be in Oneota cemetery.

WATCH REPAIRING—HURST, 301 CENtral avenue.

Music and good ice at the Western Curling club rink tonight.

L. L. O. A. lodge, No. 31, of West Duluth, is going to have a grand masquerade ball at Victor hall Tuesday, March 13.

ANNIVERSARY OF BIG STORM

Fourteen Years Ago Duluth Had Its Terrific Blizzard.

Fourteen years ago today probably the worst storm this part of the country has ever known, at least since civilization got a foothold here, occurred, and those who lived here then have cause to remember it. March 9, 1892, a terrific blizzard tore loose and proceeded to wipe out all memory of all former blizzards.

Not only were street cars and railway trains tied up but pedestrianism itself was impossible. The blizzard was such that one was likely to become lost in walking across a street.

In short the blizzard was so completely in command of the situation that the people in Duluth and in the whole country surrounding as well, came out of their holes when the storm had stopped and rubbed their eyes, Rip Van Winkle fashion, looked about them, and were unconsciously surprised that things were just about as they had left them.

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This Store's Policy is to Satisfy.

KENNEY & ANKER,

409-411 West Superior Street.

We are Interested in Showing Our Beautiful Spring Stocks.

We believe we sell the best ready-to-wear clothes in America.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Hand Tailored, Custom Finished Clothes

THE SACK-SUIT STYLE.

Pictured Here.

The more you look for a handsomer, or more stylish, or better-made suit than this, the more you won't find it.

It's a Hart, Schaffner & Marx Varsity, and there's nothing to equal it anywhere in this town but in our store or on our customers.

We sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes because they make 'em this way.

They are strictly all wool; no mercerized cotton cheat with that label.

$15, $18, $20, $25, $30.

Stylish Spring Hats.

We sell the best $3.50 Hats in Duluth, best stock, best styles, best colors, best assortment.

Nobby Spring Hats, **$1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.**

ON SALE TOMORROW

DUNLAP BLOCK HATS

(Blake Make)

The Finest $3.00 Hat in The World.

Our Boys' Dept.

Is successful because we always have what the public demands, *Best Stocks, Best Assortment, Best Values.*

Our Special Suit in single and double breasted styles, in swell homespuns and double and twist mixtures, handsome patterns and colors, elsewhere you pay $7.50, here in all sizes..... **$5.00**

Manhattan Shirts

Swelldom's accepted shirt, in new plaited and plain fronts, especially proportioned bosoms, swellest coloring and fancy figured effects, attached or detached cuffs.....$3.00, $2.00 and **$1.50**

TO CHANGE ITS PITCH.

Third Regiment Band Will Play International After March, 23.

The Third Regiment band held its annual meeting last evening and, besides electing officers for the ensuing year, decided upon a radical change in its style of music. This change is that by March 23, each member of the band must be prepared to play the "International pitch." This is a low pitch such as all of the big bands are playing.

The Third Regiment band has been playing high pitch right along but now the instruments must be changed. This is going to entail a heavy expense on the members of the band, for it means the buying of new instruments and some of the instruments cost a great deal of money. But the patrons of the band concerts will probably not a decided improvement in the tone of the music after the new instruments are in.

The officers elected are as follows: President, I. Kretschmer; secretary, L. Berger; treasurer, O. Halten; director and manager, J. H. Flaaten; members of the board of directors, H. Sjotvold and H. Flaaten.

TOP COATS

For Spring Will Soon Be a Necessity.

We are showing a strong line of the season's latest novelties and staple goods in

Top Coats and Cravenettes

$10 to $25

Stetson Hats

Every man who first tries a Stetson wonders why he didn't do it years before.

We have the Stetson Soft and Derby Hats in all the latest styles.

$3.50 to $5

Gordon Hats $3

Blake Hats $3

FLOAN, LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE POLICE COURT GRIST

Pat is Given Three Days' Sentence That He May Sober Up.

Good Head Work by Matt Pari in Battle With Officer.

Patrick's face was a map of the Emerald Isle. His language was a Celtic dictionary.

Pat was drunk. There was no use denying it. In fact the court took judicial notice of the condition. He was in the finishing up stages of a ten days' jag. His trembling fingers and blinking eyes showed that he was about due for a session in the insect department of the repair factory.

"Were you drunk, Pat?" asked Judge Windom.

"Oi hate to admit it, your Honor, but oi was," said Pat.

"Why, you're all shot to pieces," said the court.

"Say now, aren't ye goin' to be lettin' me out?" asked Pat pleadingly. "Come now, Judge."

"I believe that about three days in jail would be the best thing for you," said the judge. "If I let you go now you'll have the snakes, sure, but if you are kept away from liquor for about three days I believe you'll go back to work."

"No, for goodness sake, let me go, Judge," said Pat, walking up and down the room excitedly.

"No, I'll sentence you to a fine of $10 and costs, with the alternative of three days in jail."

* * * *

When Matt Pari came sprinting around the corner and dived head first into the second button of Officer Toewe's vest, yesterday afternoon at West Duluth, the officer was surprised and shocked.

The officer had John Dahl in tow, and was taking him to the West Duluth station on a charge of drunkenness. Pari was a companion of Dahl's and he took this method of expressing his disapproval of the officer's conduct.

The officer turned Dahl over to a bystander and took after Pari, capturing him after a long chase.

There was also a little matter of $32 mixed up in the case. When Dahl was arrested, he was flashing a roll of bills, and it was largely on this account that the officer arrested him, fearing that in his intoxicated condition he would lose the money.

After Pari butted in, the money was missed, and when the prisoners were searched at the station the sum total of their finances was thirty cents.

Dahl had worked himself into a state of high indignation in court this morning, and made the interpreter blush with some of his opinions of the way justice is administered in this country. The judge set both cases over until this afternoon, in order that the officer might tell his story of the case.

* * * *

Andrew Jeljo had a revolver in his hip pocket when he went into a Lake avenue saloon, and the bartender says he flashed it and threatened to shoot.

It cost him $15 and costs and the revolver.

"What right have you got carrying a revolver around?" asked the judge. "There are too many of you fellows going around with guns. You'll get drunk and shoot somebody some day."

APPROPRIATION FOR A SURVEY

Of Indian Lands in Minnesota Placed in Indian Bill.

Washington, March 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Indian appropriation bill, as it passed the house yetserday, contains an appropriation of $15,000 for a topographical survey of Indian lands in Minnesota, to be made with a view to the preparation of a plan for draining swamp lands. Representative Steenerson, in co-operation with Representative Buckman, had the item inserted in the bill.

Senator Clapp is on guard in the senate and will see to it that this item is retained in the bill. The Indian bill also provides for an increase in salary for the assistant superintendents of logging on the Chippewa reserve from $4 to $6 per diem. It was found difficult to keep good men in this capacity because the lumber companies were paying cruisers $6 per diem and boarding them in their camps.

THIRTY WOMEN SUFFRAGISTS

Attempt to Storm Official Residence of England's Premier.

London, March 9.—A band of thirty zealous women suffragists attempted to storm Premier Campbell-Bannerman's official residence and attempted to force an entrance when the door was opened. The women clung tenaciously to the railings when the police tried to disperse them and only succumbed after a determined resistance to the superior strength of a large force of police. Three ringleaders were taken to the police station, struggling and screaming and followed by twenty-seven of their companions shouting "Down with 'C. B.'" and other war cries.

C. B., otherwise Premier Campbell-Bannerman, was presiding at a cabinet council at the time the women called and he refused to see them.

GREATEST BOOK WRITERS.

Washington correspondent Brooklyn Eagle: According to Ainsworth R. Spofford, the aged and scholarly assistant librarian of congress, the people of Germany are the greatest writers of books in the world. He brought out this fact today in a little discussion of books and authors, in which he said that the taste for history at the present time amounts almost to a passion.

"Are history writers improving in accuracy?"

"Accuracy," replied Mr. Spofford, laconically, "is still the rarest of human virtues."

"What is the tendency of writes nowadays as to topics?"

"It runs to fiction as the sparks fly upward. In England alone last year 1,000 books of fiction were brought out. Almost as many books are printed in this country. Twice as many books are printed annually in Germany as in any other country. But many of them are books on the sciences—I call them the dismal sciences. Authorship in Germany is much more widely diffused than in any other country, and printing costs less in Germany than elsewhere. France prints about as many books every year as England—books on science, literature and political economy. Italy, too, is a country where many books are written and printed.

"Two hundred years ago," continued Mr. Spofford, "nine tenths of the books published were on the subject of religion. That was at the time of the Puritans. Today less than one tenth of the books are on that subject. That is the field that is least progressive. In all others there is less tendency to accept what has been written or said, and there is a very gratifying number of books produced nowadays that are not merely copied from other works and that seek well authenticated facts as a basis. The books that have not this quality are tolerated less than they formerly were. Considerable has been written for and against the higher criticism, and now and then an iconoclast adds his contribution, but most of them are expression of the orthodox kind."

If Traveling in Japan

or any civilized country, you can procur Laxative Bromo Quinine from any druggist. Al nations use it. E. W. GROVE'S signature on box

"Men learn to shave on the chin of a fool"—and, sometimes, found their prosperity on the adversity of others. For example—buying a store or a property, whose owner is forced to sell. And many such opportunities are found in the ads.

GOOD SPRING

SHOES

THE KIND THAT KEEP YOUR FEET DRY. IT IS SO NECESSARY AT THIS TIME TO WARD OFF COLDS AND OTHER AILMENTS.

Men's Wet Weather Shoes—fine dress shoes—such makes as Stacy Adams & Co., Dr. Reed's Cushion Shoes and King Quality brand—

$3.50, $5 and $6.

Sorosis Shoes for Ladies. See the new spring styles for dress or street wear—

$3.50 and $4.

Other good Shoes for men and women—

$2, $2.50 and $3.

Steel-Shod Shoes for boys and girls; stylish and serviceable

$1.50 to $3.

RUBBERS AND RUBBER BOOTS—the best quality at the lowest prices.

WIELAND'S

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Sign of the Golden Shoe.

Bring your shoes to our quick repair department. We give the best service.

MUST HAVE LICENSES

Pilots of Motor Boats Carrying Passengers to be Regulated.

One Life Preserver for Each Passenger Also Required.

Through agitation started by the steamboat inspectors at Duluth, Capt. John Monaghan and M. Chalk, and carried direct to Victor Metcalfe, secretary of the department of commerce and labor, a bill has been introduced into congress regulating motor boats on the Great Lakes. It is claimed that in the past, motor boats have been sent out with boys in charge, carrying passengers, without a life preserver on board or any other means of saving life in case of disaster. This will be done away with and now anybody who wishes to run a motor boat and carry passengers will have to secure a license which will be inssued by steamboat inspectors without examination; and will have to carry a life preserver for each passenger carried. Should the rules of the department be violated by a pilot so licensed, the license will be taken away and not issued again for at least one year. The following dispatch from Washington tells of the matter:

"Owners of pleasure motor boats all over the country will be interested in a bill that is pending in the senate and house which provides that operators of these crafts shall obtain licenses. On inquiring into the nature of the measure, however, it is found that it imposes no hardships or unreasonable requirements, as dfil the corresponding bill of last year, and is being generally indorsed by owners of launches of various kinds.

"The bill was introduced in the senate by Senator Frye. It has been favorably reported from the committee on commerce, and will be passed upon soon. The bill was drafted by the secretary of commerce and labor. It provides that the operator of every motor boat of fifteen tons and under shall obtain a license from the federal government. No fee is charged for the license, and there will be no examination, so that any person on applying may receive the necessary authority to run his boat. The only restriction is that when the boat is to carry passengers for hire, it shall be provided with one life preserver for every passenger carried.

"The object of the bill is merely to give to the local inspectors some hold on the persons operating those boats so that in case of misconduct or recklessness endangering the lives of occupants of other boats the license can be suspended or revoked.

"Secretary Metcalf in commenting on the bill says:

"'Under the present law these boats and the navigators are wholly irresponsible, and numerous accidents have arisen from such facts. It is obvious, also, from many letters of complaint that these boats, being required to carry no special equipment and being subject to no restrictions, enter into unfair competition with small steam vessels that are subject to all the requirements of the steamboat inspection law, and a substantial premium is thus placed upon a form of traffic providing none of the usual safeguards for the lives of the passengers carried.'"

NOT AN AMERICAN GIRL.

Paris, March 9.—Mr. and Mrs. Brown of London arrived here last night and recognized the body of Ethel A. Brown, which was found recently in the river Seine, as their daughter, thus terminating the police inquiries as to the identity of the deceased, who was erroneously supposed to be an American girl.

TO REOPEN HEARST CASE.

Washington, March 9.—The case of William Randolph Hearst, against the anthracite coal carrying roads was today ordered by the interstate commerce commission to be reopened and was assigned for reargument in this city on the 29th inst.

SKATING!

Music and good ice at the Western Curling Club Rink, Tonight.

SETTLEMENT NEARER IN SIGHT.

London, March 9.—An official of the foreign office said today in reference to the Morocco question, that the mere fact that Germany has at last submitted her views leads Great Britain to believe that a settlement is nearer in sight than it ever has been.

Publicity will always help a legitimate business, just as sunshine will make plants grow.

COPPER STOCKS ARE STRONGER

Good Advances Made in Boston List—Bisbees Are Firmer.

The copper stock market again enjoyed greater strength today. North Butte went as high as $84.75, after opening at $81.50. The price fell from $84.75 just before the close to $84.12½ and closed at $84 bid and $84.50 asked. Amalgamated opened at $106.50 and advanced to $108.62½, Anaconda from $265.50 to $274.50, closing at $275 bid. United Copper opened at $61 and advanced to $67.75, closing at $66.75 bid and $67.25 asked. Butte Coalition sold at $36 and closed at $36 bid and $37 asked.

Copper Queen was inactive today. Some was sold at $3 and it closed at $2.50 bid and $3.25 asked.

The tone of the Bisbee stocks was a little better today. Calumet & Arizona sold at $113 and closed at $113 bid, Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $31.25 and closed at $31 bid and $33 asked, Denn-Arizona sold at $23.50 and closed at $23.50 bid, Junction sold at $26.50 and closed at $26 bid and $26.50 asked, Lake Superior & Pittsburg sold at $41.75 and closed at $41 bid and $43 asked, and Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $22 bid and $23 asked, after selling at $22.25.

Black Mountain sold at $10.50 and closed at $10.50 bid and $11 asked, Keweenaw sold at $15 and closed at $14.50 bid and $15 asked, Warren sold at $15.50 and closed at $15.50 bid, and Sullivan closed at $2.50 asked.

Calumet & Arizona has not yet been placed among the stocks listed on the Boston copper exchange. Word comes from Boston that a mistake in the papers is causing the delay.

A YELLOW GLOSSARY.

Meaning of Words and Phrases That One Runs Across Often.

Pretty Girl—Any unmarried human female less than 35 years old who gets into the news, says the New York Sun.

Society Matron—Any married woman, from a bartender's wife up through the social grade, who gets into the news.

Society Girl—Synonymous with "pretty girl." See above.

Exclusive—Adjective applied to any club or social organization which excludes Indians not taxed, convicts and persons of more than one-half negro blood.

Not Expected to Recover—Phrase applied to the condition of all persons injured in course of news story.

Prominent Yale Graduate—Any one wearing a boiled shirt, arrested for anything above a misdemeaner.

Multi-Millionaire—Person possessed of property worth $50,000 or over, or a relative of a person listed in the Social Register. Up to three years ago "millionaire" was used in the same sense.

Thirty-two Calibre, Pearl Handled—Phrase which must always be attached to the noun "revolver," unless otherwise ordered.

Tot—Any child under 7. In a pathetic story the adjective "tiny" must always be prefixed.

Plucky Woman—Any woman who did not scream.

Heroine—Principal female character in any burglary story. Otherwise synonymous with "plucky woman," q. v.

Prominent clubman—Any bachelor leasing apartments at $30 a month and upward. Also members of the Paul Kelly and Timothy D. Sullivan associations who happen to be arrested while wearing dress suits.

Fatally injured—See "Not expected to recover," above.

Fashionable apartment house—Any dwelling which has an elevator.

Toddle—Verb applied to the walk of a tiny tot. See under "tot" for correct usage.

Well dressed—Phrase always applied to a woman who, when arrested, is comparatively clean. Must be used in a story about a prominent clubman, q. v. above.

Snug Sum—Money.

Crisp five dollar bill—Five dollars.

Costly—Adjective always applied to home to which the remains are taken.

Wuz—Synonymous with "was," but indicates dialect.

Hurled—Motion of passengers; cars and cabs at the time of the accident.

Faint—Course taken by all the women within six blocks of the accident.

Scream—See "faint" above.

Wild panic—Inevitable result of the accident.

Dash—Gait of the crowd at the time of the accident. "Rush" is synonymous. "Run is not good usage.

D—n—damn.

Heir—Child having $300 coming to him from a life insurance policy.

Ring out—What shots always do.

Hurtle—Verb used of motion of any falling object, especially a brick or a suicide.

Havoc—Good word to use almost anywhere.

High—Adjective which must be prefixed to noun "noon" in the account of a fashionable wedding.

Trust—Any money not owned by the proprietor.

Slay—Synonymous with obsolete verb "kill."

Juggle—What is always done with the funds of a bank or trust company.

Ironmaster—See Andrew Carnegie.

Bandit—Person guilty of crime against property for which the penalty is more than ten days in jail.

College Girl—Any woman who has ever gone to school.

Burly—Adjective always applied to a male negro.

Prominent—Descriptive adjective applied to farmers, plumbers and dentists.

Boudoir—Any bedroom the rent of which is more than $1.50 a week.

Globe Trotter—Any one who has been to Hohokus, N. J., Kittery, Me., or Peru, Ind.

Raffles—Any thief who wears a collar.

Deal—Any business transaction which involves more than $1,000.

Gems—Personal ornaments worth more than $1.75.

Peril—A great word to use almost anywhere. It tones up the story.

"Fame is a revenue payable only to our ghosts," while thrift is a daily meal ticket. The favorite literature of thrifty people is the advertising printed in their evening paper.

Smart Spring Styles in Suits, Skirts and Waists . . .

THE WHITE CARNIVAL
Will open Monday morning—at 9 o'clock.

It is time to think of new costumes, new apparelings, new accessories and new attractiveness. If you wish to discard the sombreness of winter wrappings let us show you the magnificent array of new things which await your choosing.

We enjoy showing high-class goods at a moderate price. The note of the season is the Eton or Bolero Suit, not, however, forgetting the Pony or Polo Jacket Suit, and the Princess Suit—all are considered correct fashion.

The newness in character of materials employed is another tendency towards the use of sheer fabrics; everything must be light and filmy—such as wool batiste, wool crash, light-weight worsted and serge, voiles and chiffon Panama. In colors grays are strongly in the lead, followed by Alice-blue, coral, raspberry, reseda, besides all the staple shades and white and black, as well as the new hairline stripes, plaids and checks.

Beautiful spring suits at $15, $17.50, $20.00, $22.50, $27.50, $32.50, $35, $40.00, $45.00, $48.50, $55.00, Etc.

A magnificent display of fine spring skirts at $2.98, $3.75, $5.00, $6.75, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12.50, $15.00, Etc.

Nobby short coat and dressey full length garments at $7.50, $10.00, $15.00, $16.50, $22.50, $25.00, Etc.

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St

ALBENBERG'S

HUNTER BLOCK DULUTH, MINN.

Extra Special

19c
Children's Black Cat Stockings, regular price 25c.

19c
5-inch fine quality two-toned satin taffeta ribbons—well worth 40c.

5c
One case of double Dress Percales. A bargain at 7½c and ought to bring 10c.

Final Fur Clearing Prices.

3 SABLE CONEY COATS—Only large sizes, 40, 42 and 44—regular price $25.00. Final clearing price $15.75

2 ASTRAKHAN COATS — Size 34—regular $25.00. Final clearing price $16.50

1 ASTRAKHAN COAT — Size 36. Regular price $35. Final clearing price $19.50

1 ASTRAKHAN COAT — Size 46. Regular price $37.50. Final clearing price only $22.50

1 PRIME ASTRAKHAN FUR COAT—Size 38. Regular price, $60.00. Final clearing price $33.50

1 NEAR-SEAL COAT—Size 40. Extra fine quality. Regular price $75.00. Final clearing price $39.50

1 PERSIAN COAT—Fancy silk lined—size 38. Regular price $100. Final clearing price $58.50

$5.00 and $5.75 Neck Pieces. Final clearing price only $2.89

$7.50 and $8.50 Fur Pieces. Final Clearing price only $4.49

$15.00, $16.50 and $17.50 Fur Pieces—Final clearing prices $8.95

$25.00, $27.50 and $30.00 Fur Pieces. Final clearing price $13.50

$32.50, $35.00 and $37.50 Fur Pieces. Final clearing price $18.75

Final Selling of Fur-Lined Garments

2 MISSES' FUR LINED COATS—squirrel lined River Mink collar. Size 14. Regular price $17.50. Final clearing price $10.75

2 LADIES' FUR LINED COATS—black melton shell, coney lined and Parisian collar. Size 36 and 40. Regular price $35.00. Final clearing price only $19.50

2 BROADCLOTH COATS — Black and red, coney lined, natural squirrel collar. Sizes 36, 38. Regular price $38.50. Final clearing price $22.50

2 BROADCLOTH COATS — Plum and green. Sizes 34 and 36. Squirrel lined and Krimmer trimmed. Regular price $40.00. Final clearing price $23.50

ALBENBERGS HUNTER BLOCK. First Ave. W. and Superior Street ALBENBERGS

"WHERE VALUES REIGN SUPREME."

STACK & CO.,

21-23 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

75c ladies' hand bags, 3 clasp openers. Special at 48c

A big line of embroideries tomorrow, comprising 15c, 18c and 20c kinds; your choice of all at 10c a yd.

Tomorrow's Offerings Comprise a List of Seasonable Bargains for Little Money.

Ready-to-Wear Values That Are Chick, Cheap and Snappy.

Nobby English Covert Jackets—self trimmed and satin lined $4.95

Jaunty English Pony Coats in the New Alice Greys—here tomorrow $5.95

Handsome New Covert Coats—tight fitting and self trimmed in graceful bands lined with heavy satin—at $9.50

$15.00 Covert Jackets in tight fitting models, handsomely trimmed and tailored lined with best satin linings—special at this sale tomorrow $12.50

New Eton Suits beautifully tailored and trimmed in handsome all-wool mixtures and the New Grey effect—worth $17.50—for tomorrow $13.50

A BARGAIN IN CRAVENETTE COATS.

25 Cravenette Coats in tans and greys just received and bought at a bargain. These goods are worth from $15 to $20.00 each. Tomorrow you may take your choice at $11.39

75c Ladies' Waists in light and dark Batistes—special at 50c

98c White Lawn Waists for 75c

$1.50 Handsome Lawn Waists in lace and embroidery trimmings for $1.19

$3.00 Dainty China Silk Waists—handsomely lace trimmed for $2.50

$4.50 China Silk Waists in long or short sleeves handsomely trimmed and special tomorrow for $3.50

$5.00 Silk Drop Petticoats in black and colored changeable effects. Bargain tomorrow at $3.98

Wash Goods Values

12½c Organdies Batistes in beautiful new patterns—per yard 8½c

25c Mannish Suiting in new spring wash fabrics—a bargain tomorrow at only 18c

10c Dress Ginghams in all new spring styles in fancy stripes, but in short lengths of from 5 to 15 yards. Cut to suit customers at 6½c

45c Silk Lace Striped Organdies—the very latest and choicest patterns of the season for—per yard 25c

Specials In Dress Goods

50c plain and fancy Mohairs just received—special tomorrow 39c

75c all-wool Taffetas, 44 inches wide, soft and clingy—in all the new popular spring shades—per yard 59c

69c Panama Cloths, 44 inches wide, hard twisted for long service—in black and colors—special tomorrow 50c

$1.25 all-wool shaded check in handsome light and medium weight mixtures—a genuine bargain tomorrow at $1.00

65c Louisine Silks, 22 inches wide in a big variety of popular colors—at per yard only 45c

$1.25 Black Taffeta Silk, 36 inches wide—guaranteed to wear—for per yard $1

Linen Specials

4,000 yards of Conway mills linen crash toweling—worth 8½c for 6c

25 dozen Crochet Bed Spreads—full size and silk at $1.00 for 75c

72-inch Unbleached Table Damask—a regular 50c quality—special at per yard 35c

$2.25 Marseilles bed spreads in very handsome Marseilles patterns—for only $1.69

50 dozen German Huck Linen towels—18x36—worth 17½c—each at only 12½c

65c Mercerized damask in 5 styles of patterns—per yard tomorrow 49c

$1.25 Bed Spreads in extra large sizes—tomorrow at a bargain $1.00

15c Striped and Polkadot Swiss in short lengths—big value 8½c

Miscellaneous Offerings

$2.50 Smyrna Rugs—30x60 inches in sizes—one hundred on hand for tomorrow's selling at only $1.69

45c Sofa Pillows—nicely covered in art silkoline with 4-inch fancy ruffle to match—special at 29c

10c Lana Oil Soap—tomorrow's price 6c

10c Crepe paper, Dennison's goods in all colors—sale price tomorrow 5c

Extra Specials in Underwear

Gents' Heavy Fleeced Underwear—the regular 50c kind for 39c

95c Ladies' Gauze Wool Vests and Pants at half price 45c

50c Ladies' Fleeced white or gray combination suits tomorrow—your choice for only 39c

Ladies' Lambs' Wool Underwear—the regular $1.50 kind tomorrow $1.00

$1.50 Gents' Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers—sale price tomorrow $1.10

Big Hosiery Values

19c Children's lisle finished hose—seamless and made with double knee for tomorrow at only 12½c

Ladies' 50-guage Combed Maco Cotton Hose—fast dye and seamless—worth 45c and regular silk finish for only 25c

39c Ladies' Ribbed Top Hose fleeced with high spliced heel and double soles—a bargain tomorrow for 25c

Ladies' out sizes in fleeced hose, 35c quality in genuine Imperial fast black dye—a bargain at only 25c

Beautiful Lace Curtain Ends.

In Irish Point, Point d'Esprite, Arabian and Brussels Net—varying in lengths from 1½ to 2½ yards long. Many come in pairs. Some in four and five of a kind and some only in odd pieces. The price these goods vary from $3.50 to $12.00 per pair in prefect goods, and the price tomorrow, while they last, is only..... 50c

A Complete New Spring Millinery Stock

2,000 Trimmed Hats on sale tomorrow. The prevailing and decided styles shapes and colors for the coming season.

QUEER PROFESSION.

Woman Who Calls Herself a "Jag Matron" Treats Drunks.

J. C. Trevier, in his lifetime, frequently went home much the worse for liquor. As frequently Mrs. Trevier wept bitterly at the sorry condition of her husband, says a Minneapolis correspondent of the Philadelphia Record. One night Trevier's unusual mood caused him to threaten the lives of their two babies, when the mother urged him, for their sakes, to give up "the habit." Instantly her motherly instinct prompted her to protect her children and told her how to do it. Frankly, what happened was that Mrs. Trevier laid her husband completely out. When he regained consciousness, the intoxicated man declared that he was sorry, and that he would never drink another drop. But the next day a member of his union slapped him on the back jovially, and said:

"Treve, I heard a good story about eye-openers last night. Come, have one and I'll tell it to you."

"Treve, having drunk one on the "brother," insisted on the "brother" having one "on him." The upshot was that Trevier didn't go to work that day. And the next he found his discharge hanging on the peg beside the time clock. The shock of this threatened to result fatally, and to fortify himself the man went out and took a bracer.

Thereafter, for more than five years Mrs. Trevier spent much of her time protecting her children and her home against the man who pitilessly took from her the wages she obtained from sewing taken in and spent them in a strenuous effort to maintain his steadily departing reputation as a "good fellow." One night he fell onto a street car track. They carried his lifeless body to his widow's poor home.

But in that bitter school of experience Mrs. Trevier learned a trade—perhaps it should be called a profession, now that she has developed it so well, and has made it so remunerative—that has enabled her to provide her home and her growing girls with every necessity and with all the luxuries desired.

"Jag Matron" is the title of the profession which she has originated. She has become the most important and useful person in a local sanitorium. Her experiences are decidedly picturesque.

"I had a lot of experience, and when I took up the work it was with the feeling that I knew what I was about," said Mrs. Trevier. "I think I can handle a 'bad' case better than a man. The innate gallantry of men is never more in evidence than when they are under the influence of liquor, and it is by this trait, which is almost a weakness, that I am able to control the patients under my charge.

"My work is varied. At times I am busy at the sanitorium, acting as a sort of mother to the poor fellows who come all broken up from the unequal fight. At other times I am on the road escorting patients to the hospital. Between their desire to drink everything in the buffet and to jump off the train and end their troubles, I have a lively time. But I manage to jolly them along somehow.

"Proposals of marriage are an everyday occurence, and I always accept them and trust to luck that the man will not want to sue for a breach of promise when he sobers up.

"One man I had to dope. He came in early one morning with his arms full of champagne bottles and the hackdriver followed him with two full cases of the stuff. He informed me that he was going to drink it all before he went to bed. I foolishly tried to hustle him off, and he knocked me into a corner, where I lay unconscious for the better part of an hour. When I recovered he was asleep, but when I tried to move him he insisted on drinking more. Turn about's fair play. I filled a glass for him and put knockout drops in it.

"This is queer business for a woman, I know; but I seem to have a special ability in this line and it pays better than anything else. I keep it up for the children's sake. Of course, I have a pride in my work and regard my patients as a doctor would regard his."

Mrs. Trevier's children are in a private girls' school. They do not like to have their mother doing what she does, and say as soon as they finish their education they are going to make her stop it and live with them.

PATENT "JAG" LOCK.

W. R. Smith is traveling through the West, introducing a series of patent locks for an Eastern man, says the Anaconda Standard. Mr. Smith spent two or three days in Butte this week, being a guest at the Finlen, and while there exhibited some of the new devices for keeping thieves out of houses, hen coops and coal sheds. He left for the South yesterday. The locks are of divers design, some being for doors of houses and some in the padlock brand, and in working out the door designs the man who invented them gave the man with the midnight jag especial consideration. This lock works with a combination knob, and is so arranged that a man possessing four sheets in the wind on a dark night can gain access to his home, provided he reaches the house without falling over the fence or down the stairway, with much less trouble than if the keyhole assumed the proportions of a port hole in a war vessel.

"Now, here is the lock that no burglar on earth can open," remarked Smith, picking up a door lock set in a wooden frame and giving the knob a few turns. "And here is one designed especially for the man with the jag," he added, picking up another. "This lock, you see, has a combination knob, and if a man can get hold of the knob and has ever handled it before he can open the door. Then if he is too full to close the door after him the lock is so arranged that it will close the door, and once closed, it is locked.

"The man who invented this device spent a lot of time in working out this problem and I think he has made the hit of his life. It is something that has been needed in the market for many years. Many persons in possession of inventive genius have devoted a lot of time to this novel phase of door locks, but my man is the only one that has accomplished the object. It fills the bill all right.

"At present there is not a lock in Butte, no matter whether it is on a door or chicken coop, that I cannot pick in less than 30 seconds. Some of those on store doors seem to be unpickable, but I can open any one of them with an ordinary screwdriver without breaking it or injuring it in the least.

"I have here a dozen buttonhooks, the points of which are bent in different shapes, and I can pick any padlock in the city with them. All I have to do is to take the lock and select from the hooks the one the point of which is in the proper shape and open the lock with it. The hotel barber here brought me a lock today and said he had lost the key to it; that the lock was so constructed that the key could not be duplicated, as he had taken it to a locksmith and tried to have a key made. Well, I took that lock and one of my buttonhooks and in less than ten seconds the lock was open.

"The devices here were designed to overcome the promiscuous opening of doors. Why, some of the lockpickers are so expert at the business that they can open a door in less than a half minute with one of these bent buttonhooks and then lock it again after the family plate and cash have been secured. A burglar, expert in the lockpicking line, never uses a jimmy to pry open a window."

MARCH 10th

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK

Under State Supervision.

New Location,

220 West Superior St.

Capital and Surplus, $105,000.00.

3% INTEREST ON SAVINGS

Accounts opened, (or deposits made), on or before March 10th will draw interest from March 1st and secure four months interest July 1st, 1906.

Open Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

VALUE OF TIME.

Boston Herald: A well-known professor of science at Harvard was walking past a farmhouse, and noticed the farmer feeding corn to his hogs. He embraced the oportunity to impart a little information.

"What are you feeding the hogs?" he asked.

"Corn," briefly answered the farmer, who neither knew nor cared who his questioner might be.

"Do you feed it to them wet or dry?" was the next query.

"Dry."

"Do you know that if you wet it they can digest it in half the time?"

The farmer had had enough of questioning, and replied, whimsically: "Look here; how much do you suppose them hogs' time is worth, anyhow?"

Store Opens Again Saturday,

March 10th, at 9:00 A. M.

We invite you to be here, as we know—and you will realize—on your arrival that it will pay you well to be here,

Saturday, March 10,
9:30 to 10 a. m.
Remember date and hour.

Lamps ½ Price

You find them in our basement—all lamps, fancy parlor lamps—hanging lamps, glass sewing lamps—all on sale—

$15.00 Lamps, this sale only $7.50
$10.00 Lamps, this sale only $5.00
$3.00 Lamps, this sale only $1.50
$50.00 Lamps, this sale only $25.00
$25.00 Lamps, this sale only $13.00

In the two days we were closed, we have arranged our stocks, placed a lot of new goods on display, and tried as far as possible to be ready to serve you in this Saturday rush.

Bring your checks to us, we have thousands of dollars with which to cash them.

COME IN THE MORNING!
We Offer Two Specials to Make it Pay You.

Saturday, March 10,
10:30 to 11 a. m.
Note carefully date and Hour.

½ Price on Stair and Hall Carpets

You find them on our second floor—in hemp Brussels, ingrains and sanitary ingrains.

Regular $1.00, this sale for 50c
Regular 95c, this sale for 48c
Regular 55c, this sale for 28c
Regular 45c, this sale for 23c
Regular 40c, this sale for 20c
Regular 35c, this sale for 18c
Regular 30c, this sale for 15c
Regular 20c, this sale for 10c

Doorway Draperies

are on our second floor—a fine array, in prices up to $14.00 per pair. They go at

30% Discount

from the old prices.

Dressers $80 Down to $6.75

are on our second floor. Princess patterns, the hotel patterns, and a beautiful line in golden oak await you. Several new patterns put on floor Friday.

25% From Old Prices

make these very cheap indeed.

Two Oak Bed Room Sets

each a three-piece set, go at

25% Discount

These are on second floor. The $150.00 set is in golden oak. It goes now at only $112.51. The other set is in hand-rubbed Waxed Oak.

Rugs and Art Squares

are on our second floor.

20% Reduction

$67.50 Squares are now but $54.00
$40.00 Bigelow Wiltons, 9x12 size, now $32.00
$40.00 Bagdad Wiltons, 9x12 size, now $32.00
$40.00 Selkirk Wiltons, 9x12 size, now $32.00

Tell the Conductor
on the Street Car where you want to go—the Street Railway Company does the rest.

Superior customers transfer at Garfield Avenue.

We Are Just Five Blocks West of Garfield Ave.

R. R. Foward & Co.
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Bring Your Cash,
Sale is for cash—no credit to any one as firm is quitting business in Duluth. No goods exchanged.

Goods Sold as They Appear on Display.

CHANGE IS CONSIDERED

Omaha Train From Chicago May Get Here Earlier.

Traffic Officials of Line Said to be Contemplating It.

Traffic officials of the Omaha road are said to be considering a change in the running time of the Chicago train, which now leaves the Windy City at 10 ,ŷ-y jhL.lmyeylUTo luth at 10:55 a. m.

It the change goes into effect, the train will probably leave Chicago at o'clock every evening and arrives in Duluth about 8 a. m. Local officials of the Omaha have not been notified of any changes as yet and no announcement has come from Chicago regarding it, but it was learned today from a reliable source that they may come about.

There have been many complaints, it is said, about the present schedule, and they have resulted in the contemplation of the changes by the officials of the line. Many Duluthians are found to be in favor of the new schedule, according to those who should know what they are talking about, and they say that the connections with the Eastern mail trains in Chicago would be practically as good as if the Duluth train left later in the evening.

The new schedule would permit the Duluthian in Chicago to leave after the business day is over there and arrive in Duluth in time to allow a whole day of work here. As it is, the train leaves so early that it does not permit of theater-going and a stranger is compelled to sit around a hotel lobby until train time.

Local postoffice authorities are said to have added their arguments to those of the others who want the change, as they are said to be dissatisfied with the present time of the Chicago train because it piles all the Eastern mail upon them in the middle of the day.

If the change did mean the delay of some of the mail from the East, it would be more than made up by the convenience of getting the Chicago mail at the beginning of the business day.

The talk of a change was heard first this time in Chicago, and it is thought that an important announcement will come from the road's offices in that city before very long.

Thus far there have been no rumors of a change in the leaving time of the southbound limited, which now leaves for Chicago at 5:30 p. m.

Indigestion is much of a habit. Don't get the habit. Take a little Kodol Dyspepsia cure after eating and you will quit belching, puffing, palpitating and frowning. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold by all druggists.

THE WAY OUT OF RED TAPE

How the Law is Broken at Washington in a Legal Way.

Decisions of the Comptroller of the Treasury Are Cited.

Washington, March 9.—Strange instances of how red tape in the government service may be cleared away, according to the necessities of the particular occasion, are becoming more numerous in these days of "constructive" interpretation.

One who peruses a dozen or more decisions of the comptroller of the treasury, in which judgment is passed upon the perplexing questions submitted to him by cabinet officers and their subordinates, is struck by the profusion of quotations from various decisions which have become a line of guidance for the present officials. These quotations invariably show the way out of the difficulty, even though the shading of the interpretations is sometimes very fine indeed.

Finding such instances of frequent occurrence, one wonders how such matters were decided in the early days of the government, when there was lacking such a large number of precedents upon which to base a decision. Speculation on that line is less profitable, however, than comment on some cases which have just been made of official record.

A case which the secretary of the navy submitted for ruling, regarding the reimbursement of a subordinate for traveling expenses, is an instance of this sort.

Wilson Reed, a timber inspector, was ordered on an official tour, starting from the Pensacola navy yard early in June last. In following out his instructions he got mixed up with some yellow fever quarantine regulations which detained him longer than the official orders authorized.

Finally he contracted the fever himself, so that he did not get back to his post until Nov. 15. While any private corporation would have been satisfied with a statement of fact to this effect, no official of the federal government is authorized to approve the payment of government funds except on evidence of proper orders having been given by competent authority, to cover the entire amount claimed as compensation.

Seeing that this red tape prevented any independent action on his part, the secretary of the navy submitted three questions for the comptroller of the treasury to rule upon. They were: Reed's lodging expenses for the time while he was quarantined could be paid by the government, when it was admitted he had similar sort, though the whole subject not been doing any work officially under the orders given him; whether his matter of the decision is the payment board for ten days while ill from the of ten or twelve street car rides, for fever could be allowed, in spite of the which a department clerk here in Wash official bugaboo that he couldn't suffer a ington claims reimbursement. Exactly whole day from yellow fever and still do how many times he rode is not officially a day's work for the government; and, stated, because the clerk did not specify thirdly, whether a ratification by the de whether he used tickets or paid cash. partment of the travel actually performed "will entitle Mr. Reed to reimbursement for proper expenses so incurred."

The case called for nothing but a strict interpretation of the law. The comptroller could not reply to the secretary of the navy in a friendly way that if the latter believed the claim was all right he might authorize its payment and nobody would have any objections. He had to follow the course prescribed in all the decades of past decisions of his office, refrain from any suggestions of sympathy with an afflicted fellow-public servant, and confine himself to the hard facts of the case. He did not have to seem extraordinarily hard-hearted in framing his answer to the first query. He gave the favorable reply that when any detention "is necessary and caused by the public authorities, as in the case of quarantine, and without fault of the employe, and he is in condition for service and holds himself in readiness therefore, he is entitled to reimbursement for proper expenses during such detention." This ruling follows one rendered in August.

As if complying with the seeming requirement of Government officials passing upon controverted points to display most careful fairness and judicial impartiality the comptroller's office swings to the government's side on the second point of inquiry. The ingratitude of republics has been bewailed by many a man in the public service, and one would think that Inspector Reed might include himself in that class after reading this particular part of the ruling. He, who risks the fever and finally falls ill of it in the course of his duly authorized travels, is coldly informed that he is not entitled to board at the expense of the government during his illness from fever, as "such illness was not incident to travel or the service."

Thus speaks the stern and conscientious governmental official in the discharge of his sworn duty to protect the government treasury from too indiscriminate raids upon its funds. "It was his misfortune," sympathetically comments the acting comptroller, "that he was not in condition for service during that time."

But then the official's evident thought of his sworn duty pressed forward again and he continues: "That he was sick was no fault of the government, and it should not be charged with any expense during that time."

There is a great fraternity of enthusiasm and sympathy among those who work for an easy boss like Uncle Sam. Experiencing a touch of this which could be reconciled to a stern enforcement of the law, the assistant comptroller sees his way clear to overcome the dire effect of this second ruling without the least abrasion or fracture of the law.

In answer to the third query he holds that the department's ratification of Inspector Reed's travel, "though not in obedience to his orders, will have the same effect in this case as an original order to authorize payment of expenses actually and necessarily incurred." This view, he takes pleasure in pointing out, follows the ruling made by the court of claims in the Alliderdice case, in which the court held that "the claimant satisfied the secretary that the route chosen by him was proper amid the circumstances, and ratification was as effective as an antecedent authority."

This final summary opens the way for Inspector Reed's full reimbursement for all the expenses incurred by him in his unfortunate expedition into the fever zone. Even though he began his journey on June 13, he can hardly be suspicious now that there is any omen of ill-luck in that number. Rather may he congratulate that a bad beginning makes a good ending.

The rights of the government have been expatiated upon officially and legal precedents quoted in support of both sides of the case, but the trail through the mazes of the law leads now into the open, and he sees his way clear to the plum tree which the secretary of the navy is authorized to shake for his benefit. So nobody is complaining, but, like the old story, every one is satisfied.

Another decision, which Comptroller Tracewell has just rendered, is of a matter of the decision is the payment of ten or twelve street car rides, for which a department clerk here in Washington claims reimbursement. Exactly how many times he rode is not officially stated, because the clerk did not specify whether he used tickets or paid cash. But, at any rate, he says it cost him 50 cents to go about the city on the government's business, and he thinks he ought not to be deterred from putting in his claim and getting his half-dollar back from the government, no matter how much it may cost the government in stationery, clerical services and expert legal advice to square the account.

He had the disbursing officer of the census office certify to the comptroller that he, the clerk, expended the money in collecting data for the census' financial schedule of the city of Washington. He claimed he was engaged in "field work" as fully as other men gathering census statistics away from home.

This much of the argument did not take well with the comptroller, who had a previous decision in handy reserve to knock out that contention. In that instance, he held that a man appointed to investigate the needs of the pneumatic mail service is not entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses incurred at his official domicile in Washington, D. C.

One would think the answer would be that the census office clerk would lose his half-dollar, but not so. The comptroller holds that under the peculiar and involved and intricate and all other kinds of circumstances surrounding the case in point, the ruling he quoted does not apply, and the clerk ought to get his money back.

Lest this ruling might strike any uninformed person as being too revolutionary, it transfers the location of blame, if any there be, to the census disbursing officer on the declaration that the payment is permissible only if the account is officially found to be correct. That is the end of the puzzle, and it is not hard to tell what the answer will be. It would be a good deal harder to figure out exactly how much it cost the government before the requirements of red tape had thus been satisfied.

"BURNING TREE" OF INDIA:

The leaves and stems of the "burning tree" of India are clothed with stinging hairs, somewhat like the common nettle, but of a far more virulent nature. When touched, the sensation felt is as of being burnt with red-hot iron, the pain extending over other parts of the body, and lasting several days.

The Best Boys' Shoes in Town

$1.50 TO $3 A PAIR.

PHILLIPS & CO.
218 West Superior St.

A COINCIDENCE

By W. Hanson Durham.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

A dreary, desolate bit of country road stretching wearily out to the westward and over the hills beyond. Down along the hot dusty highway this bright June morning, came a solitary figure with slow loitering steps, a calm, sweet faced, demure country maid, she seems, with her great brown eyes and crisp daintiness.

Straight along until she reached the weather beaten old apple tree leaning low with it's burden of pink and white blossoms over the tumbled down wall beside the road, and there beneath it's wide spreading shade she stood and looked wistfully over the wall into the field beyond dotted thick and white with great nodding field daisies. There was a man in the field mowing, and the soft musical swish of the scythe came pleasantly to her ears as it cut through the tall thin summer grasses. She looked longingly at the daisies, at the wall between and then at the man whose back was turned toward her, then quickly gathered her skirts about her, she approached the wall and called loudly to him.

"Please may I have some of the daisies?"

The man in the field straightened up and glanced slowly over his shoulder, then dropping his scythe he gauthered a huge armful of the weeds and strode quickly over to the wall and clearing the barrier with one bound he stood there in the road beside her.

"But I only wanted a few to—to tell my fortune with," she exclaimed as he held the coveted blossoms toward her.

"I—I wish you would take them all," he replied confusedly. "They are a nuisance anyway."

The girl made no reply, but smiled sweetly upon him as she took the proffered blossoms and then for a moment there was an embarrassing silence between them. The girl seemed almost unconscious of his presence there beside her for she was busily engaged in sorting and arranging her daisies, then carefully selecting the freshest and fairest of them all she turned suddenly to him and said rather coyly, but with adorable simplicity.

"If you will turn around, I'll give you this daisy."

Somehow, in surprise he quickly obeyed her, and stepping up a little closer she pinned it upon the lapel of his toil-stained frock and stepping back she glanced modestly up at his sunburnt face and blushed a little beneath his admiring look, and they both laughed confusedly.

"Thank you for the daisies," she said softly and with another dazzling smile upon him, the girl turned and walked slowly along down the road. The man lifted his battered old straw hat and stood there gazing wonderingly after her until she passed out of sight around the bend in the road.

Somehow they happened to meet again the next day at twilight and he turned and walked with her down the quiet country road. Thus each day as a summer grew, they met, walked and talked as they wandered through the fields and byways together, each seeming to find some peculiar liking in the native simplicity of the other. It was a happy, quickly passing summer which lengthened into gayer months with them, and Cupid, the little God of Love, was doing sharp target practice with his arrows on the hearts of them both.

The golden autumn days slipped unheeded from them and the fields grew brown with frozen stubble and the air held the chill of snow and coming winter, then one evening as they strode along the old familiar turnpike in the clearness of the cold moonlight, she told him in a way that filled his heart with surprise and a new fear, that she was going away.

"You are going away!" he exclaimed brokenly as he stopped short in the road and gazed fixedly at her.

"Yes," she answered quickly. "Tomorrow."

"And—and leave me here alone!" he muttered slowly.

"Now, John." She always called him John when she felt inclined to be serious. "You will come and see me, of course, after I get—home. Won't you?"

"When?" he asked, glancing hopefully at her.

For a moment she made no reply, then coming a little nearer she took his hand and replied earnestly.

"I want you to come Christmas eve. Will you promise?" she added quickly.

"I will come," he answered slowly as if half bewildered, and then she turned as if to leave him, but he stepped suddenly toward her with outstretched arms and a new look strong in his eyes, but she stepped quickly back and held him from her.

"No!" she cried chokingly. "Not now," and her lips quivered under control. "Wait until you come, and then—" and she smiled bewitchingly at him through her unshed tears and then she was gone, leaving him standing there in the road alone and confused.

Slowly, like one in a daze he went back again along the quiet country road up the hill, past the tumble down wall and the old apple tree and on to the old farmhouse beyond, muttering moodily to himself in his simple lonely way.

"She has gone," he mused dejectedly. "She has gone home—back to the city, and I must forget all about it—that is, after Christmas eve."

* * * * * *

It is Christmas eve in the city. The clocks have just struck the hour. At the right, just below the stone church on the corner from whose tower now peal forth the Christmas bells, stands a pretentious brick structure with imposing brown stone fronts. Within, in a magnificently furnished apartment a woman, fair as a field flower, is lounging luxuriously among the silken cushions of a Turkish divan. Here and there are a few potted ferns and palms scattered about and a faint subtle perfume fills the air. It reminds you of the green fields, the woods and the meadowlands, mingled with the pungent odor of Spanish leather and Egyptian cigarettes.

There is a look of eager expectation in the brown eyes of the woman who waits. Never had the days dragged so fearfully slow—and now he was coming—would find her waiting like an empress to yield to him the kingdom of her heart in the utter servitude of love.

The woman starts—flushes a little and then grows strangely pale for a moment. There is a step outside and the heavy draperies are brushed quickly aside and a man takes one step into the room, then stops suddenly half way to her as if in surprise or wonder. She rises to her feet and stands there tremblingly with one hand outstretched to greet him.

A man, not country clad, but in perfect evening dress with a solitary daisy in his lapel stands before her. He does not seem to see the outstretched hand to welcome his coming, and a touch of moisture gathers in the brown eyes of the woman and her lips quiver a little in a sweet, sad smile.

"John!" she gasped slowly—in surprise.

"Ellis!" he corrected quickly. "There is a slight change in names here, you know. We are no longer in country lanes," and he smiled cynically as he advanced a step and bowed formally.

"But—but I am the same. I have not changed," she said softly with a sob in her words, and she stretched out her hand entreatingly—pleadingly toward him.

"No, you are not the same!" he cried hoarsely. "You have deceived me. Do you know what you have done?" he went on quickly coming a step nearer. "You created a love within me for what I believed you to be—an innocent country girl—and now you have dragged me here, your rustic captive, to dazzle my eyes with your splendor," and he cast a look of contempt on the luxurious surroundings about him as he continued bitterly. "It was such as this that drove me from it—it was such as you that put me into frocks and overalls. I was tired of all its sham and emptiness."

The woman listened. "John!" she said softly. "I did not mean to deceive you. I thought you were of the country and that is why I cared—why I wanted you to come and see for yourself."

The man took a turn across the room and back. "Bah!" he interrupted cruelly. You sicken me now with your hypocrisy, your sham and your deceit," and he turned to go, but the woman was before him.

"John!" she began, coming a little closer to him and timidly taking his hand. "Listen! Hear what I say before you go. If I have deceived you—forgive me—for I have done only that which my love for you prompted me to do. It was because I would not deceive you. It is the truth, John, I swear it," she added as she caught the smile of doubt upon his lips. "Say you forgive me, John, say it—and then—go," and she clung to his hand desperately and knelt there beside him tearfully.

For a moment all was still save for a woman's gasping sobs and the merry chimes of Christmas bells outside, then pulling his hand from her, not rudely, but firmly, he stepped back and looked down into her upturned tearful eyes and pleading face and seeing the agony there, he muttered softly.

"What an actress! What perfect art!" and then turned and left her there, and without a glance back to where she lay in a huddled heap upon the floor, he went out into the street and the night, alone under the silent stars with the music of the Christmas bells ringing a requiem in his ears.

About Cocktails.

The morning cocktail is the banana peel on which so many slip when setting out on the path of reformation. —Sagebrush Philosophy.

A cocktail made of J. J. Wall's straight goods is just as smooth but not so slippery.

Cicero said that "It is a mark of great wisdom to take precautions against reverses of fortune"—such precautions, for instance, as buying a bit of real estate now and then, while able to do so. Do not let yourself overlook the real estate ads.

We Resole your Shoes While You Wait!

Other Shops Do It While You Linger.

There is a difference. Our "Ads" are copied, but not our work nor our equipment. **Goodyear Welt Resoling** (only improved method.) **Men's, 75c. Women's 60c.**
NAILED SOLES:—Men's, 50c. Women's, Misses' and Boys', 40c. Our prices on other work proportionately reasonable.

THE GOPHER SHOE WORKS
10 First Ave. W. Rear of Albenberg's.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS' PAGE

HOW MRS. WHITE RABBIT GOT EVEN WITH HER HUSBAND.

By Helena Davis.

In the long, long ago, when animals talked and acted liked people, there lived in the depths of a beautiful forest a most devoted couple of white rabbits who had been only recently married. But one day the young husband—without the slightest cause—became suddenly insanely jealous of his pretty wife who was the social favorite of the woods. So he decided upon a plan by which he might test his bride's affection and faithfulness.

One night while she slept he crept softly from the soft moss bed, which occupied the top chamber of the big hollow tree in which they lived and descended to the ground. Then he hurried to the home—another hollow tree—of a bachelor friend whom he intended to take into his confidence and ask to assist him in carrying out his plan. On arriving at his friend's apartments Mr. White Rabbit tapped on the side of the tree near the entrance, which was a great hole.

"Who seeks admittance here?" asked Mr. Bachelor Rabbit.

"Your neighbor and friend, Mr. W. Rabbit," answered the midnight caller.

"Come right up," called down the bachelor, rising on his elbow and looking down on the untimely visitor.

In another minute Mr. White Rabbit had entered his friend's private apartment, and in a shame-faced manner told of his plan to test his bride's affection and strength of character. Being a fop and a vain sort of chap devoid of principle, Mr. Bachelor Rabbit lent himself readily to the scheme and promised to aid the jealous husband in any way he could. The truth was, the foolish, light-brained fellow had admired Mrs. White Rabbit before her marriage, and his self-esteem led him to think that had he persisted in his suit he could have won her without doubt.

Mr. White Rabbit's plan was to go to the base of his own tree-home and stretch himself out and pretend to be dead. Then, Mr. Bachelor Rabbit was to take advantage of the hour by declaring his love for the wife who would, of course, suppose herself to be a widow. If she readily lent ear to his wooing, forgetting her husband so soon, Mr. White Rabbit would then know her love had never been of any depth for him, and he would immediately seek his revenge by sending her home in disgrace to her parents.

All this was talked over at length by the two plotters as Mr. Bachelor Rabbit got into his clothes, making a most careful toilet that he might impress Mrs. White Rabbit with his splendid appearance. Then the two descended to the ground and followed the path which led to Mrs. White Rabbit's home. Once at the foot of the tree Mr. White Rabbit stretched himself stiffly on the dead leaves, closed his eyes and softened his breathing. When all was in readiness for the important moment Mr. Bachelor Rabbit tapped quickly and excitedly at the opening which led into the tree-house. In an instant Mrs. White Rabbit's head was thrust out and she asked in her sweetest accents: "Who is below?"

"My dear Mrs. White Rabbit, come down at once. Your husband has suddenly died of heart failure. He lies here as stiff as any corpse I have ever had the misfortune to look upon."

"All right, I'll come right down; but first let me arrange my hair a bit. I couldn't let you see me in my nightcap." And the pretty white head was drawn inside the upper opening, which served as a window to the up-stairs apartment.

"Oh, my fears were well-founded," said the husband under his breath. "She doesn't care a snap about me. She is heartless."

But he had no time to say anything more, for down the tree came Mrs. White Rabbit, humming a tune. She came to the side of her husband—who immediately held his breath—and looked down upon him in a queer sort of way. "You say my husband is dead?" she asked in a most unconcerned manner.

"Yes, my dear lady," said Mr. Bachelor Rabbit. Then assuming a more tender tone, he said. "Now that you are a widow I beg the privilege of declaring my love. Permit me to throw myself at your feet"—

"Clear out of here, you villain!" exclaimed Mrs. White Rabbit, turning upon

"Clear out of here, you villain!"

"No, I was not asleep at all," said Mrs. White Rabbit. "I heard you go down stairs, and I watched to see where you were bound for. At first I feared you were ill and going to consult the physician, not saying anything to me about it, in consideration of my peace of mind, for you know that, through my deep love for you, I always worry myself into a nervous state whenever you are ailing. So I threw on my robe and ran after you. But to my astonishment I saw you turn into that old fop's—Bachelor Rabbit's—house. So I grew a bit curious to know what could have taken you there at such an hour. I stood below and overheard the whole plan discussed between you two. Then, as you were about to make ready to come home, I ran off as fast as I could and gained our bedroom before you had time to overtake me. Now, what have you to say in explanation of your ugly suspicion of me, and the compromising position you would have willingly placed me in at the mercy of that unscrupulous Bachelor Rabbit, whom I always did detest."

"Oh, my darling and truthful little wife, I humble myself in the dust before you and beg your forgiveness. If you knew that all I did was prompted by my blind love for you I am sure you would not be too hard upon me. Please grant me your forgiveness. I shall go and fetch Bachelor Rabbit, and force him to apologize to you, and take an oath to me to never betray my dishonorable conduct of tonight, for by so doing your name would be on the tongues of the curious. I am a guilty fellow, and realize I do not deserve your forgiveness and love. But from this minute I shall be another rabbit if you will not throw me off."

Being only a dear, loving and forgiving little wife, what could Mrs. White Rabbit do but forgive her husband, who she knew loved her too dearly for his own peace of mind. So she took his hands and said, with a meaning little smile—for she felt she was justified in tantalizing her thoughtless, jealous husband a bit: "Well, I know you do not deserve my mercy, and I should go right home to my parents, but—well, love is stronger than reason, so I stay and forgive, and try to forget."

Then the poor fellow jumped up and embraced his beloved little wife, and together they went into their house. The next morning before breakfast Mr. White Rabbit hurried to the tree of Mr. Bachelor Rabbit to demand from him an apology to his wife, but, to his surprise, he found the tree empty and all Mr. Bachelor Rabbit's clothing gone. He had packed in the night and set off for another settlement, feeling, doubtless, that he could never endure to meet Mrs. White Rabbit and suffer her contempt and scorn.

And from that day the couple of White Rabbits lived in sweet peace and happiness, for Mr. White Rabbit never again gave himself over to the temptings of the green-eyed monster—jealousy.

In Pairs

Two little eyes are better than one:
Two little feet can go at a run.
Two little ears can hear laughter gay:
Two little hands can clap, clap at play.
Two little arms can work with a will:
Two little lips can rarely keep still.
Two little cheeks of bright rosy-red
Set in the front of one dear little head,
In which there's one mind
To guide all the ways
Of our dear little man
Through his sweet childhood days.

ANNIE JAMES.

Don'ts for Boys and Girls.

Don't forget your good manners when there is no company present. You owe the same courtesy to the members of your own family that you owe to outsiders.

Don't sing or whistle at the table during meals, and don't forget to say "please" and "thank you" to those who wait upon you at the table. This rule of politeness should apply to servants as well as to those who are seated at the table with you.

Don't leave your rooms untidy when going out of them in the morning, for no one knows so well as yourself where your clothing should be folded or hung.

Don't speak in a loud, excitable voice, and always avoid being "noisy" or boisterous. Very loud laughter is also objectionable. One may enjoy cheerful conversation and merry laughter without being heard outside the room where it is indulged in.

Don't intrude your company where you think it is not welcome. There are times when your dearest friends have reasons for not wishing to see you.

Don't ask personal questions. It is extremely rude, to say the least, to pry into the private affairs of others.

SYLLABLE ENIGMA.

My first is laid at the door:
My second is made into bread:
My third none can live without:
My whole is the happy state which
Perpetuates human life.

Ans., Mat—rye—money.
(Matrimony)

That Terrible Beast that Comes at Night.

There's a great big beast
Called the Jubber-o'nock,
And he comes when the day is dead.
He peeps in your room
When the lights are out,
'Less you cover up tightly your head.

He prowls around and
Hides in some place,
As soon as the night wears away.
Then you see nothing more
Of old Jubber-o'nock
While the sun shines and makes it broad day.

Just how he does look
Nobody can tell,
For none have seen him, you know.
But he surely has horns,
And long wings as well,
And like a big rooster can crow.

Some say h has jaws
Like a huge crocodile;
And like a fierce dog he can bark:
And others do say that
He's formed like an owl
And can see only when it is dark.

And some who are wise
(Billy Brand, for example)
Say he's built like a huge-bellied whale;
That he flies through the air
With lightning-like speed,
Using his tail for a sail.

And there's young Tommy Smart,
Who declares he has heard
Old Jubber-o'nock mew like a cat;
And heard his wings flap,
And his claws scratch, scratch,
So he knows he is formed like a bat.

But it doesn't matter much
How old Jubber-o'nock looks;
It's the THOUGHT not the SIGHT,
scares one so.
And in bed under cover
We shiver and shake,
A-wishing the old beast would go.

MAUD WALKER.

MYRTLE'S EXPERIENCE WITH PRINCE MAGIC.

By Maud Walker.

"Oh my, oh my! How I long to be rich," sighed little Myrtle Grey as she hurried home from school one evening, wading knee-deep through the snow. "I'd never walk when it's cold, nor I'd not walk when it's hot. I'd have an automobile, and a carriage, too. And we'd have servants to wait on us and a nursemaid to tend baby. Mamma should dress perfectly grand, and I'd have so many silk dresses that they could not be counted: And I'd never go to school—could I have all the money I wanted and might do as I please."

Here her soliloquies were interrupted by arrival at her own gate, and in another moment she was stamping the snow off her feet on the porch. "Here's mother's daughter," cried her mother, opening the door. Then, after kissing her baby brother, Myrtle took off her wraps and warmed herself before the cheerful fire in the grate. "Now, dear," her mother said, "I want you to take care of baby while I run down town to market and get some chops for supper. The dear fellow has been in the most frolicsome mood all afternoon, and will doubtless fall asleep if you lie on the rug by the fire with him. He ought to have a nap before supper."

As soon as her mother had closed the door behind her Myrtle took the baby brother and cuddled down on the big black fur rug that lay before the fire. "Don't you wish we were as rich as rich can be, Babe?" asked Myrtle, returning to the train of thought that had occupied her on her road from school that evening. "If we were you'd have a maid to watch you and I would go out for a fine sleigh ride. Then I'd come home to a big supper—with ice-cream, a lot of different kinds of salads and every kind of cake and cold chicken. Oh, how we'd feast. And papa would never have to do any more work, either. He could dress like a king, if he wished to and belong to fashionable clubs."

But baby was getting drowsy and nodded his curly head, making no answer. Fixing his pillow Myrtle put his head on it, herself lying down beside him. But just as she did so the front door opened and in walked the funniest, shortest and grayest little old man she had ever beheld. He came right up to the edge of the rug and said: "My pretty little daughter, you expressed a wish to be rich. Are you really serious?"

"Yes sir," half whispered Myrtle, a bit afraid of the intruder.

"And do you wish all that goes with riches, little one?" the old man asked, smiling very gently.

"Oh, yes sir, I should love to be rich and live just as the richest do, with servants, automobiles, clubs, fine clothes—everything, you know."

"Well, I'm none other than the Prince Magic, and I can grant all your wishes. But first, allow me to present to you several pictures—in which you will figure, and experience every sensation as though you were really passing through these scenes in real life. Then, if you still desire to have riches and all that usually go with them—very well; your wishes shall be granted."

So saying the old man waved a wand and the room became dark, while on the wall over the mantel there grew a picture, so true to life it was that Myrtle felt herself lifted up to it, becoming, as the old man had told her, a part of it. About a beautiful, well-laden dinner table she saw her father, mother and herself seated. The room about them was elegant in every detail. At the head of the table her father was splendid in full dress and the snowiest linen, while her mother opposite him was dazzling in satin and jewels. Myrtle saw herself in dainty mull over china silk with real lace at her neck and elbows. A sash of richest silk knotted about her waist. Then she looked at her father's face which was much changed from its usual jolly, healthy appearance. A careworn look hovered round his eyes, and the corners of his mouth turned downward in a most dyspeptic manner. His form had become thin and his shoulders drooped, the padding in his coat shoulders giving him a most comical figure. He did not eat with any show of relish, toying merely with his knife and fork and sending many of the dishes away untouched. Myrtle then turned her eyes on her mother who had grown florid and shockingly fat, her chin lying over her throat in a roll. Her arms and hands, which glittered with gems, were too fat to be graceful any more as in the days before their owner had grown rich. She ate heartily of the rich viands, talking society gossip all the time to which her husband replied in sour monosyllables.

In walked the funniest, shortest and grayest little old man she had ever beheld.

In a mirror that hung on the panelled wall Myrtle caught a glimpse of her own face. It was no longer rosy and healthy, but looked pale and a bit thinner than was usual. Her hair was done in the latest fashion for young girls and a diamond ring shone on a finger of her left hand. She was attempting to enjoy the dinner in front of her, but the food seemed tasteless, owing to her having gorged candy, figs, fruits and nuts all afternoon. And how listless she felt, just as though she had lost the use of her limbs, for she had neither run nor walked for so long, riding everywhere in a carriage or automobile.

Suddenly the picture faded from sight and another came in its place. Myrtle saw her baby brother in the care of a nurse who was putting him in his cab preparatory to going out for the air. The little fellow's hand caught in the sleeve and the nurse, becoming angry, jerked his hand roughly, hurting him till he began to cry. Then the heartless nursemaid shook and scolded the baby who, through fright, stopped crying, his little lips quivering pitifully. Myrtle's heart swelled with indignation. "How dare she treat brother so?" she cried. "Where is mamma that she doesn't look after brother?"

"Your mamma is at a bridge-whist party," informed the old man. "When she leaves there she will stop for a few minutes at a 'mothers' meeting,' after which she'll hurry home to dress for the opera. Being a rich society woman she cannot possibly find time to look after her children."

"Well, where is papa, then?" asked Myrtle. "He should look after baby when mamma is away."

"Your papa is at a yacht-club meeting. He intends racing for the cup, and he has no time now to think of other matters," informed the old man.

"Then I should look after brother," urged Myrtle as she saw the nursemaid wheeling baby out of the house.

"No, it is time for your spin in your auto," explained the old man. "You are now being dressed by your maid for the ride. But before you go you may follow your little brother in the care of his maid."

Then again the picture changed and Myrtle saw her baby brother lying in his cab out in the park. The little dear had fallen asleep and his eyes were turned towards the sun. Myrtle knew this would ruin his dear blue eyes for her mother had always been so careful to shade his sleeping eyes from a strong light. And his tiny hands were out from under the soft robe and looked blue with the cold. The nursemaid was busy flirting with a policeman, and had no eyes for her charge. Pretty soon baby moved uneasily and began to cry. He must have been stiff from lying in one position so long. The nursemaid ran to him, took a little bottle out of her pocket and gave the baby a drug which soon put him to sleep. Then she resumed her flirtation.

"I don't want to see any more of that horrid nurse," cried Myrtle. "She shall be discharged."

"Very well, here is another picture which may be more pleasing." And the old man caused the picture on the wall to fade away and another one to appear in its place. There, before her eyes ran a beautiful speedway following a walled embankment. Around the curve in the road came an automobile in which Myrtle saw herself seated. The chauffeur was driving the great car with all its power of speed. Beside Myrtle sat a long-nosed, spectacled sour-looking governess who grumbled at the dust and everything in general. Myrtle herself looked quite unhappy. She rode along in a listless frame of mind. Somehow, she did not find a life of idleness and pleasure quite so desirable as she had one time fancied it would be. At home, in their grand mansion, she went up and down stairs in the elevator, doing nothing that called for the least exertion. Therefore, she was becoming so weak that even riding fatigued her greatly. As she never attended school now—saying a few French lessons over to the sour governess each morning just for form's sake—her mind was becoming a blank.

Just as Myrtle was on the point of closing her eyes, through very weariness, the automobile rushed round a corner and there in the road were several of Myrtle's former schoolmates going home from public school. Seeing the auto coming behind them the gay children stepped from its path to let it pass. As she flew by them Myrtle's heart gave a longing throb—a throb to be once more her old self and attending the dear old school with her beloved comrades. All the sweet old times crowded upon her memory, and it seemed to her that going to school had been the greatest pleasure, after all. The very study in itself had been interesting, and no longer seemed a hardship.

Then suddenly something dreadful happened. The chauffeur lost control of the automobile, and it shot off towards the high stone wall at their right. Instantly Myrtle knew that death stared her in the face. With a sensation of sickening fear and horror she sprung to her feet to leap when—lo, she opened her eyes! Beside her on the rug slept baby. The room had grown quite dark, only the firelight from the grate lending its dim glow to the apartment. She rubbed her eyes and looked about for the old Prince Magic. No one save herself and baby were in the room. "What, have I been dreaming all that?" she asked herself.

Just then the hall door opened and in came her mother, her face glowing from contact with the winter air. Her eyes were sparkling and she came to her little ones with such a sweet, loving smile on her face. Stooping to kiss them she said: "Was I gone a long time daughter?"

"Long enough for me to have the strangest dream you ever heard of, mamma," said Myrtle. "And that dream has opened my eyes to some things, too. But I'll tell you all about it in the kitchen as we get supper."

"Yes, dear, we must hurry about supper, for papa will come home soon, and he will be about starved. I've got the finest chops and crispest celery that I could find in the market."

"Oh, it is so nice not to be rich," said Myrtle. "It is so nice to live as we do, all together and loving one another; and all so healthy and happy—each doing his share of the work."

Then as she flew about setting the supper table Myrtle told her mamma of the visit from Prince Magic and the pictures he had shown her.

"It is a pity that all people cannot have a visit from old Prince Magic and be shown his pictures," said mamma, kissing Myrtle tenderly. "The world would be less selfish and more contented with just enough to be comfortable on, could all understand what you have learned in the brief space of time that it took mamma to get chops for supper."

The Sioux Indians.

Among the many wild and warlike Indian tribes that occupied the Continent of North America, when the white man first came to its shores, was the family (not a tribe, for it was composed of many tribes) that was known as the Sioux, although they called themselves the Lacotah. Of all the redmen this Indian family was the most intelligent and cleanly in their habits. One tongue was spoken by all the tribes belonging to the Sioux family, and theirs was a language rich in words as compared with the tongues of other tribes. The words were expressive and sounded soft and pleasant to the ear.

A Sioux Brave

Physical, the Sioux Indians were well-developed, being tall, strong and athletic. They were polygamists, but the plurality of wives did not seem to breed domestic troubles, for all lived peaceably together, the wives of each warrior working together like sisters for the common welfare of the family group.

A LESSON IN PAINTING A PICTURE

Cut out the above picture and paste smoothly on a piece of cardboard. When dry take your water colors and paint it according to the following instructions:

Paint the wall down to the floor-line a pale yellow, leaving the floor white. Paint the waiter's face chocolate, his coat and trousers black, leaving his apron white. Paint the elephant a dark greyish-brown, his cap and neck-frill bright red. The clown may have a bright purple cap and neck ruff and bright green suit with orange polka dots. His shoes may be purple, like his cap. The dishes may have touches of delft blue, and the sides of the cloth may be shaded with delicate grey to suggest shadow. The elephant's stool may be painted red.

A UNIQUE PARTY FOR LITTLE ONES.

"Will you please come at two
To my garden fair,
And help pluck the fruit
That is growing there?"

So ran the little rhyme that occupied the center of an invitation card which a little miss sent out to her many friends, bidding them to a party which was to be given in honor of her birthday.

And what a question it roused in the minds of the recipients of the invitations! "Fruit that was growing in a garden fair" in the frozen month of February! So it was with much eager anticipation, sweetened with child's curiosity, that the little ones looked forward to the afternoon of promised festivity.

Each guest was bidden to follow where the gay ribbon led.

At last the day arrived, and the little guests, after laying off their wraps in a chamber up stairs, were led to the big hall where a great loose knot of gay ribbon-ends hung over the banister post. This knot held a ribbon-end for each guest, the little hostess' mamma untying them and handing them about. Then each guest was bidden to follow where the gay ribbon led, rolling the ribbon into a ball as he went along on his journey. At the hidden ends of the ribbons the hunters would come upon "the garden fair" where they would enjoy the reward of their labors.

And what excitement and fun they enjoyed as they followed the mysterious labyrinth through which their guiding ribbons led them before reaching the promised garden. Around sofas, under chairs, over tables, behind the piano, into adjoining rooms, back again to the parlor or hall, no two ribbons leading over the same route, the laughing little ones followed the puzzling road, which, at last, led each to a place behind a tall screen where stood a beautiful evergreen tree from whose limbs hung every sort of fruit that the hostess' mamma could find in a Northern market.

As soon as the tree was reached by a little hunter the screen was removed; so that there might be no crowding of children and tangling of ribbons, for each ribbon was tied to the stem of a piece of lucious fruit. Then, when the "garden fair" was seen each ribbon-holder followed with new interest his "lead," so that he might be the next to gain the beautiful tree that grew so many kinds of fruit.

And then came the joy of plucking the fruit. There were great rosy apples, pale, juicy pears, rich, yellow oranges, bunches of purple and white grapes and delicious figs. After each guest had gathered the fruit to which his ribbon led him the crowd was bidden to the dining-room to enjoy eating it. There they were seated about a long table on which dainty sandwiches, fancy little cakes, nuts and tiny cups of weak tea were placed before them, and where they plied the freshly gathered fruits into a pyramid in the center of the table, to be partaken of at the end of the feast.

Thus they had seen the mystery of "a garden fair, with fruit growing there," solved in the frozen month of February.

MARY GRAHAM.

The Morning and Evening Stars for 1906.

The planet Venus began as morning star with the new year and continues as such till February 14, after which date she is the evening star till November 30, and then becomes morning star again until the end of the year.

The planet Mars will be evening star till July 15th, and then morning star the remainder of the year.

The planet Jupiter is evening star till June 10, after which date he is morning star till December 28, and then evening star the balance of the year.

The planet Saturn begins as evening star and continues as such till February 24, after which date it is morning star till September 4, and then evening star till the end of the year.

Conundrums

Why was Noah like the modern "confidence man?"
Because he "took all in."
When is a home like a smoothing iron?
When a flat.
When are stewpans like our eyes?
When they are lidded.
When is beefsteak like pearls?
When rare.

NO SIGN OF THE BOTTOM

Wheat Market is Very Weak and Slumps Another Cent.

Flax Strong on Small Argentine Shipments—Foreigners Buyers.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 9.—The bears were in high glee this morning and from the opening of the market had things their way, though prices naturally steadied somewhat during the morning. Argentine shipments were 800,000 bus greater than Broomhall had estimated, weather everywhere was favorable and there was practically nothing in the situation that bulls could hang any hope on. Liverpool was ⅝d lower; Berlin, ⅝c lower, and Budapest, ⅝c higher. The Modern Miller's report was bearish, being as follows:

"Fewer complaints have been received of unfavorable conditions of winter wheat crop; most of these claim poor stands and are confined to small areas. Generally satisfactvtory reports are now coming from Kansas and Nebraska where drought conditions had been prevalent. Good snows have fallen in the sandy soil section of Western Kansas. Prospects on the Pacific coast continue excellent, especially in Northwestern states."

Shippers today received word of a decrease of ½c in the rate on grain between Buffalo and the seaboard for wheat shipped after the opening of navigation.

The May option fell ⅞c in Duluth, and New York, 1⅛c in Chicago, 1c in Minneapolis and Kansas City, 1-½c in St. Louis and ⅝c in Winnipeg. The July option fell ⅞c in Duluth, New York and Kansas City, ⅞-1c in Chicago and Minneapolis and ⅝-¾c in St. Louis.

Corn was very sick and the bears hammered it as hard as they did wheat. The May option in Chicago fell 1½-¼c and Liverpool was ¼ to ½d lower. May oats in Chicago fell ⅝-¾c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 62, against 23 last year, and at Minneapolis 363, against 249 last year, making a total of 425 for the Northwest, against 272 last year. Chicago received 1, against 23 last year. Winnipeg received 183, against 60 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 457,000 bus, last year, 408,000 bus. Shipments, 177,000 bus; last year, 273,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 217,000 bus.

Argentine shipments of wheat for this week aggregate 4,392,000 bus, against 3,488,000 bus last week and 4,072,000 bus last year. Since Jan. 1, shipments have aggregated 23,212,000 bus, against 25,885,-000 bus in the same period a year ago, a decrease of 694,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 372,000 bus; last year, 696,000 bus. Shipments, 535,000 bus; last year, 463,000 bus. Clearances were 452,000 bus. Agentine shipments of corn this week amount to 263,000 bus, against 165,000 bus last week and 128,000 bus last year. The total since Jan. 1 is 3,209,000 bus, against 7,332,000 bus in the same period a year ago.

Wheat was active in the Duluth market. The May option opened 1c lower at 75¾c and by 9:40 had advanced to 76¼c. It then fell to 75⅞c at 9:57, and after that had only occasional slight rallies. The closing price was 75⅞c, a loss of ⅞c from yesterday. July wheat was inactive and closed at 77½c, a loss of ⅞c from yesterday.

Flax was quite active and stronger. The small Argentine shipments caused a bullish feeling. The foreigners were good buyers here. Flax opened 1½d higher in London and closed ⅝d up. Argentine shipments of flax this week were 643,000 bushels, as compared with 824,000 bushels for last week and against 1,528,000 bushels last year. It is estimated that the flax in store in Duluth will increase 180,000 bushels this week. May flax opened ⅝c higher at $1.13 and advanced to $1.14⅜, afterwards falling to $1.13⅝ and ranging between that and $1.14⅞ during the rest of the session. The closing price was $1.14⅜, a gain of 1⅞c over yesterday. July flax opened 1½c higher at $1.15½, fell to $1.15¼, and advanced to $1.16½, closing at $1.16, a gain of 2c over yesterday. September flax opened ¼c higher at $1.13½ and advanced to $1.14¾, closing at $1.16, a gain of 1⅞c over yesterday.

Oats to arrive and on track were ¾c lower and May oats ⅝c lower. Rye was 1c lower and barley unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 74⅜c; No. 2 northern, 72½c; on track, No. 1 northern, 74⅜c; No. 2 northern, 72½c; May, 75⅞c; July, 77½c; September, 77 c; durum, No. 1, 71c; No. 2, 68c. Flax—To arrive, $1.12½; on track, $1.12½; May, $1.14⅜; July, $1.16; September, $1.15; October, $1.13½. Oats—To arrive, 28½c; on track, 28½c; May, 28½c. Rye, 56c; barley, 37-45c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 62, last year, 23; oats, 17; barley, 14; flax, 35, last year, 15.

Receipts—Wheat, 26,017; oats, 43,132; rye, 4,648; barley, 26,838; flax, 15,561.

Shipments—Wheat, 2,700; oats, 2,250; barley, 8,888.

Cash Sales Friday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.74⅞
No. 1 hard, 4 cars	75
No. 1 hard, 7,786 bus	74¼
No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	74⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	74⅛
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74⅝
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	74¾
No. 1 northern, 1,500 bus	73¾
No. 1 northern wheat, 4 cars	72⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	72¾
No. 2 northern, 1 cars	73
No. 2 northern, 1 car	73½
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars	71
No. 3, 3 cars	71¾
No. 3, 1 car	71½
No. 3, 1 car	72
Durum wheat, 2 cars No. 1	71
Durum, 1 car No. 2	68
Durum, 1 car, No. 3	65
Durum, 1 car No. 3	66
Durum, 1 car No. 4	62
Flax, 1 car	1.11
Flax, 2 cars	1.11⅝
Flax, 8 cars	1.12
Flax, 1,200 bus	1.11¼
Flax, 2,000 bus	1.12¼
Rye, part car No. 2	56
Rye, 1 car No. 2	57½
Barley, 4 cars	38
Barley, 2 cars	39
Barley, 1 car	39½
Barley, 1 car	40
Barley, 1 car	42½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Flood of Bearish Statistics Causes Sharp Decline in Wheat.

Chicago, March 9.—A flood of bearish statistics caused a sharp decline today at the opening of the wheat market. Almost all of the traders were on the selling side and there were few buyers. The weather conditions were favorable for the crop, the Liverpool cables were lower, the shipments from Argentina were in excess of previous estimates and the exports from India increased. There was a break of about 1c from the closing of yesterday, but the market steadied somewhat at the end of the first half hour on covering by shorts. May wheat opened ⅝@⅞c to 1@1¼c lower at 70¼@⅝c to 76⅝c and declined to 76⅜c, advanced to 76½c and reacted to 76⅜c, where for a time it held steady. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 426 cars, against 302 cars last week and 295 cars a year ago.

The low point for the May option was reached at 76¼c. During the last half hour the market held quite steady. The close was steady with May down 1⅛c at 76⅜@⅝c.

The corn market was weak, partly in sympathy with wheat and estimates. May corn opened ¼@⅜c lower at 43¼@⅜c, sold up to 43⅜@¼c and declined to 43¼c. Local receipts were 140 cars, with 2 of contract grade.

Local bears pounded the market with effect, forcing the May option to 42⅜@¼c. A decline of ¼@½c in the price of cash corn also weakened the market. The close was weak with May down 1⅛@1¼c at 42⅜@½c.

There was little trading in oats and the market was easy along with other grains. May opened ⅜c to ½@¼c lower at 30@30¼c and declined to 29¾@30c. Local receipts were 105 cars.

The market in provisions was barely steady, notwithstanding an advance of 10c in the price of live hogs. There was very little trading, the pork market being especially dull. May pork was down 10c at $15.70. Lard opened unchanged at $7.80 and declined to $7.77½@7.80. Ribs were 2½c lower at $8.25 and broke to $8.25@.

Close: Wheat—May, 76⅜@¼c; July, 77c. Corn—May, 43⅜@¼c; July, 42¾c. Oats—May, 29½c; July, 28¾c. Pork—May, $15.57½; July, $15.57½. Lard—May, $7.75@7.77½; July, $7.87½. Ribs—May, $8.20; July, $8.25. Rye—Cash, 63c; May, 60@½c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.12; Southwestern, $1.07; May, $1.12. Clover—Cash, $12.25. Timothy, $3.15. Barley—Cash, 37@39c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 79½@80½c; No. 3 red, 77½@78½c; No. 2 hard, 74½@77½c; No. 3 hard, 71½@75½c; No. 1 Northern, 76½@78½c; No. 2 Northern, 74½@78c; No. 3 spring, 72@76½c. Corn—No. 2, 40¾@41¼c; No. 3, 40@41¼c. Oats—No. 2, 29½@29¾c; No. 3, 29@¼c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75¾	75½	76⅞	85⅞
High	75⅞	75⅞	77⅛	86⅜
Low	75⅝	75	76¼	83⅝–¼
Close	75⅞B	75¾A	76⅞@⅛B	83⅝A
Close S	76¾	76⅜	77½–⅝	84¼
July—				
Open	77¾	77	77	83¼
High	77¾–⅞	77¼	77¼	83⅜
Low	77¼	76¾	76¾	83
Close	77½B	77½–⅝B	77B	83⅛B
Close S	78⅜	78½	77⅞–78	84
September—				
Open	76⅞	77	77	72⅞
High	76⅞	77⅜	77⅜	72⅞
Low	76½–⅝	76¾	76¾	85⅜
Close	77¼B	76¾–⅞A	77⅛	85⅝A
Close S	77½	77⅞	77⅜	86⅜
St. Louis—			Close 9.	Close 8.
May		74¾–⅞	75⅞–76	
July		74¾	75½–⅝	
Kansas City—				
May		71–¼	72–¼	
July		69⅝–¾	70½–⅝	
Winnipeg—				
May		74	74⅝	
July		75⅜	76⅛	

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	30–¼	43⅜B	$15.70
High	30¼	43⅜–½	15.75
Low	29½	42⅜	15.57
Close	29½B	42⅜–½B	15.57

Minneapolis Flour.

Minneapolis, March 9.—Thursday's firmness in wheat brought in domestic orders and some foreign inquiries for flour today. First patents, $4@4.10; second patents, $3.80@3.90; first clears, $3.50@3.60; second clears, $2.40@2.55. Shipments, 43,726 bbls.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, March 9.—Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, dull; March, 6s 5¾d; May, 6s 4¾d; July, 6s 4¾d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s ¼d; American mixed, old, 4s 7½d; futures, steady; March, 4s 1d; May, 4s 2d.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 5; No. 1 Northern, 20; No. 2 Northern, 15; No. 3 spring, 13; No. 4 spring, 1; No. 1 durum, 2; No. 2 durum, 4; No. 3 durum, 2; total of durum, 8; total of wheat, 62; yast year, 23.

Flax—No. 1, 35; total of flax, 35; last year, 15.

Oats, 17; barley, 14.

Total of all cars, 128; cars on track today, 182.

New York Grain.

New York, March 9.—Close: Wheat—May, 83⅞c; July, 83¼c; September, 82⅜c. Corn—May, 48¾c; July, 48¼c; September, 49⅜c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 9.—Close: Wheat May, 75⅞c; July, 77½@⅞c; September, 76¾@7⅞c; No. 1 hard, 75⅝c; No. 1 northern, 74⅜c; No. 2 northern, 72⅜c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market was weak and reached a new low point, with the closing slightly up from the bottom. The ideal weather and prospects for new crop is making a strong impression on the former bulls. The market has had a lot of liquidation, and this naturally places it in a less vulnerable position. The action of the market today suggests clearly that, notwithstanding the pounding to which prices were subjected, the urgent liquidation was not in evidence. It is a weak market and unsettled, to be sure, but this can be attributed in part to the reactionary tendency of coarse grains. Until conditions change, we would sell wheat on the natural speculative rallies.

Corn and Oats—There could be no mistaking of today's market in the coarse grain list; it was liquidation, and by far the worst decline we have had for some time. Cash prices showed an easier tendency, corn being ½@⅝c lower. A dragging tendency of the market early gave courage to the bears, and the weakness in wheat early discouraged long holders. The close was weak enough to warrant the belief that further decline would take place. The government report coming tomorrow is expected to show larger reserves than ever before.

Provisions participated in the general bearish feeling of other pits. Local buyers were inclined to take profits or hold off, giving the bears considerable room to operate before bring lower prices. We feel purchases made on the reactions will be rewarded with profit.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—Bears were in control of the wheat market all day and it seems that they slipped the last fraction off the price. Most of the selling was the result of fear that the government was going to make farm reserves on asturday the largest on record. As might be expected after a decline of 15c, most of the wheat sold today was for short account. The Northwest Miller claims the production of flour was sharply reduced from one and two weeks back. This alone, with the better outlook for winter wheat reported by the Modern Miller, were the principal items of bearish news. Against the selling the few remaining supporters made a grand stand showing and they do not consider the fight lost yet, but expect increasing fluctuations around this level. They argue that the price is now the lowest in two or three years and that more wheat has been sold for export than the trade figured on and when the market once turns upward, the short interests will be one of the best bull helps. This is certainly low level for wheat and purchases made now could be made when all bearish conditions have been discounted.

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Chicago Inter-Ocean: All the small holders of wheat were said to have sold last night. There are large lines still held for rich men in Wall street who have put up ample margins and show stubbornness, and do not propose to be scared out of their holdings at present with wheat in the 70's. They look at the prices last year, which were 40c higher, and say they will stay in a little longer. The commission houses say those who wheat say their clients show no uneasiness, and only make an occasional inquiry about market conditions.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 9.—Cattle, receipts, 2,000; strong to 10c higher; beeves, $3.90@6.35; cows and heifers, $1.60@5; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; Texans, $3.65@4.50. Hogs, receipts, 21,000; 5c to 10c higher; estimated tomorrow, 17,000; mixed and butchers, $6.05@6.35; good heavy, $6.30@6.40; rough heavy, $6.05@6.20; light, $6@6.30; pigs, $5.70@6.25. Bulk of sales, $6.25@6.35. Sheep, receipts, 7,000; strong; sheep, $3.80@6.10; lambs, $4.75@6.90.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, March 9.—Cattle, receipts, 300; steady to lower for common cows; grain fed steers, $3.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.60@4.50; calves, $2@6.25; stockers and feeders, $3@4.25. Hogs, receipts, 2,500; 5c higher; range, $6.05@6.30; bulk, 6.10. Sheep, receipts, 250. Steady; sheep, $3.75@6; lambs, $5.75@6.60.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, March 9.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $151,997,-590; gold, $76,117,826; gold certificates, $54,-297,310.

New York Money.

New York, March 9.—Money on call, steady, 3½@5½ per cent; ruling rate, 4½ per cent; closing bid, 2½ per cent; offered at 4½ per cent; time loans slightly easier; sixty and ninety days, 5½ per cent; six months, 5¼@5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.15@20 for demand, and at $4.82@4.82.05 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4½ and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.81¾. Bar silver, 63¾c. Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds, strong; railroad bonds, firm.

NOT A BAD IDEA.

Kansas City Journal: Joseph H. Choate tells of a meeting at a London club of a bishop and Lord Rosebery. During the course of their conversation the reverend gentleman observed to his lordship: "I've an invitation to dine this evening. What a nuisance it is—a long dinner, I mean. There are two things I absolutely dread—a long dinner and a long sermon. I contend that however good they may be, neither the dinner nor the sermon should take more than twenty minutes at the most." Rosebery smiled. "It seems to me," he said, "that the matter might be nicely arranged by knocking ten minutes off the sermon and putting it on the dinner."

RAILROADS IN PALESTINE.

Kansas City Journal: The latest railway improvement in Palestine is a line from Haifa across the plains of Esdraelon east of the Jordan to Dara, there to join the Hedjaz railway now being constructed for the conveyance of pilgrims between Damascus and Mecca.

We are headquarters for

Bonanza Circle

AND

North Butte Copper Stocks

PAINE, WEBBER & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

328 West Superior Street.

EDWARDS - WOOD CO.

(Incorporated)

Dealers in

Stocks, Grain, Provisions

Main Office

Fifth and Robert Sts., ST. PAUL, MINN

ARE YOU BUYING MINING STOCKS?

Before doing so write me. I offer for sale limited blocks of

Seyler Humphrey	45c
Red Top	$2
Fair Rock Manhattan	1c
Sassy Sal	19c
Empire Tunnel	27c
Mount Union	19c
Anglo-Saxon	6c
Overland Gold	5c

And all other desirable mining stocks at prices that will save you money.

R. B. HIGBEE, Broker.

Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul Minn. Established in 1899.

OPHIR!

For some time past we have endeavored to give publicity to facts concerning the Ophir Tunnel-Buckhorn consolidation into the Buckhorn Ore company. These facts were intended to arouse curiosity and to stimulate inquiry of us and of others, and thus lead to trading in Ophir stock at the market price. Now permit us to URGE CAREFUL INVESTIGATION of the OPHIR TUNNEL-BUCKHORN ORE Company proposition.

Leave your orders with us and we will execute them as soon as possible.

H. E. SMITH & CO.

William Kaiser, Mgr.

Main Floor, Palladio Building.

'Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

SHASTA

MAY BLOSSOM COPPER CO.

HAS a large, rich copper property in Shasta county, California, near mines which are producing and smelters which are treating great quantities of copper ores very profitably.

A THOROUGH examination of the Shasta May Blossom property has recently been made by G. H. Claypool of this city. He can be seen at his office, No. 515 Palladio building. His report can be had by addressing the undersigned.

SHASTA County stands out as a copper producer in California as St. Louis County stands as an iron producer in Minnesota.

THE Shasta May Blossom property is on the same contact and has better surface showing than either the Winthrop, Anchor or its nearest neighbor, the Bully Hill mine.

ALL THINGS considered, the Shasta May Blossom stock presents the most attractive purchase on our list at 15 cents.

Information free, and stock for sale by

H. E. SMITH & CO.

William Kaiser, Mgr.

Main Floor Palladio Bldg.

Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

ADVANCES IN STOCKS

Pretty Nearly Every Prominent Stock Made a Good Gain.

Profit-Taking Caused Recessions But the Close Was Firm.

New York, March 9.—Large buying orders caused opening prices today to mount vigorously with wide gains in a number of the specialties. Strength in the London market helped the opening here. The rise in Sloss-Sheffield Steel reached 3½, Sugar 2, Northern Pacific 1¾, Great Northern preferred 1½, Amalgamated Copper, Locomotive, United States Rubber and Denver & Rio Grande a point and many of the active stocks a large fraction.

After the usual wavering and realizing incidental to a strong opening, in which the Hill group, Reading and Atchison recated a point, the market moved agressively upward with buying of Union Pacific and the coal stocks a feature. More general interest was displayed in the market than for some time, the purchases comprising a large variety of stocks in which the gains were significant. Atchison was fed out liberally on the rally and the inability of this stock to recover contributed to a slight falling off at 11 o'clock. Lead improved 3⅜; Northwestern, 2¾; Smelting, Brooklyn Transit and the St. Louis Southwestern stocks, 1⅜ to 1¾, and St. Paul, Union Pacific, the Erie, Norfolk & Western, Louisville & Nashville and Illinois Central, 1 to 1¼.

An advance of 2¾ in Reading was a feature. A disposition to take profits caused an irregular movement for a time, but new buying orders of strength were developed. Great Northern preferred rose 6¼; Northern Pacific, 6; St. Louis Southwestern preferred, 2½; Illinois Central, Brooklyn Transit, Twin City Rapid Transit, Lake Erie & Western and Amalgamated Copper, 2; Locomotive, 1⅝, and New York Central, Delaware & Hudson, United States Steel, Consolidated Gas, American Car preferred and Pressed Steel Car, a point or more. Atchison continued backwards and yielded more than a point. Bonds were steady at noon.

Very little restraint was placed on the movement of prices and the fluctuations in special stocks were wide. In a general way speculation showed increasing confidence on the long side of the market which even the persistent efforts against Atchison did not seem to diminish. Pretty nearly every stock that had any claim to prominence was numbered in those that were quoted a point or more above yesterday's close. International Power bounded up 9, Great Northern preferred 8¾, Lead 5¼, New York, Chicago & St. Louis 3½, Smelting and Brooklyn Transit 3, Amalgamated Copper 2½, Colorado Fuel 2¼, Ontario & Western and Virginia Iron 2 and Atlantic Coast Line, Missouri Pacific, Southwestern Pacific and American Car 1 to 1¾.

Prices suffered a temporary setback well into the afternoon, but the recessions were more than made up later when Amalgamated Copper became buoyant. Railroad stocks were not so actively dealt in, the demand centering mostly in the specialties. Amalgamated Copper got up 4 points and Anaconda 7, St. Paul rose 1½ and New York, Chicago & St. Louis 5.

The attraction of profits on the day's rise induced considerable selling during the final hour and resultant reactions which ran to 1 to 1⅜ in Reading, Amalgamated Copper, Smelting, Lead, Brooklyn Transit and Colorado Fuel. There were advances in New York, Chicago & St. Louis of 6½, Lake Erie & Western 3, Knickerbocker Ice 2¼, United States Rubber second preferred 2. Prices rallied again and the closing was firm and active.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	103⅝	103¼	103¾
do com	95	93¾	93⅞
Smelter com	153¾	151½	151½
American Woolen	44	43⅜	44
Amalgamated Copper	108¾	106½	108
Baltimore & Ohio	110⅝	110¼	110⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	85⅝	80¾	83⅛
Canadian Pacific	171⅜	171	171¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	57⅜	56⅞	57⅜
Colorado Fuel & Iron	66⅜	63½	65⅜
Colorado Southern	21⅜	20⅝	20⅞
Erie 1st pfd	78⅝	77⅞	78¼
Erie com	43½	42⅝	43½
Illinois Central	170	169	169½
Central Leather	43⅝	43	43⅜
Louisville & Nashville	147½	146½	147
Mexican Central	25⅛	24⅝	25
Metropolitan Railway	116	115	116
Missouri Pacific	100½	99⅞	99⅞
Norfolk & Western	87	86	87⅛
New York Central	147⅜	146¼	147½
Ontario & Western	51½	50	51½
People's Gas	97¼	96¾	96⅞
Pacific Mail	43½	43	43½
Pennsylvania Railway	139	138⅝	139
Rock Island com	27⅜	27	27¼
Rock Island, pfd	66¾	66¼	66¾
Reading, com	129⅝	127	129⅛
R. I. & S., pfd	104¼	104	104¾
R. I. & S., com	31	30¼	30½
Rubber, com	54⅛	53⅝	53⅝
St. Paul	177⅞	176½	177⅜
Sugar	141⅜	140¼	141⅛
So. Railway, com	40⅝	40¼	40¼
So. Pacific	67⅞	66⅝	67⅞
T. C. & I.	149	149	149
Texas Pacific	34¾	34	34⅛
U. S. Steel, pfd	106⅝	106¼	106¾
U. S. Steel, com	41⅞	40⅝	41⅜
Union Pac., com	153⅞	152⅜	153¾
Wis. Cent., com	26¾	26¼	26⅜
Wis. Cent., pfd	55¾	55	55¾
Western Union	93½	93¼	93¼
Wabash, com	23¾	23¼	23¼
Wabash, pfd	51	50¼	50⅝
Northern Pacific	223⅞	218½	222
Twin City R. T.	118⅜	117½	118
Erie 2nd	70	69½	69⅞
Northern	227	318½	226
American Locomotive	71½	69¾	70⅜

The total sales were 1,200,400 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Continuing the advance of Thursday, stocks were again active and strong today. Short covering, some of it urgent, was in evidence, and new bullish manipulation was seen in many leading stocks. There was very little news, and the principal bullish influences were the prospects of a Morocco settlement and the increased likelihood of money market relief. Amalgamated Copper and Union Pacific were leaders in the advance, and stocks like Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Smelters, Lead, Sugar, Colorado Fuel & Iron and numerous specialties also made sharp gains. Great Northern and Northern Pacific advanced sharply. Buying of good character was in evidence in the United States shares, Southern Pacific, Chesapeake & Ohio and St. Paul. Reading made a rather sharp advance in the early trading, but later was persistently sold above 129. The closing seemed to promise better prices tomorrow.

• • •

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: This proved to be a great big stock market, strong throughout in every department. A further easing off in foreign exchange contributed to the better feeling, and the street is now talking of gold imports. If this is realized it will change conditions in a wonderful way. The market exhibits considerable snap, trade is large and of a confident sort.

The Cotton Market.

New York, March 9.—The cotton market opened quiet at a decline of 1@4 points in response to somewhat disappointing cables and reports of good weather in the South. There was some demand for covering at first, and with Liverpool a buyer on continued reports of a good trade demand, the market rallied shortly after the opening to a net advance of 1@2 points. General business was very light, however, and during the middle of the morning the market slipped back to a net decline of about 5 to 6 points under a renewal of bear pressure and liquidation.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 11.25; middling gulf, 11.50; sales, 13 50 bales. Futures closed barely steady; March, 10.50; April, 10.56; May, 10.69; June, 10.73; July, 10.79; August, 10.72; September, 10.54; October, 10.24; November, 10.25; December, 10.29; January, 10.33.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	108	
American Dev. Co		14
Anaconda	27⅛	
Atlantic	24	24½
Arcadian	3½	3¾
Adventure	6½	6¾
Allouez	38	38½
Bingham	40¾	40¾
Copper Range	79½	80½
Calumet & Arizona	110	112
Calumet & Pittsburg	32	33
Centennial	24¾	25
Daly West	14½	15
Granby	13⅛	13½
Isle Royale	23	23½
Junction	26	26½
L. S. & Pittsburg	41	43
Mohawk	56	57
Mercur Con.	64c	65c
North Butte	84	84¼
Old Dominion	46	46⅝
Osceola	96	97
Phoenix	1	1½
P. & D.	22	23
Quincy	90	91
Rhode Island	6¼	6⅜
Shannon	6	6¼
Tecumseh	13	13½
Tamarack	107	108
Trinity	10½	11
U. S. Mining	65¼	66¾
Utah	62	63
United Copper	66¾	67¼
Union Land	2	2½
Wolverine	143	144
Butte Coalition	36	37
Copper Queen	2½	3¼
Keweenaw	14½	15
Boston Con.	27⅞	28
Nevada Con.	16¾	17
East Butte	10¼	11
Sullivan	2½	

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following prices, with the exception of those on hay, feed and meats, are the official quotations of the Duluth produce exchange. The list is corrected daily by the secretary, and it shows accurately the market condition up to 12 o'clock on the date of issue. The weekly market letter, published on Fridays, is not an official statement of the exchange, but the information is gathered personally from the different dealers.

BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	28	@	29
Creamery, in tubs	27	@	28
Dairies, fancy	18	@	19
Renovated	20	@	21
Packing stock	12½	@	13
EGGS.			
Fresh	15	@	16
Storage	10	@	11
CHEESE.			
Full cream twins	14	@	14½
Block and wheel Swiss	14½	@	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger full cream cheese	15		
Primost	6½	@	7
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	13½	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Maple syrup, 10-lb. cans	1 35		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb	15		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00		
Pecans, per lb	13		
Almonds	16		
Black Walnuts, per bus	1 65		
Mixed nuts	12½		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@		8
Chestnuts, per lb	11		
FRUITS.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	6 50		
Baldwins	6 00	@	6 50
York State Russets	6 00		
Tolman Sweets	6 00	@	6 50
Colorado Winsape, per box	3 00		
Bananas, per bunch	2 00	@	2 50
Cranberries	10 00		
Dates, Fard, 12-lb. box	1 10		
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb. box	1 00		
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb. box	1 35		
Grape fruit, per case	4 25		
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50		
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 75	@	4 00
California Navels	3 00	@	3 50
Strawberries, per quart	55		
VEGETABLES.			
Navy beans	1 75	@	2 00
Beets, per cwt	2 00		
Top beets, per doz	1 00		
Cucumbers, per hothouse	2 25		
Cabbage, per ton	35 00	@	40 00
Caulitlower, per box	3 75		
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35		
Celery, Cal., per doz	90		
Carrots, per cwt	1 00		
Sage plant, per doz	2 25		
Horseradish, per barrel	7 00		
Lettuce leaf, per box	1 35		
Onions, per cwt	1 65	@	1 75
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 25		
Parsley, per doz	45		
Parsnips, per cwt	2 00		
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50		
Potatoes, per bus	55	@	60
Radishes, round, per doz	75	@	1 00
Spinach, per box	1 50		
Florida tomatoes, basket	90		
Rutabagas, per cwt	85		
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
CIDER.			
Clarified, 16-gal. keg	3 50		
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50		
Black raspberry juice	5 50		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Springs, per lb	14	@	15
Hens, per lb	13	@	14
Spring ducks, per lb	14		
Turkeys, per lb	18	@	20
Geese, per lb	12	@	14
FISH.			
Trout, per lb	11		
Pike, per lb	10		
White, per lb	10	@	12½
Lake Superior herring	2½		
Skinned perch	6		
Smelts, No. 1	12		
Smelts, No. 2	10		
Fresh salmon, per lb	15		
Halibut, per lb	12½		
Oysters, standard, per gal.	1 45		
Oysters, select, per gal.	1 85		
HAY.			
Timothy, No. 1, per ton	9 00		
Timothy, No. 2, per ton	8 00	@	8 50
Upland, per ton	8 00	@	8 50
FEED.			
Bran, per ton	17 00		
Oats, per bus	31½		
Shorts, per ton	18 00		
MEATS.			
Beef	5½@		7½
Mutton	8½@		9½
Lard	8½		
Pork loins	10½		
Veal	8	@	9

New York.

New York, March 9.—Butter, unchanged; receipts, 4,380. Cheese, firm; unchanged; receipts, 2,521. Eggs, firm, unchanged; receipts, 9,791.

Chicago.

Chicago, March 9.—Butter, steady; creameries, 16@23½c; dairies, 16@24c. Eggs, easy; at mark, cases included, 13c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 12½@13c; twins, 11¾@12½c; Young Americas, 13c.

"I suffered habitually from constipation. Doan's Regulets relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex.

THE LARGEST SHIP.

Chicago Tribune: Another shipping record is being established by Harland & Wolff of Belfast. The White Star liner Adriatic, now under construction at Queens Island, will have a tonnage of 25,000 a length of 710½ feet, a depth of 50 feet, and will be the largest vessel in the world. The record previously was held by the Baltic, also built for the White Star line by Harland & Wolff, with a tonnage of 23,876, which was 1,124 tons less than the new vessel, which it exceeds in length, however, by 15 feet.

BONANZA CIRCLE STOCKS

Telephones—Duluth, 1408. Zenith, 971. **Headquarters** 404-405 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minnesota.

FRED H. MERRITT

I devote my entire time to buying and selling on commission and guarantee best prices. I confine myself to the most active stocks and make a specialty of large orders.

Condition of the market at the close Friday, March 9, 1906:

| COMPANY. | Bid. Shares | Bid. Price | Asked. Shares | Asked. Price | Last Sales. Shares | Last Sales. Price |

SATURDAY'S MARKET BASKET

Your Grocery Bill

takes a large part of your housekeeping money, and do you always get full value from your grocer in either quality or quantity?

It is but recently that we have gone into the business of selling groceries at wholesale to consumers, but our list of customers all over the country is enormous. Why? People find that the convenience of quality and price are so near perfection, that they no longer dream of relying on the "Corner Grocery."

But maybe you think your needs are not large enough for you to buy at wholesale.

Our use of the word "wholesale" doesn't mean a carload, and there are many things that you use in quantities, such as TEA, COFFEE, SPICES, CANNED GOODS, SOAP, ETC.

Remember that in buying from us you have the same advantage that your dealer has when he buys at wholesale. Our goods suit every taste; our prices suit every purse. Drop in and see us. We won't urge you to buy. No order is too small for personal attention, nor too large for our capacity.

NOTE OUR PRICES

Royal Baking Powder, per lb.....40c
Our extra pure Baking Powder, per lb.....20c
Ruby Prunes, per lb.....6c
Pure Catsup, per gallon.....75c
Salmon, (Red Alaska), 1-lb. cans, per dozen.....$1.35
Early June Peas, per dozen.....90c
Sweet Corn, per dozen.....60c
Apricots, (heavy syrup), per dozen.....$1.70
Fancy Sliced Peaches, per dozen.....$2.40
Fancy California Pears, per dozen.....$2.40
Santa Clara Prunes, 10-lb. boxes, per box.....75c
Brooms, each.....10c
Buckwheat, 24½-lb. sacks pure buckwheat.....70c

BARTHE-MARTIN CO.
Wholesale Cash Grocers.
102-104 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

MORK BROS.,
GROCERIES AND MEATS.

ZENITH PHONE 189. DULUTH PHONE 677-M.
PROMPT DELIVERY. 529-531 WEST FIRST STREET.

SPECIALS IN OUR MAT MARKET.

Corned Beef.....5c and 8c
Beef Pot Roast.....8c and 10c
Beef Boiling.....5c
Beef Steak, shoulder.....10c
Beef Steak, round.....12½c
Beef Steak, sirloin.....16c
Beef Steak, porterhouse.....18c
Beef Rib Roast.....12½c and 15c
Legs of Mutton.....15c
Mutton Chops.....12½c and 18c
Mutton Stew.....5c
Veal Stew.....8c and 10c
Veal Roast.....12½c and 15c
Hamburger Steak.....10c
Pork Sausage.....10c
Pork Loin (whole).....12c
Pork Roast.....12½c
Sugar-cured Hams (half or whole).....14c
Bacon, piece.....14c
Fresh Killed Poultry at right prices.

GROCERIES.

We have the most complete Grocery store in the city, and we handle none but the Best that the market affords. Our prices are always the Lowest, considering the quality of the goods that you get. If you have not traded with us yet, start at once.

GIVE US YOUR TRIAL ORDER. WE AIM TO PLEASE.

"Good Things to Eat."

Try our Chicken Dinner with Dumplings and Cherry Roly Poly with Whipped Cream — it's delicious.

BAKERY SPECIALS

Genuine White Cake.....25c
Lade Cake—something new...40c
Small Pound Cake.....15c
Strictly home-made doughnuts.....10c

We pay particular attention to orders for parties and banquets.

BAKED BEANS FOR SALE.

THE VIENNA,
Both 'Phones, 310.
207 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

The Only Real Home Bakery in the City.

We make a specialty of Home-Baked Bread, Pies and Doughnuts.

Try one of our Dinners. They make you think of home.

Our 20c and 25c Dinners include—meat, bread and butter, two vegetables and tea or coffee.

Try our New England boiled dinners, 25c. They are fine. Served Tuesdays and Saturdays.

DON'T FORGET to ask for some home-baked Beans.

A. WILCOX,
15 Second Avenue West.
Both 'phones. Fresh Baking Daily.

SENATORIAL POKER.

Conkling Caught General Sheridan With Two Aces.

A young-old Washington clubman, a gentleman who has been on terms of social intimacy with the most noted men at this capital for more than a generation, was recalling, a few evenings ago, some distinguished poker-fiestas, the memory of which lingered with him, says the Washington Post.

"The game of draw had a strong fascination for so brainy a man as Roscoe Conkling," said he, "and he was as delightful a poker antagonist as ever tried to fill an in-the-middle straight. Conkling was savagely criticised for his hauteur, as exhibited in public, but in private intercourse with his friends he seemed to shed his arrogance as if it had been a shell. For this reason I've always believed and maintained that the domineering manner he exhibited in public, which often caused him to be hopelessly misunderstood, was a good deal of a pose. From the very beginning of his service in Washington the Washington correspondents paraded Conkling as a sort of Ajax-defying-the-lightning, and I am of the opinion that it suited Conkling's fancy, when he perceived that is would be quite impossible for him to clear himself of this reputation, to study the part that had been thrust upon him, and to portray it with consistence and elaboration throughout his public career.

"He was powerfully fond of the game of draw, as I started to say, and during the last four or five years of his senatorial career he would occasionally drop in at John Chamberlain's while congress was in session to sit into a game, there with friends, all of them prominent public men, who enjoyed the mental stimulus and excitement of drawing cards, and who were always more than willing to engage in a game in which Conkling was one of the players. The well-stored mind and cultured intellect of the New York senator never shone more brightly nor more variously than during these memorable sessions at poker with his friends and cronies.

"Quite often some of those among us who were not fortunate, or unfortunate, enough to be swirlers in the vortex of public life would be invited to take a hand at these poker seances; and I, for one, possess no more valued recollections than those that often recur to my mind of the occasion on which I played poker with Roscoe Conkling sitting at the other side of the table.

"Gen. Phil Sheridan was often one of the players at these meetings, and when Gen. Sherman was living in Washington he, too, would frequently 'happen around' and take a hand when the game was in progress at Chamberlain's.

"With Conkling and Sherman in the game the talk at the poker table was a good deal more interesting to some of us than the game itself, for both men would constantly hurl witty dabs at each other, and the oral sparring between these two remarkable men was brilliant and diverting in the extreme. Their pokes at each other were always good-natured and harmless. Different as they were in profession and temperament, Conkling and Sherman were about evenly matched in wit and in their mastery of repartee, and both men seemed to find pleasure in practicing on each other in their hours of relaxation, especially at these card meetings.

"'Conkling,' said Gen. Sherman, one night to the New York senator, when the game was in progress, "that Hyperion curl of yours may now assume an added twist, the effect of woe, and that Herculean chest prepare to array itself in a tunic of penitential sackcloth—for I've sure got you licked. Full house, knaves atop of eights," and Gen. Sherman spread his hand out on the table.

"'Sherman,' said the New York senator, a beatific smile flickering at the corners of his mouth, 'when you marched to the sea at that extremely theatrical period of your career, and reached the sea, it would have been a good deal better for you had you kept right on marching, even to the point of complete and final submersion, thus sparing yourself the mortification of being thrashed right out of your boots at this stage of your life by a mere civilian. Four deuces,' and Conkling raked in the pot with a flourish, while grizzled 'Old Tecump' chewed the extinct butt of his cigar thoughtfully.

"But it was against Gen. Phil Sheridan that Conkling played his hardest. The two men were great chums and confidants, but when they got into a poker game together, it was—of course, in a perfectly good natured sort of way—give and take and no quarter. When Sheridan was in the game, Conkling simply addressed all his study and skill to the task of beating out the hero of Winchester, while, on the other hand, 'Little Phil' would pay hardly any attention at all to the other players, he was so eager to pummel his friend Conkling. Very often the rest of us would, at a sort of tacitly understood signal, draw out, just for the fun of seeing Conkling and Sheridan at each other's throats, so to speak.

"'Phil,' said Conkling one night, when he thought his hand was invincible, "be advised. I have your interest at heart. We all admire your historic and present rashness—but, Phil, be advised. Consider your natural aversion to smoking a pipe. If you proceed with me on this, you'll be compelled to smoke a pipe, instead of cigars, virtually until your retirement. This time, you are not only twenty miles away, but you are 20,000, 20,000,000 miles in the distance, and you haven't a chance in life to traverse the ground. Call me.'

"'Conkling,' replied 'Little Phil,' with those two red fighting spots on his cheek bones burning brightly, 'you're a stupendous, a colossal bluffer, and I'll see you dangling from that sour apple tree of yours first. I raise you the limit.'

"'In that case,' said Conkling, stuffing his hand into the deck, 'the pot's yours —not that I haven't got you licked, of course, but—'

"And Conkling, caught red-handed in one of his Brobdignagian bluffs, took with the greatest good nature the long laugh that all hands gave him.

"I was in the game one night during the winter of '79 when both Conkling and Sheridan were playing. It was a four-handed game, and John Chamberlin himself was the other player. This game at Chamberlin's was always a $5 limit game at first, with the understanding that along toward morning, after a few hours of warming up, anybody could suggest the removal of the limit if he wanted to.

"The way Conkling and Sheridan bluffed each other out that night was a caution to grasshoppers. Both men seemed to strike out luck altogether as an element in their good-natured play against each other, and, as both of them caught fine hands occasionally when engaged in this tug-of-war game, neither of them could get an exact line on the other, and it was better than a play to study their faces at the show-downs. Conkling was having all the best of it during the latter part of the seance, and it was fun to hear 'little Phil' utter, under his breath, dark and woolly things when, time after time, Conkling would show a hand consisting of nothing at all after having chased Sheridan out, or produce a gorgeous set of fours or a full hand at such times as Sheridan, deciding that the senator was bluffing, called him.

"'Bite him, Phil,' Chamberlain would say, amusedly, on these occasions, and then Sheridan would invite Chamberlain to go to blazes and call for another deck of cards.

"We started the last round of jackpots with a new deck. Sheridan dealt the first mess himself, and, after it had gone around and none of us could open it, Sheridan opened it himself. Neither Chamberlain nor I had any right to stay on our hands, and so it was left between Sheridan and Conkling, who stayed along. Conkling took three cards and turned his little pair into threes. Sheridan dished himself out three and bit his cigar hard when he saw his hand. He made a small bet to draw Conkling out, and the senator raised him $25. It want back and forth between them till scrutinizing each other pretty carefully at each bet.

"'Phil, I don't know so much about you this time,' said Conkling, finally, 'and I think I'll just call you for safety.'

"Both laid their hands down at the same time. Conkling had three sevens. But he looked at Sheridan strangely when he saw the color and conformation of Sheridan's three aces. Both Chamberlain and myself also saw what was wrong at the same instant, but we didn't say anything, and let the two players have it out. Sheridan had a broad grin on his face, and was just about to rake in the pot. Conkling was gazing at the little man of iron with a puzzled look in his eyes.

"'Just wait a minute, there, Phil,' he said as the general was about to pull down the money. 'Do you really think that pot belongs to you'

"'Belong to me?' said Sheridan. 'Well, it does if my nose belongs to my face,' and again he reached out for the pot.

"'Conkling, with a gesture, again stopped Sheridan.

"'I don't remember ever having seen that sort of thing before,' said Conkling, musingly. 'Did you, Phil?'

"'See what sort of thing before?' inquired Sheridan. "What in blazes are you maundering about, Conkling?'

"For reply Conkling put one finger upon one of Sheridan's upturned aces and then pointed to another of the aces.

"'I never saw a jackpot won with three aces, two of which happened to be aces of diamonds,' said Conkling smilingly.

"Sheridan looked at his upturned cards, and his face became even more fiery red than it was naturally. The consternation of his countenance was ludicrous.

"'Why, blame it all,' he said, after the funny pause, 'I ought to be turned into the street. Chamberlain, throw me out of doors, won't you?'

"'And have the whole American army firing a volley over the ruins of my house?' replied Chamberlain. 'Hardly. Anyhow, I'd rather see you and Conkling engage in a rough-and-tumble fight over the thing. Go ahead, the pair of you. We'll see fair play, won't we?' turning to me.

"Of course, the extra ace of diamonds had slipped into the deck accidentally before it left the manufacturer's hands. But Sheridan, when he had in a measure recovered from the surprise of the revelation, made a humorous pretense that he had known the whole thing all along, and convulsed the three of us by feelingly appealing to Conkling to refrain from exposing him to the world, for the sake of his family and reputation, and all that sort of thing.

"The hand being foul, the pot, of course, was divided.

"Conkling was a peculiarly generous poker player. One night, when Senator Zach Chandler was one of the players, Conkling was the beneficiary of a spread-out that only happens to the average poker player once in a lifetime. Chandler dealt him four pat aces. It was a jackpot. Neither Chamberlain, nor the other player, nor myself caught anything worth drawing to, and so the thing was between Conkling and the senator from Michigan. Conkling stood pat, and Chandler, drawing two cards, filled, and had four nines on which to begin business. He bet $100.

"'Pat or no pat, Conkling,' Chandler said to the New York senator, 'I've got that miserable skinflint straight of yours walloped this time—even if you've got a straight. Come at me.'

"Conkling folded up his cards and looked Chandler in the eye.

"'You're a pretty rich man, Zach, aren't you?' he said to Chandler.

"'Oh, middling well-to-do,' replied the Michigander.

"'And you've got a pretty good hand, eh, Zach?'

"'Looks good to me.'

"'Unbeatable, Zach?'

"'Practically.'

"'Well, old man,' said Conkling, 'you may be pretty well fixed with that hand, but I've got one here, myself, that I am convinced no gentleman ought to take advantage of in a game with friends,' and he spread out his four bullets.

"Chandler looked at his hand for a moment in silence.

"'Conkling,' said he, finally, 'you're a queer mixture of Don Quixote, Old Nick and Prince Charlie—which means, or ought to mean, that you're a d—n decent fellow.'"

WAS IN DOUBT.

Boston Herald: Gen. N. P. Banks was on his way to attend a smoke talk of the local G. A. R. one evening, when he remembered he needed a shave. It happened that the barber shops in Waltham were closed on that particular evening, with the exception of one kept by George Washington Saunders, the colored mascot of the Waltham "Vets."

The general seated himself in the chair, and George proceeded to shave him. After a few strokes which nearly lifted Gen. Banks out of the chair George asked him how he liked the shave.

"Well," said the general, "it depends altogether what it's supposed to be. If it's a shave, its all-fired rough, but if you're trying to skin me, it's not so bad."

Herald want advertising has just enough of the "spice of chance" to make it interesting—for the right person does, sometimes, fail to see the first insertion of the ad.

GASSER'S
209-211 West Superior St.

PURE FOODS—At lowest prices is our constant aim.
POOR FOODS—Keep the doctors busy.

25 lb. Sack Gran. Sugar.....$1.25
25c Jar Fruit Jam—while they last.....15c
3 lb. can Curtice Bros. Beets..12c
2 lb. can Curtice Bros. Wax Beans.....12c
25c can Curtice Bros. Raspberries.....15c
Sweet Pickled Peaches, $1.25 a jar—a few left at.....$1.00
Pineapple—per can.....15c
49 lb. Sack Pat. Flour.....$1.15
Swift's Pride Soap—thoroughly seasoned—10 bars.....25c
Sliced Peaches—per can.....10c
This is only half price.
Breakfast Food—regular 15c package.....8c
Egg Plums—can.....12c
Pears.....15c
Splending Japan Tea—lb.....25c

MEAT DEPARTMENT.

Choice Pig Pork Loins—whole, per lb.....12c
Choice Steer Rib Boiling—per lb.....5c
Choice Steer Round Steaks—per lb.....12½ and 14c
Choice Wether Legs Mutton—per lb.....12½ and 15c
Stew Pot Roasts, beef—per lb.....10 and 12½c
Sugar Cured Hams—per lb.....14c
Sugar Cured Bacon—per lb.....15c

FRESH KILLED POULTRY.
FULL LINE OF FRESH AND SALT FISH.

THE SEA TASTE

If you want the full, piquant flavor of the choicest oysters, fresh from the cool depths of the ocean, try the delicious

SEALSHIPT OYSTERS

They are taken from the shells, washed quickly and put into a case of pure white enamel sealed and packed in ice. They are not opened till they reach the dealer. They come out fresh, firm, unbroken and full of the delicious salt-water tang. The secret of their superiority lies in the use of the patent

SEALSHIPT CARRIERS

FRESH SEEDS

We beg to announce to the public that we have just received a very large shipment of fresh northern grown garden and field seeds that will be sold by the pound. This is certainly good news for the numerous gardeners and especially for the farmers in the vicinity of Duluth.

These seeds will be on sale in a short time at reasonable prices.

HENRY FOLZ,
Groceries and Meats,
114 and 116 West Superior St.

OSTBY'S GROCERY.
23 East Fourth Street

Some cash prices for Saturday:—

Duluth Imperial Flour—1 49-lb. sack.....$1.08
Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder—per lb.....15c
Navy Beans—2 quarts for.....10c
Jaxon Soap—10 bars for.....25c
Dairy Butter by the tub very cheap.
Strictly fresh eggs received direct from the country.

PURE MILK IN CLEAN BOTTLES!

You can be sure that your children have pure milk to drink if it comes from Bridgeman & Russell. It is fresh and sweet and rich in butter fat. Further, it is Pasteurized, and no milk can be pure without this process.

No Ordinary Washing

is sufficient—to be absolutely clean, bottles must be sterilized. Ours are—and therefore fit to receive the pure milk that goes into them. Pure milk means health—impure milk sickness. Order today from

The Bridgeman & Russell Co.,
16 West First Street,
13 East Superior Street.
Both 'phones, 352.

MINNESOTA CANDY KITCHEN.

FREE TOMORROW
FRESH CUT FLOWERS

with every purchase large or small.

Our Delicious
Butter Scotch
10c per lb.

Try a box of our Creams and Bon-Bons—fresh and pure every day.

For choice selected fruits call at our branch store, The Olympia, Corner Lake avenue.

Minnesota Candy Kitchen,
111 West Superior St.

PRICES ARE ALWAYS RIGHT AT THIS STORE.

RATHBUN'S

SIMON CLARK, Manager.
New 'Phone 656. 29 E. Superior St. Old 'Phone 1679.

Swift's Pride Soap at 10 bars for 25c is like silver dollars at 80c. This price will not always prevail. Purchase liberally.

BUTTER—Hand Separator Creamery Butter; special snap—per lb.....22c
EGGS—Strictly new laid—fresh from the farm; 3 doz..50c
Number 1 Storage Eggs—dozen.....11c
MACKERAL—Large and fat; weight about 2 lbs. each; lb..10c
FLOUR—49-lb sack Pillsbury's best patent—sack...$1.10
ASPARAGUS TIPS—Per can.....30c
NOVA SCOTIA CODFISH—Extra large and fancy—lb..10c
OREGON APPLES—Extra fine—bushel boxes.....$2.40
ORANGES—Sweet, juicy navel Oranges—quality extra fine—Per dozen....25c, 30c, and 40c
LEMONS—Large and fancy—per dozen.....20c
POTATOES—Fancy large Burbank Potatoes—bushel.....55c

Sweet, tender Canned Corn at 4 cans for 25c, should interest all economical housekeepers.

COFFEE—For perfection in Coffee try the "Success" brand Java and Mocha—3-lb cans.....85c
GRAPE FRUIT—Fancy Florida Grape Fruit—each.....10c

May we help to make your Sunday dinner table attractive and inviting?

Cucumbers.	Egg Plant.
Oyster Plant.	Celery.
Radish.	Table Onions.
Mint.	Parsley.
Cauliflower.	New Cabbage.
New Potatoes.	Sweet Potatoes.
Brussel Sprouts.	Squash.
Strawberries.	Pineapples.
Head Lettuce.	Leaf Lettuce.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES.

RATHBUN'S.

GRAND OPENING
—OF THE—
ZENITH CANDY CO.,
20 WEST SUPERIOR ST.
Saturday, March 10th.

A bag of fine candy free with every purchase. All purchases of 50c or over will be presented with a 25c box of chocolates and bon bons. We have the largest line of pure, fresh candies in the city. Made daily. Try our fine ice cream.

LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES. MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N.Y.

Ladies!

Why not trade with the most up-to-date Tea Store in the city. Coffee served free Saturday afternoon and evening.

Sundby Tea Co
16 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

IT IS ALWAYS RELIABLE

White Loaf Baking Powder

Healthful and Pure.
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

PURE CANDIES

For the best assortment of pure, fresh candies, see the

BON-TON
Bakery and Candy Kitchen
GOODS DELIVERED.
25 West Superior Street.
Zenith Phone 1166.

J. J. WALL

310 West Superior Street.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LIQUORS
Straight Goods.
Prompt deliveries to residences.
SATURDAY SPECIALS
Old Crow, Hermitage and Bond & Lillard Whiskies.
Bulk Whiskies—per gal...$3 to $5
Ports and Sherries—imported—per gal.....$4.00
Ports—dom.—per gal...$2 to $2.50

THE RIGHT PRICE BOYS.

O'Leary & Campbell
15 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

BEST GOODS—LOWEST PRICES—

If you are not already a patron try us with a trial order tomorrow.

Navel Oranges, per dozen—.....10c, 15c, 20c and 25c
Navel Oranges—seedless, sweet and juicy; 250 in a box—per box.....$2.85
New Cabbage, per lb.....4c
Cooking Apples, per peck....40c
Sweet Potatoes, 6 lbs for....25c
Rutabagas, per bus.....40c
Potatoes, per bus.....55c
Sugar-cured Ham, per lb..12½c
Breakfast Mackerel, each....15c
Norway Mackerel, 4 for.....25c
1-lb tablet Boneless Codfish..10c
Fancy Norway Herring, 3 for 10c
25c cans Clam Chowder, each 20c
25c cans Kip Herring, each..20c
PURE BAKING POWDER—regular price 40c per lb—Saturday price, per lb.....25c
30c bottles Chili Sauce, each..20c
10c sack Salt, each.....5c
Wisconsin Cheese, per lb....15c
Creamery Butter, per lb....25c
Fancy Cooking Eggs, doz 12½c
Honey, two combs for.....25c

199—USE OUR 'PHONE—199.

The Modern Market

Has stood the test of time. Customers of ours are always sure of getting the best meats at the most reasonable prices. We have their confidence and confidence is the basis of success.

FOR SUNDAY'S DINNER A ROAST CUT FROM OUR FINE EXPORT BEEF IS SURE TO SATISFY. IT IS THE BEST — AND ONLY PER LB. **15c**

Juicy, tender Pot Roasts—per lb.....10c
Extra, nice Sirloin Steak—per lb.....15 and 18c
Best Cut Round Steak, per lb. 12½c
Best Rib Boiling.....5c
Our brand of Hams are most tender and juicy, per lb. 15c

We have a very nice lot of fresh dressed chickens, something extra nice. Fresh Salmon and Halibut received every week.

COX BROS.
101 East Superior St.

'WHAT TO DRINK'

Of all drinks, beer is the most pure and wholesome. Purity is absolutely essential to proper fermentation, without which beer would not be palatable. The bitter of hops is an excellent tonic and the malt sugar of barley of a high food quality.

And beer is as much pre-digested food, as the so-called pre-digested breakfast foods. The process of malting the grain is the same in both. It converts the starchy matter of the cereal into malt sugar which is very assimilable and digestible and also very nutritious.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING COMPANY

WEST DULUTH Fair & Tea Co.

SATURDAY CASH BARGAINS.

TEAS.

50c English Breakfast Tea—per lb. 39c—3 lbs for.....99c
40c English Breakfast Tea—per lb. 29c—4 lbs for.....99c
30c English Breakfast Tea—per lb. 25c—4 lbs. for.....90c
60c Gunpowder Tea, 50c or 2 lbs. for.....95c

LAUNDRY.

100 bars of Grandmas Wonder Soap—$2.90 or 8 for.....25c

TOILET SOAPS.

Flotilla—6 for.....25c
Mechanic—6 for.....25c
Glycerine (light and dark)6 bars 25c
Buttermilk—6 bars for.....25c
Oatmeal—6 bars for.....25c

EXTRACTS.

Strawberry—2 oz. bottle 10c; 3 for 25c
Raspberry—2 oz. bottle 10c; 3 for 25c
Red Rose—2 oz. bottle 10c; 3 for 25c
Pineapple—2 oz. bottle 10c; 3 for 25c
Peppermint—2 oz. bottle 10c; 3 for 25c

QUIT THE "CELLAR OR ATTIC HABIT"— ADVERTISE THE "OUTGROWN THINGS" IN THE HERALD

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence.
'Phones 253.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

Miss Fitzpatrick, 504 E. 4th. Old 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value.

$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.
Call in and see us about the above.

C.P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

$4200 34x140—First street; very heart of city. Six-room house, fine repair. Fine bath, etc.

$4750 Thoroughly modern eight-room brick house. Five minutes' walk from this office. First-class repair.

These are genuine snaps and are a fine buy as homes or investment purposes.

T. W. WAHL & CO., 301 Exchange Building.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN
Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.

There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 100 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.

Open all the year. Write for booklet.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m
Leave	**"Duluth Short Line."**	**Arrive**
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	† 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:50 p.m
* 3:50 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:50 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 419 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail Ar. *8:55 a.m
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †6:45 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:1[illegible]	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:4	Ar. Ely Lv	7:33	3:00
A.M.	P.M	Daily, except Sundays	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n Jnct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. Mt'n Iron Lv	----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:02
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

INJECTION
TRADE MARK
MALYDOR
THE HYGIENIC LOTION
For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, Piles and all Unhealthy Discharges.
NO PAIN. NO STAIN.
NO STRICTURE. FREE SYRINGE.
☞ A Sure Preventive of Disease. ☜
At Druggists, or sent anywhere for $1.00.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	488
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	982
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. E. Wiggerts & Son	1151-K	554

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SMALL FURNISHED ROOM FOR rent. 208 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODern; private family. 412 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 1299-L.

TWO FRONT ROOMS FURNISHED. Suitable for two gentlemen and also other nicely furnished rooms. 124 West First street.

DOUBLE PARLOR, SINGLE OR EN suite, to one or more; also other rooms; select boarding place. G 52, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 232 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 922 EAST Seventh street. Inquire 712 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for light housekeeping, or double front rooms, furnished. 327 Eighth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, ALL CONVENiences. 226 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished. All modern. Apply 310 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, centrally located; very reasonable; ladies preferred. G 85, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. No. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

GOOD SIX-ROOM HOUSE. ADDRESS F. A. Pettibone, No. 30 Orange street, Duluth Heights.

GOOD 12-ROOM HOUSE, SIXTH street and First avenue east. Must be moved off. Office 211 Alworth building. Zenith phone 218. Residence 1127 East Third street, Zenith phone 252. Geo. A. Wieland.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE AFTER May 1. Furnished complete. Modern 12-room house. Rooms filled and table boarders; good class of boarders. Pleasant location. 432 Fifty-ninth avenue west. New phone 3161-Y.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AND barn. Inquire 428 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, in Park terrace, cheap. Apply Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum building.

FOR RENT — DETACHED HOUSE, eight rooms, furnace heat, bath, gas. 925 East Second street, or old phone 766-L.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

A cozy corner for what the Gopher Shoe Works saves you on shoe repairing.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT; water, light and sewer; rent $16 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 301 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT — NEW STORE ROOM, 112 West First street, 140 feet deep; fine dry basement; paved alley in rear; up-to-date. Possession at once. J. W. Rowley, 24 West Third street. Zenith 1314.

CANDY STORE FOR SALE. 1531 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 121 SECond avenue west. Apply E. R. Jefferson.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

A large assortment of horses always on hand at our stables in Duluth and Midway, St. Paul.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.

FOR SALE—EIGHT-YEAR-OLD, 1,050 pound Morgan mare; safe for lady; sound; toughest animal in the state. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—GRAND, BIG, 7-YEAR-OLD, 1,350 pounds, family horse; afraid of nothing; show 4-minute gait; sound. Johnson, at Hammel's barn, Third avenue east.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — BY A GENTLEMAN, ACcommodation for room and board in private family; central. State location and terms, etc. Address Box G 69, Herald.

WANTED — FOUR OR FIVE-ROOM flat, furnished or unfurnished; central location preferred, by young married couple; references furnished. Address F 4, Herald.

DESK ROOM, OR WOULD SHARE OFfice. Central location. "Alpha," Herald.

WANTED TO RENT — THREE-ROOM furnished flat, centrally located for light housekeeping. References exchanged. F. M., Herald.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, one or two desirable furnished rooms, light housekeeping privileges preferred; East end. G 200, Herald.

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PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT—Top floor Burrows bldg.

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LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, pianos, cattle, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 936, Old 'phone, 759-R.

$1 PER WEEK PAYS BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST on a $20 loan. Other amounts in like proportion.
ACTUAL REBATE given if paid before due.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security, easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, furs, rifles, etc., and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

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WANTED—100 SQUARE PIANOS AND organs to ship West. Call room 205, 221 West Superior street.

SPANISH TAUGHT. 519 EAST FIFTH street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

A FEW SECOND-HAND CARPENTER tools. T 50, Herald.

STANDING TIMBER IN MINNESOTA. Address V 9, Herald.

MORRISON'S TAILORING.

YOU CAN HAVE A GOOD SUBSTANtial, stylish suit made at Morrison's for less than you can get the same quality for anywhere. Come and see. D. M. Morrison, 8 Lake avenue south.

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MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1226.

COMPOUND and VAPOR BATHS.

WE CURE COLDS, RHEUMATISM, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, gout and all blood poisons. Give magnetic compound vapor baths. No. 16 E. Sup. St. Mr. and Mrs. A. Ecker, proprietors.

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CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED. Duluth Carpet Sweeper Repair Co., 123 W. First street. New 'phone 1578-D.

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G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

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DULUTH ENGINEERING CO. W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio Bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

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MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

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COUSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

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BOARD AND ROOM FOR THREE; centrally located. Address J. M., Herald.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two gentlemen in private family. 130 West Third street.

THE LYLE. 28, 30, 32 East Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 122 East First street.

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BEST OF WORKMANSHIP. PRICES reasonable. C. Gill, 124 Second avenue west. Zenith 'phone, 1518-X.

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FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna Iron range, Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

SHOES WELL BOUGHT ARE HALFsoled at the Gopher Shoe Works.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONY, CART and harness. $150 for the outfit. Old phone 66 Proctor.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND 50 HORSEpower Westinghouse engine in first class condition. Will sell cheap. Clyde Iron Works.

AT BARGAIN — ONE IOWA STEEL range, 6-hole; one State Oak heater, for wood or coal; both complete and brand new; must be sold at once. 101 West Michigan street.

FOR VERMONT MAPLE SYRUP AND sugar made from maple sap and nothing else, see Pierce Grocery, 820 West Fourth street. Zenith 923-A.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS. PARTY LEAVing city. Call 18 Fifteenth avenue west.

WILL SELL FINE UPRIGHT PIANO for $125 cash. 319 East Superior street.

$100 BUYS $600 DECKER BROS.' PIANO, in fine condition; just the thing for hall or school; part time. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

$125 BUYS UPRIGHT MAHOGANY Schoninzer piano, snap. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

COME, MAKE OFFER ON THE FOLlowing make organs, Moline, Chicago Cottage, 7-octave Crown; fine condition; must be sold at once. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS, COMplete; will sell separately. 1126 East Third street.

FOR SALE — THE FINEST ADAM Schaat piano ever shipped to this city; now on exhibition. Call and see it at Lundberg's piano parlors, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — SHOWCASES, WALLcases, floor cases. 1024 Tower avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; will sell all or part. Call Flat 13, 2231 West Michigan street.

"SHAKESPEARE" STOCK BOUGHT and sold. Morrison, 416 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF FOURTEENroom rooming house, and furniture of seven rooms; must be cash. Parties leaving city. M 85, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL-SIZE DRESS COAT and vest, in first-class condition; a bargain. Address N. T. C., Herald.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

I CAN LOCATE YOU ON THE FARM lands on Willow River and Little Fork valleys. New rail and county roads now under construction. Pat Greaney, Ashawa, Minn.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR LOTS 20-49, block 145, Crosley Park addition. G 43, Herald.

FOR SALE—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE AT Lakeside, on car line, full corner lot, all fenced; $1,600. F 97, Herald.

TWO FINE BUILDING LOTS, ONEhalf block from car, at Lakeside, will sell at a bargain. Address W. H. Robinson, 3408 Boyd street, Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—A FINE 12-ROOM HOUSE on Sixth street and First avenue east; must be removed at once. George A. Wieland, office, 211 Alworth building; new 'phone, 278. Residence, 1127 East Third street; new 'phone, 252.

FOR SALE—FINE COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Call at Locksley hall, Twenty-third street.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614 Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313X, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

YOUNG MAN, THOROUGH BUSINESS education, would like to invest $2,000 with services. Address W 3, Herald.

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ED OTT, No. 6 W. First St. Both 'phones.

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERING.

C. F. FORSELL—GOOD WORK GUARanteed. 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

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HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

50 men daily to get shoes resoled—while you wait. The Gopher Shoe Works.

MEN WANTED—TO SMOKE NONE but home-made union label cigars, thereby assisting in the upbuilding of our city.

WANTED—1,000 RAILROAD LABORers and station men for Washington, near Portland, Or. Good wages, two years' work, fare free from Duluth. Ship daily. Write or apply to the Duluth Employment company.

BRIGHT BOY FOR GENERAL STORE assistant; must be a hustler and willing to start at the bottom and earn advancement. Interstate Mercantile company, 231 East Superior street.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—BELL BOY. APPLY COMmercial club.

TWO EXPERIENCED SOLICITORS for city; permanent employment and good compensation; must be hustlers and capable salesmen. Interstate Mercantile company, 231 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR STOCK clerk in carpet deparment. Must be strong and willing to work. French & Bassett.

WANTED — BLACKSMITH, $75 PER month and board. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply Co.

WANTED—BOY FOR CHECKROOM. Spalding Hotel.

BOYS WANTED AT THE BOTTLING works. Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN WATCHmaking; earn while you learn; write for our free book, "How to Be a Watchmaker." Stone's Watchmaking school, Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Only short time required. Now is the time to learn and prepare for the busy season. Illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BOY 15 YEARS OF AGE WISHES POsition in an office or wholesale house, where he can work up. Apply S 2, Herald.

BOOKS PROPERLY WRITTEN UP, adjusted and audited by expert accountant. Auditor, Herald.

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POIRIER & CO., 106 East Superior street.

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REPAIRING NEATLY DONE; BEST OF workmanship. Suits pressed, 50c; pants, 15c. 118 First avenue west. Old 'phone 1430-L.

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MISS G. JOHNSON, ROOM 3, 125 WEST Superior street. New 'phone, 1702-D.

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C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

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1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior St.

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MRS. A. FERGUSON, GRADUATE midwife, 617 Fifth Ave. E. Old 'phone 434-L.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE; ANSWERS to name of Romey. Return to 420 East Eighth street, or 'phone 915 Zenith. Call Frank Heldman for reward.

LOST—A BOX OF LAUNDRY ON SECond street, between First and Second avenues west. Return to 12 East Fourth street.

LOST — FUR BOA BETWEEN GARfield avenue and Twentieth avenue west. Finder return to 310 Garfield avenue and receive reward.

Found—Place equipped for doing good work while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

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Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

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GET YOUR SHOE REPAIRED. HANDsewed soles, 75c. Nailed soles, 50c. All kinds rubber heels, 40c. Ladies' and boys' soles, 40c. All hand work, no machinery; best oak tanned leather. 302 E. Superior St.

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DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CREMONEA VIOLIN MAKER.

RARE AND OLD VIOLINS REPAIRED; modern violins regraduated so they will improve with age. I develop the fullest tone capacity of every violin submitted. Forty years' experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. Lambert, 124 E. 4th St.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's Female Regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

Good places awaiting good girls and good work, while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK AT Mrs. Page Morris', 2232 East First street.

GOOD WAIST AND SKIRT MAKERS wanted. Apply Miss Sail. Masonic Temple.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL with good recommendations. 31 West Second street.

WANTED — ONE EXPERIENCED shirt machine drill and one experienced shirt starcher. West Duluth, 16 Fifty-seventh avenue west. W. E. Weterin.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED diningroom girls. Northern hotel, Cloquet, Minn.; $18 per month.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. MRS. M. Oreck, 206 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5823 Oneida street.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL. 1624 EAST Third street.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL TO ASSIST with baby. 2319 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GIRL FOR general housework. Call at 2715 West Fourth street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SEAMstress and apprentice girls at Madame Burns, No. 6, over Giddings'.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; best wages; must be competent. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. 239 ST. Croix avenue.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 613 East First street.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO TAKE care of children. Apply 913 London Road.

WANTED — TWO OR THREE GOOD dining room girls. 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—A STRONG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 709 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENEral housework. 2327 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, good wages. 1505 East Second street.

WANTED—MAKERS AND APPRENtices at Miss Meining's, No. 3 West Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 826 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK. Apply or write to S. W. Walker, Walker house, Ironwood, Mich.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Rev. J. W. Powell, 320 South Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 525 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN BARbering, hair-dressing, manicuring and massage. Particulars free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED— A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 Fifteenth avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, scrubbing, cleaning or any laundry work by the day; is a good worker. G 84, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WANTS PLACE AT light housework. Call or write to 419 East First street.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS work afternoons. T, Herald.

WASHING DONE BY THE PIECE, also ironing by the day. 405 Eighth avenue east.

YOUNG LADY WANTS PLAIN SEWing. 405 Eighth avenue east.

LADY WITH TWO CHILDREN WOULD like work on farm or mill boarding house; good worker and cook or housekeeper. Address 2527 West Second street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — SITUATION BY WIDOW lady in doctor's or dentist's office, with reference. Address G 75, Herald.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTS WORK nursing preferred. New 'phone 80; old 'phone 612-K.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — CANVASSERS EVERYwhere to sell Tom Worrall's book, "Grain Trust Exposed;" 50 per cent commission. Worrall Grain Co., Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE—COWS.

JOHN E. JOHNSON WILL ARRIVE with a carload of fresh milch cows Saturday morning, March 10th, 701 Twenty-third avenue east. Zenith 'phone, 1853X.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday morning, March 6. 1219 East Seventh street. 'Phone, 1387 Zenith.

E. CARLSON WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows, Tuesday, March 8. Twelfth street and Twenty-second avenue west. Zenith phone, 1654D.

EVAN JOHNSON ARRIVED MARCH 2 with a carload of fresh milch cows for sale, at once, cheap, at my stock barns, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street. Telephone, Zenith 1586-Y.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows; just arrived. I. L. Levine, 521 Fourth avenue east.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARgest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING.

TELEPHONE YOUR UPHOLSTERING wants to Cameron. He will call at your residence with a complete assortment of coverings and estimate your work. Zenith 'phone 787. Bell, 325-L.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 19, 1906. Work, second degree, Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 12, 1906. Work — First degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30, March 14, 1906. Work M. M. degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Stated conclave 7:30 p. m. Tuesday, March 6th. General business, election of officers, Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Leliticheaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, March 15, 1906. Work—Twenty-sixth degree. J. E. Cooley, secretary.

SUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 21. Work —Second degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday, in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Mar. 8. Samaritan degree. T. J. McKeon, S. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patshkowski, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Marvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 16, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., meets every Tuesday at 118 West Superior street. Work—First and second ranks, Tuesday, March 13. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and Third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next regular meeting March 16, 1906—Initiation. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Next meeting March 13; work first degree. Visiting members always welcome. S. F. Staples, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladh, banker; R. Rankin, clerk, 1322 Jefferson street.

CLAN SRTEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, March 7.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, will hold a musical and social entertainment March 21. The ladies will serve refreshments, coffee and cake. Invite your friends and have a good time. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt.-Gen.; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, Charles E. Norman; record keeper and finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m., residence, 412 West Fourth street.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Goglins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilleland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 85, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets the first and third Tuesday of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting, March 20. Card party. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 224 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 14.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

30 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

HONOR FOR McGOLRICK

If Archbishop Ireland is Created Counsellor to the Pope.

Duluth Bishop Would be Recommended as Successor to Ireland.

New York, March 10.—The Tribune prints the following: "Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul sailed for Rome Thursday on a secret mission. He was summoned by Pope Pius X, and in ecclesiastical circles of this city there were strong rumors that the pope would ask him to stay in Rome permanently. Friends of the archbishop, who have been expecting him to be made a cardinal at every consistory for the last five years, declared that the pope would honor him in some way.

"The general opinion is that he will be asked to remain in Rome as special counsellor to the pope, and that later he will be made a resident cardinal.

"In this way, it is hinted, the annoying question of creating another American cardinal without giving offense would be solved. The choice of the pope will remain then between Archbishop Farley and Archbishop Ryan. The latter, being the older, would have some claim to preference, but the Philadelphia prelate has made it quite clear if there is to be only one more cardinal appointed, New York, being the metropolitan diocese of the country, should have the honor.

"Archbishop Ireland would not speak of his mission, one way or the other. 'I purpose staying in France some few days, then going direct to Rome. After that I shall visit, Ireland.'

"The archbishop is accompanied by Bishop James McGolrick of Duluth, Minn. It is said the archbishop will urge the appointment of Bishop McGolrick as his auxiliary, and if he should decide to stay abroad, as his successor at St. Paul."

MAY MEET WITH COMPLICATIONS

Resolution to Appoint Commission on the Red River.

Washington, March 10.—(Special to The Herald).—The resolution introduced by Senator Hansbrough authorizing the president to appoint a commission to act with a commmission from the Dominion of Canada for the consideration of the condition of the Red River of the North, while it does not raise a new question, yet, before it becomes a law, it is likely to encounter some complications. In 1902 congress put a proviso into the river and harbor appropriation bill authorizing the president to invite the government of Great Britain to join in the formation of an international commission "to investigate and report upon the condition and uses of the waters adjacent to the boundary lines between the United States and Canada." It is contended by some that this provision is so general in its character that the international commission already created by the river and harbor act take jurisdiction of the question involving the Red River of the North. The river and harbor act further provides that this international commission shall especially consider all matters pertaining to the "waters of the lakes and rivers whose natural outlet is by the River St. Lawrence to the Atlantic ocean," and it further authorizes the payment of expenses generally from moneys heretofore appropriated "for the St. Mary's River at the falls." In view of these special provisions in the river and harbor act, Senator Hansbrough contends that while the International commission might find authority in the general provisions of the act to investigate the Red River, nevertheless he thinks that when the act was passed its authors and advocates had in view matters pertaining to lake and rivers along the boundary line east of Buffalo rather than the consideration of streams and lakes in the central west. Furthermore, he is of the opinion that should the Red River question be referred to the International commission it would be several years before they would reach it, so he intends to insist upon the consideration of his resolution which was sent to the committee on agriculture, and is hopeful of securing favorable consideration at this session, so that the commission created under it can take hold of the matter at once and put in the summer investigating the Red River and its tributaries both in the United States and in Manitoba. He thinks the subject is sufficiently large to engage the entire time of the commisson and that it is of sufficient importance to require early action.

THREE CONVICTS ARE SENTENCED TO HANG.

Jefferson City, March 10.—Condemned convicts Harry Vaughan, George Ryan and Edward Raymond, found guilty of having murdered prison guard John Clay in the prison mutiny of Nov. 24 last, were sentenced in the circuit court here this morning by Judge Martin to be hanged on April 20. The judge overruled the motion for a new trial and then passed the death sentence on the defendants. An appeal was then granted to the supreme court.

MARTIN ACQUITTED.

Bemidji, Minn., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Albert Martin of Wilton, was acquitted of the charge of having venison in his possession, out of season. The trial was the second on the same charge, a jury in the former case, a week ago, having disagreed.

WESTERN MINERS ARE FORMALLY INDICTED FOR MURDER OF GOVERNOR

Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone, Simpson Directly Charged With Killing.

Able Counsel Already Engaged to Defend the Prisoners.

New Yorkers to Hold Mass Meeting to Protest Against Charge.

Boise, Idaho, March 10.—Indictments were returned yesterday against the suspected members of the Western Federation of Miners.

Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone and Jack Simpkins, who is still at large, are indicted jointly, being charged with having murdered Governor Frank Steunenberg. There is in the indictment no mention of the Western Federation of Miners, nor any charge of conspiracy. So far as the indictment shows each is accused of having personally participated in the crime charged. The indictment contains three counts, all of a similar nature. The gist of the charges is that the accused men placed a deadly box or bomb filled with giant powder, caps, sulphuric acid and other explosives at the gate in front of Frank Steunenberg's residence with the intention of killing him. One count charges the actual murder of Steunenberg by causing the bomb to explode as he was entering his yard.

The names of twenty witnesses, including Harry Orchard, who has confessed to his part in the crime, are indorsed on the indictment.

After the indictment had been read, Judge Smith asked if the prisoners had counsel. Attorney Richardson of Denver replied that himself, Clarence S. Darrow of Chicago, Fred Miller of Spokane and John F. Nugent of Silver City, Idaho, would represent the prisoners. Attorney Richardson then entered his motion for a continuance, which was not opposed by the prosecution.

Mr. Richardson complained of the treatment which the prisoners are receiving in the jail. He stated that they are denied newspapers and are not permitted to correspond with friends. Judge Smith agreed that these inhibitions should be removed and so ordered, stating that if his orders are not carried out the prisoners should be brought to Caldwell and lodged in the Canyon county jail.

Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone were taken from the jail by Sheriff Nichols of Canyon county early yesterday day morning. The public showed little interest and there were few persons at the railway station. The small court room at Caldwell was not filled. At the conclusion of the proceedings before Judge Smith, the prisoners were brought back to Boise and taken before the state supreme court of Idaho, where arguments were heard on the habeas corpus proceedings begun in their behalf several days ago.

New York, March 10.—Notice of a mass meeting to protest against prosecution of the men allaged to have been concerned in the assassination of Former Governor Steunenberg of Idaho were distributed in this city today. The call for the meeting is not signed. It read as follows:

"Prevent this murder by attending the protest mass meeting, arranged by the organized workmen of this city, to protest against the illegal imprisonment and intended murder of Messrs. Moyer, Haywood and other officials of the Western Federation of Miners.

"The arrest of these men is a crime, and only by united action will you save their lives. Attend the protest meeting and bring your friends and shop mates."

The meeting is set for March 13 at the Grand Central Palace.

MANY ARE HURT IN FIRE PANIC

Congregation Tramples Over Each Other in Rushing From Synagogue.

New York, March 10.—Three hundred persons worshipping in the Jewish synagogue Anscheineer were driven out today, many suffering slight injuries and having clothing torn, in a panic caused by smoke which rushed in large volume into the temple from a fire on the floor above. The synagogue is below a tailor shop, at 13½ Madison street, and the fire started in this shop. All the injuries were inflicted during a frantic struggle in the narrow doorway of the synagogue. Policemen with drawn clubs had to charge upon those struggling for exit in this doorway. As men, women and children were taken, one at a time, out of the passage, the sidewalk was converted into a temporary hospital, several women being stretched out in a faint. The police finally worked their way into the synagogue, after which the place was emptied in an orderly manner. The fire damage was slight.

SMITH SAILS FOR HOME.

Manila, March 10.—Gen. J. F. Smith, the future governor-general of the Philippines, has sailed for Hongkong, en route to San Francisco. He will leave Hongkong for that port on the Pacific mail steamer Mongolia, March 17.

HANSON MAY HAVE BOOM

For Governorship But Block is Making Most Noise Now.

Funny Efforts of Block's Supporters to Create an Issue.

St. Paul, March 10.—(Special to The Herald).—That Jim Martin would make his entry again into state politics as an aspirant for Ripley Brower's seat in the senate, which was announced some time ago in these columns, has caused much comment in the state press and in local political circles. It was not the intention of the federal ring to have the announcement sprung so soon, but it is now a well known fact that Jim Martin, one of the cleverest campaign managers in the state, will be to Nelson what Rich is to Clapp. There is little heard these days concerning Brower's candidacy for congress to displace Buckman, but Senator Brower is working quietly. It is hinted that there is still hope of a Hanson boom for governor and in case that happens, Brower must be called off and kept quiet for another two years.

There is one serious objection to P. E. Hanson's candidacy and that is his business relations to the Great Northern. For years, and he has made no secret of it, Mr. Hanson has been a land agent for the road. The connection has been purely a business one and was well known when Mr. Hanson was running for secretary of state. Mr. Hanson does not seek to make a secret of it for he has no reason to do so. Still it is argued that this might operate against him as a candidate for governor.

* * *

Julius Block makes a noise like a governor in the last issue of the St. Peter Tribune, his home paper and an ardent supporter of Block's candidacy. The issue might appropriately be termed a Block number. It bears on its first page a picture of the state treasurer which extends across into space to the extent of several columns. There is no direct statement from Block, but

(Continued on page 7, fourth column.)

BISMARCK'S OPPONENT

In Many Great German Questions Has Passed Away.

Eugene Richter, Radical Leader of Reichstag, Dead at Berlin.

Berlin, March 10.—Eugene Richter, radical leader in the reichstag since its foundation, Bismarck's old opponent, and a long time editor of the Freisinnige Zeitung, died at 4 o'clock this morning.

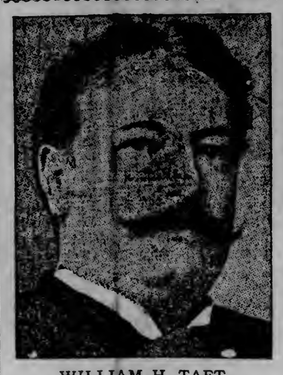
Herr Richter, who was enfeebled by an illness of two years and who had been blind for a year, died of heart failure. He was the last notable parliamentary-journalistic figure of the formative period of the empire. As the leader of one of the free minded or radical parties he once numbered Professors Virchow and Mommsen among his lieutenants, but owing to the drift of political opinion and the growth of Socoalism the party sank from a million votes and sixty-seven seats in the reichstag in 1885 to twenty-one seats.

It was always a surpise to his admirers that Herr Richter's immense talents as an organizer, parliamentary tactitcian, popular agitator, debater and inexoriable analyist of public questions had not raised him to greater influence in the country. Those who opposed Herr Richter said he was a man of chimeras and negations, seeking to attain for Germany the British responsible ministerial system while attacking every constructive measure. He was Prince Bismarck's passionate opponent. The great chancellor felt so sensitively Herr Richter's attacks on him in the reichstag that he wanted to fight a duel with his tormenter, and finally the chancellor always left the house when Richter rose to speak. His opposition to the naval bill in 1893 caused Prof. Mommsen, Herr Barth, editor of the Nateion and about a third of the others of the party to secede from the moderate radical group.

CHURCH AND STATE.

Rome, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is said that Italy will be the next country to separate from the Catholic church in the same manner as France. The pope's friend, Bishop of Cremona Bonomelli, is conducting a literary campaign in favor of the "American policy." It is claimed that the pope gave him authority to do so, but your correspondent was unable to verify the alleged fact.

WILL TAFT BE A SUPREME JUSTICE?



WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Rumor Says the President Will Appoint Secretary Taft to the Supreme Bench. Taft Says the President Has Made No Decision.

TERRIBLE DISASTER

Occurs in Coal Mine in the Courrieres District, France.

Eighteen Hundred Men in Mine When Explosion Occurs.

Paris, March 10.—A terrible catastrophe has occurred at a coal mine in the Courrieres district of the Pas-De-Calais, eighteen miles from Bethune. An exposion of gas has killed many miners and three chambers of the mine are on fire. The number of victims is not known, but 1,800 miners descended into the pit this morning.

The explosion occurred at 7 o'clock this morning.

The first reports which reached the ministry of public works announced that it was impossible to calculate even approximately the number of victims, but it was hoped that most of the miners had sought refuge in the lateral galleries. In the three chambers in which the explosion took place the violence of the fire was such that flames issued from the mouth of the pit.

The minister of public works Mr. Gautier, immediately ordered M. Delafond, inspector general of mines, to proceed to the scene of the disaster and the minister of the interior, M. Dubieff, will follow later to adopt measures for the relief of the families of the victims.

ORE DISCOVERED NEAR HINCKLEY

Rich Copper Vein Reported Found by Three Prospectors.

Hinckley, Minn., March 10.—Will Hinckley become a copper center? This is the question many citizens are now asking themselves. From frequent indications it seems probable that such will be the case.

Copper has been discovered in paying quantities just east of town on the rocky ridge along Kettle river in a vein nearly six feet in width, and practically on the surface. It appears to be an inexhaustible supply.

This vein was discovered last fall, but the prospectors kept the matter quiet till they could secure options on the land. These options have now been obtained and the news is given out. The lucky owners are J. Conklin and Rev. J. D. Manly of Hinckley and James Morrison of Sandstone.

This discovery is not the result of chance. For several years Conklin believed there was copper to be found in paying quantities, and has devoted all his spare time in looking for it. Three years ago he sold out his stock of hardware that he might devote more time to prospecting.

The work of prospecting the mine will be begun at once. Many applications have been made for an interest, and plenty of capital has been offered. The copper is found in a narrow strip of rock that follows the Kettle river for miles, and it is the belief of the fortunate owners that the vein extends for miles, and that many other mines will be located.

THE WATERLOO TUBE IS OPENED IN LONDON.

London, March 10.—The Baker street-Waterloo "tube," one of the late Charles T. Yerkes group of railroads, was opened to public traffic today. This is the latest addition to the London underground electric railroads and the most important link in the solution of the city's traffic problem. The new artery, the length of which is 5¼ miles, runs north and south, traversing all the older line, with which it is connected by subways, thus enabling passengers to reach within a short distance of any point in the metropolis. The construction of the road was commenced in 1898 under the auspices of the late Whitaker Wright's group of roads and subsequently was purchased by the Yerkes-Speyer interests.

GOVERNOR BLAMED FOR MASSACRE OF NATIVES ON ISLAND OF JOLO

Permitted Outlaws to Fortify Themselves Within Sight of City.

Now Estimated That the Killed and Wounded Number 900.

Women and Children Were Slaughtered Alike With Warriors.

Manila, March 10.—Americans are now arriving at Zamboanga from Jolo. The censensus of their opinion is that the whole trouble was due to the fact that Governor Maj. Hugh Scott permitted the outlaws to fortify themselves within sight of the city of Jolo. The military authorities at Zamboanga have refused since then to give any information to the press.

The Associated Press telegrams from Zamboanga say that the attack on Mount Dajo commenced on Monday. There were four days of hard fighting, during which it is estimated that 900 persons were killed or wounded.

Brig. Gen. Bliss made a reconnaisance toward Mount Dajo during the week previous to the attack of the American force upon the Moro stronghold there, but it had no effect upon the hostile attitude of the outlaws.

An unofficial report says that the families of the Moros remained in the village, located in the center of the crater at the apex of the mountain, and the women and children mingled with the warriors during the battle to such an extent that it was impossible to discriminate, and all were killed in the fierce onslaught.

Maj. Gen. Wood is not available to confirm this report. Constabulary detachments are now engaged in the mountains of Northern Luzon, rounding up the bands of savages and head hunters who are on the war path.

STEAMSHIP GOES DOWN

The Nelson Bound for France Sinks in the Channel.

Crew of Twenty-Five Men Are Safely Taken Off.

London, March 10, 2:20 p. m.—A large steamer, the name of which has not yet been ascertained, sank today after striking the rocks northwest of Ushant, twenty-seven miles from Brest, France.

The first indication of trouble was at 3 a. m. when a signal man on the Mole heard guns fired and the sounding of a steamer's siren in a dense fog, which hid the vessel. Life boats were immediately sent to the assistance of the steamer and subsequently news was received to the effect that she had been refloated, but shortly afterwards sank.

The firing of the guns seems to indicate that the vessel carried passengers and her identity is awaited with anxiety.

Later—4.06 p. m.—The steamer which sank off Ushant was subsequently identified as the British steamer Nelson, from Port Talbot, Wales, for St. Nazare, France. Her crew, numbering twenty-five men, were saved.

Brest, March 10.—The British steamer Nelson, Capt. Wilkinson, sailing from London, having a crew of twenty-one men, and bound from Port Talbot, Wales, with 3,000 tons of coal for St. Nazare, France, grounded on the Pierres Vertes, near the island of Molene, this morning. After having succeeded in refloating herself by means of her own power, the Nelson drifted away and sank shortly afterward in the Fromveur passage, between Molene Island and the island of Ushant, twenty-seven miles west by north of th port. The crew of the Nelson were saved by fishing boats.

VESLEY'S TRIAL FOR MURDER

Of the Dahls Starts at March Term of Court at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The next term of district court for Beltrami county will be held at Bemidji beginning on March 20. From present indications the calendar will be a light one. Three persons were indicted by the last grand jury and will be tried at this term, and there are four held to await the action of the grand jury at this term. There will probably be a number of indictments that will materially swell the criminal calender. The most important case on the calendar is that against "Shorty" Vesley, indicted last fall for the murder of N. O. Dahl and daughter Aagot, at Quinn, during the month of April, 1903. The crime with which Vesley is charged was one of the most brutal in the history of the state. Should he be convicted, he will undoubtedly hang. Mrs. Louis Silversack is charged with arson in trying to set fire to the saloon and barn of her husband, Frank Silversack, in this city. Mrs. Silversack was indicted last fall, but furnished bonds and has been at liberty. Mike Walters was also indicted last fall on the charge of taking timber from state land near Turtle river. Walters has also been out under bonds. Those bound over awaiting the action of the grand jury are: J. W. McKee, grand larceny, assisting in the theft of a harness at Buna Vista; John Cummings, second degree assault, upon the person of J. W. Speelman of Buena Vista; Martin Thompson, grand larceny, committed of stealing household goods and property in Buzzle township; George Cyr, burglary, committed in a saloon at Puposky. The civil calendar is somewhat lengthy.

The fire department has made application to the city council for the privilege of operating the city Opera house, the profits which they may derive therefrom to be used in defraying the expenses of the running team participating in the tournament to be held at Cass Lake, June 20-23.

LAUGHING MILLIONAIRES RARE, SAYS CARNEGIE.

London, March 10.—Andrew Carnegie has written to a newspaper here declaring the advantages of wealth are trifling. He says:

"Beyond a competence for old age, which need not be great and may be small, wealth lessens rather than increases human happiness. Millionaires who laugh are rare.

SNOW AT WICHITA.

Wichita, Kan., March 10.—The heaviest snow storm of the winter prevails in this section of Kansas today. Street car traffic is demoralized in this city.

HITCHCOCK MAY RESIGN.

Washington, March 10.—Friends of E. A. Hitchcock, secretary of the interior, says he will resign from the cabinet to take effect July 1, and that Marion C. Butler of North Calolina is the president's preference for his successor. Secretary Hitchcock is in his seventy-first year and in his eighth year as a member of the cabinet, to which he was appointed by President McKinley after serving as ambassador to Russia.

PREDICTS AN IRON SHORTAGE

Consul Says There Will be a Famine Inside of Century.

Washington, March 10.—Consul General Mason of Paris in a report made public today predicts that the United States is likely to run short of iron inside of a century by the continued yearly absorption of 35,000,000 tons which is more than one-third of the world's total consumption. He suggests the sale of American coal to Europe in exchange for iron, especially in view of the prospective advance of British coal prices. The world has only 10,000,000,000 tons of iron ore available, Gegmany, Russia and France each possessing more than this country. In the comparison of coal qualities the consul states that the advantage of North American over European countries is overwhelming, and that with what is not known the present 280,000,000 tons annual output of American bituminous coal can be maintained for hundreds of years ithout exhaustion while the European coal fields are running out. On the other hand the foremost British metal journal predicts an iron famine in about half a century. Special Agent Burrill, in a report to the department of commerce and labor describes the trade conditions in South China, stating that it will take time to recover from the effects of the boycott. As yet the only movement of American goods at Hongkong is confined almost exclusively to the foreign firms, and for transhipment to France, China and points beyond.

DESCENDANTS

Of Pocahontas Are Asked to Join Memorial Association.

Washington, March 10. — Having completed its organization, the Pocahontas Memorial association today sent out a notice through the press, expressing its desire to enroll among its members "All the descendents of the Indian princes and of the colonists whom she saved from massacre and starvation." Attention is called to the fact that "As these decendents are scattered far and wide, and as the time for the erection of the memorial at Jamestown exposition is rapidly approaching, they are requested, whenever this shall meet their eyes, to communicate at once with the honorary president, Miss Matoaca Hay, box 82, 902 F street, and the president, Miss McLain, 1320 Nineteenth street, Washington, D. C.

PREACHER GOES WRONG.

Minister Sentenced to Year in Prison at Ashville, N. C.

Raleigh, N. C., March 10.—A special to the Evening Times from Asheville, N. C., says: "Rev. W. H. Jones, a Baptist minister and former pastor and circuit rider of seven churches in Blue Ridge township, Henderson county, was convicted at Hendersonville yesterday of criminal relations with Mrs. Angeline Cagle and sentenced to imprisonment for one year. The woman was also convicted and fined $100 and costs.

FISTS AND CAMERAS

Create a Lively Fight in Front of Chicago Federal Building.

Attempt to Take Walsh's Picture Causes a General Mixup.

Chicago, March 10.—The preliminary hearing of John R. Walsh, former president of the Chicago National bank, who was arrested several days ago on a charge of violation of the federal banking laws was set for this morning before Commissioner Foote, but because of the absence of Mr. Walsh's attorney, was continued until March 19.

A lively fight between the friends of Mr. Walsh and a number of newspaper photographers took place when Mr. Walsh was about to leave the federal building after his case had been continued. The photographers had placed their machines at the Adams street entrance to the building, and when Mr. Walsh came out one of them snapped him. In an instant the friends of Mr. Walsh made a rush for him, and the machine went into the air and the photographer to the sidewalk. He jumped up and struck one of his assailants in the mouth knocking him down, and cutting his hand badly on the front teeth of his victim.

A general mixup followed, all of the photographers taking sides with their fellow workman against the friends of the banker and for two or three minutes a crowd of men numbering at least a score fought up and down the steps of the postoffice and back and forth across the sidewalk. Hats were smashed, noses bloodied, and eyes blackened. The arrival of the police stopped the fight. Only one picture of Mr. Walsh was taken, but the chances are that the camera that took it, will never be used again.

EXPENSE IS TOO GREAT

For Small Countries to Send Delegates to Pan-American Congress.

Washington, March 10.—Considerable interest is felt in government and diplomatic circles in the arrangements being made by the different South and Central American countries for the sending of delegates to the third Pan-American congress to be held at Rio Janeiro this summer. It is supposed that about three-fourths of the states will send lelegates, but several for different reasons, will refrain from taking part in the coming congress. In the case of some of the smaller republics of Central America the mattr of expense is an important consideration and although most desirous to send a delegation they are prevented from doing so through the high expenses attendant on such a mission. It can be stated with certainty that Venezuela will not be represented, probably because of her objection to any general arbitration proposal. Colombia is not likely to send a delegate because she has not yet solved the difficulties with the United States growing out of the loss of Panama. The republic of Panama will probably be represented as this is almost the first time it can participate in a public affair as an independent country. Whether Peru will send a delegate is as yet an unsettled question as in the case of Haiti and Santo Domingo, although the latter country is strongly inclined to be represented. The attendance of the following countries is certain: United States, Mexico, Cuba, Ecuador, Bolivia, Brazil, Argentina, Urugay and Paraguey.

FOURTEEN AMERICANS REMAIN IN THE TORPIDS.

Oxford, Eng., March 10.—Among the twenty-four Rhodes scholars now remaining in the Torpids, the name given to the annual races for men who have not rowed in the summer eights of the previous year, there are the following Americans, their respective Oxford colleges and the states they are representing in the scholarship scheme, being given in each case: F. Aydelotte, Brazenos college, (Ind.); R. E. Blodgett, Wadham, (Mo.); J. A. Brown, New college, (N. H.); C. W. Bush, Brazenos, (Del.); E. J. Ford, Christ church, (Mass.); R. K. Hack, Oriole, (Mass.); H. Hines, Queens, (N. D.); B. H. Jacobson, Exeter, (Utah); E. R. Lloyd, Wadham, (W. Va.); P. C. Many, Queens, (La.); L. G. Ralisback, Limcoln, (Wash.); H. W. Soule, Worcester, (Me.); W. W. Thayer, Magdalen, (N. H.); C. C. Vincent, Queens, (Ohio.)

NO DECISION

Made by President as to Who Shall Succeed Justice Brown.

Washington, March 10.—Secretary Taft today made the following statement:

"I am authorized by the president to say that he has made no decision as to the selection of any one to succeed Mr. Associate Justice Brown. He has been in consultation with Secretary Root, Attorney General Moody and myself the three lawyers of the cabinet, in the matter, and no decision has been reached."

STATUE FOR PAUNCEFOTE.

London, March 10.—The memorial to the late Lord Pauncefote erected by Lady Pauncefote and her daughters has just been placed at the head of the grave of the deceased diplomat in the East Stoke church yard, near Newark-upon-Trent, Nottinghamshire. It is a bronze statue representing an angel of peace and was executed by George Wade, the sculptor.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Section 1. Pages 1 to 14.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

30 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

HONOR FOR McGOLRICK

If Archbishop Ireland is Created Counsellor to the Pope.

Duluth Bishop Would be Recommended as Successor to Ireland.

New York, March 10.—The Tribune prints the following: "Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul sailed for Rome Thursday on a secret mission. He was summoned by Pope Pius X, and in ecclesiastical circles of this city there were strong rumors that the pope would ask him to stay in Rome permanently. Friends of the archbishop, who have been expecting him to be made a cardinal at every consistory for the last five years, declared that the pope would honor him in some way.

"The general opinion is that he will be asked to remain in Rome as special counsellor to the pope, and that later he will be made a resident cardinal.

"In this way, it is hinted, the annoying question of creating another American cardinal without giving offense would be solved. The choice of the pope will remain then between Archbishop Farley and Archbishop Ryan. The latter, being the older, would have some claim to preference, but the Philadelphia prelate has made it quite clear if there is to be only one more cardinal appointed, New York, being the metropolitan diocese of the country, should have the honor.

"Archbishop Ireland would not speak of his mission, one way or the other. 'I purpose staying in France some few days, then going direct to Rome. After that I shall visit, Ireland.'

"The archbishop is accompanied by Bishop James McGolrick of Duluth, Minn. It is said the archbishop will urge the appointment of Bishop McGolrick as his auxiliary, and if he should decide to stay abroad, as his successor at St. Paul."

MAY MEET WITH COMPLICATIONS

Resolution to Appoint Commission on the Red River.

Washington, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The resolution introduced by Senator Hansbrough authorizing the president to appoint a commission to act with a commmission from the Dominion of Canada for the consideration of the condition of the Red River of the North, while it does not raise a new question, yet, before it becomes a law, it is likely to encounter some complications. In 1902 congress put a proviso into the river and harbor appropriation bill authorizing the president to invite the government of Great Britain to join in the formation of an international commission "to investigate and report upon the condition and uses of the waters adjacent to the boundary lines between the United States and Canada." It is contended by some that this provision is so general in its character that the international commission already created by the river and harbor act take jurisdiction of the question involving the Red River of the North. The river and harbor act further provides that this international commission shall especially consider all matters pertaining to the "waters of the lakes and rivers whose natural outlet is by the River St. Lawrence to the Atlantic ocean," and it further authorizes the payment of expenses generally from moneys heretofore appropriated "for the St. Mary's River at the falls." In view of these special provisions in the river and harbor act, Senator Hansbrough contends that while the International commission might find authority in the general provisions of the act to investigate the Red River, nevertheless he thinks that when the act was passed its authors and advocates had in view matters pertaining to lake and rivers along the boundary line east of Buffalo rather than the consideration of streams and lakes in the central west. Furthermore, he is of the opinion that should the Red River question be referred to the international commission it would be several years before they would reach it, so he intends to insist upon the consideration of his resolution which was sent to the committee on agriculture, and is hopeful of securing favorable consideration at this session, so that the commission created under it can take hold of the matter at once and put in the summer investigating the Red River and its tributaries both in the United States and in Manitoba. He thinks the subject is sufficiently large to engage the entire time of the commisson and that it is of sufficient importance to require early action.

THREE CONVICTS ARE SENTENCED TO HANG.

Jefferson City, March 10.—Condemned convicts Harry Vaughan, George Ryan and Edward Raymond, found guilty of having murdered prison guard John Clay in the prison mutiny of Nov. 24 last, were sentenced in the circuit court here this morning by Judge Martin to be hanged on April 20. The judge overruled the motion for a new trial and then passed the death sentence on the defendants. An appeal was then granted to the supreme court.

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MANY ARE HURT IN FIRE PANIC

Congregation Tramples Over Each Other in Rushing From Synagogue.

New York, March 10.—Three hundred persons worshipping in the Jewish synagogue Anschelneer were driven out today, many suffering slight injuries and having clothing torn, in a panic caused by smoke which rushed in large volume into the temple from a fire on the floor above. The synagogue is below a tailor shop, at 13½ Madison street, and the fire started in this shop. All the injuries were inflicted during a frantic struggle in the narrow doorway of the synagogue. Policemen with drawn clubs had to charge upon those struggling for exit in this doorway. As men, women and children were taken, one at a time, out of the passage, the sidewalk was converted into a temporary hospital, several women being stretched out in a faint. The police finally worked their way into the synagogue, after which the place was emptied in an orderly manner. The fire damage was slight.

SMITH SAILS FOR HOME.

Manila, March 10.—Gen. J. F. Smith, the future governor-general of the Philippines, has sailed for Hongkong, en route to San Francisco. He will leave Hongkong for that port on the Pacific mail steamer Mongolia, March 17.

HANSON MAY HAVE BOOM

For Governorship But Block is Making Most Noise Now.

Funny Efforts of Block's Supporters to Create an Issue.

St. Paul, March 10.—(Special to The Herald).—That Jim Martin would make his entry again into state politics as an aspirant for Ripley Brower's seat in the senate, which was announced some time ago in these columns, has caused much comment in the state press and in local political circles. It was not the intention of the federal ring to have the announcement sprung so soon, but it is now a well known fact that Jim Martin, one of the cleverest campaign managers in the state, will be to Nelson what Rich is to Clapp. There is little heard these days concerning Brower's candidacy for congress to displace Buckman, but Senator Brower is working quietly. It is hinted that there is still hope of a Hanson boom for governor and in case that happens, Brower must be called off and kept quiet for another two years.

There is one serious objection to P. E. Hanson's candidacy and that is his business relations to the Great Northern. For years, and he has made no secret of it, Mr. Hanson has been a land agent for the road. The connection has been purely a business one and was well known when Mr. Hanson was running for secretary of state. Mr. Hanson does not seek to make a secret of it for he has no reason to do so. Still it is argued that this might operate against him as a candidate for governor.

* * *

Julius Block makes a noise like a governor in the last issue of the St. Peter Tribune, his home paper and an ardent supporter of Block's candidacy. The issue might appropriately be termed a Block number. It bears on its first page a picture of the state treasurer which extends across into space to the extent of several columns. There is no direct statement from Block, but

(Continued on page 7, fourth column.)

BISMARCK'S OPPONENT

In Many Great German Questions Has Passed Away.

Eugene Richter, Radical Leader of Reichstag, Dead at Berlin.

Berlin, March 10.—Eugene Richter, radical leader in the reichstag since its foundation, Bismarck's old opponent, and a long time editor of the Freisinnige Zeitung, died at 4 o'clock this morning.

Herr Richter, who was enfeebled by an illness of two years and who had been blind for a year, died of heart failure. He was the last notable parliamentary-journalistic figure of the formative period of the empire. As the leader of one of the free minded or radical parties he once numbered Professors Virchow and Mommsen among his lieutenants, but owing to the drift of political opinion and the growth of Socialism the party sank from a million votes and sixty-seven seats in the reichstag in 1885 to twenty-one seats.

It was always a surpise to his admirers that Herr Richter's immense talents as an organizer, parliamentary tactitican, popular agitator, debater and inexorable analyist of public questions had not raised him to greater influence in the country. Those who opposed Herr Richter said he was a man of chimeras and negations, seeking to attain for Germany the British responsible ministerial system while attacking every constructive measure. He was Prince Bismarck's passionate opponent. The great chancellor felt so sensitively Herr Richter's attacks on him in the reichstag that he wanted to fight a duel with his tormenter, and finally the chancellor always left the house when Richter rose to speak. His opposition to the naval bill in 1893 caused Prof. Mommsen, Herr Barth, editor of the Natcion and about a third of the others of the party to secede from the moderate radical group.

CHURCH AND STATE.

Rome, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is said that Italy will be the next country to separate from the Catholic church in the same manner as France. The pope's friend, Bishop of Cremona Bonomelli, is conducting a literary campaign in favor of the "American policy." It is claimed that the pope gave him authority to do so, but your correspondent was unable to verify the alleged fact.

WILL TAFT BE A SUPREME JUSTICE?

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Rumor Says the President Will Appoint Secretary Taft to the Supreme Bench. Taft Says the President Has Made No Decision.

TERRIBLE DISASTER

Occurs in Coal Mine in the Courrieres District, France.

Eighteen Hundred Men in Mine When Explosion Occurs.

Paris, March 10.—A terrible catastrophe has occurred at a coal mine in the Courrieres district of the Pas-De-Calais, eighteen miles from Bethune. An exposion of gas has killed many miners and three chambers of the mine are on fire. The number of victims is not known, but 1,800 miners descended into the pit this morning.

The explosion occurred at 7 o'clock this morning.

The first reports which reached the ministry of public works announced that it was impossible to calculate even approximately the number of victims, but it was hoped that most of the miners had sought refuge in the lateral galleries. In the three chambers in which the explosion took place the violence of the fire was such that flames issued from the mouth of the pit.

The minister of public works Mr. Gautier, immediately ordered M. Delafond, inspector general of mines, to proceed to the scene of the disaster and the minister of the interior, M. Dubieff, will follow later to adopt measures for the relief of the families of the victims.

ORE DISCOVERED NEAR HINCKLEY

Rich Copper Vein Reported Found by Three Prospectors.

Hinckley, Minn., March 10.—Will Hinckley become a copper center? This is the question many citizens are now asking themselves. From frequent indications it seems probable that such will be the case.

Copper has been discovered in paying quantities just east of town on the rocky ridge along Kettle river in a vein nearly six feet in width, and practically on the surface. It appears to be an inexhaustible supply.

This vein was discovered last fall, but the prospectors kept the matter quiet till they could secure options on the land. These options have now been obtained and the news is given out. The lucky owners are J. Conklin and Rev. J. D. Manly of Hinckley and James Morrison of Sandstone.

This discovery is not the result of chance. For several years Conklin believed there was copper to be found in paying quantities, and has devoted all his spare time in looking for it. Three years ago he sold out his stock of hardware that he might devote more time to prospecting.

The work of prospecting the mine will be begun at once. Many applications have been made for an interest, and plenty of capital has been offered. The copper is found in a narrow strip of rock that follows the Kettle river for miles, and it is the belief of the fortunate owners that the vein extends for miles, and that many other mines will be located.

THE WATERLOO TUBE IS OPENED IN LONDON.

London, March 10.—The Baker street-Waterloo "tube," one of the late Charles T. Yerkes group of railroads, was opened to public traffic today. This is the latest addition to the London underground electric railroads and the most important link in the solution of the city's traffic problem. The new artery, the length of which is 5¼ miles, runs north and south, traversing all the older line, with which it is connected by subways, thus enabling passengers to reach within a short distance of any point in the metropolis. The construction of the road was commenced in 1898 under the auspices of the late Whitaker Wright's group of roads and subsequently was purchased by the Yerkes-Speyer interests.

GOVERNOR BLAMED FOR MASSACRE OF NATIVES ON ISLAND OF JOLO

STEAMSHIP GOES DOWN

The Nelson Bound for France Sinks in the Channel.

Crew of Twenty-Five Men Are Safely Taken Off.

London, March 10, 2:20 p. m.—A large steamer, the name of which has not yet been ascertained, sank today after striking the rocks northwest of Ushant, twenty-seven miles from Brest, France.

The first indication of trouble was at 3 a. m. when a signal man on the Mole heard guns fired and the sounding of a steamer's siren in a dense fog, which hid the vessel. Life boats were immediately sent to the assistance of the steamer and subsequently news was received to the effect that she had been refloated, but shortly afterwards sank.

The firing of the guns seems to indicate that the vessel carried passengers and later identity is awaited with anxiety.

Later—4.06 p. m.—The steamer which sank off Ushant was subsequently identified as the British steamer Nelson, from Port Talbot, Wales, for St. Nazare, France. Her crew, numbering twenty-five men, were saved.

Brest, March 10.—The British steamer Nelson, Capt. Wilkinson, sailing from London, having a crew of twenty-one men, and bound from Port Talbot, Wales, with 3,000 tons of coal for St. Nazare, France, grounded on the Pierres Vertes, near the island of Molene, this morning. After having succeeded in refloating herself by means of her own power, the Nelson drifted away and sank shortly afterward in the Fromveur passage, between Molene island and the island of Ushant, twenty-seven miles west by north of th port. The crew of the Nelson were saved by fishing boats.

VESLEY'S TRIAL FOR MURDER

Of the Dahis Starts at March Term of Court at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The next term of district court for Beltrami county will be held at Bemidji beginning on March 20. From present indications the calendar will be a light one. Three persons were indicted by the last grand jury and will be tried at this term, and there are four held to await the action of the grand jury at this term. There will probably be a number of indictments that will materially swell the criminal calender. The most important case on the calendar is that against "Shorty" Vesley, indicted last fall for the murder of N. O. Dahl and daughter Angot, at Quring, during the month of April, 1903. The crime with which Vesley is charged was one of the most brutal in the history of the state. Should he be convicted, he will undoubtedly hang. Mrs. Louis Silversack is charged with arson in trying to set fire to the saloon and barn of her husband, Frank Silversack, in this city. Mrs. Silversack was indicted last fall, but furnished bonds and has been at liberty. Mike Walters was also indicted last fall on the charge of taking timber from state land near Turtle river. Walters has also been out under bonds. Those bound over awaiting the action of the grand jury are: J. W. McKee, grand larceny, assisting in the theft of a harness at Buna Vista; John Cummings, second degree assault, upon the person of J. W. Speelman of Buena Vista; Martin Thompson, grand larceny, committed of stealing household goods and property in Buzzle township; George Cyr, burglary, committed in a saloon at Puposky. The civil calendar is somewhat lengthy.

The fire department has made application to the city council for the privilege of operating the city Opera house, the profits which they may derive therefrom to be used in defraying the expenses of the running team participating in the tournament to be held at Cass Lake, June 20-23.

LAUGHING MILLIONAIRES RARE, SAYS CARNEGIE.

London, March 10.—Andrew Carnegie has written to a newspaper here declaring the advantages of wealth are trifling. He says:

"Beyond a competence for old age, which need not be great and may be small, wealth lessens rather than increases human happiness. Millionaires who laugh are rare.

SNOW AT WICHITA.

Wichita, Kan., March 10.—The heaviest snow storm of the winter prevails in this section of Kansas today. Street car traffic is demoralized in this city.

HITCHCOCK MAY RESIGN.

Washington, March 10.—Friends of E. A. Hitchcock, secretary of the interior, says he will resign from the cabinet to take effect July 1, and that Marion C. Butler of North Calolina is the president's preference for his successor. Secretary Hitchcock is in his seventy-first year and in his eighth year as a member of the cabinet, to which he was appointed by President McKinley after serving as ambassador to Russia.

Permitted Outlaws to Fortify Themselves Within Sight of City.

Now Estimated That the Killed and Wounded Number 900.

Women and Children Were Slaughtered Alike With Warriors.

Manila, March 10.—Americans are now arriving at Zamboanga from Jolo. The censensus of their opinion is that the whole trouble was due to the fact that Governor Maj. Hugh Scott permitted the outlaws to fortify themselves within sight of the city of Jolo. The military authorities at Zamboanga have refused since then to give any information to the press.

The Associated Press telegrams from Zamboanga say that the attack on Mount Dajo commenced on Monday. There were four days of hard fighting, during which it is estimated that 900 persons were killed or wounded.

Brig. Gen. Bliss made a reconnaisance toward Mount Dajo during the week previous to the attack of the American force upon the Moro stronghold there, but it had no effect upon the hostile attitude of the outlaws.

An unofficial report says that the families of the Moros remained in the village, located in the center of the crater at the apex of the mountain, and the women and children mingled with the warriors during the battle to such an extent that it was impossible to discriminate, and all were killed in the fierce onslaught.

Maj. Gen. Wood is not available to confirm this report. Constabulary detachments are now engaged in the mountains of Northern Luzon, rounding up the bands of savages and head hunters who are on the war path.

PREDICTS AN IRON SHORTAGE

Consul Says There Will be a Famine Inside of Century.

Washington, March 10.—Consul General Mason of Paris in a report made public today predicts that the United States is likely to run short of iron inside of a century by the continued yearly absorption of 35,000,000 tons which is more than one-third of the world's total consumption. He suggests the sale of American coal to Europe in exchange for iron, especially in view of the prospective advance of British coal prices. The world has only 10,000,000,000 tons of iron ore available, Germany, Russia and France each possessing more than this country. In the comparison of coal qualities the consul states that the advantage of North American over European countries is overwhelming, and that with what is not known the present 280,000,000 tons annual output of American bituminous coal can be maintained for hundreds of years thout exhaustion while the European coal fields are running out. On the other hand the foremost British metal journal predicts an iron famine in about half a century. Special Agent Burrill, in a report to the department of commerce and labor describes the trade conditions in South China, stating that it will take time to recover from the effects of the boycott. As yet the only movement of American goods at Hongkong is confined almost exclusively to the foreign firms, and for transhipment to France, China and points beyond.

DESCENDANTS

Of Pocahontas Are Asked to Join Memorial Association.

Washington, March 10. — Having completed its organization, the Pocahontas Memorial association today sent out a notice through the press, expressing its desire to enroll among its members "All the descendents of the Indian princes and of the colonists whom she saved from massacre and starvation." Attention is called to the fact that "As these decendents are scattered far and wide, and as the time for the erection of the memorial at Jamestown exposition is rapidly approaching, they are requested, whenever this shall meet their eyes, to communicate at once with the honorary president, Miss Matoaca Hay, box 92, 902 F street, and the president, Miss McLain, 1320 Nineteenth street, Washington, D. C.

PREACHER GOES WRONG.

Minister Sentenced to Year in Prison at Ashville, N. C.

Raleigh, N. C., March 10.—A special to the Evening Times from Asheville, N. C., says: "Rev. W. H. Jones, a Baptist minister and former pastor and circuit rider of seven churches in Blue Ridge township, Henderson county, was convicted at Hendersonville yesterday of criminal relations with Mrs. Angeline Cagle and sentenced to imprisonment for one year. The woman was also convicted and fined $100 and costs.

FISTS AND CAMERAS

Create a Lively Fight in Front of Chicago Federal Building.

Attempt to Take Walsh's Picture Causes a General Mixup.

Chicago, March 10.—The preliminary hearing of John R. Walsh, former president of the Chicago National bank, who was arrested several days ago on a charge of violation of the federal banking laws was set for this morning before Commissioner Foote, but because of the absence of Mr. Walsh's attorney, was continued until March 19.

A lively fight between the friends of Mr. Walsh and a number of newspaper photographers took place when Mr. Walsh was about to leave the federal building after his case had been continued. The photographers had placed their machines at the Adams street entrance to the building, and when Mr. Walsh came out one of them snapped him. In an instant the friends of Mr. Walsh made a rush for him, and the machine went into the air and the photographer to the sidewalk. He jumped up and struck one of his assailants in the mouth knocking him down, and cutting his hand badly on the front teeth of his victim.

A general mixup followed, all of the photographers taking sides with their fellow workman against the friends of the banker and for two or three minutes a crowd of men numbering at least a score fought up and down the steps of the postoffice and back and forth across the sidewalk. Hats were smashed, noses bloodied, and eyes blackened. The arrival of the police stopped the fight. Only one picture of Mr. Walsh was taken, but the chances are that the camera that took it, will never be used again.

EXPENSE IS TOO GREAT

For Small Countries to Send Delegates to Pan-American Congress.

Washington, March 10.—Considerable interest is felt in government and diplomatic circles in the arrangements being made by the different South and Central American countries for the sending of delegates to the third Pan-American congress to be held at Rio Janeiro this summer. It is supposed that about three-fourths of the states will send lelegates, but several for different reasons, will refrain from taking part in the coming congress. In the case of some of the smaller republics of Central America the matr of expense is an important consideration and although most desirous to send a delegation they are prevented from doing so through the high expenses attendant on such a mission. It can be stated with certainty that Venezuela will not be represented, probably because of her objection to any general arbitration proposal. Columbia is not likely to send a delegate because she has not yet solved her difficuties with the United States growing out of the loss of Panama. The republic of Panama will probably be represented as this is almost the first time it can participate in a public affair as an independent country. Whether Peru will send a delegate is as yet an unsettled question as in the case of Haiti and Santo Domingo, although the latter country is strongly inclined to be represented. The attendance of the following countries is certain: United States, Mexico, Cuba, Ecuador, Bolivia, Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguey.

FOURTEEN AMERICANS REMAIN IN THE TORPIDS.

Oxford, Eng., March 10.—Among the twenty-four Rhodes scholars now remaining in the Torpids, the name given to the annual races for men who have not rowed in the summer eights of the previous year, there are the following Americans, their respective Oxford colleges and the states they are representing in the scholarship scheme, being given in each case: F. Aydelotte, Brazenos college, (Ind.); R. E. Blodgett, Wadham, (Mo.); J. A. Brown, New college, (N. H.); C. W. Bush, Brazenos, (Del.); E. J. Ford, Christ church, (Mass.); R. K. Hack, Oriole, (Mass.); H. Hines, Queens, (N. D.); B. H. Jacobson, Exeter, (Utah); E. R. Lloyd, Wadham, (W. Va.); P. C. Many, Queens, (La.); L. G. Railsback, Lincoln, (Wash.); H. W. Soule, Worcester, (Me.); W. W. Thayer, Magdalen, (N. H.); C. C. Vincent, Queens, (Ohio.)

NO DECISION

Made by President as to Who Shall Succeed Justice Brown.

Washington, March 10.—Secretary Taft today made the following statement:

"I am authorized by the president to say that he has made no decision as to the selection of any one to succeed Mr. Associate Justice Brown. He has been in consultation with Secretary Root, Attorney General Moody and myself the three lawyers of the cabinet, in the matter, and no decision has been reached."

STATUE FOR PAUNCEFOTE.

London, March 10.—The memorial to the late Lord Pauncefote erected by Lady Pauncefote and her daughters has just been placed at the head of the grave of the deceased diplomat in East Stoke church yard, near Newark-upon-Trent, Nottinghamshire. It is a bronze statue representing an angel of peace and was executed by George Wade, the sculptor.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GOOD EVENING.

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT: Zero weather tonight, but during Sunday afternoon and Sunday night rising temperature: snow flurries and winds shifting to northeasterly.

KNOX

"Hats For Men"

POSSESS MORE STYLE AND FINISH THAN ANY OTHERS OFFERED

Knox Hats don't follow style—they set it. They possess the merits of being distinctive and exclusive, for they can't be copied till a season is well advanced and the next season, of course, brings different Knox models.

Both stiff and soft hats—and all.... **$5.00**

Home of the Knox Hat.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 W. Superior St.

MAY FORM UNION HERE.

J. J. Dougherty, Representing Garment Workers of America, in City.

Duluth's overall and shirt makers may organize and obtain a union charter from the Union Garment Workers of America.

J. J. Sonsteby of Chicago, representing the union, is in the city at present and will remain for several days. Mr. Sonsteby explains his presence in the city by saying that he is "looking over the field" and only smiled when questioned directly as to whether he would organize a local branch of the garment workers' union before leaving the Head of the Lakes.

Mr. Sonsteby admitted that it might be a part of his mission here, but would go into details not at all.

There are many overall and shirt-makers in Duluth now who might be brought into the union, and the Trades and Labor assembly may push the matter along.

BUYS NELSON STOCK.

R. R. Forward & Co. Has to Keep It Off Market During Sale.

R. R. Forward & Company has purchased the stock of C. O. Nelson, who has been in the furniture and house-furnishing business for years at Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street. The reason R. R. Forward & Co. made this purchase was because the Nelson stock was about to be thrown upon the market right in the midst of the Forward "Quitting Business" sale. Such a thing the later concern could not permit so they have purchased the entire Nelson stock.

However, it is interesting to learn that this stock is to be taken over by others shortly and the business continued without change.

A large force is at work cleaning up the Nelson store, rearranging and classifying the stock and putting it into ship shape. There is now no prospect that the sale of the stock eagerly looked for by many will occur. There is also much uncertainty as to how long the Forward sale will continue as rumor has it that a concern is negotiating for the purchase of the entrie business as it stands, either to continue here or move elsewhere. But the sale is still on in full vigor.

A Surprise Party.

A delightful surprise party was given Tuesday evening in honor of Uhl Anderson, at his home. The affair was arranged by Miss Nina Anderson, and the evening was passed in playing games. A pinning contest was won by Florence Miller and Harry Anderson. Those present were:

Misses Nina Anderson, Florence Miller, Ruble Anderson, Frieda Brown, Inga Hestrom, Gertrude Kehtel, Margaret Quigly, Emma Meyers, Edna Anderson, Elsie Bennewies, Ester Carlson, Agnes Herstad, Myrtle Olsen, Ruth Olsen.

Masters Rolf Hestrom, Erwin Kehtel, Raymond Anderson, Uhl Anderson, Harry Anderson, Ternow Holmberg, John Meyers, Charlie Bennewies.

Messrs. Arthur Anderson, Herbert Holmberg, Axel Eller, Earl Eller, Corwin Eller, Freddie Unerferth, David Olsen, Tonnie Herstad.

THE BLAKE HAT

Telescope. Latest Craze. There is no "Just as Good."

If yours is the Blake hat, its Right and that's all you need Know about a hat.

AT YOUR HATTER'S.

WEST DULUTH

ASK MORE GUARDIANS

Commercial Club Wants More Police for Austrian District.

Murder on Raleigh Street Causes Action by Organization.

The West Duluth Commercial club held its regular meeting last evening, and while not much of an important nature was done the club considered, in a preliminary manner a number of affairs. Probably the most important thing to come up was consideration of the policing of the district in which the murder of Rade Tonokovic took place last Sunday morning.

Alderman J. E. Foubister asked the club to take action toward having Raleigh street and the vicinity inhabited and frequented by the Austrian element, better policed. The club thereupon adopted a resolution calling upon the mayor and chief of police to have more policemen assigned to West Duluth in order that that part of the city may be taken care of.

The secretary was instructed to communicate with the mayor at once and did so this morning.

BARNES RETURNS

From Skibo Where He Got Claim He Filed on.

Alderman L. A. Barnes, Charles E. Pelcher, Joseph Lavergne and Al La France returned this morning from Skibo and vicinity where they have been looking up stone and timber claims for ten days. They filed on claims in the land office today, La Vergne locating the others. They have been absent ten days, delayed to a considerable extent by the recent storm, which blocked roads, covered trails and otherwise made travelling most difficult. Each believed he has secured a good claim.

Pelcher turned out to be the chef of the party, easily winning the honors in the culinary line and "amazing the others by the line of stuff he could turn out. Alderman Barnes, through much experience gum-shoeing for votes, proved to be a better tenderfoot than the others had expected in the woods.

The party saw lots of deer, moose and other game. Alderman Barnes, while crossing a lake there, saw a large gray timber wolf which started to run away from him. Barnes yelled at the wolf and it stopped but then started away again.

"Hello," said the alderman, "come here; I want to speak to you."

The wolf stopped and Barnes in his smooth way tried to induce the wolf to move over into the Fifty-first district and vote for him for the senate. Then the animal fled in a panic and disappeared.

REVIVALS TO BEGIN.

Union Services in Churches Beginning Tuesday Evening Next.

The Third Swedish Baptist church, Mission church and the Norwegian Danish M. E. church will unite in holding revival meetings for two weeks, beginning Tuesday evening, March 13, and continuing until March 25. Great preparations have been made for these meetings, both in securing the best speakers possible and arranging special music for each evening.

Rev. E. S. Lindblad of Minneapolis and Rev. A. T. Frykman, who are both forcible speakers, have offered their services for the series of meetings.

Aside from these visiting ministers, the pastor of the above named churches will be assisted by Rev. F. O. Kling of the Mission church, Rev. A. Edstam of the First Swedish Baptist church, Rev. H. Hendrickson of the Bethel Baptist church and Rev. M. K. Madsen of the First Norwegian-Danish M. E. church all of Duluth.

The first meeting will be held at Kauppi hall, Grand and Sixty-third avenues west, Tuesday evening at 7:45 o'clock in the evening; Wednesday evening at the Swedish Mission church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Green street; Thursday evening at the Third Swedish Baptist church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street; Friday evening at Kauppi hall. Sunday afternoon meetings will be held at the Swedish Mission church at 3 o'clock, and Sunday evening meetings will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church at 7:30 o'clock. There will be no meeting Monday or Saturday evening.

Rev. C. A. Aldeen, Rev. K. E. Forsell and Rev. C. O. Christianson together with their respective congregations, are looking forward to these meetings, confident that the results will be very gratifying.

Second Temperance Meeting.

The second meeting of the series of temperance meetings, which are being held by the Good Templar lodge "Morning Star" of West Duluth, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at Victor hall, Grand and Fifty-sixth avenues west.

The meeting of last Sunday was a marked success, and was very gratifying to the members of the lodge who are working hard to make these meetings the best ever held at West Duluth.

P. J. Borgstrom will be the principal speaker at the meeting tomorrow afternoon. Other speakers are E. O. Westraud and Gust Hedman. Aside from the literary part of the program the following well-known musical talent will assist in the program: O. G. Olson, tenor; W. A. Anderson, violinist; Miss Olga V. Olson, pianist and the male quartet of North Star lodge. Every meeting will afford amusement to workers in the temperance cause and will please lovers of music.

West Duluth Churches.

At the Holy Apostles Episcopal church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Ellnor street, Sunday school will be held at 10 a. m. and evening prayer and sermon will be 7:30 p. m. The subject of the sermon will be "Christian Sympathy." Miss Florence Hyland will sing the offertory. Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

* * *

Services will be held at 10:45 tomorrow morning and 8 o'clock in the evening at the Second Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, which is held in Olson & Kauppi's hall, corner of Grand and Sixty-third avenues west. Rev. C. O. Christiansen will preach at both services.

* * *

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, morning services will begin at 10:30 and will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wufsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

* * *

Rev. H. W. Johnson, pastor of Plymouth Congregational church, corner of Fifty-fourth avenue west and Bristol street, will preach at 10:30 tomorrow morning on "Being Led by the Spirit," and at 7:30 in the evening on "Who Shall Ascend Into the Holy Hills." At the morning service communion will be observed and members received into the church. The young people's meeting will be held at 6:30 in the evening.

* * *

At St. Stephen's German Evangelical Lutheran church, Sixty-seventh avenue west and Raleigh street, Rev. H. C. Hinz, the pastor will preach tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

* * *

Rev. W. J. Lowrie will preach in the Westminister Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Lost Sheep." The Christian Endeavor society will meet at 6:30 in the evening and will be led by Miss Lulu Froleigh.

* * *

At Asbury M. E. church, Rev. Thomas Grice will preach in the morning at 10:30 on "Plain Living," and at 7:30 in the evening on "Truth in the Heart." Sunday school will be held at noon, the Junior Epworth league at 3 in the afternoon and the Senior Epworth league at 6:45 in the evening. Thomas Dunn of the Star of Hope mission will have charge of the latter meeting.

* * *

At the Third Swedish Baptist church, Fifty-ninth Avenue west and Ramsey street, services will be held at 11 o'clock in the morning and 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Rev. E. S. Lindblad of Minneapolis will occupy the pulpit at both services. Sunday school meets at 9:45 o'clock in the morning, and Young People's society meets at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Following is the musical program for the evening:

Prelude, "Andante Sostenuto" .. .. ..

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MAY FORM UNION HERE.

J. J. Dougherty, Representing Garment Workers of America, in City.

Duluth's overall and shirt makers may organize and obtain a union charter from the Union Garment Workers of America.

J. J. Sonsteby of Chicago, representing the union, is in the city at present and will remain for several days. Mr. Sonsteby explains his presence in the city by saying that he is "looking over the field" and only smiled when questioned directly as to whether he would organize a local branch of the garment workers' union before leaving the Head of the Lakes.

Mr. Sonsteby admitted that it might be a part of his mission here, but would go into details not at all.

There are many overall and shirt makers in Duluth now who might be brought into the union, and the Trades and Labor assembly may push the matter along.

BUYS NELSON STOCK.

R. R. Forward & Co. Has to Keep It Off Market During Sale.

R. R. Forward & Company has purchased the stock of C. O. Nelson, who has been in the furniture and house-furnishing business for years at Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street. The reason R. R. Forward & Co. made this purchase was because the Nelson stock was about to be thrown upon the market right in the midst of the Forward "Quitting Business" sale. Such a thing the later concern could not permit so they have purchased the entire Nelson stock.

However, it is interesting to learn that this stock is to be taken over by others shortly and the business continued without change.

A large force is at work cleaning up the Nelson store, rearranging and classifying the stock and putting it into ship shape. There is now no prospect that the sale of the stock eagerly looked for by many will occur. There is also much uncertainty as to how long the Forward sale will continue as rumor has it that a concern is negotiating for the purchase of the entrie business as it stands, either to continue here or move elsewhere. But the sale is still on in full vigor.

A Surprise Party.

A delightful surprise party was given Tuesday evening in honor of Uhl Anderson, at his home. The affair was arranged by Miss Nina Anderson, and the evening was passed in playing games. A pinning contest was won by Florence Miller and Harry Anderson. Those present were:

Misses Nina Anderson, Florence Miller, Ruble Anderson, Frieda Brown, Inga Hestrom, Gertrude Kehtel, Margaret Quigly, Emma Meyers, Edna Anderson, Elsie Bennewies, Ester Carlson, Agnes Herstad, Myrtle Olsen, Ruth Olsen.

Masters Rolf Hestrom, Erwin Kehtel, Raymond Anderson, Uhl Anderson, Harry Anderson, Ternow Holmberg, John Meyers, Charlie Bennewies.

Messrs. Arthur Anderson, Herbert Holmberg, Axel Eller, Earl Eller, Corwin Eller, Freddie Unerferth, David Olsen, Tonnie Herstad.

THE BLAKE HAT

Telescope. Latest Craze. There is no "Just as Good."

If yours is the Blake hat, its Right and that's all you need Know about a hat.

AT YOUR HATTER'S.

WEST DULUTH

ASK MORE GUARDIANS

Commercial Club Wants More Police for Austrian District.

Murder on Raleigh Street Causes Action by Organization.

The West Duluth Commercial club held its regular meeting last evening, and while not much of an important nature was done the club considered, in a preliminary manner a number of affairs. Probably the most important thing to come up was consideration of the policing of the district in which the murder of Rade Tonokovic took place last Sunday morning.

Alderman J. E. Foubister asked the club to take action toward having Raleigh street and the vicinity inhabited and frequented by the Austrian element, better policed. The club thereupon adopted a resolution calling upon the mayor and chief of police to have more policemen assigned to West Duluth in order that that part of the city may be taken care of.

The secretary was instructed to communicate with the mayor at once and did so this morning.

BARNES RETURNS

From Skibo Where He Got Claim He Filed on.

Alderman L. A. Barnes, Charles E. Pelcher, Joseph Lavergne and Al La France returned this morning from Skibo and vicinity where they have been looking up stone and timber claims for ten days. They filed on claims in the land office today, La Vergne locating the others. They have been absent ten days, delayed to a considerable extent by the recent storm, which blocked roads, covered trails and otherwise made travelling most difficult. Each believed he has secured a good claim.

Pelcher turned out to be the chef of the party, easily winning the honors in the culinary line and amazing the others by the line of stuff he could turn out. Alderman Barnes, through much experience gum-shoeing for votes, proved to be a better tenderfoot than the others had expected in the woods.

The party saw lots of deer, moose and other game. Alderman Barnes, while crossing a lake there, saw a large gray timber wolf which started to run away from him. Barnes yelled at the wolf and it stopped but then started away again.

"Hello," said the aldreman, "come here; I want to speak to you."

The wolf stopped and Barnes in his smooth way tried to induce the wolf to move over into the Fifty-first district and vote for him for the senate. Then the animal fled in a panic and disappeared.

REVIVALS TO BEGIN.

Union Services in Churches Beginning Tuesday Evening Next.

The Third Swedish Baptist church, Mission church and the Norweglan Danish M. E. church will unite in holding revival meetings for two weeks, beginning Tuesday evening, March 13, and continuing until March 25. Great preparations have been made for these meetings, both in securing the best speakers possible and arranging special music for each evening.

Rev. E. S. Lindblad of Minneapolis and Rev. A. T. Frykman, who are both forcible speakers, have offered their services for the series of meetings.

Aside from these visiting ministers, the pastor of the above named churches will be assisted by Rev. F. O. Kling of the Mission church, Rev. A. Edstam of the First Swedish Baptist church, Rev. H. Hendrickson of the Bethel Baptist church and Rev. M. K. Madsen of the First Norwegian-Danish M. E. church all of Duluth.

The first meeting will be held at Kauppi hall, Grand and Sixty-third avenues west, Tuesday evening at 7:45 o'clock in the evening; Wednesday evening at the Swedish Mission church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Green street; Thursday evening at the Third Swedish Baptist church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street; Friday evening at Kauppi hall. Sunday afternoon meetings will be held at the Swedish Mission church at 3 o'clock, and Sunday evening meetings will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church at 7:30 o'clock. There will be no meeting Monday or Saturday evening.

Rev. C. A. Aldeen, Rev. K. E. Forsell and Rev. C. O. Christianson together with their respective congregations, are looking forward to these meetings, confident that the results will be very gratifying.

Second Temperance Meeting.

The second meeting of the series of temperance meetings, which are being held by the Good Templar lodge "Morning Star" of West Duluth, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at Victor hall, Grand and Fifty-sixth avenues west.

The meeting of last Sunday was a marked success, and was very gratifying to the members of the lodge who are working hard to make these meetings the best ever held at West Duluth.

P. J. Borgstrom will be the principal speaker at the meeting tomorrow afternoon. Other speakers are E. O. Westraud and Gust Hedman. Aside from the literary part of the program the following well-known musical talent will assist in the program: O. G. Olson, tenor; W. A. Anderson, violinist; Miss Olga V. Olson, pianist and the male quartet of North Star lodge. Every meeting will afford amusement to workers in the temperance cause and will please lovers of music.

West Duluth Churches.

At the Holy Apostles Episcopal church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, Sunday school will be held at 10 a. m. and evening prayer and sermon will be 7:30 p. m. The subject of the sermon will be "Christian Sympathy." Miss Florence Hyland will sing the offertory. Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

* * *

Services will be held at 10:45 tomorrow morning and 8 o'clock in the evening at the Second Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, which is held is Olson & Kauppi's hall, corner of Grand and Sixty-third avenues west. Rev. C. O. Christiansen will preach at both services.

* * *

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, morning services will begin at 10:30 and will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wufsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

* * *

Rev. H. W. Johnson, pastor of Plymouth Congregational church, corner of Fifty-fourth avenue west and Bristol street, will preach at 10:30 tomorrow morning on "Being Led by the Spirit," and at 7:30 in the evening on "Who Shall Ascend Into the Holy Hills." At the morning service communion will be observed and members received into the church. The young people's meeting will be held at 6:30 in the evening.

* * *

At St. Stephen's German Evangelical Lutheran church, Sixty-seventh avenue west and Raleigh street, Rev. H. C. Hinz, the pastor will preach tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

* * *

Rev. W. J. Lowrie will preach in the Westminister Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Lost Sheep." The Christian Endeavor society will meet at 6:30 in the evening and will be led by Miss Lulu Froleigh.

* * *

At Asbury M. E. church, Rev. Thomas Grice will preach in the morning at 10:30 on "Plain Living," and at 7:30 in the evening on "Truth in the Heart." Sunday school will be held at noon, the Junior Epworth league at 3 in the afternoon and the Senior Epworth league at 6:45 in the evening. Thomas Dunn of the Star of Hope mission will have charge of the latter meeting.

* * *

At the Third Swedish Baptist church, Fifty-ninth Avenue west and Ramsey street, services will be held at 11 o'clock in the morning and 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Rev. E. S. Lindblad of Minneapolis will occupy the pulpit at both services. Sunday school meets at 9:45 o'clock in the morning, and Young People's society meets at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Following is the musical program for the evening:

Prelude, "Andante Sostenuto" .. .. ..

TRY
"SALADA"
Ceylon and India Green Tea once and you will never return to the adulterated teas of Japan.
LEAD PACKETS ONLY. TRIAL PACKET 10 CENTS. AT YOUR GROCERS.
HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.
Trade Supplied by Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.

LABOR

MEETING IS VERY DULL

Trades Assembly Fails to Develop Any Sensations or Stir.

Organization Committee Gets So Much Work That It Rebells.

Union meetings:

Monday—Duluth-Superior Pressmen, Retail Clerks, Labor World hall; Teamsters, Labor World hall; Stone Masons, Axa hall; Tug Firemen and Linemen, Labor World hall.

Tuesday—Carpenters, Rowley block; Machinists, 221 West Superior street; Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, Sheet Metal Workers, Labor World hall.

Wednesday—Marine Engineers, Lyceum; Meat Cutters, Labor World hall; Steam Fitters, Labor World hall; Plasterers, Kalamazoo hall.

Thursday—Allied Printing Trades' Council, Herald Press room; Steam Engineers, Lyceum; Electrical Workers, Labor World hall; Stationary Engineers, Axa building.

Friday—Leather Workers, Labor World hall; Iron Moulders, Sloan hall; Bricklayers, Axa hall.

Saturday—Bakers and Confectioners, Kalamazoo hall; Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders, Axa hall; L. T. P. A., Labor World hall.

• • •

The organization committee held the center of the stage at the meeting of the trades' assembly last night. So many things were referred to the organization committee, or had been referred to them, and which they have not been able to finish, that finally the last straw was piled on, and the back of the organization camel broke—the members of the committee rebelled. The affair was getting too strong.

President Shartel, in a short address to the delegates, declared that any implied criticism of the organization committee is unjust and very much uncalled for. He knew absolutely of his own knowledge that the organization committee has been having a hard time of it. In a number of instances they have seen members of certain trades, and attempted to organize these trades. The men whom they would talk to would agree, and profess to be very strongly in favor of unions. With the assurances of success they would receive, the committee would then secure a place of meeting, and make all arrangements. When the time would come for the meeting, nobody would show up. The committee has been severely disappointed several times.

• • •

A communication was received from the Ashland Trades council asking if the coal heavers, hoisters and deck loaders are organized; and stating that in Ashland the unions are working with the ministerial alliance to secure better Sunday observance and asking that something be done here. Delegate Freshney said last night that Sunday observance in marine circles here is impossible. The boats get loaded as fast as they can, especially the ore carriers. Organizer Gordon O'Neill is now working on the organization of these marine workers.

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Clarence B. Miller will address the assembly at its next meeting, on the evening of March 23.

• • •

Ernest Peters who was placed on a committee to see the clothing merchants of the city to ask them not to sell the non-union clothing made at Rochester, N. Y., reported last night that the merchants told him that the trouble in selling clothing is that the union men do not ask for union clothing but take what they get.

• • •

Delegate Paul Bolleau called the chair's attention to the decrease in attendance at the Trades assembly. Mr. Bolleau declared that something should be done to make delegates attend; that they should be reported to their unions or some steps taken. Nothing was done, however.

• • •

The secretary of the assembly was instructed to write today to the labor bureau commission asking them what has become of the electric sign ordered by the council to be put over the free labor employment office.

LUNATIC RUNS AN ENGINE THROUGH WALL.

East St. Louis, Ill., March 10.—Seized with a sudden frenzy, Charles Guenther, until recently employed as a fireman at the plant of the American Steel Foundry, suddenly sprang aboard a locomotive standing on a side track yesterday, jerked open the throttle and sent the engine plunging ahead. It jumped the track and tore through a 16-inch brick wall and came to a stop by crashing into heavy machinery inside the works.

Unharmed, Guenther jumped to the ground and drawing a revolver threatened to shoot the first man to approach him. Before the police arrived, however, Timekeeper W. A. Moore crawled up behind the frenzied man, knocked him down and struck the revolver from his hands. Guenther was then taken to the police station.

DR. MITCHELL, THE HEALER,

Performs With His Hands Marvelous Cures Which Astonish the World.

He Has Proven to the Satisfaction of the Surrounding Country That His Cures Are Genuine.

DISEASE YIELDS READILY TO HIS MAGNETIC POWER.

We are now in the beginning of an era when disease will have no more terrors for any one. In the past ten years Dr. Mitchell has treated hundreds of cases where the patient had given up all hope of being well, their cases being pronounced incurable by all other methods. Old cases of paralysis and rheumatism, deafness, blindness, heart, stomach and lung troubles, and all other diseases. He has yet to find a single one that will not yield readily to his treatment.

This confident statement was made to a reporter yesterday. Of his work he has to say: "I know that I have a treatment that will reach disease which medicine will not. My treatment stands on its merits and will bear the closest investigation. Any one who desires can get proof of my healing power. I have treated case after case of kidney trouble, neuralgia, removed troublesome growths, cured hundreds of cases of female complaint, treated deformity of all kinds, even after the sufferer has given up all hope."

Dr. Mitchell's treatment is nature's remedy. It purifies the blood and regulates the circulation. It builds up the nerves, the muscles and the entire organism. The treatment imparts a vital force to the patient by sending a natural circulation of the blood into all parts of the body. It is in no manner experimental. His treatment in every way is a scientific system. All are invited to call and find out what can be done to bring you to perfect health. After a careful diagnosis of your condition, if it is found that your case cannot be cured Dr. Mitchell will frankly tell you so. It does not make any difference what others say of your disease, Dr. Mitchell's treatment cures where all others fail. We would strongly urge every sufferer from bodily ailments to see what this great healer can do for them. Those who cannot call should write for information. Read a few unsolicited testimonials.

Ely Lafave of Two Harbors, Minn., says: "I recommend Dr. Mitchell's treatment. I went to him after I had tried everything and had given up all hope. His treatment worked wonders for me and a number of my friends I have sent to him, and they have been cured. I saw many of Dr. Mitchell's patients at his office and they all spoke of him very highly and recommended his treatment.

Mrs. L. W. Abbott of Albion, Mich., writes: "I recommend Dr. Mitchell's treatment. While with him I saw cases of paralysis, blindness, deafness and diseases of all kinds cured by him. You can be sure he will not take your case if he can do nothing for you. I will be glad to answer any inquiries."

Mrs. Gust Wickman, 809 Fifty-ninth avenue west, whose daughter was given up to die with rheumatism and heart trouble, cured five years ago.

Mrs. Ella Olson, 1113 Cox avenue, cured of tumor of the womb and general nervousness; was about to have an operation performed.

Joe Conkey, Knife River, Minn., cured of kidney and stomach trouble.

Miss C. Draper of La Crosse, Wis., cured of paralysis on one side. Her health was in a desperate condition when she came to Dr. Mitchell.

Mrs. S. Baker, 618 Baxter avenue, Superior, daughter cured of deafness.

Mr. Carl Stackmesser of Tower, who had not walked for eleven years, was made to walk a year ago and is today enjoying good health. He is 83 years old. He recommends Dr. Mitchell's treatment very highly.

Mrs. Edith Gordon of Forman, N. D., cured of kidney and stomach trouble.

Mr. A. Johnson of Tower, Minn., cured of chronic appendicitis. Was all run down. Gained 30 pounds under Dr. Mitchell's treatment.

Mrs. John Morris of Oacona, S. D., writes: "I believe in your treatment and recommend it to all sufferers."

A lady with a lame and stiff shoulder of fifteen years' standing is cured in three weeks.

A man who was losing his eyesight—everything began to look smoky, and he could not read newspaper print—was restored after a course of treatments.

A lady who had spinal trouble of ten years' standing was cured by Dr. Mitchell.

If you are suffering do not be influenced by what unprincipled or ignorant persons may say, but go and consult Dr. Mitchell personally. He will tell you if he can benefit you or cure you as he does not care to handle incurable cases. If anyone tries to discourage you that the treatments are not what they are reported to be, investigate and you will find that they have either been misinformed or else they do not know of what they are speaking. Dr. Mitchell gives his valuable advice free.

Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. Sundays 11 to 12. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings 7 to 8:30. Zenith 'phone 579. Corner Fourth avenue west and First street.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Rev. Dr. Clemens, Presiding Elder, and Rev. J. W. Powell Will Preach at the First M. E. Church.

Professor M. G. Hanson, of Red Wing Seminary, To Preach at Two Churches.

Rev. Dr. Rice, the pastor, being out of the city, Rev. E. C. Clemens, D. D., presiding elder, will preach at the morning service in the First M. E. church, and Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., in the evening. Rev. Mr. Powell's topic will be, "Life's Terrible Choice." Following is the musical program:

MORNING.

Voluntary—Priere ..... Rosseau
Solo—"There is a Land"....Crowinshield
Offertory—Andante ..... Thayer
Solo—"My Redeemer and My Lord" Buck
Postlude—Offertoire..... Read

EVENING.

Voluntary—Andante ..... Silas
Solo—"O Paradise" ..... Browne
Offertory—"Cantilene" ..... Dubois
Solo—"The Day is Ended" ..... Bartlett
Postlude—"Festal March" ..... Tielmann

Organist, Mrs. W. S. Wingate; soloist, Mary Syer Bradshaw.

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At Pilgrim Congregational church, the pastor, Rev. Alexander Milne, will preach in the morning on "Spiritual Absent-Mindedness," and in the evening on "Neutrality With Christ Impossible." The following musical program will be given:

MORNING.

Organ Prelude—Andante ..... Gounod
Response ..... Caldbeck
Anthem—"My Soul, Doth Magnify the Lord" ..... Blumenschein
Choir.
Anthem—"Lo, It Is I".....Faure-Shelby
Solo—"Thy Rebuke Hath Broken His Heart," ("Messiah")..... Handel
Mr. Martin.
Postlude ..... Batiste

EVENING.

Organ Prelude—"Evening Rest"..Merkel
Anthem—Cantate Domino...Dudley Buck
Altrurian Club and Choir.
Emily Ellis Woodward, director.
Solo .....
Miss Woodbridge.
Postlude .....Flagler

The choir consists of Miss Frances Woodbridge, soprano; Miss Stella Hector, alto; John L. Martin, tenor; Harry G. Gearhart, bass; Miss Carlotta L. Simonds, organist.

• • •

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, Prof. M. G. Hanson, principal of the Red Wing seminary, will conduct regular services in the forenoon, in the Norwegian language, and in the evening in the English language. Mr. Hanson, who comes here in the interest of the home mission, being chairman of the home mission board of the Hauges synod, will also address the children in both the Norwegian and English Sunday schools.

• • •

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach at both services. His morning topic will be, "Letters Written not With Ink," and evening, "Saved by Hope." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Adoremus" ..... Ravini
Anthem—"Turn Thy Face from My Sins" ..... F. Rogers
Response—"Father Thou Art All Compassion" ..... Williams
Offertory—Solo—"Prayer of Faith"..... Bartlett
..... Miss Fleming.
Violin, Miss Norma Williams.
Postlude ..... Calkins

EVENING.

Organ—"Prayer" ..... Flagler
Anthem—"The Radiant Morn Has Passed Away" ..... H. Woodward
Offertory—"O Lamb of God"....Schnecker
Quartet.
Postlude—"March" ..... Merkel

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; alto, Miss Blanche Fleming; tenor, J. C. Myron; bass, Don Gearhart; organist, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

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Miss Mae Dossett will speak at vesper service at 4 p. m. at the Y. W. C. A. There will be special music.

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There will be preaching morning and evening at the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second street, by the pastor, Rev. S. L. Mitchell.

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At the Endion Methodist Episcopal church, First street and Nineteenth avenue east, the pastor, Rev. John W. Powell, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Aspiration and Fulfillment." At the evening service, 7:30 p. m., Rev. E. C. Clemans, D.D., will preach. Miss Rogers will sing. There will be Sunday school at noon and an Epworth league meeting at 6:30 p. m., led by Bert Gravatt.

• • •

Rev. J. O. Buswell, the founder and head of the Lake Gallilee Summer Bible school will be the speaker at the men's meting of the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow at 3:30 p. m. Mr. Buswell is well known in this city through the work done by the summer conference held at Lake Gallilee. There will be special music by the association male quartet. The reading room will be open from 3 to 6 p. m.

• • •

At First Unitarian church; Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White will preach in the morning at 11 o'clock on "The Distinguished Traits of a Man." Sunday school will begin at 12:00.

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At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, corner of Ninth avenue east and First street, regular service will be held at 10:45 a. m., the subject being "Matter." Regular Wednesday evening meeting will be held at 8 o'clock.

• • •

At Trinity chapel, Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, Right Rev. J. D. Morrison, D. D., bishop of Duluth; Rev. Arthur H. Wurtele, vicar; the services will be as follows for the second Sunday in Lent: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer, litany and sermon, 11 a. m. The subject will be "Temptation" and the preacher, the vicar.

The Sunday school and Bible class will meet at 12 o'clock. The special evening service will begin at 4:30 p. m. There will be a short address, "Fasting," by Rev. Arthur H. Wurtele; a solo, Barri's "The Lord is My Shepherd," by E. L. Eva and A. R. Spooner of the Sons of the American Revolution will speak on "How the Church Can Help the State."

Lenten services will be held every day at 5 p. m., except Wednesday and Friday, when they will begin at 7:30. There will be holy communion Thursday at 10 a. m.

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At the First Christian church, Rev. Baxter Waters, pastor, there will be preaching in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:30. Sunday school will begi nat 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

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Rev. Magnus Larson of St. Paul will preach at the Bethel Baptist church, Ninth avenue east and Third street, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school convenes at noon and the Young People's society meets at 4:30 in the afternoon.

• • •

At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church the pastor, Rev. John Gilbert Faries, will preach an illustrated sermon to the children in the morning on "The Story of Two Shells," and in the evening he will give the concluding sketch in the New Testament series on "John the Seer."

• • •

At First Norwegian Lutheran church, First avenue east and Third street, the pastor, J. H. Stenberg, will preach in the morning on "The Two Different Attitudes to Jesus in Simon's House," and in the evening on "Growth in Grace." The Sunday school will meet at 12 m. The topic for the Bible class being "Christ as a Preacher and the Sermon on the Mount."

• • •

At the Star of Hope Mission, 622 West Superior street, there will be morning service from 8:30 to 10 a. m. The evening service will begin at 7:45. H. A. Sedgwick will conduct the service. Miss Grace Robinson will be organist, and Miss Ulsred will sing. Monday the young people of Merritt Memorial church will conduct the meeting, and the pastor, Rev. R. G. Briggs, will speak.

• • •

At the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. led by T. S. Thompson, superintendent. In the main auditorium the Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:30 p. m. There will be no evening service on account of the Union meeting at the Branch Bethel. In the mission hall on the ground floor, Children's gospel meeting will be held at 7 p. m. and Finnish gospel meeting at 7 p. m. Finnish gospel meetings will also be held Tuesday and Friday evening; workers' prayer meeting Tuesday evening and free supper and gospel meeting Wednesday evening.

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The Bethel Branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. led by L. A. Marvin, superintendent. The gospel meeting will be held at 8 p. m. J. O. Buswell of Lake Gallilee, Wis., will speak. Gospel meetings will be held each evening during the week. The following leaders will speak: Monday evening, Swedish Baptist church; Tuesday evening, First Baptist church; Wednesday evening, First Christian church; Friday evening, Rev. S. F. Sharpless; Saturday evening, praise and testimony meeting.

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At the services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, the pastor, will preach as follows: Morning, "Earth's True Aristocracy;" evening, "Earth's Uncrowned Kings."

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At Park Point Mission, Sunday school, Bible class and service will be conducted by Rev. Arthur H. Wurtele, beginning at 3 p. m. His subject will be "The Unjust Steward."

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At Central Baptist church, Twentieth avenue west and First street, the pastor, Rev. J. W. Loughridge, will preach at 10:30 and 7:30. The Sunday-school will meet at noon; Young People's meeting at 6:30, and there will be mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:45.

• • •

At the First Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, Twenty-first avenue west and First street, Rev. H. K. Madsen will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the subject, "How to Work for Christ," and at 7:45 p. m. on the subject, "The Query of a Guilty Soul." There will be Sunday-school at noon and Young People's meeting at 7 p. m. The choir will sing morning and evening.

• • •

Rev. Gideon Nylander will occupy the pulpit tomorrow at the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street. The morning service will begin at 11; evening service at 7:30; Sunday-school at 10 a. m., and Young People's society at 5 p. m.

• • •

Rev. J. T. Moody will preach at Grace Methodist Episcopal church Sunday morning at 10:30. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Robinson, will preach at 7:30 p. m. on, "The Great Salvation." Mrs. Carl Gilbert will sing at the morning service and the choir will be assisted by the Jewel-Adams quartette in the evening.

The evangelistic services will be continued during the week, the pastor to be assisted by local clergymen.

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At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be Sunday-school at 10 a. m. and morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. The subject of the sermon will be, "Christian Sympathy."

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, McCulloch street and Forty-fifth avenue east, Rev. H. B. Sutherland will conduct services both morning and evening. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered in connection with the morning service, at 10:30. There will be Sunday school at 12. Christian Endeavor service at 6:45 p. m. The topic of the evening will be "Made Nigh By the Blood of Christ."

• • •

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. S. F. Sharpless will preach both morning and evening. His morning subject will be "The Winner," and the evening subject, "The Worker." There will be Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.; Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:45 p. m. and Sunday school at Bethany chapel, 3 p. m.

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At the English Lutheran Synod church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, there will be evening services commencing at 7:45 p. m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wellfsberg, Jr. Sunday school meets at 12:15 p. m.

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At St. Paul's Swedish church, Twenty-eighth avenue west and First street, there will be Sunday school at 10 a. m., service and sermon at 11 a. m. and service and sermon at 8 p. m. Rev. John V. Alfvegren of St. Paul will preach.

• • •

At the Hope church of the Evangelical association, Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, Rev. C. A. Tesch will conduct regular services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting begins at 7:30 p. m. and Sunday school meets at 10 a. m.

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At the Trinity Norwegian Lutheran church, Fourth avenue east and Fifth street, the pastor, M. Bjornson, will conduct services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The Sunday school and Bible class will meet at 12 m. The catechisms will meet Saturday at 10 a. m. at the parsonage, 512 Fourth avenue east.

MILLIONS USE

THE WORLD'S FAVORITE

For Preserving, Purifying and Beautifying the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate medicinal and emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. Two Soaps in one at one price, viz., a Medicinal and Toilet Soap; price, 25c. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

"Mailed Free," "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Philadelphia Press: Young Mr. Rockefeller on Sunday told his Bible class about the corner in corn engineered by Joseph in Egypt some years since, and commended the excellence of it. But it really wasn't just the kind of corner that things are cornered with in these days.

Springfield Republican: Mr. Labouchere still serves a good purpose through his paper, Truth, in defending Princess Ena's covresion to the Roman Catholic faith, in order to facilitate her marriage to King Alfonso of Spain. As Truth says, it's her business. No one can expect the king to become an Episcopalian, and there must be team work at Madrid.

The Congregationalist: After spending more than an hour looking over religious exchanges, the sentence most vividly imprinted on our minds is this: "Are your kidneys weak?" Cannot some question concerning the soul's condition and need be invented that will challenge the attention of the readers of the religious newspapers as affectively as the repulsive headlines of the advertisement of a patent medicine?

New York Globe: Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, the distinguished rabbi of Chicago, is also alarmed over the atrocities committed by the charitable rich. "Charity, as the word is known today," he says, "is only a bribe of moneyed men to make a community forget the wrongs heaped upon it." Heretofore the poor man has had the world's sympathy as the under dog. Now he is becoming supercanine and the rich man subcanine. Does a rich man not give, he is stingy; does he give, he is a briber—passes from negative to positive crime. If he would get rid of superfluous wealth his only chance is to buy edifices and burn them down uninsured. Even then he might be arrested for arson and accused of maliciously overworking the poor firemen; or hygienists would say he was dirtying the air with smoke and thus murdering those compelled to breathe it.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Farmer Has a Narrow Escape From Death Through Mistake.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—Mistaking deadly poison for a harmless dose of quinine, Oscar Hanson, a farmer living about nine miles northeast of Tolley, has just had a narrow escape from death.

Hanson felt slightly indisposed and decided to take quinine. By mistake he got hold of the poison and immediately after taking it fell to the floor in terrible agony. His wife was alone with him in the house, and so intense was the suffering of her husband that she feared to leave him even to secure the assistance of a doctor. All night she sat by his side administering anidotes, thus undoubtedly saving his life.

In the morning she hastened to the house of a neighbor, who went for a doctor. Hanson is still suffering from the effects of the poison, but danger of his death is thought to be past.

Jamestown—Rasmussen Knudson met with a fatal accident Thursday afternoon while hauling a load of lumber to his claim, three miles from Melville. The road was exceedingly rough and on striking a heavy rut, Knudson was jolted from the wagon, breaking his neck. He was dead when his companions reached him. Knudson was making improvements on his claim prior to submitting final proof. When the claim was finally proved up Knudson was to have married a Fargo girl. He was about 51 years of age, and had resided in this country a quarter of a century, during all of that time being an employe of the Northern Pacific.

Bismarck—While alone in his house, on a ranch seventeen miles northeast of Wilton, Mike Helben, 35 years of age, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed the dwelling. Neighbors saw the fire, but before they could reach the place the house had been destroyed. It was not known at the time that Helben was in the house, and no search of the ruins was made for several days. Finally Helben was missed and an investigation showed his charred remains in the ruins of the house. It is not known how the fire originated.

Grand Forks—Roused by the fumes of escaping gas, A. G. Landgren, a traveling man, broke into the adjoining room to that in which he had been sleeping, at a local hotel, and discovered the gas jet turned on and on the bed a man and woman, both unconscious. He summoned assistance and the couple were worked over for some time and revived sufficiently to tell their story. The man was a local barber, while the woman is said to be a dressmaker of Crookston. The couple denied strenuously that they had attempted to commit suicide and said that the gas had been turned on accidentally.

In the district court the case of the Great Northern against Mrs. William Lucas is on trial. The suit is one in condemnation, the company desiring title to four lots in the city owned by Mrs. Lucas, occupying a site that the company proposes for a freight depot. She had declined to set any price on the property. Several similar actions will follow, the property being in one locality around which the Great Northern has purchased almost two city blocks.

Louise Marie Tollefson has brought an action for divorce against Thomas Austin Tollefson, who is now living in Minneapolis, charging him with habitual intemperance and desertion. They were married at Fargo, Feb. 13, 1898, and were separated eight years later. Mrs. Tollefson wants the custody of two daughters, aged 6 and 9 years.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Howard—A. E. Chamberlain of the Bide-a-wee stock farm, and F. W. Ortmayer held a joint sale of registered Poland China hogs here. Thirty were sold at an average of $23 each. The price ranged from $16 to $36. All but two sales were to resident farmers. The demonstrated success of this section of the state as a corn country and the high price of fat hogs have given hog raising an impetus in Miner county.

Langdon—Despite the fact that a reward of $200 has been offered for the discovery of the whereabouts of Vincent Weiller, the man for whose alleged kidnaping Matt Dayle is under arrest, no trace of the missing man has been found.

The last seen of Weiller was on Nov. 20, 1905, when he was seen at Snowflake, Man. Since then attorneys and others interested in the case have conducted a thorough search, but without avail.

Weiller was a farmer near here and was said to be weak-minded. Doyle purchased a farm from him and paid him a considerable sum of money. Since that time Weiller has not been seen, except on the day he was at Snowflake, where Doyle is alleged to have been with him.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. For sale by all druggists.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Eagle, Convicted Wife Murderer, Given an Indeterminate Sentence.

Sault Ste. Marie—Isaac Eagle, the convicted wife murderer, was sentenced Friday by Judge Joseph H. Steere, in the circuit court, under the indeterminate-sentence law, to serve from twenty to forty years in the state prison at Jackson, at hard labor. Eagle made an impassioned appeal to the court for mercy.

"I have always been a good citizen," he said. "I am not guilty. I did not know what I was doing. Give me a chance. When a man is down, don't trample on him. Give him a chance to brace up."

Eagle said he had learned that a majority of the jury favored a verdict of manslaughter, but did not want to offend the court, so returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. He said also that some of the witnesses swore falsely while on the stand. The court decided there was nothing in the case to appeal for sympathy and sentence was pronounced. It is approved by the community. Before the verdict was announced, there was some talk of lynching, should Eagle be acquitted.

Calumet—After a search of two months for the bodies of three men, who were lost in No. 3 shaft during the Tamarack mine fire, they were found Friday. The dead are: John Yackska, Mike Simonivich and Sam Bozovich.

Marquette—That the instinct of self-preservation is not confined to the human race is evident from many instances in the experience of hunters in the north woods. George Brown, a trapper in the Tahquamenon river country, relates the fact that while seated in his tent one evening at dusk, there was a sudden commotion at the entrance, and in popped a rabbit. Behind the rabbit, in hot jursuit, came another animal, which fairly shot down the snow incline into the tent.

For a moment it did not dawn upon the lynx that it had been caught in a snare, and then it jumped to the opposite side of the tent and began to claw the canvas and snarl. By this time the trapper had grabbed a club and was on his feet. The fight that followed was lively, and how he managed to dodge the lynx and also hit it in the semi-darkness is, he says, a mystery, but it was not long before the lynx was tsretched out lifeless. The hunter came out of the encounter with a few scratches, and in the meantime the rabbit escaped.

Wells—The I. Stephenson company of Wells has completed rebuilding the old mill and as a result the capacity of the plant has been almost doubled. A twin band saw and a resaw has been added to the band and gang machines and as a result the mill is turning out almost two hundred thousand feet of lumber in its day and night run.

Menominee—George Premo of Amasa, Iron county, accompanied the Menominee Gun club to Milwaukee to take part in the shooting tournament recently held in the Cream City. The result of the shoot was a tie between the two clubs, Menominee and Milwaukee, and Premo was chosen to shoot off the tie for Menominee. He was successful, defeating his opponent handily.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU, all our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakable evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow; Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle, free, by mail.

LAME BACK.

Lame back is only one of many symptoms of kidney trouble. Other symptoms, showing that you need Swamp-Root, are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times during the night, inability to hold your urine, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid, occasional headache, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, sometimes the heart acts badly, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is also evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

In order to prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Duluth Daily Herald. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

PALE PEOPLE

Wonder why they feel so debilitated—why their cheeks, lips and tongues are almost colorless.

The reason is easy to find.

The blood is in an abnormal condition, and is deficient in red corpuscles.

This condition is not a disease in itself, but the result of disease.

It may be produced by dyspepsia, malaria or hemorrhage; but the most common cause is insufficient nutrition.

What is wanted is a nutrient which will increase the vital force and put the blood in a normal condition.

Ozomulsion

The Cod Liver Oil Emulsion "Par Excellence."

does this as no other remedy can. It supplies the nourishment to build up the tissue and increase the red corpuscles of the blood. It gives strength and color. It does this because it contains Guaiacol, Glycerine and the Hypophosphites.

These destroy the germs of disease and create appetite.

The Cod Liver Oil supplies the food that puts on the flesh and makes strength.

This means health; and health means happiness, contentment and wealth.

OZOMULSION is the Remedy Physicians Prescribe for Colds, Coughs, Consumption and all Pulmonary Troubles; Scrofula, General Debility, Loss of Flesh, Anaemia and all Wasting Diseases.

For sale by all druggists.

There are two sizes—8-oz. and 16-oz. Bottles; the Formula is printed in 7 languages on each.

OZOMULSION LABORATORIES
98 Pine St., New York.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has cured so many cases that seemed almost beyond the reach of medicine, that people ask, Why?

An examination of our well-known formula from which Hood's Sarsaparilla is and always has been carefully and scientifically prepared, confirms the fact that it contains those well-known and valuable medicinal ingredients, which, when intelligently combined and properly administered, are sure to bring about good results.

It is the properly balanced proportion, combination and process in combining those ingredients known to have specific action upon the blood, stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, which make Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar to itself and enable it to produce results unequaled by any similar medicine. It cures when others fail. Give it a trial.

Usual form, liquid, or new form, tablets, 100 Doses One Dollar.

THE FARM RESERVES

Government Reports on Quantities of Grains on Farms.

Puts Wheat at 22.9 Per Cent of Crop and Corn at 40.9.

Washington, March 10.—The crop reporting board of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture, from reports of correspondents and agents of the bureau finds the amount of wheat remaining in farmers' hands on March 1, to have been about 158,403,000 bushels, or 22.9 per cent of last year's crop, as compared with 29.1 per cent or 111,065,000 bushels of the crop of 1904 on hand on March 1, 1905, and 20.8 per cent of the crop of 1903 on hand at the corresponding date in 1904.

The corn in farmers' hands is estimated at about 1,108,000,000 bushels or 40.9 per cent of last year's crop, against 38.7 per cent, or 564,268,000 bushels of the crop of 1904 on hand on March 1, 1905, and 37.4 per cent of the crop of 1903 on hand at the corresponding date in 1904.

Of oats there are reported to be about 378,885,000 bushels or 32.8 per cent of last year's crop still in farmers' hands, as compared with 38.8 per cent, or 347,166,000 bushels of the crop of 1904 on hand on March 1, 1905, and 34.9 per cent of the crop of 1903 on hand at the corresponding date in 1904.

The following table shows the percentages of last year's crops of wheat, corn and oats on hand on March 1, in the sixteen principal grain producing states:

State—	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	24	28	45
Pennsylvania	36	37	41
Texas	15	36	21
Ohio	28	37	29
Michigain	27	35	39
Indiana	23	40	40
Illinois	19	42	34
Wisconsin	36	35	45
Minnesota	28	39	46
Iowa	31	48	44
Missouri	19	40	35
Kansas	18	38	36
Nebraska	27	44	44
South Dakota	25	46	52
North Dakota	20	22	55
California	8	16	11
United States	22.9	40.9	39.8

AN UNKISSED WIFE.

Though Married Nearly Thirty Years, is Still Unosculated.

Newark, N. J., March 10.—The unkissed son of John Alexander Dowie, alias Elijah III, has a counterpart in a woman who in a Newark chancery court swore that although she had been a wife 27 years and had five children is still "unosculated."

Her husband never kissed her, she testified, and neither did any other man.

Mrs. Nellie Newell Leib of East Orange is the one who holds this record. Her husband, Henry, alleged to be wealthy, is suing for divorce. Leib and his brother conduct a clothing establishment in Newark.

Mrs. Leib says eleven years ago she was deserted by her husband because he had lost all his money and wanted her to support him and she refused. Leib says too friendly relations existed between his wife and Edward Charles Sheridan of Brooklyn. One of the woman's daughters corroborated Leib's testimony, while another supported Mrs. Leib.

Bright's Disease Cured

Mrs. Flora Walker, of Ashtabula, O., Who Suffered From This Dread Disease, After Doctors Were Unable to Aid Her, Cured by

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

A TRIAL BOTTLE OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST KIDNEY CURE SENT **ABSOLUTELY FREE** TO EVERY READER OF THE DULUTH HERALD WHO SUFFERS FROM KIDNEY, LIVER, BLADDER OR BLOOD DISEASE, OR WHAT IS COMMONLY KNOWN AMONG WOMEN AS "FEMALE WEAKNESS."

MRS. FLORA WALKER.

In a letter brimful of thankfulness for her remarkable cure, Mrs. Walker writes:

"I was taken ill last January with a bad diarrhoea and terrible pains through the bowels. I was treated by three different doctors, but they were unable to aid me. My husband finally advised me to try Warner's Safe Cure, so I bought a bottle. When I had used about half of it my pains ceased and I began to feel better. I have steadily continued to improve and can now walk to town and back, a distance of over a mile and a half. I firmly believe that I am permanently cured of Bright's disease."—Mrs. FLORA WALKER, Griswold St., Ashtabula, Ohio.

Warner's Safe Cure.

Does your back ache? Do you have scalding pains? Are you troubled with vital weakness?. If your answer is "Yes," your kidneys are diseased and your life in danger. Warner's Safe Cure is the medicine that will help you. Thousands of wonderful cures attest its merit, and thousands of people voluntarily recommend its use as the best cure and sure preventive of all forms of kidney and bladder trouble, female weakeness, Bright's disease and all diseased conditions of the liver and blood.

IF IN DOUBT MAKE THIS TEST:

Put some urine in a glass; after it stands twenty-four hours, if you find a reddish, brick-dust sediment in it, or particles floating in the urine, or the urine is milky or cloudy, you will know your kidneys are in a diseased condition and are unable to perform their work; the result will be the bladder and urinary organs will become inflamed, uric acid will poison the blood, the stomach will become affected and unable to digest the food, the system will become weak, and the result will be a breakdown of the general health, with Bright's disease or diabetes, which will prove fatal if not treated with promptness and great care.

Warner's Safe Pills taken with Warner's Safe Cure move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure. WARNER'S SAFE CURE is now put up in two sizes, and is sold by all druggists, or direct, at 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Refuse substitutes containing harmful drugs, which injure the system.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE. To convince every sufferer from diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood that WARNER'S SAFE CURE will cure them, a trial bottle will be sent, ABSOLUTELY FREE, postpaid, to anyone who will write **WARNER'S SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N. Y.,** and mention having seen this liberal offer in The Duluth Herald. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed. Our doctors will also send medical booklet containing descriptions of symptoms and treatment of each disease, and many convincing testimonials free to everyone.

STRANGE POWER IS EXERCISED

Over Women by Eugene McIntyre, Arrested at Menominee.

Menominee, Mich., March 10.—The case of Johann Hoch has a parallel in Menominee. Some time ago a well-dressed, oil-tongued stranger, giving his name as Eugene McIntyre, appeared in the Twin Cities. He had no business, and no one seemed to know where he came from. He soon became acquainted with two women, employed in one of the Menominee county institutions, and who have always borne a good character.

McIntyre appeared to be infatuated with the younger of the two women, a girl named Barbara Pollock. The girl had some $150 which she had saved up. McIntyre finally induced her to accompany him to Marquette, where he said his sister lived.

However, instead of going there, he took her to Hermansville, where, by persuasion and force, it is alleged, he succeeded in betraying her, promising her marriage the next day. Then, instead of going to Marquette, he deceived her as to the route and finally landed in Minneapolis. This was several weeks ago. In Minneapolis McIntyre continued to defer the marriage on one pretext and another, until he finally gained possession of the girl's money, when he disappeared.

Recently McIntyre returned to Menominee, and tried to repeat his love-making campaign with Miss Pollock's chum, a young widow named Clara Carlson, who had nearly $1,000, part of which was invested in local bonds. These bonds he advised her to sell, and made efforts to gain possession of the balance of her savings. Sheriff Packer had been warned to be on the lookout for McIntyre, and when the latter returned to this city the sheriff communicated with Mrs. Carlson and a trap was laid for McIntyre.

After McIntyre had made a number of visits, the widow made an appointment with him, at which the officers had been notified to be present. McIntyre, it is alleged, went over his schemes for the future with the widow, promising to marry her, and discussed prospective investments to be made with the $1,000 which she had saved up.

At the right moment the officers stepped in and placed the man under arrest after a lively struggle. His hearing was held yesterday afternoon and he was bound over to the circuit court. The case has caused a tremendous sensation in Menominee and Marinette and indignation against McIntyre runs high.

His victims are both well known young women and have enjoyed an excellent reputation. McIntyre is about 35 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches tall, handsome, a careful dresser and a ladies' man. The women who have come in contact with him declare he possesses hypnotic power. The officers are busy investigating his record, and it is expected that numerous other victims of his wiles will be found in this city and vicinity.

EARTHQUAKE IN INDIA.

Lahore, India, March 10.—An alarming earthquake has occurred in Bashahr, one of the Simla tributary hill states of the Punjab. Considerable damage has been caused at Rampur, the capital of Bashahr, and at Kakola. Eight are known to have been killed and twenty-six injured.

Highways and Byways of The Town.

His name sounded like the title of some Italian opera and, as he wore a silk hat and looked almost as important as the manager of the streets of Cairo with the carnival troupe, he was known to the patrons of the Gem cigar store as The Count.

The Count was very long on anecdotes concerning his long and prosperous career as a leading light in grand opera but he was somewhat shy on more recent history concerning himself. He would tell with much gusto how he and his swarthy warblers turned 'em away in Oshkosh, and how the people fought to get in the "opery house" at Keokuk, but he did not explain what he had done just prior to establishing his headquarters at the Gem. It was evident from his tales of the road that it had not been this season that he won his laurels.

He preferred to let recent history remain a sealed book and lived for a dimmer past only. Few patrons of the Gem had the bad taste to make direct inquiries as to The Count's place of residence before coming to Duluth and he very properly repulsed those who did.

At first, The Count's Fifth avenue tastes as to dress led some of the patrons of the Gem to make humorous comment but in a short time the presence of royalty did not even cause a ripple of excitement. The Count was assigned, or rather assigned himself, to a seat on the leather bench near the cigar lighter and was soon accepted as a member of the crowd which sat there and smoked all day long, enlivening the hours with heated discussions on prize fighting, wrestling, football, the stage, politics and occasionally literature and religion.

In justice to the members of the inner circle, it must be said that but few members found time to attend the entire sessions but you could always be sure of encountering several of the brethren no matter what time you dropped into the store.

The group was an interesting one too, when every member was present. There was Cadwalladar Kelly, who was an alumus of Yale and sold pickles or something similar to the retail grocers at the Head of the Lakes and on the range. The discussions invariably lacked tone when he was absent on his occasional trips.

There was a noisy young man named Billy, whose real name was known probably only to the proprietor, who had it on his books. The brethren did not insist upon last names so everybody called him Billy. He went in heavily for clothes but usually owed quite a little sum for cigars.

"Chuck" Waters, the genial assistant to the proprietor of the store, was always an active member of the chautauqua circle. He made cold, decided observations every little while from his point of vantage behind the counter. Then there was old S. P. Ludkins, who made some money on some mining lands some years ago and had done nothing more exerting than play pool since. S. P. liked to pace up and down the store with his hands in his pockets, decrying different national policies and finding fault with current events generally.

There were others who joined the circle from time to time but they were in the dilletante class.

When the count first made his appearance, he made it evident that he was going to settle down for a long run, as the theatrical managers say. He had no visible means of support, those in the inner circle felt sure, because he smoked "three fers," which means vile weeds which may be had in lots of three for five cents, and some times he did not go out of the store for meals. All of this indicated a financial embarrassment which the silk hat and the English walking coat denied.

If he did miss a meal now and then, the count never allowed an empty stomach to interfere with his enjoyment of discussions of public measures. Nevertheless, his appetite was a sort of barometer which showed how he stood. For instance, if he had gone without breakfast—the count would rather miss any other meal—he would be most bitter in his denunciation of the present Panama canal policy or would roast some fly-by-night actor to a turn, whereas if he had not missed the meal, likely as not he would have declared himself in favor of present methods in Panama and remarked with a flourish that Mr. Booth Barrington was a very clever player and that he knew him very well indeed, they having once roomed together in New York.

There was no use denying that the count could be most impressive and dignified at times. Some of the loafers at the Gem mistook this smugness for brains and looked up to his highness as a man of learning. The count accepted the adoration of these creatures as a matter of course, but like all such persons, he was not so cock-sure when there were others at hand who were known to be well informed. He always managed, however, to "put on a front," as they say at the Gem.

For perhaps a month after he established himself at the Gem, the count saw aught of work. For the first three weeks he apparently had a few pence stored away in his ready-made trousers for he ate three times a day and smoked Billy Baxter's Hot Ones. It was not until later in the month that his highness began to miss meals and seek to negotiate small loans.

Finally one day, he did not show up at his usual time, 10:30, and did not make his appearance until the middle of the afternoon. Then he was armed with a huge picture, which he set down very carefully before turning to greet such of the brethren as might be present.

"Goin' in for art?" asked Kelly, jovially.

"I hope you're not goin' to soil them hands of yurn by workin'," said "Chuck" Waters.

Old S. P. Ludkins said nothing. He was a man of action, when it was just as easy as being a man of words. He stalked over to the mysterious picture, picked it up and placed it over the show case so that all might see. The interest in it was general.

"Spring" was the title of the artistic intoxicant that the count had hurled at the Gem crowd. It disclosed several young and beautiful women, carelessly draped in pieces of mosquito netting which floated away from their shapely bodies in places, presenting an idle, midsummer night's dream effect. This was borne out by the fact that the young women appeared to be walking on air.

"Say, that's great ain't it?" was "Chuck" Waters' comment.

"What do you propose to do with it, present it to the gang?" asked Mr. Kelly.

"Not much, I ain't," said the count. "I am going to put her in the show winda here for a coupla days and then sell it."

"I don't know whether the boss would stand for that or not," said Waters dubiously. "This ain't no saloon you know, and besides it'll be right in the winda."

"Well, if he ain't got 'preciation enough of art to stan' for that, he'd better wake up," said the Count. "It'll make people stop and look in the winda."

"I should say it would," said Ludkins.

So the picture was placed in the window and the Count grew into the habit of extolling its beauties to everyone who came in the store. But no one who came in showed a disposition to buy, so the Count finally took it away in a huff, declaring that no one around there had any appreciation of art. Then he took it down the street a ways and sold it to a saloonkeeper for $8. After that the Count went into the picture business to interfere with that of loafing about the cigar store. He attended to the pictures during odd moments, when no one was in the store to listen to his tales of the road. He was fond of recounting his triumphs during the season he was with Melba. He was almost as fond of telling that one as he was of recalling the season that he headed his own company and toured all the principal cities of the United States of 10,000 population or less.

One day the count did not show up at the store all day. At first it was thought that the need of money to pay his room rent had sent him on a still hunt for saloonkeepers with artistic tastes, but when he did not show up in the evening the gang knew that something was wrong.

It was not thought advisable to act at once, however. Perhaps there was some reason for the Count's absence. He would be able to explain, no doubt. But the Count did not make his appearance on the following day, and comment increased.

"Maybe he has went away from town," suggested "Chuck" Waters.

"That is quite improbable," said S. P. Ludkins. "He would surely have stepped in to say good-bye if he was going out of the city. The chances are that he is sick."

"Where does he room?" asked Kelly.

No one present appeared to know.

"I think the boss knows," said Waters, after a time. "It seems to me that he said something to me about it one day."

"It's too bad that he is sick right when these here grand opera folks is in town. I, spose, he knows a good many of 'em," said Ludkins.

"I hardly think this was his circuit," said Kelly. "If I remember rightly the Count hung out with the Metropolitan bunch. I wonder if the Count was one of those fat spear carriers I saw at the Metropolitan, New York. The chances are that he was never inside a New York theater in his life unless it was some melodrama house over on Thotd avenue."

The charitable Kelly said the last sentence to himself, however, for he was not a man to knock another when he was down, and the Count's absence suggested that he was under the weather.

"Chuck" Waters was instructed to secure the Count's address from the boss, as soon as that worthy came in after a hard day's work in front of some bar.

Armed with the address furnished by the bibulous "boss," old Ludkins, Kelly and Waters started out that evening with the intention of taking cheer to the stricken peer of the Gem cigar store. They stopped on the way from the store to get some of the cheer, the total of which consisted of two Monte Carlo Eldura cigars, several oranges and a small bottle of bourbon.

"Chuck" Waters had furnished the cigars, Ludkins the oranges, and upon Kelly devolved the greatest expense of getting the whisky.

They found the house at last, up on Second street somewhere. Kelly rang the door bell, and the others clicked their heels nervously on the porch.

The door was opened by a tired-looking, unkempt woman, and the brethren were greeted with a stale odor of cooked onions. Kelly had been selected at the store to pronounce the Count's name when the time was ripe, and he did so in a way that was a credit to the class of '99, Yale.

"Mr. Griggolotti has went to Virginia to cook in a hotel there," said the tired-looking woman, suspiciously.

"What did you say?" said the astounded group, in one breath.

"I said Mr. Griggolotti had went to Virginia to work at his trade."

"At his trade," gasped old S. P. Ludkins, "and he said he used to sing them leadin' roles with Melby."

"I was occasionally afraid that perhaps we uncultured folk at the Gem sometimes grated upon the Count's artistic soul," said Mr. Kelly, as the trio turned their faces toward the white lights of Superior street again. While they were still in the comparative gloom of the hillside, old S. P. Ludkins observed:

"Well, we can drink the whisky, anyway."

PRIZE FOR FIREMEN.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. G. Rutledge, secretary of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Tournament association, this morning received an offer from M. E. Baird of Minneapolis, of a fine nickel-plated Deitz fire department lantern, the same to be offered together with a cash prize for one of the team contests at the tournament which will be held at Cass Lake, June 20-23 next. Mr. Baird is Northwestern manager for the Eureka Hose company of New York.

Moderate Price

Calumet Baking Powder

$1,000.00 will be given for any substance injurious to health found in Calumet.

FOOD OR STIMULANT.

Ask your doctor if when he orders a patient to drink lots of pure milk he advises the addition of a large quantity of whiskey. He'll tell you "no" very emphatically. Yet there are people who, when ordered to get Scott's Emulsion, will accept some wine, cordial or extract of cod liver oil and think it is the same thing or better. If you want and need cod liver oil in its best, purest and most easily digested form, get Scott's Emulsion. If you want whiskey, that's another matter, but don't look for the same results.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

VISITORS HAVE LEAD

St. Paul Curlers Are Five Points Up in Morning Games.

Will Play Six More Games During Afternoon and Evening.

St. Paul curlers were five up on the three games played this morning for the Mackenzie cup, winning two of the games and losing one.

The Hurdon rink piled up a lead of 9 points over the D. D. Stewart rink, but this was more than overcome by the victory of the A. McLaren rink over W. E. Magner by the score of 14 to 4.

The only close game was that between Charles McGregor's rink and the R. J. McLeod rink, which was won by the St. Paul men by the margin of 4 points.

The ice was in the best possible condition for curling this morning, and the games were much enjoyed by both the visitors and their hosts.

The St. Paul men were the guests of the Duluth club at lunch today, and this afternoon three more games are being played with three other Duluth rinks.

Three more games will be played this evening, and the total scores for the nine games will be counted.

Following are the scores and curlers in this morning's games:

W. C. Sherwood,	W. L. Hoatson,
M. A. McLennan,	J. N. Kirby,
F. A. Day,	Wells Eastman,
R. McLeod,	Charles McGregor,
Skip—9.	Skip—13.
S. Cleveland,	Dr. C. Robinson,
Charles Mrewer,	J. B. Emerson,
J. C. Myron,	William Murphy,
H. Hurdon,	W. D. Stewart,
Skip—17.	Skip—8.
Roy Hoople,	J. N. Jakson,
F. W. Hargreaves.	W. C. Read,
F. West,	Homer Clark,
W. E. Magner,	D. A. McLaren,
Skip—4.	Skip—14.

RICHES TURNED HIS WIFE'S HEAD

Wealthy Man Can Never Live Happily, Declares Capitalist.

New York, March 10.—"If I had been a poor man I would have been happily married today, but, being a rich man, I have to bear all the ills that the rich are heir to," said James T. McQuade, millionaire.

"When I married, seventeen years ago, my wife was the daughter of a boarding house keeper in Philadelphia. She didn't have a cent. And it turned out to be like putting a beggar on horseback."

McQuade is manager of the National Conduit & Cable company and lives at 325 Central Park west. He enunciated these sentiments after Judge Garretson, sitting in a special term of the supreme court of Brooklyn, granted his application to set aside the decree of separation granted to his wife, Mrs. Sarah McQuade, on Feb. 23 last, by Judge Burr.

Judge Garretson, in setting aside the separation, ordered a new trial, to be held in Rockland county during May.

"Prosperity turned my wife's head," he resumed. "Gradually it got so I no longer had any say in the house. We slowly drifted apart. I became wealthier and as I did we increased the size and cost of our household. It was nothing for us to spend $50,000 a year.

"Now I am dissatisfied. I constantly am craving for more money. My marriage was a failure and am constantly and unceasingly busy. And I know hundreds of others who are in the same way. A wealthy man never can live happily."

A SPLENDID INDORSEMENT.

Medical Journal's Opinion of Blanchard's Eczema Lotion.

From the Chicago Journal of Health: "The proprietary medicine that we consider worthy of editorial mention is Blanchard's Eczema Lotion, which has unquestionably proved its right to rank as a specific of the highest character. This wonderfully successful remedy is compounded by Prof. Joseph Blanchard, skin specialist of Minneapolis, Minn., and is a genuine specific for eczema, being that one proprietary remedy in a thousand that this publication can consistently indorse in its editorial columns. We consider it not only a clearly indicated duty, but likewise a pleasure to single out Blanchard's Eczema Lotion and bestow upon it the unqualified editorial indorsement of the Chicago Journal of Health."

For sale by all druggists. L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale druggists, distributors.

RAILROADS

ALMOST TO LADYSMITH

Rapid Progress With Southeastern Road—New Towns.

The Erie Road May Build New Line in the East.

A dispatch from Ladysmith, Wis., says that at the rate at which the track is being laid on the new railroad building to Duluth, Ladysmith will probably be reached within ten days. While the bridges are not completed, they are far enough advanced to allow the tracklaying to proceed.

Heavy rails are being laid, and the indications are that the company anticipates a heavy traffic, and also expects to make fast time. There will not be much done in the way of traffic, however, until the frost is out of the ground and the ties have been properly tamped. Trains from the South are expected there by April 1.

Two new towns already have started along the line. One named Donald is at the junction with the Omaha, and the other, Moorehouse, at the junction with the Stanley, Merrill & Phillips. Several other townsites are being selected.

NEW LINE PROPOSED.

The Erie Company May Build a Road Into Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, March 10.—Following the announced purchase of the Lake Erie & Pittsburg railway by the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania, it is said that the deal may lead to a rupture between the Erie and the Lake Erie & Pittsburg railways, and the building of a new line into Pittsburg by the Erie. The Lake Erie & Pittsburg now uses the Erie from Youngstown to Pittsburg.

A prominent railway official last night said if the Lake Erie gets its own line, or a joint line with the Pennsylvania from Youngstown to Cleveland, or to a point on the Lake Shore, near Cleveland, the Erie, which will then lose the big Lake Erie traffic from Pittsburg, will likely retaliate by breaking away from the Lake Erie and getting into Pittsburg by its own line, or by the use of the tracks of some other road.

The Erie has its own line to New Castle, which it could use in reaching Pittsburg. An agreement, perhaps of a temporary nature, may be made with the Baltimore & Ohio, to let the Erie into Pittsburg from New Castle.

TWO-CENT FARE

New Law is Now in Effect In the State of Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio, March 10.—The 2-cent fare law went into effect yesterday, and at midnight all Ohio railroads began the sale of tickets at the new rate. Local passenger agents of the Big Four, Baltimore & Ohio and the Pennsylvania lines received their instructions under the new law today.

All of them authorize round trip rates, good for thirty days, at double the one way fare, rescind the clergy permit, so far as it relates to Ohio, and forbid selling interline tickets, pending the arrival of further rate sheets.

The Pennsylvania instructions announce in addition the withdrawal of twenty-five to fifty trip family commutation tickets.

ELECTRIC SIGNALS.

New Automatic Variety to Be Installed by Southern Pacific.

Omaha, Neb., March 10.—E. H. Harriman has authorized J. Kruttschnitt, director of maintenance and operation of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads, to install immediately automatic electric block signals from Omaha to San Francisco, 1,800 miles and from San Francisco to Colton, thence to Los Angeles, 425 miles, the route of the overland limited. These 2,342 miles will be the longest stretch covered by continuous automatic electric block signals in the world. The cost will be between $1,000 and $1,200 per mile, aggregating $3,000,000.

The work is to be rushed to completion before the close of the year at the end of which time the Union and Southern Pacific will have 3,257 miles protected by automatic block signals.

Omaha Change of Time.

The announcement in The Herald yesterday that the Omaha Duluth-Chicago train would probably change time in the near future has been received with interest among the business men of Duluth, who seem to favor the change. Under the new schedule the train would leave Chicago at 6:30 p. m. instead of at 10 p. m., and would arrive in Duluth about 8 a. m. Instead of at 11:10 a. m. Interest is also shown in the report that the Twilight will leave Duluth at 3:30 p. m. and arrive in St. Paul at 8 p. m., in order to connect with the fast train over the Northwestern for Omaha.

HELD ON FORGERY CHARGE.

Man Recently Released, is Again Taken to Jail.

Pipestone, Minn., March 10.—A young man known as Norman Hanson, who recently completed a term of sixty days in the county jail for larceny committed at Jasper, is again an inmate of the jail after only a few days of freedom. He is now held on a charge of forgery alleged to have been committed at Trosky. His case has gone over to the grand jury. Hanson is charged with having forged a check for $5, using the name of Lew Davis, and attempting to pass it on a saloon man at Trosky.

FOR STATE TREASURER.

Stanley, Wis., March 10.—Julius Howland, now county treasurer of Chippewa county, has announced his candidacy for the office of state treasurer on the Republican ticket. Julius Howland was born in Norway thirty-seven years ago. He came to America and located at Eau Claire in 1890, where he found employment as a laborer. Later he located in the growing young city of Stanley, in Chippewa county, where he now resides, and where he became prominent in local affairs.

LANPHER HATS.

These hats have won such great popularity, because of the exceptionally high grade of fur used in their making, and also because they are always made in the most correct styles.

Soft Hats in the newest shades and shapes.
Stiff Hats in dimensions that are becoming.

Three Dollars

Ask Your Dealer.

Examination FREE

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

DR. BEST,

Rooms 1 and 2, 26 W. Superior St.

PROCTOR WINS FROM SUPERIOR

Fast Basket Ball Game Played in the Hill Top Gymnasium.

The Peter Cooper school alumni basketball team of Superior was severely trounced last evening by the Proctor-knott aggregation of Y. M. C. A. players in a game played in the gymnasium of the latter. The final score stood 29 to 8. The score looks a little one-sided, but the game was a good one for all that, although it was evident from the start that Superior stood a very small chance of winning.

The playing was fast on both sides. Proctor had a lead at the beginning and kept it all through the evening. The visitors took their defeat well and the game was friendly at all times. Prof. Owens of Proctor and Prof. Gamble of the Peter Cooper school acted as officials for the players. A number of enthusiastic rooters were on hand from both sides of the bay. Proctor will try to get a game for next Friday with either the Bryant or Nelson Dewey schools of Superior. The line-up last night was as follows:

Proctor.	Peter Cooper.
Bell	center
Emsley	right field
Frazer	left field
Foreman	right guard
Quackenbush	left guard

Thompson
Cook
Steene
Thorsen
Conrad

TOCURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

DEATH AT VIRGINIA

Of Mrs. F. N. Anderson---William F. Walsh is Very Ill.

Virginia, Minn., March 10.—(Special to The Herald).—Mrs. F. N. Anderson died early yesterday morning at the family homestead north of Mountain Iron. She has been ill from consumption for some time. She leaves a husband and a large family, including Mrs. F. W. Anderson of Buhl and Miss Anna Anderson, chief operator at the Virginia Telephone exchange. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the Swedish Lutheran church and burial will be in the Virginia cemetery.

John Ketola, of the mercantile firm of Paul & Ketola, has purchased the interests of his partner in the store. Mr. Paul and family will soon remove to Green River, Utah, where he will engage in fruit farming.

Joel Tornquist has gone to Minneapolis for medical treatment.

William T. Walsh, logging jobber for the Virginia Lumber conmpany, is very ill at the Lemont hospital, as a result of severe hemorrhage of the lungs.

MAYOR CULLUM

One of Semi-Contennial Commission Appointed by the Governor.

St. Paul, March 10.—The committee appointed by Governor Johnson to devise ways and means for the celebration of the semi-centennial of Minnesota is composed of the following: J. T. Mannix and Dr. C. H. Koehler, Minneapolis; M. B. Cullum, Duluth; F. B. Lynch, St. Paul, and C. C. Whitney, Marshall.

OPEN A SAVINGS ACCOUNT NOW.

Lay by a part of your earnings each day. It lends energy to efforts; confidence in self; makes home happy, and provides against want.

American Exchange Bank.

OPEN THIS EVENING 6 to 8

DEFECTIVE PAGE

How to Cure Rheumatism

I searched the whole earth for a specific for Rheumatism—something that I or any physician could feel safe in prescribing—something that we could count on not only occasionally, but with reasonable certainty. For the ravages of Rheumatism are everywhere, and genuine relief is rare.

After twenty years of search and experiment, I learned of the German chemical I now employ. And I knew then that my search and my efforts were well rewarded. For this chemical, in combination with others, gave me the basis of a remedy which in the cure of Rheumatism is practically certain. In many, many tests and difficult cases this prescription has with regularity justified the confidence I had in it.

I don't mean that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Tablets can turn bony joints into flesh again and never fail—that is impossible. But they will with reasonable certainty drive from the blood the poison that causes pain and swelling, and then that is the end of the pain and swelling—the end of the suffering—the end of Rheumatism.

Any Rheumatic sufferer who writes may receive my little book on Rheumatism, including professional advice as to diet, etc., free. With the book I will also send without charge my "Health Token," an intended passport to good health. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 1760, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases are sometimes reached by a single package—for sale by 40,000 Druggists.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Tablets.

TO ADMIT ONE STATE

Senate Votes to Unite Oklahoma and Indian Territories.

House Provisions for Arizona and New Mexico Stricken Out.

Washington, March 10.—Yesterday at 5:35 p. m., the senate passed a bill for the admission of a new state to be called Oklahoma and to be composed of the territory of Oklahoma and Indian Territory. It was the house joint statehood bill with all the provisions relating to Arizona and New Mexico stricken out. The motion to strike out was made by Mr. Burrows and it was carried by the close vote of 37 to 35, after having been lost in committee of the whole by the still closer vote of 35 to 36.

Immediately after the disposal of the statehood bill the house railroad rate bill was made an unfinished business, but as the senate adjourned over Saturday and Sunday, formal consideration of that measure will not begin until Monday. The vote on statehood came as the climax of a day devoted exclusively to that bill. The speech-making excited comparatively little interest, but there was pronounced excitement throughout the voting period and it culminated when the success of the motion to eliminate Arizona and New Mexico was announced the second vote on that proposition.

The test vote, upon which the opponents of joint statehood showed their greatest strength, was on the Foraker amendment which provided that Arizona and New Mexico should have an opportunity to vote separately on the proposition of joint statehood. This was carried by a vote of 42 to 29. Previous to this action provision for increased appropriations in the bill was stricken out in order to afford an opportunity for a motion to concur in the senate amendments when the bill is sent to the house. The speech-making began at 11 o'clock and was under the ten-minute rule after the first hour. About a dozen speeches were made, but the notable ones were made by Messrs. Dubois and Burrows in denunciation of polygamy in Arizona and New Mexico. Mr. Dubois secured the incorporation of an anti-polygamy amendment, but the elimination of Arizona from the measure detracted somewhat from the importance of the accomplishment.

As amended by the senate the bill provides for the creation of the state of Oklahoma out of Oklahoma and Indian territories upon the adoption of a constitution. The state is allowed the usual quota of executive, judicial and legislative officers, two United States senators and five members of the national house of representatives. A constitutional convention with 110 members, fifty-five of which are to be chosen by each of the territories comprising the state, is provided for and all male citizens or male Indians 21 years of age are made eligible to membership in it. There is an especial provision protecting the Indians in their rights and continuing the prerogative of the national government to control their affairs. The sale of intoxicating liquors in what is now Indian Territory is prohibited for twenty-one years and longer unless the constitution is changed. Sections 16 and 36 of each township of land in Oklahoma are set aside for the benefit of the common school system, as is also 5 per cent of the proceeds of the sale of public lands. There is also an appropriation of $50,000,000 from the national treasury for the benefit of the schools. Provision is made for the support of higher education and charitable institutions. Two districts for United States courts, one in Oklahoma and the other in Indian Territory, are provided for. Guthrie is made the temporary seat of government, but the house provision continuing it in that capacity until 1913 is eliminated.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Some Irregularity Noted in Trade But Collections Are Prompt.

New York, March 10.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Some irregularity is noted in trade reports for the past week, but no more than is seasonable and mercantile collections are fairly prompt.

A little conservatism regarding forward business in some industries may be attributed to high prices, although the greatest strength appears in building material, and preparations for structural work are beyond precedent. The few minor strikes do not seriously interfere with progress and thus far the only noticeable effect of the coal controversy is the usually large demand for this season of the year in all fuel markets and the disposition of small merchants in the immediate vicinity of the anthracite mines to allow stocks to become depleted. Should an amicable result attend the meeting of March 19, these dealers will provide wholesale demand for urgent business. There is little idle machinery in any of the leading manufacturing industries and contracts for instant delivery come forward freely, except at the textile mills, where purchases are chiefly for immediate requirements. Prices of commodities rose slightly during February, Dun's index number being $104,204 on March 1, against $104,011 a month ago and $101,939 a year ago. Railway earnings continue to make striking comparisons with last year's figures, the increase during February amounting to 24.3 per cent. Foreign commerce at this port for last week showed an increase in exports of $926,216 over the same week last year, while imports decreased $71,695.

Seasonable conditions continue to prevail in the hide market, poor quality of offerings attracting little attention, yet the prices rule fairly steady. eLather is quiet, support constantly appearing as consumers require shipments.

New England shoeshops are including supplementary spring contracts and new business is rather quiet, but the situation is considered healthy.

Failures this week numbered 221 against 244 last year and in Canada twenty-four compared with twenty-five a year ago.

Always Keeps Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in His House.

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W. W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked at the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. This remedy is also without a peer for croup in children, and will prevent the attack when given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, which can only be done when the remedy is kept at hand. For sale by all druggists.

COURT CUTS OFF ERRING WIFE

Marriage Annulled and Property Deeded Back to Her Husband.

Alonzo Robinson was granted a divorce from Laura Robinson yesterday afternoon by Judge Cant.

The case contained a number of features of unusual interest. Robinson, who is 54 years of age and an engineer by profession, lives with his children on Lake avenue. Mrs. Robinson is sojourning in a jail over in Canada. She eloped with a man by the name of John A. Blume, according to the testimony of her husband, and went to Port Arthur. There she and Blume lived under assumed names and were arrested last summer or fall for harboring stolen goods. The public records of Canada are claimed to show that Mrs. Robinson did not confine her attentions to Blume alone, but lived with other men. Mrs. Robinson took the children with her when she fled from Duluth. At Port Arthur, the oldest girl, aged 16 years, married Leo Thompson of that place, Mrs. Robinson swearing falsely that the girl's father was dead.

After Mrs. Robinson's arrest and conviction Mr. Robinson sent for the children and they have lived with him ever since. The story told by the husband was corroborated in many particulars by Robinson's neighbors.

Judge Cant, in directing findings for the husband, also ordered that a deed from Robinson transferring the homestead to his wife, be set aside and the title vested again in the husband.

The Herzog divorce case which occupied the attention of Judge Ensign for two days, was submitted to the court last evening.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The will of Dennis Le Duc of Montreal, a civil engineer, who is said to have accomplished wonders in railway building for the Canadian government, and who died in his temporary home at Hollywood, Cal., March 6, leaves the bulk of his estate to Isabel Sells. He cuts off his only daughter, Mrs. George Le Duc Elliott of Denver, with $10.

The 700 coal miners in the employ of the Alberta Railroad & Coal company at Lethbridge, Alberta, Can., struck Friday, demanding an increase in wages and other concessions. The daily output of the mines is about 1,800 tons.

The Clyde liner Navahoe, which has been ashore just inside the Cape Fear bar since Saturday night, was floated on high tide Friday night. She proceeded to Southport. The vessel is believed to be damaged but little, the principal loss being in jettisoning part of the cargo of lumber, shingles and cross ties.

A five-story stone building at 321 Sansome street, San Francisco, was partially destroyed Friday night by fire. The building was occupied by Cunningham, Curtis & Welsh, wholesale stationers, the Union Lithograph company and the Lewis Roesch Printing company, all of which suffered quite heavily. The loss is $500,000.

Forty-six of the life insurance companies doing business in Missouri have notified Supt. Vandiver of the state insurance department that they will comply in detail with the ruling of the department, made some time ago, forbidding the giving of rebates on contracts, special contracts and unauthorized statements of dividends.

Weather Did Not Interfere.

In spite of the unfavorable weather for logging operations the Hines Lumber company has more logs at its landing at Wiehe, Wis., a station on the Ashland branch of the Northern Pacific road. Thomas McDermott, general manager of the lumber company's northern camps says that about 2,000 men have been employed during the winter months but since the soft weather came on the force has been reduced to about 500. The larger portion of the logs cut will go to Ashland, Mason and Iron River, where the Hines Lumber company has its sawmills. A small quantity from Wiehe will be sent to the Murray-McCann mill on Superior bay. This mill has enough logs on hand at the present time to keep it operating for some time. Enough logs will be sent in by rail to keep the mill running until next fall.

EXPOSITION OF VALUE.

Prague, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—United States Consul Ledoux's commercial information bureau is a great success and merchants as well as the authorities make frequent use of it. It's a sort of permanent industrial exposition, showing products of American imports into Bohemia and Bohemian imports into the United States. The information bureau is well arranged, and over a hundred American technical weeklies and monthlies are on file.

KEEP OFF NERVOUS PROSTRATION

By using the scientific food

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason."

CONTRACTS AWARDED

Bids Are Opened for Two New Grade School Buildings.

Both Structures Must be Completed Before Next December.

Bids for two new school buildings were opened by the board of education last evening, and the contracts awarded.

The contract for the new school on Sixth street and First avenue east, was awarded to Theodore Nauffs for the sum of $41,500, less $2,873 for some changes in the specifications which were provided for in the bids, and which were decided upon by the board. The net price for the school will thus be $38,627. German & Lignell, the architects, were appointed superintendents of construction, and the school must be completed by December 1.

The other contract, after some dispute, went to Emil Zauft, for the sum of $35,618. 91.

Neither Mr. Zauft or Smith & Vokes, the next lowest bidders, filled out their bids in proper form, failing to give their price for some of the alternates called for by the board. Directors Campbell and Codding were somewhat opposed to accepting the bids, as they did not comply with the form required, but on motion by Director Powell, the contract was let to Mr. Zauft for the gross amount of his bid, and the alterations required will be arranged between the coontractor and the committee, later. The bid was more than $1,000 below the next highest bid and nearly $2,000 below the lowest of those which conformed to all the technical requirements.

Austin Terryberry, the architect, was named as superintendent of construction, and this building also must be completed by December 1.

The following is a list of the bids received by the board for the two schools:

SIXTH STREET SCHOOL.

Theodore Nauffts, $41,500.
F. E. Johnson, $41,596.
J. F. Schlennes, $42,042.
George H. Lounsberry, $42,430.
Smith & Vokes, $43,780.
Frank L. Johnson, $43,896.
Bergquist Brothers, $45,000.
Duluth Electrical and Construcction Co., $45,449.
E. R. Falstad, $47,700.

WEST DULUTH SCHOOL.

Emil Zauft, $35,618.91
Smith & Vokes, $36,660.
H. Fawcett, $37,400.
Bergquist Brothers, $37,940.
Duluth Electrical and Construcction Co., $38,900.
Edward Jackson, $39,386.
John Grandy, $39,486.
Theodore Nauffts, $39,737.
George Lounsberry, $39,890.
J. F. Schenness, $41,417.
John Donhu, $41,800.
J. A. Clarey, $42,172.
F. E. Johnson, $44,047.

The monthly report of the treasurer, J. LeTourneau, showed an overdraft in the general fund of $16,660.92, and an overdraft in the sinking fund of $16,039.43, while the building fund carried a balance of $50,346.25.

Mr. LeTourneau stated that the sum of $105,000 would be available for the two new school buildings, and that this was the limit on which the board could figure.

On a motion by Director Codding, the chief engineer was instructed to carefully inspect the fire fighting apparatus in the high school.

"This matter has been on my mind for some time," said Mr. Codding. "We don't know whether that hose will hold water or not, and we don't know what shape the extinguishers are in. It was brought more forcibly to my mind by the West hotel fire."

• • •

Ernest E. Brennehan was appointed as instructor in manual training at the Irving school.

"FITZSIMMONS"

Licked Once More and This Time by a Jap.

Berlin, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The kaiser sent the commander of the guards, Gen. von Kessel and a large consignment of other military men, drill masters and gymnasium directors to witness the fight between "the American boxer and exchampion Fitzsimmons" and the Jap Jiu Jitsu artist, Higashi, the same who suffered defeat twice in the United States. This time the American who called himself Fitzsimmons, but not Bob, was knocked out.

First bout: The superiority of the Jap was apparent from the start. His offensive was so strong that Fitz was almost restricted to the defensive.

Second bout: The Jap succeeded in getting hold of Fitz's throat and was about to strangle him when Fitz broke away.

Third bout: Fitz fell, the Jap on top of him. The Jap put his foot on Fitz's chest, took hold of the American's jacket at the throat and called a halt. Fitz rose with difficulty and dragged himself out. The Jap was declared victor. The fight lasted only two minutes.

In the spring time you renovate your house. Why not your body? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea drives out impurities, cleanses and enriches the blood and purifies the entire system. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Columbus, O.

Use the Erie Railroad Short Line—the popular route—two through trains daily. Apply to E. R. Porch, traveling passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

WE TEST EYES

as well as,if not better, than any one else in Duluth. Our prices are lower than the other good specialists.

C. D. TROTT No. 3 Wes Superior S

For What Greater Assurance Can You Ask?

I will pay $1.000,00 to any one who can prove that Hoosac Tunnel and Mining Co. is not all that I claim for it.

I am offering an opportunity whereby you may assure yourself of an income for life. An investment in this stock should pay enormous dividends all the days of your natural life—and your children and your children's children should continue to enjoy the same benefits.

Take advantage of your real opportunity and be a partner in this enterprise on terms that cannot prove a cause of inconvenience. Buy this stock today for 70 cents a share cash, or 75 cents a share on installments, and pay for it 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months. But act today, for the issue is limited and the price will continue to increase. It has increased in price more than 50 per cent since January 1st, and I believe that it will be selling for from $2.00 to $4.00 within a year.

I prefer to deal directly with the people, and therefore offer to you the cream of the profits usually given to a syndicate of underwriters. You will never become wealthy on a salary alone, and your idle money will never make you rich. Invest your money where it pays you dividends, and be independent of the time clocks. Seek where you may, you will seldom find another proposition of equal merit nor a better investment for your money. Mining, Manufacturing, and Transportation—three of the greatest dividend-paying enterprises of the world—are combined under one management, and this management is absolutely honest. AS PROOF OF THIS, THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL BE EXAMINED SEMI-ANNUALLY BY A FIRM OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, AND THE RESULTS PUBLISHED, so that our stockholders may each and every one know where every dollar is expended. Can you ask for further proof? Here it is—The Hoosac Tunnel & Mining Co. refers, by special permission, to Mr. Geo. Armstrong, Cashier Capital City National Bank, Denver Colo.; First National Bank of Idaho Springs, Colo.; C. S. Birkins, President Merchants and Miners' National Bank, Idaho Springs, Colo.; John T. Mallalieu, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, Idaho Springs, Colo.; Geo. W. Dutton, Mining Editor Sifting-News, Idaho Springs, Colo., and many others, who will vouch for the genuine worth and integrity of character of the officers of this company. I have employed the most reliable experts to assist me in determining the safety and profit values of this enterprise, before I recommended it to the public. I make a business of finding safe and profitable investments for money-savers, and I can't afford to indorse anything which isn't sound. I could not remain in business if I did. I can't deal in "prospects," nor can I permit my clients to do so through me. I won't speculate with my own money, nor will I with yours. I am not selling "Blue Sky" nor "Gold Bricks."

What I am offering is a splendid opportunity for investment in an honorably managed and exceedingly meritorious enterprise, where the price of your stock should double within a few months. Two months ago you could have bought this stock for 35 cents a share; today it sells for 70 cents a share, and within a few more months it should be selling for par or better—Why Not Make This Profit Yourself?

Go to the nearest news stand and get the February 22nd issue of Leslie's Weekly, the White House Wedding Number, and read that masterly article, "Tunneling Under Gold-Ribbed Mountains," written by Henry Shedd Beardsley, associate editor and regular staff correspondent of that paper, who has personally visited the great Clear Creek County Mines, and who tells you the truth about the Hoosac Tunnel & Mining Co. If you can't get it, write to me today and I will send you a copy free of charge, and I will also give you further details, including government map of the property and the Idaho Springs District, Mining Engineers' reports and abundant references, both in behalf of the company and every one of its officers. Every possible aid will be given that you may learn for yourself why this is your opportunity of a lifetime.

But I cannot guarantee you against another rise in the price of this stock within a short time, so ACT TODAY.

PIERCE UNDERWOOD, Specialist in Profitable Investments.

This company is wholly responsible, and is engaged in a legitimate and definite enterprise, and must not be confused with the many wildcat mining speculations in which investors are offered stock.

The officers of this company are men of exceptional ability, strength of character and genuine worth. They are not Wall street speculators engaged in a jobbing scheme. They are pledged to carry this great enterprise to the greatest possible success, and in the quickest manner, with all regard to safety, economy and business prudence.

THREE DISTINCT PROFIT EARNING FEATURES.

THE GREAT HOOSAC MINES.

This company owns 32 acres of placer ground and five patented mining claims, including 4,500 feet of the great Hoosac Vein, from which the company takes its name.

This immense vein has produced millions on each side of this property, and the ore bodies within its boundaries are of such magnitude as to justify an estimate of $14,000,000.00 profit to this company, after deducting all costs of mining and milling the ore. 750 feet of development work has been completed upon this property, and from an entirely distant cross-vein ore has been shipped which returned profits of $40.00 per ton net—and the main ore body is even richer than this and will be reached within the next two hundred feet by the tunnel.

HOOSAC CONCENTRATING MILLS.

A large concentrating mill, with a daily capacity sufficient to reduce one hundred tons of ore to concentrates, will be erected at once at the mouth of the Hoosac Tunnel.

This mill will not alone reduce the ores from the Hoosac mines, but will also do custom work for other mines of the district. The earnings from this source alone should be from $30,000.00 to $50,000.00 a year in clear profits. The milling and refining of ores is one of the great industries of which Eastern people know but little—but consult Bradstreet and other authorities, and learn of the almost countless millions acquired by the Guggenheim, the American Smelting & Refining Co., and others who engage solely in the reduction of ores and refining of metals.

HOOSAC TRANSPORTATION TUNNEL.

This tunnel is equipped with a powerful plant of machinery, and work is proceeding night and day. It has already been driven 700 feet and is being extended to run through eighty active mines which have up to date produced more than $100,000,000.00 by means of expensive shaft workings. Several of these mines will be cut this year.

Any ten of them can send enough ore through this tunnel to earn for the company from this source alone more than $1,000,000.00 in annual profits, after all operating expenses have been deducted. This tunnel will be a producer of profits for more than your natural lifetime, and every year will see it extended further under the mountains, through mine after mine, constantly yielding increased dividends.

WHAT YOUR MONEY SHOULD EARN.

$7.00 cash or $7.50 payable $1.50 down and $1.50 a month for four months will buy 10 shares of stock, par value $10.00, estimated value within one year $25.00, within two years $50.00.

$14.00 cash or $15.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 20 shares of stock, par value $20.00, estimated value within one year $50.00, within two years $200.00.

$28.00 cash or $30.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 40 shares of stock, par value $40.00, estimated value within one year $100.00, within two years $200.00.

$56.00 cash or $60.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 80 shares of stock, par value $80.00, estimated value within one year $200.00, within two years $400.00.

$112.00 cash or $120.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 160 shares of stock, par value $160.00, estimated value within one year $400.00 within two years $800.00.

$224.00 cash or $240.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 320 shares of stock, par value $320.00, estimated value within one year $800.00, within two years $1,600.00.

$448.00 cash or $480.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 640 shares of stock, par value $640.00, estimated value within one year $1,600.00, within two years $3,200.00.

$896.00 cash or $960.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 1,280 shares of stock, par value $1,280.00, estimated value within one year $3,200.00, within two years, $6,400.00.

$1,792.00 cash or $1,920.00 payable 10 per cent down and 10 per cent a month for nine months will buy 2,560 shares of stock, par value $2,560.00 estimated value within one year $6,400.00, within two years, $12,800.00.

You have had plenty of time to verify all my statements and make inquiries of the banks and distinguished individuals whom I refer you to in order that you might learn for yourself that all that I have told you about the Hoosac Tunnel & Mining Co. is true—every word of it.

Grasp Your Opportunity

Fill Out, Cut Off and Mail Coupon Today to PIERCE UNDERWOOD,
Specialist in Profitable Investments.
Financial Agent, 140 Dearborn St., Chicago.

COUPON D. H. 11.

.....1906.

PIERCE UNDERWOOD, Hartford Bldg., Chicago.

Dear Sir: I hereby subscribe for.....Shares of the capital stock of the Hoosac Tunnel & Mining Co., Idaho Springs, Colorado, and agree to pay you.....per share (70c per share if your remittance pays your subscription in full or 75c if you pay on installments of 10 per cent now and 10 per cent per month.)

I inclose herewith my remittance for .....
Please acknowledge receipt. Yours truly,

Name .....

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Note:—No subscription for less than ten shares will be accepted. If you have $7.00, or can save $1.50 a month for five months, you can own ten shares in the Company. More if you can pay for them. Don't delay. Subscribe for all you can pay for either at once or on monthly installments. YOU WON'T REGRET IT. This stock is fully paid and nonassessable.

HOOSAC TUNNEL & MINING CO.

DULL CARE IS DROPPED

Duluth Fruit & Produce Exchange Holds Its Annual Banquet.

Nothing But Joy Has the Entree for the Occasion.

Relaxation and good fellowship seemed to be the desire which filled the minds of the members of the Duluth Fruit and Produce exchange, when it banquetted last evening at the Commercial club. Business cares are depressing enough during the day so those who sat at the table cast off dull care and each proceeded to enjoy himself. Not a single failure in this quest has been reported and the diners were busy taking care of the great chunks of camaraderie which hurled themselves about the place.

Alderman Tessman was toastmaster in the absence of E. L. Millar, who was to have presided, but who was in Chicago. Few of his friends even realized previous to this occasion the vein of humor which runs through the alderman from the Third and the sparkle he can give a little introduction in a quiet way. Now, however, that he has been discovered he will doubtless be used more freely in future. Seated at the head of the table with the toastmaster, were President H. B. Knudsen of the exchange, Secretary Peaslee, Mayor Cullum, C. T. Fitzsimmons, Thomas Smith and L. L. Culbertson.

"Phony" telegrams were received by grapevine wire from various parts of the country, setting forth some of the failings of characteristics of various ones of those present. Each was compelled to respond in some way to the mention of his name. A song from some sufficed, while others had to give a talk or do something else to suit the sweet will of the majority.

Mayor Cullum was introduced as the first speaker. He remarked in opening that he has found that Michigan street produces better things than stale eggs. He spoke of the splendid fight which is being put up by E. M. Ferguson, a member of the local exchange, and the mayor said that Mr. Ferguson has reached that point where he takes rank with the statesmen of the country.

President H. B. Knudsen was next introduced and congratulated the members on the growth, both in number and influence of the exchange. He said that a much better feeling prevails than ten years ago, at which time there was no unity. He declared himself proud to be the president of this, one of the foremost exchanges on the continent. In closing President Knudsen presented, for the exchange, a loving cup to Secretary Peaslee. It is a beautiful silver one and was presented to the secretary in recognition of his long and valued serivces in that capacity. Mr. Peaslee made a suitable address in response to the presentation.

The following were present at the banquet:

H. B. Knudsen, Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit company; C. E. Peaslee, the Victor company; Chris Sanders, Sanders & Co.; H. J. Kolling, H. J. Kolling & Co.; C. H. Cannon, Baker-Cannon Co.; A. H. Overman, the Tucker-Overman Co.; J. E. Willcuts, the Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.; W. H. Carpenter, representing R. E. Cobb, St. Paul; Thomas Smith, the Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.; A. J. Pederson, Superior; J. Chilan, Knudsen-Ferguson Co.; J. C. Overman, Tucker-Overman Co.; N. O. Narveson, Knudsen-Ferguson Co.; J. R. Olson, J. H. Koors, George Hanley, V. R. Culbertson, D. H. Smith of Thomas Thompson & Co.; C. F. Ellison of Ellison-Hatch-Dabold Co.; G. McCauley, the Victor company; C. M. TenBrook, E. G. Mason, the Fitzsimmons-Palmer Co.; W. E. Hatch, George Anderson, T. T. Bates, G. H. Milligan, A. W. Koors, F. L. Levy, A. H. Bell, C. R. Wilcox, W. A. Eden, W. H. Wilson, M. C. Dani, H. W. Hall, J. W. Reed, James Ganter, M. Greams, L. R. Christenson, W. M. Smith, L. S. Gibson, V. P. Marinette, the Fitzsimmons-Palmer Co.; A. W. Wooley, W. S. Bowle, L. Stern, S. A. Knudsen, L. Anderson, S. H. Knauss, A. C. Seeley, D. M. Johnson, A. T. Cyr, E. E. Starkey, the Duluth Grain & Produce company; H. R. Grochau, general agent of the C., St. P., M. & O. Co., Superior; D. E. Mair, the Smith-Cox Co.; G. Essen, W. W. Russell, W. H. Tucker, F. A. Clarkson, the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company; W. S. Smith, Parker, Smith & Warner; Frank S. Sleeper, W. G. Stalkey, George Dabold, L. L. Culbertson, Thomas Thompson & Co.; E. A. Tessman, H. J. Kolling & Co.

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A Card.

We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

ELKS TENDER A RECEPTION

Formal Thanks Extended to the Players in "King O'Keefe."

The young people who assisted in the Duluth Lodge of Elks, in the recent production of "King O'Keefe" at the Lyceum, were tendered a reception by the Elks at their hall last evening, and were formally thanked for the part they had taken in making the affair as successful as it was.

An Elks' dramatic club was organized with a view of further developing some of the local dramatic and musical talent, and to present standard plays and operas. W. S. McCormick, who acted as chairman of the business meeting, named A. C. LeRicheux, Paul Clarkson, Leslie Hubbell and R. M. Edwards as a committee to assist in drafting a constitution and some by-laws.

About 200 people attended the reception and dance, music being furnished by LaBrosse's orchestra. One of the features of the dancing was the introduction of many of the popular airs rendered during the production of "King O'Keefe," the guests singing and dancing to the music.

Before the banquet, Exalted Ruler W. S. McCormick, in behalf of the Elks, complimented the players on their dramatic and musical ability and as tokens of the appreciation of the lodge he presented the ladies with gold bracelets and the men with cuff buttons.

Those who attended were:

Paul Clarkson, Don Clark, Howard Sexton, E. M. Spencer, Charles Dorrence, Joseph McLaughlin, Harry O'Gorman, Joseph Schwartz, Will Aronson, George Skelton, John Koneczny, W. C. Robinson, D. Cullin, Charles Cannon, Joseph Miller, Stanley Lamb, Clifford Allen, George Main, Ollie Dignus, Harry Baker, C. R. Lade, Agnes Skelton, Margaret Nordahl, Lora McDonald, Hazel Roberts, Clara Collier, Fet Gilman, Jessie Beatty, Mina Clark, Mrs. Clarkson, Christina Shaw, Nellie Senesson, Kate Burke, Delia Krendler, Inga Foss, Lolita Lamb, Effie Brotherton, Alice Sand, Agnes Morrison, Mable Sund, Lillian Morey, Bess Collier, Edna Jones, Hilda Wohlin, Hattie Plaunt, Elsie Flett, Bertie Lorenz, Margaret Dingwall, Susie Ervin, Mable Harrington, Marie Skelton and May Meagher.

RENT NEVER RAISED

During Past Fifty Years in a Famous Paris House.

Paris, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The recent Heine anniversary recalled the fact that the great lyric poet spent the last eighteen months of his life at No. 3 Avenue Montaigne, a fine old house in the Champs Elysee quarter. Your correspondent called upon the occupant of the identical apartment rented by the poet and his Mathilde in 1855-1856. An Englishman, Wardlow, said he lived there for years and intended to stay the rest of his life. Inquiry developed the fact that he pays today the exact rent Heine used to pay, namely 2,800 francs, for two big rooms and four smaller ones, with a big balcony, on the top floor. In fifty years this extraordinary landlord never raised his tenants. It should be added, though, that he made no alterations or improvements during this long period either. If Mr. Wardlow had not freshly papered and painted his apartment, it would be in the same condition now as when the poet died there.

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THE STATEHOOD BILL.

Very likely the senate did it in the hope that it would make the president feel badly, but it has done the proper thing in the matter of statehood.

The original proposition was to force joint statehood upon Oklahoma and Indian Territory under the name of Oklahoma, and joint statehood upon Arizona and New Mexico under the name of Arizona. The house passed it this way, though it was made clearly evident that Arizona and its people strongly object to being made part of a state with New Mexico. The joint statehood of Oklahoma and Indian Territory is proper, and satisfactory to both.

The lack of good faith on the part of many senators was shown in the opposition to the Foraker amendment, which simply provided that both Arizona and New Mexico should vote upon joint statehood, and that if both agreed to it, it should become effective. This was fair. Anything else is harshly out of accord with the principles of home rule and free government. Yet the most that the regular Republicans would concede was that the vote of the two territories should be combined, in which event, even though Arizona voted strongly against joint statehood, New Mexico would vote heavily enough for it to adopt it.

However, the senate adopted the Foraker amendment, and no harm would have been done had the bill passed as amended. Later, apparently for no other reason than that many senators wished to vote to annoy the president, all mention of Arizona and New Mexico was stricken out of the bill, and as adopted it provides only for Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

This is preferable to the original proposal to force joint statehood upon Arizona and New Mexico regardless of their wishes. That was a wretchedly unfair proposition, and Arizona prefers to retain her territorial form of government rather than to be yoked up with New Mexico in distasteful miscegenation. What the house will do it is hard to say, but there seems to be some prospect that a compromise upon the original bill with the Foraker amendment added may be arranged. With this, since it leaves the matter entirely to the people concerned, there can be no reasonable complaint.

SHOULD BE SATISFIED.

Some of the railroads show a disposition to contest the recently adopted constitutional amendment increasing the tax upon their gross earnings in this state from 3 per cent to 4 per cent.

To a man up a tree it would seem that this disposition is very ill-judged. Let us look into it a little and figure what a 4 per cent gross earnings tax means.

Suppose John Smith owns a business or a rented property worth $10,000, and that it is bringing him in a gross revenue of 15 per cent, or $1,500 a year.

The custom is to assess property at somewhere near half its actual value, which would make the assessed valuation of his property $5,000. Putting the tax rate at the modest estimate of 3 per cent—it is more than that in most cities—we find that he pays on that property $150 in general taxes each year, besides all assessments for local improvements. Casting aside the local assessments, which the railroads do not pay, this tax amounts to 10 per cent on his gross earnings. If his gross earnings are but 10 per cent, his tax upon them is 15 per cent.

The railroads—or some of them—are objecting to a tax of 4 per cent. At least one of them proposes to fight the tax in the courts.

One would think that since the people appear to be contented with an increase of the tax from 3 per cent to 4 per cent, the railroads would not invite further increases by opposing that tax, and thus breeding discussions which will bring out such facts as those given above.

They cannot expect a man who is paying 10 or 15 per cent upon his gross earnings to sympathize very deeply with them in their resentment of a 4 per cent tax, which renders them immune from local assessments and local taxes.

On the other hand, the average citizen who notices this discrepancy is likely to think that the railroads are getting off rather easily.

Really, it does not seem that the railroads ought to make any very vigorous objection to the 4 per cent tax. Indeed, it looks more like they ought to be rather well pleased with themselves at being touched so lightly by taxation, when the constitution of the state of Minnesota declares that taxes "shall be as nearly equal as may be."

HASTY MARRIAGES.

An Indiana judge told the recent divorce congress that in his experience on the bench he has discovered that twice as many divorces are granted to persons married by magistrates as to those married by ministers.

There is much significance in this for those who seek to remedy the obvious evils of divorce. Possibly there is nothing that can be acted upon, but it shows that the cause for the prevalence of divorce goes deeper than the laxity of divorce regulations; it goes to the laxity of marriage regulations.

The result of this judge's experience does not necessarily mean that ministers tie knots more binding than those tied by a justice of the peace. Legally, one knot is as good as another. If the marriage is founded upon real regard for each other by the happy couple, and is entered into after due consideration, it may make little difference whether a preacher or a magistrate conducts the ceremony, though perhaps there may be something in the greater solemnity attaching to a religious marriage that makes for deeper respect for marriage ties.

But as a rule those who are married by justices and other civil authorities marry in haste and without much consideration. They plunge into matrimony as cerlessly as they would drop into a playhouse for an hour's amusement. Then, with a lifetime ahead of them in which to think it over, if they find that a mistake has been made, the divorce court awaits them, and in many cases they seek it.

A marriage that is the result of a decently long courtship, attended by the approval of parents, usually takes place before a minister, and as the young people have had plenty of time to think it over and to back out of it if they wished to do so, it is much more likely to be a permanent arrangement. A marriage that is arranged on the spur of the moment, or that is lacking the approval of the parents and has to be performed on the sly, very often comes before the civil authorities.

While doubtless many happy marriages have been performed by justices of the peace, the experience of the Indiana judge—and many other judges have noticed the same thing—tends to teach the need of greater deliberation about entering into marriage ties, and the danger that ill-considered marriages, leaped into through the justice court, will be leaped out of through the divorce court.

THE WOMEN DID IT.

The news that the United States senate had passed the Heyburn pure food bill, and that there is every prospect that it will also go through the house and become a law, was pleasant indeed to those who have been fighting for the enactment of such a law for the protection of public health from the insidious attacks of dishonest and criminal manufacturers of food and drinks. But how many realize the power that brought about this unexpected result, after the senate had steadfastly refused through a series of sessions to adopt such a measure?

To the women of the country and their unselfish and energetic efforts more than to any other one thing is due the success of the pure food bill. Through their clubs of various sorts and titles they have been working patiently, steadily and untiringly in behalf of a proper pure food law. They have memorialized, petitioned, besieged and besought their representatives in congress to take this action, not once but many times. They have bombarded congress session after session with their appeals, and though at times the lack of results must have been discouraging, they were persistent, and in the end they are winning the victory that persistence in a righteous cause always brings.

Their service to their country in this campaign for pure food cannot be overestimated. A vast system of mysterious ills and disabilities is traced by scientists directly to the injurious effects of impure and adulterated foods. Dyspepsia, the national disease, is the price the American people have contributed toward building up the profits of the criminal manufacturers of food. Nervous ills, which have embittered and made desolate thousands of lives, are attributed in a large measure to the same source. If it were possible to eliminate at once all injurious adulterations and preservatives used by conscienceless dealers, the American people would immediately respond with a burst of renewed health and vitality due to honest nourishment.

It is not alone in a purely physical way that this condition works. It is easy for a thoroughly healthy human being to be good natured and moral. It is an uphill fight for people poorly nourished and afflicted with ills of the digestive and nervous systems. So in forcing the passage of a pure food bill the women of America have not only dealt a powerful blow at physical ills that are consuming the people, but they have accomplished much toward better morals and better citizenship.

The success of the pure food bill is a most creditable evidence of the power of women in this country. It is proof that their efforts are directed toward the betterment of mankind, and that when they set about a task like this they are pretty likely to succeed in the end.

WORRYING AGAIN.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press, which agitates its mind a good deal about Northern Minnesota, has a new worry that is corrugating its brow and causing it to lose sleep.

It fears that if drainage plans are carried out the beautiful lakes of Northern Minnesota will disappear, and the state will lose one of its most charming scenic attractions.

The Pioneer Press need not worry. There is no disposition to drain the lakes of Northern Minnesota, and if there was such an intent in any quarter it would be most difficult of accomplishment, not only because of its physical difficulty but because Northern Minnesota, without needing any assistance from St. Paul newspapers, would oppose it vigorously enough to stop it.

The fear that drainage of swamp lands would mean drainage of lakes is ludicrously far-fetched. A system of drainage that would empty the thousands of lakes in Northern Minnesota would cost millions of dollars more than the state will ever be asked to devote to drainage. The ditches necessary for such a method of drainage would be yawning chasms. Swamps are shallow, while most lakes are deeper, and ditches that would drain any lake that amounted to anything would have to be several times as deep as those needed to drain the swamps.

But the Pioneer Press insists upon sitting up of nights to worry about Northern Minnesota. It worries greatly over the prospect that thousands of acres of land lying dormant and waste in Northern Minnesota are likely to be made suitable for agriculture and put into use if the movements now on foot are successful. The prospect that hideous swamp land flats may be turned into fertile farming areas, and thus placed upon the tax rolls and made to contribute to the wealth of the state, affects the Pioneer Press as seriously as a rarebit dream.

The campaign for the drainage of state lands cannot be halted by such infantile alarms as these. The progress of Northern Minnesota cannot be blocked by the affected tremors of the Pioneer Press. It is going to drain its swamp lands, and put farmers on them to grow crops, pay taxes, increase the state's wealth, and buy from and sell to Duluth, its capital. It is going to oppose the interests which are seeking to preserve the wilderness until the railroads dispose of their scrip and land grants, whether the attempt comes disguised in the forestry cloak or however it may come. If it embraces forestry it is going to do it in a sane and sensible manner, and not as these interests would have it done, as a means of delaying the progress of the northern half of the state.

Be calm, dear, foolish old Pioneer Press! Quiet your palpitating heart and cease from troubling. Northern Minnesota is amply able to take care of herself, and is likely to insist on doing so.

PHONETIC SPELLING.

The school superintendents' department of the National Educational association, at the recent convention of that body, undertook to make a start toward reforming the spelling of English words. That is a thankless task, and so far fruitless, though many have imposed it upon themselves.

Reform is needed, no doubt. No language contains so many inconsistencies of spelling and pronunciation as ours, which may be partly because no language comes from so many widely different sources. When a stranger begins to learn the English language and finds numerous words spelled by the same rule but pronounced by different ones, besides numerous words pronounced by the same rule and spelled by different ones, it must seem appallingly complicated at the start.

The best reform, of course, would be what is known as "phonetic spelling," and this is proposed by the members of the National Educational association. Realizing the enormity of the task, they contented themselves with suggesting new spellings for but a dozen words, and with advocating that the new spellings be taught in the schools of the country. The words are these:

"Buziness" for business.	"Plesure" for pleasure.
"Enuf" for enough.	"Trauf" for trough.
"Fether" for feather.	"Thru" for through.
"Mesure" for measure.	"Tuf" for tough.
"Red" for read.	"Tung" for tongue.
"Ruf" for rough.	"Yung" for young.

These are samples fairly enough selected, though exception might be taken to the new form for the word "business." If one were told that "buziness" were the phonetic form, he would be pretty sure to pronounce the word "buzziness," whereas Webster gives the proper pronunciation as "bizness."

Like the metric system, phonetic spelling is a good thing, but hard to bring about. We are so familiar with our old system of weights and measures, and have used our complicated inconsistencies of spelling and pronunciation so long, that it will be a most difficult task to get us to change either. Yet theoretically, at least, it would be much better all around if we weighed and measured by the metric system and had fewer exceptions to our rules of spelling and pronunciation.

A few publications have adopted phonetic spelling to a greater or less extent, but they have not succeeded in inducing the people to adopt it, and the only result has been to annoy readers with the bizarre appearance of the phonetically spelled words. Ultimately, when we get a lot of other reforms out of the way, the American people may take up spelling reform, but the movement will hardly be general for a long time to come.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

When the pure food law is passed, another requiring good cooking will be appreciated.

* * *

The pitchfork and the big stick ought at least to give the octopus a few unpleasant moments.

* * *

Duluth's patronage of grand opera shows either a strong musical taste or a deep sense of duty.

* * *

Superior claims to have discovered natural gas. Duluth discovered that Superior had it long ago.

* * *

Conciliation is in the air at Algeciras. It will be nice if it spreads to the coal strike negotiations.

* * *

Anyway, so long as John D. Rockefeller dodges the subpoena-servers he will not be tempted to commit perjury.

* * *

Votes grown from planting free government seeds do not always produce the best variety of statesmanship.

* * *

The legislators that insist on accepting passes from the railroads may get home passes without return coupons from the people.

* * *

Those senators who are killing the president's pet measures because he will not consent to a rate regulation measure that will not regulate are hurting themselves more than they are the president.

* * *

Prof. Minot of Harvard says "permanent fatigue" begins at the age of 25. You wouldn't think it to observe Roosevelt, Folk, Lawson and Tillman, all of whom are well past 25.

* * *

While Minnesota Republicans are still worrying about the date, place and form of their state convention, the Prohibitionists have met in great harmony and put a ticket in the field.

* * *

The binding twine trust theatens to attack the Minnesota state prison binding twine industry, and Governor Johnson suggests very properly that the next legislature should make it possible to retaliate by selling twine in trust territory outside the state.

* * *

The "no pass" order has resulted in marked reductions in the passenger traffic out of Washington, many statesmen having discontinued their Sunday trips to New York and elsewhere. Possibly they may find it necessary, in order to occupy their time, to pay more attention to public business.

HEALTH is the Most Important

No one can tell good baking powder from bad merely by the appearance;

The price is some guide, but not an infallible one;

Some cheap brands may raise the dough, yet contain unwholesome ingredients.

There is one safe, sure way,—*to follow the recommendations of the*

**U. S. GOVERNMENT ANALYSTS,
THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES ON HYGIENE
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,
THE BEST HOUSEKEEPERS EVERYWHERE**

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE WEATHER

Just a little touch of frost again, accented a bit by a brisk north wind. It was a sort of imitation of winter, and though it did not amount to much it led some people to talk vaguely about the prospects of getting an ice crop out of Lake Superior yet. Which will hardly be done this winter.

Last night's lowest temperature was 10 degs., and yesterday's highest was 30 degs. The outlook is that the cold snap will cling till tomorrow, and the weather man expects it to drop to about zero tonight, with possibly snow flurries. Following is the official survey and local forecast by H. W. Richardson, the local forecaster:

"The Lake Superior disturbance in its rapid movement eastward to join the New England disturbance, caused snow or rain in the lake region, Ohio valley and New England states. The Alberta high pressure has moved its center to Saskatchewan and has caused colder weather throughout the entire Northwest with zero temperatures in Western Canada. The Southwestern disturbance has increased in strength and has caused more or less snow over the Eastern slopes of the Rockies.

"The Saskatchewan high pressure will bring zero weather to this locality tonight, but during Sunday afternoon and Sunday night the Utah disturbance will make itself felt by rising temperature, snow flurries and winds shifting to northeasterly."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	40	Miles City	14
Atlanta	50	Milwaukee	28
Battleford	8	Minnedosa	—8
Bismarck	8	Modena	30
Boston	36	Montgomery	44
Buffalo	26	Moorhead	14
Calgary	4	New Orleans	54
Charleston	44	New York	36
Chicago	30	Norfolk	40
Cincinnati	32	Northfield	28
Davenport	26	North Platte	22
Denver	24	Oklahoma	36
Detroit	26	Omaha	20
Devils Lake	4	Phoenix	46
Dodge	28	Pierre	20
Duluth	10	Pittsburg	34
El Paso	46	Port Arthur	10
Escanaba	18	Portland, Or.	40
Galveston	58	Prince Albert	—16
Green Bay	18	Qu'Appelle	—6
Havre	8	Rapid City	14
Helena	14	St. Louis	32
Houghton	14	St. Paul	16
Huron	10	San Francisco	50
Jacksonville	50	Santa Fe	30
Kamloops	28	Sault Ste. Marie	10
Kansas City	30	Seaport	46
Knoxville	34	Spokane	30
La Crosse	20	Swift Current	0
Lander	14	Washington	35
Little Rock	42	Williston	4
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	34
Marquette	22	Winnipeg	—2
Medicine Hat	14		

Chicago, March 10.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Sunday, except snow near Lake Superior. Colder tonight.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Colder tonight.

North Dakota—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday with snow in west portion. Colder tonight.

South Dakota—Probably snow tonight and Sunday. Colder tonight.

Too Thin.

Harper's Weekly: There is a representative in congress from the West, who is exceedingly thin. Being a very good-natured man this representative always takes in good part any joking reference to his slenderness; indeed, he is not averse to a jest himself in that connection, as is illustrated by an incident that occurred in a street car in Washington.

It appears that just as the car was rounding a curve a burly citizen lurched forward and sat in the congressman's lap. He recovered himself quickly and began a profuse apology, when he was interrupted by the statesman's cheery "that's all right."

"But," added the congressman, plaintively, "I wish, my friend, that you'd tell me whether you thought I was painted on the seat."

Too Busy to Grow.

St. Nicholas: A small office boy, who had worked in the same position for two years on a salary of $3 a week, finally plucked up enough courage to ask for an increase in wages.

"How much more would you like to have?" inquired his employer.

"Well," answered the lad, "I don't think $2 more a week would be too much."

"Well, you seem to me a rather small boy to be earning $5 a week," remarked his employer.

"I suppose I do. I know I'm small for my age," the boy explained, "but to tell you the truth, since I've been here I haven't had time to grow."

He got the raise.

No Barber Shop.

Lippincott's: Bishop Brewster of Connecticut, while visiting some friends not long ago, tucked his napkin in his collar to avoid the juice of his grape-frutt for breakfast. He laughed as he did it, and said it reminded him of a man he once knew who rushed into a restaurant, and, seating himself at a table, proceeded to tuck his napkin under his chin. He then called a waiter and said: "Can I get lunch here?"

"Yes," responded the waiter in a dignified manner, "but not a shampoo."

FLASHES OF FUN.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "He was greatly impressed by that plump Miss Williams."

"I thought he would be."

"Yes, she fell on him when they went skating."

Cleveland Leader: "John, do you ever play cards for money?"

"No, ma'am. I sometimes think I do, but it's always the other man that does it."

Philadelphia Press: "I see," said Towne, "that a great statistician says considerably more than half the population of the world is feminine."

"Ridiculous!" retorted Browne. "If that was so, how would he account for the fact that 'one-half of the world doesn't know how the other half lives?'"

Washington Star: "Do you think your constituents endorse your opinions on this bill?"

"I hope not," answered Senator Sorghum. "I have done my best to keep them from finding out what my opinions are."

Philadelphia Press: "Wife," said the comical cobbler, "you'd better get ready for the poorhouse."

"Why?" demanded the good woman.

"Because," replied the cobbler, "I have lost my awl."

Cleveland Leader: Tess—He insisted upon kissing me good night when he left.

Jess—The idea! Wasn't that odd?

Tess—I don't know whether is was odd or even. I didn't keep count.

Yonkers Statesman: "What makes you think this house was formerly used as a boarding house for school teachers?" asked the agent, showing a prospective tenant through the vacant house.

"Because the under side of the balusterrail leading to the dining room is fringed with little balls of chewing gum," replied the wise one.

A Logical Deduction.

"The day of careless childhood,"
So mortals clamor when
They grow a trifle older,
"Ah, we were happy then!"

"When we were youths and maidens,"
These mortals all aver
When they are much mature,
"How very glad we were!"

"When we were men and women,"
Grow older, they agree,
"In prime of life, how happy,
How happy, happy we!"

And ever backward glance they,
Unto the very end;
The seasons given are seasons
That all do most commend.

Of which plain facts the logic
Is patent and sublime;
We're always happy, though we
Don't know it at the time!

—New Orleans Times.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Happiness is nine parts imagination and one part brag about it.

When a woman hates somebody it is a sign she is going to smile as if she didn't.

A man would have to have mighty little sense to fulfill the expectations of his children.

If money was a porous plaster it would still be sticking to somebody else than yourself.

When a man says a corporation has made him a fine offer, he means he has applied for a job.

Dividing Itasca County.

There's excitement in Itasca, where
But late the red man prowled,
Where the wild cat never turned a hair
Unless the dog wolf howled.
In the big woods there's no logging now,
The anguished saw is still;
There's a meeting in the school house, though,
A caucus at the mill,
And a motto framed upon the lips
Of every man we meet:
"We will carve the country into strips
And own a county seat."

Yes, the tower on each village hall
Will soon change to a dome;
And a county office seeks to crawl
Into each settler's home.
Sure! A township is quite big enough
To win a courthouse site,
So, go file petitions, "raise the stuff,"
And mingle in the fight.
From the Rainy's hopeful city to
Young Bovey's iron hoard
The Itasca map, revised anew,
Will make a checker board.

—A. M. GREELEY in Ripple Compass.

Hard Work Over.

Pittsburg Gazette: "The civil service," said Senator Knox, "is not what it used to be. Merit counts in it as in business now, and industry and intelligence are the qualities that bring success.

"It was not always so. I remember meeting a man on Pennsylvania avenue one morning many years ago. It was late. He was all dressed up. Plainly he was taking a day off.

"'Well,' he said, as we conversed. 'I worked mighty hard during the last three months trying to get a civil service appointment, but I'm going to take it easy now.'

"'Failed through lack of influence, I suppose?' said I.

"'No, no,' said he. 'I've got the appointment.'

"And he resumed his pleasant stroll."

Saturday Night Talk

The Steady Pull.

"He can't buckle down to steady work." How often in the course of a year we hear this or that person thus characterized. The employer says it of his employe and possibly the employe has reason to say it of his employer. The mistress says it concerning her maid and like as not the maid says it under breath concerning her mistress. The mother says it concerning her growing lad and wonders if she is to blame. The teacher says it concerning his pupil and struggles away at the problem of securing steadiness.

And the notable fact in connection with such cases is that it is frequently possible to say any number of pleasant things about these same undisciplined, unharnessed, unstable people. They are often blest with charming manners; they are good company; they are sometimes brilliant; they can occasionally do a single piece of work more effectively and more captivating than can the steady puller. But even then, the remark which the darkey applied to his old horse fits them. In view of the fact that when he was whipped he would bound forward at a vigorous pace for a few rods and then mope along until the lash was again plied. Sambo sagaciously declared that the horse had a thin skin but a very short memory.

There was a man of this type in Old Testament times whose father the patriarch Jacob is declared to be as unstable as water. Just what is the force of the comparison? Well, water to serve the various needs of men has to be pent up within artificial barriers; otherwise it will all run away. You must keep it within the bounds of the pitcher if you would relieve your thirst. You must restrain it behind the dam, if you would have it turn your millwheel. So the unstable man requires artificial props, the ringing of the 7 o'clock bell in the morning, the laying down of minute rules, the sharp compulsion of the goad, the spur of an iron, external law to make him count for something in the world. "He has no root in himself," as the New Testament parable says of a certain type of man. None of his friends or neighbors will ever call him "Old Reliable." He will always be an uncertain factor. He will fail you just at the moment when you will be most relying on him.

But need he be so unsteady? Not if he discerns the fact that this universe is ordered on the principal of the steady pull. What if the earth should take a notion not to revolve any more about the sun, giving as an excuse that it was tired of doing what it has been doing so monotonously for thousands of years? What if the seeds in the spring time should suddenly go on a simultaneous strike and refuse to expand and grow? What if your mother, reluctant school-boy, should decline any longer to prepare your breakfast in season to get you off to school? Don't we see what a disarranging of this universe and of all the affairs of men would take place if the steady pull became suddenly unfashionable?

But, thank heaven, the powers around us and above us and the gracious human presences that minister so regularly to us find their highest joy in the steady pull. The morning stars shout together as they fulfill their courses and your mother would infinitely rather get your breakfast than lie abead and have you go hungry.

And the steady pull on our part is what allies us with these splendid laws and progresses and makes them our helpers as the stars were said to be to Sisea of old. It is the steady pull, after all, which is our salvation, and not the fitful, spasmodic effort. And when we think that the constant grind, the daily inevitable round links us with the personal power at the heart of this universe then even drudgery takes on a divine meaning and from the heart we sing:

Happy is the man who knows
His Master to obey,
Whose life of care and labor flows,
Where God points out the way.
He riseth to his task
Soon as the work is given,
Nor speaks nor doth a question ask
When orders come from heaven.

THE PARSON.

For Simple Grace.

I pray not that
Men tremble at
My power of place
And lordly sway,
I only pray for simple grace
To olook my neighbor in the face
Full honestly from day to day.

—JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1886.

•••John Morgan, who has been so long connected with the Ohio Coal company, has begun business on his own account, in the flour and feed line, at Rice's Point.

•••W. G. Nichols took the Omaha train this morning for Chicago.

•••Collector H. B. Moore has made a long, able report to the treasury department on the need of a government building in this city.

•••Capt. Joseph Lloyd has returned from Chicago, where he settled his differences with the owners of the steamer Queen of the Lakes, and completed her purchase.

•••Among the important schemes now under consideration is the construction of a viaduct from the dock line at the end of Sixth avenue west to the nearest point on Minnesota Point. This viaduct would include a drawbridge that would admit of the passage of the largest steamers and barges. It would be used for railroad tracks to Minnesota Point, where, with such facilities, the establishment of iron works may be undertaken on a large scale.

•••The parlors of the Y. M. C. A. were crowded last evening when the members and many ladies assembled to greet the Duluth Snowshoe and Toboggan club. President Scott and Secretary Holmes and other leading members gave each visitor a hearty greeting as he entered the cozy parlor. The party adjourned to the gymnasium, where some daring deeds on the bars were performed and several people were "bounced." On the return from the gymnasium supper was served, and then addresses were given by President Scott, Col. Graves and J. F. Patten. The visitors sang the "Duluth Toboggan Song," composed by Mr. Hugo. Frank Burke leading the singing.

•••At the lection at Tower yesterday, John G. Brown was chosen president, and Neil McInnis and Gus Tegnell were elected trustees. In East Duluth, William C. Sargent was chosen town clerk. At Two Harbors the supervisors elected were: Nels C. Nelson, chairman; T. A. Bury and W. H. Blake. At Northern Pacific Junction, P. O. Toren was elected president, O. J. Olson recorder, A. D. Ecklund treasurer and J. C. Flynn justice of the peace. At Cloquet, W. P. Allen was elected president, Ed Page recorder and J. A. Wallace treasurer and justice of the peace.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Somewriters are always telling us that women are the most unreasonable creatures on earth, and some women are always telling us that they are no such thing—that man is the unreasonable one," said W. H. Moxon, representing "Checkers," which will be at the Lyceum next week, at the St. Louis. "I have never taken sides in the matter, but a man cannot help observing little things in this connection every now and then that make the arguments of the women appear just a little weak in spots, though of course things are not always what they appear.

"A case in point happened at the box office of the Lyceum theater this afternoon. I was talking to the cashier, trying to make him forget his troubles. Any week a box office man of any theater has an awful lot of trouble, but the people never imagine for a moment that he has any at all. They appear to think he is made for their especial benefit, and for nothing else. If he has different ideas on the subject and expresses them, they fly off the handle right away and declare in no uncertain tones that they will report him to the manager, and make it their duty to see that he is replaced by a more polite, sociable and accommodating man. At this he faints away and an assistant has to be called in to keep the business running for the remainder of the day. By the people I naturally mean the women. All people are not women, but the people with the accent on the 'the,' are of the gentler sex.

"If this is true during an ordinary week, you can imagine what must be the trials and tribulations of the misunderstood box office man during a week of grand opera, when, as is the case in Duluth, it is the first time such an attraction, on a big scale, has appeared in the city. There are two telephones, several mails and a long line of people to be taken care of, and the questions that are asked, the requests that are made and the like of that is put up is enough to discourage even a person that is used to it.

"I started out to say something about the mail orders, although I have taken a good while leading up to the subject. A great many people from out of town are in the city to attend the grand opera, and the ordering of tickets in most of these cases was left to the women. I didn't imagine how terrible the results of this was until I was shown a stack of letters about three feet high. There were a few short ones among them, but not many. Some of them covered six and eight closely-written pages, and a man couldn't find what was wanted until he had labored through the whole edition. One woman ordered two $1 seats, and it is an actual fact that she wrote six separate and distinct letters at different times concerning the two seats, and it is also an actual fact that the shortest of these letters covered four closely written pages. There were some others that were just about as bad. Figure out for yourself just how much unnecessary work all this means. Add to this the telephone conversations, the window conversations, the work of answering a world of questions and of handing out tickets, exchanging tickets, etc., and you will begin to faintly realize what the man in the box office of a theater is up against."

• • •

"The cotton industry in the South is booming," said C. T. Slater of Elizabeth City, N. C., at the Lenox. "The only thing we have to fear at present is that planters will not hold down their acreage. If they will only hold down on that the present even scale of prices will continue to prevail. If they don't hold down, prices will drop, and it looks very much like a drop. The planters figure that as long as niggers and mules are available they may as well be put to work, and act accordingly.

"Throughout the South prosperity is everywhere evident. It has been a fine year for trade and for crops. Conditions are everywhere improving, the banks are doing an enormous business, and cities are rapidly increasing in size. There is the town of Duke, N. C., as an example. A little more than two years ago it was a patch of swamp land in the middle of the woods. Just a bunch of gnarled pines, dead cypress and a pool of stagnant water. The Duke brothers cut down the dead wood, filled up the swamp, put up cotton mills and built houses. Look at the place today as a result. It is one of the greatest small towns in the South, with a population of 2,500, which is being added to every day, owns its own churches, schools, business houses and a bank. Why, Horace Greeley's advice, 'Go West, young man,' is ancient history now. There's only one place in the United States to go if you want to see where prosperity is spelled in gilt letters, and that is in the new South."

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At the McKay: T. Edwards, A. C. Seely, Ashland, Wis.; A. Sprain, Webster, Minn.; F. L. Lester, Eveleth; Miss Louise A. Minuet, Two Harbors; Alice Bowers, Irene P. McKeehan, Eveleth; F. L. Cowan, J. W. Osborne, Ely; W. L. Fowler, Two Harbors; Mrs. J. E. Roehm, Miss Norma Roehm, H. H. Fuller, C. V. Streator, F. Holston, Mr. and Mrs. Shellefloff, Mr. and Mrs. Widhagen, Miss Feldhausen, Miss Haintke, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Pugh, Miss Elma Pugh, Miss Erma Pugh, E. A. Edwards, Ashland, Wis.; A. C. Duffy, Arizona; Mrs. J. Sampson and son, Ironwood, Mich.; Miss L. Cross, Miss M. A. Scott, Miss D. E. King, Cloquet; A. Putnam, Minneapolis; Mrs. J. D. Conan, Ely; Mrs. W. Cobb, Mrs. C. T. Ekstrand, Mrs. L. F. Leach, Cloquet, Minn.; B. F. Fowler, Two Harbors; Mrs. Elizabeth Dolan, Mrs. J. Harrington, Virginia; E. Vitalis, Osceola; J. H. Chisholm, Cloquet; W. Ousley, Watertown, S. D.; H. Sprain, Webster, Minn., A. L. Barry, Sturgeon Bay, Wis.; Mrs. E. Chambers, Fond du Lac; Mrs. K. Carey, Biwabik; Miss Louise Caldwell, Hibbing.

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At the Lenox: Hjalmer Nilsson, Minneapolis; F. Marten, Cleveland; L. Trevor, Crookston; H. J. Murphy, Denver, Colo.; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. McQuarrie, New York; J. J. Zimmer, Rochester, N. Y.; S. A. Walker, Omaha; Mrs. J. Dunleone, Miss M. B. McMillan, Ashland; O. H. Olson, Wakefield, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Clausen, Ashland; W. B. Rosenberger, Crystal Falls, Mich.; H. H. Schott, North Yakima, Wash.; C. L. Featherstone, Joliet, Ill.; E. K. Slater, St. Paul; J. Garvin, Ashland; W. E. Lawrence, St. Paul; R. W. Walstrom, J. W. Morrison, Minneapolis; Mrs. W. G. Brown and daughter, Ashland; D. S. Carriel, Detroit; J. B. Potter, Pittsburg; J. W. Hatch, Bengal; W. Bannon, Winona, Minn.

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At the Spalding: Amelia A. Askew, Madison, Wis.; Sara A. McLeod, Mary E. Seeley, Ironwood, Mich.; J. Costin, Jr., Virginia; F. Belcher, Winnipeg; F. F. Wesbrook, Minneapolis; E. A. Freeman, Grand Rapids; Miss L. Swain, Hibbing; E. Foley, Eagle Harbor; W. J. Griffin, Ashland; W. J. Kirk, Kansas City; I. Summerfield, Cloquet, E. F. Carey, N. D.; E. A. Gregory, M. K. Whittemore, Cloquet; Mrs. F. Lerch, Virginia; Mrs. F. Barrett, Eveleth; Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Jewett, Mrs. B. Adams, Hibbing; V. J. Roman, Virginia; W. Wearne, Hibbing; M. W. Burt, Jr., Eveleth; Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Warren, Hibbing; Mrs. W. E. Harwood, Eveleth; Mrs. F. W. Dingley, Miss T. Mitchell, Miss A. W. Sanborn, Mrs. G. W. Miars, Mrs. R. Sleight, Ashland, Wis.; F. H. Gurhan, Michigan City; Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hunner, Hibbing; C. M. Woodruff, Akron, O.

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At the St. Louis: T. Smith, Hancock, Mich.; C. E. Ford, Hibbing; D. Crow, Virginia; H. Koons, Bemidji; W. A. Bonham, Jr., Salt Lake City; R. W. Doell, Eveleth; J. Backus, Virginia; D. C. Behrens, Wright, Minn.; G. H. Gould, Winnetton, Minn.; J. Harper, Grand Rapids; J. B. Ihle, Eau Claire, Wis.; L. Gonyear, Crookston; G. B. Grimshaw, Minneapolis; M. Birdsall, New Auborn, Wis.; A. B. Chandler, Eveleth; C. S. Hellstrom, Mazeppa, Minn.; J. Larson, Two Harbors; Mrs. E. A. Daniels, Mrs. J. A. Barton, Two Harbors; J. A. Robb, Eveleth; Miss Olive Livingston, Ashland, Wis.; A. G. Broman, Grandview; H. Vollen, Floodwood; R. Sproat, Cheboygan; Mrs. J. P. Torvolli, Mt. Iron; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Harvey, Eveleth; Mr. and Mrs. J. Sard, Eveleth; D. W. Freeman, Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Daneg, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Trengose, Eveleth; J. Butler, Hibbing; C. H. Storey, Hayward; M. O. Ausbole, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Thomas, Ely; Mr. and Mrs. E. Anderson, Hibbing; N. Booth, Ashland; Mrs. E. J. Brown, Miss Nellie Benoe, Ashland; W. H. Squires, Blackduck, Minn.; F. H. Gillmore, Virginia; Mrs. T. Shea, Mrs. S. E. Helps, Eveleth.

Didn't Swear, But—

A senator who called on President Roosevelt soon after the senate committee on interstate commerce placed Senator Tillman of South Carolina in charge of the Hepburn railroad rate bill was asked what Mr. Roosevelt said or what he thought of the action of the committee.

"I can best illustrate my impression by a story," said the senator. "This incident took place in a household when the mother-in-law joke had ceased to be a merry jest. The wife had just received a letter notifying her of a forthcoming visit from her mother. She was very much disturbed and was afraid to break the news to the head of the family. So she deputized a younger son to do so. When the child returned she said:

"'Did you tell father?'

"'I did,' was the reply.

"'Did he swear?'

"'No, mamma, he did not; but I never saw such a peculiar smile on his face in all my life.'"

Forestry Motives.

Crookston Times: The Times is confident, with The Duluth Herald, that there are those who are backing the forestry movement for their own ends. Yet the Times has always been a consistent supporter of reforestration, which has merit enough in itself to endure the support of those who are not sincere. But we do protest against setting aside thousands of acres of fertile lands for forestry experiments, and we do protest against the continual misrepresentation of Northern Minnesota as a sandy jack-pine country, unfit for farming. There are such areas in Northern Minnesota, but they are insignificant in extent compared to the wide expanse of productive acres which await the plow of the farmer to make Northern Minnesota one of the richest empires upon the continent.

Woman's Rights.

A right to tread so softly
Beside the couch of pain;
To smooth with gentle fingers
The tangled locks again;
To watch beside the dying
In wee small hours of night,
And breathe a consecrating prayer
When the spirit takes it flight.

A right to cheer the weary
On the battlefield of life;
To give the word of sympathy
Amid the toil and strife;
To lift the burdens gently
From sore and tired hearts,
And never weary of the task
Till gloomy care departs.

A right to be a woman
In truest woman's work—
If life should be a hard one,
No duties ever shirk;
A right to show to others
How strong a woman grows,
When skies are dark and lowering
And life bears not a rose.

A right to love one truly
And to be loved back again;
A right to share his fortunes
Through sunlight and through rain;
A right to be protected
From life's most cruel blights
By manly love and courage—
Sure these are woman's rights.
—Boston Globe.

Ira Nailed Up.

Genesseo, N. Y., Democrat: Ira Whitney is nailed up for fair. While assisting in putting on a steel ceiling at the normal school Friday last, Mr. Whitney had his mouth full of ceiling nails, which are nicked, and about two inches in length. Mr. Whitney was hammering away at the ceiling when a tickling sensation in his throat caused him to cough, and down went the nails, just how many Ira don't know. Mr. Whitney has experienced no bad results, but he says he don't like the idea of being nailed in.

Nearly a Ton of Weewees.

Rushville, Ind., Republican: A reunion of the Weewee family was held last Sunday at the home of Leonard Weewee, west of town. There are nine brothers, and their aggregate weight is 1,789 pounds, an average of 198 pounds to the man. All are six-footers. This is probably the "largest family" of boys in the country.

Suffering

often caused by Coffee is relieved by 10 days' use of

POSTUM

FOOD COFFEE

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs

IN POLITICS.

The editor of the Two Harbors Iron Trade Journal evidently obtained a wrong impression from reading the political column in The Herald last Saturday, as is evidenced by the following editorial paragraph in this week's issue of The Journal:

"The situation in the race for representative to the legislature from Two Harbors is about the same this week, except it is now pretty well understood that there will be a candidate from this city to oppose Mr. Skinner. The Duluth Evening Herald hints that Duluth may put a man out unless Two Harbors centers on some good strong man. We do not like to be considered previous, but it would seem that Duluth is kinder 'butting in' as she already has the senator and one representative, and we believe that even Duluth will acknowledge that Two Harbors has several men entirely able and worthy to fill the position."

Duluth has no intention whatever of "butting in" in a manner such as the Two Harbors paper seems to fear. As was stated in the article referred to by The Journal: "A tacit agreement has for several years existed between Duluth and the remainder of the Fifty-first district, to the effect that one representative should come from Lake county, while the senator and other representative should come from Duluth. This rule has been followed out for four terms. As soon as the Two Harbors Republicans center on a man as their choice for the house he is given the support of the Duluth end of the district, and no effort is made to put a man in the field against him, provided the person selected is agreeable to local people."

The Journal is right in supposing that "even Duluth will acknowledge that Two Harbors has several men entirely able and worthy to fill the position." Further than this, Duluth will lend Republicans their hearty support to any one of these several able and worthy men, who may be decided on. Those at this end of the district have no desire whatever to break the agreement which is understood to exist, and would prefer that one member of the house should come from the north shore town, rather than that both of them should be from the Zenith City.

• • •

The general political situation in the three distrtcts of which Duluth forms a part, has shown no new developments this week. It is still so early in the game that interest and excitement are lacking. Two candidates for the Republican nomination for representative followed out the course they had already announced and filled their intentions early in the week. They were Capt. John R. Randall of the Fifth district, and William Brown of the Forty-ninth district. Each has endorsed the platform as drawn up by the Republicans. Both Capt. Randall and Mr. Brown have been in the house before.

• • •

Until after the banquet of the Garfield Republican club, which will be held on March 23, one week from next Friday, it is not expected that there will be much doing in local political circles. The banquet will practically be the gun of the campaign in the state. Candidates for state offices will be present in force, and will probably be given an opportunity to state their positions and air their views on things political. A number of invitations are being sent outside the city, and there is no question that the attendance from outside points will be large.

All doubt about securing the Masonic temple as a place for holding the banquet has been removed by the directors of the building, who held a meeting and voted in favor of renting the dining hall to the club, at a figure which made members of the organization hesitate before voicing a glad acceptance of the offer.

The committee on speakers is busily engaged in getting the right sort of men to respond to toasts. Senator George R. Laybourn, chairman of the committee, yesterday received letters from Judge Grosscup, Senator Knute Nelson and Congressman J. Adam Bede. Judge Grosscup expresses his regret that he will be unable to be present at the banquet, owing to the fact that he is about to leave on a trip south, from which he will not return until April 8.

Senator Nelson says that his official duties at the capital will prevent his being on hand at the banquet. Congressman Bede says he will be able to be on hand, unless some unforseen circumstances, such as might be connected with the public buildings bill, should arise to prevent. Congressman Bede is working in conjunction with the local committee in securing speakers, and says that if everyone else is too busy to come he will bring President Roosevelt along.

Since the letter was written telegrams have been received in Duluth announcing that Representative Henry C. Adams of Madison, Wis., has accepted an invitation to the banquet. He will be one of the principal speakers of the evening. He has the reputation of being a very clever after-dinner speaker, and his presence in this capacity is in great demand on such occasions. Other names will be announced later.

HANSON MAY HAVE BOOM

(Continued from page 1.)

the announcement is made to appear a piece of local fervor over Block's candidacy. The Tribune modestly moves that Block's candidacy be made unanimous. The heading over Block's announcement is worthy of repetition here:

"Born in Ohio—Bred on a farm. Julius H. Block generously staked by nature for a political winner. Present state treasurer's career shows him an average successful Minnesota man, who wielded an ax and punched cattle through the tough places and wrested success for himself from adverse conditions without the aid of genius—His life story identical with that of the ordinary son of a pioneer settler—His capacity in administrative office and standing with his party make him the logical candidate of the Republicans for governor."

There has been an effort on the part of Block's supporters to give him all the credit for averting an extra session of the state legislature which it seemed for a time the code had made almost inevitable. Block's press agent—and it is well known that he has a press agent—hurried into print with the statement that Block held the key to the entire situation and that it was due to him largely that no extra session had been called.

It has been almost humorous, in fact it would be really humorous, if it were not so pathetic, to see how Block's friends are attempting to bolster their candidate up with issues. Some of the state officials declare that Block will be killed politically by attempting to "hot house" an issue.

Every state official, be he Republican or Democratic, has been fair enough to give the full credit for averting an expensive extra session of the legislature to whom it belongs. Governor Johnson and he alone is responsible for not calling an extra session. In him is vested the sole right and power to call an extra session and he could have done it against a storm of opposition from every official in the state house.

While many were clamoring for an extra session, and they were not all Democrats either, Governor Johnson just smiled and thought. He adjourned the conference of state officials over night to do more thinking. In the interim he was importuned to call an extra session to adjust the code. The following morning Governor Johnson appeared before the state officials with his mind made up. He had wrestled with the matter all night and he was in a position to propose a plan by which the hiatus in the code could be bridged until the legislature in regular assembly could substitute the missing link. With precision and clearness he outlined the scheme by which the state institutions could be cared for and which is now familiar to all. The other officials agreed with the executive.

• • •

E. A. Nelson of Hallock, who took a run down to Washington recently in order to strengthen himself with the federal crowd, has upset a hornet's nest about his ears which may cost him the nomination for secretary of state. It is rumored that while in Washington, and during a conference with Senator Nelson, he said some things concerning the federal ring in Minnesota, suggesting that the senator's interests were not receiving the attention that they should in his own district. It is intimated that the late unpleasantness—that harmony dinner—was gone over, and an effort made to fix the responsibility. There was a rumor about last week that Nelson had aroused the ire of the federal ring, who considered that he had been guilty of lese majesty in making that trip to Washington. That he has weakened rather than strengthened his candidacy by the move is generally conceded.

• • •

Governor Johnson has struck twelve again. Last week he came out strongly in favor of extending the market of Minnesota prison-made binding twine. At present the board of control is allowed only to make contracts with Minnesota farmers, and the twine made at the prison plant is all used within the borders of this state. Governor Johnson strongly advocates that the board of control be given power to dispose of the output of the plant in the best possible way, so as to conserve for the farmers of Minnesota the benefits which they have already enjoyed from the cheap manufacture of binding twine at the prison plant. A plant for the manufacture of binding twine in St. Paul has threatened to buck the state plant. It is intimated that the trust is behind it all in an effort to crowd the prison twine off the market. In order to combat such a move, Governor Johnson wants the board of control in a position where its hands will not be tied against attack from the enemy.

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The fact that Conde Hamlin has not made any move to call a meeting of the state central committee, it is urged, argues one thing—general Republican apathy over the gubernatorial situation. There is no interest in the head of the ticket this year and matters are in such a condition that there is not an avowed candidate in the field. It is the general opinion that there is no need to hasten matters, that a late convention will be as good as an early one. There is no fear that the Republican party will wait until the minority party holds its convention. Members of the state central committee have no game to play in the matter. They simply say there is plenty of time. The rumors started a few days ago that Conde Hamlin was playing his cards to secure a convention after the Democrats had met is entirely without foundation and is not credited even in Democratic circles. The whole trouble is being stirred up by those who are candidates for other positions on the state ticket. They are talking early convention, dreaming early convention and living on the hopes of an early convention. Some entered into an active campaign so early that they fear they will grow stale in training while others want to make alliances and can not do so under the present conditions. It is a case this year of the tail trying to wag the dog and it is proving mighty hard work.

Another element which must not be overlooked is the fact that those who voted for Johnson and cut their party at the polls two years ago are now trying to dictate when and where the next convention is to be held. The committee will not listen, for it recognizes the voices of the traitors.

The Collins contingent is attempting to capture the convention for Minneapolis, so that it is safe to say at this far distant time that the convention will not go to Minneapolis unless an entirely new set of promoters is appointed to go out and capture it. It is conceded that the Grimshaw crowd can never capture the convention for Minneapolis and that the odds are strongly in favor of St. Paul or Duluth with the stock of the latter place rising every day.

• • •

Another proof that the federal gang is no longer behind Jacobson for governor comes to light this week in the columns of the Alexandria Post-News, a very strong Nelson organ. A few weeks ago it was red hot in its advocacy of Jacobson's candidacy, but for some reason or other it has been called off and Jacobson is a stranger to its columns—the place that knew him knows him no more.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion. It whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but, on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-ve cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

MEDICINE FOR ALL MANKIND.

LOOK FOR THIS TRADE-MARK ON EVERY BOTTLE.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

NATURAL GAS IN SUPERIOR

Well Digger Strikes It at Old Town—May be Valuable.

Superior has found what is supposed to be natural gas.

The strike was made at Third street and Richardson avenue, in Old Town. George W. Roome, a well-digger, was boring for water there and at a depth of 80 feet, instead of hitting water, struck a smell and a vicious one for it came in the shape of an explosion which blew the drill and sand clear to the top of the hole. The pipe in which the drill was working and through which the gas was coming, was capped, but as there are some leaks, considerable roaring can be heard.

It is said that about thirty years ago a man named Goslin was smothered to death by natural gas which he struck near the corner of Second street and Becker in Old Town.

BEACH FORMS RACING COURSE

Automobile Makes Flying Trip Over Four Miles Frozen Sand.

Ormond Beach, Florida, may have a close rival as an automobile racing ground in the long sandy beach on the lake side of Minnesota Point.

Yesterday afternoon V. S. McKenny took a party of friends over a four-mile course along the point, in his new steamer, and the trip is claimed by those who held watches to have been made in a little less than four minutes.

The big storm early in the winter washed all the debris from the lake high on the beach, leaving a smooth course next the water's edge, frozen as hard as asphalt pavement. The course reaches from abreast the life saving station to a point below the pavilion and is about 100 feet wide.

With Mr. McKenny in his fast spin down the point were C. A. Hutchinson, J. A. Roy and Otto Hartman.

BRUTAL ACTION.

Frankfort, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Near the village of Gerau an auto, belonging to Wiesbaden, ran over the driver of a beer wagon, killing him instantly. The chauffeur and proprietor thereupon dragged the body into the field and unhitched the horses, intending to create the impression that the man had been attacked and slain while asleep. The perpetrators have not yet been discovered.

PETROFF EXPELLED.

St. Petersburg, March 10.—The Gapon labor organization has expelled Father Gregori Petroff as a traitor. The revelations resulting from the recent scandal have seemingly destroyed the usefulness of the organization.

TYPEWRITERS FOR BLIND.

Invention Which Will Confer Wonderful Benefits on Unfortunates.

Bucharest, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—To your correspondent Queen Elizabeth, Carmon Sylva, said: "My efforts are now concentrated on two points, and I want the press to assist me. A Bucharest inventor has perfected a typewriter for the blind. The first machine he built could not be sold for less than 1,500 francs. I told him he had done a great work, but if he loved humanity he must seek to cheapen his product. He has now cheapened it to such an extent that it costs no more than $40. This typewriting machine should be placed at the disposal of all blind, willing and eager to help themselves. I am collecting funds for this purpose, and ask the press to help me.

"Another great object to which I devote much time and thought is the founding of an asylum in Bucharest where every woman about to become a mother may find rest and quiet and the best of care, irrespective of religion, race, worthiness or unworthiness. I have been a mother once, and I know what it is. Just think of it, I never dared read my husband's Memoirs, because I would have to read between the lines—read of the loss of our dearest treasure, our child. Each of us has worked hard for the welfare of Roumania during forty long years, but children and children's children have been denied to us. It is a great and lasting sorrow."

SWISS MORALISTS

Say Christian Art is Immoral and Should be Reformed.

Geneva, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is a movement on foot among certain extreme moralists, "who cannot do without immoral thoughts" to reform Christian art. Their spokesman writes in the Free Voice, the organ of the society: "In the pictorial and sculptural representations of the Christ Child, morality and modesty are set at defiance, and good Christians should combine to banish from the churches and from their houses those nude and indecent exhibitions. No Christian mother allows her child to go around naked, why should our artists be allowed to impute to the Virgin Mary a passion for showing her child without covering. Art must be allowed to represent the Christ Child as it was, poor and in want, but has no right to represent it after a style that defies morals and modesty. We refer in particular to Christ representations by Sarto, Titian, Durer, Rubens and Raphael. These artists, it seems, never heard of the Biblical story that even such primitive persons as Adam and Eve made themselves skirts of fig leaves. We demand that the Christ Child representations of the future shall be in consonance with good morals, and that the classic representations, so-called, shall be made to conform to the laws of modesty."

BANISHED FROM VIENNA.

Former Millionaire, Well Known In America, is Exiled.

Vienna, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Anton Mirschhofer, forcibly exiled from Vienna, returned here unbeknown to the police, and was found dead in the street. He died of exhaustion and starvation, the body being run over subsequently by a wagon. Hirschhoffer was five times a millionaire twenty years ago, owning immense tracts of real estate in Budapest. He married the beautiful Emily Wolf, actress, who repeatedly eloped with other men. Her last elopement was with an American cracksman, and Hirschhofer followed the pair to New York. Having found his wife, she persuaded him to sign over half his real estate to her. Only on this condition would she consent to live with him again. He complied, and the cracksman got the money. After that Hirschofer returned to Austria, and again and again was betrayed by the woman, his fortune dwindling owing to her extravagance and faithlessness. Eight years ago the pair went to the United States a second time. When Emily died, Hirschhofer returned to Budapest, only to find that his late wife, by misusing his power of attorney, had disposed of the remnants of his fortune. He has been a vagabond ever since, gaining much sympathy by the story of "having been ruined by a beautiful woman." Vienna exiled him, and Budapest, where his real estate interests were, wouldn't have him unless he entered the poorhouse. For this reason he persistently returned to Vienna, no matter how often the police expelled him.

DISHONEST GAMBLER,

Who Was Friend of the Prince of Monaco, Jailed.

Budapest, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Baron Barczy, one of the most famous titled gamblers of the continent, has once more been caught "stacking the cards," whereupon the police nabbed him. He is now being persecuted as a professional "card sharp" and may get ten years. The baron figured for a time as the personal friend and traveling companion of the Prince of Monaco, was received by the German emperor and attended the prince on his long sea journeys. Of course, he was treated with the utmost liberality at the Monte Carlo gambling institution, but finally his sharp tricks could no longer be ignored and he was expelled from the principality. Later he figured among the big gamblers in Ostende, Tunis, and at the great Paris and London clubs under assumed names. When he thought the Monte Carlo incident forgotten, he turned up in Vienna and robbed several archdukes and princes at the Vienna Jockey club, of which King Edward is a member. His methods were discovered after an imperial archduke was nearly ruined by the baron and he was expelled from the club. Since then he has been traveling about the continent under different names, cheating at cards wherever he went, according to the evidence gathered by the police.

Barczy's wife and two grown daughters live in princely style at Crosswardein. For years they have been in receipt of large sums of cash money and great amounts of jewelry weekly. It appears that the baron turned most of his ill-gotten wealth over to his family, though, of course, living in fine style himself. Whether any of his victims will recover seems doubtful.

FAIL TO STOP GAS.

The Second Attempt to Cover Well Proves a Failure.

Caney, Kan., March 10.—An attempt to cap the great well six miles from Caney, which has been burning thousands of feet of gas daily since Feb. 22, was made yesterday and failed. When an immense steel hood was run up to within twenty-five feet of the well, the truck carrying the crane needed to raise the hood, left the rails about the same time a steam pump used to force water upon the men, while they work, broke down. So intense was the heat near the truck that the men could not approach close enough to raise it.

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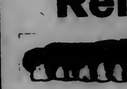

First Anniversary Special Prices Till April 1st.

Full set Teeth...$4 to $8 | Silver Fillings....75c
Gold Crowns...$4 to $6 | Guaranteed Work.

Our prices the lowest in the city. Our work strictly guaranteed to be the best.

LEE & TURLEY, 114-116 West Superior Street. Open Evenings.

Famous Pianos.

Nowhere else in the Northwest will you find such a magnificent array of world-famous instruments as at the Duluth Music Co.

Steinway, Knabe, Gabler, Kranich & Bach, Emerson, Ivers & Pond, Ludwig, Starr

are names that have become household words throughout the entire country. They are the best in their respective grade.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.,

J. T. Stewart, Manager.

222-224 WEST FIRST STREET.

BLACKBURN'S TIP.

Lucky Piker With Open Ear Hears a Good One.

Washington Star: "I've been hearing and reading about Joe Blackburn of Kentucky all my life, as it seems to me," observed a man who was brought up in Washington, "but to my knowledge I only saw the man they put the kibosh on for his senatorship the other day, but once in my life, and that wasn't at the capitol, either. It was at the Benning race track, two years ago, and I saw the fine old chap that day to my exceeding great profit—exceeding great to me, that is to say, for I'm a confirmed piker at the race track, and my seeing Mr. Blackburn that day was the occasion of my winning more money than I'd ever won before in any five days.

"I only went to the Benning track a couple of times during that meeting—I think it was the fall meeting two years ago—and on this day I was frivolling along, playing things, the names of which sounded good to me, and just enjoying the outing and the air, without the remotest idea of coming away from the track with much more than car fare.

"I'd lost as much as $3 on each of the three races up to the point when the incident happened, and then came a race that I decided to let alone. I made up my mind to look at it from the grandstand, and into the grandstand I went for that purpose. The favorite in the race was a horse that eventually proved himself to be one of the most celebrated counterfeits in the hitsory of racing—John Madden's City Bank. From what the fellows with the racing bug have told me since, John Madden, the astute Kentucky turfman was fooled himself for years by that horse, and so the public can't be much blamed for having been fooled so long by the mutt.

"On this day City Bank was chalked up a 1-to-6 favorite. The next thing to City Bank in the bookmakers' estimation was put up at 1 to 5 for the place and I couldn't see any race of that kind, being, as I say, a $3 piker, with a penchant for looking for a chance to get something for my coin when I did put it down so regardlessly. There were two or three horses that were in the race with even money to show, and that made it pretty hard guessing for the fellow who thought of taking a piece of something for third. So, said I to myself, I'd just watch it.

"The seat I found in the stand was right behind one of the boxes. An elderly man with a white mustache who sat in the box right in front of me seemed to have the whole ground lease and the rest of the works, judging by the way all hands tried to catch his eye and get a bow from him as they passed the box. 'Good afternoon, Senator,' they were all chopping it off to him, and that, of course, aroused my curiosity as to who he might be.

"I crossed over to the big Pinkerton man who had charge of the front of the grand stand and asked him who the elderly man in the box was.

"He knew me, and he strung me for not knowing as much about famous figures in Washington life as he, a rank outsider, did. Then he told me that the man I was inquiring about was Senator Joe Blackburn, of Kentucky.

"Some crushed by the Pinkerton man, I went back and took my seat right behind Senator Blackburn's box. I hadn't got planted before a man who had, some days before, been pointed out to me as Ed Wheeler, the owner of a racing stable at Bennin, ran up the stairs into the stand, around and then, seeing the Kentucky senator in the box, made for him. I looked at my program then and saw that Ed Wheeler had a mare in the race that I wasn't going to play. The mare's name was May Holladay.

"Wheeler looked a bit excited when he stepped into the Kentucky senator's box. He said something to Mr. Blackburn that I couldn't catch the drift of, although I am bound to admit that I was rubbering.

"'What? Impossible!' I heard the senator reply to Wheeler. 'You don't mean that she has a chance to win from this City Bank horse of Madden's?'

"Wheeler looked around cautiously, I observed, and nodded his head affirmatively.

"'Madden's got it wrong about the class of that City Bank horse of his,' I heard him say in a low tone to the senator then. 'My mare is fitter this minute than anything in the race, and she worked the distance yesterday in little or nothing. I came up here, senator, to advice you to have a bit of a bet on my mare across the board.'

"'Well, send me a commissioner, Ed, as you go down, will you, please?' I heard the Kentucky senator say then, and that was enough for me. I was hustling down the stairs for the betting ring right on top of Wheeler's heels.

"I myself, even with my limited knowledge of the game, didn't think that such a common one as May Holladay had a chance to look City Bank in the eye unless they were going in different directions, but I couldn't see how or where Ed Wheeler, a man I had heard of as a clever owner, was going to tell a man like Senator Joe Blackburn of Kentucky that he had a chance with his mare if he didn't know something.

"They'd already gnawed the price against May Holladay down from 50 to 1 to 30 to 1 when I got to the ring, but I got $20 on straight at that figure before the 'They're off!' bawl went.

"May Holladay breezed out in front all the way, and was pulled to the shape of fried cake at the finish, where she was five length to the good, and City Bank, Madden's 'great' one, wasn't even among the first three.

"I'm only sorry that Joe Blackburn of Kentucky, wasn't as lucky in his recent fight as I was the first time I ever saw him to know him."

A KICKLESS GUN.

In the Ninth regiment armory, in West Fourteenth street, there is on exhibition a rapid-firing gun known as "fool proof," because its inventor thinks it is impossible to put it out of order. It has another unusual feature, in that the gases from the exploding powder are not only used to propel the projectile, but are utilized to overcome the kick of the piece. The inventor of the gun is an Iowa physician, S. N. McClean, says the New York Sun.

Hitherto expensive and heavy machinery has been employed to take up this recoil. Water chambers, oil chambers and springs are among the devices, but no one has utilized the power of the gun itself not only to check the recoil, but to reload and fire the piece.

It has been estimated that with every one pound gun an energy of 150 pounds to the square inch is expended of which only a little more than six pounds is used in firing the propectile. All the rest is waste.

Dr. McClean's device to use this waste is what is known as a "gas muzzle" to be fastened on the forward end of the gun. In effect it takes up the power of the waste gases and exerts a forward pulling force as the projectile passes out.

The doctor also planned to use some of the gases to reload and fire the gun, and up in a tube directly under the barrel he has a simple little engine that does this work. As a consequence all recoil absorbing devices are eliminated, the gun is just so much lighter, it always remains fixed on the target and the one pound rapid-firing piece can send something like 100 shots a minute.

One of the exhibits of Dr. McClean is a photograph of a target which was anchored in Lake Erie 1,000 yards from shore at Cleveland last May. The target was 9 by 16 feet. The number of shots fired at it from shore was 225, and of these no less than 189 struck the target, with the wind blowing twelve miles an hour. Ninety of these shots were fired in fifty-eight seconds. The gun was an ordinary field piece mounted on wheels.

Dr. McClean's gas muzzle is a pear-shaped device that is screwed on the front of the gun. It has in it a series of circumferential grooves with little vents. As the gas comes pouring out it enters this muzzle, passes through the grooves and out of the little holes. In its passage it simply pulls the gun forward with an energy, nicely calculated, equal to the power of the kick.

Before the gases reach the muzzle part of them are let into a tube below to operate the reloading machine, which consists chiefly of a long spiral spring.

Another advantage which is claimed for this gas muzzle is that it does away with the great zone of disturbance that exists at the muzzle of a gun when it is fired and through which the projectile is compelled to pass. It is something like playing a stream through a garden hose. Send the stream straight through the nozzle and it will break down or injure the plants. Spray it and the water does no damage. This is said to be what happens when the gun's gases are sent through the muzzle. They are sprayed out into the air and do not interefer with the flight of the projectile.

Dr. McClean did not stop with the invention of this muzzle. He has, he thinks, found a way to overcome the dangerous heating of a gun. He has "knurled" the gun, that is, he has crossgrained the piece by a series of cuts which give it a large radiating surface that enables it to throw off the heat rapidly.

Not long ago the government made an appropriation for the purchase of 250 rapid-firing guns on designs by American inventors. The authorities at Sandy Hook have been experimenting with the McClean gun for several months. Neither the experts nor the McClean people will talk about that feature of the case. It is known, however, that all sorts of severe tests were applied to the McClean invention. Other governments, notably England, have examined the gun, and it was exhibited last spring to President Diaz, in Mexico, by the inventor and Maj. Gen. Joseph Wheeler, retired, who is president of the concern that is making these guns.

The gas muzzle can be attached, its inventor says, to revolvers, shotguns, mounted pieces, filed pieces and the heaviest artillery.

Ready for Business!

The Seaton-Day Electric Co.

Are now ready for business at 25 North Fifth avenue West.

OPPOSITE McKAY HOTEL.

Your orders will be appreciated and taken care of right.

'Phones—Zenith, 38; Bell, 1227.

FOOD LAWS DISCUSSED

E. K. Slater Meets the Local Jobbers and Traveling Men.

Jobbers Tell of Their Troubles in Obeying the Laws.

A conference, informal in character, was held between E. K. Slater of St. Paul, state dairy and food commissioner, his deputy, Harris Bennett, and about thirty of the local jobbers and traveling men, at the Commercial club, today.

The topic of the discussion was the new pure food law and its enforcement.

According to the remarks made by various jobbers, the greatest trouble in keeping up to the pure food laws is in the matter of labels. It was claimed that quantities of certain brands of goods were sold to the grocers which were up to all the legal requirements at the time the goods were shipped, but which later food laws made illegal. The jobbers declared that it was almost impossible to get the grocers to go to the trouble and expense of changing the labels. The complaint of the jobbers was that the food laws are apt to be changed too often, thus working hardship on the jobbers and the grocers. The sentiment expressed by the jobbers was that they are all heartily in accord with the pure food movement and ready to do everything possible to bring about an enforcement of the laws. The jobbers thought the state dairy and food department should not be too severe on the grocers in the matter of small technicalities and in this their ideas were indorsed by Mr. Slater.

All those present took dinner at the Commercial club, and afterwards indulged in a general smoker in the club rooms until the afternoon meeting was called to order at 2:30 o'clock.

COPPER STOCKS HAVE QUIET DAY

Trading Light But Prices Steady—North Butte Trifle Weaker.

This was a quiet day in the copper stock market. Prices were practically unchanged at the opening and trading was light. North Butte was weaker at the close. It opened at $84, fell to $82.50 and closed at $82.50 bid and $83 asked. Amalgamated opened at $108.50 sold as high as $108.62½ and as low as $107.75. United Copper opened at $67.75 and fell to $66.75, closing at $67 bid and $67.50 asked. Butte Coalition was inactive and closed at $34 bid and $35 asked.

The Bisbees continued weak. Calumet & Arizona sold at $111 during the early part of the day and was $113 asked at the close. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $31.75 and closed at $31.50 bid and $32.50 asked. Denn-Arizona was $22 asked. Junction sold at $25.25 and closed $25.50 bid. Lake Superior & Pittsburg sold at $41.75 and closed at $41.50 bid and $42 asked and Pittsburg & Duluth sold at $22.50 and closed at $22.50 bid and $23.50 asked.

Black Mountain sold at $11 and closed at $10.50 bid and $11 asked. Keweenaw closed at $14.50 bid and $15 asked, Warren at $14 bid and $15 asked, Sullivan at $2.50 asked and Copper Queen of Idaho at $2.50 bid and $3 asked.

As to the listing of Calumet & Arizona the Houghton Gazette says:

"The Calumet & Arizona stock was not accepted for listing on the Boston stock exchange at the meeting of the governing board this week, the reason being attributed to a mistake in the certificates, which will require reprinting. It is stated by the Calumet & Arizona office that about two weeks will be necessary to correct the error which is given as the cause of the failure to accept the stock for listing.

"It is impossible to forecast when action will be taken on the question again by the governing board, but its regular meeting day is the first Tuesday in each month. It is equally impossible to forecast whether or not other technical flaws will be found to stand in the way of the acceptability of the stock. This is the second time it has been rejected, the previous hitch being in one of the by-laws which did not harmonize with the Boston stock exchange's regulations. This was duly corrected."

MOROCCAN DELEGATES ARE MORE CONCILIATORY.

Algeciras, March 10.—The session of the Moroccan conference lasted half an hour. When the proposed Moroccan bank was discussed Germany suggested that the administrators be chosen by the banks of England, France, Spain and the imperial German banks. The question of partitioning the shares among the powers was left undecided.

The police question was also discussed and was then referred to the committee for action. Previous to this Germany proposed that an English secretary be added to this committee which was agreed to.

The tone of the deliberations of the delegates today was conciliating.

Surprise Party.

Mrs. Robert Freeman of West Fourth street gave a surprise party Thursday at her home in honor of Mrs. Ed Owens of Minneapolis. Games were played. The head prizes were won by Mrs. T. H. Mathews and W. E. Lyons, and the foot prizes by Mrs. Alex Graham and R. C. Kruscke. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames: W. Wicks, Charles Purdy, J. A. Gunderson, W. E. Lyons, H. P. Wood, D. Butchart, D. Gillen, R. W. Westeon, R. C. Kruscke, D. Barnes, Alex Graham, Lewis Larson and T. H. Mathews, and Miss Jessie Freeman.

JACKSON TO BE SWEDISH CONSUL.

St. Paul, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The position of Swedish consul for the state of Minnesota, made vacant by the separation of the Swedish and Norwegian governments and eagerly sought by a number of candidates in both St. Paul and Minneapolis, has just been filled by the appointment of Joseph A. Jackson, 671 Jessamine street, who yesterday received notice of his selection from the Swedish minister at Washington. Mr. Jackson is of Swedish descent, but an American by birth. He is an attorney at law, and has served as representative of the First ward in the state legislature.

CITY BRIEFS

Wanted—Makers and apprentices at Miss Mening's, No. 3 West Superior St.

The Stein-O'Rourke Investment company of Virginia filed articles of incorporation with the register of deeds yesterday. The incorporators are A. E. Bickford, Jacob Stein and Edward J. O'Rourke, all of Virginia. The company is capitalized at $50,000 and purposes to do a lumber, mining, quarrying and real estate business.

Mrs. Con Erickson of 214 West Sixth street, was found to be insane, and an order was made by Probate Judge Middlecoff committing her to the state asylum at Fergus Falls. Mrs. Erickson ran away from home with her three children the other evening. She left them at a neighbor's, claiming that somebody was attempting to kill them.

The Luther League of St. John's English Lutheran church will entertain at a basket social Tuesday evening of next week at the home of Mrs. Philip Bayha on Lake avenue north.

The Women's Alliance of the First Unitarian church will meet Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Harry White, 5917 London road. Mr. White, pastor of the church, will continue his readings on "The Origin of the Greek Drama."

Mrs. Charles Meyers of 2804 Helm street, was pleasantly surprised Thursday evening, the occasion being her birthday. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. M. Sciarf, Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Gratto, Mr. and Mrs. J. Crozier, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McLennen, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Meyers, Mrs. P. McHugh, Miss Lillian McLennen, Miss Cecelia Meyers.

The Women's Relief corps will give a card party next Thursday afternoon at Rowley hall, 112 First street.

Articles of incorporation of the Meadow mine were filed this morning by G. A. St. Clair, William Elder and Arthur Howell, incorporators. The capital stock is $50,000.

PERSONALS

P. A. Holder, who has been seriously ill at St. Mary's hospital with pneumonia and pleurisy, returned home to Proctor on Thursday. He is greatly improved.

Miss Nell M. Boer of Grand Rapids is in the city to attend the opera.

W. O. Kinsman left over the Northern Pacific for Los Angeles today.

G. A. Tomlinson left for Chicago today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith left over the Omaha for Chicago today.

J. E. Gilbert expects to leave over the Omaha tomorrow for Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McCullough of Cloquet are registered at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Woodward of Two Harbors are registered at the McKay.

M. Whiteside of Eveleth is a guest at the McKay.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Rolfe of Lake Nebagamon, Wis., are guests at the Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Aroms are guests at the Lenox.

F. B. Crouch left for Chicago this afternoon to join D. T. Adams in a trip to Tampa, Florida.

A THOUSAND MAY BE DEAD

Rumor Says That Number Was Killed in Mine Explosion.

Paris, March 10.—It was announced this afternoon that the nitric explosion occurred in pits 11 and 4, and the flames spread to all the communicating pits, embracing Merecourt, Coren and Lens. The number of victims is undoubtedly large, but it is not possible at present to ascertain how many of the miners succeeded in reaching the galleries, which are still closed.

A dispatch from Lens says that a rumor is circulating that over 1,000 have been killed, which has caused consternation. It is added, however, there is nothing to indicate that this number is correct. Not a single miner has yet been taken from pits Nos. 2, 3 or 4. The spectacle surrounding the scene is fearful. Great crowds of weeping women and children gathered to ascertain the fate of members of their families. President Fallieres has sent his secretary to the scene of the explosion and he has cancelled the attendance at a ball which was to have been held at the Elysee palace tonight. The disaster causes widespread public depression.

All that has been ascertained is that the rescue work is proceeding vigorously.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

St. Paul, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. C. Eastman, aged 35 years, assistant general freight agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, died at his home on Carroll street here this morning. He had been ill about a week.

New York, March 10.—Edward J. Morgan, the well-known actor, who appeared as John Storm in "The Christian" was found dead in bed today at his room in the Belle Claire hotel. Heart disease was pronounced to be the cause of death.

Oswego, N. Y., March 10.—Boardman C. Frost, widely known in Lake marine insurance circles, died suddenly here today. He was 62 years old.

Halifax, N. S., March 10.—Archbishop O'Brien of the Roman Catholic diocese of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Bermuda, died suddenly here yesterday.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Asked for President St. John of Idaho Miners' Union.

Boise, Idaho, March 10.—A petition for a writ of habeas corpus to liberate Vincent St. John, president of the Miners' union at Burke, Idaho, who is held in the penitentiary here, charged with the murder of Former Governor Steunenberg, was filed today in the state supreme court. St. John has had no preliminary hearing and so far the grand jury at Caldwell has returned no indictment against him. Counsel for the prosecution replied that the case of St. John was still pending before the grand jury in session at Caldwell, and stated that if an indictment against him should not be returned, he would be discharged as soon as the grand jury makes its report.

NOTICE!

Business houses wishing to get the trade of the Finnish people will be wise to advertise in a humorous Finnish newspaper, "Velasuu." "Velasuu" is the only Finnish newspaper in Northern Minnesota published in a region where thousands of Finnish people are living. "Velasuu" has subscribers all over the United States. Address

"VELASUU,"

Box 559 Hibbing, Minn.

THE HIGHEST PRAISE

Is bestowed upon lighting by electricity all over the world. Its illuminating power, efficiency and economy has been thoroughly tested in fire of experience and its qualities proved beyond question.

Brighten Your Homes

So that they will be inviting. not only to the occupants, but to visitors. The well-lighted home—the one where electricity is used for illumination—is comfortable, and consequently a good place to be in. You can do this and save money.

The Well-lighted Store

Is always a popular place to trade. People will go where cleanliness and brightness are to be found. It's a guarantee that your goods will bear examination and that you are willing to provide the facilities. Our man can tell you the many advantages of electric lighting.

PHONE 295 FOR PARTICULARS.

DULUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Name for the White City

Is wanted, but you want clothes and we make them. Our new and complete line of spring and summer suitings can't be beat. Just come in and look them over, you will find that our prices are right and as to style, fit and workmanship, we are as good as the best and better than the rest. We know and we want you to find it out. Don't forget the place.

SWANNELL & STRAND.

23 Fifth avenue west.

CROSSED OCEAN THREE TIMES

In Order to be United With Husband in Hancock.

Hancock, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Among the arrivals reaching Hancock during the week was Mrs. J. Salsky. Her coming would not be considered an extraordinary event but for the fact that to reach Hancock she had to cross the Atlantic ocean three times. Mrs. Salsky is the wife of a Russian Jew who has been a resident of Hancock for three years, coming to the city directly upon his arrival from his native land, where he had left his wife until such time as he could send her funds. This he did this winter. His brother came out with her, and for purposes of economy they bought a ticket as man and wife. The steamer landed them at Baltimore, and there the immigration officials discovered the irregularity in the ticket. They thought there was something wrong in connection with the couple, who were only posing as man and wife, and in spite of every effort the woman and her brother-in-law were ordered deported.

Mrs. Salsky was landed at Bremen, and she took passage there for New York as soon as possible. The brother-in-law did not make the trip with her this time, he returning to Russia, and she came through without mishap. She arrived in Hancock without her husband's knowledge. He was not certain of the date of her coming, and was out of town on business when she reached the city. He returned the next day, and husband and wife are now reunited after three years of separation.

COLLINS GETS FOURTEEN YEARS.

San Francisco, March 10.—Attorney George D. Collins, convicted of perjury, was today sentenced by Superior Judge Murrett to confinement for fourteen years in the state penitentiary at San Quentin. Notice of an appeal was given.

SOCIALISTS WOULD STRIKE.

Helsingfors, Finland, March 10.—The Socialists of Finland are agitating for a general strike to show the discontent of the people at the existing conditions.

KRACKE GETS JOB.

Washington, March 10.—It was announced at the White House today that Frederick J. H. Kracke had been appointed by the president to be naval officer at the port of New York in succession to Robert H. Sharkey. The appointment of Mr. Kracke ends a contest which has been in progress for months.

COLONIAL MONEY.

A gentleman of this city, one of whose ancestors served in the Revolutionary war, and whose known forebears run considerably further back, has an interesting collection of colonial paper money, says the Indianapolis News. His collection is not large, but it contains some rare specimens, including several pieces of provincial paper money issued long before the revolution.

The American colonies had no right to issue paper money, but most of them did it all the same. Massachusetts made such an issue as early as 1690—and other colonies followed her example at intervals. The two Carolinas issued $30,000 of paper money in 1702 which was to be redeemed in three years by a duty on liquors, skins and furs. It was never redeemed. In 1723 Pennsylvania issued $75,000 of paper money, which, being secured by real estate, was ultimately redeemed.

During the Revolutionary war nearly all the colonies issued notes, and assisted congress in flooding the country with worthless currency. Some of them were queer looking things to pass for money. A half dollar note, issued by New York in 1775, provided that "this bill shall pass current in all payments in this colony for half a Spanish milled dollar, or the value thereof in gold or silver currency."

This promise was attested by a picture of two bowlegged individuals supporting a shield surmounted by a crown. This was issued the year before the Declaration of Independence.

A month before the Declaration, Connecticut issued a 5 shilling note, declaring that "the possessor of this bill shall be paid by the treasurer of th colony of Connecticut 5 shillings, lawful money, by the first day of January, A. D., one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one."

Vermont made an issue of 1 shilling notes, New Jersey of 1 shilling and 6 pence, North Carolina of $6 notes. The latter had as a pledge of good faith the picture in one corner of a squirrel, with tail curved over its back and gnawing a nut. The significance of the emblem was never explained.

Maryland issued bills of three, four, six and nine pence, and so on up to three pounds, and to show that they had been prepared with due care and thought, and not hastily separated with a pair of scissors, the ends of the notes were scalloped. As a supposed precaution against counterfeiting and to show that the note really meant what it said, the dollar note had a small picture of a Spanish dollar inserted in the text.

The best looking notes issued by any of the colonies were those of Virginia. These were copper plate engravings of good size, filled out in ink. The first issue, in 1775, bore the royal arms of Virginia, but the issue of 1776 had the motto "Sic Semper Tyrannis" instead of the royal coat of arms.

The oldest specimen in the collection referred to is a twenty-shilling note, issued by Pennsylvania colony, dated August 10, 1723, and printed by Benjamin Franklin. It is a good piece of printing and fairly good engraving. At the top is a picture of the British lion, with the figures 20s. and underneath "twenty shillings" in large letters. There is no promise to pay. On one side is the iscription: "Printed by B. Franklin," and on the other: "To counterfeit is death." The space between is occupied by a curious looking plant, which might be a Canada thistle or a rare orchid.

Other specimens in the collection are a five-shilling note, a ten-shilling note, a fifteen-shilling note, and a twenty-shilling note issued after Braddock's defeat to pay the expenses of the old French war. These issues were made by the province of Pennsylvania and different counties of the province. This was the campaign in which Washington first distinguished himself, and probably he was paid off in these notes. They were issued in June, 1759. Twenty years later Washington served in the Revolutionary army without pay.

Another note in the collection, issued by New Jersey in 1763, says: "This bill by law shall pass current in New Jersey for one ounce, fifteen pennyweights, of plate."

Another curious note represents an issue by Maryland in 1742, and is for "two-thirds of a dollar." It has the royal arms of England at one end and the words "two-thirds" in bold letters around the edge.

But the most interesting note in the collection, on account of the personal history connected with it, is a two-dollar note issued under a resolution of congress of May 10, 1775. This was the first issue of paper money authorized by Congress after hostilities began, and was made immediately after the battle of Bunker Hill. The entire issue was $2,000,000.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Facial Massage, Manicuring, at Miss Horrigan's.

RUPTURE AND PILES PERMANENTly cured, without surgery. Dr. Bardwell, Merchants' hotel. Sunday, 10 to 4.

FOR RENT — NICE LARGE FURnished room, lake view; gentlemen preferred. 318 West Third street.

E. CARLSON JUST ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows. Zenith 'phone 1654-D.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, suitable for four persons; all conveniences. 226 Fourth avenue west.

PIANO LESSONS BY COMPETENT teacher, 35c a lesson. V 35, Herald.

Best place to get shoes repaired while shopping. Gopher Shoe Works.

MANICURING. FACE AND SCALP treatments. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Blk.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Johnson of 2326 East Second street, March 8.

BOOTH—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Booth of 1209½ West First street, March 8.

DEATHS.

JAMES—Theodore, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Frantz James, died March 8, at the orphans' home.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Anders Streem, frame building on Devonshire street, between Michigan and Pacific avenues, to cost	$500
M. E. Allen, frame barn on Fifty-seventh avenue west, between Ellnor and Cody streets, to cost	300
Frank Ayers, alterations to building on First street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues west, to cost	250

A MECHANICAL MARVEL.

Professor C. A. Holcomb, a mechanical engineer of note, has invented, what is known as the Holcomb Automatic Engine, which bids fair to revolutionize the engine industry of this country. Professor Holcomb has combined the proven and effective principals of all types of engines, and by a mere rearrangement in assembling has created something entirly different from any engine that has ever been produced by man. In the Holcomb Engine multiple cylinders are attached to the power shaft, and this in turn revolves around a fixed crank shaft, thereby producing a perfect balance in the engine, and permitting of exceedingly high speed without vibration.

Prominent engineers, who have seen this engine in operation, pronounce it the most wonderful and practical engine of this modern age.

Professor Holcomb has organized a stock company to exploit and make these engines. He has interested capital, and a plant is now being built to handle the great demand, that is bound to be created by his invention, and he is now offering stock to the general public. This seems to be a wonderful opportunity for mechanics or engineers to invest their savings in a proposition that appeals to them. Announcement of his invention and enterprise has been announced in this paper, and the address of the manufacturers, D. H. 4. **HOLCOMB AUTOMATIC ENGINE CO.,** 240 LaSalle St., Chicago.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE SKY PILOT AMONG LUMBER CAMPS OF NORTHERN MINNESOTA

How the Gospel Is Carried to the Lumberjack.

Missionary Work That Is Prosecuted Under Difficulties.

By John T. Brahner Smith, Frazee, Minn.

"You can search me," "Go ahead," "All right," "Let her go for half an hour or so anyhow." Such were the greetings given to the Sky Pilot when he asked permission of the lumberjacks to hold a short gospel service.

The preacher had walked several miles carrying some song books and a Bible and had arrived immediately after supper at the lumber camp of a well known lumber company. It was about half past 6 on Saturday evening. The long log building called the "bunk house" was almost filled with about one hundred men, who had just finished their meal in the cook shanty. They were unusually happy for the morrow was Sunday, a rest day, and for some washing day. Suddenly the loud talking ceases and all eyes are at the door where stands for a moment the missionary. The next minute he is inside the bunk house he can surmise that all his tact is necessary to get in a sermon that night. The men are excited and the noise begins again, and the voice of the men is drowned in the babel of voices. But the men are good natured, yet the preacher has to almost shout out his request for their consent to hold a brief service. He secures their attention, after the singing, the laughter, the talking has ceased.

"I am a preacher," at which some smile, "and I want your permission to hold a song service and preach the gospel."

Then comes a babel of voices, some protesting that a stag-dance has been arranged for that very evening.

"Well, friends, give me a little time before the dance."

And after a little more diplomacy, the men say "Let her go for half an hour."

Quickly unpacking his song books and replying in happy jovial manner to such sayings as "Well, preacher, you've struck a tough crowd tonight," "Look out for that fellow, don't give him a book, he can't sing any more than a rabbit," the preacher distributed the books. The men begin to clear their throats by coughing and some throwing out the tobacco, and they are ready for operations.

"Go ahead, preacher," one cries, and soon they are nearly all singing or trying to sing, "What a Friend We Have In Jesus." They sing it loud and well. In the crowd are several good trained voices, tenors, bass, baritone, and all seem to know the hymn and enter with zest into the singing.

"That's good, men," says the Sky Pilot, "Let's sing No. 96. A few moments of throat clearing and the rude building is filled with the strains of "Throw Out the Life Line." It seems to have a message to them and intensity is given to the song.

By this time the men are aroused and they ask for another song. "All right, boys, turn to 158," and a buzzing noise is heard as they find "America."

"Don't be afraid of straining your throats, boys, or of hurting the roof, just let go and get full steam on and go ahead."

They let her go, and the words so sweet to every American surges through the rafters and out into the pines and beyond, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." The next song is "At the Cross." This subdues them, and they ask for more, so the following are sung: "Bringing in the Sheaves," "Sunshine In My Soul," "Are You Washed in the Blood?" Then the preacher gets tired and strikes the hymn on a low key. "Wait a minute, boys, I'm too low." "Then get on the wood pile," somebody calls. The preacher smiles and pitches the hymn in a higher tone and the song proceeds.

"Let us pray," and the preacher can hear his own heart beat as he tenderly carries these men and their burdens and joys to the Father. And thus he prays: "Heavenly Father, our Father, we come to Thee as children. If we have strayed away from Thee, bring us back. If we have forgotten Thee, we know Thou hast not forgotten us. Thou art our Father and we are all brothers. Help us to love Thee and each other. Thy Son loved us unto death; help us to love Thee even until death. Bless our loved ones, keep them and keep us under Thy almighty wing, and save us with an everlasting salvation. Amen."

Then the men join in the Lord's prayer.

After prayer all are subdued, and the Bible is opened and read. How these men listen to the words! That book they love and reverence.

At this camp in Cass county the text is, "Whether He be a sinner or no, I know not, one thing I know, whereas I was blind, now I see." A man was born blind and Jesus gave him sight. He describes the manner. The men are intensely interested, and the missionary tells of men spiritually blind and who do not see the love of God until Christ opens their eyes. In joyous tones he tells of his own conversion, gives some incidents about others; tells of men who were without light, men who were drunkards; men who were once worse and were made respectable men by the Man Christ Jesus. At the name of Jesus the hush and reverence is greatest. "Men, give yourselves to God through Christ," he pleads.

Another hymn is sung and then the meeting is closed.

"Don't go yet; let's have another song; the dance is off," some of the men shout, and another season of singing, and for the last song they sing to the tune of "John Brown's Body," etc., the sacred song, "Glory, Glory, Hallelujah! His truth is marching on."

Gathering up the song books, then shaking hands with the men, the preacher says, "Good night, men," and as he leaves the building there are many hearty responses, "Good night, preacher; come again."

This Sky Pilot thought and still thinks that lumberjacks are not half as bad as many would have people believe, and not half as bad as some who talk about them.

Well do I remember some song services held at Powers & Simpson's camp at Powers, near Hibbing. The company sent a team for the preacher, and one Christmas Sunday he preached to nearly two hundred men. In a bunk over the door were a number of men who styled themselves the choir, and in that choir were some of the finest voices. It was a pleasure to go to that camp and to hear them sing, and their behavior was beyond criticism. One Sunday I took some ladies to sing some special hymns, and they were delighted at the quietude and reverence.

One Sky Pilot knows a large logging camp where there dwell three ladies from a certain city in one of the log houses right in the camp; one, if not two being university graduates. These women had a piano and guitar and violin and the lumberjacks were often entertained by the ladies in the camp with musical selections. Their influence for good was remarkable and in all the time the ladies dwelt among some two hundred lumberjacks, they were never once rudely addressed by the men. They were safer in the woods among the lumberjacks than on the street of any great city.

The preacher is surprised to find among the lumberjacks men of high learning, young men from good families, men who have positions in the sawmills in summer, and men who are sober and sensible. That the men appreciate the real genuine services of a sensible preacher is evident, but they spurn a man who assumes to patronize them.

Some lumberjacks in Becker county were sent a few nice baskets full of sewing materials and some good reading matter, and so grateful were the men that a collection was taken up and sent to the local union as an appreciation. If the men take to a preacher, they invariably take up a collection for him or for the society the man represents, and they give liberally.

Missionary work among the lumber camps consists of supplying reading matter for the men in camp, visiting the sick in the various hospitals, holding gospel services in camps. The literature is donated by friends who are interested in the mission work. It is sent in large boxes to the camps and the lumber companies are always willing to carry the boxes free to their respective camps. The Sky Pilot not only visits the sick in camp and the hospitals, but sends letters to the sick men and writes letters for the sick to their friends.

This work is done in the northwest camps by pastors and laymen of the various churches and there is only one organized mission which is under the superintendency of Rev. F. H. Higgins of Bemidji. Good work is being done near Northome, Bemidji, Cass Lake, Walker and Akeley in the various camps. S. Reep of Gordonsville, Minn., who has been in mission work in Minneapolis and elsewhere, is working among the camps in which he sings and accompanies himself on the guitar. L. C. Ward, a "redeemed lumberjack" as he calls himself, is doing excellent work, and one of his favorite texts is "Go Home to Thy Friends, and Tell Them How Great Things the Lord Hath Done for Thee." Mr. Ward, having been a lumberjack knows every nook and crook of the camp, and is very familiar with the language and manners of the men to whom he preaches, and he has done considerable good in Northern Minnesota camps.

B. C. Barnes, a Methodist local preacher, a man of considerable pastoral ability, has been working near Akeley, Minnesota, this winter, and your correspondent has received considerable information about the work from Mr. Barnes, who works under the guidance of F. H. Higgins.

Missionary Barnes has charge of the fifteen or twenty camps in Cass county, in or near Akeley, and has done some work near Walker. He has carried the gospel to the men working for Robinson & Dick, Cox Brothers, Hinchey Brothers, John Mobery, John De Fores, McReavy & McReavy, and the Red River Lumber company, near Akeley, and for the camps of the Northland Pine company, near Walker.

Six camps on week days and three on Sunday are visited by this Sky Pilot every week, where he preaches and sings the gospel. He generally uses "shanks pony" and walks often fifteen to twenty miles each day. The mail teams and the logging trains are at the disposal of the missionaries and the companies do all in their power to assist the preacher. Mr. Barnes said to your correspondent: "The lumberjacks readily listen to the preacher. If any person thinks the word 'lumberjack' is synonymous with ignorance, he is making a great mistake. A great number are really intelligent people. Some are not sociable, and some are ignorant, but my experience has been if you use the lumberjack as a gentleman, he will be ready to do the same to you. He hates a hypocrite. Work among them is enjoyable and worth while. I give them a straight, manly talk, and on some occasions I have been somewhat surprised to find a lumberjack so thankful as to put a dollar in my hand. The wonder is that these men are not worse than they are, and they are generally the worst enemy to themselves. They have a claim on the churches, and I wish I could give some people my mind about it."

Mr. Barnes also informed me that while his work was under the direction of the Rev. F. E. Higgins, it was purely undenominational and under the auspices of no special church, and supported by all denominations; that only the vital doctrines of Christianity were preached from the New Testament, and no sectarian doctrines taught; that the work was not done for any church or denomination, but for the pure love of the good done to the lumberjack. Or in the Sky Pilot's words, "For the honor and glory of God."

This organization will issue a paper next fall, to be used specially for the lumberjacks. Its policy will be to instruct, to entertain, and to elevate. It will treat them as men and brothers, and it will be a real service to the men in camp.

The writer worked among the camps near Hibbing for two years and was greatly encouraged in the work by the Powers & Simpson Logging company, and most of the logging companies spare no pains in trying to assist the Sky Pilot in his efforts.

At Northome, and further north, also near International Falls, work is being done in the camps, and one of the pastors among Sky Pilots in now United States Commissioner G. P. Watson of Ripple, who has braved many a storm and risked often his life to carry the gospel to the men in the woods.

Some time ago the writer met a man in a hotel who advanced and extended his hand for a good shake. This man had not forgotten the Sky Pilot who had tried to help him in the days gone by, and this work sows the seeds of goodness in the hearts of some men who have not been in the habit of attending church in their own native homes.

NICHOLS-CHISHOLM LUMBER CAMPS NORTHWEST OF FRAZEE, MINN.

PART OF THE CONGREGATION.

THE SKY PILOT, REV. B. C. BARNES.

LOGS READY FOR SHIPMENT.

GETTING READY FOR BUSINESS.

AN ACTIVE SOCIAL LIFE

Many High School Affairs Will be Given After Lent.

Students Are Planning Functions and Committees Are Appointed.

Preparations for social events to be held immediately after the close of Lent would indicate that the high school will be very gay after Easter.

At the freshman class meeting Wednesday afternoon, President Cannon was authorized to appoint the various committees to arrange for the freshman spread which will be held in the early part of May. The senior boys also held a meeting Tuesday afternoon and although nothing definite was decided, they signified their intention of giving a dance soon after Easter.

These with the sophomore hop, which will take place April 20, ought to keep the social side of school life unusually active for some time.

The chairman of the committees to arrange for the freshman spread are: Decoration, Helen Hawkes; music, Leon Cooley; refreshments, Bessie Whipple.

The freshmen pins are all out and there has been considerable dissatisfaction expressed by members of the class. The russet brown which forms the center of the pin does not contrast clearly enough with the gold rim to be noticeable and this gives the pin a very plain appearance.

The class was unable to give a skating party at the freshman-sophomore hockey game last night as they could not charge admission at the curling rink and the finances of the class would not stand the expenditure necessary for music.

PUBLIC SPEAKERS DEBATE.

Members of the Club Argue on the Primary Law Question.

The Public Speaking club held the first preliminary for the debating team Monday. Frank Boerner and Albert Bawden took the affirmative of the direct primary question and Magnus Fossum and Walter Ecklund, the negative. No decision was given as the affair was entirely informal and after the delivery of the chief arguments on the affirmative the time was taken up in a general discussion of the question. The affirmative and negative seem to be remarkably well balanced in this question, for while there is a mass of evidence in favor or the affirmative, the burden of proof imposed upon them is unusually large.

A second preliminary was to have been held Friday afternoon but was postponed to Monday. At that time, Walter McComber and Richard Johnson will take the affirmative and Fred Ober and Donald Holmes, the negative. A second preliminary will be held Friday, when David Fieldman and Oscar Helam will take the affirmative and Benjamin Frink and Wallace Quimby the negative. After this debate, the team will be picked by Profs. Neal, Townsend and Smith. The debate with Superior is scheduled to be held across the bay on April 6.

High School Notes.

Editor-in-chief Dunning says that Zenith material is coming in very rapidly now. Several good stories have been contributed and the art department is especially favored. Among those who have handed in drawings to the board are: Zora Stout, Edward Mentzer, Miron Bunnell, Edna Ericson, Elpin Sisted, Tom Harrison, Mary Westen and Elsie Wall. Nearly all of the class have had their pictures taken and the remainder expects to be "shot" during next week.

* * *

There will be no meeting of the Agassiz club Monday as no program has been prepared, but a meeting will be held a week from Monday.

* * *

The seniors who took part in the class and the stage committee will hold a banquet next Wednesday evening at Webster's. A program of toasts is being prepared and the banquet will be an elaborate one.

The lunch room will probably be in running order by next Wednesday, across from the football room, which has been fitted out as a kitchen, and tables will be spread in the hall. Mr. Colby, a colored gentlemen with considerable reputation as a chef, will be in charge of the kitchen.

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS CHEAPER LIGHTING.

Minneapolis, March 10.—The city council last night passed by unanimous vote Alderman Walker's 80 cent gas resolution in its amended form, whereby a committee, consisting of one alderman from each ward, is empowered to make a formal demand on the gas company for an 80-cent rate or submit to an arbitration of the question of lowering the price of the commodity. The same council member gave notice of the introduction of an ordinance more clearly defining the relations of the city to the General Electric company and also calling for a reduction in the price of electricity.

But this is not the extent of the agitation for more rigid regulation of the public service corporations. A motion was carried that the city comptroller make a full report of the amounts that have been turned into the public treasury by the public service companies on account of the gross earnings provisions of the various franchises.

TO GIVE TAFT PLACE ON SUPREME BENCH.

Washington, March 10.—The Post says: "President Roosevelt has decided to appoint William H. Taft of Ohio, now secretary of war, to the next vacancy in the United States supreme court.

"That vacancy is to be created by the voluntary retirement of Associate Justice Henry B. Brown, who was appointed in 1890 by President Harrison from the state of Michigan.

"When Chief Justice Fuller retires, provided it is during the administration of Mr. Roosevelt, Mr. Taft will be promoted to this exalted position.

"The president has discussed the entire situation with the secretary of war, and this latter, it was learned last night, has given assent to the program.

"This is the second time Mr. Taft has been offered a place on the supreme bench. The first time was in the winter of 1903, when he was serving as governor of the Philippine Islands.

NARCOTIC DRAUGHT

Which Lasts for Nine Hours and Leaves No Headache.

Paris, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Scokelanin is the name of a new sleeping draught "without a headache." It is used sub-cutaneously and manufactured from a plant found on some Jap island. Some doctors declare it superior to any other sleeping draught. The average dose is effective for nine hours and there are no ill after-effects whatever.

KING CARLOS IS PAINTING CARDS

Which He Will Send by Post for Easter Season.

Lisbon, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—King Carlos is busily engaged on picture post cards for the Easter season. He has been in the habit of making his friends glad by sending them hand painted cards and letterheads for years past, but few know that they were done by the king himself. As a matter of fact Carlos seldom writes a letter without adorning it in some way. In the evening, while talking with his family and friends, he seldom sits without a pencil or brush in hand. He draws on cards, letterheads, any piece of paper nearest at hand. Then, when he writes to a person, he uses the card or letterhead so adorned. Speaking of his passion for drawing and painting, the king said to a friend of your correspondent:

"When I visited Rodin, the famous Paris sculptor recently, he said to me: 'You really have talent—too bad you are a king. You would have made a first-class painter.'

"My teacher's fault," continued Carlos; "old man Fonseca wouldn't allow me to touch paints during the four years while I studied under him. He undertook my artistic education when I was 15, and only on my 19th birthday gave me a paint box. 'You are now a splendid draughtsman,' he said, 'and may become a good aquarellist.' Ever since then I have been passionately devoted to the brush. Of course I have not the time to paint many big pictures, but once a year I finish one. Two years ago a Lisbon jury voted me a prize for my Morocco Warrior. For recreation I do a great many small pictures, water colors, pastels and crayons. Yes, I sign my pictures Karlos, and most of them also with the name where they originate, Carcaes, my summer residence. I seldom leave the house without a sketch book. They say that I can paint portraits, and my portrait of Infanta Eulalie was much praised, but I am not sure whether my critics always forget that I am a king. For my own part I think I can do genre pictures best, and am half convinced I did some good work in the line of painting pictures of our fine Portuguese peasant women.

"They know that I am a good natured fellow," continued the king, "and make use of me whenever they see fit. Some years ago, while at my summer residence, I received a letter from a young woman saying: 'Seeing that I am the prettiest maid in the village, I have no doubt that I am in your majesty's sketch book, once or oftener. Now that I am going to be married, I beg of you to let me have one of those sketches.' I sent for the girl, and not having her picture in the book, forthwith made a sketch of her—did it with pleasure, for she was really very pretty. I gave her a sketch and a couple of gold pieces for a frame, and ever am I compelled, when in my country seat, to repeat the operation for the benefit of the originator's friends. By this time I must have pictures of every maiden in the village, I think."

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

What an artistic effect you can obtain in your store or office by letting us install for you one of our new designs in metal walls and ceilings. Practically indestructible, fire, water and vermin proof, and require no repairs.

Attractive interiors, as you know, draw trade, and why not join the procession of progressive and up-to-date business men and let us figure with you.

Duluth Corrugating and Roofing Company,

Offiice and factory—126-130 East Michigan St., Duluth.

FRED H. LOUNSBERRY. FRANK MAKOWSKI.

F. H. LOUNSBERRY & CO.

Successors to Peachey & Lounsberry.

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LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand

PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.

Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.50. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 297, Duluth, Minn.

MIMEOGRAPHS

The greatest labor saving device of the age. A complete line can be found at

Exclusive Agents for A. B. Dick & Co. **CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR CO.,** 323 West Superior Street

DULUTH REAL ESTATE IS INCREASING IN VALUE!

100 foot corners near Normal School with all city conveniences, at $2,300, $2,600, and $4,000.

A 125 foot corner on 11th Avenue East below Fourth street, just the thing for flats, $4,500.

A tract 225 x 875 fronting on Street Car Line, at 36th Avenue East, $2,700.

Nothing offered equal to this, either as a speculation or a home.

Many lots along East End Ridge and near the NORMAL SCHOOL.

RICHARDSON, DAY & CO.

Stop Paying Rent

$500 cash and $500 a year for 6 years will pay for a modern 10-room house in East End. Let us show it to you.

C. H. GRAVES & CO
Real Estate—Mortgage Loans
First Floor, Torrey Bldg.

HAVE YOUR
Fire Insurance
WRITTEN BY
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg.

$8500 for fine home, Third street—central—nine rooms, hot water heat; very complete.

$5000 for nine-room house, Sixteenth avenue east; full corner lot, shade trees; very warmly built; water, sewer, bath, electric light.

$1600 for ten-room house, 20 West Seventh street; full ot.

$650 for a five-room house near Fairmount school and street ar line, West Duluth. Good condition.

$2600 Superior street lot near Twenty-third avenue west cheap. Worth more money.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

LOANS
5% and 6%
All Privileges Given.
No Delay.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO.
NO. 5 ALWORTH BLDG.

4½% Any Amount All Privileges NO DELAY! 5%
MONEY TO LOAN
BY
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
5½% First Floor, Lonsdale Building. 6%

We Lend Money!
Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.
Cooley & Underhill,
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

VERY CHEAP
50 foot lot on East Fourth Street, between 21st and 22nd Avenues.
$800
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

4½% 5%
Money to Loan
With On or Before Clauss.
John A. Stephenson
WOLVIN BUILDING.

A LIST OF UNIMPROVED PROPERTY THAT AN OUTSIDE PARTY WISHES TO DISPOSE OF:—

Lots 43, 45 and 47, East First St.
Lot 28, East Seventh St.
Lots 26 and 27, block 137, West Duluth, 5th Division.
Lot 11, block 283, West Duluth, 4th Division.
Lots 24, 25 and 26, block 4, Merchants Park Division.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
Room 1, Exchange Building.

EVERYTHING IN
INSURANCE
Fire, Accident, Life } Burglary, Health, Plate Glass
Liability | Contractors, Employers, Elevator, General.
"Strongest Old Line Companies."
Hartman-O'Donnell Agency,
209-210-211 Exchange Bldg.

$15,000 TO LOAN.

In amounts of $500 up to $1,500 at 6 per cent.

On or before clause, with privilege of paying $50 or more at any time. Interest stopped on amount paid.

MONEY ON HAND. NO DELAY.

Ten new flats and three new store rooms for rent.

Julius D. Howard & Co
Real Estate—Loans—Fire Insurance.
216 West Superior St.

LITTLE & NOLTE — INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE — LOANS — ESTABLISHED 1885 — UNDER AM. EX. BANK

?

$1400—Two-and-a-half-story house on Piedmont avenue, near Twenty-first avenue west. Easy terms. Rentals pay 10 per cent. 169-1

$850—Lot 50x140 on Jefferson, near Twenty-first avenue east. Sewer and water. 175-1

$750—Lot 50x140, Fifth street, near Seventeenth avenue east. Sewer and water. 172-1

REAL ESTATE MARKET SHOWS STRONGER TONE

Dealers Say That Conditions Have Improved Greatly During the Past Week—Many Contracts Have Been Let and Others Will be in a Short Time.

A stronger real estate market than has been noted for some weeks has been experienced during the last ten days. A number of good sales both of residence and business property have been made. Inquiry has remained lively and there has been an increased demand for loans, the rates running all the way from 4½ to 6 per cent. Improvement talk is still an important feature. Many important contracts have been let since the first of the year and others are being awarded right along. Some large ones are still in prospect.

* * *

William M. Prindle & Company report the sale for the Travellers' Insurance company, of the west part of the property formerly known as the Lowell flats, for $35,000. The buyer, John B. Erd was represented by A. W. H. Eckstein. The same company has sold the two-story frame residence property at the northwest corner of Sixth avenue West and First street to Marie Obermeyer, for a conideration said to be in the neighborhood of $15,000. Sales have also been made of 33 feet on the upper side of First street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west to local parties, for $3,500; fifty feet on the upper side of Fourth street, between Third and Fourth avenues west to local parties for $3,500. Mr. Newton, of the company, reports a number of loans placed at rates from 4½ to 6 per cent.

* * *

Swen Ferdinand has sold a residence property on the lower side of Third street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west, to B. E. Wilberg, for $3,500. The property is described as lot 428, block 85, Duluth proper, Second division.

* * *

Lida G. Cronch has purchased of J. C. Berry the portion of two lots on the northwest corner of Second street and Seventh avenue east, for $4,500. The property lies on Second street just east of the courthouse and contains two old frame story houses. The lots are known as lots 15 and 16, block 51, Portland division, the purchase including the southerly 70 feet of each.

* * *

S. S. Williamson has purchased from Dr. R. W. Bowden, for $2,500, part of one lot and the whole of two adjoining lots on the upper side of Fourth street, just east of Portland square. The lots are known as the southerly 79 feet of lot 3 and lots 4 and 5, block 97, Portland division. They lie between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues east.

* * *

S. Loeb & Company have sold M. Kassimir a portion of the property at the northwest corner of First street and First avenue east, for $4,000.

* * *

J. J. Wangenstein, the architect, reports the contract for the 50 foot addition to the McKay hotel on West First street awarded to John Grandy. The amount of the contract is not given, but the addition when completed is expected to cost in the neighborhood of $50,000. The present capacity of the hotel is to be doubled. The contract for the new brick hotel building for Charles Korth at Gosnold street and Fifty-third avenue west has been awarded to Emil Zauft on his bid of $12,000.

* * *

Bray & Nystrom, architects, report the contract for the Espenschied barn on First street awarded to J. A. Johnson. The figures are not given, but the barn completed is expected to cost about $25,000. It will be occupied by John Ford. The contract calls for the completition of the building by July 1.

The contract for a 25x100 foot two-story brick business building for M. Rogalsky, at Hibbing, has been let to F. E. Johnson. It will cost about $12,000.

Plans for the Emil Tessman flats at Second avenue East and First street are out for figures. Figures are now being taken on a two-story brick business building to be erected on the lower side of First street, between Lake and First avenues west, for Thomas A. Gall. Bray & Nystrom are making plans for a hospital building at Biwabik, for Dr. C. W. Bray, to replace the structure recently burned down. They are also preparing plans for a residence on East Second street for Fred Merrit. The contract for Isaac Moore's residence at Twenty-third avenue east and Second street was awarded this week to Anderson & Gow.

* * *

A. Terryberry, architect, reports the contract for the Thomas flats, at Seventeenth avenue east and First street, awarded to Nord & Jacobson. The building will contain four flats.

* * *

Plans for the new $40,000 school building at Hibbing have been received at the Duluth Builders' exchange for figures.

* * *

S. M. Lester has taken out a building permit for a frame house on Fourth street, near Fourteenth avenue east, to cost $4,000.

* * *

E. S. Radcliffe is taking bids for a brick flat building for J. La Flohr.

* * *

The supervising architect for the government at Washington has been ordered to make estimates of the cost for enlarging the Duluth postoffice building by a 25-foot addition, on the east side, and a 50-foot addition on the north side, of the federal building, the changes to cost about $250,000.

* * *

W. J. Sullivan, a Duluth young man, who has been employed in some of the local architects' offices, and who is now attending the University of Illinois and taking special work in architecture, recently won first place in the Sophomore class monthly competition. Mr. Sullivan's design was a two-story mansion, along classical lines.

* * *

The contract for remodeling the store building occupied by the F. S. Kelly Furniture company was let today to Bergquist Brothers. The entire five floors and basement of the building will be remodeled and a new front will be put in the building, one of the finest of the modern designs for store windows. Work on the alteration is to begin as soon as the material arrives, which will be within a few days.

* * *

L. A. Larsen & Co. report the following sales: Lot 2, block 83, Endion division, sold for A. B. Chapin to Hulda Hettner for $1,200; lot 13, block 95, Endion division, sold by George W. Horton to C. H. Green for $1,300; a poultry farm in Riverside Park, sold for Harry Edmunds to S. A. Peachy for $1,100; house and lot in block 126, Portland division, sold for $1,200 to George B. Kelley; a lot in block 70, Oneota division, sold for $550 to J. R. McDonald.

Mr. Larsen says the buying of real estate appears to be confined entirely to those seeking homes, either already built or to be built. Money on real estate is easily obtained, but the rate is firm at 6 per cent for ordinary loans, and 5 per cent on first-class loans.

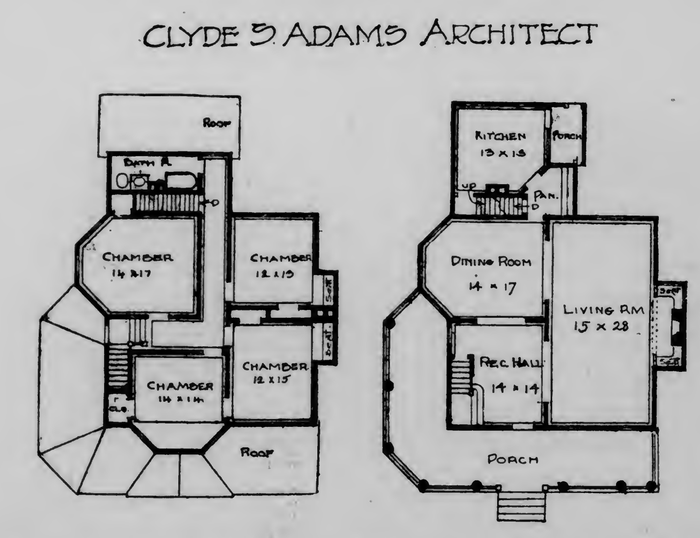
* * *

Transfers for the week as recorded are as follows:

H. J. Jenswold to J. M. O'Gorman, n½ nw¼, section 8, 61-15 ..... $1
Carolina Schmarhl, et mar, to Michael Scanlon, lot 6, block 1, Proctorknott 1,000
Longyear-Mesaba Land & Iron company to Matt Kastith, lot 21, block 3, Aurora 100
West Duluth Land company to Andrew Johnson, lot 11, block 168, West Duluth, Seventh division 250
Same to Charles Downer, lot 10, block 166, West Duluth, Fifth division 300
M. A. Scott to H. G. Seeley, lot 8, block 33, Biwabik 200
Lawrence Kovock, et ux, to H. G. Seeley, lot 9, block 33, Biwabik.. 200
O. P. Johnson, et ux, to G. A. Whiteman, lot 12, block 49, Eveleth 1,900
Chisholm Improvement company to N. Kealey, lot D, block 25, Chisholm 200
Lakeside Land company to Theo. Hollister, parts of lots 1 to 4, block 66, London addition 300
Selmyn Eddy, et al, to Ike Brown, se¼ ne¼, section 6, 52-14 200
Boston & Duluth Farm Land company to Ole Tolonen, ne¼ sw¼, section 19, 49-15 320
S. A. Jones to W. P. James, lots 1 to 3, block 3; lots 11, 12, block 29; lots 3, 4, block 30; lots 15, 16, block 34; lots 11, 12, block 5, West Duluth, First division 1
Josephine Droz to J. A. Shaw, lot 3, block 14, Hazelwood Addition 140
Guaranty Farm Land Co. to F. E. Snider, ne¼ nw¼, section 1; sw¼ nw¼, section 14-59-18 447
Emma W. Gary et mar to W. E. Davey et al, lot 1, e½ nw¼, section 30-60-17 500
John Dewer et al to S. J. Dewer, undivided 1-3 of undivided ½ of sw¼ ne¼, n½ se¼ sw¼ se¼, section 1-61-16 500
John Dewer et ux to W. H. Hipple, undivided 1-3 of undivided ½ of sw¼ ne¼, n½ se¼, sw¼ se¼ section 1-61-16 500
C. A. Gregory et ux to Charles Bornemann, e½ of lot 12, block 2, Gray's Division 2,250
J. G. Scarlett to Charles M. Morris, lot 13, block 15, Marine Division 750
Marcia A. Scott to Henry G. Seeley, lot 8, block 33, Biwabik 175
W. W. Strickland to Virginia Lumber Co., timber on se¼, section 33-61-20 1,250
Henry S. Mahon et ux to Dan Haley, timber on undivided 1-3 of pine on w½, section 6-62-14.... 1,800
The Bronx Co. to P. Paulson, part of se¼ ne¼, section 28, 51-14..... $425
metes and bounds $425
F. A. Ron to M. Fernandez, undivided ½ of lot 7, block 62, Portland 500
C. P. Craig & Co. to C. M. Austin, lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, block 13, Duluth Heights, Sixth Division... 100
Swen Ferdinand et ux to B. E. Willberg, lot 428, block 85, Duluth Proper, Second Division.. 3,500
Elizabeth A. Lake et mar to Anton Vangren, lot 30, block 6, Merchant Park Division 400
D. W. Scott et al to Chas. Pelton, lots 7 and 6, block 15½, lots 9 and 10, block 18, Biwabik 450
Robert Whiteside et ux to Guaranty Farm Land Co., lot 9, section 12-63-14 1
Same to same, lot 7, section 19-64-15 1
Same to same, sw¼ sw¼ section 13; se¼ se¼ section 14; e½ ne¼, section 23-64-13 1
Same to same, lot 9, section 31-64-12, lots 3, 4 and 7, section 36-64-13 1
Same to same, n½ ne¼, sw¼ ne¼, e½ nw, lots 5 and 8, section 12-63-14 1
Ananias Anderson et al to Elias Kangas, lot 15, block 36, Eveleth 475
George C. Howe et ux to Charles d'Autremont, Jr., s½ sw¼, nw¼ sw¼, sw¼ nw¼, section 27-61-15 350
Woodland Co. to O. O. Kalstad, s½ ne¼, nw¼ nw¼, n½ se¼, nw¼ nw¼, section 2-50-13 1,000
Spruce Mining Co. to W. J. Wallace, w½ sw¼, section 15-59-17.. 1
Henry Taylor, as referee to C. L. Rakowsky, lots 6 and 7, e½ sw¼, section 6-51-17 600
O. S. Mather, et al, to Sheldon-Mather Timber Co., s½ ne¼, section 19; sw¼ nw¼, section 20-65-18, s½ nw¼, n½ sw¼, section 28-56-15 1
Jennie Coson et al to Tollof Thompson, e½ of lot 6, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First Division 7
Ludwig B. Thompson to same, e½ of lot 6, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First Division 1
T. F. Maginnis et ux to T. M. Krumseig, e½ of lot 7, block 62, Portland Division 1
Fred A. Klass et ux to Waters-Clark Lumber company, timber on lot 3, s½ nw¼ section 3, se¼ ne¼ section 4-59-20..... 450
T. W. Wahl & Co. to Alpha Mining Co., nw¼ se¼, section 13-58-20 1
Thomas A. Gall et ux to Alpha Mining Co., nw¼ se¼ section 13-58-20 1
H. B. Fryberger to same, same.. 1
P. C. Schmidt et al to same, same 1
H. L. Bilson to same, same..... 1
Oscar Mitchell et al to Alpha Mining Co., nw¼ se¼ section 13-58-20..... 1
J. H. Upham et al to same, same.. 1
Josie Neuman et mar to same, same 1
H. L. Hartley et al to same, same 1
Max Zalk to Dora Rochlan, w½ of lot 58, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First division..... 869
W. D. Washburn, Jr., et al to W. D. Washburn, Jr., Farm Land Co., lot 4, section 3; lots 6 and 7, se¼ se¼ section 4-62-16..... 1
Boston & Duluth Farm Land company to C. O. Eklund, nw¼ nw¼ ne¼, section 22, 61-18 700
John Hunderle, et ux, to George H. Gamble, ne¼ sw¼, section 23,66-16; ne¼ sw¼ ne¼, section 20, 67-17; n½ ne¼, sw¼ne¼, section 29, 67-17 3,000
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Samuel Williams, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 40, Eveleth 1
Longyear Mesaba Land & Iron company to Andrew Champs, lot 19, block 3, Aurora 100
R. W. Bowden, et ux, to S. S. Williamson, southerly 79 feet of lot 3, all of lots 4 and 5, block 97, Portland 2,500
Mary J. Crooly to W. D. Washburn, Jr., lot 4, section 3; lots 6 and 7, se¼ se¼, section 4, 62-16.. 200
John Beltonen, et ux, to George L. Haller, lot 6, block 37, Eveleth 1,000
Charles Kallis to E. F. Johnson, lots 25 and 26, block 79, Virginia.. 400
Lawrence Kovach, et ux, to Virginia Lumber company, lumber on sw¼ ne¼, se¼ nw¼, section 15, 60-21 1,200
W. E. Hannaford et ux to School District No. 42, one acre in nw¼ sw¼ sw¼, section 28-61-18..... 1
Albert Pfering et ux to August Kollschousser, lot 55, block 122, Duluth proper, Third division.... 200
Minawa Iron company to F. S. Colvin, lot 5, section 34-58-16.... 250
Emil Schneider to F. P. Sheldon, ne¼ section 25-65-17..... 1,750
S. Loeb & Co. to M. Kassimir,

Continued on page 11, second column.

AN IDEAL SUBURBAN COTTAGE FOR $3,275



This ideal suburban cottage embodies all the features required to make a thoroughly satisfactory and homelike residence.

There is a large porch, which is especially enjoyable in the summer months. The first floor consists of a hall, living-room, dining-room, kitchen and a convenient pantry. Four large bedrooms with ample closet space and a bathroom are on the second floor.

The entire finish throughout is of hardwood and presents an excellent opportunity for interior decoration. The house is well lighted and ventilated throughout.

It can be erected for $3,275, of which the following is an itemized account:

Digging	$75	Millwork	600	Plastering	175
Stone work	160	Hardware	75	Brick work	100
Cement floor	35	Lumber	700	Plumbing	150
Carpentering	700	Painting and glazing	210	Hot air heating	100
Paper and nails	30	Shingle roofing	125	Range	40
					$3,275

Don't Renew Your Lease!

Elegant New Houses with all the modern conveniences, Lakeside, splendid location—ready to move into on May 1st. Small cash payment, balance as easy as paying rent.

MAIL THIS COUPON.

LAKESIDE LAND COMPANY,
303 Lonsdale Building.

Please explain your Home Building Plan.

*Name*_____
*Street No*_____
*City*_____

EAST END CORNER!

100x140, one of the few good ones left, at only $3,000. Be sure and look this up. It is actually worth $4,000. New residences going up all around this one. Don't delay getting this one. No inquiries over phone. Call or write

L. A. LARSEN & CO.
Both Phones, 253. 102 Providence Building.

Seven-room house in West Duluth—hardwood floors, electric lights, large rooms—price.... $1350

Seven-room house on East Superior street—water, sewer, bath; small barn on property..... $2500

Two five-room flats on East Fifth street—water, sewer, gas, hardwood floors; rents for $26 a month—easy terms—price... $3500

Ten-room house—stone foundation, hardwood floors down stairs, bath, closet, etc.; bought three years ago for $5,000; since then have laid out $1,600 in improvements—price $5300

Twenty acres of land within five miles of heart of city; all improved, with fine buildings; photographs of buildings can be seen at my office. This is a very good proposition. Come and see them—price.. $2500

Three-flat building on East Fifth street—all modern improvements, stone foundation. Rents for $45 a month. Easy terms—price $3600

W. H. REYNOLDS
Real Estate.
417 Burrows Building.

$1600 Fine eight-room house at Lakeside, on street car line. 50-foot lot. Worth $2,500.

$3500 Seven-room house, strictly modern; lot 57½x140 feet—on East Second street.

$1650 Eight-room house; city water, on East Fifth St.

$1900 Seven-room house—water, sewer, bath; West Second street; central.

$1150 Five-room house, 50-foot lot, good barn; monthly payments; in West end.

EBY & GRIDLEY
Bell 'phone 1190-L. 510 Palladio Bldg.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

$20000 Fifty feet on First street, good investment.

$3000 Lot (50x140) East Fourth street.

$1000 Two lots (100x140) East Sixth street.

$1400 Two lots (100x140) East Superior street.

$800 Two lots (50x140) East Sixth street.

10 acres garden and dairy land and 13½ acres garden and lairy land near city on Hermantown road.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN,
401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. phone, 338.
Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY
General Insurance and Surety Bonds
YOU WANT THE BEST WE FURNISH IT
TORREY BLD'G 1ST FLOOR

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

CRUISE to the TROPICS

The S. S. PRETORIA, 3,300 tons, sails February 17th, 1906, on a special cruise, calling at Bermuda, San Juan (Porto Rico), St. Croix, St. Kitts, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, Trinidad, Jamaica, Havana and Nassau; length of cruise 39 days. Other Steamers for West Indies and Bermuda every ten days. For illustrated pamphlets giving rates and all information apply to A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 32 Broadway, N. Y. A. Ahern, Sec'y, Quebec, Canada, or Cook & Son, 234 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

EUROPE FIFTY TOURS

Tours de Luxe and Vacation, covering all Europe. Varied routes; choice of steamship lines, including all traveling expenses, $175 to $1185

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 & 1185 Broadway, 640 Madison Ave., New York.
Independent Travel Tickets Everywhere.
Remove May 1 from 261 to 245 Broadway.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN
Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.
There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville, surrounded by one of the finest parks of 160 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.
Open all the year. Write for booklet.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 6:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
* 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	* 9:50 p.m
* 3:50 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast, Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia, St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m		* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m		†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m		† 9:50 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail All Points East.	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †6:45 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays	A.M.	P. M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:02
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Kainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

THE ALVERADO
Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod, Proprietor and manager. 212-214 West Superior Street.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
HOTEL McKAY
Corner First street and Fifth avenue West, Opp. Postoffice, Duluth.

The Miller
222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

$5,500
WILL BUY THE PROPERTY AT
NO. 221 EAST FOURTH STREET.
9-room house, furnace, bath, gas, stone foundation, fine basement. Choice lot, 50x140, upper side. Terms, very reasonable.
Geo. R. Laybourn, 14 Phoenix Block.

Special Buys!

$2,200.00—50 feet on Fourth street near Fourth avenue west. Fine lot at very low price, for quick action.
$1,800.00—Fourth street near Second avenue east; 9-room house for two families. Large shed in rear.
$2,425.00—Fifth street near Sixth avenue east; 8-room house for two families; in very fine shape.
$2,850.00—Seventh avenue east near Fourth street; 8-room house.
$3,750.00—Fourth street near Thirteenth avenue east; fine 8-room house; hardwood finish; modern.
$6,500.00—Two very fine 8-room houses in East end; in best locations.
$7,500.00—Elegant double house on Second street, near Twentieth avenue east.
And many others.
N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

Moderate Priced Homes.

$3150 Seven-room house on Third street, near Sixth avenue east; stone foundation, hot water heat, gas, bath, etc.; good plumbing. (3267)

$2300 Eight-room house on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue east; bath, etc.; city water and sewer, electric light and gas, combination fixtures; small barn; 25-foot lot. (3268)

$3000 Eight-room house on Fifth street, near Second avenue west; bath, electric light, furnace, grate and mantel; hardwood finish on first floor; stone foundation; easy payments. (61)

$4200 Large lot and nice seven-room house on Oxford street at Hunters' Park; stone foundation, furnace, bath, gas and electric light, grate and mantel, hardwood floors throughout. (3332)

$2500 On East Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue—seven-room house, bath, city water and sewer, small barn; lot 25x105 feet. (4067)

$1800 Two lots, making 100x139 feet, on upper side of Grand avenue, near Fifty-fourth avenue east, with seven-room house, electric light. Easy payment plan.

$950 At West Duluth, in very good location, above Grand avenue; seven-room house, city water—25-foot lot. Easy payments. (3991)

MONEY TO LOAN.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK

MR. WAGE EARNER:
$475 buys a lot 44x150, on Forty-sixth avenue west between two car lines; city water and gas and improved avenue; good drainage. $75 cash and balance on easy terms.
$360 buys a corner lot in our Bryant addition, (Thirty-first avenue west above Third street), gas and water in the street, near ore docks, school and car line. $25 cash, balance $10 per month without interest. Lot 50x90 and level.
$325 buys fine 50-foot corner on Forty-second avenue west and Sixth street. $125 cash, balance at 6 per cent. A good building lot.
BERT N. WHEELER,
408 BURROWS BLOCK.

$4200 34x140—First street; very heart of city. Six-room house, fine repair. Fine bath, etc.
$4750 Thoroughly modern eight-room brick house. Five minutes' walk from this office. First-class repair.
These are genuine snaps and are a fine buy as homes or investment purposes.
T. W. WAHL & CO., 201 Exchange Building.

REAL ESTATE MARKET SHOWS STRONGER TONE

(Continued from page 10.)

part of lots 13, 15 East First street, Duluth proper, First division, (metes and bounds)..... 4,000
Guaranty Farm Land company to W. D. Washburn, Jr., lots 5, 8, e½ se¼, section 25-64-14 and other lands..... 945
Duluth Home & Garden company to W. D. Underdorfer, 2.44 acres out of sw¼ sw¼, section 1-49-15.. 366
Frank Zukrajsek et ux to E. Winer, lot 23, block 23, Eveleth..... 700
J. W. Cowgill et ux to Esther Brockway, timber on w½ nw¼, se¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼, section 28-61-13..... 1
David Forti et ux to Michael Gaartien, south 9 feet of lot 5, lots 6 and 7, block 100, Virginia.. 1
E. L. Williams to A. B. Chapin, lot 2, block 83, Endion..... 1
F. W. Hargreaves et ux to same, same..... 1
E. E. Collins to same, same..... 1
Michael Gaartien to David Forti, lots 1 to 4, part of lot 5, block 100, Virginia..... 1
W. F. Milhart to O. J. Harr, s½ nw¼, n½ sw¼, section 15-58-14.. 640
Hope Monsen et mar to Peter Cosgrove, lot 30, block 2, Sparta..... 225
West Duluth Land Co. to Fred Guilmet, lot 14, block 215, West Duluth, Third division..... 250
Abraham Webber et al to John Glernot, lots 6 and 7, block 42, Marshall & Whipple's addition.. 150
Virginia Improvement Co. to John E. Olson, lot 13, block 15, Virginia 250
Same to William Johanson, lot 5, block 48, Virginia..... 200
G. C. Dickerman to W. F. King, lots 5, 14, 15 and 16, block 3, Proctorknott..... 500
John C. Bergy et al to Lida G. Cronch, southerly 70 ft of lots 15 and 16, block 51, Portland..... 4,500
W. Kealey et ux to George Brince lot 5, block 24, Eveleth..... 1,250
Karl J. Hagberg to Ollie Parsons, w½ of lot 228, block 53, Duluth Proper, Second division..... 950
Peter O. Hanson et al to Anton E. Johnson, lots 1 and 2, block 86, Virginia..... 550
Peter O. Hanson to C. R. Johnson, lots 3 and 4, block 86, Virginia, Second division..... 425
Max Brauchamp to W. F. King, lot 8, block 3, Proctorknott..... 600
Joseph Keller to Virginia Lumber Co., timber on se¼ ne¼, e½ se¼ and sw¼ se¼ sections 13-60-21.... 2,000
H. B. Caldwell et al to Virginia Lumber Co., timber on se¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼, and s½ sw¼, section 20-60-19..... 1,925
J. D. McDonald to W. H. Cook et al, e½ sw¼, sw¼ se¼, lot 9, section 34-54-18..... 1
Louis Misz et ux to Great Northern Power company, easement in part of ne¼ se¼ section 10-49-15 and other lands..... 1

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value.
$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.
Call in and see us about the above.
C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

FINE LOTS.
Twenty-eighth avenue west and First street..... $600
Double corner, Thirtieth avenue west—near car line.. $600
Level lots on Twenty-fourth avenue east and Jefferson street—price..... $450
100-foot front, corner lots—Twenty-first avenue east, below railroad..... $600
Twelve 50-foot lots, London addition—close to car line—..... $1600
Interstate Land & Investment Co.
102 Providence Building.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education, School District No. 27, Hibbing, Minnesota, up to 2:00 p. m., March 20th, 1906, for the erection and completion of a Public School Building. Bids will be addressed to A. P. Silliman, Clerk of School District No. 27, Hibbing, Minnesota, and endorsed on the envelope "Proposal for School Building." Bids will not be taken at this time upon plumbing, heating or lighting.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check amounting to 10 per cent of the bid, made payable to the order of W. H. Day, Director, as a guarantee that bidder will enter into contract with Board of Education. Successful bidder will be required to furnish a Surety Company Bond, satisfactory to the Board of Education, in full amount of his contract.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on file with A. P. Silliman, Clerk of School District No. 27, Hibbing, Minnesota; at the Builders Exchange, Duluth, Minnesota; at the Builders' Exchange, St. Paul, Minnesota; at the Builders' Exchange, Minneapolis, Minnesota, or at the office of the Architects, W. R. Parsons & Son Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

Special arrangements can be made with the Architects for the exclusive use of a set of the Plans until date of letting, if desired.

Time of completion of the work is the 15th of August, 1906.

Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of Board of Education.
A. P. SILLIMAN,
Clerk.

Dated at Hibbing, Minnesota, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1906.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 26-Mar 1-5-7-10-14-17.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Three Hundred Thirty-eight Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Hansen and Bertina Hansen (who signed her name Bertine Hansen), his wife, mortgagors, to W. D. Van Brunt, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of January, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of St. Louis, and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of January, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 53 of Mortgages, on page 26, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz.:

Lot number One (1), in Block number Ten (10) in Walbank's addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, said premises being in St. Louis County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County and State on the Twentieth day of March, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Three Hundred Thirty-eight Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars Attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 2, A. D. 1906.
W. D. VAN BRUNT,
Mortgagee.

ALFORD & HUNT,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
904 Torrey Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 3-10-17-24, March 3-10, 1906.

Copper Range Consolidated Company.

DIVIDEND NO. 5.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held February 28th, 1906, a quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share was declared, payable on Saturday, March 31st, 1906, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 7th, 1906. The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on Wednesday, March 7th, and will be opened on Monday morning, April 2nd, 1906.

FREDERIC STANWOOD,
Treasurer.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

WANTED—TO RENT.

DESK ROOM, OR WOULD SHARE OFFICE. Central location. "Alpha," Herald.

EIGHT OR NINE-ROOM HOUSE, EAST end preferred. G 89, Herald.

FROM MAY 1, STORE SUITABLE FOR cigar and confectionery; good location. Address W 86, Herald.

WANTED — BY A GENTLEMAN, ACcommodation for room and board in private family; central. State location and terms, etc. Address Box G 69, Herald.

WANTED — FOUR OR FIVE-ROOM flat, furnished or unfurnished; central location preferred, by young married couple; references furnished. Address F 4, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT — THREE-ROOM furnished flat, centrally located for light housekeeping. References exchanged. F. M., Herald.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, one or two desirable furnished rooms, light housekeeping privileges preferred; East end. G 200, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GYMNASIUM MAT. Call or address 427 West Michigan St.

SECOND - HANDED LOW - WHEEL truck for moving gasoline engine; reasonable price. 'Phone 63, A. Quackenbush, Proctor.

STANDING TIMBER IN MINNESOTA. Address V 9, Herald.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT—Top floor Burrows bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR LOT 2049, block 145, Crosley Park addition. G 43, Herald.

$7,000 WILL BUY NOS. 221 AND 223 EAST Third street; full lot, desirable location; 9-room houses; furnace heat; water; sewer; bath; gas, etc. Good income producing property; pays 13 per cent; will increase in value. For sale exclusively by St. Louis County Realty company, Torrey building.

I CAN LOCATE YOU ON THE FARM lands on Willow River and Little Fork valleys. New rail and county roads now under construction. Pat Greaney, Ashawa, Minn.

TWO FINE BUILDING LOTS, ONE-half block from car, at Lakeside; will sell at a bargain. Address W. H. Robinson, 3408 Boyd street, Omaha, Neb.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — POINTER DOG; COLOR LIVer and white; when lost was wearing rose leather collar with name plate marked H. E. Speakes, Superior, Wis. Finder notify H. E. Speakes, Superior, Wis. Old 4413-K; new 4184. Reward.

Found—Place equipped for doing good work while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

LOST — FUR BOA BETWEEN GARfield avenue and Twentieth avenue west. Finder return to 310 Garfield avenue and receive reward.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

POIRIER & CO., 106 East Superior street.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. A. FERGUSON, GRADUATE midwife, 617 Fifth Ave. E. Old 'phone 434-L.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg

UPHOLSTERING.

TELEPHONE YOUR UPHOLSTERING wants to Cameron. He will call at your residence with a complete assortment of coverings and estimate your work. Zenith 'phone 787. Bell, 325-L.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

MORRISON'S TAILORING.

YOU CAN HAVE A GOOD SUBSTANtial, stylish suit made at Morrison's for less than you can get the same quality for anywhere. Come and see. D. M. Morrison, 8 Lake avenue south.

BRILLIANT AUDIENCE

English Grand Opera Delights Musical and Artistic Duluth.

Savage Company Gives Fine Production of Wagner's "Lohengrin."

CAST.

Lohengrin .. ..Joseph Sheehan
King Henry I .....Robert Kent Parker
Telramund .. ..Arthur Deane
Herald.. .. ..Thomas D. Richards
Elsa of Brabant .. ..
.. ..Miss Gertrude Rennyson
Ortrud .....Miss Margaret Crawford
Gottfried .. ..Miss Mathilde Metz
Conductor, N. B. Emanuel.

Duluth had its first performance of grand opera in English last evening at the Lyceum, when the Savage English Grand Opera company sang "Lohengrin," and easily the most brilliant audience the theater has ever held was present. Musical, artistic and social Duluth was there and revelled in the magnificence of Wagner and the splendid interpretation of his beautiful "Lohengrin." In a sense Duluth was on trial, for a failure to show its appreciation of Mr. Savage's efforts would have meant the elimination of this city from future calculations, but the manner in which Duluth has come forward makes it certain that this city can always have its grand opera season as long as Mr. Savage continues his company. It is no small undertaking that this daring manager has attempted, and the success he is attaining is gratifying not only to himself but to all lovers of the musical and artistic. In making it possible for the people, and above all for musical students, to see the works of the greatest masters of dramatic music presented in an adequate manner, he is doing a great work, and one that earns him all the people can give him. It is true that greater productions can be seen in this country, but not every one can go to them—and that is what must be done—whereas Mr. Savage brings them to us.

To present grand opera outside the large cities requires courage, but when it is Wagnerian opera, which not so very long ago the impressarios were fearful of, it becomes almost daring. In the great centers which draw from a wide field, it is not so much a hazard as to carry it to the people where it must be depended upon to draw from all classes in order to fill the theaters in which it is produced, and without filled theaters it could not survive. And yet, venturesome as it might seem to be Duluth, in two out of three performances, hears Wagner and packs the houses.

"Lohengrin," composed in 1845, was not produced till 1850 when, under the direction of Liszt it was presented at Weimar. Wagner was 32 when he wrote "Lohengrin," the story being drawn from German legend where it is the subject of various poems dating back to the thirteenth century. Like most of the German legends the story is picturesque and lends itself easily to dramatic treatment. It has a double motive, the triump of the innocent and the test of true love, which the legend affirms can only exist side by side with perfect trust. The failure of the heroine to respond to the supreme test gives the tragic note that Wagner is ever keen to express.

"Lohengrin" is a tone poem where the composer's aim is to suggest, to typify and to symbolize the theme and the character of the story. With it is interwoven a continuous stream of illustrative melody running through the whole gamut of musical expression. There is no formal sequence of recitative, duet, quartet and chorus and there are no lyrics in the ordinary acceptance of the term. The orchestration is constantly changing with the poem itself and is a running comment, responding to every variation of feeling and emotion.

The hero, Lohengrin, was the mythical Knight of the Swan, the son of Parsifal, famous in the Arthurian cycle and a Knight of the Holy Grail. He is carried in a boat drawn by a swan to Antwerp where he vindicates the innocence of Elsa, princess of Brabant, who has been falsely accused of murdering her brother. Lohengrin becomes her husband on condition that she shall never ask his name. Disturbed by doubts suggested by Ortrud, wife of Telramund her false accuser, she cannot refrain from asking Lohengrin to disclose his name and lineage. By doing this she loses him. The swan comes with the boat to take him back to his duty at the shrine of the Holy Groll. But before he departs he restores to Elsa her lost brother who has been turned into the swan by Ortrud's sorcery. At that moment a white dove descends from the skies and takes the place of the swan, bearing him away.

A fine note is struck immediately upon the rising of the curtain. In a meadow on the banks of the Scheldt near Antwerp are assembled the nobles of Brabant under the presidency of Henry I., king of Germany. Frederick Telramund, a Brabant noble, brings his charge of murder against Elsa, princess of Brabant, who asks that a knight she has seen in a vision may be summoned to be her champion. This is the famous "Dream Song" or Elsa's prayer. The swan motive is heard and Lohengrin arrives. He defeats Frederick and is accepted by Elsa as her husband. The second set, beginning with Elsa's beautiful aria on the balcony of her palace, is largely devoted to depicting the evil influence exerted over Elsa by Ortrud, Telramund's wife, who interrupts the Wedding March at the very door of the church. Act three opens with a lively epithalamium to the newly wedded pair and closes with the tragic question of Elsa and the knowledge that by it she has lost her husband forever. In the last act Lohengrin discloses himself and departs, while Elsa in a paroxysm of despair throws herself upon the rocky bank of the stream.

The performance given this delightful work was altogether a most pleasurable one. The Elsa of Miss Gertrude Rennyson is intelligent, convincing and more than adequate. Her voice is of fine quality, even and finely handled. She grew upon one, the impression at the close of the second and third acts being much finer than that at the close of the first. It would hardly be right to call her great, but at all times she was thoroughly good. Joseph Sheehan was Lohengrin and sang the part with fine feeling and throughout was the dignified and virtuous Knight of the Holy Grail. His voice is very even and smooth and he sings with ease and repose. The climax of the opera is unquestionably the famous Grail song in the final act and this was finely rendered.

Especially fine was the singing of the king's part by Robert Kent Parker, basso. His voice is of delightful quality, rich, resonant, and compelling, and his enunciation was perfect. Arthur Deane was fine in the role of Telramund and Thomas D. Richards as the herald sang with splendid effect. Miss Margaret Crawford, the contralto, is dramatic and gave a powerful impersonation of Ortrud, the evil spirit of the opera. Her singing was on the whole fine, though there were spots where a little roughness appeared, possibly due to a cold.

Chevalier Emanuel conducted and the reading of the score was fine. The orchestra is a delight at every movement and a splendid accord between singers and musicians was at all times evident. At no moment did the instrumentation drown the singer, but the harmony between them was at all time perfect.

The chorus, too, deserves mention for its intelligent and adequate work. The costuming and mounting of the opera are all in keeping with the Savage reputation for giving the best that the artist and costumer can provide.

This afternoon "Tannhaeuser" was sung, and tonight "Faust" Gounod's great opera, will be given with the following cast, and commencing at 8:15 sharp:

Faust ....Francis Maclennan
Mephistopheles .....Ottley Cranston
Marguerite .....Miss Martha Miner
Valentine .....Thomas D. Richards
Seibel .....Miss Elsie Van der Voort
Wagner .....Martin L. Bowman
Martha .....Miss Helen Petre
Conductor, Eugene Salvatore.

MICHELET'S SCALP IS SOUGHT AT CAPITAL.

Washington, March 10. — Senator George B. Ward and J. L. Spaulding of Alexandria who are in Washington for several days, will not disclose their business, but it is believed by those who are in touch with them they are here to arrange for the appointment of an Indian agent at White Earth to succeed Simon Michelet of Minneapolis. The latter was appointed four years ago on the recommendation of Senator Nelson, who has been friendly to him ever since. It is understood, however, that Commissioner Leupp wants to make a change there and Representative Steenerson is also opposed to Michelet, as he wants to appoint a man from the ninth district, whose name he won't disclose. Michelet's term expired last month.

ONLY CLUE IS BANKBOOK.

Authorities Fail to Identify Sick Stranger at Park Rapids.

Little Falls, Minn., March 10.—The city authorities of Park Rapids have telephoned to the First National bank here in the hope of being able to identify a man who is sick and unconscious in the hospital at Park Rapids. The only clue the Park Rapids officials found as to the man's identify was a certicate of deposit at the First National bank of Little Falls, made payable to Gus Johnson. Upon examination of its books the bank officials found that such a certificate had been issued by them, but all endeavors to discover the identify of the man to whom is was issued have so far proven unavailing.

MODIFIED FOOTBALL

Will be Played by the Western Colleges This Year.

Reform Conference Decides on Final Changes in the Rules.

Chicago, March 10.—Western colleges are to have football this year, although the style of game will be modified to such an extent that all brutality and unnecessary danger will be eliminated. This was the decision reached here last night by faculty representatives of the "big nine" colleges in a second "reform" conference called by President Angell of the University of Michigan. The conference was held to consider the recommendations made at the last conference as several of the universities were dissatisfied at the recommendations made there. The recommendations which were most objected to were the abolishing of the professional coach and the training table and the three year rule. The professional coach is to remain only as long as existing contracts are in force. This means that Indiana and Michigan will be the only colleges in the organization this year which will have the services of a professional. The teams of the other seven universities will be either taught the game by members of the faculty or will use the graduate coach system.

The training table, one of the principal adjuncts of a football team, is a thing of the past. An effort was made by some of the colleges to have this rule rescinded, but the sentiment was in favor of its abolishment.

In regard to the style of game to be played, a committee was appointed with authority to pass judgment on the rules adopted by the American rules committee. If these rules are found to be unsatisfactory, the committee is vested with power to frame regulations of its own. The members of this committee are Professors Sampson of Indiana; Smith of Iowa, and Moran of Purdue.

Heretofore the football season has lasted until Thanksgiving day, but in the future the last game will be decided on the Saturday before Thanksgiving.

The three rule was changed so that all students who have taken part in atletics for only three years will be eligible for another term. At the end of 1906, however, the rule will be put in force so that it will include all athletics. The regular intercollegiate conference will meet here today to take final action on the recommendations. As the majority of the representatives at last night's meeting will take part in today's conference, it is believed all the recommendations will be adopted as they now stand.

The following are the principal recommendations which will be placed before tomorrow's meeting:

That no student may participate in athletics unless he shall have been in residence one year; that no student may participate in athletics for more than three years in the aggregate except those who were members of last year's teams and that participation shall be confined to undergraduates.

That no team consisting in whole or in part of college students shall play with high schools, academies or independent professional schools.

That no more than five intercollegiate games of football shall be played each season.

That freshmen and second elevens play only with the teams of their own institutions.

That the price of admission to intercollegiate contests for members of the university be not more than 50 cents, including reserved seats.

That no training table be maintained; that to be eligible for athletics the student must have passed all entrance requirements, all intervening work, be taking full work in the current semester; that hereafter there shall be no coaching except by regular members of the instructional staff of the faculty and that the salary attaching to the position shall be no more than that paid to other members of the faculty of the same rank. This rule shall be enforced just as soon as existing contracts have run their course. That there shall be no preliminary training prior to the beginning of instructions; that the football season end the Saturday before Thanksgiving.

SEARCHING FOR MOTHER.

Clinton Police Find Boy in Railroad Yards With Feet Frozen.

Clinton, Iowa, March 10.—Harry Stafford, 11 years of age from Wheaton, Ill., was picked up by the police Thursday night in the railroad yards. The boy's feet were frozen, and he was in a pitable condition. He told the police yesterday that while he was at school at Wheaton two weeks ago, his mother disposed of the household goods and left him, and that he has not been able to find her, though he has been searching for her ever since. The authorities will care for the lad for the present.

RECORDER ARRESTED

W. A. Masters of Chisholm is Indicted for Soliciting a Bribe.

Charged With Asking $100 for Execution of a Contract.

W. A. Masters, village recorder at Chisholm, is indicted for soliciting a bribe while acting in his official capacity. Mr. Masters was at the courthouse on business this morning when the indictment was returned, and he was arrested on a bench warrant issued before he left the building. He was arraigned this noon and given until Monday afternoon to plead, although he has the privilege of pleading sooner, and intimated that he might do so in order to get back to Chisholm on the afternoon train.

Judge Cant fixed Mr. Masters' bail at $2,000. It was expected at noon that arrangements would be completed with a bond company to furnish it, and that Mr. Masters would be released from custody pending his trial.

The crime that Mr. Masters is alleged to have committed is stated by the indictment to have occurred in May last year. It is recited that the Crowley Electric company of this city had been awarded the contract for furnishing the village of Chisholm with a complete waterworks, the price being $8,375.40. After the village council passed on the contract it became the duty of the recorder to sign and execute the same.

The council acted on the contract May 16, 1905, but it is alleged that Recorder Masters did not execute the same until June 15.

During this interval it is charged that Mr. Masters wilfully, unlawfully and feloniously, in his capacity as a public officer, asked and demanded of D. D. Crowley, president of the Crowley Electric company, that he be paid $100 to sign and execute the contract. It is alleged that Mr. Masters refused to sign the contract, although it had been passed on by the council and was his duty to do so, unless he was paid the $100.

Mr. Masters is a young man well known on the ranges. He was an important witness at the several trials of William Grant, now deceased, when the latter was president of the village of Chisholm and was indicted for various alleged public offenses.

Two indictments for burglary in the third degree were returned against Albert Schultz, and one indictment against Henry Lauka when the grand jury made its final report to Judge Cant and was dismissed, at noon. Schultz is accused of breaking into Patrick Mulligan's saloon on Superior street and into the Sattler Liquor company's store on Michigan street. Lauka is alleged to have stolen $3) from a companion at Chisholm.

There are quite a number of indictments in the hands of the court that are not yet made public for the reason that the persons named are not yet in custody, but bench warrants have been issued in most cases and it is likely that the persons accused will be arraigned within the next few days.

Judge Cant ordered the discharge from custody of the sheriff of Frank Berry and John Adamson, nothing have been done by the grand jury relative to their cases. Berry, who is but a youth, was arrested on the charge of drawing a razor on a range bartender. It is understood that the bartender first drew an ice pick on the boy and the grand jury evidently deemed the boy's action somewhat justifiable.

Adamson was arrested at Chisholm charged with bigamy. He was recently married in this county. It was claimed that he left a wife in Finland, but the trouble of securing the necessary evidence on that score on which to base an indictment was more than the grand jury desired to undertake.

Sunday Band Concert.

Assisted by Miss Clara Richardson, soprano, the Third Regiment band will give a concert at the Lyceum, Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock. A splendid program has been arranged, including a number of selections well known, and always liked, beside a one or two that are quite new. The piece de resistance is the descriptive music, which is the greatest thing of its kind ever offered by the band. The program follows:

"Star Spangled Banner" .....
March—"Gallant Fifth" ..... Lax
Overture—"Barber of Seville" ....Rossini
a. Caprice—"The Whistler and His Dog" ..... Pryor
b. March Humoresque — "The Street Piano" ..... Howe
Waltz de' concert—"Dream on the Ocean" ..... Gungl
Reading—"Epitaph on Washington"...
Soprano solo—"My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice," from Samson and Delilah" ..... Saint Saens
Miss Clara Richardson.
A Realistic tone picture—"The Civil War" ..... Tobani
A grand realistic tone-picture of the recent calamitous events between the North and South, portraying most graphically some of the exciting scenes and incidents, and making a true music panorama, through its various movements, from beginning to end. Synopsis—Opening—Peace reigns over our country—Industries —Busy factories (North)—In the cotton fields (South)—A lull—Murmurs of discontent which lead to secession—Inauguration of President Lincoln—Resentment—The first gun is fired on Fort Sumter—The call to arms—The martial strains of the drum and fife are heard in every village—Troops to the front—Soldiers' farewell—Embarkation, all aboard on the train—The massing of armies, patriotic airs of the Blue and Gray—The Bivouac—Sundown—Trumpet call "the retreat"—Men retire to quarters, talking about the loved ones at home—The "Tatoo," "Extinguish lights," "taps"—Above the tread of the sentinels is heard an occasional challenge—Rifle shots exchanged by the outposts—Day breaks—"Reveille"—General alarm to arms—Troops hurrying into positions; an occasional gun is heard—Commence firing—The battle—Grand cavalry charge—Patriotic airs are heard spurring the armies on—Bugle call for bayonet charge—Shouts arise above the ding of musketry and roar of cannon—Grand climax—Pursuit—Cease firing—Victory—Prayer—Peace proclaimed—United again forever under one flag, the Star Spangled Banner.

COURT SUSTAINS WILL.

Bequest to Mrs. Scovell, to Carry on Temperance Work, Stands.

Winona, Minn., March 10.—A bequest made by an Olmsted county woman, Mary Gilchrist, in her will to Mrs. Bessie Laythe Scovell, president of the Minnesota W. C. T. U., to carry on the temperance work, has just been sustained by Judge Arthur H. Snow of the Third judicial district. The bequest gave to Mrs. Scovell a house and lot in Stewartville. The action to set this aside was begun by Sarah R. Odell, on the grounds of fraud and incompetency, both of which were disallowed by Judge Snow.

TRANSPORTS AT PORT SAID.

Port Said, Egypt, March 10.—The United States transports Kilpatrick and McClellan, having on board the First Infantry, bound for the Philippines, arrived here today from Valetta, Island of Malta, March 6.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHEAT HAS GOOD GAIN

Government Report of Farm Reserves Gives Market Firm Tone.

Flax Has Good Advance, Though Foreign Markets Are Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 10.—The wheat market while higher, was during most of the morning in a suspensive attitude awaiting the government report of farm reserves. When it finally came out giving the reserves of wheat at 158,403,000 bus., it caused a firmer tone, the estimate being for 165,000,000 to 200,000,000 bus. Last year's figures were 111,000,000 bus. There is noticed among the trading element a growing distrust of the reliability of the government figures. For instance, it was at once asked when the report came out this morning as to how, when the government had put the crop of the wheat at about 73,000,000 bus., higher than the Jones figures, it made reserves about 7,000,000 less than he did. The answer will probably be awaited for some time.

Liverpool was unchanged to ¼d lower, Paris unchanged to ¼c higher, Berlin ½c lower, and Budapest unchanged. There is a stronger tone on the foreign inquiries of exporters, and the buyers abroad are showing some interest, where a few days ago they were out of the market.

The May option gained ⅝c in Duluth, ⅞-7⅝c in Chicago, ⅜c in Minneapolis and Winnipeg, ½c in New York, and ⅝-¾c in St. Louis and Kansas City. The July option advanced ⅝c in Duluth and Chicago, ⅜c in Minneapolis, St. Louis and Kansas City, and ¼c in New York and Winnipeg.

Corn reserves were reported by the government at 1,168,000,000 bus., which was about the expectation. Corn was firmer, the May option in Chicago advancing ¼c in spite of a decline of ¾d at Liverpool. May oats gained ¼-⅜c in Chicago.

Car receipts at Duluth were 80, against 16 last year and at Minneapolis 294, against 287 last year, making a total of 374 for the Northwest against 253 last year. Chicago received 12, against 21 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 428,000 bus., last year 380,000 bus. Shipments 184,000 bus, last year 324,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 50,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 379,000 bus, last year 773,000 bus. Shipments 414,000 bus, last year 349,000 bus. Clearances were 418,000 bus.

Trading in wheat was quiet but strong in the Duluth market. May wheat opened unchanged at 75⅞c and by 9:45 had advanced to 76⅛c. At 9:50, the price had fallen to 76c, rallied to 76⅜c at 10:10, fell off to 76⅛c shortly afterwards and was a shade higher at 76¼-⅜c by 11:35. The closing price was 76¼c, a gain of ⅝c over yesterday. July wheat opened ⅛c higher at 77⅜c, fell to 77⅝c, rallied to 78¼c, fell to ⅞c and closed at 78¼c, a gain of ⅜c over yesterday.

Although the foreign cables were lower, flax was stronger in this market. The Duluth market has shown an ability during the past few weeks, to absorb much selling and with a firmer feeling advances came easily. Flax was ¾c lower in London and 1¼c lower in Antwerp. A small amount of flax was worked for export in the Duluth market. May flax opened ⅛c higher at $1.15, fell to $1.14¾, rallied to $1.15½, decline dagain to $1.14⅜ and ranged between that and $1.15½ during the rest of the session, with fair trading. The closing price was $1.15⅝, a gain of ⅞c over yesterday. July flax opened ¼c higher at $1.16¼, a gain of ¾c over yesterday. September flax was inactive and closed at $1.15¾, a gain of ⅜c over yesterday.

May oats and oats to arrive and on track were ⅛c higher, and the other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive: No. 1 northern, 75¼c; No. 2 northern, 73¼c. On track—No. 1 northern, 75¼c; No. 2 northern, 73¼c; May, 76⅛c; July, 78⅛c; September, 77⅝c; durum No. 1, 71c; No. 2, 69c. Flax—To arrive, $1.13⅜; on track, $1.13⅜; May, $1.15⅜; July, $1.16⅜; September, $1.15⅜; October, $1.14⅜. Oats—To arrive, 28⅝c; on track, 28⅝c; May, 28⅝c. Rye, 56c. Barley, 37-45c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 80, last year 16; oats 19, rye 2, barley 22, flax 61, last year 3.

Receipts: Wheat, 46,258; oats, 44,980; rye, 916; barley, 19,566; flax, 36,143.

Shipments: Oats, 1,300.

Cash Sales Saturday.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars.....$0.74¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car 75
No. 1 northern, 1 car 75¼
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car 73
No. 2 northern, 4 cars 73¼
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 71
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 71½
No. 3 wheat. 1 car 72
No. 2 wheat, 1 car..... 72⅝
Durum wheat, 1,000 bus, No. 1..... 71
Durum, 1 car, No. 2..... 68
Durum, 1 car, no grade 68
Flax, 3 cars 1.13
Flax, 2,000 bus 1.13
Flax, 600 bus 1.13¼
Barley, 1 car 37
Barley, 2 cars 38
Barley, 2 cars 39
Barley, 4 cars 39½
Oats, 2 cars, No. 2 white..... 29½
Oats, 2 cars, No. 3 white..... 28⅞
Oats, 1 car, No. 4, white..... 28⅝

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Awaiting the Crop Report Causes Light Business in Wheat.

Chicago, March 10.—Traders in the wheat pit today were inclined to await the coming of the crop report and consequently business was light. The market was steady. Favorable weather for the crop was reported in the Southwest, but this was offset by small shipments for Australia. May opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 76⅝@⅞c and sold up to 76⅝c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 386 cars, against 326 cars last week and 273 cars a year ago.

The market rallied sharply after the publication of the crop report. The reserve in the hands of the farmer was shown by the report to be much less than had been expected, and on covering by shorts, the price of May advanced to 77⅝c. The close was strong with May up ⅝@⅞c at 77¼c.

The corn market was steady on a fair demand from pit traders and shorts. Trading, however, was light. May opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 42⅝@½c and advanced to 42⅞c. Local receipts were 133 cars, with 1 of contract grade.

The market became firm in sympathy with wheat. After touching 42¼c May advanced to 42⅞@43c, where it closed strong. The net advance of May for the day was ¼c.

The market in oats was firm. There was a fair demand, but offerings were light. A considerable decrease in the local receipts strengthened prices. May opened unchanged to ¼c higher at 29½c to 29⅝c and advanced to 29¾c. Local receipts, 134 cars.

The market in provisions was steady, but very quiet. There was so little business at the opening that it was difficult to get a quotable market. May pork opened 5c higher at $15.62½ and adavnced to $15.67½. Lard opened 2½c lower at $7.75. Ribs were unchanged at $8.20.

Close: Wheat: May, 77¼c; July, 77⅝c. Corn—May, 42⅞c@43c; July, 43@43¼c. Oats—May, 28⅝@28¾c; July 28⅞c. Pork—March, $15.67½; July, $15.60@15.62½. Lard—May, $7.77½; July, $7.87½. Ribs—May, $8.22½@8.25; July, $8.25@8.27½. Rye—Cash, 62c; May, 60½c. Flax—Cash N. W., $1.12½; S. W., $1.07½; May, $1.12½. Timothy—March, $3.17. Clover—Cash, $13.85. Barley—Cash, 37@52c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 80½@82½; No. 3 red, 79@80½c; No. 2 hard, 76@79c; No. 3 hard, 72½@76½c; No. 1 northern, 77½@79½c; No. 2 northern, 75½@78½c; No. 3 spring, 73@76c. Corn—No. 2, 40¾@43c; No. 3, 40@43c. Oats—No. 2, 29½c; No. 3, 29@½c.

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	29⅝	42⅝B	$15.65
High	29⅞	43⅞-43	15.70
Low	29⅜	42⅞	15.65
Close	29⅝-¾A	43⅞-43	15.67

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75⅞	75-⅛	76¼-⅜	82¼
High	76⅜	76⅜	77⅜	83½-⅝
Low	75⅞	75	76¼	82¼
Close	76½	75⅞	77¼A	83⅝A
Close, 9th	75⅞	75⅞	76⅜-½	83⅜
July—				
Open	77⅝	77¼	77-⅛	83¼
High	78¼	78¼-⅜	78	83¼
Low	77⅜	77¼	77⅝-77	82¾
Close	78¼B	77⅞-78B	78	83⅝A
Close, 9th	77½	77½-⅝	77	83¼
Sept.—				
Open	76¾	77¼	82¾	
High	77⅛	77⅜	83	
Low	76⅝	77	82¾	
Close	77¼B	77¼A	77⅝-¾	83A
Close, 9th	77¼	76¾-⅞	77⅛	82¾
St. Louis—		Close 10		Close 9
May		75¼		74⅝-⅞
July		75⅛		74¾
Kansas City—				
May		71½		71-⅛
July		70-⅛		69⅝-¾
Winnipeg—				
May		74⅜		74
July		75⅞		75⅝

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, March. 10.—Wheat, spot, nominal; futures quiet; March, 6s 5¾d; May, 6s 4¾d; July, 6s 4½d. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed new, 4s ¼d; American mixed old, 4s 7½d. Futures, quiet; March, 3s 11¾d; May, 4s 1⅝d.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 3; No. 1 Northern, 18; No. 2 Northern, 4; No. 3 spring, 15; No. 4 spring, 2; rejected, 2; No. 1 durum, 6; No. 2 durum, 4; No. 3 durum, 2; rejected and No. 4 durum, 1; total of durum, 13; total of wheat, 80; last year, 16.

Flax—No. 1 Northwestern, 1; No. 1, 59; rejected, 1; total of flax, 61; last year, 3.

Oats, 19; rye, 2; barley, 22.

Total of all cars, 184; cars on track today, 133.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 10.—Close: Wheat—May, 75¾c; July, 77¾@78c; September, 77¼c; No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 75½c; No. 2 Northern, 73½c.

New York Grain.

New York, March 10.—Close: Wheat—May, 83⅝c; July, 83¾c; September, 83c. Corn—May, 48½c; July, 48⅝c.

Minneapolis Flour.

Minneapolis, March 10.—Flour market unchanged. Millers report little better business. The domestic trade shows improvement. Shipping directions moderate. Shipments, 33,417 bbls. First patents, $4@4.10; second patents, $3.80@3.90; first clears, $3.50@3.60; second clears, $2.40@2.55.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The government report today overshadowed all else in the way of news. It was much more bullish than expected by the trade and came at a time when the market was gathering some headway on the estimate of world's shipments of only 10,000,000. It is a disappointment to the bears, who, after publication of the report, had to bid up sharply to cover their shortage. As we said this morning, this report will have a direct bearing on future price making. It comes after a long period of liquidation, finding the trade, almost to a man, arrayed on the short side, either short wheat or expressing bearish sentiment. It will serve this purpose, at least; that is, call for more hesitation in forcing the short side on the breaks. As we said yesterday, the bears of today cannot hope to dislodge the scattered long lines their predecessors succeeded in bringing out, for the reason that they do not exist. The situation, aside from the speculative point of view, shows very little, if any, change favorable to the bull side. Stocks in Minneapolis this week showed an increase of almost one million,; cash prices at best are slow. Winter wheat is coming along fine, but it has not been harvested. It may not be at all significant, but Mr. Valentine, president of the Armour concern, was for a time early very active in buying wheat, which close observers believe he subsequently sold out. We have been for a day or two advising buying in short wheat. We still feel it is good judgment on the soft spots to cover short lines.

Corn and oats—The government report changed sentiment completely in the coarse grain list and while oats closed only ¼c advance, corn gained 1¢@1½c. The amount in farmers' hands in both cases much less than predicted; the bears and naturally the report was disappointing to them. It will take more than today's report to offset the large visible in both markets.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat was more steady in price fluctuations, although the trade was nervous and inclined to make sales early. nI the event of any further bear news in the market wheat should be bought for any one of the three following reasons: First, the prices low and under a year ago; second, the balance of the crop is not large and will not be sacrificed by producers; third, we still have five months of weather to provide for, over exports since July 1 are 83,000,000 bus, which shows that our wheat is wanted outside of this country and the price now is on a working basis for the first time in many years.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: A little improvement in the movement of horses, but prices are still sluggish, owing to the heavy receipts of the last few days. Today's demand is mostly centered around farm mares and horses. Delivery hirses still sluggish. The bulk of today's sales were consummated at the following prices:

Drafters, extra	$160@180
Drafters, choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	135@160
Farm mares, choice	120@135
Farm mares, common to good	75@120
Delivery, choice	125@150
Delivery, common to good	75@125

St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, March 10.—Cattle: Receipts, 800; steady; quotations unchanged. Hogs: Receipts, 2,000; steady; range, $6.00@6.15; bulk, $6.10. Sheep: Receipts, 100; steady; sheep, $3.75@6.00; lambs, $4.50@6.60.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, March 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $153,481,281; gold, $73,546,408; gold certificates, $49,883,620.

MARS MOVING NEARER.

Kansas City Journal: Garrett P. Serviss, the celebrated astronomer, says that in July, 1907, Mars will be 10,000,000 miles nearer the earth than today, when the planet will attract attention not only from astronomers, but from the general public, so striking will it appear in the heavens.

Cicero said that "It is a mark of great wisdom to take precautions against reverses of fortune"—such precautions, for instance, as buying a bit of real estate now and then, while able to do so. Do not let yourself overlook the real estate ads.

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OPHIR!

For some time past we have endeavored to give publicity to facts concerning the Ophir Tunnel-Buckhorn consolidation into the Buckhorn Ore company. These facts were intended to arouse curiosity and to stimulate inquiry of us and of others, and thus lead to trading in Ophir stock at the market price. Now permit us to URGE CAREFUL INVESTIGATION of the OPHIR TUNNEL-BUCKHORN ORE Company proposition. Leave your orders with us and we will execute them as soon as possible.

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MAY BLOSSOM COPPER CO.

HAS a large, rich copper property in Shasta county, California, near mines which are producing and smelters which are treating great quantities of copper ores very profitably.

A THOROUGH examination of the Shasta May Blossom property has recently been made by G. H. Claypool of this city. He can be seen at his office, No. 515 Palladio building. His report can be had by addressing the undersigned.

SHASTA County stands out as a copper producer in California as St. Louis County stands as an iron producer in Minnesota.

THE Shasta May Blossom property is on the same contact and has better surface showing than either the Winthrop, Anchor or its nearest neighbor, the Bully Hill mine.

ALL THINGS considered, the Shasta May Blossom stock presents the most attractive purchase on our list at 15 cents.

Information free, and stock for sale by

H. E. SMITH & CO.
William Kaiser, Mgr.
Main Floor Palladio Bldg.
Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

ARE YOU BUYING MINING STOCKS?

Before doing so, write me. I offer for sale limited blocks of Seyler-Humphrey, 55c; Red Top, $2; Fair Rock Manhattan, 1c; Empire Tunnel, 26c; Panhandle Smelter, 9c; Mount Union, 19c; Jumping Jack, 30c; Overland Gold, 4c, and all other desirable mining stocks at prices that will save you money.

R. B. HIGBEE Broker.
Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Established in 1899.

Bonanza Circle Coppers

AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.
Noon Quotations, March 10, 1906.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask	Miscellaneous.	Ask
N. Butte	82	83	Ala. Con. pfd.	$5.50
C. & A.	111	112	Ariz. & E.	.10
C. & P.	31	32	Black Rock	.15
L. S. & P.	41	42	Comanche	.75
P. & D.	22	23	C. River (100)	.50
Junction	26	27	C. River (1,000)	.30
Man.	6	8	Eagle Mt.	$4.50
Black Mt.	11	12	Little Cracker	.10
Denn.	22	23	Metropolitan	.20
Warren	14	16	Nev. Q. B.	.10
Chir.	7	9	Ophir Tunnel	.30
Shattuck	40	45	Shasta	.15

Ophir fluctuates less than others. Shasta reports by Claypool are ready.

H. E. SMITH & CO.
WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
Phones—Zenith, 696, Duluth, 83.

BONANZA COPPER

A mining expert, just returned from the best copper district in the West, and while there, purchased a group of the best copper claims. Wants parties to join him in further developing same. Capital 1,000,000 shares, par value $1.00 each. Any part of 100,000 shares 30 cents per share. No more to be sold at any price!

Have propositions from two of the largest mine dealers, to take this property over but would not part with the control at any price.

I believe it the largest mine in the world. Have examined mines in nearly all of the great mining districts and know a good one when I see it. This is an opportunity seldom had. Bank references furnished. Address all answers to B. F. HAND, Engineer, Room 633 Railway Exchange Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Bank Statement.

New York, March 10.—The statement of the clearing house banks for this week shows that the banks hold $6,462,700 over the legal reserve requirements. This in an increase of $1,454,950 over last week. The statement follows: Loans, $1,019,579,900, decrease, $21,259,200; deposits, $1,001,332,000; decrease, $27,613,000; circulation, $51,438,700, increase, $531,700; legal tenders, $78,278,700, decrease, $1,443,500; specie, $178,668,000, decrease, $4,004,800; reserve, $256,946,700, decrease, $5,448,300; reserve required, $250,483,000, decrease, $6,903,250; surplus, $6,463,700, increase, $1,454,950; ex-United States deposits, $9,878,650, increase, $1,730,925.

New York Money.

New York, March 10.—Money on call, nominal; no loans. Time loans, steady; sixty days and ninety days, 5¼ per cent; six months, 5¼@5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83.20@4.85.30 for demand, and at $4.82.15@4.82.25 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4½ and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills, $4.81@4.82. Bar silver, 62⅝c. Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds, strong; railroad bonds, irregular.

The Cotton Market.

New York, March 10.—The cotton market opened easy at a decline of 6 to 10 points and scold about 12 points net lower on the active months during the early session under room pressure and scattered liquidation, which was promoted by disappointing cables, rather bearish end week figures and continued good weather in the South. At the decline there was considerable demand for covering and the market during the middle of the morning rallied a couple of points from the lowest, but continued nervous and unsettled. Futures barely steady; closing bid: March, 10.39; April, 10.44; May, 10.57; June, 10.62; July, 10.69; August, 10.62; September, 10.27; October, 10.17; November, 10.18; December, 10.22; January, 10.26. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 11.10; middling gulf, 11.35; sales, 2,300 bales.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 10.—Cattle, receipts, 300; market steady; beeves, $3.90@6.35; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75; cows and heifers, $1.60@5.25. Hogs, receipts, 12,000; market slow, prices steady; estimated oMnday, 40,000; mixed and butchers, $6@6.35; good heavy, $6.25@6.35; rough heavy, $6@6.20; light, $6@6.25; pigs, $5.70@6; bulk of sales, $6.20@6.30. Sheep, receipts, 1,500; steady; sheep, $3.40@6.10; lambs, $5@6.80.

CLOSE WAS IRREGULAR

Early Strength in Stocks Followed by Some Weakness.

After Bank Statement Appeared the List Became Reactionary.

New York, March 10.—The stock market today opened active and fractionally higher for a large majority of issues. Prominent exceptions were Union Pacific, St. Paul and Erie, which sustained small losses. Anaconda fell 2¼. The was no conspicuous feature among the advances, but Reading, New York Central, Norfolk & Western, Wabash preferred and Peoples Gas gained large fractions.

Selling on the opening advances forced the market fractionally below yesterday's closing. Reading, Union Pacific, St. Paul and Amalgamated Copper proved the most vulnerable. The completion of this selling found the market supply of stocks small and when attempts to cover were made, prices rose again to the opening figures or above. Tennessee Coal and Delaware & Hudson gained 2 points, Norfolk & Western and Northwestern 1½ and Atchison, Atlantic Coast Line and People's Gas 1 to 1¼.

The weakening of Consolidated Gas unsettled the market and prices yielded all around after the appearance of the bank statement. Consolidated Gas fell 2¼, Great Northern preferred 2½, Northern Pacific 2⅜, Union Pacific 1¼, Sugar 1⅜ and St. Paul, Copper and Brooklyn Transit about a point. There were slight recoveries, but the closing was irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison com.	94¾	93⅝	93¾
Smelter, com.	157⅞	156¾	157⅝
American Woolen	44	43⅝	43⅞
Amalgamated Copper	108⅝	107⅛	107⅞
Baltimore & Ohio Ry.	110¾	110¼	110¾
B. R. T.	83½	82¼	82⅝
Canadian Pacific Ry.	171⅜	170¼	170¼
C. & O.	57⅝	57	57
C. F. I.	66¼	65½	65⅜
C.-G. W. com.	21	20¾	20⅜
Erie, 1st pfd.	78⅜	78	78¼
do com.	43½	42⅞	43
Illinois Central	170⅝	169¾	169½
Central Leather	43⅞	43¾	43¾
L. & N.	147¼	146½	146⅝
Mexican Central	25	24¾	24⅞
Metropolitan Ry.	116	116	116
Mo. Pacific	100½	100¼	100¼
Manhattan	157¼	157¼	157¼
Norfolk & Western	88⅞	88	88
N. Y. C.	148⅜	147	147¼
O. & W.	51⅝	51⅜	51½
People's Gas	97⅝	97¼	97⅞
Pacific Mail	43½	43½	43½
Penn. Ry.	139	138¼	138¼
Rock Island com.	27½	26⅝	26⅞
Rock Island pfd	66½	65¾	66½
Reading com	129¾	128¾	128¾
R. I. & S. pfd	105¼	105	105
R. I. & S. com	31	31	31
Rubber com	54	53½	53½
St. Paul	177¼	176¼	176½
Sugar	141½	139⅝	139⅞
So. Railway com	39½	39¼	39⅜
So. Pacific	67½	66⅞	67
T. C. & I.	162	160	153
Texas Pacific	34⅞	34⅝	34⅜
U. S. Steel pfd	107	106	106¼
U. S. Steel com	41⅜	41	41¼
Union Pacific com	153⅜	152¾	152⅞
Wisconsin Central pfd	66	65½	65½
Wabash com	23⅞	23¼	23½
Wabash pfd	50⅞	50⅝	50⅞
Northern Pacific	222½	219½	220
Title Ins.	70	67¾	70
Great Northern	326	320¾	322
American Locomotive	71¾	70⅛	70½

The total sales were 477,300 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market closed irregular, but on the whole it has been strong, showing a confident tone throughout the session. What easiness developed seemed to come wholly from profit taking, though the reactionary spirit in Consolidated Gas unsettled prices early. The reported strike in the Anaconda mine imparted confidence to the buying of copper stocks, but prices closed practically unchanged. Conditions underlying the market seem to be shaping better; there is more confidence in stock market circles and the market reflects more snap. The bank statement was fully as good as expected. We rather feel the market will do better.

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market has been rather dull and irregular today. Early strength was followed by some heaviness and after the bank statement was published the list became quite reactionary, so that the closing was well below the best prices of the first hour. Rumors that a coal strike is now more likely than ever was in circulation, but Reading was by no means weak, getting very good support around 129. Stocks like Union Pacific, Amalgamated, St. Paul and the Steel shares were most reactionary at the closing. The bank statement showed a much larger loss in cash than expected, but the reduction of $21,000,000 in loans was most encouraging and there was a gain of $1,500,000 in surplus reserves. Otherwise there was not much news. The trading was largely professional.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	108	
Anaconda	274	
Atlantic	23¾	24¼
Arcadian	3½	4
Adventure	6½	6¾
Allouez	38	38½
Bingham	41	41¼
Black Mountain	10½	11
Copper Range	79¾	80
Calumet & Hecla	685	690
Calumet & Arizona		113
Calumet & Pittsburg	31½	32½
Centennial		25½
Daly West	14⅞	15
Franklin	20	
Granby	12¾	13½
Green Cons	29⅜	30¼
Isle Royale	23½	24
Junction	25½	25¾
La Salle	41½	42
Michigan	13	13½
Mohawk	56	57
Mercur oCns	66c	68c
North Butte	82½	83
Old Dominion	46	46¼
Osceola	100	
Phoenix	1	1¼
Parrott	38½	39
Quincy	22½	23½
Rhode Island	91	
Shannon	5⅝	5½
Tecumseh	6¾	6½
Tamarack	12¾	13½
Trinity	107	108
U. S. Mining	10¾	11
Utah	5⅝	56
United Copper	62½	63
Union Land	67	67½
Victoria	2¾	3
Wyandot	8	8½
Wolverine	150	152
Winona	8	9
Warren		16
Copper Queen	2½	3
Butte Coalition	34	35
Keweenaw	14½	15
Boston Con.	25	25⅛
Nevada Con	16⅞	17
Utah Con	32	32¾
East Butte	10¾	11
Sullivan		2½

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	108	
Anaconda	274	
Atlantic	23¾	24¼
Arcadian	3½	4
Adventure	6½	6¾
Allouez	38	38½
Bingham	41	41¼
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Nevada Con	16⅞	17
Utah Con	32	32¾
East Butte	10¾	11
Sullivan		2½

BONANZA CIRCLE STOCKS

Telephones—Duluth, 1408. Zenith, 971. **Headquarters** 404-405 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minnesota.

FRED H. MERRITT

I devote my entire time to buying and selling on commission and guarantee best prices. I confine myself to the most active stocks and make a specialty of large orders.

Condition of the market at the close Saturday, March 10, 1906:

COMPANY.	Bid. Shares	Bid. Price	Asked. Shares	Asked. Price	Last Sales. Shares	Last Sales. Price
Calumet & Arizona	50	$111.00			25	$111.25
Calumet & Pittsburg			75	$31.50	50	31.50
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg			50	41.75	50	41.75
Pittsburg & Duluth			100	22.50	25	22.75
Junction Mining Co.			50	26.00	100	26.00
American Dev. Co.	500	11.25			100	12.00
Warren R. & D. Co.	150	15.00			20	15.00
Denn-Arizona Dev. Co.			20	22.00	25	21.75
Black Mountain G. M. Co.	100	11.00			50	11.00
Keweenaw Copper Co.	200	14.00	50	15.00	10	15.00
Butte & London Copper Co.	150	2.50	200	2.65	500	2.60

LATEST NEWS—Market active with excellent undertone; the speculative issues are exceptionally strong. American is wanted in round lots from several different cities and gives every indication of an advance. It is certainly selling at low record prices now. With the advance of American, Denn should not be overlooked.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following prices, with the exception of those on hay, feed and meats, are the official quotations of the Duluth produce exchange, and shippers can rely upo nthem as being correct. The list is corrected dally by the secretary, and it shows accurately the market condition up to 12 o'clock on the date of issue. The weekly market letter, published on Fridays, is not an official statement of the exchange, but the information is gathered personally from the different dealers.

BUTTER.	
Creamery prints..	28 @ 29
Creamery, in tubs..	27 @ 28
Dairies, fancy	18 @ 19
Renovated	20 @ 21
Packing stock	12½@ 13
EGGS.	
Fresh	15 @ 16
Storage	10 @ 11
CHEESE.	
Full cream twins	14 @ 14½
Block and wheel Swiss	14½@ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limburger, full cream	15
Primost	6½@ 7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	13½@ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb.	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb. cans	1 35
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb.	13
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb.	15
Cocoanuts, per doz.	60
Brazils, per lb.	12
Hickory nuts, per bus.	2 00
Pecans, per lb.	13
Almonds	16
Black Walnuts, per bus.	1 65
Mixed nuts	12½
Peanuts, roasted, per lb.	7½@ 8
Chestnuts, per lb.	11
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	6 50
Baldwins	6 00 @ 6 50
Dark State Russets	5 50
Tolman Sweets	6 00 @ 6 50
Colorado Winsape, per box	3 00
Bananas, per bunch	2 00 @ 2 50
Cranberries	10 00
Dates, Fard, 12-lb. box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb. box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb. box	1 35
Grape fruit, per case	4 25
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 75 @ 4 00
California Navels	3 00 @ 3 50
Strawberries, per qt	25
VEGETABLES.	
Navy beans	1 75 @ 2 00
Beets, per cwt	2 00
Top beets, per doz.	1 00
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 25
Cabbage, per ton	35 00 @40 00
Cauliflower, per box	3 75
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35
Celery, Cal., per doz	90
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	2 25
Horseradish, per barrel	7 00
Lettuce leaf, per box	1 35
Onions, per cwt	1 65 @ 1 75
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 25
Parsley, per doz	45
Parsnips, per cwt	2 00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50
Potatoes, per bus	55 @ 60
Radishes, round, per doz	75 @ 1 00
Spinach, per box	1 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	90
Rutabagas, per cwt	85
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb.	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Clarified, 16-gal. keg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Springs, per lb.	14 @ 15
Hens, per lb.	13 @ 14
Spring ducks, per lb.	14
Turkeys, per lb	18 @ 20
Geese, per lb	12 @ 14
FISH.	
Trout, per lb.	11
Pike, per lb.	10
White, per lb.	10 @

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.

Our Legion of Followers Are Coining Money In Manhattan Mining Stocks.

OUR MANHATTAN RECORD

53 Per Cent Profit in 30 Days

Jan. 15. Secured for our clients 400,000 shares of Seyler-Humphrey Mining Co. at 30 cents. Since sold at 46 on San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, and soaring.

50 Per Cent Profit in 30 Days

Feb. 15. Secured for our clients 300,000 shares of Manhattan Combination Mining Co. at 15 cents. Company now refuses 22½ for shares. True fissure vein showing immense ore-body opened up on the property and all stock withdrawn from the market.

SUCCESS IS OURS.

Our Manhattan record is only a duplication of former successes in Nevada's other sensational camps—Tonopah, Goldfield and Bullfrog. Within the past four months we have bought for the account of our followers nearly a million treasury shares of the following companies, in which tremendous profits have been made:

BULLFROG AMETHYST, at 15; now selling on the San Francisco and Goldfield stock exchanges at above 75.

RHYOLITE, at 6; since sold as high as 22.

GOLDFIELD LAGUNA at 15; since sold at an average of 30.

We Offer First Block of Manhattan Buffalo at 15 Cents Per Share.

We offer for immediate cash subscription 100,000 shares of treasury stock of the Manhattan Buffalo Mining Company at 15 cents per share. Only 100,000 will be sold at this figure, and then the price will be advanced.

Here is a company that we are financing that is bound to make anybody money that links his fortunes with it. We are putting out just one hundred thousand shares of the treasury stock at the bargain counter price of fifteen cents; the second hundred thousand shares will be put out at a much higher figure. It is another case where it will be necessary for our friends to use the wires. Up in Manhattan a great mine has been opened up known as the Manhattan Consolidated. These shares are selling around 95 cents. On the Manhattan Consolidated they have a vein of ore twenty feet wide that gives an average assay across of $60.00 per ton. The mining claims of the Manhattan Buffalo lie within a few thousand feet of the Manhattan Consolidated and the surface showings lead our engineers to believe that the Manhattan Buffalo has the same kind of a ledge that penetrates the Consolidated's property.

For a length of three claims on the Manhattan Buffalo a ledge is in open sight on the surface, and assays of from five dollars to four hundred and twenty-five dollars per ton have been obtained.

This is a great gold mine prospect. Development work has only just been begun. With the vein opened up and showings at a depth of fifty feet what the engineers are confident they will be, you could not buy the stock any cheaper than that of the Manhattan Consolidated. At present there is the same amount of uncertainty about it that exists about all other great gold mining properties before they are thoroughly opened up and this is the reason you can buy shares as low as we offer them.

This is a great speculation. It is the kind, however, that the most conservative investors can take part in. There is an element of chance that still exists, but that element of chance is very small, and that is the reason we declare emphatically that at fifteen cents per share this stock is offered at a bargain counter figure.

The Time to Buy is Now.

We quote from our Market Letter of this week:

"It will be remembered that we placed Bullfrog Amethyst to the extent of thousands of shares less than three months ago at 15c. Since then this stock has advanced to above 75c.

"We have already referred to our transaction in Seyler-Humphrey.

"A few weeks ago we put out Manhattan Combination around fifteen cents. Since then a great strike has been made on the property, just as we predicted, and all stock has been withdrawn from the market, and it is impossible for us to induce the company to let us have another share at the price our clients bought it.

"The time to buy is now. Jumping Jack Manhattan at thirty and Manhattan Buffalo at fifteen are two splendid opportunities. We do not think anybody can make any possible mistake by gathering in as many shares of these two companies as he can afford to carry. We believe that the possibilities of profit are more than great and that it is another case of investing a little money, waiting a short period and then finding one's self in a position where he can take a big profit, or waiting a little while longer and taking a bigger one.

"Manhattan Consolidated has advanced to ninety-five cents per share; Manhattan Dexter has advanced to fifty cents; Seyler-Humphrey has advanced to above forty; Manhattan Mining Company has advanced to twenty-five. All of these were put out at from 50 to 150 per cent less than their present market price, within the past two months. Jumping Jack Manhattan and Manhattan Buffalo Mining Companies will repeat these performances and we urge our friends not to miss their opportunity. It will in all probability not be necessary for us to call attention to these stocks in any future market letter, because we are assured that there will be no stock to be had within a fortnight from now in either of these companies at present prices."

COMPANY FACTS.

The officers of the Manhattan Buffalo Mining company are: C. H. Elliott, president; Sol Camp, vice president and general manager; J. L. Lindsay, treasurer; M. B. O'Farrell, secretary.

Mr. Elliott is a member of our corporation. His record as a successful mining man in Nevada is equal to any. Mr. Camp is the superintendent of the January mine of Goldfield, that has already produced its millions. Mr. Lindsay is cashier of the State Bank and Trust Company of Goldfield.

The company's capitalization is 1,000,000 shares of the par value of $1 each. Fully paid. Non-assessable. 400,000 shares have been placed in the company's treasury, and the net proceeds from the sale of these will be used to develop the property.

Only 100,000 shares of treasury stock will be sold at 15 cents. The price will be immediately advanced.

TELEGRAPH YOUR RESERVATIONS.

Telegraph your reservation of shares and let your remittance follow by mail. Don't delay. Hundreds who waited too long to buy Seyler-Humphrey shares at 30 cents are now paying 50 per cent advance or more on that figure, and the same misfortune has happened to hundreds who remitted too late for Manhattan Combination shares. Don't wait. Use the wires. Remember, we have never been connected with a mining enterprise that was not a success, and we never sound a false alarm. The opportunity that is offered at this moment in Manhattan Buffalo in our opinion exceeds that of the Seyler-Humphrey or Manhattan Comination. We do not expect to find it necessary to advertise this offering again. Act promptly.

PATRICK, ELLIOTT & CAMP

Incorporated. **Paid up Capital, $50,000.**

Fiscal Agents, Bankers and Brokers,

References: Any Bank in Goldfield or Tonopah.

GOLDFIELD, NEVADA.

SEASON IS NEAR CLOSE

In International Hockey League, But One Game Remaining.

If Portage Lake Wins, Championship Will be Settled.

STANDING OF CLUBS.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Portage Lake	18	5	.783
Sault Ste. Marie	18	6	.750
Pittsburg	15	9	.625
Calumet	7	16	.304

Hancock, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The 1905-06 playing season of the International Hockey league is practically at an end. The game scheduled for tonight in the big Palestra rink at Laurium, with the Portage Lake and Calumet sevens as the opposing teams, will mark the close of the race and incidentally settle the championship; that is, if Portage Lake wins. At the present moment, with this evening's contest the only one remaining on the league schedule, Portage Lake leads the Soo by one game. Victory tonight will give the leaders the pennant; defeat will mean a tie with the Soo, putting that team in the race again and making necessary a post-season series of three games to definitely settle the honors.

Portage Lake is the stronger team of the two, and should win tonigat, but there is an element or uncertainty that should at least have result in a very close score. The Calumet seven will be playing on its own ice and will have an advantage in such encouragment as the rooting of the bulk of the big crowd sure to be attracted can give. Then there is a likelihood that Hod Stuart and Lorne Campbell, Pittsburg's star players, will be on hand to strengthen the Calumet line-up. These men were, according to the general understanding, to have participated in the game Thursday night also, when Portage Lake, on its own ice, trounced Calumet to the tune of 7 goals to 1, but they failed to arrive. They are now due today.

However, there is little worry in the Portage Lake camp. It is asserted that even if Stewart and Campbell do appear in the Calumet line-up they will be of little more value than the men they will displace for the reason that not being familiar with the Calumet combinations, individual work of necessity predominates, while on the other hand the Portage Lake team play is well developed, and it is this style of play that always wins in the end. There are rumors, too, that signed for the final game is a "bluff" designed for the final game is a "bluff" designed for its effect in increasing the box office receipts. Then there is a story to the effect that if Stuart and Campbell do put in an appearance, the Calumet team will go on a strike and refuse to play with them, contending that such importation would be an act of injustice to the entire seven and that the team as constituted throughout the season should be permitted to have part in the closing match. Whatever the foundation of these reports, with the pennant virtually at stake, great interest has been aroused in the contest and a record-breaking crowd is expected out. It is the general belief that a quarus will be put to the Soos championship aspirations.

This season's race is the closest ever known in hockey in the United States. Last winter Calumet, captained by the mighty Hod Stuart, had the championship cinched long before the end of the season, while the Portage Lakes, in previous seasons, under no league organization, however, had an equally complete command of the situation. This season the race settled down to a contest for supremacy between the Soo and Portage Lake teams as soon as sufficient games had been played to show the relative merits of the various sevens. The dropping out of the Canadian Soo aggregation a few weeks ago did not affect the race, because the Portage Lake and American Soos had each won all the games played with the Canadian team and were practically certain of winning all those yet to come.

The question which of the two leagues referees should officiate at the two final games of the season, those between Portage Lake and Calumet this week, was settled by President Bergson of the Soo, assigning Chauer Elliott to the post in preference to "Doc" Gibson, up to the present winter a member of the Portage Lake seven, and for which reason Calumet insisted on the choice of Elliott, despite that Gibson's work has been strictly impartial. There is marked difference in the style of the two referees, and in the Copper country at least, that of Gibson seems to be in great favor.

Elliott's work all winter has been marked by a tendency to keep the game free from rough work, which is the factor most delightful to lovers of the sport, no matter what may be said to the contrary. Hockey is essentially a rough game. Dr. Gibson, as a player, was rough, but never "dirty," and his style of play was popular and always will be. If he has permitted the players to bore in a bit more than Elliott, it was due to the fact that he was following the rules of the school of hockey in which he learned the game.

Manager McNamara of the Portage Lakes says that in the plans for next season's league, Toronto, Chicago and Cleveland must be considered, as he has assurances that those cities are to have artificial rinks and will put out professional hockey teams.

GOVERNOR OF ALASKA.

The President Appoints Wilfred B. Hoggatt to That Position.

Washington, March 10.—President Roosevelt announced today that he had decided to appoint Wilfred B. Hoggart to be governor of Alaska. Mr. Hoggart is a resident of Juneau, and will succeed John G. Brady, recently resigned.

The appointment was originally offered to Capt. David H. Jarvis, but he declined it. He was a supporter of Mr. Hoggart, and strongly recommended his appointment to the president. Mr. Hoggart also was supported by Senator Hemenway of Indiana. Governor Hoggart was a former naval officer, having served eighteen years in the service. He was a member of the naval war board during the Spanish-American war, retiring from the service soon afterward and locating in Alaska. He is widely known throughout the territory, where he has considerable interests.

BIG SUM TO REPAIR SHIP.

Washington, March 10.—Unless congress authorizes a special appropriation for the purpose, the navy department will be unable to complete, or even undertake the repairs recommended for the battleship Massachusetts, now at the navy yard, New York. The work will cost $900,000, and will require two years' time.

THIRTEEN TO DIE.

Bobruisk, Russia, March 10.—Thirteen soldiers of the local garrison have been sentenced to death for mutiny.

MILITARY TRAIN READY.

Moscow, March 10.—A military train with machine guns is held in constant readiness at the railroad station in case of emergency to suppress troubles in the country and neighboring cities.

BASEBALL IN UPPER MICHIGAN

Situation Again in Turmoil and the Outcome is Doubtful.

Lake Linden, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The baseball situation in Northern Michigan is in a turmoil again. A week ago it was supposed to be settled that the "Copper Country league," reorganized, would consist of Lake Linden, Calumet, Hancock, Houghton, Duluth, Superior, Menominee and Iron Mountain. Now the two latter towns, which from the first had been lukewarm on the proposition, have joined with Crystal Falls and Escanaba in launching the "Iron Country association," and a serious obstacle has been raised against the Duluth magnates affiliating their team with those of the region of the red metal. Just what the outcome will be is problematical. At present, the situation is more complex than ever.

It was made known to the Copper Country league magnates this week that the Northern league has a hold on Duluth that cannot well be shaken. It controls a territory, covered by the Duluth franchise, within a radius of eleven miles of that city, and its rights are protected by the rules governing the American Association of Minor Baseball leagues. If the present Duluth management desires to drop out of the Northern and join the Copper country league, the Northern officials will put in another team at Duluth, and the original team will be outlawed, its outlawry being reflected in whatever league with which it affiliates.

With this as the situation, the Northern league officials have submitted the proposition that the Copper Country magnates join in with them and launch an association comprised of Duluth, Winnipeg, Fargo and Grand Forks, of the old Northern circuit, and the four Houghton county towns. It cannot be said that this scheme is looked upon with favor, and from present prospects the prediction is advanced that the Copper Country league this season will consist of the copper country towns and no other. This will be satisfactory to the baseball-loving public of the copper region; if not as good an investment for the managers as would a bigger circuit. It would give the district as much baseball as it would want, however, and of a pretty high grade at that. The exact arrangements for the season will be worked out during the coming week.

The Duluth Telephone Co.

Are delivering to their subscribers the FEBRUARY ISSUE OF THEIR DIRECTORY, which goes into effect Thursday morning, March 15th, at 7 o'clock.

TAFT WILL ACCEPT

If President Insists on His Going to Supreme Bench.

Washington, March 10.—In addition to the statement made by Secretary Taft today relative to the supreme court, it can be stated on authority that the secretary's attitude is this: While his inclination has been in the direction of the judiciary, yet at this time he would prefer that the president reach some other solution in the matter of the selection of a successor to Justice Brown, which would leave him where he now is, as he is desirous of pursuing the work upon which he is engaged. He is intensely interested in three matters which are now within his charge, namely, the construction of the Panama canal, the Philippines and the army. He would like for the present to devote his time to these matters. However, being a member of the president's official family, if the president should decide upon Mr. Taft for this position, it is understood that he would accept it. A number of names other than that of Mr. Taft have been suggested in connection with the vacancy which will be created by Associate Justice Brown's retirement. These are Judge Swayzee of the supreme court of New Jersey, Judge Gray of Delaware, Representative Parker of New Jersey, Judge Sanborn of Minnesota, Solicitor General Hoyt Lloyd of Chicago, general counsel for the Northwestern railroad; Jurge Vandeventer of Wyoming of the United States circuit court, and Judge Lurton of Tennessee, also of the United States circuit court.

PRESIDENT PARDONS A WISCONSIN SOLDIER.

Marinette, Wis., March 10.—Alex La Duke, member of company I, Second regiment, Wisconsin state troops, during the Spanish-American war, who was sentenced to life imprisonment at Fort Leavenworth for killing a private, was pardoned today by President Roosevelt through the efforts of Senator La Follette, acting on the recommendation of Isaac Stephenson of this city. La Duke shot and killed Private Stratton of the Thirteenth United States infantry in a brawl at Ponce, Porto Rico, in 1898. He was court martialed and sentenced for life. Friends immediately took up the fight in his behalf, claiming it was self-defense.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Lucania, from Liverpool; La Touraine, from Havre.

SALOONS MUST CLOSE.

Madison, March 10.—Attorney General Sturdevant in an opinion rendered today says saloons must close on primary election day, March 20.

MISS ANTHONY RESTLESS.

Rochester, N. Y., March 10.—Susan B. Anthony's condition is not quite so encouraging this morning. She rested well until midnight, after which time she was very restless.

TO REDUCE RATES TO TWO CENTS.

Boston, March 10.—President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, today authorized the statement that reductions in passenger rates to two cents a mile would be put into effect on all lines during the spring and summer.

SARRIEN TO FORM CABINET.

Paris, March 10.—M. Sarrien has accepted the task of forming a ministry, after securing the consent of MM. Bourgeois and Poincaire to take portfolios, and has notified the president of his acceptance of the task.

JONES TO BE REGENT.

Madison, Wis., March 10.—James Jones of Hillside, was appointed by Governor Davidson today as university regent to serve out the unexpired term caused by the resignation of Dwight Parker of Fennimore, about a month ago.

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KILLINGS AT THE TRACK

Comparatively Few of the Heavy Tricks Have Succeeded.

Plungers Are Always on the Alert for Good Things.

Whenever a killing at one of the big race tracks goes through successfully, the fact is sent broadcast with the usual interesting details, but the public seldom hears of the killings that fail to materialize and how much money is burned up in trying to pull them off. During a shingle campaign on the Jersey club's tracks it is probable that at least 100 attempts are made to kill the bookmakers for amounts ranging from $50,000 to $100,000, yet perhaps less than a dozen of thee coups succeed.

When the framers of a turf coup win $10,000 on a horse's victory at even a short price, it is customary nowadays to say that a killing has been made, but as a matter of fact such coups are considered very ordinary among the big operators, who like to catch the layers unawares now and then and put over a long shot that has been quietly backed unknown to the public at large. Last year the biggest killing that succeeded was affected at Brighton Beach in July with a horse named Huntington. David Gideon and Jesse Lewisohn engineered the trick, but nearly all the wise plungers at the track were in the next. In his previous race Huntington, with Martin up, had been badly beaten, so that the bookmakers passed him up in their calculations. When it was decided to enter him loose in the last race on the card one day Martin again had the mount, and the books began by offering 10 to 1. The money came into the ring in a perfect flood from all quarters, and when the horse reached the post, 1 to 5 was the best price to be seen on any of the slates. And Huntington came home on the bit, just buckjumping, while the ring paid out close to $150,00 on his success. This was a genuine killing, and nothing approached it the rest of the season.

But the unsuccessful coups were numerius from day to day. With the influx of Western talent came new horses that were enigmas to the public as to real form, with the result that their owners juggled them to their heart's content. Yet few of the Western tricks went through according to well-laid plans. One of them, Clifton Forge, at Aqueduct, proved a hard blow to the ring, but the men who cashed were comparatively few, as the real form of the horse was most skillfully concealed. A short price horse without number were backed to fortunes, only to lose by some piece of ill luck or accidents that seemed in some cases to be due to an unexpected turn of fate. It was brilliant that John W. Gates lost $70,000 on Boots Durnell's colt, Brother Frank, through a mishap that had never been seen before on a race-track. The colt seemed to be winning, when suddenly Martin went to the whip. Brother Frank, who did not relish punishment, quickly kicked up his hind feet and stopped long enough to lose the race by a nose. That was one of the most notable pieces of hard luck on record, and Mr. Gates was partially convinced then that he could not beat the game.

How many noted horsemen made unsuccessful attempts to get rid of an old-fashioned killing nobody can say exactly, but it is safe to assert that nearly every owner fo horseflesh could be included in the list. Some stables never get a chance to get long prices against their horses for the reason that the public following was too loyal and too great, but there were others who seemed to enjoy a special privilege in this direction. A horseman always likes to see a good price against one of his racers, and he generally accepts the odds, if he has the means, with extreme liberality. But to the higher class of owners who go along from day to day betting conservatively and always trying. If a man owns a colt or filly of class that is known to be well in private and has been keyed up to the proper pitch, he naturally wants to effect a killing for himself and associates. The trainer is told to look for a soft spot, and when the proper race appears on the program the horse is entered and a jockey is engaged. Then the word is passed about to take the top price and to bet the limit, as the horse, barring accidents, is sure to win. But a real "killing" to be successful must be a secret right up to the moment that the money goes into the bookmakers' hands, and if it is placed discreetly even the chalkers can be fooled until the race has been run.

The race tracks have practically produced a mania for good things or mild "killings," so to speak, for the moment a nag announces at the track, no matter how long he has studied dope or how good a judge he is of form and the difference in weights, he usually asks his neighbor the time honored question:

"Do you know anything good?"

And it is the case, nine times out of ten, that he receives an answer in the affirmative, for everybody who frequents the race tracks feels that he must appear to be on the inside even if, in reality, he is not. One of the best known operators said recently:

"Race track rumors have emptied many a pocketbook. If you want to be right, stick to your own judgment, play form and avoid the good things for nearly all of them are pitfalls for the unwary."

But this same person lost $5,000 at Jamaica last fall on a tip handed to him by several irresponsible persons, who took the money from him to bet it in the ring, but never let it get out of the clutches.

PLEAD NOT GUILTY.

Indicted Murderers of Ivankovic Say They Are Innocent.

Matt Vranje and Ivan Ivankovic, the men indicted on charges of murdering Rade Tonkovic at Raleigh street and Fifty-fifth avenue west last Sunday morning, were formally arraigned in district court this afternoon and each pleaded not guilty. The first named confessed to the shooting of Tonkovic last Monday, but has evidently been counselled to plead not guilty.

NEPHEW CONFESSES TO KILLING UNCLE.

Leavenworth, Kan., March 10.—The dead body of Joseph Weir, a veteran of the national soldiers' home here, who left Leavenworth on Feb. 22 on a furlough, has been found in the bushes near Pagosa Springs, Colo. Weir is believed to have been robbed and murdered.

Pagosa Springs, Colo., March 10.—An armed guard has been placed around the jail here to prevent the lynching of Oral Weir, who has confessed to having murdered his uncle Joseph Weir. Weir's money and drafts were found in the young man's possession.

BOSTON CUT OFF.

Boston, March 10.—This city was still cut off from wire communication today with many points, owing to yesterday's storm. At 2 p. m. both telegraph companies reported no lines to Maine, and Rhode Island was still cut off from Boston. The damage done by the storm was most severe along the coast.

LARRY HAD REVENGE.

Drugged Champion Bulldog Makes Good in the End.

When Jimmy the Mug, known at some prehistoric time as James Murphy, leaned over the box where Queen Bess and her puppies lay, there was fine showing of ivory teeth, and Jimmy stepped hastily back, says the New York Telegraph.

"If you want me to see those pups," he said, irritably, "you can just haul 'em out here. When a bull pup says 'step' to me, I always step. To emphasize which Jimmy hitched still farther back.

The puppies were pure white, with the exception of one, who, by some trick of atavism, displayed four brindle patches.

"Had a notion to down that one," the owner said. "No one'll buy him."

Jimmy looked them over and picked up the maligned spotted puppy—picked it up by the tail, changed to a leg, and in conclusion held it by its ear, without getting as much as a whine of protest.

"I'll take him," Jimmy announced.

"You could have knocked me down with a toothpick," Queen's owner declared to a crony. "He handed me over 50 plunks and walked off with that blamed homely pup—and Jimmy the Mug knows dogs from the ground up, too."

So it proved. Larry, as he was named, advanced to the big-footed stage of awkward puppyhood in inconceivably short time. He was three-fourths grown when Jimmy cropped his ears, deriving much satisfaction from the pup's fiery resistance of the insult.

"He's a game one," he chuckled. "Fight—say, you can't tell him anything—you've got to show him and show him good."

Later, after most of Larry's tail had followed his ears, he had each of his canine teeth clipped and the missing points supplied with needle-tipped, steel crowns. All this time he was in training so that his muscles were hard as rock—indeed he seemed fit to battle for his life as far as physique was concerned. Jimmy knew that he was plucky. The only thing in doubt was whether, after all the training and adapting, the dog would prove to have the knack, that harmony of eye and jaw and neck, that makes training and physique of some avail.

"He's thrashed shepherds enough to make him feet important," Jimmy decided, "so we'll try him with a real dog—I don't expect him to get the best of Dynamite, but it'll give him a chance to find out something about the other fellow. He thinks he's the only one on earth now."

Dynamite was 4 years old, and had knashed his way to victory in fifty battles. Jimmy's stableman led him into a box stall, slipped a choke collar on his neck and said "All right!"

As Larry pounced in the stableman dropped Dynamite's collar, and the dogs met like a cyclone and a tornado. No one had thought it necessary to put a collar on Larry, and for a few minutes there would have been no chance to use it. Then:

"By Glory!" Jimmy shouted. "He's nailed Dynamite—look at that.

Larry had caught the older dog by the throat and was shaking him.

Five minutes later two perspiring men led two raging dogs in different directions. It had been no child's play to slip a noose around Larry's neck, choke him and pry his jaws apart, but it had to be done if the older dog was ever to fight again.

After that he went into more vigorous training. Jimmy the Mug dropped into several rooms filled with men and smoke, talked with numerous sportsmen, and succeeded in getting a match for his protege.

Larry looked suspicious when he was led into a crowd of men and lifted down into a sunken pit, but as he caught sight of another dog he lost interest in the crowd.

"G-r-r-r-r!" the stranger greeted him. Larry answered in kind, and strained at his chain with all the force of his muscular legs, while a wide, brass-studded collar was being fastened on his neck. A moment later he was free. In the shock of meeting his adversary his teeth closed on a throat hold, only to encounter leather and brass. That was when Larry showed his fighting blood, for, an instant later, he was holding the stranger by the side of his head and neck, where no collar interfered. The strange dog was hard and gritty. Larry shook and tore till that other set of steel-pointed fangs was able to reach his muzzle and cut a half dozen slits. Larry's hold was tearing out, when, with one final thick-necked push, he sent his antagonist back, and choked. His teeth closed on an ankle, and fight was over.

As victory followed victory, Larry became so well known that most dog owners hesitated to match their pets against him. After an unusually long wait a match was secured with a New York dog, who was affirmed to be a phenomenon. Jimmy made no attempt to improve on his training methods—in his mind the fight was settled, for no one who had once seen Larry in battle entertained a thought of his defeat. The night came, and with it a crowd of Eastern sporting men. But somehow in the confusion that which had often been attempted was achieved—some one dropped a drugged meat pellet into Larry's willing mouth. A moment before Jimmy's closest eyes had been on his pet, a moment later they returned to him, but the mischief had been done, and Larry, who entered the pit apparently at night, was really all wrong. He missed his throat hold, ducked for an ankle and missed that. As his adversary caught him Jimmy the Mug began to swear, for on that fight he had staked more than he could afford to lose. He pulled himself together and sat glowering. The crowd yelled. When the New York man asked him if he wanted to save a sample of Larry to take home he said sullenly:

"Let 'em finish—he's gone wrong, and I don't want him."

A man near him stood up.

"Your dog's sick," he said, angrily. "This fight's got to stop—it's not fair."

"He was well enough all day," Jimmy growled. "Haven't I got a right to do as I please with my own business?"

"What will you take for him?" the stranger asked, and the bargain was quickly made.

The purchaser was Dr. Gilmore. He took the dog home in a cab, gave him water to drink and washed his cuts. These were not bad—nothing to those chasms Larry's iron jaws would have torn had he gained the mastery—but the dog was sick from the opiate. Next morning he was better, but very thirsty. He ate nothing till noon, when, as he seemed entirely recovered, he was given a good dinner.

"You had knockout drops, old fellow," Dr. Gilmore remarked.

That evening Larry got his first glimpse of gentle society. He was introduced to Mrs. Gilmore and her two children, with whom he romped till bedtime, showing himself as frolicsome as if he had never heard of a pit or a choke collar. The two weeks that followed were crowded with halcyon days for Slim. From morning till night he played with the children and walked with Dr. Gilmore, at first on a short, stout chain, then, as his master found him obedient, without even that incumbrance.

One evening they were returning from such a tramp on the pavements, Larry trotting a few feet ahead. Several times he had become obediently blind to passing dogs, and his master was complimenting him on it.

"You're a good boy, Larry," he said.

Just then Larry stuck up his stumpy ears and tail, and started across the street. Dr. Gilmore remonstrated vainly. Two men across the way, who were leading a muscular terrier, threatened the descending cyclone—threatened an instant, then loosed their dog.

"Take your medicine, then," one of them said. It was Jimmy the Mug, and the dog his companion led was the dog from New York. Jimmy recognized his old-time property with a snort.

"Come back for more, did you—blamed if I wouldn't like to see you swallowed alive—get at 'im, son."

"Son" went at him, but he had to deal with an undoped Larry. When the two came to their feet after the rush, his legs were braced wide and his breath struggled through a windpipe crushed by Larry's jaws.

"You're out of luck, Silverstein," Jimmy said. "Say, mister," he added to Dr. Gilmore, who was panting with the exertion of trying to throttle Larry, "I'd like to buy that dog back—I need him to win some of the money he lost for me."

As Dr. Gilmore succeeded in breaking Larry's hold and forced him back, he turned to Jimmy.

"My friend," he said, "I wouldn't trust you with a dog—you might desert him in a tight pinch again. But I'll tell you one thing—Larry's going out of the fighting business—this was the return engagement, and there'll be no more of any kind."

Larry wagged the segment of tail he carried for that purpose—possibly he understood that he was not to change hands, and was appeased for his interrupted battle.

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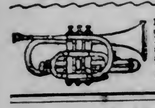

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STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SMALL FUURNISHED ROOM FOR rent. 208 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODern; private family. 412 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 1290-L.

MODERN, NICELY FURNISHED large front room with alcove, suitable for one or two gentlemen; board if desired. Apply 1532 East First street.

TWO FRONT ROOMS FURNISHED. Suitable for two gentlemen and also other nicely furnished rooms. 123 West First street.

FOR RENT—BRIGHT, COMFORTABLE furnished room, suitable for two. Electric light, bath; rent reasonable. 468 Mesaba avenue.

FOUR ROOMS. 2324 WEST SIXTH ST.

DOUBLE PARLOR, SINGLE OR EN suite, to one or more; also other rooms; select boarding place. G 52, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 232 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 922 EAST Seventh street. Inquire 712 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for light housekeeping, or double front rooms, furnished. 327 Eighth avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished. All modern. Apply 310 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. No. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, FURNISHED; will lease until Nov. 1 to man and wife; no small children. Call 430 Manhattan building.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE, ALL conveniences. No. 226 East Third street. Apply 417 West Superior street.

GOOD SIX-ROOM HOUSE. ADDRESS F. A. Pettibone, No. 30 Orange street, Duluth Heights.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE AFTER May 1. Furnished complete. Modern 12-room house. Rooms filled and table boarders; good class of boarders. Pleasant location. 422 Fifty-ninth avenue west. New phone 3161-Y.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AND barn. Inquire 428 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, in Park terrace, cheap. Apply Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum building.

FOR RENT — DETACHED HOUSE, eight rooms, furnace heat, bath, gas. 925 East Second street, or old phone 770-L.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

SECOND FLOOR, 473 MESABA AVEnue, four rooms and alcove, between Second and Third avenues west; no children. Per month, $12.

A cozy corner for what the Gopher Shoe Works saves you on shoe repairing.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT; water, light and sewer; rent $16 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT — NEW STORE ROOM, 112 West First street, 140 feet deep; fine dry basement; paved alley in rear; up-to-date. Possession at once. J. W. Rowley, 24 West Third street. Zenith 1314.

CANDY STORE FOR SALE. 1534 WEST Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 121 SECond avenue west. Apply E. R. Jefferson.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

A large assortment of horses always on hand at our stables in Duluth and Midway, St. Paul.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A GOOD SERViceable mare, 9 years old; weight 1050; price $65, or will take a good cow as part pay. Inquire 1402 West Superior street.

FOR SALE.
1 pair ponies; weigh 1,500; drive single, double or saddle; double harness and good platform wagon. Will sell at bargain if taken at once. Call 1928 W. Superior street.

FOR SALE—EIGHT-YEAR-OLD, 1,050 pound Morgan mare; safe for lady; sound; toughest animal in the state. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—GRAND, BIG, 7-YEAR-OLD, 1,350 pounds, family horse; afraid of nothing; show 4-minute gait; sound. Johnson, at Hammel's barn, Third avenue east.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE; BEST OF workmanship. Suits pressed, 50c; pants, 15c. 118 First avenue west. Old 'phone 1430-L.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.
Everybody to know that we can sell you anything you want in the line of house furnishings for very near one-half of what you'll pay for the same goods at the other stores. Come in and we'll tell you why. M. SHAPIRA, 12 First avenue west. Easy Payments.

CHICKERING PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., 17 West Superior Street.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.
EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

MARINE BELLS.
MARINE LIGHTS.
MARINE WHISTLES.
Made acording to the United States Marine Law.
We carry a full line of high-grade Marine Hardware, Batteries, Magnetos, Propellers and Engines. Get our prices. Duluth Gas Engine Works, Minnesota Point, Duluth.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna iron range, Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

SHOES WELL BOUGHT ARE HALFsoled at the Gopher Shoe Works.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONY, CART and harness. $150 for the outfit. Old phone 66 Proctor.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND 60 HORSEpower Westinghouse engine in first class condition. Will sell cheap. Clyde Iron Works.

FOR SALE—4x5 REFLEX CAMERA, with film roll holder and six plate holders; no lense. Also seven pairs of Homing pigeons. Will exchange for incubator and brooder. C. E. Hamilton, 6321 Sherburne street, West Duluth.

WANTED — A LAME PERSON AFflicted with shortened limb, to sell the best extension shoe in the world. Pittsburg Orthopedic Co., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR VERMONT MAPLE SYRUP AND sugar made from maple sap and nothing else, see Pierce Grocery, 820 West Fourth street. Zenith 935-A.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS. PARTY LEAVing city. Call 18 Fifteenth avenue west.

WILL SELL FINE UPRIGHT PIANO for $125 cash. 319 East Superior street.

$100 BUYS $600 DECKER BROS.' PIANO, in fine condition; just the thing for hall or school; part time. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

$125 BUYS UPRIGHT MAHOGANY Schoninzer piano, snap. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

COME, MAKE OFFER ON THE FOLlowing make organs, Moline, Chicago Cottage, 7-octave Crown; fine condition; must be sold at once. Lundberg, 221 West Superior street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS, COMplete; will sell separately. 1126 East Third street.

FOR SALE — THE FINEST ADAM Schaaf piano ever shipped to this city; now on exhibition. Call and see it at Lundberg's piano parlors, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE — SHOWCASES, WALL-cases, floor cases. 1024 Tower avenue, Superior.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; will sell all or part. Call Flat 13, 2231 West Michigan street.

"SHAKESPEARE" STOCK BOUGHT and sold. Morrison, 416 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF FOURTEEN-room rooming house, and furniture of seven rooms; must be cash. Parties leaving city. M 86, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL-SIZE DRESS COAT and vest, in first-class condition; a bargain. Address N. T. C., Herald.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARgest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisements for Less Than 15c.

Additional Wants on Page 11.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, pianos, cattle, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 986. Old 'phone, 759-R.

$1 PER WEEK PAYS BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST on a $20 loan. Other amounts in like proportion. ACTUAL REBATE given if paid before due.
DULUTH FINANCE CO., 301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security, easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, furs, rifles, etc., and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — BY COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, having had considerable experience with expert accountant; best of references. Apply 154 West Third street, Superior.

BOY 15 YEARS OF AGE WISHES POsition in an office or wholesale house, where he can work up. Apply S 2, Herald.

BOOKS PROPERLY WRITTEN UP, adjusted and audited by expert accountant. Auditor, Herald.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's Tansy Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to positively cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBEIT, Druggist Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

MARRY—OUR CLUB GUARANTEES absolute security from publicity and speedy satisfactory marriages. Write us for plans. We only select the best. Family Circle, Toledo.

PERSONAL — LADIES, DR. STRICTland's Monthly Remedy relieves in five hours; safe and sure; box free. Send stamp for particulars. Crown Chemical Co., Box 93, Milwaukee, Wis.

MORPHINE, OPIUM, LAUDANUM, COcaine habit myself cured; will inform you of harmless permanent home cure. Mary Baldwin, box 1212, Chicago.

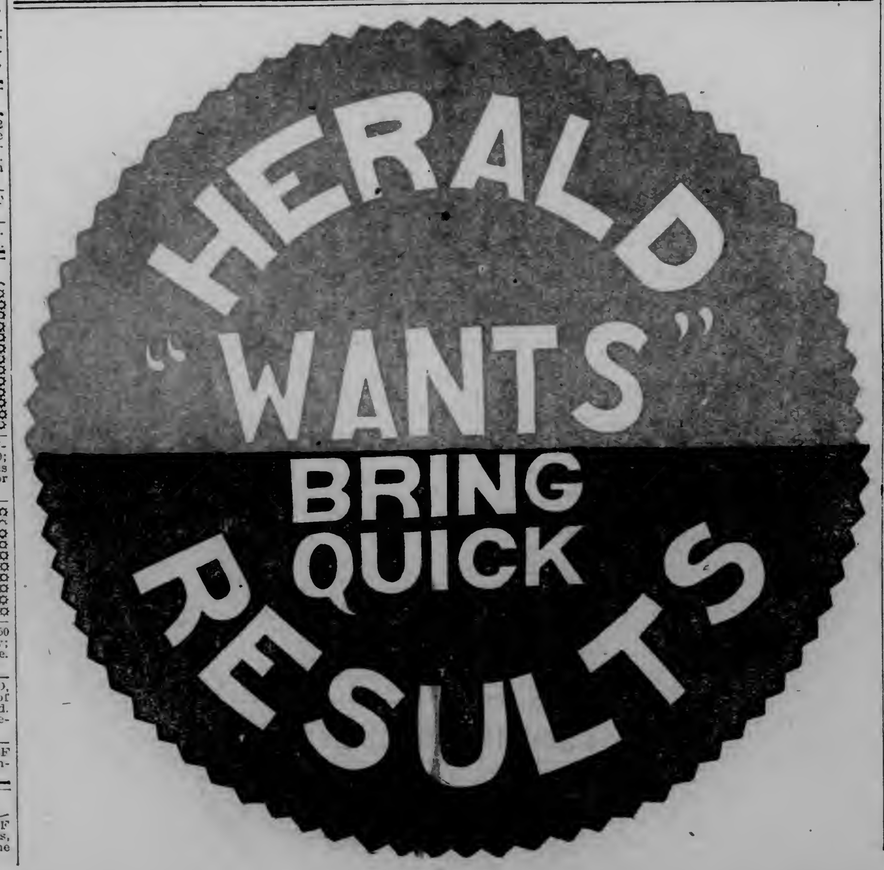
LADIES, SEND 10c SILVER FOR PARticulars about "protector." Box 242, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—100 SQUARE PIANOS AND organs to ship West. Call room 205, 221 West Superior street.

SPANISH TAUGHT. 519 EAST FIFTH street.

CHIROPODY and MANICURING.

MISS G. JOHNSON, ROOM 3, 123 WEST Superior street. New 'phone, 1702-D.



One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

50 men daily to get shoes resoled—while you wait. The Gopher Shoe Works.

RELIABLE MAN OR WOMAN TO TRAvel, distribute samples, and employ agents. Local managers also. $18 a week and expenses. Ziegler Co., 225 Locust street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—1,000 RAILROAD LABORers and station men for Washington, near Portland, Or. Good wages, two years' work, fare free from Duluth. Ship daily. Write or apply to the Duluth Employment company.

AN EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman; must be able to speak the Finnish language and come well recommended. Write to Isaac Summerfield, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—AT ONCE, TWO GOOD MAchinists and two good molders; steady work and best wages; don't write, but come. Virginia Foundry & Machine Co.

WANTED — SALESMEN OF ABILITY and neat appearance to call on all merchants in their territory; elegant side line convenient to carry; good commissions; prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—ENERGETIC, TRUSTworthy man to work in Minnesota representing large manufacturing company. Salary $40 to $90 per month, paid weekly; expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. H. Moore, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, GENERAL office experience and some knowledge of stenography preferred. Apply at Ohio Coal Co., between 9 and 10 a. m.

WANTED—HARNESS MAKERS. Address, The Konantz-Gaver Co., St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO HUSTLE for employment office; must speak Scandinavian and have experience. 21½ North Fifth avenue west.

TWO EXPERIENCED SOLICITORS for city; permanent employment and good compensation; must be hustlers and capable salesmen. Interstate Mercantile company, 231 East Superior street.

CAPABLE SALESMAN TO COVER Minnesota with staple line. High commissions with $100 monthly advance. Permanent position to right man. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

GOOD PAY FOR EARNEST WORKERS everywhere distributing circulars, samples and advertising matter. Co-operative Advertising Co., New York.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR STOCK clerk in carpet department. Must be strong and willing to work. French & Bassett.

WANTED — BLACKSMITH, $75 PER month and board. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply Co.

WANTED—BOY FOR CHECKROOM. Spalding Hotel.

BOYS WANTED AT THE BOTTLING works. Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN WATCHmaking; earn while you learn; write for our free book, "How to Be a Watchmaker." Stone's Watchmaking school, Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—SALESMEN WITH ABILity to earn $2,000 and expenses, selling jewelry assortments direct from factories. Exclusive Minnesota territory open. Manufacturing Jewelers' Assortment Co., Dept. B, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Only short time required. Now is the time to learn and prepare for the busy season. Illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE. Continued.

WANTED — ONE DUMP CAR FOREman, $75 per month; one track foreman $75 per month. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply company.

MEN EVERYWHERE TO DISTRIBUTE our samples; $3 daily; steady; no canvassing. "Oliver," Monroe building Chicago.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's Female Regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK AT Mrs. Page Morris', 2232 East First street.

GOOD WAIST AND SKIRT MAKERS wanted. Apply Miss Sall. Masonic Temple.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL with good recommendations. 31 West Second street.

WANTED — ONE EXPERIENCED shirt machine drill and one experienced shirt starcher. West Duluth, 16 Fifty-seventh avenue west. W. E. Weterin.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED diningroom girls. Northern hotel, Cloquet, Minn.; $18 per month.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL. 1624 EAST Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SEAMstress and apprentice girls at Madame Burns, No. 6, over Giddings'.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; best wages; must be competent. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 613 East First street.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO TAKE care of children. Apply 913 London Road.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK AND dining room girl; $40 for cook and $18 for dining room girl. Duquesne hotel, Proctor, Minn.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of two; snap. 504 Wieland flats.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwokr. 821 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED AT 931 EAST FIFTH street.

LADIES TO DO PIECEWORK AT home; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 East Monroe, Chicago.

STEADY POSITION YEAR ROUND knitting hosiery for us at home; $10 a week; machines furnished on easy payments; write for particulars. U. S. Woolen Co., 64 State, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — TWO OR THREE GOOD dining room girls. 516 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2227 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, good wages. 1505 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 525 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN BARbering, hair-dressing, manicuring and massage. Particulars free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED— A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 Fifteenth avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES A POSITION as stenographer, bookkeeper or cashier. G 68, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, scrubbing, cleaning or any laundry work by the day; is a good worker. G 84, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WANTS PLACE AT light housework. Call or write to 419 East First street.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS work afternoons. T. Herald.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS, DEALERS, WANTED—TO handle line of inverted lights and mantles. The best out, big money in it. Send for particulars. Usona Light Co., 247 Third avenue, New York.

$6 DAILY SELLING POSITIVE TENsion shears. Newly-patented device makes them self-sharpening. Never on market before. Big profits, exclusive territory, outfit free. Thomas Shears Co. 1229 Dayton, O.

AGENTS TO CANVASS AND COLlect; good salary; permanent position. Call Monday from 3 to 9 p. m. Frank J. Reid, manager, 5822 Grand avenue West.

WANTED — CANVASSERS EVERYwhere to sell Tom Worrall's book, "Grain Trust Exposed;" 50 per cent commission. Worrall Grain Co., Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE—COWS.

JOHN E. JOHNSON WILL ARRIVE with a carload of fresh milch cows Saturday morning, March 10th, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east. Zenith 'phone, 1833X.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday morning, March 6. 1219 East Seventh street. 'Phone, 1387 Zenith.

E. CARLSON WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows, Tuesday, March 8. Twelfth street and Twenty-second avenue west. Zenith phone, 1654D.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows; just arrived. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE — TWO HOUSES BY THE owner, one new 9-rooms, strictly modern; one 7-rooms in first-class repair. Buyer call 1559-M, Duluth 'phone.

FOR SALE—A FINE 12-ROOM HOUSE on Sixth street and First avenue east; must be removed at once. George A. Wieland, office, 211 Alworth building; new 'phone, 278. Residence, 1127 East Third street; new 'phone, 252.

FOR SALE — TEN-ROOM HOUSE, LOcated at 311 East First street; has nice cemented cellar, water, sewer, toilets, large new barn; call at premises upstairs, or 205 East First street, or correspond with owner, S. Goldish, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—FINE COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Call at Locksley hall, Twenty-third street.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614 Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 19, 1906. Work, second degree, Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 12, 1906. Work — First degree, John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30, March 14, 1906. Work M. M. degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave 8 p. m., Tuesday, March 20. Public installation of officers, Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, March 15, 1906. Work—Twenty-sixth degree. J. E. Cooley, secretary.

SUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 21. Work—Second degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday, in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Mar. 8. Samaritan degree. T. J. McKeon, C. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace F. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Putsilkowski, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, eets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., meets every Tuesday at 118 West Superior street. Work—First and second rank, Tuesday, March 13. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and Third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next regular meeting March 16, 1906—initiation. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Next meeting March 13; work first degree. Visiting members always welcome. S. F. Staples, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladh, banker; R. Rankin, clerk, 1322 Jefferson street.

CLAN SRTEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, March 7.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1315 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, will hold a musical and social entertainment March 21. The ladies will serve refreshments, coffee and cake. Invite your friends and have a good time. Hall A. Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt.-Gen.; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, Charles E. Norman; record keeper and finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m., residence, 412 West Fourth street.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Goglins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Glliland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets the first and third Tuesday of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting March 20. Card party. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 24 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

Section 2

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

Section 2

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1906.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MENOMINEE RANGE.

Opening of the New Mines in Iron River-Stambaugh District Assured---Traders Mine to Increase Output This Season.

Iron River, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Excellent results are being met with in the Iron River-Stambaugh district of the Menominee range in consequence of the exploratory work conducted by various mining concerns. The opening of a number of new mines is practically assurred. Among the finds made recently one of the most important has been on lands of the steel corporation, which for some time past has been reaching out from the lower levels at its Riverton and Dober properties in search of new ore bodies. At the Riverton, first by diamond drill and later by drifting, what appears to be an entirely new series of lenses has been located and partly developed. These deposits are on the west side of the river, at some distance from the present workings, and as far as possible to ascertain at this time they will be ffound extensive, materially adding to the value of and the lease of life of the property.

Drills in commission for Corrigan, McKinney & Company on Sections 31 and 36 have been boring away in an ore formation almost continuously since work was started. It is known that the showing is very satisfactory, but for the time being the details of the strike are withheld. In the third level of the Section 12 property, operated by the G. W. Youngs Mining company, a crosscut has cut about sixty feet of high grade material. The old Sheridan mine, located within the village limits of Iron River, is to be reopened this spring by one of the larger companies already operating in the district. The work of unwatering will probably be commenced early next month. The property has never been extensively opened, although, under the name of the Stegmiller, it made its first shipment in 1889. It had one shaft down several hundred feet, in a thirty-foot vein of non-Bessemer ore. The mine adjoins the Riverton.

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The Buffalo & Susquehanna company, which, in addition to taking over the Hiawatha mine, has secured possession to large tracts of mineral lands in the Iron River district, has made an excellent start on its extensive program of exploratory and development work. Both diamond drills and trenching have been adopted. The work of unwatering the Hiawatha mine has proved more difficult than anticipated, but it is expected that the workings will be dry towards the latter part of the coming week. There are three levels, at depths of 161, 233 and 333 feet, respectively, with many extensive openings. The shaft is small, preventing the lowering of large pumps, and the timbering is not in the best of condition. Two No. 10 pumps, a 600-gallon sinker and an eight-inch blower have been utilized, and the water has been gushing forth at the rate of about 1,200 gallons a minute. Once unwatered, the shaft will be retimbered and sunk to the fourth level, a distance of about twenty feet, when crosscutting and drifting will commence. The ore extends strongly in a western direction. At the West Hiawatha diamond drilling and test-pitting are being done in hopes of finding a continuation of this vein. The drill, boring at an angle of 50 degs., has crosscut over 300 feet of mixed ore, with the footwall still a considerable distance away. On the D., M. & M. lands the drill struck a large boulder at a depth of about 300 feet, which it was unable to penetrate. A new hole is now being sunk nearer the river bank, at a point about 400 feet further to the north. Trenching and test-pitting are being done on adjoining lands under option.

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(Continued on page 12, 2nd sec., 4th col.)

NEW BUTTE DISTRICT BUSY

Butte & London, Butte Copper Exploration and Pat Clarke Have Men at Work—Cole Secures Option on Properties Held by Heinze—Raven's Rich Discovery.

Butte, Mont., March 10.—One of the busiest districts in Butte at the present time is the section lying north and east of the Pittsburg & Montana properties. Several new mining companies have taken up the ground in this locality, notably, the Butte & London company, the Butte Copper Exploration company and the Bullwhacker company, controlled by Patrick Clark, the well-known Spokane mining man. All of these companies are doing more or less development work and ground that three months ago was barren and idle, is now the scene of active operations.

Machinery for the Butte & London company's new hoisting and pumping plant arrived during the past week, and it is now being installed. The big three-compartment shaft is down about ninety feet and sinking is going on at a record-breaking clip. When the new equipment shall have been installed the shaft will be sunk with even greater rapidity than at the present time, as the men have been using a winze.

The men under Foreman Hanley have struck some float while sinking the shaft that has been a source of much gratification to the owners. While the shaft is not yet deep enough to have cut any distinct leads, yet the ground, and all that is needed, is developed.

Plans for the Butte & London office building have been completed and work will be commenced on the structure this week. The building will be thoroughly modern in every respect, and the active managers of the companyy will have their offices there.

Close by the Butte & London, the Butte Copper Exploration company has a force of men engaged in sinking a shaft and doing some exploration work. The exploration company is backed by several large Eastern brokerage firms whose experts have examined the ground and predict that with proper development some valuable ore bodies will be uncovered.

Patrick Clark, the Spokane mining magnate, was in the city last week for the purpose of completing arrangements for the institution of work at his Bullwhacker property. Mr. Clark stated that within a few days a force of men would be put to work sinking a shaft on the property, and he announced that it was the intention of the owners to develop the ground with all possible speed. The Bullwhacker is located east of the Pittsburg & Montana properties between Horse canyon and the old Boston & Montana placer.

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Agreements to purchase mining properties in Butte and vicinity, which were secured of F. Augustus Heinze last June, have been included in the big Cole deal with the Heinez interests, as transfers of a number of the options have been received from New York and filed for record in the office of County Clerk and Recorder Gilroy. The Nora and several other mines that were expressly excepted in the deeds filed recently, are now included in the transfers of a number of option interests to Mr. Cole.

The options were all executed June 1, 1905, the term to be for a year, and the transfers to Mr. Cole were executed in New York Feb. 6 last. The following are the properties involved and considerations named to be paid if the options are taken up within the year: Three-fourths interest in the Nora mine, $25,000; Homestake mine, $25,000; Hesperus mine, $17,500; one-eighth interest in Joseph Chief mine, $15,000; one-half interest in Belmont mine and lots in Belmont addition, $40,000; one-fourth interest in Colleen Bawn mine, $5,000; one-fourth interest in Canyon mine. The total consideration named in the options to purchase is $132,000.

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The Raven has made a discovery of a fine body of ore in a south crosscut from the east drift of the 1,200-foot level. The discovery vein of the Snoozer has been cut at that point and is forty-two feet wide. It is reported that there are four to five feet of ore upon which the company has been drifting, forty to fifty feet east and west from the crosscut, that averages 6 to 7 per cent copper, and the ore is widening out and is expected to fill the vein, especially on the east end. On the 1,500-foot level the same vein has been cut through and is fifty feet wide. Drifting at that point has also been started. It is expected that within a week or ten days the 1,500 crosscut will reach the north vein, upon which the

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J. D. RYAN.
Vice President of the Butte Coalition Company.

THE MARQUETTE RANGE

Volunteer Mine to Be Given Another Trial--Operations at the Star West Suspended---Abandoned Mines in Humboldt District Likely to Be Worked Again.

Ishpeming, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Volunteer mine, in the Cascade district, five miles south of Negaunee, Marquette range, is to be given another trial. It is to be re-opened by the Jones & Laughlin steel interests, and preliminary to the resumption of operations supplies are now being transported to the property. Opened in 1871, and credited with a total production of more than 1,300,000 tons of ore, the Volunteer has had a checkered career. It has been idle for the past two years. Prior to that it had been in the hands of a number of different concerns, the last the Steel corporation, and among the others the company which is now to give the property another test. The ore is hard, requiring crushing, and is non-bessemer in grade. It has been considerably mixed. There are stopes that have run well in iron, and it is hoped that something better than heretofore mined will be found. The mine was first known as the Cascade, and later as the Pittsburg & Lake Superior. It is now largely owned by Senator Alger of Detroit, on whose hands it has been much of a white elephant ever since he acquired it in 1891 at a figure which subsequent events have demonstrated was by no means of the bargain variety. The main shaft will need considerable repairing, as about fifty feet of it caved in last fall.

Corrigan, McKinney & Co. have suspended operations in the shaft which was being sunk near the Star West mine, in the same district, the exploration not having panned out as expected. The ore encountered in a drift from the shallow shaft first put down was not found when the shaft was sunk to an added depth of nearly 100 feet. Corrigan, McKinney & Co. will, it is understood, do some mining work this season at the Star West, which it holds under lease, paying a small royalty on the ore produced. The property, which was formerly known as the Wheat, ranks second to the Volunteer among the Cascade mines, although to date it has shipped only about 200,000 tons. It was opened in 1873, closed in 1891 and reopened in 1894 as the pioneer producer of high silica ores on the Marquette range. Its largest product was in 1895, when the considerable amount of 51,207 tons was shipped, since which time the annual output has been trifling, amounting to only 33,000 tons, with no shipments the past five seasons. At the Empire mine, a Cascade property being developed by John T. Jones of Iron Mountain, a pumping plant has been installed and timbering is being done in the shaft, which has been enlarged to make

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NEVADA CAMPS BOOMING

C. M. Schwab's Entry Adds to the Interest There---Samuel Newhouse Buys Property Adjoining the Shoshone, Secured by Schwab Interests.

Tonopah, Nev., March 10.—With reports of new strikes pouring in from all directions, from Manhattan on the north to Bullfrog on the south, Goldfield and Palmetto on the southwest and Hannapah to the east, to say nothing of the new disclosures that are constantly being made in the mines here, Tonopah is the natural "storm center" of whirlwind Nevada. The arrival of Charles M. Schwab and his corps of engineers has added zest to the life of the camp this week, besides calling particular attention to the Bullfrog country, where Mr. Schwab and his combination are planning a campaign of development, construction and equipment that will speedily convert some of the numerous rich properties there into magnificent producers.

The positive announcement is made that the Shoshone Consolidated Mining company, with Schwab at the head, will construct a milling plant of not less than 500 tons daily capacity, to handle the second grade ores of the mines that went into the combine during the month. Engineers are now on the ground, selecting the site and making all arrangements for the construction of the works, and the expectation is that ground will be broken during the next ten days. In the meantime, the mines will be equipped with heavy machinery, including modern hoists, compressor plants, etc., in order that the opening of the mines may be crowded to the limit. By the time this is done the W. A. Clark branch of the Salt Lake route will have been completed from Las Vegas to Bullfrog, and a stream of ore will be started for the smelters near Salt Lake City. The Schwab combination's expenditures during the year are expected to approximate $500,000.

A deal has been consummated that gives Samuel Newhouse a strong foothold in the camp of Bullfrog, Nev. He purchased from D. H. Peery a control in the Montgomery Mountain Mining company. The price was not made public, though it is believed to have approximated $250,000 together with an agreement to develop the mine thoroughly. The property adjoins the famous Montgomery-Shoshone and Polaris, the control of which passed to Charles M. Schwab and associates a few days ago and which, with previous holdings of the Schwab syndicate, were made the basis of the Montgomery-Shoshone Consolidated company immediately afterward. Morris M. Johnson, chief engineer and expert on the Newhouse staff, made the examination upon which the purchase by his chief was made within an hour after its submission. A large compressor plant, assay office and buildings for the accommodation of the mine force are to be placed on the property at once. He reports that the famous Shoshone ledge runs through Montgomery Mountain ground for a distance of not less than 1,000 feet and he expects to show that the Schwab combination overlooked one of the best things in the district when it failed to secure the Peery property.

Reports of rich discoveries and sensational devlopments continue to come from the old Bullion district, in Elko county, thirty miles south of Beowawee, a station on the Southern Pacific railroad. Snow is still deep on the ground there but for all that the country is overrun with gold hunters. Several companies are operating there and the ore shipped during the late fall and early winter months to Salt Lake and San Francisco smelters brought the owners better than $100 a ton. Gold and copper with some silver, make up the chief metallic contents of the ore, while some of the claims carry nothing but gold, most of it free, in a matrix of iron quartz. A tampede for this region is predicted as soon as the snow disapepars.

A smelter with two furnaces, one for lead and the other for copper ore, each with a capacity of 75 to 100 tons per day, is to be constructed at once by the Good Springs Smelting and Development company. Joseph Dederich, who has had to do with the building of several smelters and mills in Utah, has the contract and ground will be broken during the coming week. Warren Potter of Haverhill, Mass., is the power behind the throne in this company, and he expects to spend $150,000 in the enterprise this year. The smelter will be located about ten miles off the Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railroad in Lincoln county. It is expected to have the smelter in commission by July, if not sooner.

THE GOGEBIC RANGE.

Brotherton and Sunday Lake Properties to Be Greatly Improved Within Next Two Years.

Ironwood, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pickands, Mather & Co., operators of the Brotherton and Sunday Lake mines, Gogebic range, are preparing to greatly improve those properties within the next two years. At the Brotherton, a new four-compartment shaft, 8x24 feet in dimensions, will be put down, after which a portion of the present workings will be abandoned and ore contained therein which cannot be mined with safety at present will be taken out. The shaft will be one of the most substantial in the region. It will be supported by steel sets and will be capped by a steel shaft house of the latest model. A boiler house is being erected, in which will be installed two high pressure boilers and a foundation is going down on which will be set into position an air compressor of a capacity of twenty drills. At the Sunday Lake a triple compound pump of a capacity of 1,000 gallons a minute is to be installed. A new shaft is sinking at this property, but it will probably not be in readiness for operation much withi ntwo years. It was put down about forty-five feet last month. The past year was a record-breaker at these two properties, the Brotherton shipping 125,000 tons and the Sunday Lake about 80,000, a combined output of 215,000 tons.

An interesting bit of gossip in Gogebic mining circles is a report to the effect that James Gayley, first vice president of the Steel corporation, will build a $10,000 cottage at Clark lake, in the eastern end of Gogebic county, the coming summer. President T. F. Cole, of the corporation's Oliver Mining company, has a lodge in the same district, which, during the warm season, is a veritable mecca for officials of the corporation and their families and friends.

THE RARUS MINE, NOW OWNED BY BUTTE COALITION COMPANY.

GOOD RESULTS AT BISBEE

Work Going Ahead With Vigor at All the Properties—Drill Hole at the American in Limestone—Steady Development at Shattuck—The February Smelter Returns.

Bisbee, Ariz., March 10.—The possibility of labor troubles at the mines, due to the efforts of emissaries of the Western Federation of Labor to induce the miners to join that organization has disappeared. For about a week there was much agitation of the matter and several public meetings were held. It was finally decided to decide the question by a vote of all the working miners under the Australian system. The polls were opened on Monday from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., and a heavy vote was cast. The vote was overwhelmingly against the proposition to join the union, only about 15 per cent voting in favor of it. The expectation is that the subject will not be further agitated. Meanwhile work has been going ahead with vigor and good results at all the properties. In none of the mines this w eek has there been what might come under the head of sensational discovery, for such new ore as has been brought in was discounted some time ago. In Junction the drifts are going along in ore, which it was known they would before the work from the circular drift was recently started. The hoist at this property is not finished, but it is making excellent progress in that direction.

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At Calumet & Pittsburg the Hoatson shaft is in very fine ground. The Briggs shaft drift toward the Lowell from the 1,000 level continues to have ore and is looking very promising. The manner of development here is in the line of thorough prospecting of the ore body opened.

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Lake Superior & Pittsburg and Pittsburg & Duluth are making headway steadily. Both mines are looking well and development in progress along with production is steadily showing more and more ore. As soon as the smelter is able to take care of a greater output these two properties will be called upon for—they have the goods.

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At the Oliver the new hoist that is to be installed is the keynote to the situation. All is in readiness underground to make the great production of which the workings of the mine are capable, and which it has for some time been in readiness to begin. Until the hoist is ready for business, however, the Oliver's production will of necessity continue at the small output that has prevailed up to this time. With the new hoist in operation the mine will be equal to exceeding the capacity to get to the top of the daily product that the Irish Mag has ground. Oliver will then be called upon for production at least equal to that of the Irish Mag, for it is understood to be the purpose to close down the Irish Mag for repairs that are needed.

At the American the drill is now down between 800 and 900 feet. It has been in limestone for some time. This is sufficient for those who know what limestone means in the district and is a mighty satisfactory piece of news to those interested in American, though it cannot be said to be anything they had not been confidently expected. Work with the drill has been rapid and satisfactory. On the Warren the drill has not yet been started. No further announcement has been made in this regard than that of a couple of weeks ago, when it was said that as soon as the drill necessary was secured and readiness arrived at it would commence going down.

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At the Shattuck they are continuing steadily with development of the big ore bodies they have on the 700 and 800 levels. The work is being attended by every circumstance that might be considered pleasing while there has been nothing of character to discourage. At the Denn they are nearing the drifting stage from the lower level where a station is first to be cut. The ground down in the Denn has had a very good look this week and is encouraging in high degree.

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The Wolverine & Arizona's cross cut from the lower drift is looking exceedingly good and the expectation steadily grows firmer among those at and interested in the property that its final attainment of ore is not now far distant. Any day may bring in the much desired and long sought article. During the last several days there has been much of promise in iron that has shown in the cross cut, the material from which is coming out much stained.

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The Saginaw has received the big battery of boilers from the pump. This

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LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER

Mild Winter Favorable to Surface Work at Mines---Fire in Tamarack Proving Stubborn---Another Record-Breaking Output by Franklin.

Houghton, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The past winter has been the mildest ever known in the Lake Superior copper district, and, although the snowfall has been tolerably heavy, there have been very few days when outdoor labor has been impossible or even especially unpleasant. As a consequence surface work has progressed unusually well at the mines, but in many cases, especially at explorations and new shafts, certain necessary work cannot be performed to advantage in the winter, and must, therefore, wait for spring. In this class of work is the sinking of No. 2 shaft of the Allouez, which is down less than forty feet, in the sand. The ledge is but sixty-eight feet below surface, but the ground is so very wet that it would be folly to resume sinking before the snow had gone and the ground become fairly dry. No. 2 shaft of the Allouez will not reach the ledge until a depth of nearly 2,000 feet, but this is taken as a commonplace matter nowadays, though less than twenty-five years ago the proposal of the late Capt. John Daniel to sink a vertical shaft 2,250 feet to intercept the underlay of the Calumet conglomerate took away the breath of the mining world, and gave to Capt. Daniel the nickname of "the crazy Cornishman"—until such time as the shaft was bottomed successfully, and the Tamarack mine was born. No. 2 shaft of the Allouez, like No. 1, will be sunk at an angle of 80 degs. with the horizon, until the lode is reached, after which the shaft will be curved about 40 degs. to take the dip of the lode.

The fire in the Tamarack is proving a stubborn affair. The principal trouble comes from the gases generated by the flames, which linger in out-of-the-way mine openings, and creep thence into the principal avenues, rendering operations dangerous to the miners. While there have been some heavy losses of life in the various fires of the past twenty years in the lake copper mines, all have come through suffocation rather than from actual contact with the flames, and the losses of the mines through delays and enforced idleness, have been nearly as great as the damaged caused by destruction of shafts and timbering.

The Franklin made another record-breaking output in February, and there seems every reason to look for much the largest output this year that ever has been secured by the company. While the old Franklin is running stih, its output now is but a tithe of the total production secured, the conglomerate workings of the Franklin Junior furnishing nearly 90 per cent of the rock that is going to the mill.

The hydraulic-pneumatic plant of the Victoria was tested this week, and an air pressure of 110 pounds secured with ease. This is considerably above the average working pressure that will be

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CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT

General Drainage Tunnel May Soon be Under Headway---Receiver for Pointer Gold Company Asked.

Colorado Springs, Colo., March 10.—The projected general drainage tunnel, which has been delayed by discussion of plans for raising the necessary funds, may soon be under headway, as the Portland Gold Mining company is ready to pay $100,000. The Findley, Golden Cycle and Vindicator companies will pay $200,000 jointly. The success of the El Paso tunnel leaves no question about the advantages of the new one.

The projected electric street car line for Canon City through Eight Mile Park to the top of the Royal Gorge will open a hitherto almost inaccessible mineral region, where garnets, sapphires, green, pink and black tourmaline, tantalum and mica have been found. Tantalum exists in varieties known as tantulite and columbite.

Minority stockholders have asked for a receiver for the Pointer Gold Mining company, alleging dissipation of funds by the present management.

Work is in progress on the cyanide mill of the United States Reduction and Refining company, also on the old telluride mill which the Golden Cycle Gold Mining company is reconstructing into a cyanide plant. They adjoin Colorado City. The combined capacity will be 2,000 tons daily. The total outlay will reach $900,000. Both mills will be in operation by Sept. 1.

The Anaconda Gold Mining company treated 8,300 tons of ore by the cyanide process in 1905, the average value of which was $3. Out of $22,500 returns the company's royalties were $3,583.40. Receipts from ore mined during the year were $61,711.25, on which net royalties were $9,788.85. Block 20 in the mine yielded $16,488.86 gross, on which the royalty was $2,350.54. The company began 1906 with $11,304.49 in the treasury. The property is being operated by lessees.

McCluskey Bros. lease on the 850 foot level of the Colorado Central at Georgetown is in an ore body 18 to 24 inches thick, which carries 212 ounces of silver a ton values. One mill run netted 200 ounces. Considerable ruby silver is now showing. The ore body increases in size and value as the stope is carried upward.

Dick Pennington and associates, lessees, have opened up a 10-inch shoot in Stratton's Independence mine that returns $15,000 gold a ton. A 6-inch shoot has been opened in the Martha Washington mine, of the same company, which carries $3,300 values.

The Pierce Gold Mining company, composed of New York and Denver capitalists, has purchased the Morris and Eighty-nine claims, Russell district, at $3,600. The shaft is down 300 feet. Promising ore has been discovered. The property will be developed.

Milwaukee capitalists are reported to have purchased the Summit Mining company's property, 300 acres, near Leadville, for $500,000. A mill of 1,000 tons daily capacity may be erected.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Section 2

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

Section 2

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1906.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MENOMINEE RANGE.

Opening of the New Mines in Iron River-Stambaugh District Assured---Traders Mine to Increase Output This Season.

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NEW BUTTE DISTRICT BUSY

Butte & London, Butte Copper Exploration and Pat Clarke Have Men at Work—Cole Secures Option on Properties Held by Heinze—Raven's Rich Discovery.

Butte, Mont., March 10.—One of the busiest districts in Butte at the present time is the section lying north and east of the Pittsburg & Montana properties. Several new mining companies have taken up the ground in this locality, notably, the Butte & London company, the Butte Copper Exploration company and the Bullwhacker company, controlled by Patrick Clark, the well-known Spokane mining man. All of these companies are doing more or less development work and ground that three months ago was barren and idle, is now the scene of active operations.

Machinery for the Butte & London company's new hoisting and pumping plant arrived during the past week, and it is now being installed. The big three-compartment shaft is down about ninety feet and sinking is going on at a record-breaking clip. When the new equipment shall have been installed the shaft will be sunk with even greater rapidity than at the present time, as the men have been using a winze.

The men under Foreman Hanley have struck some float while sinking the shaft that has been a source of much gratification to the owners. While the shaft is not yet deep enough to have cut any distinct leads, yet the ground, and all that is needed, is developed.

Plans for the Butte & London office building have been completed and work will be commenced on the structure this week. The building will be thoroughly modern in every respect, and the active managers of the companyy will have their offices there.

Close by the Butte & London, the Butte Copper Exploration company has a force of men engaged in sinking a shaft and doing some exploration work. The exploration company is backed by several large Eastern brokerage firms whose experts have examined the ground and predict that with proper development some valuable ore bodies will be uncovered.

Patrick Clark, the Spokane mining magnate, was in the city last week for the purpose of completing arrangements for the institution of work at his Bullwhacker property. Mr. Clark stated that within a few days a force of men would be put to work sinking a shaft on the property, and he announced that it was the intention of the owners to develop the ground with all possible speed. The Bullwhacker is located east of the Pittsburg & Montana properties between Horse canyon and the old Boston & Montana placer.

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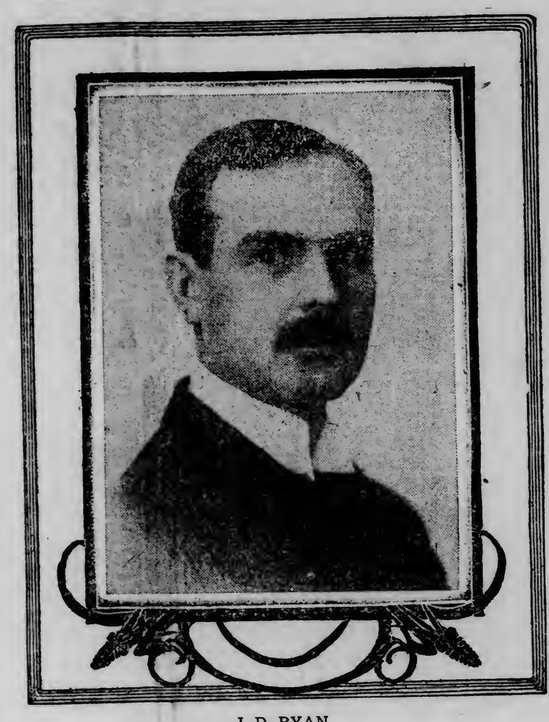
Agreements to purchase mining properties in Butte and vicinity, which were secured of F. Augustus Heinze last June, have been included in the big Cole deal with the Heinez interests, as transfers of a number of the options have been received from New York and filed for record in the office of County Clerk and Recorder Gilroy. The Nora and several other mines that were expressly excepted in the deeds filed recently, are now included in the transfers of a number of option interests to Mr. Cole.



J. D. RYAN.
Vice President of the Butte Coalition Company.

The options were all executed June 1, 1905, the term to be for a year, and the transfers to Mr. Cole were executed in New York Feb. 6 last. The following are the properties involved and considerations named to be paid if the options are taken up within the year: Three-fourths interest in the Nora mine, $25,000; Homestake mine, $25,000; Hesperus mine, $17,500; one-eighth interest in Joseph Chief mine, $15,000; one-half interest in Belmont mine and lots in Belmont addition, $40,000; one-fourth interest in Colleen Bawn mine, $5,000; one-fourth interest in Canyon mine. The total consideration named in the options to purchase is $132,000.

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The Raven has made a discovery of a fine body of ore in a south crosscut from the east drift of the 1,200-foot level. The discovery vein of the Snoozer has been cut at that point and is forty-two feet wide. It is reported that there are four to five feet of ore upon which the company has been drifting, forty to fifty feet east and west from the crosscut, that averages 6 to 7 per cent copper, and the ore is widening out and is expected to fill the vein, especially on the east end. On the 1,500-foot level the same vein has been cut through and is fifty feet wide. Drifting at that point has also been started. It is expected that within a week or ten days the 1,500 crosscut will reach the north vein, upon which the

Continued on page 12, 2nd sec., 2nd col.)

THE MARQUETTE RANGE

Volunteer Mine to Be Given Another Trial--Operations at the Star West Suspended---Abandoned Mines in Humboldt District Likely to Be Worked Again.

Ishpeming, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Volunteer mine, in the Cascade district, five miles south of Negaunee, Marquette range, is to be given another trial. It is to be re-opened by the Jones & Laughlin steel interests, and preliminary to the resumption of operations supplies are now being transported to the property. Opened in 1871, and credited with a total production of more than 1,300,000 tons of ore, the Volunteer has had a checkered career. It has been idle for the past two years. Prior to that it had been in the hands of a number of different concerns, the last the Steel corporation, and among the others the company which is now to give the property another test. The ore is hard, requiring crushing, and is nonbessemer in grade. It has been considerably mixed. There are stopes that have run well in iron, and it is hoped that something better than heretofore mined will be found. The mine was first known as the Cascade, and later as the Pittsburg & Lake Superior. It is now largely owned by Senator Alger of Detroit, on whose hands it has been much of a white elephant ever since he acquired it in 1891 at a figure which subsequent events have demonstrated was by no means of the bargain variety. The main shaft will need considerable repairing, as about fifty feet of it caved in last fall.

Corrigan, McKinney & Co. have suspended operations in the shaft which was being sunk near the Star West mine, in the same district, the exploration not having panned out as expected. The ore encountered in a drift from the shallow shaft first put down was not found when the shaft was sunk to an added depth of nearly 100 feet. Corrigan, McKinney & Co. will, it is understood, do some mining work this season at the Star West, which it holds under lease, paying a small royalty on the ore produced. The property, which was formerly known as the Wheat, ranks second to the Volunteer among the Cascade mines, although to date it has shipped only about 200,000 tons. It was opened in 1878, closed in 1891 and reopened in 1894 as the pioneer producer of high silica ores on the Marquette range. Its largest product was in 1895, when the considerable amount of 51,207 tons was shipped, since which time the annual output has been trifling, amounting to only 33,000 tons, with no shipments the past five seasons. At the Empire mine, a Cascade property being developed by John T. Jones of Iron Mountain, a pumping plant has been installed and timbering is being done in the shaft, which has been enlarged to make

(Continued on page 12, 2nd sec., 5th col.)

THE GOGEBIC RANGE.

Brotherton and Sunday Lake Properties to Be Greatly Improved Within Next Two Years.

Ironwood, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pickands, Mather & Co., operators of the Brotherton and Sunday Lake mines, Gogebic range, are preparing to greatly improve those properties within the next two years. At the Brotherton, a new four-compartment shaft, 8x24 feet in dimensions, will be put down, after which a portion of the present workings will be abandoned and ore contained therein which cannot be mined with safety at present will be taken out. The shaft will be one of the most substantial in the region. It will be supported by steel sets and will be capped by a steel shaft house of the latest model. A boiler house is being erected, in which will be installed two high pressure boilers and a foundation is going down on which will be set into position an air compressor of a capacity of twenty drills. At the Sunday Lake a triple compound pump of a capacity of 1,000 gallons a minute is to be installed. A new shaft is sinking at this property, but it will probably not be in readiness for operation much withi ntwo years. It was put down about forty-five feet last month. The past year was a record-breaker at these two properties, the Brotherton shipping 125,000 tons and the Sunday Lake about 80,000, a combined output of 215,000 tons.

An interesting bit of gossip in Gogebic mining circles is a report to the effect that James Gayley, first vice president of the Steel corporation, will build a $10,000 cottage at Clark lake, in the eastern end of Gogebic county, the coming summer. President T. F. Cole, of the corporation's Oliver Mining company, has a lodge in the same district, which, during the warm season, is a veritable mecca for officials of the corporation and their families and friends.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT

General Drainage Tunnel May Soon be Under Headway---Receiver for Pointer Gold Company Asked.

Colorado Springs, Colo., March 10.—The projected general drainage tunnel, which has been delayed by discussion of plans for raising the necessary funds, may soon be under headway, as the Portland Gold Mining company is ready to pay $100,000. The Findley, Golden Cycle and Vindicator companies will pay $200,000 jointly. The success of the El Paso tunnel leaves no question about the advantages of the new one.

The projected electric street car line for Canon City through Eight Mile Park to the top of the Royal Gorge will open a hitherto almost inaccessible mineral region, where garnets, sapphires, green, pink and black tourmaline, tantalum and niken have been found. Tantalum exists in varieties known as tantalite and columbite.

Minority stockholders have asked for a receiver for the Pointer Gold Mining company, alleging dissipation of funds by the present management.

Work is in progress on the cyanide mill of the United States Reduction and Refining company, also on the old telluride mill which the Golden Cycle Gold Mining company is reconstructing into a cyanide plant. They adjoin Colorado City. The combined capacity will be 2,000 tons daily. The total outlay will reach $460,000. Both mills will be in operation by Sept. 1.

The Anaconda Gold Mining company treated $,200 tons of ore by the cyanide process in 1905, the average value of which was $3. Out of $22,900 returns the company's royalties were $3,583.40. Receipts from ore mined during the year were $61,711.25, on which net royalties were $9,788.85. Block 29 in the mine yielded $16,488.86 gross, on which the royalty was $2,570.54. The company began 1906 with $11,394.49 in the treasury. The property is being operated by lessees.

McCluskey Bros. lease on the 850 foot level of the Colorado Central at Georgetown is in an ore body 18 to 24 inches thick, which carries 232 ounces of silver a ton values. One mill run netted 200 ounces. Considerable ruby silver is now showing. The ore body increases in size and value as the stope is carried upward.

Dick Pennington and associates, lessees, have opened up a 10-inch shoot in Stratton's Independence mine that returns $15,000 gold a ton. A 6-inch shoot has been opened in the Martha Washington mine, of the same company, which carries $3,800 values.

The Pierce Gold Mining company, composed of New York and Denver capitalists, has purchased the Morris and Eighty-nine claims, Russell district, at $3,600. The shaft is down 300 feet. Promising ore has been discovered. The property will be developed.

Milwaukee capitalists are reported to have purchased the Summit Mining company's property, 300 acres, near Leadville, for $500,000. A mill of 1,000 tons daily capacity may be erected.

THE RARUS MINE, NOW OWNED BY BUTTE COALITION COMPANY.

GOOD RESULTS AT BISBEE

Work Going Ahead With Vigor at All the Properties—Drill Hole at the American in Limestone—Steady Development at Shattuck—The February Smelter Returns.

Bisbee, Ariz., March 10.—The possibility of labor troubles at the mines, due to the efforts of emissaries of the Western Federation of Labor to induce the miners to join that organization has disappeared. For about a week there was much agitation of the matter and several public meetings were held. It was finally decided to decide the question by a vote of all the working miners under the Australian system. The polls were opened on Monday from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., and a heavy vote was cast. The vote was overwhelmingly against the proposition to join the union, only about 15 per cent voting in favor of it. The expectation is that the subject will not be further agitated. Meanwhile work has been going ahead with vigor and good results at all the properties. In none of the mines this week has there been what might come under the head of sensational discovery, for such new ore as has been brought in was discounted some time ago. In Junction the drifts are going along in ore, which it was known they would before the work from the circular drift was recently started. The hoist at this property is not finished, but it is making excellent progress in that direction.

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At Calumet & Pittsburg the Hoatson shaft is in very fine ground. The Briggs shaft drift toward the Lowell from the 1,000 level continues to have ore and is looking very promising. The manner of development here is in the line of thorough prospecting of the ore body opened.

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Lake Superior & Pittsburg and Pittsburg & Duluth are making headway steadily. Both mines are looking well and development in progress along with production is steadily showing more and more ore. As soon as the smelter is able to take care of a greater output these two properties will be called upon for—they have the goods.

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At the Oliver the new hoist that is to be installed is the keynote to the situation. All is in readiness underground to make the great production of which the workings of the mine are capable, and which it has for some time been in readiness to begin. Until the hoist is ready for business, however, the Oliver's production will of necessity continue at the small output that has prevailed up to this time. With the new hoist in operation the mine will be equal to exceeding the capacity to get to the top of the daily product that the Irish Mag has ground. Oliver will then be called upon for production at least equal to that of the Irish Mag, for it is understood to be the purpose to close down the Irish Mag for repairs that are needed.

At the American the drill is now down between 800 and 900 feet. It has been in limestone for some time. This is sufficient for those who know what limestone means in the district and is a mighty satisfactory piece of news to those interested in American, though it cannot be said to be anything they had not been confidently expected. Work with the drill has been rapid and satisfactory. On the Warren the drill has not yet been started. No further announcement has been made in this regard than that of a couple of weeks ago, when it was said that as soon as the drill necessary was secured and readiness arrived at it would commence going down.

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At the Shattuck they are continuing steadily with development of the big ore bodies they have on the 700 and 800 levels. The work is being attended by every circumstance that might be considered pleasing while there has been nothing of character to discourage. At the Denn they are nearing the drifting stage from the lower level where a station is first to be cut. The ground down in the Denn has had a very good look this week and is encouraging in high degree.

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The Wolverine & Arizona's cross cut from the lower drift is looking exceedingly good and the expectation steadily grows firmer among those at and interested in the property that its final attainment of ore is not now far distant. Any day may bring in the much desired and long sought article. During the last several days there has been much of promise in iron that has shown in the cross cut, the material from which is coming out much stained.

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The Saginaw has received the big battery of boilers from the pump. This

(Continued on page 12, 2nd sec., 4th col.)

NEVADA CAMPS BOOMING

C. M. Schwab's Entry Adds to the Interest There---Samuel Newhouse Buys Property Adjoining the Shoshone, Secured by Schwab Interests.

Tonopah, Nev., March 10.—With reports of new strikes pouring in from all directions, from Manhattan on the north to Bullfrog on the south, Goldfield and Palmetto on the southwest and Hannapah to the east, to say nothing of the new disclosures that are constantly being made in the mines here, Tonopah is the natural "storm center" of whirlwind Nevada. The arrival of Charles M. Schwab and his corps of engineers has added zest to the life of the camp this week, besides calling particular attention to the Bullfrog country, where Mr. Schwab and his combination are planning a campaign of development, construction and equipment that will speedily convert some of the numerous rich properties there into magnificent producers.

The positive announcement is made that the Shoshone Consolidated Mining company, with Schwab at the head, will construct a milling plant of not less than 500 tons daily capacity, to handle the second grade ores of the mines that went into the combine during the month. Engineers are now on the ground, selecting the site and making all arrangements for the construction of the works, and the expectation is that ground will be broken during the next ten days. In the meantime, the mines will be equipped with heavy machinery, including modern hoists, compressor plants, etc., in order that the opening of the mines may be crowded to the limit. By the time this is done the W. A. Clark branch of the Salt Lake route will have been completed from Las Vegas to Bullfrog, and a stream of ore will be started for the smelters near Salt Lake City. The Schwab combination's expenditures during the year are expected to approximate $500,000.

A deal has been consummated that gives Samuel Newhouse a strong foothold in the camp of Bullfrog, Nev. He purchased from D. H. Peery a control in the Montgomery Mountain Mining company. The price was not made public, though it is believed to have approximated $250,000 together with an agreement to develop the mine thoroughly. The property adjoins the famous Montgomery-Shoshone and Polaris, the control of which passed to Charles M. Schwab and associates a few days ago and which, with previous holdings of the Schwab syndicate, were made the basis of the Montgomery-Shoshone Consolidated company immediately afterward. Morris M. Johnson, chief engineer and expert on the Newhouse staff, made the examination upon which the purchase by his chief was made within an hour after its submission. A large compressor plant, assay office and buildings for the accommodation of the mine force are to be placed on the property at once. He reports that the famous Shoshone ledge runs through Montgomery Mountain ground for a distance of not less than 1,000 feet and he expects to show that the Schwab combination overlooked one of the best things in the district when it failed to secure the Peery property.

Reports of rich discoveries and sensational devlopments continue to come from the old Bullion district, in Elko county, thirty miles south of Beowawee, a station on the Southern Pacific railroad. Snow is still deep on the ground there but for all that the country is overrun with gold hunters. Several companies are operating there and the ore shipped during the late fall and early winter months to Salt Lake and San Francisco smelters brought the owners better than $100 a ton. Gold and copper with some silver, make up the chief metallic contents of the ore, while some of the claims carry nothing but gold, most of it free, in a matrix of iron quartz. A tampede for this region is predicted as soon as the snow disapepars.

A smelter with two furnaces, one for lead and the other for copper ore, each with a capacity of 75 to 100 tons per day, is to be constructed at once by the Good Springs Smelting and Development company. Joseph Dederich, who has had to do with the building of several smelters and mills in Utah, has the contract and ground will be broken during the coming week. Warren Potter of Haverhill, Mass., is the power behind the throne in this company, and he expects to spend $150,000 in the enterprise this year. The smelter will be located about ten miles off the Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railroad in Lincoln county. It is expected to have the smelter in commission by July, if not sooner.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER

Mild Winter Favorable to Surface Work at Mines---Fire in Tamarack Proving Stubborn---Another Record-Breaking Output by Franklin.

Houghton, Mich., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The past winter has been the mildest ever known in the Lake Superior copper district, and, although the snowfall has been tolerably heavy, there have been very few days when outdoor labor has been impossible or even especially unpleasant. As a consequence surface work has progressed unusually well at the mines, but in many cases, especially at explorations and new shafts, certain necessary work cannot be performed to advantage in the winter, and must, therefore, wait for spring. In this class of work is the sinking of No. 2 shaft of the Allouez, which is down less than forty feet, in the sand. The ledge is but sixty-eight feet below surface, but the ground is so very wet that it would be folly to resume sinking before the snow had gone and the ground become fairly dry. No. 2 shaft of the Allouez will not reach the ledge until a depth of nearly 2,000 feet, but this is taken as a commonplace matter nowadays, though less than twenty-five years ago the proposal of the late Capt. John Daniel to sink a vertical shaft 2,250 feet to intercept the underlay of the Calumet conglomerate took away the breath of the mining world, and gave to Capt. Daniel the nickname of "the crazy Cornishman"—until such time as the shaft was bottomed successfully, and the Tamarack mine was born. No. 2 shaft of the Allouez, like No. 1, will be sunk at an angle of 80 degs. with the horizon, until the lode is reached, after which the shaft will be curved about 40 degs. to take the dip of the lode.

The fire in the Tamarack is proving a stubborn affair. The principal trouble comes from the gases generated by the flames, which linger in out-of-the-way mine openings, and creep thence into the principal avenues, rendering operations dangerous to the miners. While there have been some heavy losses of life in the various fires of the past twenty years in the lake copper mines, all have come through suffocation rather than from actual contact with the flames, and the losses of the mines through delays and enforced idleness, have been nearly as great as the damaged caused by destruction of shafts and timbering.

The Franklin made another record-breaking output in February, and there seems every reason to look for much the largest output this year that ever has been secured by the company. While the old Franklin is running still, its output now is but a tithe of the total production secured, the conglomerate workings of the Franklin Junior furnishing nearly 90 per cent of the rock that is going to the mill.

The hydraulic-pneumatic plant of the Victoria was tested this week, and an air pressure of 110 pounds secured with ease. This is considerably above the average working pressure that will be

(Continued on page 12, 2nd sec., 1st col.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

WHAT IS GOING ON IN DULUTH SOCIETY

Bridge, embroidery and grand opera occupied society this week, and its diversion next week will be bridge and embroidery and the memory of grand opera. The first spring things that were shown in the store windows foretold that oceans of embroidery would adorn every garment that the spring and summer girl would don from the 1st of May on, and so with the weeks of Lent looming ahead and nothing much to do, this Lenten girl got "wise" and also "busy," so that in these days of monotonous sameness, any number of girls may be found together any day stitching away on delicate summer things. And then just to relieve the tired fingers a game of bridge is substituted and there in a few words is what society is doing day in and day out.

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Miss Mabel Duncan and Miss Florence Brewer returned the first of the week from a several weeks' visit in Florida.

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Mr. and Mrs. William White and the Misses White will leave the first of the week for a Southern trip.

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A most charming souvenir reception was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. B. Patton of East First street at which the members of the First division of the Ladies Aid society of the First Baptist church were the hostesses. Receiving were Mrs. Patton, Mrs. A. L. Miles, Mrs. J. C. Perry, Mrs. A. Bousfield, Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. G. A. Brenton, Mrs. Waters, Mrs. George Mandeville and Mrs. F. J. Griffith and assisting about the rooms were Mrs. W. B. Logan and Mrs. J. E. McGregor. The dining room was decorated in yellow tulips and ferns and in this room Mrs. J. B. Hanson presided and assisting were Mrs. R. P. Hay, Mrs. B. F. Nef, Mrs. Ray Nichols and Mrs. R. G. Henderson. During the afternoon an informal program was given. Mrs. W. A. Kaake giving several readings and Miss Cora Hillard sang. The guests were presented with souvenirs as they departed, beautiful bits of hand work, and the society will receive much financial aid from the affair. During the receiving hours more than a hundred guests called.

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An announcement of special interest to Duluth society was received here this week of the engagement of Miss Elizabeth Payne and Hon. Harry S. Kline of Towner, S. D. Miss Payne is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Payne, formerly of this city, and her engagement was announced last Saturday at their home at Athens, Pa. Miss Payne is well known in Duluth society and the announcement will be received with much interest here.

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An event of much interest to Duluth society will be the wedding of Miss Blanche Josephine Lufkin of St. Paul and Joseph Williams Cook of New York City, formerly of Duluth. The wedding will take place from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bainbridge H. Evans of St. Paul and the ceremony will take place at the First Christian church Thursday evening of next week. The wedding will be followed by a reception at the Evans home, at 533 Summit avenue. Mr. Cook and his bride will make their home in New York.

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Mr. and Mrs. George D. Swift entertained informally Wednesday evening at their home on East First street. The guest of honor was Miss Huist of Milwaukee.

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Mrs. George Rupley was hostess at an informal afternoon Tuesday in honor of Miss Huist of Milwaukee. A number of the society girls were invited in, informally with their work.

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Mrs. Fred Reynolds was hostess at an informal afternoon Tuesday in honor of her guest, Mrs. George H. Reynolds of St. Cloud.

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Joseph Sellwood and Miss Sellwood returned the first of the week from an Eastern trip.

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Miss Madge Miller left Thursday for a visit at Chicago.

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Miss Hulet returned Thursday to her home at Milwaukee, after a two-weeks' visit at the home of Judge and Mrs. Page Morris.

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Mr. and Mrs. John McAlpine of 1610 East First street returned during the week from an Eastern trip.

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Mrs. W. D. Calverly who was the guest of her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Harry Roberts of 1810 East Superior street for a few days, left the first of the week for her home at Houghton.

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Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Webber of Boston formerly of this city were guests at the Spalding this week. Mrs. Webber was the guest of honor at several delightful little affairs this week.

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Dr. Horatio Walker returned during the week from an Eastern visit. He will make his home in Duluth.

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Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Eddy of 1601 East First street left the first of the week for St. Augustine, Fla.

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Howard T. Abbott has returned from California. Mrs. Abbott and little daughter will remain there until May.

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Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kreitter returned the first of the week from a several weeks' Western trip.

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Mrs. Julius Abrahamson and children left Tuesday for a three months' visit at Alabama and Kentucky.

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Mr. and Mrs. John of the St. Louis left the first of the week for a trip to Los Angeles, Cal.

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Mr. and Mrs. George Waters of 118 East Fourth street left during the week for a short trip to Chicago.

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Miss Helen Helmick is visiting at Albuquerque, Mexico.

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Miss Josephine Sattler returned the first of the week from a several weeks' visit at Milwaukee.

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Mrs. I. G. Aschim formerly of this city, now of Berthold, N. D., was the guest during the week of Mrs. L. M. Hanson of Ninth avenue east.

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Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Beardsley left last Saturday for St. Paul where they will make their home.

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Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Carson left Wednesday for New York City where Dr. Carson will take a post graduate course.

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Mrs. Alfred B. Ringsred who was one of last week's brides was pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening at her home in Park terrace. A delightful evening was spent by the following guests:

Mesdames—
S. W. Herr. Brown,

Misses—
Mary Weller, Jennie Poissant,
Mary Terry, Edna Miller,
Pearl Flood, Marie Morrow,
Jennie Gunderson, Inez Lee,
May Mackey, Lizzie Weller,
Nora Sullivan, Winnifred McGretta Ahle, Millan,
Nora Gates, Anna Brown,
Agnes Larose, Minnie Nelson,
Lizzie Mackey, Anna McBride,
Rose Belaski, Alvina Brieson,
Minnie McDonald,

The wedding of Miss Ethel I. Remfry daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Remfry, and Albert Meldahl took place Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents at West Duluth. The wedding service was read at 8 o'clock by Rev. Thomas Grice. The bridesmaid was Miss McLennon and the best man was John Meldahl. Mr. and Mrs. Meldahl left for a Western wedding trip of five weeks. They will return and be at home in their new house on North Fifty-ninth avenue west.

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The wedding of Miss Alma Person and John Lindberg took place Wednesday evening at Svea hall at the West end. The wedding service was read by Rev. J. A. Anderson of the Swedish Methodist church and one of the attractive features of the ceremony was the singing of the Swedish wedding music by the Orpheus and Svea Singing societies. The hall was decorated with palms and flowers and an orchestra played before the ceremony and at the reception which followed. Mr. and Mrs. Lindberg will be at home in the West end.

• • •

Mrs. Richard Duby was pleasantly surprised Tuesday afternoon at her home 626 West Second street by a number of friends. A delightful informal afternon was enjoyed by the following guests:

Mesdames—
George Brown, H. Mee,
George Spalding, W. Chadwick,
E. T. Hughes, Franz Schultz,
Edward Craiecraft, A. M. Beisenny,
John Taylor, A. H. Henry,
J. E. Cook, G. H. Montgomery
O. Clause, of Superior.
Erickson,

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hanchett of West Duluth left the first of the week for a short visit with friends at Appleton, Wis.

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Mr. and Mrs. William Hankins returned during the week from Carbondale, Pa., where the burial of their little son took place.

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Miss Bretta Wright of West Duluth left Thursday evening for a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. E. P. Stewart of St. Paul.

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Mrs. W. H. Swett of West Duluth left during the week for a short trip to St. Paul.

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Miss Ida Downs of the West end left during the week for St. Cloud where she will make her home.

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Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Stack who have lived in West Duluth during the past year left this week for their former home at Independence, Wis., where they will make their home.

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Mr. and Mrs. William Burdick of West Duluth had as their guests during the week Misses Alma and Amelia Wentsloff of Hermantown.

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Miss Marie Paulson was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening at her home by a number of friends. Informal games and music made the evening a delightful one.

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The announcement of the wedding of Miss Mary C. Horrigan and William F. Henry of this city has been made. The affair took place Tuesday of this week in Chicago from the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. E. C. McDougall. Mr. and Mrs. Henry will be at home at Lakeside.

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The second of a series of social dances will be given Monday evening of next week by Duluth Tent No. 4 Knights of Maccabees at their hall on West First street. Flaaten's orchestra will play and a delightful affair is anticipated.

• • •

F. J. Griffith left the first of the week for Cleveland, and about the first of May Mrs. Griffith will join him there and they will make their home in that city.

Publicity will always help a legitimate business, just as sunshine will make plants grow.

Always Uniform
Always Reliable
Everywhere Obtainable

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Clubs and Musical

The regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale will be held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at Steinway hall. The program of Scandinavian music has been arranged by Mrs. George L. Tyler and Mrs. D. H. Day, and is as follows:

"Romance," for violin ..... Svendsen
Miss Norma Williams.
"Autumnal Gale" ..... Grieg
Mrs. C. B. Gilbert.
"Petite Suite," pour Piano.....
1. "Devil's Dance".....
2. "Mazurka" .....
3. "Serenade" .....
4. "Dance Caprice" .....
5. "Papillons" .....
Mrs. D. H. Day.
Norwegian Folk Song—"Til Min Sangfugl" .....
Swedish Folk Song—"Nar Jag Delf Slutton Af" .....
Mrs. Horace Davis.
"Swedish Wedding March" .... Soderman
Mrs. C. P. Craig, Mrs. John H. Ball, Miss Frances Woodbridge, Miss Mildred Cleland, Mrs. C. B. Gilbert, Mrs. G. P. Rosenblad, Miss Ruth Markell, Mrs. G. H. Jones.
At piano, Mrs. J. N. McKindley and Mrs. S. P. Stocker.

• • •

The Travel class of the Twentieth Century club will hold a special meeting Friday afternoon of next week at the club room of the library. The afternoon will be devoted to a lecture by Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour on "Japanese Art." Any interested in the subject are invited to attend and a special invitation is extended the members of Mrs. Seymour's Art History class.

• • •

The plans for the Eighth Biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, which will be held in St. Paul from May 31 to June 7 of this year, are rapidly being perfected by the board of directors. The following arrangements were made at a recent meeting of the board held in Chicago:

This biennial will differ from former biennials in that there will be no general sessions in the afternoon. The afternoons will be devoted to the conference of standing committees. The hours of the conferences will not conflict, so that each delegate will be able to attend all the conferences, if she chooses. The subjects to be considered at these conferences will be announced later.

Interesting exhibits have been arranged by the following standing committees: Art, houschold economics, pure food, forestry, library extension.

Tuesday, June 6 will be given up to an excursion to Minneapolis.

The evening meetings will be of unusual interest. The opening meeting will be held on Wednesday evening, May 30, when addresses of welcome will be given by the governor of Minnesota, the mayor of St. Paul, the Commercial club of St. Paul, the president of the Fourth district of Minnesota Federation and the president of the Minnesota State Federation.

Mrs. Sarah S. Platt Decker, the president of the General Federation, will respond to these greetings.

Thursday evening will be given to the reports of the presidents of the state federations.

The subject for Friday evening is "Our Opportunities." Various organizations engaged in lines of work similar to our own will present plans and suggestions by which we may all work together to obtain the best results. The work of the American Civic association, the Consumers' league, the national child labor committee, the National Municipal league will be presented. There will also be addresses on the subject of juvenile courts and on the work of settlements.

A large reception will be held on Saturday evening, and on Sunday evening a vesper service.

On Monday evening an art session will be held under the direction of Mrs. John Sherwood, chairman; and on Tuesday evening a musicale in charge of Mrs. Phillip N. Moore. The subject for Wednesday evening is, "Women in the Professions;" education, Music, journalism, the ministry, law, medicine, the stage and literature will be discussed by representative women in each of these professions.

Thursday evening, June 7, will be the president's evening and the program will be arranged by Mrs. Decker.

Monday afternoon will be given to receptions in private houses.

The Courant for March is of special interest to Duluth club women. Notice is given in detail of the Head of the Lakes luncheon, which was held here early in February and credit for the idea of a mid-winter luncheon given the Duluth club women.

On account of the executive board meeting of the officers of the state federation is given and the following extracts will be of interest to local club women:

"Mrs. J. L. Washburn, president of the Minnesota federation, found it necessary to call an executive board meeting, held Thursday at the Ryan hotel, St. Paul, to transact necessary business of the federation. She also instituted an entirely new proceeding at this time by asking the chairman of all committees, standing and special, with all members of these committees, to meet with the state officers immediately after the executive board meeting.

"This is the first opportunity club women have had to listen to their new president since her election. We are certainly to be congratulated upon our leader, and from the way in which Mrs. Washburn starts the new year, we may place confidence in her wisdom and ability to execute federation interest. Mrs. Washburn possesses a charming personality, the tact and grace which is necessary to every presiding officer, and the broad-minded liberal ideas of progression which must necessarily make for good during her administration.

"Mrs. Seymour of Duluth was the last speaker of the afternoon and gave us such a beautiful word picture of Edward Pressy, his ideals, the joy and beauty resulting from a life work such as his, we felt very much like carrying this joy and beauty home with us, to put into our every day workaday world. Mrs. Seymour is a pleasant speaker and well known in art work throughout the state. A vote of thanks was heartily given the president for so delightful an afternoon."

• • •

The last meeting of the year of the Morning Browning class of the Twentieth Century club was held Thursday at the club room of the library. The leader for next year was elected, Miss Anderson being re-elected. The last meeting of the Evening Browning class will be held Monday evening of next week at 7:45 o'clock and the same lecture, "Browning's Message to His Time" will be delivered by Rev. J. W. Powell.

• • •

An extra meeting of the Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will be held Thursday morning of next week at 10 o'clock at the club room of the library. Prof. James Maddock of Superior will speak on "The Winter's Tale," the last play which the class has read. A cordial invitation is extended any interested in the subject to be present, and as Mr. Maddock is a thorough Shakespeare student, the meeting is expected to be a most delightful and instructive one.

• • •

The Outlook club will meet Friday of next week with Mrs. Z. D. Scott of East First street. Mrs. S. T. Harrison will have charge of the program and a selected reading will be given by her.

• • •

The general meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the First Baptist church will be held Wednesday afternoon of next week at 2:30 o'clock, with Mrs. J. B. Hanson of 1621 East Third street.

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Old manuscripts that create a feeling of awe and reverence, old prayer books and missals that in their ancient pages suggest much of the saintly reverence and devotion of the old time monks or princesses, or whoever used them; a Mohammedan Koran which, in its wonderful illumination, suggests to the mind unlettered in these Eastern characters the mumbling devotion of the worshippers; old books, which show plainly the ravages of the real bookworms—first editions of Dickens, old Bibles, a scrap book picked up in an old London book shop, containing original pencil sketches by Thackeray and Cruikshank—such were among the joys of a collection which many Duluth people enjoyed examining at leisure this week. The collection which is shown is the private collection of a visiting man, and the pleasure that this collection of rare old things, many of which cannot be duplicated in the British museum, or any of the other collections of the world, was a very real one to many book lovers of the city. The people of the city who enjoy such things, and there are many, spent some hours among these treasures and came out into the workaday world with a dreamy haziness over their eyes, so full of romance and suggestion is such a collection to one with the slightest bit of Celtic imagination.

The real joy of looking at a collection of rare books is the feel of them in your hands, and then the call of the wild, the welcomings of nature, and all those appeals of which such is heard, are as nothing while you feel that for at least one blissful moment the thing is yours. What matter that the book is written in language you cannot read —its mute appeal is as great. The love that was put into the work, shown by each exquisite detail, speaks through the years that have passed and the message is carried from the monks and true art workers of the fourteenth century to the real book lovers of today.

One of the interesting things is an old Hebrew scroll. The entire book of Esther is worked out with infinite care by hand, and illumination in color adds to the beauty and interest. The many feet of sheepskin, which constitute the scroll, are rolled upon a wooden roll, and the thing is much like those used in the Temple in Christ's time. The one in this collection is 700 years old.

Another fascinating old thing is a Mohammedan praying device that is the only one probably outside of Arabia, if there exists such another one even in that country. The rosary or device to tell the prayers consists of two oblong layers of ivory divided into many small squares upon which small black dots, similar to those on dice cubes, appear in irregular groups and numbers. Small disks of gold upon a pivot are also fastened in the squares evidently as markers, but so old is the relic, that little is known of the method of counting the many prayers of the true worshipper.

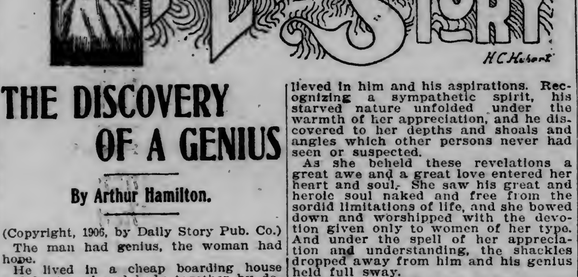
One of the most appealing of the old books is a little book of psalms of the fourteenth century. It has been acknowledged that the most beautiful work of the old illumined books done in the monastries were the combined work of the monks and nuns and this little book is an example of this work. The illumination of letters and the exquisite work of apparently very loving artists makes the small leather bound book a perfect joy. An old missal of the thirteenth century is another intensely interesting book, the work of eight people being detected in it. It is illustrated with fifteen beautiful miniature paintings of biblical subjects. The Koran in wonderful detail of hand illumination through many pages reaches the finale in several pages of almost brilliant coloring and lettering with the shining and lustrous gold work predominating.

A book of prayers, two hundred years old, made by hand with pen and ink is executed with the most wonderful care and precision and is more interesting because of the fact of its being made since the invention of printing. It is bound in morocco with blind tooling, clasped with five beautiful enameled and pearl set hooks, a slender silver rod running through the series to fasten it.

Some wonderful books of modern book production are also shown. "Solitaire" is the suggestive name given them for they are absolutely unique volumes, illustrated by artists and in all details the personal work of each book makes it entirely an edition of one.

A sort of curiosity is the smallest book in the world. A copy of the "Rubaiyat" is the contents and it takes five of the little volumes to cover a postage stamp. The printing is clear and perfect and is legible only under a powerful microscope. It is bound in leather and is carried in a small leather case, which is the smallest every made. The whole is wrapped in soft paper and carried in silver case by the owner.

This collection of books is owned by Preston Perry who is in Duluth for a short time.



THE DISCOVERY OF A GENIUS

By Arthur Hamilton.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The man had genius, the woman had hope.

He lived in a cheap boarding house and kept soul and body together by doing the work of a literary hack. Sometimes he did little desultory tasks for newspapers, but never succeeded in connecting himself with a payroll. Once he had been given a commission to write a little skit for a vaudeville stunt, and this was his undoing—if so sorry a failure could be undone. In working it up he had found it necessary to familiarize himself with the technique of playwriting and it fascinated him. Then the stunt was a decided success—and the man who wrote it not only realized more money from it than he had from any other literary effort in his life, but also saw the possibilities of dramatic expression both in an artistic and a financial sense. And so he came to be a slave of the playwright's itch. And he wrote and wrote and wrote and starved and pinched and still wrote. But his skits were not accepted and his plays were returned by the managers and their readers.

He became more seedy and more impossible—finally he became unconciously hopeless. But he worked on because he was the slave of Genius and was compelled to follow the law of his being.

She was the child of love and hope. Her mother was the wife of Hinckley, the shoemaker around the corner, the most patient, industrious and hopeless of the relics of a bygone time before machinery had deprived good mechanics of their kingdom. Perhaps Hinckley was her father. Most people believed not. There were rumors of a gallant stranger who had sojourned for a short time in the neighborhood and looked with glowing eyes upon the shoemaker's wife. And she, who never had had her romance, had it then, so the gossips whispered. And the handsome stranger faded away into the realm of dreams and after a time a daughter was born to the shoemaker's wife. The daughter was so different from the shoemaker and his pretty wife that more than one doubt was whispered as to her paternity. But the shoemaker never doubted and she grew up as Nora Hinckley—the apple of his eye.

In the very prime of her splendid beauty—a beauty enhanced and chastened by the very essence of optimism—she crossed the path of the struggling playwright. Some deep chord in her nature drew her to him as the needle to the North. She was an occasional helper for Mrs. Simpson, who kept the cheap boarding house where he lived. She entered his life as a ray of sunshine. At the lowest ebb of his fortune, she brought warmth and hope and cheer. She laughed at the hopeless clouds which overhung, and she believed in him and his aspirations. Recognizing a sympathetic spirit, his starved nature unfolded under the warmth of her appreciation, and he discovered to her depths and shoals and angles which other persons never had seen or suspected.

As she beheld these revelations a great awe and a great love entered her heart and soul. She saw his great and heroic soul naked and free from the sordid limitations of life, and she bowed down and worshipped with the devotion given only to women of her type. And under the spell of her appreciation and understanding, the shackles dropped away from him and his genius held full sway.

All this involved many weary months and when he realized fully the great love he bore the blithesome lass, the great joy of the discovery turned at once into sharpest pain as he realized the hopelessness of his passion. How was he, who could scarcely keep his own body and soul together to hope to care for another and to assume the responsibilities of a family?

But she never despaired. For her always was the golden day in sight when his genius would be recognized and their dreams be realized.

• • •

One day the world was startled with a new and great play. It was a drama which touched all the chords of human nature and inspired laughter and tears alike. It lifted every auditor to the heights of ideality and carried him to the depths of human woe. There was no false note and all the world paused to pay tribute to the perfection of the piece.

And up and down the land the critics asked, "Who is it that has done this thing?" and there was no answer. For the play was produced under a nom de plume, and the cleverest work of the newspapers failed to disclose the real identity of the author.

After the play had been a success for many months and had brought a great harvest of shekels to manager and playwright, a fire occurred in a great office building wherein the manager who produced the play had his offices. A reporter hurrying to the fire was enveloped in a cloud of smoke and cinders and, after catching his breath, found a charred piece of paper blown across his face. Glancing at it he saw that it was a contract and upon further investigation it proved to be the veritable contract between the author of "Love's Last Surrender" and the manager who purchased it. The controversy as to the authorship of the play had been waging so fiercely that the reporter recognized instantly the value of the information he had. He went on with his fire story and on the following day sought out the man whose name was on the priceless contract the gods had sent into his hands. He found him—a thin, hollow-cheeked man with eyes in which burned a fire almost uncanny in its intensity. He was ill-y dressed and bore none of the marks of the successful author.

"What was the inspiration of this great work?" asked the reporter.

"Come with me," replied the author.

Following him silently, the reporter went with the man by trolley car and walked until they reached the great cemetery by the flowing river. The great author paused beside a grave surmounted by a simple shaft but heaped high with priceless roses.

"The inspiration lies here," said he, solemnly. "The play is the very essence of the love and love and devotion of the marvelous woman who lies beneath this mound. It is the warp and woof of her heart-throbs and mine. That is why I have never let my authorship be known —I would not profane her love and mine. You, sir, have discovered the secret. You have it in your power to do this act of desecration. Do it, sir, if your conscience will allow. I cannot prevent it—but I forbid it in the name of every holy and generous instinct."

He turned abruptly and went away.

"Well, did you get the story?" demanded the city editor eagerly, as Holmes entered the office.

"No," replied Holmes, soberly, tearing a piece of paper into bits and throwing the bits on the floor. "Nothing in it: false alarm."

"Well, of all fools," remarked the city editor in disgust, "and you've wasted a whole afternoon. Get busy on that Hill graft case. Keep it in two columns."

Holmes occasionally meets on the street a grave and solemn gentleman who modestly picks his way among the jostling crowd. And Holmes always lifts his hat when he meets him. And the grave and solemn gentleman always lifts his hat to Holmes.

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UNIVERSAL POSTAGE STAMP

Will be Discussed by Congress of International Postal Union, Which Meets in Rome, Italy, Next Month.

New York, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. N. M. Brooks, chief of the bureau of foreign mails of the post-office department, and Edward Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Bee, the accredited representatives of the United States government to the congress of the International Postal Union, which meets in Rome, Italy, early next month, have sailed from New York for that city.

This congress, which meets once in four years, is composed of delegates from every country in the world which belongs to the Universal Postal Union, and usually the delegates are men prominently connected with the postal affairs of the country they represent. Capt. Brooks has been a delegate to the last five congresses, and is personally acquainted with nearly all of the men who will compose the congress next month. He has several medals and decorations safely stored in the big vault in the state department, the gifts of European monarchs for the great service Capt. Brooks has rendered the Postal Union and the world, but as long as Mr. Brooks is in the service of the United States government, he is not permitted to even have in his possession these decorations and medals, without a special act of congress, and this permission congress withholds from Capt. Brooks, as it does all officials of the United States who have been similarly honored. The congress, eight years ago, was held in Washington.

This congress of postal experts will consider all those questions involving foreign mails and their transportation and postal appliances. For instance, one of the principal questions to be considered is that of the rate for foreign postage, which at present is 5 cents for each one-half ounce, first-class. It is the general opinion that this rate is too high for the weight allowed. It is probable that the congress at Rome will decree one of two things—that the rate of foreign postage be decreased to 3 cents, or possibly 2 cents for each half ounce of first-class mail, or that the weight of first-class mail permitted for 5 cents shall be doubled, making the rate 5 cents per ounce to correspond with the domestic rate of one ounce for 2 cents.

The question of transportation of mails will also engross the attention of the congress. Under the existing arrangement the country from which mail is dispatched pays to each country handling this mail a certain amount of money, not a certain percentage of the cash received for the stamps used, as is generally supposed. Once in from three to five years the outgoing mail of each country is weighed for twenty-eight consecutive days, and this weight is multiplied by thirteen, the total being accepted as the basis for a contract covering usually five years. Thus, England weighs all mail from the United States passing through that country for points in Europe for twenty-eight days, this amount being supposed to indicate the normal amount of mail ordinarily sent by the United States to the European points. If later the amount should double in amount, England would receive no more money, and it would receive the full amount if the volume of mail should decline.

Perhaps the most important matter that will be discussed by the congress is that of a universal postage stamp of the unit determited upon. At present a person writing to another person in Europe cannot prepay postage on the reply desired. A 5-cent stamp of the United States would be of no postal value to a correspondent in Paris, and the person writing from the United States cannot obtain a French stamp to enclose his Paris correspondent. What is needed is a postage stamp of the value of the prevailing rate of foreign postage, which can be used anywhere, and from any country to any other country.

It would appear at first blush that it would be a simple matter to provide such a stamp, and it would, but for the difference in money standards. For example, the German stamp, which corresponds in value to our 5-cent stamp, and which carries a half ounce of mail from Germany to the United States, is of the denomination of 20 pfenning. There are 100 pfennig in a mark, and a mark is worth 24 cents, United States money. Therefore, the 20 pfennig stamp is actually worth but 4.8 cents of United States money. It will be seen that if a universal stamp should be adopted, a person with $4.80 United States money could buy a sheet of 100 stamps in Germany and bring them to the United States and sell them for $5, making a profit of 4 per cent. If the value were to be adjusted to meet this difficulty, other complications would immediately arise, because of the difference between the monetary standards of France, England, Italy and other countries.

Capt. Brooks does not believe this difference would result in speculation, when cost of transportation, duty and other expenses had been figured in. He is of the opinion, however, that a return letter sheet, similar in general lines to the return foreign postal card, may be adopted, a device being added to permit the sheet to be sealed. The foreign reply postal card has proven a success, and it seems probable that this will form the basis for the solution of the return postage scheme, for which there is a crying demand.

Stamp collectors believe that the plan in vogue in Holland would solve the problem. The Dutch government has recently adopted the scheme of keeping on sale in the postoffices of the principal towns a supply of stamps corresponding to the value of 5 cents of the principal countries of the world, which are sold at a very slight advance on the face of the value. It is pointed out that the United States could carry in stock stamps from England, Germany, France, Italy, Austria, Scandinavia, etc., which should be sold at face value. After the initial appropriation, the service would be self-sustaining, and accommodate a large number of business men and citizens of foreign birth.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHAT IS GOING ON IN DULUTH SOCIETY

Bridge, embroidery and grand opera occupied society this week, and its diversion next week will be bridge and embroidery and the memory of grand opera. The first spring things that were shown in the store windows foretold that oceans of embroidery would adorn every garment that the spring and summer girl would don from the 1st of May on, and so with the weeks of Lent looming ahead and nothing much to do, this Lenten girl got "wise" and also "busy," so that in these days of monotonous sameness, any number of girls may be found together any day stitching away on delicate summer things. And then just to relieve the tired fingers a game of bridge is substituted and there in a few words is what society is doing day in and day out.

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Miss Mabel Duncan and Miss Florence Brewer returned the first of the week from a several weeks' visit in Florida.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William White and the Misses White will leave the first of the week for a Southern trip.

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A most charming souvenir reception was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. B. Patton of East First street at which the members of the First division of the Ladies Aid society of the First Baptist church were the hostesses. Receiving were Mrs. Patton, Mrs. A. L. Miles, Mrs. J. C. Perry, Mrs. A. Bousfield, Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. G. A. Brenton, Mrs. Waters, Mrs. George Mandeville and Mrs. F. J. Griffith and assisting about the rooms were Mrs. W. B. Logan and Mrs. J. E. McGregor. The dining room was decorated in yellow tulips and ferns and in this room Mrs. J. B. Hanson presided and assisting were Mrs. R. P. Hay, Mrs. B. P. Neff, Mrs. Ray Nichols and Mrs. R. G. Henderson. During the afternoon an informal program was given, Mrs. W. A. Kaake giving several readings and Miss Cora Hilliard sang. The guests were presented with souvenirs as they departed, beautiful bits of hand work, and the society will receive much financial aid from the affair. During the receiving hours more than a hundred guests called.

• • •

An announcement of special interest to Duluth society was received here this week of the engagement of Miss Elizabeth Payne and Hon. Harry S. Kline of Towner, N. D. Miss Payne is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Payne, formerly of this city, and her engagement was announced last Saturday at their home at Athens, Pa. Miss Payne is well known in Duluth society and the announcement will be received with much interest here.

• • •

An event of much interest to Duluth society will be the wedding of Miss Blanche Josephine Lutkin of St. Paul and Joseph Williams Cook of New York City, formerly of Duluth. The wedding will take place from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bainbridge H. Evans of St. Paul and the ceremony will take place at the First Christian church Thursday evening of next week. The wedding will be followed by a reception at the Evans home, at 533 Summit avenue. Mr. Cook and his bride will make their home in New York.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Swift entertained informally Wednesday evening at their home on East First street. The guest of honor was Miss Hulst of Milwaukee.

• • •

Mrs. George Rupley was hostess at an informal afternoon Tuesday in honor of Miss Hulst of Milwaukee. A number of the society girls were invited in, informally with their work.

• • •

Mrs. Fred Reynolds was hostess at an informal afternoon Tuesday in honor of her guest, Mrs. George H. Reynolds of St. Cloud.

• • •

Joseph Sellwood and Miss Sellwood returned the first of the week from an Eastern trip.

• • •

Miss Madge Miller left Thursday for a visit at Chicago.

• • •

Miss Hulet returned Thursday to her home at Milwaukee, after a two-weeks' visit at the home of Judge and Mrs. Page Morris.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John McAlpine of 1610 East First street returned during the week from an Eastern trip.

• • •

Mrs. W. D. Calverly who was the guest of her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Harry Roberts of 1810 East Superior street for a few days, left the first of the week for her home at Houghton.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Webber of Boston formerly of this city were guests at the Spalding this week. Mrs. Webber was the guest of honor at several delightful little affairs this week.

• • •

Dr. Horatio Walker returned during the week from an Eastern visit. He will make his home in Duluth.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Eddy of 1601 East First street left the first of the week for St. Augustine, Fla.

• • •

Howard T. Abbott has returned from California. Mrs. Abbott and little daughter will remain there until May.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kreitter returned the first of the week from a several weeks' Western trip.

• • •

Mrs. Julius Abrahamson and children left Tuesday for a three months' visit at Alabama and Kentucky.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John of the St. Louis left the first of the week for a trip to Los Angeles, Cal.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. George Waters of 118 East Fourth street left during the week for a short trip to Chicago.

• • •

Miss Helen Helmick is visiting at Albuquerque, Mexico.

• • •

Miss Josephine Sattler returned the first of the week from a several weeks' visit at Milwaukee.

• • •

Mrs. I. G. Aschim formerly of this city, now of Berthold, N. D., was the guest during the week of Mrs. L. M. Hanson of Ninth avenue east.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Beardsley left last Saturday for St. Paul where they will make their home.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Carson left Wednesday for New York City where Dr. Carson will take a post graduate course.

• • •

Mrs. Alfred B. Ringsred who was one of last week's brides was pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening at her home in Park terrace. A delightful evening was spent by the following guests:

Mesdames—
S. W. Herr. Brown,
Misses—
Mary Weiler, Jennie Poissant,
Mary Terry, Edna Miller,
Pearl Flood, Marie Morrow,
Jennie Gunderson, Inez Lee,
May Mackey, Lizzie Weller,
Nora Sullivan, Winifred McGretta Ahle, Millan,
Nora Gates, Anna Brown,
Agnes Larose, Minnie Nelson,
Lizzie Mackey, Anna McBride,
Rose Belaski, Alvina Brieson.
Minnie McDonald.

The wedding of Miss Ethel I. Remfry daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Remfry, and Albert Meldahl took place Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents at West Duluth. The wedding service was read at 8 o'clock by Rev. Thomas Grice. The bridesmaid was Miss McLennon and the best man was John Meldahl. Mr. and Mrs. Meldahl left for a Western wedding trip of five weeks. They will return and be at home in their new house on North Fifty-ninth avenue west.

• • •

The wedding of Miss Alma Person and John Lindberg took place Wednesday evening at Svea hall at the West end. The wedding service was read by Rev. J. A. Anderson of the Swedish Methodist church and one of the attractive features of the ceremony was the singing of the Swedish wedding music by the Orpheus and Svea Singing societies. The hall was decorated with palms and flowers and an orchestra played before the ceremony and at the reception which followed. Mr. and Mrs. Lindberg will be at home in the West end.

• • •

Mrs. Richard Duby was pleasantly surprised Tuesday afternoon at her home 626 West Second street by a number of friends. A delightful informal afternon was enjoyed by the following guests:

Mesdames—
George Brown, H. Mee,
George Spalding, W. Chadwick,
E. T. Hughes, Franz Schultz,
Edward Craiecraft, A. M. Belsenny,
John Taylor, A. M. Henry,
J. E. Cook, G. H. Montgomery
O. Clause, of Superior.
Erickson,

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hanchett of West Duluth left the first of the week for a short visit with friends at Appleton, Wis.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William Hankins returned during the week from Carbondale, Pa., where the burial of their little son took place.

• • •

Miss Bretta Wright of West Duluth left Thursday evening for a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. E. P. Stewart of St. Paul.

• • •

Mrs. W. H. Swett of West Duluth left during the week for a short trip to St. Paul.

• • •

Miss Ida Downs of the West end left during the week for St. Cloud where she will make her home.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Stack who have lived in West Duluth during the past year left this week for their former home at Independence, Wis., where they will make their home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William Burdick of West Duluth had as their guests during the week Misses Alma and Amelia Wentsloff of Hermantown.

• • •

Miss Marie Paulson was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening at her home by a number of friends. Informal games and music made the evening a delightful one.

• • •

The announcement of the wedding of Miss Mary C. Horrigan and William F. Henry of this city has been made. The affair took place Tuesday of this week in Chicago from the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. E. C. McDougall. Mr. and Mrs. Henry will be at home at Lakeside.

• • •

The second of a series of social dances will be given Monday evening of next week by Duluth Tent No. 4 Knights of Maccabees at their hall on West First street. Flaaten's orchestra will play and a delightful affair is anticipated.

• • •

F. J. Griffith left the first of the week for Cleveland, and about the first of May Mrs. Griffith will join him there and they will make their home in that city.

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Clubs and Musical

The regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale will be held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at Steinway hall. The program of Scandinavian music has been arranged by Mrs. George L. Tyler and Mrs. D. H. Day, and is as follows:

"Romance," for violin ..... Svendsen
Miss Norma Williams.
"Autumnal Gale" ..... Grieg
Mrs. C. B. Gilbert.
"Petite Suite," pour Piano.....
1. "Devil's Dance".....
2. "Mazurka" .....
3. "Serenade" .....
4. "Dance Caprice" .....
5. "Papillons" .....
Mrs. D. H. Day.
Norwegian Folk Song—"Til Min Sangfugl" .....
Swedish Folk Song—"Nar Jag Delf Slutton Ar" .....
Mrs. Horace Davis.
"Swedish Wedding March" ..... Soderman
Mrs. C. P. Craig, Mrs. John H. Ball, Miss Frances Woodbridge, Miss Mildred Cleland, Mrs. C. B. Gilbert, Mrs. G. P. Rosenblad, Miss Ruth Markell, Mrs. G. H. Jones.
At piano, Mrs. J. N. McKindley and Mrs. S. P. Stocker.

• • •

The Travel class of the Twentieth Century club will hold a special meeting Friday afternoon of next week at the club room of the library. The afternoon will be devoted to a lecture by Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour on "Japanese Art." Any interested in the subject are invited to attend and a special invitation is extended the members of Mrs. Seymour's Art History class.

• • •

The plans for the Eighth Biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, which will be held in St. Paul from May 31 to June 7 of this year, are rapidly being perfected by the board of directors. The following arrangements were made at a recent meeting of the board held in Chicago:

This biennial will differ from former biennials in that there will be no general sessions in the afternoon. The afternoons will be devoted to the conference of standing committees. The hours of the conferences will not conflict, so that each delegate will be able to attend all the conferences, if she chooses. The subjects to be considered at these conferences will be announced later.

Interesting exhibits have been arranged by the following standing committees: Art, household economics, pure food, forestry, library extension.

Tuesday, June 6, will be given up to an excursion to Minneapolis.

The evening meetings will be of unusual interest. The opening meeting will be held on Wednesday evening, May 30, when addresses of welcome will be given by the governor of Minnesota, the mayor of St. Paul, the Commercial club of St. Paul, the president of the Fourth district of Minnesota Federation and the president of the Minnesota State Federation.

Mrs. *Sarah S. Platt Decker*, the president of the General Federation, will respond to these greetings.

Thursday evening will be given to the reports of the presidents of the state federations.

The subject for Friday evening is "Our Opportunities." Various organizations engaged in lines of work similar to our own will present plans and suggestions by which we may all work together to obtain the best results. The work of the American Civic association, the Consumers' league, the national child labor committee, the National Municipal league will be presented. There will also be addresses on the subject of juvenile courts and on the work of settlements.

A large reception will be held on Saturday evening, and on Sunday evening a vesper service.

On Monday evening an art session will be held under the direction of Mrs. John Sherwood, chairman; and on Tuesday evening a musicale in charge of Mrs. Phillip N. Moore. The subject for Wednesday evening is, "Women in the Professions;" education, Music, journalism, the ministry, law, medicine, the stage and literature will be discussed by representative women in each of these professions.

Thursday evening, June 7, will be the president's evening and the program will be arranged by Mrs. Decker.

Monday afternoon will be given to receptions in private houses.

The Courant for March is of special interest to Duluth club women. Notice is given in detail of the Head of the Lakes luncheon, which was held here early in February and credit for the idea of a mid-winter luncheon given the Duluth club women.

On account of the executive board meeting of the officers of the state federation is given and the following extracts will be of interest to local club women:

"Mrs. J. L. Washburn, president of the Minnesota federation, found it necessary to call an executive board meeting, held Thursday at the Ryan hotel, St. Paul, to transact necessary business of the federation. She also instituted an entirely new proceeding at this time by asking the chairman of all committees, standing and special, with all members of these committees, to meet with the state officers immediately after the executive board meeting.

"This is the first opportunity club women have had to listen to their new president since her election. We are certainly to be congratulated upon our leader, and from the way in which Mrs. Washburn starts the new year, we may place confidence in her wisdom and ability to execute federation interest. Mrs. Washburn possesses a charming personality, the tact and grace which is necessary to every presiding officer, and the broad-minded liberal ideas of progression which must necessarily make for good during her administration.

"Mrs. Seymour of Duluth was the last speaker of the afternoon and gave us such a beautiful word picture of Edward Pressy, his ideals, the joy and beauty resulting from a life work such as his, we felt very much like carrying this joy and beauty home with us, to put into our every day workaday world. Mrs. Seymour is a pleasant speaker and well known in art work throughout the state. A vote of thanks was heartily given the president for so delightful an afternoon."

• • •

The last meeting of the year of the Morning Browning class of the Twentieth Century club was held Thursday at the club room of the library. The leader for next year was elected, Miss Anderson being re-elected. The last meeting of the Evening Browning class will be held Monday evening of next week at 7:15 o'clock and the same lecture, "Browning's Message to His Time" will be delivered by Rev. J. W. Powell.

• • •

An extra meeting of the Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will be held Thursday morning of next week at 10 o'clock at the club room of the library. Prof. James Maddock of Superior will speak on "The Winter's Tale," the last play which the class has read. A cordial invitation is extended any interested in the subject to be present, and as Mr. Maddock is a thorough Shakespeare student, the meeting is expected to be a most delightful and instructive one.

• • •

The Outlook club will meet Friday of next week with Mrs. Z. D. Scott of East First street. Mrs. S. T. Harrison will have charge of the program and a selected reading will be given by her.

• • •

The general meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the First Baptist church will be held Wednesday afternoon of next week at 2:30 o'clock, with Mrs. J. B. Hanson of 1621 East Third street.

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Old manuscripts that create a feeling of awe and reverence, old prayer books and missals that in their ancient pages suggest much of the saintly reverence and devotion of the old time monks or princesses, or whoever used them; a Mohammedan Koran which, in its wonderful illumination, suggests to the mind unlettered in these Eastern characters the mumbling devotion of the worshippers; old books, which show plainly the ravages of the real bookworms—first editions of Dickens, old Bibles, a scrap book picked up in an old London book shop, containing original pencil sketches by Thackeray and Cruikshank—such were among the joys of a collection which many Duluth people enjoyed examining at leisure this week. The collection which is shown is the private collection of a visiting man, and the pleasure that this collection of rare old things, many of which cannot be duplicated in the British museum, or any of the other collections of the world, was a very real one to many book lovers of the city. The people of the city who enjoy such things, and there are many, spent some hours among these treasures and came out into the workaday world with a dreamy haziness over their eyes, so full of romance and suggestion is such a collection to one with the slightest bit of Celtic imagination.

The real joy of looking at a collection of rare books is the feel of them in your hands, and then the call of the wild, the welcomings of nature, and all those appeals of which such is heard, are as nothing while you feel that for at least one blissful moment the thing is yours. What matter that the book is written in language you cannot read—its mute appeal is as great. The love that was upt into the work, shown by each exquisite detail, speaks through the years that have passed and the message is carried from the monks and true art workers of the fourteenth century to the real book lovers of today.

One of the interesting things is an old Hebrew scroll. The entire book of Esther is worked out with infinite care by hand, and illumination in color adds to the beauty and interest. The many feet of sheepskin, which constitute the scroll, are rolled upon a wooden roll, and the thing is much like those used in the Temple in Christ's time. The one in this collection is 700 years old.

Another fascinating old thing is a Mohammedan praying device that is the only one probably outside of Arabia, if there exists such another one even in that country. The rosary or device to tell the prayers consists of two oblong layers of ivory divided into many small squares upon which small black dots, similar to those on dice cubes, appear in irregular groups and numbers. Small disks of gold upon a pivot are also fastened in the squares evidently as markers, but so old is the relic, that little is known of the method of counting the many prayers of the true worshipper.

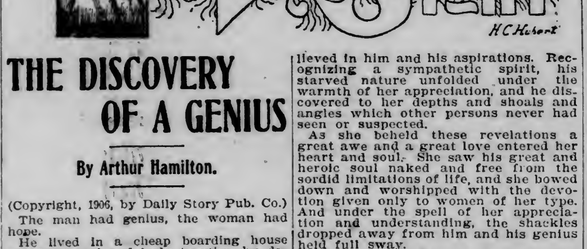
One of the most appealing of the old books is a little book of psalms of the fourteenth century. It has been acknowledged that the most beautiful work of the old illumined books done in the monastries were the combined work of the monks and nuns and this little book is an example of this work. The illumination of letters and the exquisite work of apparently very loving artists makes the small leather bound book a perfect joy. An old missal of the thirteenth century is another intensely interesting book, the work of eight people being detected in it. It is illustrated with fifteen beautiful miniature paintings of biblical subjects. The Koran in wonderful detail of hand illumination through many pages reaches the finale in several pages of almost brilliant coloring and lettering with the shining and lustrous gold work predominating.

A book of prayers, two hundred years old, made by hand with pen and ink is executed with the most wonderful care and precision and is more interesting because of the fact of its being made since the invention of printing. It is bound in morocco with blind tooling, clasped with five beautiful enameled and pearl set hooks, a slender silver rod running through the series to fasten it.

Some wonderful books of modern book production are also shown. "Solitaries" is the suggestive name given them for they are absolutely unique volumes, illustrated by artists and in all details the personal work of each book makes it entirely an edition of one.

A sort of curiosity is the smallest book in the world. A copy of the "Rubaiyat" is the contents and it takes five of the little volumes to cover a postage stamp. The printing is clear and perfect and is legible only under a powerful microscope. It is bound in leather and is carried in a small leather case, which is the smallest every made. The whole is wrapped in soft paper and carried in silver case by the owner.

This collection of books is owned by Preston Perry who is in Duluth for a short time.



THE DISCOVERY OF A GENIUS

By Arthur Hamilton.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The man had genius, the woman had hope.

He lived in a cheap boarding house and kept soul and body together by doing the work of a literary hack. Sometimes he did little desultory tasks for newspapers, but never succeeded in connecting himself with a payroll. Once he had been given a commission to write a little skit for a vaudeville stunt, and this was his undoing—if so sorry a failure could be undone. In working it up he had found it necessary to familiarize himself with the technique of playwriting and it fascinated him. Then the stunt was a decided success and the man who wrote it not only realized more money from it than he had from any other literary effort in his life, but also saw the possibilities of dramatic expression both in an artistic and a financial sense. And so he came to be a slave of the playwright's itch. And he wrote and wrote and wrote and starved and pinched and still wrote. But his skits were not accepted and his plays were returned by the managers and their readers.

He became more seedy and more impossible—finally he became unconciously hopeless. But he worked on because he was the slave of Genius and was compelled to follow the law of his being.

She was the child of love and hope. Her mother was the wife of Hinckley, the shoemaker around the corner, the most patient, industrious and hopeless of the relics of a bygone time before machinery had deprived good mechanics of their kingdom. Perhaps Hinckley was her father. Most people believed not. There were rumors of a gallant stranger who had sojourned for a short time in the neighborhood and looked with glowing eyes upon the shoemaker's wife. And she, who never had had her romance, had it then, so the gossips whispered. And the handsome stranger faded away into the realm of dreams and after a time a daughter was born to the shoemaker's wife. The daughter was so different from the shoemaker and his pretty wife that more than one doubt was whispered as to her paternity. But the shoemaker never doubted and she grew up as Nora Hinckley—the apple of his eye.

In the very prime of her splendid beauty—a beauty enhanced and chastened by the very essence of optimism—she crossed the path of the struggling playwright. Some deep chord in her nature drew her to him as the needle to the North. She was an occasional helper for Mrs. Simpson, who kept the cheap boarding house where he lived. She entered his life as a ray of sunshine. At the lowest ebb of his fortune, she brought warmth and hope and cheer. She laughed at the hopeless clouds which overhung, and she believed in him and his aspirations. Recognizing a sympathetic spirit, his starved nature unfolded under the warmth of her appreciation, and he discovered to her depths and shoals and angles which other persons never had seen or suspected.

As she beheld these revelations a great awe and a great love entered her heart and soul. She saw his great and heroic soul naked and free from the sordid limitations of life, and she bowed down and worshipped with the devotion given only to women of her type. And under the spell of her appreciation and understanding, the shackles dropped away from him and his genius held full sway.

All this involved many weary months and when he realized fully the great love he bore the blithesome lass, the great joy of the discovery turned at once into sharpest pain as he realized the hopelessness of his passion. How was he, who could scarcely keep his own body and soul together to hope to care for another and to assume the responsibilities of a family?

But she never despaired. For her always was the golden day in sight when his genius would be recognized and their dreams be realized.

• • •

One day the world was startled with a new and great play. It was a drama which touched all the chords of human nature and inspired laughter and tears alike. It lifted every auditor to the heights of ideality and carried him to the depths of human woe. There was no false note and all the world paused to pay tribute to the perfection of the piece.

And up and down the land the critics asked, "Who is it that has done this thing?" and there was no answer. For the play was produced under a nom de plume, and the cleverest work of the newspapers failed to disclose the real identity of the author.

After the play had been a success for many months and had brought a great harvest of shekels to manager and playwright, a fire occurred in a great office building wherein the manager who produced the play had his offices. A reporter hurrying to the fire was enveloped in a cloud of smoke and cinders and, after catching his breath, found a charred piece of paper blown across his face. Glancing at it he saw that it was a contract and upon further investigation it proved to be the veritable contract between the author of "Love's Last Surrender" and the manager who purchased it. The controversy as to the authorship of the play had been waging so fiercely that the reporter recognized instantly the value of the information he had. He went on with his fire story and on the following day sought out the man whose name was on the priceless contract the gods had sent into his hands. He found him—a thin, hollow-cheeked man with eyes in which burned a fire almost uncanny in its intensity. He was ill dressed and bore none of the marks of the successful author.

"What was the inspiration of this great work?" asked the reporter.

"Come with me," replied the author.

Following him silently, the reporter went with the man by trolley car and walked until they reached the great cemetery by the flowing river. The great author paused beside a grave surmounted by a simple shaft but heaped high with priceless roses.

"The inspiration lies here," said he, solemnly. "The play is the very essence of the live and love and devotion of the marvelous woman who lies beneath this mound. It is the warp and woof of her heart-throbs and mine. That is why I have never let my authorship be known—I would not profane her love and mine. You, sir, have discovered the secret. You have it in your power to do this act of desecration. Do it, sir, if your conscience will allow. I cannot prevent it—but I forbid it in the name of every holy and generous instinct."

He turned abruptly and went away.

"Well, did you get the story?" demanded the city editor eagerly, as Holmes entered the office.

"No," replied Holmes, soberly, tearing a piece of paper into bits and throwing the bits on the floor. "Nothing in it; false alarm."

"Well, of all fools," remarked the city editor in disgust, "and you've wasted a whole afternoon. Get busy on that Hill graft case. Keep it in two columns."

Holmes occasionally meets on the street a grave and solemn gentleman who modestly picks his way among the jostling crowd. And Holmes always lifts his hat when he meets him. And the grave and solemn gentleman always lifts his hat to Holmes.

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UNIVERSAL POSTAGE STAMP

Will be Discussed by Congress of International Postal Union, Which Meets in Rome, Italy, Next Month.

New York, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. N. M. Brooks, chief of the bureau of foreign mails of the postoffice department, and Edward Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Bee, the accredited representatives of the United States government to the congress of the International Postal Union, which meets in Rome, Italy, early next month, have sailed from New York for that city.

This congress, which meets once in four years, is composed of delegates from every country in the world which belongs to the Universal Postal Union, and usually the delegates are men prominently connected with the postal affairs of the country they represent. Capt. Brooks has been a delegate to the last five congresses, and is personally acquainted with nearly all of the men who will compose the congress next month. He has several medals and decorations safely stored in the big vault in the state departmetn, the gifts of European monarchs for the great service Capt. Brooks has rendered the Postal Union and the world, but as long as Mr. Brooks is in the service of the United States government, he is not permitted to even have in his possession these decorations and medals, without a special act of congress, and this permission congress withholds from Capt. Brooks, as it does all officials of the United States who have been similarly honored. The congress, eight years ago, was held in Washington.

This congress of postal experts will consider all those questions involving foreign mails and their transportation and postal appliances. For instance, one of the principal questions to be considered is that of the rate for foreign postage, which at present is 5 cents for each one-half ounce, first-class. It is the general opinion that this rate is too high for the weight allowed. It is probable that the congress at Rome will decree one of two things—that the rate of foreign postage be decreased to 3 cents, or possibly 2 cents for each half ounce of first-class mail, or that the weight of first-class mail permitted for 5 cents shall be doubled, making the rate 5 cents per ounce to correspond with the domestic rate of one ounce for 2 cents.

The question of transportation of mails will also engross the attention of the congress. Under the existing arrangement the country from which mail is dispatched pays to each country handling this mail a certain amount of money, not a certain percentage of the cash received for the stamps used, as is generally supposed. Once in from three to five years the outgoing mail of each country is weighed for twenty-eight consecutive days, and this weight is multiplied by thirteen, the total being accepted as the basis for a contract covering usually five years. Thus, England weighs all mail from the United States passing through that country for points in Europe for twenty-eight days, this amount being supposed to indicate the normal amount of mail ordinarily sent by the United States to the European points. If later the amount should double in amount, England would receive no more money, and it would receive the full amount if the volume of mail should decline.

Perhaps the most important matter that will be discussed by the congress is that of a universal postage stamp of the unit determined upon. At present a person writing to another person in Europe cannot prepay postage on the reply desired. A 5-cent stamp of the United States would be of no postal value to a correspondent in Paris, and the person writing from the United States cannot obtain a French stamp to enclose his Paris correspondent. What is needed is a postage stamp of the value of the prevailing rate of foreign postage, which can be used anywhere, and from any country to any other country.

It would appear at first blush that it would be a simple matter to provide such a stamp, and it would, but for the difference in money standards. For example, the German stamp, which corresponds in value to our 5-cent stamp, and which carries a half ounce of mail from Germany to the United States, is of the denomination of 20 pfenning. There are 100 pfennig in a mark, and a mark is worth 24 cents, United States money. Therefore, the 20 pfennig stamp is actually worth but 4.8 cents of United States money. It will be seen that if a universal stamp should be adopted, a person with $4.80 United States money could buy a sheet of 100 stamps in Germany and bring them to the United States and sell them for $5, making a profit of 4 per cent. If the value were to be adjusted to meet this difficulty, other complications would immediately arise, because of the difference between the monetary standards of France, England, Italy and other countries. Capt. Brooks does not believe this difference would result in speculation, when cost of transportation, duty and other expenses had been figured in. He is of the opinion, however, that a return letter sheet, similar in general lines to the return foreign postal card, may be adopted, a device being added to permit the sheet to be sealed. The foreign reply postal card has proven a success, and it seems probable that this will form the basis for the solution of the return postage scheme, for which there is a crying demand.

Stamp collectors believe that the plan in vogue in Holland would solve the problem. The Dutch government has recently adopted the scheme of keeping on sale in the postoffices of the principal towns a supply of stamps corresponding to the value of 5 cents of the principal countries of the world, which are sold at a very slight advance on the face of the value. It is pointed out that the United States could carry in stock stamps from England, Germany, France, Italy, Austria, Scandinavia, etc., which should be sold at face value. After the initial appropriation, the service would be self-sustaining, and accommodate a large number of business men and citizens of foreign birth.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

Oriental Spangled Scarfs Used for Evening Gowns

By A. T. ASHMORE.

For the spring and summer, evening gowns are less elaborate, or at least are of less expensive materials than the winter ball dresses. In other words, the gowns now being made up are of silk, net and chiffon, rather than satin and embroidered lace. Unless in some way distinctive, spangled robe gowns are rather out of fashion just at present, although the black jet and the bronze palletted gowns are still seen to no little extent. Lace picked out in irridescent pallette makes an exquisite dress.

Cloth of silver and cloth of gold, both quite new this winter, have been used more for trimming than as a body for an entire gown. In white and in gold as well as in the different colors this material is decidedly effective. In light shades, as pink, blue or lavender, the silver or gold thread in the texture shows up beautifully at night. This material needs very little lace trimming, so that in the long run such a dress wouldn't be more expensive than the average evening gown.

The Egyptian scarfs, which have for some time been so popular, in spite of the fact that the little metal spangles make a cold rather than a warm scarf —are now being made into the most fascinating evening gowns. Four scarfs only are necessary for a dress, and even if the pattern is not the same they can be so joined as to look as though this were intentional. In the loose empire style, partieularly, are the scarfs attractive, but a most attractive princess frock can be made up in this effective and most durable material. Black net with gold has been used more than the all white, the white and gold or the black and silver, but any one of the combinations are good. The white with silver need be trimmed only with a spangled or embroidered lace bertha with, perhaps, some lace in the sleeves as well.

The handsomest evening gowns are now made with decidedly long trains, and in front and on the sides the skirt is also longer than at the beginning of the winter. For the evening all sleeves are very short, the elbow being used only during the day. While a square cut decolletage is still preferred for the front of the bodice, the back is cut in a deep V. While this pointed decolletage is becoming to almost every one, it is a mistake to exaggerate the V.

As transparent lace yokes are still worn a great deal with all elaborate theater gowns of silk, lace or chiffon, guimpe dresses—always so economical—are still in fashion. Some women find little use for a handsome high neck gown, and yet such a dress is always necessary. In this case the gown will do service for a pretty dinner dress, and then, with the handsome lace guimpe, can be worn on the few occasions when a really elaborate high gown is obligatory. This guimpe must fit perfectly, and should be attached to the form by little hooks and eyes, hidden in some way under the trimming. The lace yoke should be placed on a fitted guimpe of mousseline de soie, which is so light as to give no unnecessary fulness, but which serves to keep the lace well in place.

French Summer Frock With Ribbons

New spring afternoon gown

A cream white voile is chosen by Doucet as a medium for working out a charming design. The skirt extends to above the waist line in soft folds to form a girdle at the center of the bust line, meeting a bertha of folded ribbon bands and lace frills, ending in tight little necktie bows.

This bertha is adjusted about the "V" shaped chemisette of Japanese embroidery in dull shades. The same coloring appears in the warp printed gauze ribbons that form the sash and the windmill bows that are set between the ruffle panels, decorating the lower portion of the skirt.

The color scheme of this gown, soft cream with the dull tones of the embroidery in ribbons, is especially effective.

An interesting point is the use of the old-time milliner's folds of cream satin to head the tiny lace edged ruffles of the waist and skirt.

Making Home Happy

Happiness, especially for women, in married life consists in pulling together in little things as well as large, and the wife must do her share willingly and cheerfully if she is to succeed. It is the husband's part to earn money to keep the home going, and this is most essential, but it is no more so than that the wife shall try to make it run smoothly and easily, keeping a happy and cheerful place to which he comes gladly, and not regretfully. It should be his haven from toil, grind and disagreeable things; the place where he knows quiet and understanding is awaiting, or amusement and companionship when he desires them.

A woman who invites to the house frequently persons whom her husband does not like does a foolish act. There are times, of course, when social obligations are such that one must receive or entertain an acquaintance for whom he does not care; but it is always possible to do this when the husband need not assist with the entertaining, and so spare him the obligation of being host when he does not wish to.

A wife who invites to her home persons of whom her husband disapproves is worse than foolish. If she tells him, it irritates him and annoys him, quite naturally. If, on the other hand, not caring to experience the irritation, she does not tell, she has done what is worse, and, tacitly at least, deceives him. He is not likely to suppose that she is running counter to his wishes in such a matter, and there is just as much deceit even if he does not know.

The only way for a woman to make her home all that it should be is by constantly trying to discover what the deed is. A man down town all day works hard, and goes through disappointments, humiliations sometimes, and discouragements harder to bear than a woman knows of. He is working not only for his own ambition, but for the home, and it should never fail him, any more than he should fail in the demands that are made upon him by it.

It won't make a selfish brute of a man to give way to him in the little time that he can be in the home. It is far more likely to make him work harder for it, put more money into it, and by his own happiness while there add a very great share to the whole. His return from the day's work will be hailed with glee, and awaited throughout the day.

But it won't be if a woman doesn't succeed in making the home a happy place for him to be in. If it isn't bright and cheerful he will be irritated or disappointed before he has been long back, and the domestic atmosphere will be anything but clear.

It's a foolish woman who bothers her husband with tales of petty troubles as soon as he comes home. What though the cook has been trying, and the next door neighbor has been saying nasty things. It really isn't for the husband to hear them. What would a wife think whose husband began to tell her, the instant he got into the house, the disagreeable things that have happened down town during the day?

The very best way, when husband and wife are together, is for each to try only for the pleasant, happy and amusing side. There are times when one must be serious, but there is never a time when a woman must be nasty, in any event not with the husband. If one must have relief from sheer ugliness of disposition let her work it out on another woman. Both can better stand the strain.

Extravagant Economy.

All women have them—extravagant economies; some men, too, for the matter of that, but not so frequently as have women, who are more inclined to the "penny wise and pound foolish" tendencies than men, who are accustomed to spending to get back more in the end. A woman will frequently let a new frock be ruined, if caught unexpectedly in a shower, rather than spend a dollar for a cab. Even if the dress is not hopelessly spoiled by the wetting, to have it pressed and put into good condition will cost more than $1, but you can rarely make her understand that to have a carriage then is not an extravagance, but an economy.

The most common and most false economy among working women is saving on their food. Instead of realizing that the mere fact that they are working, mentally as well as physically, makes a greater demand upon their vitality, and that human machinery must be supplied with fuel in the form of nourishing food, they spend less money for this most important item in order to have more for another direction. Even a person who knows nothing about mechanics does not expect an engine to run without fuel of some sort—coal, wood, gas, oil or naphtha—but many see no reason why the human engine shouldn't continue to keep up steam, that is, life, when supplied only with slag in the shape of cheap and non-nutritious food.

Kipling, in one of his stories, has a man say that "no woman living alone eats properly," and it is so true that the exceptions prove the rule. A woman rarely cares about eating as eating, almost never as a man does who regards his dinner as a relaxation and gastronomic pleasure.

A woman's dinner is food for her to eat with as little trouble, and in as little time as may be, and the consequence is that she gets up from the meal far less rested and nourished than is a man. Relaxation of nerves and consequent good temper is an invariable accompaniment of a nice dinner, however simple, if quietly and attractively served. That is the reason why women find it the part of wisdom to make requests of their husbands after dinner, rather than before. But generally speaking a woman is in no way more relenting after dinner than she was before. The psychological part of it she has missed altogether.

A woman living alone in one of the studios and furnished rooms that house so many in this big city almost never even have dinner in the real sense of the word. It is too much trouble, or they are tired or out of sorts. Above all, again to generalize, caring little for food, a woman whose income is very limited does not buy a good steak or a well cut chop, it costs too much.

Instead she gets a can of chicken or a slice of ham, adds to it something else equally lacking in nourishing properties, heats or cooks it in the easiest manner possible, eats as primitively as modern customs will permit, and calls that her dinner. After a time she ceases to be strong, goes around with "that tired feeling," grows pale and anaemic and thinks she is working too hard. It isn't half as apt to be hard work as it is under feeding.

This carelessness in regard to selection and cooking of food is the cause of more than half the breakdowns of working-women. They are trying to keep along on nerve and faith alone, and it is a human impossibility. They would do much better to economize on the next new hat or dress and put the extra money into food. For the stronger they make themselves the more able to work they will be, and with unflagging and persistent work will come greater remuneration that after a time will do away with necessity for economy of any unreasonable kind.

The moral of which is that to spend money for food, real food, not cream puffs or "frills," but good beef and nourishing vegetables and milk, is a good investment in the end.

AMONG THE PLANTS

This article is for our boys who are interested in having a good garden this year. Some of them may be quite old boys, for age makes no difference to some individuals. They are, as a neighbor once said of his horse, it was a colt until the day it died. Fifty years ago I was just as much interested in growing things as I am today, and longingly I watched for the first crocus to push its way up into the spring sunlight. Let me tell you of some of my boy gardening. It was not as easy to learn then as it is now. If you asked a gardener for any information, the chances are that he would answer you as he did me. He told me to go and find out the way he did, and books on gardening were not plenty, and the methods of growers were treated as trade secrets. About this time in March I got a half pound of garden cress and a quarter pound of mustard seed, and would get some shallow boxes, some two inches deep, and fill them with fine soil. The cress was sown in one box and the mustard in another. The seeds were sown very thickly, pressed down and watered, and just enough fine sand sprinkled over them to cover the seeds, and in five days they were up, and in two or three weeks were some two inches high. Then they were sheared off close to the box and the box replanted, and they made a lovely salad. Sometimes initials were made in the soil, making the letters broad. Then the seed was sown in the lettering and you could read it as it grew, and some boy sometimes would have the initials of his little sweetheart on the box. But perhaps I had better not tell about the boys of long ago. By having a number of boxes a succession of salads could be depended upon. It was grow it then, or go without. Then, too, the potatoes for early planting were set upon their tails in a shallow box and exposed to the light. This made the sprouts grow short and stocky, and it made quite a difference in their earliness when planted in the garden. We would grow a box of lettuce plants so as to have a dozen or two of real early ones to set out. They would come up in about five days. We would do the same with beets, taking care to sow them thinly and to transplant them into other boxes as soon as they were large enough, so as to give them more room, and the beets would always bother; they would come up too thick; in fact, more plants than seeds, so they were examined carefully, and lo! the apparent seed was a case containing three or four seeds, and how wonderful it seemed to a boy of 10. The beets take fourteen days to get up. By the time all this stuff was planted, every available window sill was full, so some old window sash was made to fit on a frame, and under this crude cold frame the boxes were set, carefully aired during the day, so the sun should not burn them, and covered with an old carpet at night, until the garden got warm enough to plant them out in the open. Perhaps I had more enjoyment out of that crude, attempt at growing than I have had with my greenhouse. At any rate, when a stray hog jumped into that glass and wrecked my whole machine, I felt a great deal worse than I ever have since over larger losses, and in looking backward I exclaim, like the Yankee in the Sho-Gun, "Happy days!"

Now from this story you may get some pointers that will help you boys, young and old; that is why it is told. Now for a few things I practiced later, when I became a wholesale market gardener. I would, some two weeks before the ground could be planted, mix some celery seed with a bucketful of moist earth, and set it away where it would not dry up, and as early as possible would sow by hand the mixture in straight rows some three feet apart. This was tramped in, and later the plants were thinned to six inches apart and grown on without transplanting, and it always made good celery. The middle space was sown to spinach, which was served the same way if the season was late, except that it only had one week in the buckets. Thus a week was gained in earliness, but some seeds so treated might be lost, because one could not plant them at the right time, so don't put all your eggs in one basket.

You may sow some tomatoes in the house before long. Get only the earliest for Duluth. I like Atlantic Prize best of all, but there are many novelties offered. But go slow on vegetable novelties. Flowers have advanced by leaps and bounds, but there is not much advance in vegetables over those we had fifty years ago, but the tomato was not in common use then.

Don't hurry your plants. Learn patience. I used to spoil a quarter of my things by digging around to see if they were coming up, and I remember putting the beans back into the ground again because they came to the surface after being planted a week. Further, don't look on seeds merely as seeds, but as living intelligences, and then how interesting it all becomes.

Say, before I stop, I want to call your attention to the old asparagus bed you have been wanting so long. Each year you were going to have one sure, but just when the time was right you had no plants, or something else hindered, and it will always be so. Now you can send 25 cents to any seedsman and get enough seed for a long row. Make a deep furrow with long sloping sides, sow the seed in the bottom of the furrow, cover with fine soil or sand, give it the same attention you do the rest of the garden, and next winter give a good dressing of rotten compost to level or slightly raise the trench above the level, and the next year you can cut a little, and the year after lots of it, for it will come up thickly, and if you kill some by over-cutting, so much the better.

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GLASS OF BEER.

New York Evening World: J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., investigating the career of a youth who has been leading a double life, finds that "his trouble began with his first glass of beer."

"He thought he was a man when he took that first beer," said the young teacher to his Fifth avenue Bible class. "Ah, if he had only known it he was but a child! Take my advice and steer clear of the precipice of temptation."

Was the fault with the beer or with the man? What relation was there between the fraction of an ounce of alcohol in the brew of malt and hops and the depravity which was to bring him to "the dregs of vice?" Millions of men drink beer—entire nations almost—without relaxing their hold on morality, without departing from principles and honor.

Was the glass of beer the cause or the excuse of the youth's criminal tendencies? "Some men want beer," said Dr. Rainsford, "and it's no more a sin for a man to drink beer than it is for a man to drink coffee."

What was the nature of Mr. Rockefeller's frightful example that a glass of beer could pervert his sense of right and wrong? It is something the hypnotist cannot do. How can the glass of beer do it? Or did it happen that the vicious traits were merely dormant; only awaiting any excuse for awaking?

The "first glass" has ushered in many tragedies in life. But is there not too much confusion of cause and effect in indiscriminately ascribing human degradation to drink? Is not the youth who becomes a little child at the sight of a glass of beer the object of too much misdirected sympathy? Is he not apt to run to ruin on his own legs and then put the blame on somebody or something else?

Also is there not an excess of vealy sentimentality in the discussion of moral and ethical questions from the platform? Is there not too much flabby moralizing and too little robust and stimulating doctrine?

FIGURATIVELY SPEAKING.

Philadelphia Ledger: "I'm up a tree," admitted the bolting senator, "but my back is to the wall and I'll die in the last ditch, going down with flying colors, and from the mountain top of Democracy, hurling defiance at the foe, soar on the wings of triumph, regardless of the party lash that barks at my heels."

He looked up as though he meant it, too.

Two Evening Dresses from Paris That May be Worn in Afternoon

In figure 1 is shown a gown of white chiffon trimmed with Irish lace and with deep rose pink satin girdle and revers. The second illustration shows a reception gown of white liberty satin made princesse. The trimming consists of an embroidered lace bolero almost covering the lace and chiffon yoke. Both forms are models from L'Art et la Mode.

WOMEN ARE BRIDGE MAD

And Most of Them Play the Game for Money---Lent Welcomed Because It Gives Them More Time for Cards.

New York, March 10.—It was two or three years ago that various New York clergymen took to denouncing from the pulpit woman's suddenly developed passion to gamble at bridge whist. Sunday after Sunday women listened to denunciations of the bridge whist craze—and continued to play bridge. But the denunciatory sermons have stopped—stopped so completely that of late many persons have been curious to know if bridge whist has had its innings, if its popularity is waning, if women have transferred their affections to some other card game like skat or five hundred, for example.

Naturally the most of bridge teachers in New York laugh at such suggestions; but then one would scarcely look to them for an impartial view of the subject. More trustworthy, evidence is given by fashionable New York women, who agree in saying that bridge's grip on society is firmer than ever and that its vogue during Lent this year will far exceed anything achieved in the past.

"Undoubtedly sooner or later a reaction is bound to set in, but so far there is no sign of it," one woman remarked. "Bridge is an old story now, consequently it is not talked about so much as when it first was taken up by fashionable society. But it is played harder and more constantly than ever.

"Every spare hour is filled with bridge, it seems to me. One can't get away from it. There is scarcely a mail which does not bring me an invitation to play at the house of some one of my friends—of a morning, or following a luncheon, or from 3 to 5 or 6 o'clock, or after a dinner.

"Instead of only the avowedly gay women, the butterflies, playing, which was the case at first, women who go in for the simple life, or say they do, home keeping women who visit their nursery and their kitchen once in a while, and who are inclined to frown on acquaintances who love to gamble at cards and at the race track—even they have taken to playing bridge like mad.

"Young women, who at the outset rather looked upon card playing as a matronly pastime, are taking lessons and studying bridge harder than they ever studied anything else in their lives. One of the very best bridge players in society is an unmarried woman under 30.

"Oh, no, all the women in society do not play for money. Certainly there are always prizes of some sort, but that is not playing for money. I know of Sunday afternoon games where there were no prizes, even.

"The bridge players of society, meaning practically every woman who is not paralyzed or blind, may be divided into three classes—those willing to play for high stakes, those who play for small stakes only, those who will not play for mony at all, but will play for prizes.

"At first it was not generally known who was who, and time was lost in sending out invitations. Now, on the contrary, we all know pretty well how our friends stand, and the woman who balks at anything higher than a cent ante is not likely to be asked to make one of four players who like to take a flyer every now and then. Nor will a woman who only plays for prizes get an invitation to play in a game for money stakes. It is too tiresome, you know, to have a table spoiled by some one with scruples about even a 1-cent limit.

"Yes, the great majority of women play for money—small stakes, though. Many tales which from time to time have gone the rounds about fashionable women behind closed doors playing for high stakes have been products of the imagination, I fancy."

Another woman took a different view of the question of high stakes. She thought that there were many more quiet games for high stakes than society in general knew anything about.

"The women who play these games," she went on, "can afford to risk large sums and to pay well for the excitement, for there can be no question but there is more excitement, hence more enjoyment, for women who crave excitement, in playing for $100 than a 1-cent stake.

"I heard of one case in which a guest, rather new at the game, but not at all averse to a good-sized stake, was asked 'how twenty-five would suit her?' She smilingly assented, thinking 25 cents was meant, and it was not until someone commented on the amount of her winnings after the first hand had been played that she found out the stake was $25.

"When a number of women get together to play the stakes are almost invariably low, and as for the losses and gains, most of us come out even, sometimes a little to the good or to the bad, at the end of the season. Several of my friends have come out about $300 ahead, and it is not often average players exceed that sum.

"There are exceptions, though. The maid of one lucky player, who is not known to be possessed of very large means, told my maid that her mistress made enough at bridge last winter to pay for all her gowns, and she has a good many.

"Some day bridge may pall on society. Just now we live and breathe bridge; we even go so far as to waive social barriers in order to get a good player. Persons with little or nothing to recommend them beyond an ability to play a ripping game of bridge get an entree into houses whose doors otherwise would forever remain closed to them.

"From the first I set my face against this, only to give way weakly when one day at the last moment almost I got word that an expected guest had been taken ill and could not come. That meant, of course, that lacking a substitute three other guests must be disappointed.

"I telephoned to half a dozen of my intimates in vain. To my despairing ejaculation, 'What shall I do?' the sixth called through the 'phone, 'Try Mrs. Blank. She is impossible, of course, socially, but she does play a tiptop game, and she is not loaded down with engagements.'

"'Never!' I screamed back, and hung up the receiver. A minute later I called up Mrs. Blank, invited her in my blandest tone to play bridge at 3 o'clock, listened to her delighted acceptance, and then sat down and cried with rage.

"Yes, she played well enough to carry off most of the stakes at her table, and I caught myself wishing I had her for a partner instead of the novice who fell to my lot. But, of course, there are limits to that sort of thing."

"I do not play for money, and I find that I am cut off from playing with the women I know best," somewhat dolefully remarked a young matron who says she has spent a small fortune on bridge lessons. "I do not think many women now play for high stakes—they play too often for that—but I do find that most women want some sort of stakes.

"The surest way to be unpopular with smart society is to balk at playing for money. The word gambling is never associated with bridge. Tell any woman who plays a 5-cent limit that she gambles and she is furious.

"I cannot begin to tell how many bridge clubs will meet during Lent and how many extra classes have been formed to meet in the evening. There are two very smart clubs of fifty members each which have met afternoons once a week during the winter and which mean to keep right on through Lent, besides at least ten smaller clubs of which I happen to know."

"How do the nerves of the average woman stand the strain of so much bridge?" was asked of a frail looking woman who is among the most enthusiastic bridge players.

"On the whole very well," said she. "I can't say that playing bridge in all of one's spare hours is especially restful to the nerves, neither do I agree with the doleful people who predict an era of nervous prostration as the outcome of the bridge wave of popularity."

When a teacher of bridge of the socially elect was asked if there were not indications that the popularity of bridge was on the wane among the very fashionable he echoed with a rising inflection: "On the wane?"

"It is so much on the wane," laughed his wife, who also teaches bridge, "that we cannot begin to fill the demands on us for lessons.

"The desire to play bridge is sweeping this country and other countries. Here is a letter from Poland, in which the writer requests permission to translate my husband's book on bridge whist into Polish.

"In order to meet the demand for lessons in this country we are conducting lessons by correspondence. Already we have sent out over 1,300 of the series of lessons."

"What may happen in the future, no one can predict," resumed the teacher in chief, as his wife paused, "but this much is certain, that the upper circles of New York society just now scarcely do anything without bridge. The game follows dinners, it comes after luncheons, it fills the afternoons.

"Where people used to sit around bored after dinner, they now get out the bridge tables, and young girls as well as their mothers enjoy the game."

"Is it true that, as a club man remarked not long ago, 'there are not half a dozen women in New York who play a really fine game of bridge?'"

"Nonsense," was the emphatic reply. "I could name dozens of really fine players among the society women I have taught. The average woman, in fact, plays a better game than the average man, for the reason that she practices a good deal more because she has more time to play.

"American women are the best card players in the world—among women, I mean. Their fine playing of bridge has been commented on in England and on the Continent."

"Do not New York women play for higher stakes than formerly?"

"Not to my knowledge. From what I see and hear the 5-cent limit is the most popular among women."

"Of course," commented the expert's wife, "considerable money may be lost and won even with a 5-cent limit."

ARTIFICIAL NOSES.

Kansas City Journal: The city of Indore is modern and ugly and uninteresting. Apart from being the prosperous capital of a rich state, its chief claim to notoriety rests upon its hospital which has won universal fame by the manufacture of artificial noses. That may seem a very limited industry on which to build a name. But in India there are several ways of promoting this industry. When a woman comes to the hospital carrying her noise in a napkin you may fairly assume that her husband, suspects a breach of the seventh commandment. When a man appears in the same plight you may set him down as a usurer who has fallen into the hands of his clients, and has had no Portia to plead his cause. Indore is the Mecca of these unfortunates.

It takes a lot of preaching to convert some men to the value of advertising, but they always stay put.

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Cloth Street Frock, Self Trimmed

Cloth Street Dress Photo by Joel Feder

Severe tailor finish to cloth street gowns is a feature of many models being shown for spring. Instead of braid or anything of that sort being used suits are decorated with designs cut from the same cloth and stitched on. Points, of course, will have a vogue as being becoming to the figure, and one of the best methods is that shown in the illustration where they graduate from the hip down toward the back.

The same form is employed on the short jacket, where the points turn back like the tiniest revers, and are buttoned. The sleeves are short.

Training Servants to Suit Ways of Newest Employers

There is no doubt that the comfort of family life depends in a great measure on the good relations between mistress and maid. When engaging a servant the wisest and fairest course is for the mistress to tell her exactly what her duties will be. The girl will be more willing to accede to all reasonable demands at the beginning, when she is presumably anxious to get a situation, than later on when she has secured her place. Moreover, if at the very first she objects to doing the work required she will heardly prove satisfactory, at least to the particular mistress who is engaging her. Once the duties are settled, however, the mistress can exact that they shall be fulfilled, and she will not have to ask almost as a favor what should be expected as a matter of course.

Some employers when a new servant arrives think it well to leave her to herself, and let her get through her work as best she can etih she gets accustomed to her new surroundings. Then they tell her what faults they find with her methods or what changes they require. Though this plan in dietated altogether by kindness to the servant, whom they do not wish to reprimand till she is familiar with their routine, tearing to discourage her, yet it is mistaken kindness. Far better wuan her boxes are unpacked to give her at once a list of her duties and the time they are to be executed.

If she is a young, inexperienced girl, the mistress must herself go through each task with her for the first few days, even getting up early for the purpose. If any points are forgotten at this time there will be difficulty in getting them regularly attended to afterward. In short, what a servant does regularly and punctually for the first fortnight she will in all probability continue to do during her time of service. Even servants who really know their business often despise doing it; yet it is they, far more than their employers, who can give social status to domestic work. They can raise their occupation and make it as much respected as nursing, but to accomplish this they must work well and without supervision. A girl who does her work thoroughly and intelligently, and who can be depended upon, may be quite as independent as if she were engaged in any other occupation, and certainly most mistresses will be only too glad to give her every liberty and consideration in return for such service.

A carpenter, a paperhanger, a painter or any other tradesman does his work without direction once he has been told what kind of article is required, what design of wallpaper to hang, and what color paint to mix. The person at whose house he is working has no need for interference. There is no reason why this should not be the case with domestic service. Trained service will be good service, and good service will be well rewarded.

The fact of rising at a certain fixed hour is sometimes a source of irritation to a young girl, while having to call her every morning is a troublesome and should be an unnecessary task for the mistress. The mistress wants the maid to get up punctually, wash and dress quickly, and be ready to begin her work in good time, while the maid wishes to sleep a little longer, and resents being expected to jump up the moment the hour strikes, and so opposition arises between the two. To avoid this, a good clock with a loud alarm (those who work hard generally sleep heavily) is suggested.

Let the servant set it herself every night to the time required, usually 6 or 6:30. Let her understand that it is pleasanter for her to get up of her own initiative, without having any one to coerce or worry her about it, and that the matter is altogether one of good will. Any servant can get up at a reasonable hour if she wills to do it. This is a fact. Let them try for themselves. If one persists in rising late, to the discomfort of the household, it is far better to give her notice to leave. Half an hour is not too much to allow for washing and dressing, but if twenty minutes of this time is wasted in extra sleep, both proper cleanliness and the work of the day must suffer.

An early cup of tea brought to the mistress insures early hours; many a one who now cannot dispense with this little luxury began it not for her own gratification, but for the benefit of the whole house.

There is no doubt that servants are as a class honest and well conducted: indeed, it is rare to find them otherwise. Most mistresses, too, have a real desire for the welfare of those in their employment, but the difficulty lies in the fact that girls often take situations with the idea of doing as little and getting as much as they can, and with a certain feeling of discontent at having to work at all; while the mistress on her side does not always realize the monotony of the continual round of domestic labor, and in consequence is sometimes unreasonable in her demands.

If girls are prepared to work conscientiously and well, as they are paid to do, rarely, indeed, will the fact be left unrecognized, and if it is they can easily find another situation.

Beauty and Goodness

It isn't the beauty of beauty parlors that is the most delightful to see, but that which shines because outward on the face because of inward beauty of character and spirit. A woman with the prettiest features imaginable may still not be pleasing because her face is spoiled by its peevish expression, and the outward beauty is destroyed by the inner ugliness.

We all show in our facial expression what we are. It is ridiculous for a woman to moan because she is not pretty, and sigh because some other woman was born so. Of course it's a help to be born pretty, but if one isn't the thing to do is to make one's self so, not by cosmetics, which merely when most successful bring prettiness, but beauty which is even more desirable. It won't be done in a day, nor merely by saying that one will do it, but if a woman will strive for beauty of character she will carry beauty in her face.

It's a long, roundabout way of obtaining beauty? Assuredly, but it is tremendously worth while, because instead of growing homely as she grows older, one becomes each year more beautiful, until she is that most pleasing of all creatures, a beautiful elderly woman. There isn't a young beauty that can compare with the beauty of age when it is a result of sweetness of character. Given an average amount of good health, and a little more than an average amount of kindliness of character, the eyes of a woman of fifty years old shine more brightly, her smile is sweeter, and her whole expression fresher than that of a woman of twenty-five who lacks the fundamental basis of kindliness.

A young woman may be pretty even if there is no generosity of goodness in her expression. There is a certain attractiveness of youth that subordinates all else. But as years go by and youth departs there must be something equally is not more attractive to take its place unless discontent, selfishness is to be allowed to dominate. If instead youth has been filled with generosity, unselfishness, a kindly desire to help others and a sincere desire to live up to the best within one they develop a beauty greater than the natural attractiveness of features. If a woman's nose is not good and her mouth is not shapely, a kindly smile makes one forget what the original shape of the lips is, and a smooth brow with shining, good eyes more than redeem an ugly forehead.

This is the sort of beauty that a woman does well to strive for. Each year as one grows older something goes, and it is more than ever necessary to try to have something else to take its place, if life is not to narrow down to a mere existence. Friends who knew one in youth die or grow away, new friends will not make the allowances that they did; new ones cannot take the place of the old unless one makes an effort to have it so. As one grows older, too, one needs friends more; the lightness and joy they can put into life. But one will fail in having them unless there is something about the individual to attract; sweetness, goodness, strength or the like.

The sincere desire to have the finer characteristics will bring with them an outward beauty that the woman herself is unconscious of, although others are fully aware of it, and it is this type of woman who has tried through life of whom one says that happiest thing, "She grows better looking as she grows older."

The Evening Story

A TWIN TO THE RESCUE

By William Chester Estabrook.

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When Mr. James Beggs, who was abroad at the time, received a letter from his twin brother William, announcing that worthy's marriage, the unexpected news caused such an explosion of his none too even temper that everybody in the vicinity of the little German hotel where he was then stopping was made to feel that something really worth while had happened back in America.

But when, a few months later, word from a most trustworthy source reached him that William was, without doubt, the worst henpecked specimen of husband fowl in all the country, he packed his trunks, cut out the Engadine trip, and hurried homeward.

For forty-five years Mr. James Beggs had fought his brother William's battles, and he did not propose deserting him now simply because he had made the mistake of getting married. Indeed, all marriages were mistakes in the eyes of Mr. James Beggs. He could not conceive how William, who had heretofore shared his matrimonial sentiments, had been "played for a sucker."

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But he would fix her. She should find in him a foe worthy of her steel—or whatever she browbeat Billy with. He was coming unannounced and the whole thing would be over and Billy would be emancipated before she realized what he was about.

After a dusty ride of three hours he reached home. He alighted from his car on the side opposite the depot and hurried away by the most quiet street toward his factory. His coming was a great surprise to the clerks in the main office, and after spending a moment in greeting them all, he went to his private room.

His secretary welcomed him in astonishment. They had not expected him home for months yea. No; Mr. William was not in. He had been called suddenly to inspect a new source of water supply down in the marsh a mile away. The trip had promised to be a muddy one and he had exchanged his business suit for a suit of jumpers kept for shop emergencies and had left some three hours ago. He was expected back now at any moment.

Mr. James Beggs went into the rear office to brush up a bit. Sure enough, there lay dear old Billy's duds, sprawled indiscriminately over everything. The garments seemed suddenly to typify a condition—as if Billy, somehow, were dismantled, disarmed, strewn piecemeal over the chairs, the couch, the floor—abandoned and helpless. The glimmer of an idea shone out of the blue orbs of Mr. James Beggs. He hesitated at first, but the lines of determination settled finally about his mouth.

"I'll do it if I die for it," he muttered, grimly. He closed the door to the outer office and locked it. He was not long getting into his brother's clothes, and opening the side door, he hurried out into the hall and took the least frequented street that led to the old Beggs home where William had installed his bride.

"They're all alike—these women," he thought, as he hurried along. "All a man needs to do is to throw a good big scare into 'em once and settle it for good. If a fellow does that right in the beginning, they'll come down off their perch and never want to climb up again. But Billy isn't the boy to take a stand like that. He'd knuckle the very first thing, and that's what he has done, evidently."

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He was met by an overwhelming vision of petite loveliness that rose suddenly from one of the deep chairs and rushing up to him, fairly enveloned him in violet-scented billows and silky arms.

"Oh, you darling you, what a happy surprise," it murmured, half smothering him in an embrace.

For an instance, James Beggs was struck dumb and motionless. Then he began to push dazedly away, but that was not tolerated for a moment.

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"Madam," he essayed, in muffled tones, "Madam!"

"Have I punished you enough, you dear boy?" she cried, raising her head, but still keeping her arms about his neck.

James Beggs was not a coward where women were concerned. His one boast was that he did not like them well enough to be afraid of them. But now his knees quaked beneath him and he sank limply out of the encircling arms into the nearest chair.

"Oh, good Lord, good Lord!" he groaned, miserably.

"What is it, dear? Tell your wifey. What is it?" cried Mrs. Beggs, sinking to his feet and trying to slip her hands into his.

"I—I am not your husband—it's all a mistake," managed James Beggs, brokenly, and at the same time making frantic efforts to get rid of her hands.

The amazingly pretty face before him went suddenly white.

"What! What is this you are saying? I—not your wife! Oh, Will!" and with a torrent of tears, Mrs. Beggs threw herself upon her brother-in-law and clung to him more tenaciously than ever.

"Madam, I am your brother—your brother James!" cried Mr. Beggs, desperately.

Had a great hand reached suddenly forward and snatched Mrs. Beggs away, she could not have come to her feet more quickly. Mr. James Beggs rose sheepishly. For a moment they stood looking at each other, when Mrs. Beggs laughed out merrily, "Pshaw! Will, dear, it's just a joke—confess it now."

"Hello, there wife, where are you?" came a cheery voice from the hall, and the next instant William Beggs, in a suit of jumpers, followed by Bob Carrington, entered the room.

"Jimminy, by the prophets!" shouted William, rushing forward to greet his brother. "But what do you mean, old man, by sneaking into the office and skipping out with my only available suit of clothes?"

"It's—er—a little—trick I wanted to play on—er—on—Carrington here," said James Beggs in very great confusion. "I was going on down to his house to see—well—to see if—if he'd notice that the trip had made any change in me, you know, and Mrs.—that is—your wife—well, she thought at first glance that I was you."

"I told her we were alike as two eggs, but she declared she could never be fooled," said William, proudly.

"I think she'll confess now—that she can be," said James, while the bride blushed so furiously that all traces of her recent tears were destroyed.

"Trot on into the smoking room, you and Carrington," commanded William, slipping his arm through his wife's, "and I'll join you in a moment."

James Beggs did not even wait till they had lighted their cigars.

"Bob, when you wrote me about Billy being—er—henpecked, you were a trifle off, weren't you?" he asked.

Carrington looked at him in immense amusement.

"Great guns, man, can't you take a joke?" he roared. "The morning I wrote that letter Billy came to my house looking like a tattoed man. You know he had just taken up fancy poultry as a fad. His man left him and Billy tried to change boxes for two pedigreed setting hens, and when they got through with him he was a plum sight. Surely you didn't take that in earnest——"

"I never take anything from you in earnest, you old idiot," growled Mr. James Beggs, testily. And for the next few moments he was immured in contemplative silence—and smoke.

Black, Colored and White Silk Coats for Spring

By A. T. ASHMORE.

Silk coats are apparently destined to play an important part in the world of dress this coming spring and summer, for many different models are already exhibited. There are big ones and short jackets, full shapeless garments and tight fitting trim little apologies for coats that are extremely smart and effective.

Of course, the Empire styles still prevail, and many garments show the effect of the fashion, fortunately, however, modified considerably from the extreme designs that have threatened the community lately. Charmingly picturesque is a term often applied to the loose coats of all sorts, and the Empire shape is included in this category. Black taffetas are useful made after this model, but are not always becoming, and in truth the fashion is one that needs to be treated with great care and is safer, to copy for a wrap than for any other sort of coat.

Crinoline and flounced skirts are called to mind when the long, loose silk wraps with wide bell sleeves and sloping shoulder effects are noticed. These coats are wide around the skirts, exaggeratedly so, but although cut tight fitting are so shaped as to give the appearance of hanging loose from the shoulders like the sack or box coats. For light colors to match the gown over which they are worn or lace they are charmingly becoming and novel.

The trimmings very. Ruchings shirring, bias bands of the silk, embroidery, lace entre deux and applique all are thought effective, while an extremely bold fad is the bands of velvet ribbon that are lavishly used. In the pale dove color, gray and tan and in pink, mauve and blue, are these coats made up, while in white they are most charming.

White taffeta jackets are fascinatingly dainty and have either elaborately trimmed bands, or have the same puffed and shirred bands that are fashionable in the trimming of the long coats.

Lace Wraps Fashionable With New Spring Costumes

Lace coats are today more fashionable than when they first sprung into popularity. With a summer gown the lace jacket may be worn in the morning. Many of the handsomest afternoon reception gowns are being made to be worn with them, while now fascinating empire evening gowns have the loose coat of fine and heavy lace. Some of the coats are made up with linen or embroidered batiste, and these trim the simplest shirt waist so that it is sufficiently handsome to be worn with an elaborate cloth street costume. Just now in the South etons of lace or hand embroidered linen are immensely smart. They are worn either with linen gowns or with a shirtwaist.

There are bargains to be had now in lace and embroidered jackets of all descriptions, and it well behooves the woman with limited income to get one at as low a cost as possible. Linen gowns, both white and colored, are worn quite as much this year as ever before, and while white is the prevailing note in the summer trousseau, still light colored frocks are so fascinating, large flower hat and parasol to correspond, that there must needs be some frocks other than all white provided.

Colored linens are being made up how in great quantities, but with even the pink and blue gowns an embroidered white linen bolero may be worn. For summer there are more long than short lace coats, although the long three-quarter empire is just now extraordinarily popular.

With a gown of silk or chiffon the lace coat must naturally be of handsomer quality than the one which is suitable with a summer frock. It is hard to say whether or not little etons and boleros are smarter at the moment than a long semi-fitted coat. Of course the Empire models are quite new, and hence more desirable. These all have the fitted yoke back and front, with half sleeves, but the rest of the coat is quite loose—sometimes on a thin lining, but more often transparent.

Perhaps the handsomest coats are those made of two or more kinds of lace—preferably, as a combination, the Irish point with medallions of Valenciennes. The models in the short jackets are all very much the same as last year. The sleeves are somewhat wider at the top, although the half length kind is still seen more frequently than the puff sleeve. A large jacket is seldom attached to any other gown, for it is surprising with how many gowns and waists this little coat can be slipped on at the last moment, giving, in all probability, just the touch that is needed to freshen up the costume.

Really beautiful are many of the long Empire lace coats. While worn to some extent with afternoon gowns, they are infinitely more effective as trimming for a dinner gown. Over some pale shade of chiffon the lace will show up to advantage, while the good lines of the figure are preserved in the perfectly fitting princesse lining of silk or satin. The chiffon must not be scant, but also it must not be too heavy to allow of the fitted slip being discernible through the lace.

From L'Art et la Mode are taken the three accompanying illustrations. Figures 1 and 3 show how fascinating dinner gowns are made with the long lace jackets. The first gown is of cream colored lace embroidered in paillettes and silk roses. The little guimpe is of white chiffon trimmed with pink and silver roses and caught on pale blue velvet ribbon. The guimpe is bordered by a double ruche of Valenciennes edging.

The second gown is of embroidered linen, the style of dress that may be worn with or without a lace jacket.

The Empire dinner gown next illustrated is of lace over white mousseline trimmed with wide bands of Irish lace.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Cloth Street Frock, Self Trimmed

Cloth Street Dress Photo by Joel Feder

Severe tailor finish to cloth street gowns is a feature of many models being shown for spring. Instead of braid or anything of that sort being used suits are decorated with designs cut from the same cloth and stitched on. Points, of course, will have a vogue as being becoming to the figure, and one of the best methods is that shown in the illustration where they graduate from the hip down toward the back.

The same form is employed on the short jacket, where the points turn back like the tiniest revers, and are buttoned. The sleeves are short.

Training Servants to Suit Ways of Newest Employers

There is no doubt that the comfort of family life depends in a great measure on the good relations between mistress and maid. When engaging a servant the wisest and fairest course is for the mistress to tell her exactly what her duties will be. The girl will be more willing to accede to all reasonable demands at the beginning, when she is presumably anxious to get a situation, than later on when she has secured her place. Moreover, if at the very first she objects to doing the work required she will heartily prove satisfactory, at least to the particular mistress who is engaging her. Once the duties are settled, however, the mistress can exect that they shall be fulfilled, and she will not have to ask almost as a favor what should be expected as a matter of course.

Some employers when a new servant arrives think it well to leave her to herself, and let her get through her work as best she can till she gets accustomed to her new surroundings. Then they tell her what faults they find with her methods or what changes they require. Though this plan is dictated altogether by kindness to the servant, whom they do not wish to reprimand till she is familiar with their routine, fearing to discourage her, yet it is mistaken kindness. Far better when her boxes are unpacked to give her at once a list of her duties and the time they are to be executed.

If she is a young, inexperienced girl, the mistress must herself go through each task with her for the first few days, even getting up early for the purpose, if any points are forgotten at this time there will be difficulty in getting them regularly attended to afterward. In short, what a servant does regularly and punctually for the first fortnight she will in all probability continue to do during her time of service. Even servants who really know their business often despise doing it; yet it is they, far more than their employers, who can give social status to domestic work. They can raise their occupation and make it as much respected as nursing, but to accomplish this they must work well and without supervision. A girl who does her work thoroughly and intelligently, and who can be depended upon, may be quite as independent as if she were engaged in any other occupation, and certainly most mistresses will be only too glad to give her every liberty and consideration in return for such service.

A carpenter, a paperhanger, a painter or any other tradesman does his work without direction once he has been told what kind of article is required, what design of wallpaper to hang, and what color paint to mix. The person at whose house he is working has no need for interference. There is no reason why this should not be the case with domestic service. Trained service will be good service, and good service will be well rewarded.

The fact of rising at a certain fixed hour is sometimes a source of irritation to a young girl, while having to call her every morning is a troublesome and should be an unnecessary task for the mistress. The mistress wants the maid to get up punctually, wash and dress quickly, and be ready to begin her work in good time, while the maid wishes to sleep a little longer, and resents being expected to jump up the moment the hour strikes, and so opposition arises between the two. To avoid this, a good clock with a loud alarm (those who work hard generally sleep heavily) is suggested.

Let the servant set it herself every night to the time required, usually 6 or 6:30. Let her understand that it is pleasanter for her to get up of her own initiative, without having any one to coerce or worry her about it, and that the matter is altogether one of good will. Any servant can get up at a reasonable hour if she wills to do it. This is a fact. Let them try for themselves. If one persists in rising late, to the discomfort of the household, it is far better to give her notice to leave. Half an hour is not too much to allow for washing and dressing, but if twenty minutes of this time is wasted in extra sleep, both proper cleanliness and the work of the day must suffer.

An early cup of tea brought to the mistress insures early hours; many a one who now cannot dispense with this little luxury began it not for her own gratification, but for the benefit of the whole house.

There is no doubt that servants are as a class honest and well conducted; indeed, it is rare to find them otherwise. Most mistresses, too, have a real desire for the welfare of those in their employment, but the difficulty lies in the fact that girls often take situations with the idea of doing as little and getting as much as they can, and with a certain feeling of discontent at having to work at all; while the mistress on her side does not always realize the monotony of the continual round of domestic labor, and in consequence is sometimes unreasonable in her demands.

If girls are prepared to work conscientiously and well, as they are paid to do, rarely, indeed, will the fact be left unrecognized, and if it is they can easily find another situation.

Beauty and Goodness

It isn't the beauty of beauty parlors that is the most delightful to see, but that which shines because outward on the face because of inward beauty of character and spirit. A woman with the prettiest features imaginable may still not be pleasing because her face is spoiled by its peevish expression, and the outward beauty is destroyed by the inner ugliness.

We all show in our facial expression what we are. It is ridiculous for a woman to moan because she is not pretty, and sigh because some other woman was born so. Of course it's a help to be born pretty, but if one isn't the thing to do is to make one's self so, not by cosmetics, which merely when most successful bring prettiness, but beauty which is even more desirable. It won't be done in a day, nor merely by saying that one will do it, but if a woman will strive for beauty of character she will carry beauty in her face.

It's a long, roundabout way of obtaining beauty? Assuredly, but it is tremendously worth while, because instead of growing homely as she grows older, one becomes each year more beautiful, until she is that most pleasing of all creatures, a beautiful elderly woman. There isn't a young beauty that can compare with the beauty of age when it is a result of sweetness of character. Given an average amount of good health, and a little more than an average amount of kindliness of character, the eyes of a woman of fifty years old shine more brightly, her smile is sweeter, and her whole expression fresher than that of a woman of twenty-five who lacks the fundamental basis of kindliness.

A young woman may be pretty even if there is no generosity of goodness in her expression. There is a certain attractiveness of youth that subordinates all else. But as years go by and youth departs there must be something equally is not more attractive to take its place unless discontent, selfishness is to be allowed to dominate. If instead youth has been filled with generosity, unselfishness, a kindly desire to help others and a sincere desire to live up to the best within one they develop a beauty greater than the natural attractiveness of features. If a woman's nose is not good and her mouth is not shapely, a kindly smile makes one forget what the original shape of the lips is, and a smooth brow with shining, good eyes more than redeem an ugly forehead.

This is the sort of beauty that a woman does well to strive for. Each year as one grows older something goes, and it is more than ever necessary to try to have something else to take its place, if life is not to narrow down to a mere existence. Friends who knew one in youth die or grow away, new friends will not make the allowances that they did; new ones cannot take the place of the old unless one makes an effort to have it so. As one grows older, too, one needs friends more; the lightness and joy they can put into life. But one will fail in having them unless there is something about the individual to attract: sweetness, goodness, strength or the like.

The sincere desire to have the finer characteristics will bring with them an outward beauty that the woman herself is unconscious of, although others are fully aware of it, and it is this type of woman who has tried through life of whom one says that happiest thing, "She grows better looking as she grows older."

EVENING STORY

H C Hobart

A TWIN TO THE RESCUE

By William Chester Estabrook.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

When Mr. James Beggs, who was abroad at the time, received a letter from his twin brother William, announcing that worthy's marriage, the unexpected news caused such an explosion of his none too even temper that everybody in the vicinity of the little German hotel where he was then stopping was made to feel that something really worth while had happened back in America.

But when, a few months later, word from a most trustworthy source reached him that William was, without doubt, the worst hempecked specimen of husband fowl in all the country, he packed his trunks, cut out the Engadine trip, and hurried homeward.

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"It's this infernal crossing the pond that's responsible for everything," fretted James, as his cab whirled him from the Deutschland's pier to the train which was to bear him to his up-state home. Once aboard, he heaved a sigh of relief and settling back in his seat, wondered in what shape he would find things upon his arrival. Billy had written only twice and it was so unlike Billy not to confide in him. Doubtless he was too miserable to confide in anybody. It was Bob Carrington's letter that had brought James back in such haste. Bob had been an intimate of the Beggs twins for years. "I saw Billy yesterday," the letter ran, "and he made no bones about feeling pretty glum. Honest, Jim, you would hardly know him. I think, without any doubt, that he is the worst henpecked man in America today."

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"Oh, good Lord, good Lord!" he groaned, miserably.

"What is it, dear? Tell your wifey. Whaa is it?" cried Mrs. Beggs, sinking to his feet and trying to slip her hands into his.

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The amazingly pretty face before him went suddenly white.

"What! What is this you are saying? I—not your wife! Oh, Will!" and with a torrent of tears, Mrs. Beggs threw herself upon her brother-in-law and clung to him more tenaciously than ever.

"Madam, I am your brother—your brother James!" cried Mr. Beggs, desperately.

Had a great hand reached suddenly forward and snatched Mrs. Beggs away, she could not have come to her feet more quickly. Mr. James Beggs rose sheepishly. For a moment they stood looking at each other, when Mrs. Beggs laughed out merrily, "Pshaw! Will, dear, it's just a joke—confess it now."

"Hello, there wife, where are you?" came a cheery voice from the hall, and the next instant William Beggs, in a suit of jumpers, followed by Bob Carrington, entered the room.

"Jimminy, by the prophets!" shouted William, rushing forward to greet his brother. "But what do you mean, old man, by sneaking into the office and skipping out with my only available suit of clothes?"

"It's—er—a—little—trick I wanted to play on—er—on—Carrington here," said James Beggs in very great confusion. "I was going on down to his house to see—well—to see if—if he'd notice that the trip had made any change in me, you know, and Mrs.—that is—your wife—well, she thought at first glance that I was you."

"I told her we were alike as two eggs, but she declared she could never be fooled," said William, proudly.

"I think she'll confess now—that she can be," said James, while the bride blushed so furiously that all traces of her recent tears were destroyed.

"Trot on into the smoking room, you and Carrington," commanded William, slipping his arm through his wife's, "and I'll join you in a moment."

James Beggs did not even wait till they had lighted their cigars.

"Bob, when you wrote me about Billy being—er—henpecked, you were a trifle off, weren't you?" he asked.

Carrington looked at him in immense amusement.

"Great guns, man, can't you take a joke?" he roared. "The morning I wrote that letter Billy came to my house looking like a tattoed man. You know he had just taken up fancy poultry as a fad. His man left him and Billy tried to change boxes for two pedigreed setting hens, and when they got through with him he was a plum sight. Surely you didn't take that in earnest——"

"I never take anything from you in earnest, you old idiot," growled Mr. James Beggs, testily. And for the next few moments he was immured in contemplative silence—and smoke.

Black, Colored and White Silk Coats for Spring

By A. T. ASHMORE.

Silk coats are apparently destined to play an important part in the world of dress this coming spring and summer, for many different models are already exhibited. There are big ones and short jackets, full shapeless garments and tight fitting trim little apologies for coats that are extremely smart and effective.

Of course, the Empire styles still prevail, and many garments show the effect of the fashion, fortunately, however, modified considerably from the extreme designs that have threatened the community lately. Charmingly picturesque is a term often applied to the loose coats of all sorts, and the Empire shape is included in this category. Black taffetas are useful made after this model, but are not always becoming, and in truth the fashion is one that needs to be treated with great care and is safer, to copy for a wrap than for any other sort of coat.

Crinoline and flounced skirts are called to mind when the long, loose silk wraps with wide bell sleeves and sloping shoulder effects are noticed. These coats are wide around the skirts, exaggeratedly so, but although cut tight fitting are so shaped as to give the appearance of hanging loose from the shoulders like the sack or box coats. For light colors to match the gown over which they are worn or lace they are charmingly becoming and novel.

The trimmings very. Ruchings shirring, bias bands of the silk, embroidery, lace entre deux and applique all are thought effective, while an extremely bold fad is the bands of velvet ribbon that are lavishly used. In the pale dove color, gray and tan and in pink, mauve and blue, are these coats made up, while in white they are most charming.

White taffeta jackets are fascinatingly dainty and have either elaborately trimmed bands, or have the same puffed and shirred bands that are fashionable in the trimming of the long coats.

Lace Wraps Fashionable With New Spring Costumes

Lace coats are today more fashionable than when they first sprung into popularity. With a summer gown the lace jacket may be worn in the morning. Many of the handsomest afternoon reception gowns are being made to be worn with them, while now fascinating empire evening gowns have the loose coat of fine and heavy lace. Some of the coats are made up with linen or embroidered batiste, and these trim the simplest shirt waist so that it is sufficiently handsome to be worn with an elaborate cloth street costume. Just now in the South etons of lace or hand embroidered linen are immensely smart. They are worn either with linen gowns or with a shirtwaist.

There are bargains to be had now in lace and embroidered jackets of all descriptions, and it well behooves the woman with limited income to get one at as low a cost as possible. Linen gowns, both white and colored, are worn quite as much this year as ever before, and while white is the prevailing note in the summer trousseau, still light colored frocks are so fascinating, large flower hat and parasol to correspond, that there must needs be some frocks other than all white provided.

Colored linens are being made up now in great quantities, but with even the pink and blue gowns an embroidered white linen bolero may be worn. For summer there are more long than short lace coats, although the long three-quarter empire is just now extraordinarily popular.

With a gown of silk or chiffon the lace coat must naturally be of handsomer quality than the one which is suitable with a summer frock. It is hard to say whether or not little etons and boleros are smarter at the moment than a long semi-fitted coat. Of course the Empire models are quite new, and hence more desirable. These all have the fitted yoke back and front, with half sleeves, but the rest of the coat is quite loose—sometimes on a thin lining, but more often transparent.

Perhaps the handsomest coats are those made of two or more kinds of lace—preferably, as a combination, the Irish point with medallions of Valenciennes. The models in the short jackets are all very much the same as last year. The sleeves are somewhat wider at the top, although the half length kind is still seen more frequently than the puff sleeve. A large jacket is seldom attached to any other gown, for it is surprising with how many gowns and waists this little coat can be slipped on at the last moment, giving, in all probability, just the touch that is needed to freshen up the costume.

Really beautiful are many of the long Empire lace coats. While worn to some extent with afternoon gowns, they are infinitely more effective as trimming for a dinner gown. Over some pale shade of chiffon the lace will show up to advantage, while the good lines of the figure are preserved in the perfectly fitting princesse lining of silk or satin. The chiffon must not be scant, but also it must not be too heavy to allow of the fitted slip being discernible through the lace.

From L'Art et la Mode are taken the three accompanying illustrations. Figures 1 and 3 show how fascinating dinner gowns are made with the long lace jackets. The first gown is of cream colored lace embroidered in paillettes and silk roses. The little guimpe is of white chiffon trimmed with pink and silver roses and caught on pale blue velvet ribbon. The guimpe is bordered by a double ruche of Valenciennes edging.

The second gown is of embroidered linen, the style of dress that may be worn with or without a lace jacket.

The Empire dinner gown next illustrated is of lace over white mousseline trimmed with wide bands of Irish lace.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

The Mode and the Milliner

One of the new types

That flat mushroom shape

Evolution of the turban shape

Picturesque shape in wired lace

Fetching sailor shape

Decidedly novel chapeau

Some Fetching Shapes that are Novel in the Extreme-Pressed Shapes and Made Hats Compete for Fashionable Favor.

This spring the latest advice from Paris may well be summed up in "You can take your choice, purchase only what proves becoming, for there never before was such a latitude allowed by the powers that be in millinery." And it is to be hoped that this sage and sound advice will be followed.

The irruption of small hats with which we have been more or less threatened has, fortunately enough for the most of us, failed to arrive. While they, such of them as appeared over here as imported models, were dainty enough, the styles of coiffure affected by the smart American precluded the adoption of even the least conspicuous of them. A noticeably small chapeau, and even the most modest of pompadours, will never go together with any degree of grace and becomingness. One or the other undoubtedly would have to retire, and since some sage authority declares that it is the hair and not the hat that makes for feminine beauty, of course, it was almost a foregone conclusion that the hat—the very small hat—would have to retire from the contest.

The French woman much prefers the coiffure with a parting in the center, waved closely over the ears and drawn down into a knot at the back of the head. Upon such a coiffure the little chapeau will set daintily, and even coquettishly, with a hair net in lieu of a veil to keep the ondule locks in order. Somehow those little hats and veils do not strike one's sense of proportion just right, and realizing this the Parisienne has enthusiastically taken to the hair net, the invisible kind usually, although one sees some that are so strenuous in their insistence that even mock jewels of the darker colorings are oftentimes interwoven in their meshes.

Leading milliners are making a great display of the sailor shapes. Not that little Breton or saucer-brimmed sailor that has remained with us for so long, but rather the high-crowned and stiff-brimmed sailor, a close connection of the straw sailor that mankind adopts somewhere around the dog days and in the vacation season.

The crowns to those are of the usual masculine pattern, while the brims are largely at the caprice of the milliner. Some of them are plain, flat and narrow all around; others display a projecting line in the back that must remind the irreverent of a sailor's sou'wester turned upward—a not too far-fetched reminiscence under the circumstances—while still others seem to strive for the happy medium between those two extremes, and with a goodly measure of success, be it noted.

The cache-peigne and the bandeau, respectively, are the best arrows in the milliner's quiver this season, for without one or the other, according to the shape and style, the whole aspect of the chapeau can be changed almost instanter. There is a fetching little forward dip that declares itself to perfection in the sailor shapes and which cannot fail to prove becoming to the great majority.

Those flat mushroom shapes, the old-time plateau with the brim edge turned down somewhat after the manner of a mushroom, are having quite a run among those to whom the stiff sailor and the little hat generally do not prove altogether becoming. Here the bandeau is the making of the hat, literally as well as figuratively, and the most prominent part of the trimming scheme is planned to appear under the brim at the left side, extending, perhaps, to the back as well.

There are some extremely novel manifestations of the milliner's art that adopt this same mushroom brim in connection with a bowl-shaped crown. Perhaps more often than not these are expressed with the crown in satin and the brim of straw, or vice versa; or with a crown and a brim of chiffon, mallues or lace.

With many of them the originator, or the creator, of this mode has had to insert a colored stitch or some other guide in the crown lining to indicate just which is back and which is front, for to the average purchaser they certainly do seem as though they might just as well be worn bindside fore as any other way. The bandeau in those is steepest at the left side, and usually narrows down to nothing at all upon the opposite side. As though to balance the trimming scheme the under brim or bandeau trimming is massed at the left side, and the waving plumes that usually go with this style are thrust through the brim to wave around the crown, the tips usually pointing to the back, oftentimes dropping well down to the neck.

Either mallnes or ribbon is depended upon for the bandeau or the cache-peigne trimming, and it is by no means uncommon to see the two cleverly combined. One famous milliner is employing either brown, black or yellow tulle for the back bandeau trimming, employing the one or the other according to whether the locks of the customer be blonde, brown or black. Certain it is that brown tulle posed under the brim at the back of the hat is bound to prove flattering to any that of chevelure save black, bringing out the gold and the red lights as any other color cannot do, and making even the dullest and most lifeless hair take on an air of gloss and grooming that must be very satisfactory to its owner.

Ribbons are being very much used for the simple hats that are to go with the morning tailormade of plain and, perhaps, severe aspect. Those new sailors are, perhaps, at their best with just a scarf of ribbon close against the crown, a big and puffy bow at the side and the steep cache-peigne at the back just covered with loops. A quill, a lace feather or an arrow-shaped ornament thrust through the frothy mass of loops at the left side will add a touch of style that is fetching in the extreme.

Timely Little Touches of Fashion.

Those little baskets known as Marie Antoinettes are making themselves quite a factor in fashion in many ways. For one thing, it is the tall and narrow basket, with a projecting curled lip and a tall, narrow handle to match, that is favored for flower use in table decoration. In cut glass, Venetian gold work, Bohemian and other crystal manifestations they are at once pretty and effective. Wire flower holders are provided by the dealer, so that the blossoms are assisted in maintaining an upright position. One florist uses harmless tinting matter in the water with which the basket is filled when the flowers are put into position, this to heighten the color scheme of the table decorations. Thus, when the lace cloth is laid over pink satin, a trifle of cochineal is put into the flower water to make it a faint and translucent tint. A little spinach water turns it to an opalescent green; indigo—the laundry article—makes for blue, and so on.

As a motif for embroidery, and especially upon sheer linen and batiste blouses, those little baskets, from which tiny blossoms are spilled over the surface of the material, prove most effective. In this guise there is usually a ribbon bow tied on the handle; and the long streamers that float every which way are knotted with blossoms at intervals.

A fad that is followed by schoolgirls is that of having a narrow velvet ribbon tied around the collar top, just the frilling showing above it. This is supposed to hold the collar in place and to obviate the use of the usual supports; but the familiar little rods of featherbone are insisted upon in all of the shops. In fact, the best houses reject waists not so finished by the manufacturer; so this little ribbon fad is merely an excuse for ornament after all.

Long chains, or sautoirs, as the Parisienne designates them, are back again in all sorts of charming designs and devices. One seen recently was of tiny little flat fishes, like a sardine in shape, joined together by almost invisible links. Head to head and tail to tail they were placed, and the tete-a-tete fishes had the mouths open, each seeming as though trying to bite into a round pearl. In the fork of the two tails a sapphire was set, and the effect was at once quaint and pretty. That it was all hand work goes without saying, and its cost was in accordance.

White stockings are replacing those of color for pretty nearly all purposes, this doubtless due to the fad for white in all departments of dress. The low shoes that are so favored are now furnished with a set of little collars in white that are supposed to drop over the top, after the fashion of the familiar piece of neckwear. Those come in kid, in suede, cloth or linen, and are furnished with eyelets that match those on the shoe, and are laced into place with baby ribbon. The turnover conceals this lacing when the shoe is in wear.

Some novel sweaters have a yoke, collar and cuff in worsted of contrasting color. Sometimes a cross stitch pattern is embroidered on those.

Cross stitch is to be the work par excellence of the piazza crowd this summer, and already the fancywork shops are doing a brisk trade in stamped bands, collars, cuffs, bretelles and whole blouse patterns. The red and blue cotton threads are used for working, and Russian designs are favored by experienced workers. These take but little time to execute and are wonderfully effective.

Bordered materials are quite high in price yet, but the ingenious designers have wrought out so many fascinating frocks from them that to see is to admire, if not to covet. Some of the most exquisite effects are in chiffon cloth, with the border in velvet flowers "thrown" in the weaving. Subdued tints and blurred colorings characterize the more costly of those, and some of the best houses are displaying ribbons that reproduce the border design.

More odd and fancy pins are considered necessary to the completion of the toilette now than ever before. Two or three for the collar, one for each sleeve, if it be short, or two or three for the cuff, if it be long, are required. Little bowed bars set with little pearls of turquoise, topaz, amethyst, peridot, opal, olivine or aquamarine are favored by those to whom expense is not a deterrent, and the best jewellers are putting them up in sets in velvet-lined cases that are very attractive.

Petticoats, with an Italian or Jersey silk top and a triple flounce of taffetas in varying colors, are among recent imported novelties, the flounce part being at or about the knee, and it is to be noted at once that all of the imported models have quite conspicuous trains. Ribbon ruches and trimmings are prominent upon these.

Bangles and bracelets galore are considered necessary for wear with the long gloves and short sleeves that prevail on each and every type of toilette from early morn to dewy eve. Gold, silver, platinum and royal copper are used, and they are strung together along the arm in indiscriminate style.

Recent Arrivals in Dressdom - Summery Goods that Appear Early - Chiffon a Most Cherished Adjective - Mohairs Extreme.

The counters in all of the smart shops are teeming with, perhaps, what may seem at once the most exquisite and the most old-time of fabrics. And not only do the materials themselves effect this old-time idea, but the colorings as well. Of course, they come back to us under new names; but those who have grandmothers are bound to hear many, many reminiscences of "the days when your mother was young, my dear," as shopping samples, frocks and frills for the coming summertime are under discussion.

Queen's gray is a revival of those dainty and delicate shades which not only the late Queen Victoria, but likewise the Empress Eugenie, used to favor. The present Queen of England leans, too, to this tint, and the fact that all the courts of Europe are thrown into mourning just now for the late King of Denmark will do much to make this favorite shade even still more popular with those who aim to follow fashion in even its most exalted flights. A period of three months of black, followed by the same period of half-mourning, usually expressed in gray or lavender gowns and accessories, is the rule for all the court officials, ladies in waiting, maids of honor and the like, when the court is thrown into mourning for any relative of the sovereign, and oftentimes this latter period is prolonged to six months if the season be a dull one and the court is not officially "in residence" as it is phrased.

Checks, stripes and plaids are extremely pretty in the mohairs and sicilliennes in this tint; and the complimentary tone of brown is a next choice. This latter color has been somewhat out of the running for the past season or two; but it is the vivid and warm coppery browns rather than the dead leaf tints that were formerly fashionable that the best retailers are displaying in the shops and show windows.

One fact impresses itself upon the observer who follows the fashion point of view; and that is that there is a great deal of white used in those novel checks and plaids and stripes. And by the way, all of those designs are of the hair-line persuasion. Great blocks of solid color are conspicuously missing from modish assemblages; and it is the quiet and unobtrusive effects that prevail.

The apricot tints that run into a faint pink, all of the rose and coral shades, some pretty vivid sapphire tints, all of the violet tones that really begin with hydrangea blues and range down to the orchid shades, if one is to consult the current color card, are to be seen in the plain colorings. There are some charming model gowns on view made up in some of those, for which some of the raw silk weaves, pongees, henrietta and silk voile have been employed.

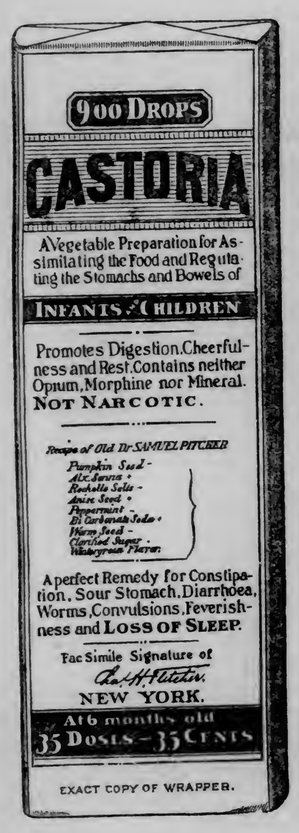
Some of them are little coat and skirt models, to be worn with a lace or a lingerie blouse according to occasion; but most of them are what the saleswoman refers to as costumes, whereby she intends to convey the impression that waist and skirt are from the same material, and that a wrap to accompany the gown must be of the separate order.

In the coat and skirt idea there are some little boleros that are, perhaps, the most abbreviated ever seen, since they terminate their short career somewhere in the neighborhood of the shoulder blades. The skirt may or may not be built up in corselet fashion; but whether it is or not the fact that it must measure some eight yards at the least around the hem is apparent at the first glance. Those short and loose little garments that are variously known as sacque and carnco coats are highly favored, and there are still others that present far more of a cape outline than any suggestion of a coat. The use of cape sleeves assist in this impression, too, and that they are just the thing for summer and warm weather wear generally will go a long way towards making them popular.

Embroidered henriettas are being taken up almost the moment they are shown by the expensive dressmaking houses, and all of the robe patterns, as they are termed, are meeting with a success that even their most enthusiastic admirer failed to anticipate. A leading importer has kept the cables busy for several weeks trying to obtain repeat-order deliveries upon those robes; but the manufacturers declare that they cannot fill home orders, much less export ones, so extremely popular have those embroidered goods become.

Why Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: *First*—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless: *Second*—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food: *Third*—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*



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The Kind You Have Always Bought and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment

Letters from Prominent Physicians Addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. W. L. Leister, of Rogers, Ark., says: "As a practicing physician I use Castoria and like it very much."

Dr. W. T. Seeley, of Amity, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria for several years in my practice and have found it a safe and reliable remedy."

Dr. Raymond M. Evarts, of Santa Ynez, Cal., says: "After using your Castoria for children for years it annoys me greatly to have an ignorant druggist substitute something else, especially to the patient's disadvantage, as in this case. I enclose herewith the wrapper of the imitation."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

Dr. W. F. Wallace, of Bradford, N. H., says: "I use your Castoria in my practice, and in my family."

Dr. Wm. I. McCann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine and aside from my own family experience, I have, in my years of practice, found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. Howard James, of New York City, says: "It is with great pleasure that I desire to testify to the medicinal virtue of your Castoria. I have used it with marked benefit in the case of my own daughter, and have obtained excellent results from its administration to other children in my practice."

Dr. J. R. Clausen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Channing H. Cook, of Saint Louis, Mo., says: "I have used your Castoria for several years past in my own family and have always found it thoroughly efficient and never objected to by children, which is a great consideration in view of the fact that most medicines of this character are obnoxious and therefore difficult of administration. As a laxative I consider it the peer of anything that I ever prescribed."

Dr. L. O. Morgan, of So. Amboy, N. J., says: "I prescribe your Castoria every day for children who are suffering from constipation, with better effect than I receive from any other combination of drugs."

Dr. H. J. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. Wm. L. Bosserman, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I am pleased to speak a good word for your Castoria. I think so highly of it that I not only recommend it to others, but have used it in my own family."

Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the ingredients being known through the printing of the formula on the wrapper is one good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cheerfully."

GENUINE
CASTORIA
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

MAGAZINES FOR MARCH

A Glance at the Contents of the Leading Periodicals.

Two articles of kindred interest in the March Century are Sylvester Baxter's plea for "Art in the Street" and Charles de Kay's description of "The New New York Custom House." In the evolution of this great building architects and sculptors are working to secure the maximum of utility and beauty. The numerous pictures seem to provide that civic art has made a long step ahead—the civic art having for its chief end to make utility the vehicle of beauty, which Mr. Baxter urges in his article on "Art in the Street." Pictures by Jules Guerin and Malcolm Fraser of results already accomplished add to the live interest of Mr. Baxter's treatment of the subject. Recent death touches with pathetic interest two features of the March Century, the first of William Sharp's "Route-notes in Sicily," and Joseph Bucklin Bishop's memories of his friendship with John Hay. The first of the two papers, entitled "The Garden of the Sun," is illustrated with pictures by Jay Hambridge, one in tint. An enlightening sketch is a brief contribution on "The Jews in Roumania," by Carmen Sylva, as she is known to letters, while in her proper person she is Roumania's charming queen.

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The name "Baltimore," to the mind of the average man or woman, calls up a picture of a city, half Southern, half Northern, where the hurry and bustle of modern, progressive business is unknown and where last century conservatism is still strongly entrenched. To these the article on the new Baltimore, in The Reader for March, will be an interesting and illuminative bit of writing. The article is by Merrill A. Teague; it is profusely illustrated, and tells in terse, almost epigrammatic English the story of the birth of a modern, well-built, thoroughly equipped city from the hot ashes and ruins of the old. Of the other serious discussions The Reader has the first installment of a series by Francis Hackett. The title is "At the Foot of the Ladder," and it is the actual personal story of the trials and rebuffs of the writer, who, without influence or special qualifications, tramped for days over Chicago in search of a clerkship. Then Charles Klein, author of "The Music Master," one of the most successful play of the last decade, writes an illuminative article on "The Psychology of the Drama," that is well worth a thoughtful reader's time; and Claas Brainard discusses "Humanity and Machinery" in an interesting vein.

* * *

The American Magazine, which for thirty years was Leslie's Monthly, has two especially interesting articles in the March number. One "The Eden Makers," by Julian Helburn, tells of the remarkable things the United States Reclamation service is doing; how it is making fit for cultivation a desert area of 1,500,000 acres. Under the caption "The Case of Mabel Parker," Arthur Train of the New York district attorney's office tells the story of a slip of a girl who stole thousands of dollars through free-hand forgeries, of her audacious defense in court, and how her husband swore that he was the guilty person in a vain attempt to save her.

* * *

Scribner's Magazine for March opens with one of the most delightful of automobile journeys, as described by Henry Norman, M. P., under the title, "The Flowing Road." Mr. Norman, who has been a great traveler all over the world, and is the author of "All the Russias," and "The Real Japan," is an expert automobilist as well as a successful photographer. His journey took him through France to Switzerland, to Italy, to Austria, back to Switzerland, then to Germany and home again to Paris, a total journey of 1,300 miles. Very abundant pictures reproduce a great deal of the beauty of the journey. Francis Wilson gives some of his charming recollections of Joseph Jefferson. Another paper full of personal quality is E. S. Nadal's "Some Impressions of Lincoln." Some years ago the author was in Springfield, Ill., and there became interested in talking with people who knew Lincoln in his everyday life. From this as a starting point he has collected a first-hand series of impressions with a great many Lincoln anecdotes.

* * *

An agreeable suggestion of spring emanates from the pages of the March Harper's, owing to the group of outdoor articles in this number. Bishop Talbot, of Central Pennsylvania, contributes some amusing recollections of his adventures among Western nilling camps when he was bishop of Idaho, and tells some funny stories of men and things out there. Charles W. Furlong describes a thrilling "Night's Ride with Arab Bandits" over the sun-parched and lizard-infested Sahara, which is effectively illustrated with drawings by himself. There is a delightful article on "Ibex-shooting in the Mountains of Baltistan," in Northern India, by Joseph Clark Grew, who writes of the curious customs of the people and the superb scenery, as well as of the excitement of stalking and shooting the difficult ibex. Excellent photographs accompany the article. Junius Henderson, curator of the museum of the University of Colorado, describes a genuine Colorado glacier, known as the Arapahoe glacier.

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The Popular Science Monthly for March contains the following articles: "The Physiography of the Adirondacks," by Prof. James Furman Kemp; "The Black Locust Tree, and Its Despoliation," by Dr. Charles A. White; "A Contribution to the Theory of Science," by Prof. Wilhelm Ostwald; "The Jewsharp," by the late Dr. H. Carrington Bolton; "Geological History of Cockroaches," by Dr. H. E. Sallards; "How Rooting Aquatic Plants Influence the Nutrition of the Food Fishes of Our Great Lakes," by Prof. Raymond Pond.

* * *

With the March number, Madden's Magazine, named for its editor, Edwin C. Madden, enters the field of illustrated monthly periodicals. In appearance and size it conforms to recognized standards. It contains a special article by Hon. John B. Corliss, in which is presented a somewhat novel solution of the railway rate problem; a very interesting argument in favor of the restriction of immigration, by Hon. F. P. Sargent, commissioner-general of immigration; editorial observations on matters of national importance and popular interest; chatty comment on stage favorites; a number of complete stories; and miscellaneous items which are both instructive and entertaining. The number is attractively illustrated.

* * *

In the March number The Delineator has fallen under the spell of romance which the marriage of the president's daughter has evoked, and presents as its leading feature an article on "The Brides of the White House," illustrated with a handsome portrait of Miss Roosevelt never before published. The fiction of the number includes a short story by Mary Stewart Cutting, a clever study of child life by Virginia Woodward Cloud, and the continuation of "The President of Quex," Helen M. Winslow's interesting club story. Viola Allen, the popular young actress, who recently married a southern millionaire, writes of Shakespeare's heroines from the point of view of one who has personated many of them with great success.

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"The Cherry Sisters," so well remembered by New York vaudeville audiences, probably furnished the suggestion for "The Four Goldies," which starts as a serial in the March number of Smith's Magazine. Judging from the first instalment, the story bids fair to be one of unusual charm and interest. In the same issue, William Hamilton Osborne has a remarkably entertaining story, "The Old Maid's Corner," and Channing Pollock, in "Sitting in Judgment with the Gods," has contributed a vigorous attack on a certain style of melodrama. The art studies with which the magazine opens shows remarkable work in the two-color half-tone process.

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Among the stories in the March magazines, none seems likely to excite more interest and discussion than Louis Joseph Vance's complete novel in The Popular. The story, "The Blood Yoke," has its scene laid in the Florida Everglades, and Mr. Vance has chosen for his theme the love of an educated Indian for a young white girl. In this respect it resembles the successful play "Strongheart," though the story is in no sense an imitation, but is worked out on quite different lines—indeed, it is said that the story was completed some time before the play was put on. Be that as it may, it makes mighty interesting reading. Another feature of moment in the March Popular is "The Malefactor," E. Phillips Oppenheim's new serial story. Four other serials and a wide variety of short stories complete the number.

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One of the most entertaining stories in the March issue of Ainslee's is "Captain Cosgrove's Homeopathic Cure," by L. Frank Tooker, author of "Under Rocking Skies." It is a nautical yarn, with quaint characters and plenty of humor. The novelette in this number is "Vanessa's Dilemma" by Robert Adger Bowen. There are several clever essays, including one on "Society at the Opera," by Charles Henry Meltzer, a dozen or so short stories, by E. F. Benson, Henry C. Rowland, Vincent Harper, and other well-known writers, and some noteworthy poetry. The cover resign is by Clarence F. Underwood.

* * *

The March number of The Bohemian is quite the best that has appeared in the history of this magazine. It has an especially appropriate cover (in colors) and its stories have an equally wide range. "The Miniature," by Hildegarde Hawthorne, is a charming bit of literary work and shows that the temperament, at least, if not all the ability of Nathaniel Hawthorne has been handed down to his granddaughter. The story is illustrated by Franklin Booth. "His Better Side," the longest story in the magazine, is told with rare skill, and cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

* * *

The March Arena contains a notable conversation with David Graham Phillips by Charles Wharton. This is the story of a man who has led an adventurous life until, at 35, he is brought up short by a new experience. The different kinds of women who have attracted him in turn are as varied as his moods. But "the one of all others" is the sweetest bit of a jolly wholesome girl. From start to finish there is not a dull paragraph in the story and it is guaranteed to cure the "blues" in one hour after taking." Bridge whist players should look into the mirror held up to them through Ina Brevoort Roberts' amusing satire of a game of cards "For Sweet Charity's Sake." Her keen observation and rich sense of humor are highly diverting. Will Levington Comfort contributes the story of a fine-grained Irishman who loves a red-haired girl with a passion almost passes understanding. With such artistic material as a young curate with a head like the Hoffman student, and a chorister, Jennette Lee weaves a far-above-the-average tale called, "Wings."

* * *

The March number of The Four-Track News opens with a beautifully illustrated and interesting article on "Green Mountain Villages," from the pen of G. Marion Burton; from this Vermont scene we are transported to Hawaii, where Katherine Pope tells us something of "The Island of Welcome;" L. F. Brown writes a comprehensive description of "The Delaware Water Gap;" and Frank Cramer takes us on a short trip "In Bethlehem;" "Quaint Old Marion" is a description of that Massachusetts town by James F. J. Archibald, and is especially full of human interest; "Michigan's Venice," by Hugo Erichsen, is a strong word picture of the St. Clair Flats, with particularly effective illustrations.

* * *

The March number of Farming is an inspiration to begin work, and to improve on some old ways of doing things. The cover design—a plowing scene—is typical of what is going on all over the country. Two pages are devoted to the month's opportunities. Farmers are not only reminded of some things that might be overlooked, but a lot of new lines of activity are suggested. A feature article on the Jersey cow and her record as the best butter producer is typical of a series of live stock articles that will be published from time to time. Through the cooperation of the American Jersey Cattle club, beautiful illustrations of prize-winning Jerseys have been secured.

* * *

Luther Burbank, "the wizard of horticulture," has never yet said anything about himself or his work in print, although a great deal has been written about him. But he has at last consented to write for the Youth's Companion an article, to appear in the issue of March 22, on "How Plants Are Trained to Work for Man." Mr. Burbank's achievements have caused much discussion, and what he has to say, therefore, is likely to be read with keen interest by everyone interested in horticulture. Another important contribution, announced for one of the March issues of the Companion, is Senator Henry Cabot Lodge's article on "Our Foreign Policy." These features will be supplemented by other articles of importance and nearly thirty complete stories.

* * *

The March Atlantic is perhaps even richer than usual in important economic and political articles upon subjects of first interest. Prof. W. A. Taussig, the well known economist and author, writes upon "The Love of Wealth and the Public Service," Maurice Low upon "The German Emperor," and George W. Alger contributes another of his fresh and vigorous discussions of contemporary matters, this time upon "Some Equivocal Rights of Labor." Two papers of kindred interest are Charles M. Harvey's upon "The Red Man's Last Roll Call," an eloquent account of the Indians' present status in America, and a picturesque narrative by Maj. R. L. Bullard of his experiences in the Philippines, "Preparing Our Moros for Government."

* * *

The late Leonard Kip, of the well known pioneer family of that name, contributed several short stories of power to the Argonaut. In the issue of March 3, a remarkable tale, published exactly twenty-seven years before his death, is reprinted. It is entitled, "A Custom of the Family," and illustrates the force of heredity in a family whose head for generations had committed murder.

* * *

The March Country Life in America is the famous garden annual. This particular yearly issue of the magazine has become the recognized authority in horticultural matters for the country dweller, of small garden, or ample estate. The number opens with "How to Make a Lawn," by Leonard Barron. It describes the process, from the first piece of sod to the perfect green. W. E. Pendleton tells of "A New Kind of Wall Garden." In "A Vagabond Garden Reclaimed" Martia Leonard proves that the good features of a deserted home may be saved and beautified. "A Japanese Garden On a Village Lot," by Matthias Horner, shows the rare tricks achieveable on a tiny area. Walter A. Dyer's "Sun-Dials in Modern Gardens" combines literary merit with practical hints on garden adornment.

* * *

The leading article in the March World's Work is M. G. Cunift's vivid and comprehensive explanation of "Texas and the Texans." It shows, with the aid of striking photographs how our biggest commonwealth is marching uncorrupted, to a great future. It reveals with many human-interest stories the character of the people who are making the great empire of the Southwest. Eugene P. Lyle's series of West Indian investigations is continued interestingly with the story of "Capt. Baker and Jamaica"—which tells how a shrewd Cape Cod fisherman became master of one of England's fairest islands. "Q. P.'s" remarkable series of insurance articles which have attracted such wide attention, deals in this number with "Life Insurance Corruption" epitomizing the causes of the scandals and the revelations of the Armstrong Investigation. "The Growth of Fletcherism" by Isaac F. Marcosson explains how the science of right eating is being widely adopted and what it means.

* * *

The Garden Magazine for March is a remarkably interesting number, and considerably larger than any of its predecessors. A great deal of practical information which will help the out-door gardener who wants to get busy at this time of year so as to make a good start. The very important subject of spraying trees and shrubs to protect them against the attacks of insects is handled by Prof. E. Dwight Sanderson in a remarkably lucid and comprehensive article. For the first time this big problem is reduced into terms that will be understandable to the average suburban dweller. Another most opportune article deals with fertilizing the home fruit garden, and discusses the various problems that confront the home gardener, giving clear cut advice upon how to implement the yield with the least trouble and cost; whether chemical fertilizers should be applied or not, and stating definitely how and when the feeding should be done.

* * *

The current Harper's Weekly, dated March 10, is, as usual, rich in literary and pictorial features of both timeliness and interest. Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who is popularly regarded as, in a way, the senatorial spokesman at Washington of the administration, contributes an authoritative and cogent exposition of the attitude of the United States government toward the Moroccan entanglement. Walter Scott Meriwether, the well-known expert on naval affairs, tells "Why the Love of Bigger Navy," with some significant comparative figures. The interesting series of articles by Mr. Charles Johnston, "Men of Today," continues with a graphic personal sketch of Lloyd G. Griscom, United States ambassador to Brazil. Julius Miles Forman's widely discussed serial, "Buchanan's Wife," approaches its climax. An amusing and clever short story on an unusual theme is contributed by Gilbert Watson, accompanied by a number of Strothmann's inimitable illustrations; Sydney Brooks writes of "The Labor Party in England;" and, in addition, events of importance in the fields of politics, sport, literature, the drama, music science, and invention are authoritatively presented.

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Wood Craft for March has freely illustrated articles on the making of a wagon, the vehicle plant of the Studebaker Bros. Manufacturing company, the pattern making of a one-foot valve, cutters for moldings, a notable pattern shop and storage system, colonial doors and doorways, early associations of workmen, cabinetmaking and machinery, the grain of lumber in patterns, electric drives for woodworking machines, hints for machine woodworkers, sanding gear teeth to shape, proportions of woodscrews, fireproof doors, etc.

* * *

The chief feature of the month's Success Magazine is the opening installment of David Graham Phillips' latest novel, "The Second Generation." The literary world has been looking for this novel for the last half year, as Mr. Phillips was known to be working on it during his summer in France. It is a real American story, centered in the life of the great Middle West. Mr. Phillips is well known for his strong democratic ideas, and in this novel he has carried them possibly further than in any previous work. The second part of "Fighting the Telephone Trust," by Paul Latzke, details how the most paralyzing system of monopoly ever devised was put into effect throughout the country. Samuel Merwin describes, in an article entitled "Crossing the Ocean in a Palace," his trip on the giant steamship "Amerika," which made its first visit to this port a short time ago. Mr. Merwin describes the "Amerika" as being the goal of a shipbuilding contest in which half a dozen great lines have been long engaged. He describes with minuteness the superb fittings and magnificent dimensions of this Twentieth Century Limited of the seas. "Is the old romance of the sea dead?" he asks in a morilizing mood, since ocean travel has been reduced to such a science.

* * *

There is a good deal in the March McClure's that you don't want to miss. Miss Ida M. Tarbell's "Commercial Machiavellianism" brings home the lax morals that have built up great corporations and business houses, showing how the axioms of Machiavelli's "Prince," although pretty strong even for Italy of the Medici, form the catechism of the modern captain of industry. Ray Stannard Baker continues his veil-lifting series, "The Railroads on Trial," devoting the current number to the formation of public opinion by the law-breaking railroads and shippers; disclosing as neat and clever and complicated a piece of underhanded machinery as ever you heard of. Carl Schurz's "Reminiscences of a Long Life" furnishes by far the most exciting chapter we have yet had, "The Escape from Rastatt," which recounts the story of how Schurz with two companions, on the surrender of the fortress to the Prussians hid in a barn where the enemy's cavalry were bivouaced, and finally escaped through a deserted sewer.

* * *

The Engineering Magazine for March presents the most significant recent contribution to the settlement of isthmian affairs, in John F. Wallace's article on "Plain Facts About the Panama Canal." He tells frankly the difficulties he found in attempting to carry out the work as chief engineer, and defines exactly how red-tape and politics will always prevent efficient or economical construction under direct government control. He points out the entire applicability and desirability of the contract system, and indicates just how he believes it should be employed. Incidentally, he suggests a very commonsense plan for the operation of the Panama railroad. The article will extend and amplify the valued services rendered by Mr. Wallace's recent testimony before the senate investigating committee.

* * *

Broughton Brandenburg, president of the National Institute of Immigration, tells in the March issue of Technical World Magazine of the great fight between mill and mine owners and the empire-builders of the undeveloped West, for the control of the more than a million immigrants who come to the United States each year. Victory for the first means the concentration of great foreign population in city slums; victory for the empire-builders means the wide distribution of the newcomers over a rich, healthful and undeveloped country. The marvelous new turbine torpedo, with a range twice as long as that of the Whitehead, and a velocity nearly twice as great, is described by L. E. Zeh, the well-known expert. The new weapon has been adopted by the United States navy.

* * *

The important announcement is made in the March issue of the Housekeeper that Marian Bonsall, the associate editor, has been sent to Japan to study Japanese home life and to glean from it those secrets which are of most interest to American women. It is promised that the treatment of the articles will be unlike anything that has been written before about the mikado's kingdom, and will be of absorbing interest. Gertrude Bacon, the daughter of Prof. Bacon, the celebrated balloonist, contributes an illustrated article, "My Adventures Above the Clouds." A striking picture is drawn of the rare delights and thrilling escapes of the aeronauts who strike into the unknown for the sake of science.

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In attractiveness, timeliness and interest the American Boy for March is, to use a popular expression, a ten-time winner. The cover page shows a typical young lineman in happy mood. The continued stories are: "Shaggycoat," the

Bill Bowden on Hoodoos

By Walter Hackett

The Bo'sun of the Marcus Hyde was attempting to prove his entire and utterly unexpected sobriety to a group of enraptured mariners in the Bell Buoy saloon by walking, without the slightest deviation, a straight line made on the floor with chalk from the billiard table. He had taken three steps, each one fairly upon the line, to the intense amazement of spectators, and was preparing for the fourth by standing on his left foot, while his body waved like a pennant in the breeze and his right uncertainly described a number of geographical figures in the air, when Bill Bowden, A. B., entered the door, whirling like a dancing dervish, with a scared face and a rush of a ship being launched. Unfortunately Mr. Bowden's lookout failed to inform him of the bo'sun's presence dead ahead or else his steering gear failed him, for he came forward full speed and ran the bo'sun down.

The shock of the collision only sent a shiver through Mr. Bowden's frame, doing so little damage that the next second he was able to resume his voyage toward the bar, where he continued his revolutions, ceasing only long enough to seize an allowance of grog. With the bo'sun things were not so fortunate, however. The impact found him in a posture which would have been difficult for even an athlete to assume, and the force of it, since he was not plumb with his center of gravity, sent him flying in the air, where he executed two really remarkable somersets, finally sinking gracefully to the floor upon his head. Oddly enough, the triumph of this achievement, which many of the onlookers declared was the most remarkable "they had ever seed," did not please the bo'sun, who remained flat on his back, and after a careful inquiry into Mr. Bowden's ancestors, carefully tracing them from the moment of their boarding the Ark, and showing that each successive generation had been more lax in their morals and uglier to the eyes than the one preceding it, made a healtfeuln appeal to the old tars present to assist him to an upright position, that he might kill the last of the race of Bowdens.

At any other time such a challenge would have been received by the latter with alacrity—almost thanksgiving. Now, however, to the amazement and consternation of all present, he turned even paler than before and hung out a flag of truce.

"Don't help him, boys," he exclaimed. "Blow me, don't help him. I won't fight him."

"Why not, you bloomin' purpoise," returned the irate bo'sun, breathing with the most superhuman effort. "Do you think you are goin' to come in here imitatin' a blarsted propeller o' a twenty knot liner an' forcin' honest sailormen to turn turtle durin' their hours for amusement? You swab, you swipe, why won't you fight?"

"Why not? says you," replied Mr. Bowden, ceasing his revolutions. "Why not? Because I'm hoodooed, says I. That's why not, says I. I'm hoodooed."

"Wot!" exclaimed the bo'sun, in a frightened voice, while a thrill of superstitious awe went about the room. "Wot!" he repeated, evidently shocked, though not sufficiently so to assume even a sitting posture, though he made a gallant attempt.

"Yes," went on Mr. Bowden, now far more at home, since it was evident that he had caused a decided sensation; "yes, says I, I'm hoodooed; an', wot is more, I'm hoodooed two ways at onct, wich means somethin' very alarmin' is goin' to happen to me. Mebbe I'm goin' to get married ag'in, or mebbe I'm goin' to meet some o' my wives I ain't very pertickular about meetin', or mebbe, wich is considered wuss, I'm goin' to be forced to give up likker.

"This is the way it happens. I were down on the Battery, sailin' around to get a smack o' salt air, an' thinkin' how much I had missed on account o' my moral trainin', me havin' once refoosed to ship with Capting Smith on the pirate galleon Mollie May, on account o' him bein' a Unitarian, which me an' all my fambly was strict orthodox, when I becomes forgetful like, an' driftin' out o' my course I runs into a female pussen of about forty tons burden, with red hair—rather trim built she is, but overloaded with ballast an 'onable to rest light on the surface.

"Well, before I can come about an' present my compliments she sends me a broadside.

"Where are you a-sailing to, you loafer?" says she, for all the world as though we were married to each other for two years or more. "Why don't you watch where you're a-goin', you clumsy swat, you ugly marine?" says she.

Naturally such talk cheered me up considerable, an' I were about to answer her very p'lite an' affable by a-callin' her a' old ramshackle canal boat wot are wuss than a Chinese junk, when I looks her over again an' wot do you reckon? She was cross-eyed, her starboard eye bein' fisted permanent to port, while her port eye sails about shiftlesswise, like a derelict. Red-headed and cross-eyed! That is wot I had come up alongside o'. In course, right there I knew I were hoodooed, 'cause once afore I had run up agalnst a party so rigged, an' wot happened was awful.

That were when I shipped on the bark Ceylon, o' Kile, for a voyage from Frisco to the Chinca islands an' return. Just afore we sets sail through the Golden Gate, the master ships a missionary wot were a-goin' out to show the heathen the error o' his ways, takin' with him for that purpose a lot o' tin horns, some fancy colored cloth an' a lot o' rattles, rubber rings an' silk hats, it bein' the nacher o' the heathen to be most frivilous regardin' religion, an' only bein' converted by pecoolure methods. Well, this here missionary are red-headed, an' his eyes is not mates. They is formed into two watches, so to speak. When one is a-lookin' out to port the other is shinin' up the starboard side very comfortable like. Well, none o' the crew likes this very much, but we has sot sail an' they were no chances to desert, besides wich the marster o' the Ceylon are a quick-tempered gent, an' most impulsive in the use o' a bellyin' pin.

So we gits under way, but isn't far out o' sight o' land when pecoolure things begins to happen—most pecoolure things. We runs into one storm after another, an' every accident wot can happen to us happens. We loses sails, we loses spars, we loses men overboard, we springs leaks, the rudder is constant gettin' crazy. It are a plum dreadful time. Well, the crew knows these things can't happen onless we have a Jonah on aboard, an' we is all certain that the Jonah is that there missionary, spesiul since he are allus walkin' up an' down the deck very free an' careless like singing, now ca'm an' peaceful like he are when he are rocked in the cradle o' the deep, wich we takes to mean a whale's stummick, there bein' no other cradle around the deep that any o' us ever heerd on.

So we goes to the marster, very p'lite an' affable we is—we has to be, because when the marster ain't a-throwin' belayin' pins about careless like he are a-practisin' high kickin' an' a puttin' his whole heart in it, so to speak. Well, we asks that he be kind enough to throw the missionary overboard—him bein' a Jonah—so we won't all perish, but can be restored to the bo'sun o' our fam'lies, or at least those fam'lies wich we happens to be on speakin' terms with, each o' us havin' a considerable number o' 'em, all bein' o' a affecshonate nacher like. The marster says he carn't do that, though he'd like exceeding' to oblige the crew, account o' the anxiety wich is shippin' him out, bein' Scotch an' canny, havin' drew a hard bargain with him, insistin' that the missionary be delivered to the heathen in good condition afore payin' his passage. He were shipped C. O. D., so to speak. In course the marster said if the crew had a mind to pay the missionary's passage money out o' their wages he didn't have no objection to throwin' him overboard or keelhaulin' him or anything else wot seemed proper an' law abidin', 'addin, that he never did have much use for missionaries, so many o' 'em havin' whetted the heathens' appetite for white meat, so to speak, an' to make a lot o' islands unsafe to land an' do tradin' at.

Well, all o' the crew havin' had more family life than average, none o' 'em cared to give up wages to pessom same, so to speak, so the matter was dropped for the time bein'. In the hope that the feller might show a little decent feelin' an' fall overboard by hisself. That night, however, a bolt o' lightin' struck the fo'marst, an' that settled it. We goes to the marster an' signs allotment notes coverin' the cost o' the passage. The marster agreed to throw the feller overboard hisself, sayin' it were more legal if done by the one in command, an' that had to satisfy us, though some o' the crew said as long as they were a-payin' for it, it only seemed proper an' right as wot they should have the fun o' lookin' on.

It didn't do no good, however, as the marster had his mind sot, showin' us by knockin' us all down quite promiscus an' with no partiality to speak of, though he did kick a couple o' the men afore they was down. We didn't see no more o' the red headed feller, so we concluded the marster had heaved him overboard, speshal as we got a spell o' nice ca'm weather an' made pert all right. When we let go the anchor, though, up he comes from the marster's cabin, where he had been all the time. Natcherly, we was some put out, but the marster said that if we made any complaints he'd put us all in irons an' try us for murder an' hang us up from the yardarm. The storm had left us. He said, too, that he'd keep the extra passage money wot we had paid as a lesson to us on the error o' our ways, an' fair busted hisself makin' a moral lector. Well, that made us realize wot a hoodoo that red haired feller was, an' we was all most thankful when he went ashore.

He kep' up hoodooin', too, as I heard arter, but he fell in with some cannibals, who decided to make a stew o' him an' the rubber rings he had with him. They had never tried to stew a missionary afore, but they had tried 'em all other ways an' never found 'em good eatin'. Well, he tasted all right goin' down, but when he got down he disagreed with 'em awful an' made 'em all dyspeptics, which is the fust time that ever struck the tropics.

So when I sees wot I had run into on the Battery I knows they is only one thing to do, an' that is whirl around like I had got religion sudden like to keep the cuss off. So I does so, but it don't seem to do no good, for while I is whirlin' I gets under a ladder, wich is a sure sign o' bad luck. A uncle o' mine once walked under a ladder an' the next day lost his starboard eye an' never could get a glass one wot would fit. It were most troublesome to him. His eye were allus fallin' out when he were a courtin' a gal, an' he'd never know it until she told him, an' when he'd put it back hasty like he usual got it in wrong side afore, wich made him look like he were both comin' an' goin', an' were very disturbin,' though it didn't make no difference in his personal appearance, account o' his good eye bein' a light red, an' it bein' to match the color in glass eye.

But it didn't need my uncle's experience for to teach me it were bad luck to walk under a ladder. I found that out myself, for as I was a-whirlin' I hit the ladder an' knocked her over just as a swab o' a Irishman were a goin' up it with a hod load o' bricks. Fust the bricks fell on me an' then the Irishman, swearin' somethin' awful, wich showed he wasn't no way grateful to me for breakin' his fall, an' if he hadn't landed on me he'd landed on the pavement, wich I done in his place, arter wich he hit me in a way no marster ever done, an' I sailed on v'yages with the best. He hit me till I were tired, but that didn't matter to him. He were enj'yin' it an' kep' it up till he were tired, arter wich he kep' on hittin' me anyway, because, as I said afore, he were Irish, and that am the way the Irish behave. He keeps it up until his boss come up an' docks him for takin' time off for amoosements in work time, wich shows me that I ans hoodooed him, though he says he don't mind none, as he are willin' to get docked any time for a fight.

But I knowed I were hoodooed, an' somethin' awful were about to happen to me. Wot it am, I don't know, but if it ain't gettin' married again or givin' up licker I don't much care.

"He had taken three steps, each one fairly on the line"

LOST THEIR BET.

Anaconda Standard: A long pike, frozen in the center of a large cake of ice, caused several dead game sports to lose a bunch of money last night. The fish and the block of ice reposed on the back bar of a well-known thirst parlor and the pike was viewed with curiosity. Finally some one started a discussion by stating that if the fish were released from its prison of ice it would revive and continue to live just as if there had never been any ice. Another gent disagreed with the first and a general argument followed.

One fellow said that that was the way fish spent the winter months, regularly. Like snakes, he said, they remained in a comatose condition all winter, and when the ice melted in the springtime they were just as frisky as if summer had continued all winter. The discussion became very heated, and bets amounting to several hundred dollars were laid on both sides of the question at issue. The cake of ice was split and the fish was placed in a tub of lukewarm water, but at last reports it had shown no signs of life. The backers of the resuscitation proposition wouldn't give up the money until an old fisherman came in and said: "Ef you hadn't been a pack of derned fools you would have knowed that feesh was dead before it was ever friz up like that."

"Singin how ca'm an' peaceful he are when he are rocked in the cradle o' the deep."

IN BOHEMIA AND OUT.

How the Glamour of Gay Living Was Shattered for a Young Married Couple.

O. Henry in New York World: This document is intended to strike somewhere between a temperance lecture and the "Bartender's Guide." Relative to the latter, drink shall swell the theme and be set forth in abundance. Agreeably to the former, not an elbow shall be crooked.

Bob Babbitt was "off the stuff." Which means—as you will discover by referring to the unabridged dictionary of Bohemia—that he had "cut out the booze," that he was "on the water wagon." The reason for Bob's sudden attitude of hostility toward the "demon rum"—as the white ribboners miscall whisky (see the "Bartender's Guide") should be of interest to reformers and saloonkeepers.

There is always hope for a man who, when sober, will not concede or acknowledge that he was ever drunk. But when a man will say (in the apt words of the phrase-distiller), "I had a beautiful skate on last night," you will have to put stuff in his coffee as well as pray for him.

One evening on his way home Babbitt dropped in at the Broadway bar that he liked best. Always there were three or four fellows there from the downtown offices whom he knew. And then there would be highballs and stories, and he would hurry home to dinner a little late but feeling good, and a little sorry for the poor Standard Oil company. On this evening as he entered he heard some one say: "Babbitt was in last night as full as a boiled owl."

Babbitt walked to the bar, and saw in the mirror that his face was as white as chalk. For the first time he had looked Truth in the eyes. Others had lied to him; he had dissembled with himself. He was a drunkard, and had not known it. What he had fondly imagined was a pleasant exhilaration had been maudlin intoxication. His fancied wit had been drivel; his gay humors nothing but the noisy vagaries of a sot. But, never again!

"A glass of seltzer," he said to the bartender.

A little silence fell upon the group of his cronies, who had been expecting him to join them.

"Going off the stuff, Bob?" one of them asked politely and with more formality than the highballs ever called forth.

"Yes," said Babbitt.

Some one of the group took up the unwashed thread of a story he had been telling; the bartender shoved over a dime and a nickel change from the quarter, ungarnished with his customary smile; and Babbitt walked out.

Now, Babbitt had a home and a wife—but that is another story. And I will tell you that story, which will show you a better habit and a worse story than you could find in the man who invented the phrase.

It began away up in Sullivan county, where so many rivers and so much trouble begins—or begin; how would you say that? It was July, and Jessie was a summer boarder at the Mountain Squint hotel, and Bob, who was just out of college, saw her one day, and they were married in September. That's the tabloid novel—one swallow of water and it's gone.

But those July days!

Let the exclamation point expound it, for I shall not. For particulars you might read up on "Romeo and Juliet," and Abraham Lincoln's thrilling sonnet about "You can fool some of the people," etc., and Darwin's works.

But one thing I must tell you about. Both of them were mad over Omar Rubaiyat. They knew every verse of the old bluffer by heart—not consecutively, but picking 'em out here and there as you fork the mushrooms in a 50-cent steak a la Bordelaise. Sullivan county is full of rocks and trees; and Jessie used to sit on them, and—please be good—used to sit on the rocks; and Bob had a way of standing behind her with his hands over her shoulders holding her hands, and his face close to hers, and they would repeat over and over their favorite verses of the old tent-maker. They saw only the poetry and philosophy of the wonderful lines then—indeed, they agreed that the wine was only an image, and that what was meant to be celebrated was some divinity or maybe love or life. However, at that time neither of them had tasted the stuff that goes with a 60-cent table d'hote.

Where was I? Oh, they were married and came to New York. Bob showed his college diploma, and accepted a position filling inkstands in a lawyer's office at $15 a week. At the end of two years he had worked up to $50, and gotten his first taste of Bohemia—the kind that won't stand the barox and formaldehyde tests,

* * *

They had two furnished rooms and a little kitchen. To Jess, accustomed to the mild, but beautiful, savor of a country town, the dreggy Bohemia was sugar and spice. She hung fish scines on the walls of her rooms, and bought a rakish-looking sideboard,and learned to play the banjo. Twice or thrice a week they dined at French or Italian tables d'hote in a cloud of smoke, and brag and unshorn hair. Jess learned to drink a cocktail in order to get the cherry. At home she smoked a cigarette after dinner. She learned to pronounce Chinati, and leave her olive stones for the waiter to pick up. Once she essayed to say la, la, la! in a crowd; but got only as far as the second one. They met one or two couples while dining out and became friendly with them. The sideboard was stocked with Scotch and rye and a liqueur. They had their new friends in to dinner and all were laughing at nothing by 1 a. m. Some plastering fell in the room below them, for which Bob had to pay $4.50. Thus they footed it merrily on the ragged frontiers of the country that has no boundary lines or government.

And soon Bob fell in with his cronies and learned to keep his foot on a little rail six inches above the floor for an hour or so every afternoon before he went home. Drink always rubbed him the right way, and he would reach his rooms as jolly as a sandboy. Jessie would meet him at the door, and generally they would dance some insane kind of a rigadoon about the floor by way of greeting. Once when Bob's feet became confused and he tumbled headlong over a footstool Jessie laughed so heartily and long that he had to throw all the couch pillows at her to make her hush.

In such wise life was speeding on the day when Bob Babbitt first felt the power that the giftie gi'ed him.

But let us get back to our lamb and mint sauce.

When Bob got home that evening he found Jessie in a long apron cutting up a lobster for the Newburg. Usually when Bob came in mellow from his hour at the bar his welcome was hilarious, though somewhat tinctured with Scotch smoke.

By screams and snatches of song and certain audible testimonials to domestic felicity was his advent proclaimed. When she heard his foot on the stairs the old maid in the hall room always stuffed cotton in her ears. At first Jessie had shrunk from the rudeness and flavor of these spiritual greetings, but as the fog of the false Bohemia gradually encompassed her she came to accept them as love's true and proper greeting.

Bob came in without a word, spilled, kissed her neatly and noiselessly, took up a paper and sat down. In the hall room the old maid held her two plugs of cotton poised, filled with anxiety.

Jessie dropped lobster and knife and ran to him with frightened eyes.

"What's the matter, Bob; are you ill?"

"Not at all, dear."

"Then what's the matter with you?"

"Nothing."

Harken, brethren. When She-who-has-a-right-to-ask interrogates you concerning a change she finds in your mood, answer her thus: Tell her that you, in a sudden rage, have murdered your grandmother; tell her that you have robbed orphans and that remorse has stricken you; tell her your fortune is swept away; that you are beset by enemies, by bunions, by any kind of malevolent fate; but do not, if peace and happiness are worth as much as a grain of mustard seed to you—do not answer her "Nothing."

Jessie went back to the lobster in silence. She cast looks of darkest suspicion at Bob. He had never acted that way before.

When dinner was on the table she set out the bottle of Scotch and the glasses. Bob declined.

"Tell you the truth, Jess," he said. "I've cut out the drink. Help yourself, of course. If you don't mind I'll try some of the seltzer straight."

"You've stopped drinking?" she said looking at him steadily and unsmilingly. "What for?"

"It wasn't doing me any good," said Bob. "Don't you approve of the idea?"

Jessie raised her eyebrows and one shoulder slightly.

"Entirely," she said with a sculptured smile. "I could not conscientiously advise anyone to drink or smoke or whistle on Sunday."

The meal was finished almost in silence. Bob tried to make talk, but his efforts lacked the stimulus of previous evenings. He felt miserable, and once or twice his eye wandered toward the bottle, but each time the scathing words of his bibulous friend sounded in his ear and his mouth set with determination.

Jessie felt the change deeply. The essence of their lives seemed to have departed suddenly. The restless fever, the false gayety, the unnatural excitement of the shoddy Bohemia in which they had lived had dropped away in the space of the popping of a cork. She stole curious and forlorn glances at the dejected Bob, who bore the guilty look of at least a wife beater or a family tyrant.

After dinner the colored maid who came in daily to perform such chores cleared away the things. Jessie, with as unreadable countenance, brought back the bottle of Scotch and the glasses and a bowl of cracked ice and set them on the table.

"May I ask," she said, with some of the ice in her tones, "whether I am to be included in your sudden spasm of goodness? If not, I'll make one for myself. It's rather chilly this evening, for some reason."

"Oh, come now, Jess," said Bob, good-naturedly, "don't be too rough on me. Help yourself, by all means. There's no danger of your overdoing it. But I thought there was with me; and that's why I quit. Have yours, and then let's get out the banjo and try over that new quickstep."

"I've heard," said Jessie in the tones of the oracle, "that drinking alone is a pernicious habit. No, I don't think I feel like playing this evening. If we are going to reform we may as well abandon the evil habit of banjo-playing, too."

* * *

She took up a book and sat in her little willow rocker on the other side of the table. Neither of them spoke for half an hour.

And then Bob laid down his paper and got up with a strange, absent look on his face and went behind her chair and reached over her shoulders, taking her hands in his, and laid his face close to hers.

In a moment to Jessie the walls of the seine-hung room vanished, and she saw the Sullivan county hills and rills. Bob felt her hands quiver in his as he began the verse from old Omar:

"Come, fill the Cup and in the Fire of Spring
The Winter Garment of Repentance fling;
The Bird of Time has but a little way
To fly—and Lo! the Bird is on the Wing!"

And then he walked to the table and poured a stiff drink of Scotch into a glass.

But in that moment a mountain breeze had somehow found its way in and blown away the mist of the false Bohemia.

Jesse leaped and with one fierce sweep of her hand sent the bottle and glasses crashing to the floor. The same motion of her arm carried it around Bob's neck, where it met its mate and fastened tight.

"Oh, my God, Robbie—not that one—I see now. I wasn't always such a fool, was I? That other verse, boy—the one that says: "'Remould it to the Heart's Desire.' Say that one—'to the Heart's Desire.'"

"I know that one," said Bob. "It goes:

"'Ah, Love, could you and I with Him conspire
To grasp this sorry Scheme of Things entire
Would not we— '"

"Let me finish it," said Jessie.

"'Would we not shatter it to bits—and then
Remould it nearer to the Heart's Desire!'"

"It's shattered all right," said Bob, crunching some glass under his heel.

In some dungeon below, the accurate ear of Mrs. Pickens, the landlady, located the smash.

"It's that wild Mr. Rabbitt coming home soused again," she said. "And he's got such a nice little wife, too!"

The confidence of the public is the final proof of merit.

Old Underoof Rye

Has stood the test.
It is old and pure.

CHAS. DENNEHY & COMPANY,
Chicago.

THE STAGE

AT THE LYCEUM

"Checkers" Will be Presented Friday and Saturday With Saturday Matinee.

The playgoers of this city are to see "Checkers" next Friday and Saturday at the Lyceum theater. "Checkers" has proved in Philadelphia, Chicago, New York and Boston a very popular play. Its author, Henry M. Blossom, Jr., has seemingly hit upon the long sought common theme for the so-called classes and masses, for the critics in their reviews have pronounced it pleasing to all playgoers whether those who prefer to part with the highest price asked for enjoying the seclusion of the boxes, or those who are content to mix more democratically with their fellows in the gallery where the crackle of the peanut shell and the crunch of the kernel between the ivories find no offense in the ears of one's neighbors.

But, though much talked of, there seems to be no argument about the general worth of "Checkers." The story contains no problem. The strict moralist may find in it here and there a slight departure from a severely moral tone. For instance, when Checkers tells Pert, his sweetheart, that he has not only broken his promise to her not to gamble at the races, but bet the $50 gold piece she gave him as a keepsake, and she says, sadly: "How could you, Checkers?" and he replies that he "wouldn't go through again what he has suffered for twice the money he's won," and she springs to her feet, her sadness displaced by a look of joy, and she cries, exultantly: "Then you won! Oh, I'm so glad!" The moralist may say that Checkers' winning should have made no difference in Pert's manner. But it does make a difference and that the audience likes the difference is manifested by the tumultous applause which greets her very human, if not quite moral, exclamation. But it isn't merely the fact that "Checkers" has won a bet and that Pert approves, that pleases the audience, but the additional fact that his winning makes it possible for him to present himself to her father with the $5,000 demanded as an earnest test of his ability to ask for Pert's hand. This is not only healthy human nature, but a true touch of heart love which makes the whole world kin. And it is stories of that sort which appeal to the broad-minded, common sense heart of the multitude. Such plays not only find their way into the affections of the people, but find permanent lodgment there.

The dialogue of the play is crisp and fresh as a clear, snow-clad morning in dry old January. Another New York critic writes: "'Checkers' has a laugh every thirty seconds." Another: "'Checkers' pleased all New York." A writer on the staff of the New York Herald says: "'Checkers' is the greatest show that ever struck New York," and the staid and stately Tribune pronounced it "The greatest racing play since the days of the 'Flying Scud.'" And so they go, and so "Checkers" heralded by press and magazine, as few plays have been, comes here.

It will be given here by a company of over 100 people, with Hans Robert in the title role, supported by the same cast seen during its New York run, including Katharine Mulkins and Dave Braham, Jr., W. T. Clark, Charles Willard, Lydia Dickson and Wallace Worsley.

NANCE O'NEIL

Tragedienne to be at Lyceum for Three Nights.

Nance O'Neil, a tragedienne of brilliant ability, will be at the Lyceum three nights beginning Thursday, March 22. Her opening play will be "The Fires of St. John," and the Spokesman-Review of Spokane, Wash., a few days ago said this of her performance in that play:

"In listening to Miss Nance O'Neil and watching the intense emotional action of her face an impression is created that she has seen into the heart of things; that the iron has entered her own soul, and that its true womanly nature has been seared. Every one in the large audience that witnessed the presentation of the 'Fires of St. John' at the Spokane theater last night recognized the deep and powerful dramatic art of the actress. While the ethics of Suderman's play are wrong and while they could not be made to appear in any other light, even as spoken by the lips of Miss O'Neil, one could not but sympathize with her in the mental suffering caused by her position and by her passionate love for him who was about to marry her foster sister.

It is impossible to watch Miss O'Neil without feeling that she is temperamentally one of the best qualified actresses to interpret a play which partakes so largely of the morbid coloring that characterizes the 'Fires of St. John.' She does not make attractive the heredity of sin, unhappiness, misfortune and kindred qualities, but she certainly does paint them in coloring that excites keen, sympathic and sorrowing interest.

"Her own physical qualifications seem particularly appropriate to such a play. Tall and graceful, with a fine, clear cut face and a faculty for expression of the emotions, she brings to her aid a mentality and intellectual capacity that holds the closest attention of her hearers. Never for a moment does she lose sight of the part she is playing, and even in the acknowledgment of curtain calls she maintained the attitude and expression of the unfortunate Marie the 'calamity' child."

GUS PIXLEY IN "BABES IN TOYLAND," COMING TO THE LYCEUM SOON.

"BABES IN TOYLAND."

"Babes in Toyland," a musical extravanaza under the management of Hamlin and Mitchell, will be the attraction at the Lyceum, March 20 and 21. "Babes in Toyland" was written by Glen MacDonough and Victor Herbert, the former having provided the book and the lyrics and the latter the music. It was staged under the direction of Julian Mitchell, who has no equal in the particular field of producing musical plays. It had its original success in Chicago, where it received its premier and played at the Grand Opera house in that city all of one summer, going from there to the Majestic theater, in New York, where it succeeded in attracting large audiences the whole of the following winter. It possesses a fanciful fairy story for a plot which details the adventures that befall two children, Alan and Jane, who are persecuted by a wicked old uncle whose object is to destroy them in order that he may gain the fortune that is rightfully theirs. Of course everything comes out right in the end, the old villain is outwitted, and Alan and Jane live happily ever after. This story has enabled Julian Mitchell to introduce a world of novel effects and it is said that he has taken advantage of his opportunities.

THE METROPOLITAN

The Cherry Blossoms Will be the Attraction During the Coming Week.

Next week, the Cherry Blossoms are scheduled to fill the bill at the Metropolitan. The organization will present two elaborately staged burlesques and an olio of vaudeville acts that is said to be all to the good.

The roster of the company includes the names of some of the old timers in the business as well as some of the new performers. "The Wrong Mr. Tobasco" and "Quarrelsome Neighbors" are the titles of the travesties which the Blossoms will present. They are said to be liberally garnished with catchy musical numbers. Both are from the pen of John H. Perry who assumes the principal comedy roles. He is said to be a clever comedian as well as a writer of ability.

The two dainty misses, Carlisle and Perry, have important parts and contribute an entertaining act to the olio. Others who appear are Frank Ross, Eddie and Josie Evans, who have been in Europe for several seasons, and Harry Fitzgerald, lighting change artist. He assumes all the characters in a one act drama and accomplishes fourteen changes of costume.

The Cherry Blossoms will give the usual matinee and Thursday will be ladies' day.

THE NEW BIJOU

High-Class Vaudeville Will Please the House's Patrons Next Week.

The Bijou will offer vaudeville acts for next week which would do credit to the largest vaudeville theaters in the country. The big show is headed by the Seven Bilfonds, among America's greatest acrobats, who will appear at two shows daily only—the matinee every afternoon and the first show at night. This is because their act is so difficult and trying on the performers. They could only be engaged to appear twice daily.

A full program of other high class numbers will be seen at each and every performance. Horace Vinton and Eda Clayton will present the dramatic comedy playlet entitled, "Bill Casey, the Burglar," which has been presented in every large vaudeville theater in America with great success.

Ogarita Arnold, prima donna soprano, will present a clever act of character changes introducing classical and popular vocal selections which are said to be very fine. A big feature will be seen in Francis Swantz and company, who have left the Frohman forces and are now appearing in vaudeville. Miss Swartz presents the beautiful moral playlet entitled "The End," in which some very clever acting is introduced and also sensational dramatic scenes and situations.

Chris Christopher, the Yodeling comedian and violinist, will be one of the pleasing attractions, and will be heard in songs and trick and violin selections.

A real live comedian is booked to appear in the person of Nat Franco who has a bunch of new songs and a line of excellent stories and jokes.

The illustrated song for the week will be entitled "The Waltz Must Change to a March, Marie," and will be rendered by George A. Clark, baritone.

The moving pictures will be unusually good, the leading subjects being "The Gamblers Paradise" and "The Last Witch."

Matinees will be given daily at 2:45 and evening performances at 8 and 9:30. Patrons wishing to see the famous Belford troupe will have to attend the matinees and first performances at night.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO

Calve Will Not Sing "Carmen" in New York Again---Women Successful as Playwrights---Georgia Caine Retires Owing to Illness.

New York, March 10.—Madame Calve has declared that she will never sing "Carmen" in New York again. In fact she is frank enough to say that she does not like New York, either its public or its critics. She likes better to sing in the West and South and her tour of sixty concerts next season will be governed in some measure at least by her wishes in that respect.

• • •

The late lamented Joseph Arthur left two posthumous plays, one of which, written in collaboration with Augustus Pitou, entitled "The Irish Thrush," probably will be played next season.

• • •

Women playwrights have contributed their full share to the number of Broadway successes this season. "Brown of Harvard," and "Julia Bonbon" and "Mexicanna," all enjoying successful runs at Broadway theaters, are work of women.

• • •

Clyde Fitch sailed last week for his villa at Florence, Italy. After a good long rest there, he will journey to London, by way of Paris, and remain abroad until rehearsals of several new plays are to be taken up early next fall.

• • •

Mrs. Thomas O'Brien, well known for many years as the feminine half of the vaudeville team of O'Brien & Havel, died last week at her home in New York after a lingering illness. She had not been working for some time past. O'Brien will continue the act originated by himself and wife, with Effie Lawrence, of the Lawrence sisters, as his new partner. She has been playing Mrs. O'Brien's part during her illness.

• • •

Georgia Caine, who has been playing the feminine lead with Eddie Foy in "The Earl and the Girl" all season, has been taken ill and compelled to retire to her home in the country for the remainder of the season. Her place will be occupied by May Lewis, an English girl, who has been doing small parts in the piece.

• • •

Florenz Ziegfield, Jr., who has been abroad for a year now with his wife, Anna Held, is reported to be in difficult financial straights. Ziegfield, between his operations upon the Paris Bourse and the Casino at Monte Carlo, was reported last summer to be rolling in luck and piling up a snug fortune. Later reports have it that this is all dissipated and that it will likely bring the fair Anna back to America next season in a new musical piece.

• • •

Ford and Gehrue are to shelve for this season the musical comedy, "Lovers and Lunatics," in which they were stars under the management of the Mittennhal Brothers. It is reported that a new piece will be secured for them in time to start out next season again.

• • •

Like her distinguished husband, Virginia Harned has cast her fortunes with the new managerial power, and next season will be seen as a star under the guidance of David Belasco. The actres sand the author-producer are now looking about for a suitable play.

• • •

Miss Blanche Bates was deeply interested in the wedding of Miss Alice Roosevelt and Nicholas Longworth. She knows bride and bridegroom very well personally. Miss Roosevelt saw Miss Bates in "The Darling of the Gods," and again in "The Girl of the Golden West," and always made it a point to get back to the star's dressingroom between the acts for a chat. They talked of all things under the sun, as young women of congenial tastes will. Of course, marriage came up as one of the subjects, although Miss Alice was discreetly silent as to her own matrimonial intentions. Perhaps she had not made up her mind then. One thing she had decided on, however, and it took the form of a little compact between her and Miss Bates. It was that the distinguished actress should send her "something blue" to wear at her wedding, whenever that event should come. The old couplet, as every one knows, runs thus:

"Something old and something new,
Something borrowed and something blue."

These must be all included in the dress of a bride who would be happy.

Miss Bates was asked, a few nights ago, at the Belasco theater, whether she had fulfilled her promise to Miss Roosevelt, to send her "something blue."

"I certainly did," she answered. "Moreover, I received an assurance that Miss Alice would wear it, and I have no doubt she did, although it was something that would not show."

"What was it?" asked the bold interviewer.

Fortunately for him, Miss Bates got her cue to appear on Cloudy mountain at that instant. But, ere she stepped before the footlights, she gave him a glance which warned him not to be there when she came off.

• • •

E. J. Morgan is said to be recovering from his recent mental trouble and to be in Chicago under the care of his wife, Helen Bertram.

• • •

A dramatization of Edith Wharton's novel, "The House of Mirth," is to be made by Clyde Fitch and Mrs. Wharton, for production next fall.

• • •

Montgomery and Stone of "The Wizard of Oz" are to have a new play written for them by Henry W. Blossom and Victor Herbert.

• • •

Clara Morris is likely to appear again on the stage in New York this spring. The part she is to play will be that of a woman who is dumb.

• • •

Maude Adams' tour in "Peter Pan" has been abandoned for this season and she will remain at the Empire theater until the house closes for the summer.

• • •

As Maude Fealy's contract calls for the production of Martha Morton's play early in September, Miss Fealy will not go to Australia with the William Collier company, which will not return to America until October.

• • •

The scenes of "The Strength of the Weak," the new emotional drama in which Florence Roberts is starring, are laid in and around New York and show a university for women, a hunt club and the apartments of Paul D'Arcy in New York. It opens in New York April 2.

• • •

When Edna May goes to London next month she will appear in a new musical comedy, "The Belle of Mayfair." The production will probably be made about May 24.

• • •

The Shuberts intend to present Drina de Wolfe in a play entitled "Money Talks," by Cleveland Moffet, before she begins her starring tour in "The Woman Pays." Associated with Miss de Wolfe will be W. H. Thompson.

• • •

Julia Marlowe was painfully injured at Pittsburg recently. She was about to step into her carriage when her ankle turned. At her hotel it was found that she would have to remain in bed for several days. Her roles were taken by Alice Harrington.

• • •

Wilton Lackaye, who has long desired to play "Sir Giles," is at work with William A. Bradley on a revision of "A New Way to Pay Old Debts." The revival will probably be made in Chicago, and the play will be retained for occasional use as a feature of Mr. Lackaye's repertory.

• • •

John E. Henshaw, who plays the role of the promoter in Ade & Luder's delightful comic opera "The Sho-Gun," tells the story of a Southern candidate who is "out for votes," and who approaches an old darky, saying, "Well, Uncle Rastus, I suppose I can count upon your vote."

To which the old darky replied: "No, sah, I'se gwine to vote for tother man."

"But," said the candidate, "You have never seen him."

"Dasso, boss, but den I'se dun seen you. He, he."

• • •

Raymond Hitchcock's "off" hours these days are being devoted to the furtherance of a plan to relieve the sufferings of automobile victims. Mr. Hitchcock is himself the owner of a 50-horsepower touring car, which he handles with rare skill, and it is only fair to the comedian to state that his idea of establishing a fund for motor victims did not take root as the result of any death-dealing or limb-breaking accident in his own experience as a chauffeur.

"I have received, however," said the comedian in his dressing room at the Garden theater a few evenings ago, "so many requests of late, for donations for victims of automobile accidents, that I have concluded to lend my aid toward establishing a charity fund for the relief of the unfortunates, or those dependent on them."

"I am," continues Mr. Hitchcock, "an ardent lover of the motor car sport, and while, up to the present, I've met with no ill luck in the pursuit of the pleasure" (at this juncture the comedian reverently touched wood) "and always employ the utmost care in driving my own machine, and am constantly admonishing my chauffeur to exercise the same precautionary measures, I am nevertheless bound to say that I have frequently observed the utter carelessness with which machines are handled, and time speed disregarded by irresponsible individuals."

Mr. Hitchcock's idea of instituting a fund has already found enthusiastic cooperation with the Automobile club of America, and a movement is on foot to put the plan into active execution, and as a compliment to the comedian, have proposed to organize a charity fund to be known as the "Galloper Auto-Charity Fund of America."

• • •

Harry Bulger, principal comedian with Pixley & Luders' "Wonderland," tells a story of a crabbed individual who was greatly annoyed by a piano in the flat overhead. He complained to his friends. A mutual acquaintance met him the next day and asked for an explanation of his satisfied smile. Said he, "For the first time in my life I am delighted to hear my neighbor's piano going." "Has the performer gotten a new selection?" "I should say so. I heard the installment man taking it away."

• • •

Reginald DeKoven has completed the score of "The Student King," the new romantic opera which Henry W. Savage produces Easter week, and has sent the completed work to his manager in Paris, where he is selecting a prima donna for the leading role.

• • •

"Mexicana," which has had a successful run of many weeks at the Lyric, has many song successes to its credit. On the night of the premiere in New York, "Supposing," a catchy number, designed to send an audience away whistling and humming it, was repeatedly demanded. Miss Christie MacDonald and Edmund Stanley "suppose" many things about each other, which are easily explained away by the refrain "I Was Just Supposing." The play is gorgeously mounted. With its adobe church, its blood-red flowers, the deep blue of the Indian maidens' gowns, it quickly wins the eye. The music begins with the insistent note of Mexican measure and so pleases the ear. Thomas Q. Seabrooke has many opportunities to use his comedy methods, which bring him much applause, and dainty Christie MacDonald, as Tita, an Indian pottery vender, in her brown gown and many-colored beads, lifts the little maiden into a prominence not usual. Her voice is particularly pleasing, clear and flexible, round and well-handled. Edmund Stanley has one solo, "United We Stand," which he sings in his well-known robust style, to the delight of the audience. A large chorus, mostly beautifully costumed with brilliant scarfes, conical shaped hats, velvets and silks richly embroidered in gold and silver, bright beads and gorgeously colored draperies, is one of the features of the play. As usual the Messrs. Shubert have outdone themselves in the way of beautiful and appropriate settings. The book was written by Clara E. Driscoll, who was born in Texas and knows her "Manaaland" perfectly. Raymond Hubbell's music is so universally of the popular type that it has caught the fancy of the public and is now to be heard everywhere.

• • •

Clara Lipman and Louis Mann celebrated the 100th performance of Miss Lipman's clever play of New York life, "Julie Bonbon," on Friday, March 2, by distributing hand-painted, chatelaine powder puffs. These accessories to a ladies' toilet seemed particularly appropriate to the atmosphere of the Millinery shop and boudoir of Julie. Miss Lipman plays Julie very delicately, with a fine appreciation of the nalvete of the French milliner. Mr. Mann's impersonation of her father, Jean Poujol, the inebriated drag on her life, is one of the good things seen on Broadway this year. A scene in the widely advertised restaurant, Little Hungary, is as realistic as the first act in Julie's millinery shop, which is one of the show settings of the play. Every detail of the restaurant is faithfully given, quite as the millinery shop is notable for a most wonderful display of tasty hats. The play has had a most prosperous life at Fields' theater and has given Miss Lipman a new claim to distinction, that of playwrighting.

• • •

Paula Edwardes in "The Princess Beggar," her new comic opera by Paulton and Robyns, has met with such decided success on the road that her appearance on Broadway has been delayed by the Shuberts for a time.

• • •

"Fantana," with Jefferson De Angelis and pretty Julia Sanderson, is doing a remarkable business throughout the country. Toby Claude, a small person with a personality as cunning as her name is odd, is ably supporting Mr. De Angelis and incidentally gaining much credit for it.

• • •

Mrs. Leslie Carter has left the Academy of Music, New York, after the most triumphant six weeks ever played by any star in the metropolis. She ended her engagement there with "DuBarry." This wonderful picture of life in France in the Reign of Terror is

"GEE, AIN'T IT HELL TO BE POOR"—HANS ROBERTS IN "CHECKERS" TO BE AT LYCEUM NEXT WEEK.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM.

LAST TIME TONIGHT—"FAUST."

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, MARCH 16-17

Matinee Saturday. Prices—Mat. 25c to $1, Eve. 25c to $1.50.

First Appearance Here of Kirke La Shelle's Big Production of Henry M. Blossom, Jr.'s Great Racing Play

"CHECKERS"

Direct From its 14th Engagement in Greater New York With the Entire New York Cast.

150—PEOPLE—150

"Checkers is the greatest play that ever struck New York"—Dan Smith, New York Herald.

"Checkers is the finest racing play I have ever seen."—The late Hon. William C. Whitney.

This Company Plays in Superior Thursday, March 15.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY MARCH 20 AND 21.

Curtain at 8 o'Clock Sharp Evenings.
Matinee Wednesday at 2.

"BABES IN TOYLAND"

3 Nights Commencing Thursday, March 22,

SATURDAY MATINEE.

America's Greatest Tragedienne

NANCE O'NEILL And a Capable Company.

Thursday, "The Fires of St. John"—Friday, "Elizabeth."—Saturday Mat., "Magda"—Saturday Eve., "Manna Vanna"

A Grand Wrestling Tournament

Thursday Evening, March 15.

FRANK GOTCH,

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considered by many to be David Belasco's masterpiece. Not only that, but in executing his own chef d'ouevre, the dramatist fashioned a character for Mrs. Carter that gave her opportunities for displaying all the changing moods of a thoroughly womanly woman. It is conceded that Mrs. Carter is at her very best as Jeannette Vaubernier, and that, in showing the progress of this unfortunate girl from her careless existence in the milliner's shop in Paris to the tumbril in which she takes her ride to the guillotine, Mrs. Carter's work can be described only by the word "great." It was in response to general demand that Mr. Belasco presented Mrs. Carter in "Du Barry" in the final week of her New York engagement. The six weeks were apportioned as follows: First week, "Adrea;" second and third, weeks, "Zaza;" fourth, fifth and sixth weeks, "Du Barry." There is no question that Mrs. Carter could have filled the Academy for the whole six if she had appeared in "Adrea" continuously. That was indicated by the crowds in the auditorium at every performance, as well as by the many that could not find room. Mr. Belasco was deluged with requests to keep "Adrea" on for at least another week. But there were so many requests for "Zaza" that he decided to present that play for the ensuing fortnight. When that was taken off to make room for "Du Barry," Mr. Belasco's mail was again heavy. This time it was loaded with requests for a continuance of "Zaza." But he determined that "Du Barry" should be the bill for the fourth and fifth weeks, because he had promised it, and "Du Barry" was presented forthwith. He kept it on to the end of the engagement because the box office was inundated with applications for tickets for that brilliant and absorbing drama.

* * *

Margaret Anglin, whose tour in "Zira" is proving a phenomenal financial success, recently entered into a conversation about "the habit of emotion." It was at dinner and Ada Patterson, a well known newspaper woman was her guest. "I'll wager," said Miss Anglin, "that I can make myself cry about almost anything." Dessert had been served, and, reaching forward, the actress picked up a dish of ice cream. She looked at it steadily for a moment, and then began talking to it. "Poor little ice cream," she said. "I'm going to eat you. Poor little ice cream." Tears began streaming down her cheeks, and, two minutes later, she was sobbing bitterly.

OUR OPERATIC COMPOSERS

Only Four Grand Operas by Americans Have Been Staged---Converse, Fry, Bristow and Walter Damrosch Were the Composers.

Boston, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Three hundred years ago Monteverdi, an Italian composer, was writing the first real opera to be produced on any stage—"Orfeo," which was brought out with great success at Mantua in 1607. Since then hundreds of grand operas have been written and performed by musicians of various nationalities, and curiously enough, only four of them by American composers.

"The Pipe of Desire," a romantic opera, the music by Frederick S. Converse, the libretto by George Edward Barton, which has been given several presentations here winter at Jordan Hall of the New England Conservatory of Music, is actually the fourth attempt by an American music writer to enter a field in which great European successes have been achieved, but in which Americans have never been able to compete. Its predecessors were W. H. Fry's "Leonora," George F. Bristow's "Rip Van Winkle" and Walter Damrosch's "The Scarlet Letter."

This, in fact, represents our slender national output of grand opera up to date, operatic performance we have had abundantly from colonial days down. In the middle of the nineteenth century when the Italians were still supreme in the kind of musical composition which they created, as they supposed, out of the Greek drama, every American city of any size saw frequent representations. New Orleans in particular for many years had an operatic development of its own. Later, when Wagner began to supersede the Italians in European popularity, American audiences listened attentively and, for the most part, respectfully to performances the like of which they had never before conceived. All the French operas from Meyerbeer through Massenet have been frequently heard in this country, and we are not only familiar with Mascagni's "Cavalliera Rusticana," but we assisted the composer back to Italy by refusing to attend his personally conducted performances of other music. We have certainly listened to grand opera enough—besides occasionally being at the opera house in New York when high society was out in stunning array—but we never have had composers who could write operas, outside of the department of comic productions.

For the three previous efforts were greeted with no especial success. William H. Fry, in March, 1845, produced the first opera by a native American composer, "Leonora," which he had written to English words thirteen years before, but which was first performed in Italian in New York under the direction of Ullman. It was far from being great music, though Fry was a graduate of the Paris Conservatoire and a musician of considerable ability. Similarly the "Rip Van Winkle" of George F. Bristow, who for many years was at the head of the music department of the New York City public schools, failed to make good, despite some excellent passages in it, nor has Mr. Damrosch's interpretation of Hawthorne's Puritan tragedy gained more than a reputation of esteem among the critics, and it has not stirred the imagination of the music-loving public.

So that there is a record of failures for the consideration at every American aspirant for the honor of entering the composition. Whether Mr. Converse's initial attempt will share the fate of the others remains, of course, for the future to determine. He has at all events met with great temporary success. It appears to have been the impression of the music critics and of the general public who witnessed the performance of the "Pipe of Desire" that he has written a real opera which, with some defects of construction, is likely to attain a permanent reputation.

The theme of this work is a tragedy of shepherd life. Iolan, a young Arcadian, plans to marry a beautiful maid, Naoia. To celebrate the approaching nuptials certain sylvan creatures, against the wishes of their ruler, the grizzled Old One—for one of the rules of spirit land is that evil follows whenever the sprites make themselves visible to a human—determine to welcome him to their revels. The disobedience brings fearsome consequences. The somber representative of fate reluctantly agrees to pipe in order that his elfin folk may dance before the peasant. Iolan is impelled by the music first to take part in the mad revel, and finally, in a wild outbreak of gayety, to snatch from the Old One his basset-horn and attempt to draw music from it.

Even to touch the weird instrument is absolutely forbidden to mortals. Iolan can bring from it only discordant strains, which Naoia, who lies on a sick bed, stricken with a fever, hears afar off, and, led by an irresistible impulse, makes haste to join her lover in the forest. The interval up to her arrival is filled with a recital of Iolan's dream of happiness in which the efforts with which he has prepared his house for the wedding and the plans that have been made for a life of usefulness and delight are glowingly described. The recital is interrupted by the coming of Naoia, faint from the hardships of a journey which she was unfit to undertake. Tenderly welcomed by Iolan, she dies in his arms, and the luckless swain, in rather long-drawn-out anguish, perishes by her side. The Old One's prophecy is thus complete.

Around this literary theme Mr. Converse has built up a true opera, with a notable overture and a continuous interturning of the mystic and sombre numbers of the Old One with the riotous springtime strains of his subjects. The music runs in an alternating current of dark and bright. The swaying dance of brilliant salamanders, long bearded gnomes and shadowy undines halts as the Old One warns:

"'Tis the pipe God gave to Lilith,
And she played to man in Eden,
But its charm was rent by woman;
Now we play its potent music
That those in solitude may hear,
And continue, restless, wandering,
Searching ever * * *
Let thy tune, now sad, now merry,
Wax and wane with every breath;
Let the joy of love's beginning
Blend into the chant of death.
Let the mortal who dares play thee
Without knowledge of thy mood,
Pale in terror at thy meaning,
And die when he has understood."

Mr. Converse is a member of the group of Boston composers which includes George W. Chadwick, Prof. J. K. Paine, Mrs. H. H. A. Beach, Miss Margaret Ruthven Lang, Arthur P. Foote and several others. After a course at Harvard he studied with Prof. Paine and with Rheinberger at Munich. He now teaches harmony at the New England Conservatory, and for the three years has been assistant professor of music at Harvard University which has lately entered into reciprocal relations with the Conservatory. Many of his works have already been performed—among them "The Mystic Trumpeteer," based upon Walt Whitman's poem, brought out last year by the Philadelphia symphony orchestra and said to be similar in setting to one in Cincinnati by Van der Stucken; and two symphonic poems, "Endymion's Narrative," which the Boston Symphony Orchestra played in 1905, and "The Festival of Pan," which has been heard in London, Warsaw, Boston, Cambridge, Chicago and elsewhere. His ballad, "La Belle Dame Sans Merci," based upon Keats' poem, was sung by David Bispham at Symphony Hall, Boston, on March 2.

George E. Barton, author of the libretto of "The Pipe of Desire," is an architect of literary tastes. Fifty men from the Boston Symphony composed the orchestra. Their leader was Wallace Goodrich, acting director of the Conservatory during the absence in Europe of Mr. Chadwick, and conductor of the Worcester music festival and the Boston Choral Society. The cast consisted entirely of local talent. Several of the members were advanced students from the opera school of the Conservatory. The chorus of gnomes, sylphs, undines and salamanders was drawn from the same source.

"SALOME" A SENSATION

Critics Differ About Strauss' Latest Opera---Kaiser Bars It from His Opera House---Lili Lehmann's Feat at 60.

Richard Strauss' new work, "Salome," has aroused more comment than any other opera produced in Europe since Verdi's "Falstaff." Opinions vary as to its merits, but it is certain that no other opera has created such a sensation in recent years.

It is improbable that the larger opera houses will immediately accept the work, in spite of its great success in Dresden. The German emperor has, indeed, decided that it shall not be sung at the Royal opera house in Berlin. His objections to it are figured on Oscar Wilde's Biblical libretto. It is also doubtful if Gustav Mahler will accept the work for Vienna.

These two opera houses are closed to "Salome" for reasons in no way connected with the qualities of the music. The libretto has elements that render it unfit for performance in a court theater. In Vienna the censor suggested the impropriety of performing it. But the obstacles will be removed from the path of the opera if it is as remarkable a work as some of the critics declare.

The orchestration of the opera requires at least 100 players. Richard Strauss wanted still more in the orchestra at Dresden, but the conductor, Schuch, refused to grant the request.

The rehearsals were more numerous than the musicians had ever thought would be necessary, and both Frau Wittich who sang Salome, and Carl Perron, who took the role of John the Baptist, were compelled to labor as long over this one act opera as if they were preparing for a first performance of the Nibelungen Ring.

There is at present great interest in Germany in the writings of Oscar Wilde, and Strauss was sure in advance of a sensational reception of the new opera. The music seems to differ in no important particular from the scores of the two earlier operas by Strauss. There is the same lack of melody—"economy of thematic construction" his admirers call it.

The favorable view of the opera taken by some critics is not shared by all of them. Some of them say that the music is dissonant and perverse, having been thus fashioned deliberately by the composer to suit a perverse theme. Others say that any failure of the score to express the emotions of the story arises from the fact that such sentiments Wilde has put into his play are not to be expressed in music. Especially revolting in the opera is the kissing of John's severed head by Salome.

In spite of all adverse criticism, the opera is the musical sensation of the year in Europe, and in spite of the great difficulty in producing the work, it is destined to make its way into most of the large operatic theaters of Europe. There is already talk of its performance at the Opera in Paris, probably based on the fact that Oscar Wilde wrote his play first in French and gave it to Sarah Bernhardt, who produced it at her theater for a few performances.

* * *

The most popular opera of native origin in Germany today has no touch of the decadent spirit that Strauss puts into "Salome." It is "Lohengrin," which, during the last operatic year was sung 341 times in the various German cities. "Tanhauser" came second with only fifteen representations less. "Tristan und Isolde" was, curiously enough, sung only sixty-eight times—about one-fifth as often as "Lohengrin."

The most popular French opera was "Carmen," which was sung 341 times in the different opera houses. There are other French operas frequently sung in Germany that we by no chance ever see here. "Les Dragons de Villars" and "Les Contes d'Hoffman" happen to be very popular just now.

The most popular Italian opera was "Cavalleria Rusticana," with 229 performances. "Pagliacci" came second, with 218.

"Der Freischutz" was the most popular German opera outside the Wagner repertoire, but two lighter works of German origin beat all other records. Johann Strauss' "Die Fledermaus" was sung 422 times, and the other Strauss operetta, "Fruhlingsluft," had 459 representations. It is doubtful if "Salome" will have so many this year.

* * *

Lilli Lehmann has just performed a tour de force in Berlin which is highly characteristic of her wonderful energy. She recently returned from a concert tour through the principal German cities. Not long ago "Le Nozzi di Figaro" was announced for performance at the Royal Opera house. Thilla Plainchinger, who was announced to sing the part of the countess was taken ill in the afternoon.

In spite of the wonderful stories as to the efficiency of foreign opera houses with their parmanent companies, it appears that there was no understudy for the role. She intendent of the opera house appealed to Mme. Lehmann. She had not sung the part for some years, but consented to get ready for the performance that evening.

She sang the role faultlessly, according to the accounts. It was one of her earliest parts and the first important one ever intrusted to her. She made her first appearance as one of the boys in "Die Zauberflotte," and soon after took up the part that she sang the other night.

Mme. Lehmann is now 60, which makes her achievement practically unprecedented. She is the Grand Old Woman of opera.

* * *

Gabriele Kraus, who died the other day in Paris at the age of 63, was almost forgotten. She had taught singing for some years—but who ever heard of a pupil of Kraus? She retired from the stage of the Grand opera in Paris twenty years ago. She was a remarkable instance of artistic materialization.

She was born in Vienna in 1842 and studied in the Conservatory there as a pupil of Mathilde Marchesi before that distinguished teacher went to Paris to spread her fame. Mlle. Krauss, as she was called to the end of her career, sang at the Imperial opera house in her native town for the first time in 1860. She remained in the company for seven years without making a profound impression on her townspeople.

In 1867 she accepted an invitation to sing at the Theater des Italiens in Paris. From that time she lost all identification with her own country and became thoroughly French. She sang for a short time at Baden and Milan and returned to the Theater des Italiens in Paris for a few performances.

She soon became attached to the company at the Grand Opera in Paris, and there she remained until she ceased to sing. There she appeared in all the dramatic roles and was especially successful as the Meyerbeer heroines.

She never had a beautiful voice, and for that reason failed to find success among her own people. She revenged herself on them by becoming wholly French and received honor from the government of the country which she adopted. Rarely has a singer deserted her own country so effectually.

* * *

Rosa Milder, who is dying at her home in Weimar, has a unique distinction in German operatic history. She was the first of the great army of Elsas in Lohengrin," and with her husband, who was the first Teiramund, had the honor of singing in the first performance of Wagner's opera at Weimar. She continued to sing in the opera until 1876.

* * *

Felix Mottl, who lately injured his knee by a fall in the theater at Munich, has learned that even such a cloud may have a silver lining. The Wagner family sent inquiries as to his health. The result was a settlement of the few misunderstandings that have recently eparated the conductor and his old friends at Wohnfield.

The final outcome of this new friendship was the engagement of Felix Mottl to conduct some of the performances at Bayreuth this year, where the Nibelungen Ring, in addition to "Parsifal" and "Tannhauser" will be given.

Thus Mottl will conduct at both Bayreuth and the Prinz Regent theater, where the regular Wagner festival will be given this summer.

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Vincent d'Indy, the French conductor, heard just before he sailed from this country, that his wife had suffered a stroke of paralysis. She lived only a few days after his arrival, and was buried the other day in Paris. She was a countess.

* * *

Emma Nevada, the American singer, who has for years made her home in Paris, has moved to London and taken her pupils along with her. She recently appeared in concert. As a teacher she has been very successful.

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Two of Mr. Conried's future prima donnas are to be singers during the forthcoming season of opera at Monte Carlo. They are Geraldine Farrar and Lina Cavalieri. Miss Farrar is to sing in "Tannhauser" and will have Ernest Van Dyck as a partner. Later she will be heard in a revival of Mascagni's "Le Roi de Lahore," which contains the baritone solo beloved of baritones.

Fella Litvinne is to appear in a new opera by Saint-Saens, whose compositions never seem to travel any further than Monte Carlo nowadays. Geraldine Farrar will also sing in Leoncavallo's "Pagliacci" and Verdi's "Don Carlos," which is to be discontinued for this season. Lina Cavalieri will be the Helen and Marguerite of Brito's "Mefistofele."

Sigfrid Arnoldson, who has been singing in Russia this year, will go to Monte Carlo to sing in a performance of Rubinstein's "Der Daemon." Aino Askte will go there for a series of appearances as Marguerite and Elsa. Recently she has been singing with great success in Bucharest. She is to be for the rest of the season at Covent Garden.

NEW YORK THEATERS

Another College Play---"Brown of Harvard" is a Mixture of Fun and Melodrama---Red and Black Stage Studies.

New York, March 10.—As a mathematical problem, if one matinee idol will carry a play 100 nights, will twenty Apollos carry a play 2,000 nights? Just as the Rices and Lederers of extravaganza have for many years supplied female beauty shows, so now at length Harry Woodruff and Henry Miller make an exhibition of handsome young men in a drama. Miller rests his record as a matinee favorite on his achievements of long ago at the Empire, and does not put himself into "Brown of Harvard," which he produces, but bringing forward the blond and persistently young Woodruff as a combination —of the real and the fanciful collegian. He advertised an entire male cast of college men, and has kept his word; yet at least two of the actors, William Russell and Howard Estabrook, who sustain the spirit of student gaiety remarkably well, have had time enough to learn the art of acting, while Adele Rehan and Richard Mansfield since they were graduated at Yale and Harvard. Directly from a university, however, is brought the man who hits hardest in the way of novelty—a very old man and not an actor at all—in fact, John, the Orangeman of Harvard. He walks into a scene in his own character, a jay with whiskers of the sort that stage villains like to blow through, exactly as he has for many terms of peddling oranges to successive classes of boys who have plagued and petted him. There must have been a Harvard alumni present who had to be silenced by force, for he was received with yells of welcome, whereat the old fellow's face broadened in a toothless grin, and he made some of us feel that we were back at Harvard and would tip over ash barrels on our way home.

If Rida Johnson Young had left the dramatic plot out of "Brown of Harvard," and made it a comedy of life at an American university, she would have given to New York altogether delightful entertainment. Rarely are such gay and ingenuously cheerful pictures of college pranks put into a theatrical setting as in this play. The freshness is infectious, and it is seldom, too, that Broadway is bored with a stage story of such hackneyed devices and slushy sentimentality as the one which hinders the flow of frolic. And if the lawyers of buoyant lightness and state-stagnant weight were distinct, so was the display of two different schools of acting; that of the spontaneous realists and the studied poseurs.

* * *

It would be hard to say just what the collegians do in this play to make blase men giggle in boyish glee, and feel like cutting up half forgotten capers. The students give a tea for two girls and a chaperon, flirt with their transient sweethearts on the campus, interfere with one another's courtships and indulge in a new song with such a swinging refrain that it incites them to an amusingly awkward cakewalk. It isn't so much what they do, though, as the bully way they do it, and they have the elastic virility of youth beyond anything that is usual on the stage. Forced in with the fresh spirit of these youths is the stale matter of a ruined girl in a shabby gown, a semi-repentant fellow, an angelic hero with a desire to own up to the sins of others, and a villain who snarls and leers because he believes that villains always do. No one doubts, from the first mention of a boat race to its howling finish, that the villain will do some dirty work, or that the hero will clean it up. The bad 'un disables the crew's strongest oarsmen by telling him of his sister's shame, and then the good 'un throws off all restraint, except running drawers and shirt, and saves the day, amidst the cheers of characters who try to make us believe a race is going on by yelling about it.

* * *

If ever Rice and Lederer exposed women to view, so do Woodruff and Miller uncover their real collegians, for their arms and bodies are as bare, and, besides that, the nudity of their legs is no make-believe of skin colored tights. It is a handsome display of young muscularity. When Woodruff—who is a star now—yielded to the first night clamor for a speech he held a white bathrobe before him and looked like Marc Anthony ready for the oration over Caesar's body. And when he drew Miller to the footlights, that actor in a dress suit appeared to be choking from clothes. Then there was a scramble in a side aisle, and a large lady in white made her way back of the boxes to the stage, signs of commotion marking every step of her progress, and she didn't cry, "Wait for me," but she looked it. Why shouldn't she feel elated? It isn't often that a woman writes so good a play.

* * *

We are having in New York a spell of dramatic studies in red and black. The red is Indian and the black is African. First as to the red. Away back at the start of the season, when the Lieblers were preparing "The Squaw Man" with an Indian chief and his daughter in it, and David Belasco were getting ready to introduce a chief and his squaw in "The Girl of the Golden West," the immediate and commercial race question seemed to be, which play shall get to running in Broadway first. Really it did not matter, for both turned out so well that their opposition helped their prosperity and the end of the winter finds them with remunerative audiences; which shows that there cannot be too many good things on the stage, even if they are similar. Lately, when William A. Brady learned that Charles Frohman, like himself, had in hand a drama none but Indian characters, he hustled "The Redskin" along and will bring it into town at the end of this week. Meanwhile, burlesques of Belasco's and Royle's Indians were prepared for "Coming Thro' the Rye" and "Twiddle Twaddle." The former is now pas and gone. The latter was produced last Monday. Thus our theatrical sky is reddened.

* * *

Joe Weber's swat at Belasco and Royle with an Indian club is called "The Squaw Man's Girl of the Golden West," and, of course, it is located in the same border barroom wherein those authors introduced their Indians. But the newer resort of cowboys and miners is non-alcoholic, for soft drinks only are sold, and card games are prohibited, checkers and dominoes without stakes being the only play permitted. The Indian chief is a study as Royle's and as degenerate as Belasco's—a blend of dignity and thirst. Placards of peace and piety are on the walls of the saloon, and the gang of loungers is mostly of meat and piety, for many of its wearers of flannel and buckskin are chorus girls. However, the principal hard characters of the two melodramas are present in close imitation of makeup, although in the case of the typical bad man on a shoot-up spree, Weber makes him a little runt of a crushed desperado, kicked and cuffed even by tenderfoot tourists and shot to death every time he pulls his gun. That is very funny.

* * *

However, after seeing the best that Weber's adept humorist, Edgar Smith, can write in travesty, I am inclined to believe that wild Western life, where it still is actually wild, is so wild in truth that it can't be made wilder in a libel. So, as a whole, this burlesque is more imitative than exaggerative. Marie Dressler, the bulky comedienne, gives a stalwart caricature of Blanche Bate's camp saloonkeeper, but she gets up against limitations. At the point where Blanche says "Damn it," manifestly Marie cannot go further into profanity; so she forbids swearing by any one on her premises.

"Remember, boys," she says, "this ain't Belasco's stage, and you mustn't open no tabasco sass bottles here."

At the end of the scene where Blanche is left alone by the romantic road agent, she recalls fondly that he called her the most beautiful girl he had ever seen. A love-sick look comes into her face, she is wistfully silent a moment, and then she murmurs, "Oh, hell!" How can Marie exaggerate in that speech? Instead of trying, she puts her mouth through motions of silent utterances and lets the audience imagine the language.

There is a wonderful Belascan snowstorm in "The Girl of the Golden West," and the mockery of it in "The Squaw Man's Girl" is funny. Belasco sends Blanche Bates to her mountain cabin, where she invites her sudden lover to supper, and he becomes snowbound there, so that they have to spend the night together. Blanche gives up her bed to her guest and blankets herself at the other side of the room on the floor, while the furious storm howls outside, shakes the hut and sifts snow in through the cracks. Marie Dressler lodges her ardent visitor in the barroom, and above and below the swinging half-doors the snow enters in tremendous quantities. She pulls a sideboard away from the wall and it becomes a bedstead, but a big, square space is left open to the blast, which flings in a bushel of snow on the couch and the man. Thereupon he takes the red-hot stove into bed with him and embraces it fondly. As to big Marie, she changes her day gown for a man's nightshirt, fastens snowshoes on her feet and trots shiveringly about on the drifts, setting the rooms to right for the night.

Then comes the famous game of chance between the girl and the sheriff for the life or death of the lover. Blanche, you know, won by ringing in a cold deck in poker showdowns. But Marie has forbidden cards in her sheebang; so the fateful game is checkers, with bits of coal for her men and crackers for the sheriff's, and Marie beats him by eating his men while he isn't looking.

* * *

Every audience at "Abyssinia" announces impulsively yet positively its choice between one uncouth black man and a stageful of comely brown, yellow and almost white girls. The nightly demonstration of preference for the all-negro rather than the bleached negresses is good-humoredly riotous. The man is Bert Williams, the funny half of the Williams & Walker pair. I don't know that it is so in other cities, but here in New York fashionable people have joined others in going foolish over this caricature in human charcoal. He is laughed at on sight, and it doesn't matter what he does or says, the laughter accompanies him incessantly. Nature gifted him with that indefinable quality which enables one man in ten thousand to convey a meaning without effort. In his case, the power is due in part to mobile ugliness of face and wabbly looseness of the joints in his long, unshapely figure; but the fellow seems to possess, too, a keen sense of originative humor.

The Williamites have an outbreak at each performance of "Abyssinia." The new extravaganza is altogether the work of negroes, and none that white men ever made has had a worse libretto, but the music is technically good, though unsuitably operatic. The mounting is handsome and correctly Abyssinian. The producers seem to have said to themselves, "Now we'll show these white folks that we can do things on the stage just like they can;" but who cares if they can? and a majority in the audience is sorry that they do. For there is barely a trace of negroism in the play.

At the end of the act, Williams sings one of his hard-luck ballads. The modish people in the parquet have, up to this time, borne a monotony of dullness, relieved only when William was on view, and now that he has roused them, they don't want to drop right back into lethargy. They call for encores, but haven't got enough when the curtain is lowered, and they continue the applause until, in about five minutes, the curtain is raised. But not for more of Williams' song and dance. The scene has been changed to the king of Abyssinia's gorgeous throne room. His majesty enters with much pageantry and stately pomp. A procession of his subjects brings gifts and marches singing in and out and 'round about. But we refuse to listen—we keep up our applause—we cry, "Williams, hi-yi!" Next, the stage is filled with dancing showgirls —mulattos, quardoons, octoroons, without one full-blooded negress—and we drown the music with our half jocose, half angry tumult. One of us, as likely as not an Astor or a Vanderbilt, shouts, "Bravo, Williams!" as though he were acclaiming Caruso at the opera. It is not until the brown and yellow girls cease their duplication of what pink and white girls do, and shift to a cakewalk, that we give over our demand for our money's worth of Williams.

* * *

By chance our stage horizon is this week as black as it is red. Thomas Dixon's darkly melodramatic views of negroism are shut off in "The Clansman" just as the jovial ones of "The Smart Set" and "Rufus Rastus" are reopened, and as Williams and Walker put themselves on exhibition in "Abyssinia" while "Uncle Tom's Cabin" shows itself with all its color artificial, the public being made thankful for novelty not one of the negroes is genuine. The amount and variety of dark hues is enough to cause an eclipse of the dramatic sun worth looking at.

Low Rates to Coast Points.

February 15th to April 7th, Northern Pacific railway will have on sale daily, one way second class rates to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, as follows:

Billings, Mont., and Intermediate points	$15 00
Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Missoula	20 00
Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Elensburg	22 50
Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Vancouver, Ashland	25 00
San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal.	34 90

For tickets and sleeping car reservations, call at City Office, 334 Superior street.

Louisville, Ky., and Return $23.55.

On March 15, 16, 17 and 18, the "North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return, at $23.55. Tickets good for return March 31st.

Account American Bowling Congress. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE
Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, Fistula of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. PAUL, MINN.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Four thousand six hundred thirty-five ($4,635) Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joel T. Tornquist and Augusta Tornquist, his wife, Mortgagor, to L. Hammel Company (a Minnesota corporation), Mortgagee, bearing date the 22nd day of August, 1904, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of St. Louis, and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1904, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book 222 of Mortgages, on page 3, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27), in block numbered nineteen (19), of the city of Virginia, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in St. Louis County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Duluth, in said County and State, on the 10th day of April, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Four thousand six hundred thirty-five Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 24, A. D. 1906.

L. HAMMEL COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

BERT FESLER, Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 24, Mar. 3-10-17-24-31-1906.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 23rd, 1906.

In the Matter of the Estate of Roxanna E. Ellis, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Hamilton H. Peyton, administrator of the estate of Rozanna E. Ellis, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 19th day of March, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 23rd day of February, 1906.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 24, March 3-10, 1906.

BABY'S VOICE
Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address
Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
MOTHER'S FRIEND

MOVING
We are experts in moving pianos and household furniture. Covered vans, if desired.
STORING
Let us store your furniture in our fine new warehouse at 510-512-513 East Superior Street. Special room for pianos. Private rooms if desired.
PACKING
All kinds of goods packed for shipment or otherwise. Packing material for sale. We make arrangement for your shipping without extra cost.
Duluth Van & Storage Co.
Both Phones 492. Office 210 W. Superior St.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY
SAPOLIO
'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to me by Peter Haroldson and Peter I. Johnson under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1894, of the State of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, for a deed to the following described land situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

So much of lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-six (36) on West Perry street, "Duluth, formerly called Portland," as lies within the limits of the Southerly fifty (50) feet of the Northerly ninety (90) feet of lots fourteen, fifteen and sixteen (14, 15 and 16), Block one hundred six (106), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof.

That said application will be heard before the undersigned at chambers in the Courthouse in the City of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 24th day of March, in the year 1906, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons claiming said lots or any portion of said lots or any right, title or interest in the same or any part thereof are hereby summoned and required to attend and establish their right to receive a deed for the portion of said lots above described, or to make any objections they may have to the granting of said application.

And it is hereby

ORDERED, That notice of said application and hearing be given to all parties in interest by the publication of this notice in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county, once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said hearing.

Dated March 3, 1906.

By the Court,
WM. A. CANT,
Judge of said District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota.
H. B. HAROLDSON,
Attorney for Petitioner, First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, Mch 3-10-17.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
For Kidney & Bladder troubles.
Cures in 48 Hours URINARY DISCHARGES
Each Capsule bears the name of MIDY
Beware of counterfeits

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Trade Mark. This Big G Label.

WOMEN
FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn
MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Where, When and How
are three questions agitating the minds of the prospective tourist.
WHERE? Florida, Cuba and the South. Because the beautiful Southland is not so far from home, and the expense is light in comparison with the Far West.
WHEN? Now, for the blizzard of the North is upon you.
HOW? Via the
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
in connection with
Queen & Crescent Route
BECAUSE the "Chicago and Florida Special," leaving Chicago at 1:00 p. m., arriving Jacksonville 8:50 p. m. and St. Augustine 10:00 p. m., and the "Florida Limited," leaving Chicago 2:00 p. m., arriving Jacksonville 8:50 a. m. and St. Augustine 10:00 a. m., will take you in through sleepers, club, dining and observation cars, modern day coaches, etc., etc. Write for Winter Homes booklet and other literature to
J. S. McCULLOUGH,
N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
W. H. TAYLOE,
General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.
G. B. ALLEN,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.
S. H. HARDWICK,
Passenger Traffic Manager, Washington, D. C.

Photographed from Life. 1st day. 15th day. 30th day. THE GREAT
REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
Marine Building.
For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth

Weary Women
pale, weak, fretful—made rosy, strong, youthful.
Palmo Tablets
50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.
For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.

Old Remedy. New Form.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in
CAPSULES.
The tasteless, quick and thorough cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

THREE RINKS OF CURLERS

Come From St. Paul for Return Match With Duluth Club.

Two of the Club Trophy Events Are Yet Unfinished.

Three rinks of St. Paul curlers left the Saintly City last evening, and arrived in Duluth this morning, to play the second match for the Nushka trophy.

The St. Paul rinks are skipped by W. D. Stewart, Dr. A. McLaren and Charles McGregor.

They were to be met by three Duluth rinks this morning, three more this afternoon, and a third trio this evening, the aggregate scores of the three matches to count.

The skips who were to play the visitors this morning are R. J. McLeod, Harry Hurdon and W. E. Magner. The skips for the afternoon and evening games were to be chosen after the morning games had been completed.

The first match for the Nushka trophy was won by St. Paul, and if Duluth wins today, the two clubs will be tied for the trophy, in which case a third match will be in order. This will probably have to be postponed until next year.

It was feared that the St. Paul curlers would be unable to come to Duluth this year on account of the warm weather, but last evening when the weather man hung out his prediction of freezing weather, the Duluth men got into communication with the St. Paul curlers on the long distance phone, and the match was hurriedly arranged.

* * *

Two of the trophy events of the Duluth Curling club still remain unfinished, and with the present weather conditions it is hardly likely that both of them can be wound up this season.

One game might finish up The Herald contest, and at the most, it would not take more than four or five to determine the winner. The Frick, Myron, Milne and Stillman rinks are entered in the final round, having won out in their respective squads.

The Frick rink has defeated both the Milne and Myron rinks, and has not yet met the Stillman rink. Should it win from the Stillman rink, no more games would be necessary, as all three of the other rinks would have lost at least one game. On the other hand, should the Stillman rink win, any one of the four rinks would have a chance to take the trophy.

Two or three days of curling weather would finish this contest.

The condition of the Manley-McLennan event is far less satisfactory. Only two of the four squad winners are known, and in one of the other squads, only two games have been played.

The two rinks which have won out in their squads are the W. C. Harris and the A. W. Frick rink. The Harris rink defeated the Frick quartet early in the week, but no more games can be played in the final round until the other squad winners are known.

MARKS END OF SEASON

Ski Tournament Will be Final Event of the Year.

Riders Are Competing for Possession of Handsome New Trophy.

This afternoon the members of the Duluth Ski club are bringing their first season to a close with a club tournament on the hill at Woodland.

In spite of the unfavorable weather, the hill is in good shape for the jumps. The members of the club have been hauling snow to cover up the bare spots on the slide, and there is plenty of snow for the events to be pulled off without difficulty.

The club has purchased a handsome silver cup, costing $75, which will be put up for competition among the members. It must be won three times before it becomes the property of any rider, and the first competition for it is being held this afternoon.

There are three events being run off. One event is for those riders who have competed in previous tournaments, which will include only the most expert members of the club.

The second event is for all persons over eighteen years of age, who have not competed in any tournaments, and the third event is for boys under eighteen years of age.

The tournament will practically mark the close of the season, as left to itself, the hill will rapidly become bare of snow in weather like that of the past week, and no attempt will be made to keep it in shape after today's events, unless another heavy fall of snow comes.

Rev. H. K. Madsen, Chris Gunhus and A. Salwick have been selected to act as judges.

The committees in charge of the tournament, are as follows: Prizes, H. B. Knudsen, P. C. Wright and H. H. Borgen; finance, Odin Halden, L. A. Larsen, J. J. Wagenstein; advertising, I. A. Iverson, H. H. Borgen and A. S. Lunde; hill, J. Wannebo, J. W. Carpenter, C. Strom, J. Mangseth, Ole Hanson, Olaf Larson, Elling Disen, Gustav Bye and Ole Feiring; tickets, John Wold, Louis Anderson and John Heitman.

CHANCE TO SEE GOTCH

The American Champion Wrestler Will be at Lyceum Next Thursday.

Undertakes to Throw Maynard Three Times in an Hour.

Next Thursday evening the Duluth sporting fraternity will have an opportunity of witnessing the best wrestling match that has been pulled off at the Head of the Lakes since the Terrible Turk was seen at the Armory several years ago.

Manager Longstreet of the Metropolitan theater arranged to bring Frank Gotch, who claims the American championship, to Duluth to wrestle Billy Maynard, who is undoubtedly the best man in the Northwest on the mat.

The match will be held in the Lyceum theater instead of the Metropolitan as originally announced. Gotch is not a cheap man, and one admission price to the Metropolitan theater to cover both the show and the match, would not pay expenses. The show company refused to sell out its rights for the night, and Mr. Longstreet made arrangements with Manager Marshall of the Lyceum to pull the big match off there, instead of in the Metropolitan.

Gotch will undertake to throw Maynard three times within an hour, or lose the match, although, of course, such failure would not forfeit his title, unless Maynard succeeds in getting a fall out of him.

With Gotch in the game, the spectators are assured of a match that will be on the level. Gotch has too much to lose to consent to any fake contest, and Mr. Longstreet has the reputation of giving nothing but contests in which the best man wins.

Gotch is one of the most aggressive men on the mat today. It is his plan to go after his opponent from the sound of the bell, and in a contest where he is a competitor, there is sure to be some spectacular ground and lofty tumbling.

There will be three preliminary matches to the big affair. The details of these preliminaries have not yet been arranged, but they will give some of the best of the local men a chance to show what they can do.

Gotch will have a little the better of his opponent in weight. He weighs 195 pounds when in condition, and is naturally a very powerful man. Maynard weighs between 180 and 185 pounds.

SPORTING COMMENT

Today's weather couldn't have been improved upon, if it had been ordered for the purpose.

The curlers have been hanging over the thermometer for the last week, tenderly watching each fraction of a degree which the mercury dropped, and silently hoping and praying for something in the line of the genuine Duluth brand of winter weather. For a month or more they have been trying to get good curling weather for a chance to meet the St. Paul curlers, and now it has come at last. A long distance telephone call to St. Paul gave the word last evening that the weather man had promised to be good, and that one of the old time northers was sweeping down over the hill, promising to make the mercury betake itself into its little corner. As a consequence the St. Paul men picked up their grips, and boarded a car for the depot, arriving in Duluth this morning, ready for trouble.

Incidentally the weather was what the ski riders were hoping for.

It is possible to essay the jump in weather like that of yesterday, but it is not pleasant to splash when you alight after a seventy-five foot leap.

Last but not least, the members of the city hockey team, have been hoping for just such a cold snap. They saw their long promised tour to the Copper country glimmering, and they were beginning to lose hope of taking the trip this year.

If this weather holds for a few days, however, they will have the long desired opportunity of showing what they can do against the Michigan teams.

* * *

The Duluth Boat club and the Duluth Yacht club appear to be engaged in a friendly rivalry to see which can give the most for the money, and gather in the most new members.

Incidentally the competition is going to do wonders for aquatic sports at the Head of the Lakes. When the two clubs were one, it was rather a sickly organization with something like 200 members.

Now that they are engaged in a friendly rivalry, each club seems to be profiting from it. They are not drawing members from each other, but their activity is stirring up interest among those who never got closer to the water than a bath tub in a steam heated flat.

If they maintain the pace they have set this spring, with their improvements and increase in membership, Duluth will be one of the most important boating and yachting centers on the chain of lakes. Next year there should be 1,000 members in the two clubs, if the rate of increase is maintained.

Water sports of all kinds are going to boom in Duluth this year, and the young men who fail to join one or other of the two clubs are going to miss a great deal of enjoyment.

* * *

The visit of Frank Gotch to Duluth next week will be one of the biggest sporting events seen here in many a month. Gotch is one of the best men in the business, and it will give the sports a chance to see whether or not the wrestling matches we have been witnessing are the real thing in the line of sporting events, or merely the product of a jay town.

* * *

Since the meeting of the Copper Country league, when the merger proposition was ruthlessly turned down, the baseball situation has been as quiet as Tower avenue on Sunday afternoon. President Price is home in Fargo, and J. M. Lamb of Winnipeg is believed to be loose in the Copper country some place, still telling his story to the magnates there.

The business of doping up new baseball circuits is becoming too strenuous, and every fan will have to figure out his own league. Chicago might be a good town for the sixth club. The teams could play Sunday ball in Evanston and the week day games down on some vacant lot on Dearborn or State streets.

The only thing known is that Artie O'Dea has a bunch of signatures to Duluth contracts, and if the league fails to materialize, he will have to find other employment for them.

Afflicted With Rheumatism.

"I was and am yet affected with rheumatism," says Mr. J. C. Rayne, editor of the Herald, Addington, Indian Territory, "but thanks to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, am able once more to attend to business. It is the best of liniments." If troubled with rheumatism, give Pain Balm a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. One application relieves the pain. For sale by all druggists.

REMARKABLE PROSPERITY

Of American Turf---Race Tracks Distributed $5,477,952 Last Year.

New York, March 10.—The remarkable prosperity of the turf in America last year, even with the sport barred in several of the Western states, is shown in the advance sheets of Goodwin's Official Turf Guide. The amount of money distributed to horsemen in the United States and Canada, exclusive of the value of cups and plates, was $5,477,952. Had there been racing at Chicago and St. Louis on the old lines, $1,000,000 would have been added to this amount. According to the figures compiled for the Guide, the Brighton Beach Racing association, in twenty-eight days of sport, gave away $325,495, which included $25,800 in second and third moneys not guaranteed, and The Brooklyn Jockey club, in thirty days racing, distributed $349,165, 162 races being run at Gravesend. The Coney Island Jockey club, also with thirty days, handed out $271,000 to successful owners who took part in 180 events, including one worth $33,740, two of $25,000 each, three of $20,000 each, one of $17,585, one of $15,000, one of $12,675, one of $12,425, one of $10,000, two of $8,000, thirty-six of $1,200, sixty-four of 1,000 and fifteen of $900 each.

The Westchester Racing association, which enjoyed thirty days at Belmont park, distributed $375,000 in 180 races, the most valuable one being for $15,420. In 122 races at Aqueduct the Queens County Jockey club paid out $125,850, the richest event being worth $7,200. At Jamaica the Metropolitan Jockey club gave $129,800 to owners of winners and placed horses in 31s races. At Saratoga $733,840 went to successful horsemen in 132 events, the most valuable being a $50,000 stake. The Washington Jockey club cut up $118,330 among owners in 268 races, while Providence got rid of $49,400 and Buffalo $35,850. It is also shown that out of a total of 7,763 races on the flat, more than 5,500 were at distances of one mile and under. There were 337 cross country events, which showed an increase in this branch of the turf's popularity. The magnitude of the sport in this state alone is well illustrated by these figures. Owners and breeders would be in dire straits if the enemies of the sport should manage to score a triumph at Albany.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair—bone pains—catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

TERRY M'GOVERN IN TRAINING AT MEMPHIS

CARRYING WATER. HIS FIGHTING FACE. TERRY AT THE PUMP. .....

Snapshots taken last week at McGovern's training quarters in Memphis, where he is preparing for his go with Battling Nelson at Philadelphia on March 14.

THE TRIALS OF UMPIRES

Abuse Heaped on Them by Both Players and Fans.

"Honest John" Kelly, Gaffney and Ferguson Former Kings.

It often has been said that the task of umpiring professional baseball games is a thankless one and that only a man of iron nerve can stand the constant strain caused by the abuse heaped on him by the players and the more unsportsmanlike patrons of the game. Some of those unfortunate individuals have been driven into retirement; suffering from shattered nerves and broken hearts, but there are a few, now in retirement, who look back with some pleasure to their experiences with the indicator.

The average ballplayer is loath to admit that there is really a first class umpire in the profession. At some time or another the best judges of play make errors in their rulings which cause narrow minded players to be their lifelong enemies. There are men who have withdrawn from active baseball playing, who persistently declare that they never got a square deal from a umpire and who cannot be convinced that the handlers of the ball and strike indicator were men on the level. Yet in the history of baseball no umpire has ever been charged with dishonesty, although many have been accused of incompetency.

"Honest John" Kelly, now a sporting man of New York city, who refereed several glove fights, including the Corbett-Mitchell and the Corbett-Sharkey affairs, was probably one of the best umpires that ever worked for the National league. Kelly, a six-footer and a man of cold nerve, was a czar on the ball field. He was quick witted, keen-eyed and determined to suppress the rowdies. His word was law, and he commanded general respect. But there was just one incident in his career that he will probably never forget, and that was a run in with Dude Esterbrook which was short and sweet.

Kelly called Esterbrook down one day, and the latter showed fight. Kelly had a reputation as a rough and tumble artist, and when he agreed to meet Esterbrook in the dressing room after the game the players expected to see the Dude quickly done up. But the moment Kelly put up his hands the shoe was on the other foot, for Esterbrook put the punches all over him until "Honest John" cried enough.

John Gaffney was another star umpire in his day. He was a king among the players and ruled them with a rod of iron. But toward the close of his career his habits were not exactly good, and he lost his grip, until one day in Harlem, Pat Tebeau defied him and so grossly insulted him that Gaffney left the field in tears, with policemen all around him.

Rob Ferguson also was a competent judge of play in the old days. Always firm in his decisions, he stood no nonsense and was popular even with the most exacting fans. When Tom Lynch, an artist in his line, first became a National league umpire he was generally ridiculed because of his method of calling out decisions. He was also budded "The Postman," for the reason that he persisted in wearing a uniform of gray flannel, with a cap that had a straight leather visor. Lynch soon convinced the players that he was the master of the situation. He absolutely refused to indulge in arguments and quickly punished kickers either with fines or expulsion from the game. It did not take him long to become the best umpire in the business, and though an autocrat of the diamond he enjoyed the confidence of the public and a majority of the players.

Lynch resigned the league staff in 1895, however. He declared that the New York club had tried to intimidate him. He had fined Doyle and Davis $100 each for disorderly conduct at the Polo grounds and was quickly called to account by Andrew Freedman. Because of this interference with his authority Lynch got out of the game and devoted his time to a theater he owned in Connecticut. Still he was induced to return to duty after a while and continued to do excellent work until he decided to retire permanently.

Robert Emslie, once a crack pitcher, and Hank O'Day, who twirled for the Brotherhood team of New York in 1890, are the best known umpires on the National league staff nowadays. Emslie has been on the job for nearly fifteen years, if not longer, and has worn well with the public. He is fair minded, even tempered, but firm, although he had more trouble last year with the kickers than ever before. O'Day is cool, deliberate and level headed. He is more inclined to argue with the player than is Emslie, but he does not waste much time in putting on the fines when a rowdy oversteps the bounds of propriety.

In the American league Jack Sheridan is the star. In fact, many experts say he is the best umpire in the country. He knows baseball, is not easily ruffled, and deals with the players in no mild manner when they deserve rebukes. Silk O'Loughlin is another splendid judge of play, and so is the witty Tim Hurst, who probably never allowed a fresh player to get away with a calldown without receiving a caustic reply. These men stand the wear and tear year in and year out, and appear to thrive on it. But countless persons have failed in the most ignominious way.

It was not many years ago that a New York man applied to President N. E. Young for a position on the National league staff. He was a handsome fellow, well dressed, and so intelligent that Young wondered why he wanted to be an umpire. The man seemed to be possessed of a mania to show his authority on the field, and he came so highly recommended that the president of the league finally decided to let him have a chance.

"It is a simple matter, this umpiring business," said the new judge of play to a number of local baseball men before the season opened. "All you have to do is to say 'Out,' 'Safe,' 'Ball,' 'Strike,' and that settles it. Why, I can lick any of these players who make a practice of baiting the umpire, and you ca nbet I will call any of them as quick as a flash!"

When the new umpire made his debut he was assigned to Cleveland. He appeared on the field in a suit that had been made for him by a Broadway tailor, and he looked so natty that the players grinned. He called a Cleveland player out at first base on a close play and was instantly surrounded by Tebeau and his rowdies, who threatened to punch his head off. He fined them all and the kick ended. But there was more trouble in store for him, and when the game ended he was chased across the field by an angry mob.

When he reached the dressing room he found that his street clothes had been thrown over the fence so that he had to put them on in a nearby saloon, while the police finally escorted him to his hotel. That night the new umpire wired his resignation to Young and went on to New York. He was sent to an asylum last year.

Tim Keefe, who pitched the New Yorkers into the championship in 1888 and 1889, became a league umpire after he retired from the game. He got along with fair success until he made some decisions against the New Yorks at the Polo grounds one day which so provoked the crowd on the bleachers that they called him robber and thief. This was too much for Keefe, who had been a hero in the estimation of these rooters only a few years before, and he soon resigned the job, vowing that he would never have anything further to do with the national game.

"No body knows what umpiring is," said a well known judge of play to a newspaper man recently. "The language used by some of these star players would not look well in print, yet they can get away with their verbal assaults because the club owners back them up. An umpire is a common enemy. The players regard him as such, and so do the magnates, so that it is a fearful job to please anybody.

"A man may umpire just as he sees the plays, but he will be abused and threatened all the same, no matter whether he is correct or not. The rowdies, with a crowd behind them are very brave on the field, but away from it most of them are meek as lambs and generally apologize for what they have said on the diamond. But this does not square the umpire with the public, or rather that part of it which can see nothing but the home team and which cries, 'Kill the umpire!' whenever he makes a decision against the favorites."

You often hear the question of umpires come up before the magnates for due consideration. The American league through President Johnson has done much to abate the evils which have undoubtedly driven many respectable persons away from the games in the past, but so far, although President Pulliam has been sincere in his efforts, the National league has been content to travel in the old rut.

Umpire baiting is cowardly and unsportsmanlike. The players are to blame chiefly, but the magnates can keep even the most blatant rowdies of the diamond in check if they but say the word.

AMERICAN TEAM NOT OF THE BEST

Philadelphia, Pa., March 10.—With the announcement of the team which is to represent the United States at the Olympic games in Athens April 22 to May 2, those who are conversant with track and field athletics in this country are apprised of the fact that this team does not by any means represent the full strength of this country. Not only did the selection committee fail to make use of the best club athletes available, but it made no effort whatever to secure any of the crack college athletes of the East or West. The committee has explained its failure to pick men now in college by its inability to get the consent of college authorities to let their undergraduates make the trip, for it would compel the students to miss most of their last term's work.

It is unfortunate for the athletic prestige of the United States that college men have to be barred from membership on the team. Why the Olympic committee selected the unreasonable dates it did for these sports is incomprehensible. This is the first time since the revival of the famous Hellenic sports in 1896 that the games have been held so early. The charge has been made, and not denied, that the games were arranged for this date for the express purpose of precluding the attendance of America's best athletes. It is an absolute impossibility for the college men to attend at this time of the year, and only by making sacrifices can the best club athletes get themselves in condition so early. For the same reason many of the best English university athletes will be unable to compete, and in consequence the European athletes, who have always been made to look ridiculous in competition with Americans, will have an easier time.

An investigation of records reveals the remarkable fact that the team which represents the United States could be beaten easily by a team of college stars picked from the East and West. As a matter of fact, the Eastern Intercollegiate champions could turn the trick by themselves. In making such a comparison those events only are considered which correspond to the events in which there will be competition at Athens. These are the 100-yard dash, 440-yard, 880-yard and mile runs, 120-yard hurdles, running broad jump, high jump, pole-vault and shot-put. These correspond to the 100-meter dash, 400, 800 and 1,500-meter runs, 110-meter hurdles, the other special events being the same.

The following table of comparisons shows how our Olympic team would be beaten by a team which could be selected from athletes now in college:

OLYMPIC TEAM.

Event.	Athlete.	Record.
The 100-Yard—Hahn		0:09 4-5
Schick		0:09 4-5
Eaton		10:00
The 440 Yard—Hillman		0:94 2-5
Schick		0:50
The 880-Yard—Valentine		1.57 2-5
One Mile—Sullivan		4:22 1-5
Hurdles—Leavitt		15 4-5
Friend		16
Broad Jump—Prinstein		24:07¼
Friend		23:00½
High Jump—Kerrigan		6:07½
Pole Vault—Glover		11:09⅝
Sho ttuhelPa—Sno ilil6 shrdlu cmfwyp eta		
Shot Put—Sheldon		46:06

COLLEGE TEAM.

Event.	Athlete.	Record.
The 100-Yard—Parsons, Wisconsin.		0:09 4-5
Carimell, Pennsylvania		0:10
Dear, Pennsylvania		0:10
The 440-Yard—Taylor, Pennsylvania		0:49 1-5
Dives, Harvard		0:49 1-5
The 880-Yard—Parsons, Yale		1:56
Lightbody, Chicago		1:57
One Mile—Lightbody, Chicago		4:25
Hurdles—Amsler, Pennsylvania		15 3-5
Armstrong, Princeton		15 4-5
Broad Jump—Simons, Princeton		23:02½
High Jump—Risley, Syracuse		6:02
Pole Vault—McLanahan, Yale		12:00½
Dray, Yale		11:10½
Shot Put—Coe, Michigan		49:06

From this table it will be seen that in only two events is the Olympic team superior to a team of college stars which could be selected, and in only one event are the records the same. In all of the others the college men have the advantage. It will be evident at once that the Olymuic team is composed very largely of ex-college athletes, but not of the best.

FISTIC DOPE FROM 'FRISCO

Referee Criticised for Not Stopping the Neil-Tenny Bout.

Fights Will Probably Be Held Every Month as Heretofore.

San Francisco, March 10.—Just before he left his corner for the first round of his fight with Harry Tenney young Frankie Neil said to one of his seconds, "There will be no kiddin' tonight. This is a serious proposition." A serious proposition it surely proved, for Tenny is dead and Neil's triumph is embittered by the knowledge that he caused the death of a game rival.

The crowd expected a desperate battle and it saw one, albeit the affair was far too one-sided. What few contests Tenny engaged in were desperate ones. His former go with Neil at Colma has always been referred to as a sensational, breakneck mill and the sports of the Tonopah match with Monte Attell up among the Nevada ore dumps was even fiercer.

It was the prospect of a bruising bout that drew a much larger gathering than usually attends contests between little men, but who shall say that among those shrieking thousands there was one who foresaw what Spider Kelly coursely, though aptly, terms "a morgue finish."

* * *

Referee Roache has been harshly criticised because he did not stop the contest when Tenny was counted out the first time by the official timekeeper, George Harting. In defense of his actions Roache says that, although he heard Harting say "eight, nine, out," he considered that Tenny was sufficiently straightened up before the time limit expired to be allowed to resume fighting. Furthermore, that he had refereed fights for Tenny before and knew that he had wonderful recuperative qualities, as also the power to deliver a knockdown blow when seemingly far gone.

Roache insists that in his opinion there wasn't a damaging blow struck from the time Tenny regained his feet until he fell and was counted out by Roache himself.

All of which Roache, on account of his position, is justified in setting forth, but the fact remains that it looked like a genuine knockout and count out when Harting did the tolling. At that a man who would undertake to say that Tenny's life would have been saved if the Harting count out had been recognized would deserve to be regarded as erratic.

* * *

What effect the tragedy will have on the sport in San Francisco remains to be seen. They say that passengers on a train which runs through a herd of cattle have an antipathy to roast beef for months after, and it seems reasonable to infer that local fightgoers will have had enough of "desperate battles" for a spell.

The supervisors, it is understood, have given out that the twelve monthly permits already issued will not be recalled, so that the fight trust may derive consolation from the thought that, though slim houses may be the rule for some time to come, there will not be a complete cessation of fisticuffs.

* * *

No one expects to hear any fight talk with ginger in it for a week or two at least. When the scare is past it is believed there will be an attempt to march Al Kaufmann and Sam Berger. Kaufmann is anxious for the meeting now, although some months ago he said that the friendship existing between Berger and himself made the idea of a contest distasteful.

Just how Berger feels about it is not known. It is believed he would prefer Jack O'Brien or Tommy Burns to Kaufmann as an opponent.

* * *

A strange scene was enacted at the Neil-Tenny fight and, incidentally it showed that the sports "would love a mill" give freely when their sympathies are touched.

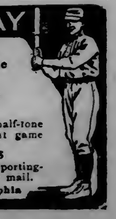
Billy Jordan, the veteran announcer, made an appeal to the crowd in behalf of the widow and orphans of a man named Patterson, who was drowned in the Valencia wreck. Mike (Twin) Sullivan, Eddie Hanlon, Sam Berger, Al Kaufmann and other knights of the mitt were sent around to collect, and the ring was soon covered with coins. Halves, quarters and dimes came slivering down from the gallery in a steady rain and bunches of bills were handed in through the ropes. Each of the fighters contributed from $50 to $20, and when the count up was completed it was found that about $620 had been secured for the widow and orphans.

W. W. NAUGHTON.

FOUGHT TWENTY ROUNDS TO DRAW

Fight Between Kelly and Sullivan Was a Close Contest.

Los Angeles, March 10.—The fight between Hugo Kelly of Chicago and Jack (Twin) Sullivan of Boston was declared a draw at the end of twenty rounds. Kelly had all the better of the fighting to the fifteenth round, and in the fourth put Sullivan down for the count of eight, and again in the twelfth came near ending the contest with a knockout. Kelly punished Sullivan in the early part of the fight, and kept blood running from his nose from the fourth to the twelfth round. After the sixteenth round Sullivan made a strong fight, outfighting Kelly and forcing him to hold on in the clinches in order to avoid punishment. Sullivan's body blows during the last five rounds had the effect of taking considerable steam out of Kelly, and he slowed up just when it seemed he had the fight won.



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A. J. REACH CO., Philadelphia

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

THREE RINKS OF CURLERS

Come From St. Paul for Return Match With Duluth Club.

Two of the Club Trophy Events Are Yet Unfinished.

Three rinks of St Paul curlers left the Saintly City last evening, and arrived in Duluth this morning, to play the second match for the Nushka trophy.

The St. Paul rinks are skipped by W. D. Stewart, Dr. A. McLaren and Charles McGregor.

They were to be met by three Duluth rinks this morning, three more this afternoon, and a third trio this evening, the aggregate scores of the three matches to count.

The skips who were to play the visitors this morning are R. J. McLeod, Harry Hurdon and W. E. Magner. The skips for the afternoon and evening games were to be chosen after the morning games had been completed.

The first match for the Nushka trophy was won by St. Paul, and if Duluth wins today, the two clubs will be tied for the trophy, in which case a third match will be in order. This will probably have to be postponed until next year.

It was feared that the St. Paul curlers would be unable to come to Duluth this year on account of the warm weather, but last evening when the weather man hung out his prediction of freezing weather, the Duluth men got into communication with the St. Paul curlers on the long distance phone, and the match was hurriedly arranged.

* * *

Two of the trophy events of the Duluth Curling club still remain unfinished, and with the present weather conditions it is hardly likely that both of them can be wound up this season.

One game might finish up The Herald contest, and at the most, it would not take more than four or five to determine the winner. The Frick, Myron, Milne and Stillman rinks are entered in the final round, having won out in their respective squads.

The Frick rink has defeated both the Milne and Myron rinks, and has not yet met the Stillman rink. Should it win from the Stillman rink, no more games would be necessary, as all three of the other rinks would have lost at least one game. On the other hand, should the Stillman rink win, any one of the four rinks would have a chance to take the trophy.

Two or three days of curling weather would finish this contest.

The condition of the Manley-McLennan event is far less satisfactory. Only two of the four squad winners are known, and in one of the other squads, only two games have been played.

The two rinks which have won out in their squads are the W. C. Harris rink and the A. W. Frick rink. The Harris rink defeated the Frick quartet early in the week, but no more games can be played in the final round until the other squad winners are known.

MARKS END OF SEASON

Ski Tournament Will be Final Event of the Year.

Riders Are Competing for Possession of Handsome New Trophy.

This afternoon the members of the Duluth Ski club are bringing their first season to a close with a club tournament on the hill at Woodland.

In spite of the unfavorable weather, the hill is in good shape for the jumps. The members of the club have been hauling snow to cover up the bare spots on the slide, and there is plenty of snow for the events to be pulled off without difficulty.

The club has purchased a handsome silver cup, costing $75, which will be put up for competition among the members. It must be won three times before it becomes the property of any rider, and the first competition for it is being held this afternoon.

There are three events being run off. One event is for those riders who have competed in previous tournaments, which will include only the most expert members of the club.

The second event is for all persons over eighteen years of age, who have not competed in any tournaments, and the third event is for boys under eighteen years of age.

The tournament will practically mark the close of the season, as left to itself, the hill will rapidly become bare of snow in weather like that of the past week, and no attempt will be made to keep it in shape after today's events, unless another heavy fall of snow comes.

Rev. H. K. Madsen, Chris Gunhus and A. Salwick have been selected to act as judges.

The committees in charge of the tournament, are as follows: Prizes, H. B. Knudsen, P. C. Wright and H. H. Borgen; finance, Odin Halden, L. A. Larsen, J. J. Wagenstein; advertising, I. A. Iverson, H. H. Borgen and A. S. Lunde; hill, J. Wanneho, J. W. Carpenter, C. Strom, J. Mangseth, Ole Hanson, Olaf Larson, Elling Dlsen, Gustav Bye and Ole Fehring; tickets, John Wold, Louis Anderson and John Heitman.

CHANCE TO SEE GOTCH

The American Champion Wrestler Will be at Lyceum Next Thursday.

Undertakes to Throw Maynard Three Times in an Hour.

Next Thursday evening the Duluth sporting fraternity will have an opportunity of witnessing the best wrestling match that has been pulled off at the Head of the Lakes since the Terrible Turk was seen at the Armory several years ago.

Manager Longstreet of the Metropolitan theater arranged to bring Frank Gotch, who claims the American championship, to Duluth to wrestle Billy Maynard, who is undoubtedly the best man in the Northwest on the mat.

The match will be held in the Lyceum theater instead of the Metropolitan as originally announced. Gotch is not a cheap man, and one admission price to the Metropolitan theater to cover both the show and the match, would not pay expenses. The show company refused to sell out its rights for the night, and Mr. Longstreet made arrangements with Manager Marshall of the Lyceum to pull the big match off there, instead of in the Metropolitan.

Gotch will undertake to throw Maynard three times within an hour, or lose the match, although, of course, such failure would not forfeit his title, unless Maynard succeeds in getting a fall out of him.

With Gotch in the game, the spectators are assured of a match that will be on the level. Gotch has too much to lose to consent to any fake contest, and Mr. Longstreet has the reputation of giving nothing but contests in which the best man wins.

Gotch is one of the most aggressive men on the mat today. It is his plan to go after his opponent from the sound of the bell, and in a contest where he is a competitor, there is sure to be some spectacular ground and lofty tumbling.

There will be three preliminary matches to the big affair. The details of these preliminaries have not yet been arranged, but they will give some of the best of the local men a chance to show what they can do.

Gotch will have a little the better of his opponent in weight. He weighs 195 pounds when in condition, and is naturally a very powerful man. Maynard weighs between 180 and 185 pounds.

SPORTING COMMENT

Today's weather couldn't have been improved upon, if it had been ordered for the purpose.

The curlers have been hanging over the thermometer for the last week, tenderly watching each fraction of a degree which the mercury dropped, and silently hoping and praying for something in the line of the genuine Duluth brand of winter weather. For a month or more they have been trying to get good curling weather for a chance to meet the St. Paul curlers, and now it has come at last. A long distance telephone call to St. Paul gave the word last evening that the weather man had promised to be good, and that one of the old time northers was sweeping down over the hill, promising to make the mercury betake itself into its little corner. As a consequence the St. Paul men picked up their grips, and boarded a car for the depot, arriving in Duluth this morning, ready for trouble.

Incidentally the weather was what the ski riders were hoping for.

It is possible to essay the jump in weather like that of yesterday, but it is not pleasant to splash when you alight after a seventy-five foot leap.

Last but not least, the members of the city hockey team, have been hoping for just such a cold snap. They saw their long promised tour to the Copper country glimmering, and they were beginning to lose hope of taking the trip this year.

If this weather holds for a few days, however, they will have the long desired opportunity of showing what they can do against the Michigan teams.

* * *

The Duluth Boat club and the Duluth Yacht club appear to be engaged in a friendly rivalry to see which can give the most for the money, and gather in the most new members.

Incidentally the competition is going to do wonders for aquatic sports at the Head of the Lakes. When the two clubs were one, it was rather a sickly organization with something like 200 members.

Now that they are engaged in a friendly rivalry, each club seems to be profiting from it. They are not drawing members from each other, but their activity is stirring up interest among those who never got closer to the water than a bath tub in a steam heated flat.

If they maintain the pace they have set this spring, with their improvements and increase in membership, Duluth will be one of the most important boating and yachting centers on the chain of lakes. Next year there should be 1,000 members in the two clubs, if the rate of increase is maintained.

Water sports of all kinds are going to boom in Duluth this year, and the young men who fail to join one or other of the two clubs are going to miss a great deal of enjoyment.

* * *

The visit of Frank Gotch to Duluth next week will be one of the biggest sporting events seen here in many a month. Gotch is one of the best men in the business, and it will give the sports a chance to see whether or not the wrestling matches we have been witnessing are the real thing in the line of sporting events, or merely the product of a jay town.

* * *

Since the meeting of the Copper Country league, when the merger proposition was ruthlessly turned down, the baseball situation has been as quiet as Tower avenue on a Sunday afternoon. President Price is home in Fargo, and J. M. Lamb of Winnipeg is believed to be loose in the Copper country some place, still telling his story to the magnates there.

The business of doping up new baseball circuits is becoming too strenuous, and every fan will have to figure out his own league. Chicago might be a good town for the sixth club. The teams could play Sunday ball in Evanston and the week day games down on some vacant lot on Dearborn or State streets.

The only thing known is that Artie O'Dea has a bunch of signatures to Duluth contracts, and if the league fails to materialize, he will have to find other employment for them.

Afflicted With Rheumatism.

"I was and am yet affected with rheumatism," says Mr. J. C. Bayne, editor of the Herald, Addington, Indian Territory, "but thanks to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, am able once more to attend to business. It is the best of liniments." If troubled with rheumatism, use Pain Balm a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. One application relieves the pain. For sale by all druggists.

REMARKABLE PROSPERITY

Of American Turf---Race Tracks Distributed $5,477,952 Last Year.

New York, March 10.—The remarkable prosperity of the turf in America last year, even with the sport barred in several of the Western states, is shown in the advance sheets of Goodwin's Official Turf Guide. The amount of money distributed to horsemen in the United States and Canada, exclusive of the value of cups and plates, was $5,477,952. Had there been racing at Chicago and St. Louis on the old lines, $1,000,000 would have been added to this amount. According to the figures compiled for the Guide, the Brighton Beach Racing association, in twenty-eight days of sport, gave away $225,195, which included $22,800 in second and third moneys not guaranteed. The Brooklyn Jockey club, in thirty days racing, distributed $245,165, 162 races being run at Gravesend. The Coney Island Jockey club, also with thirty days, handed out $571,209 to successful owners who took part in 180 events, including one worth $35,745, two of $25,000 each, three of $20,000 each, one of $17,285, one of $15,000, one of $12,975, one of $12,425, one of $10,000, two of $8,000, thirty-six of $1,200, sixty-four of 1,000 and fifteen of $200 each.

The Westchester Racing association, which enjoyed thirty days at Belmont park, distributed $375,000 in 180 races, the most valuable one being for $15,420. In 122 races at Aqueduct the Queens County Jockey club paid out $126,950, the richest event being worth $7,200. At Jamaica the Metropolitan Jockey club gave $129,-80 to owners of winners and placed horses in 315 races. At Saratoga $283,840 went to successful horsemen in 132 events, the most valuable being a $50,000 stake. The Washington Jockey club cut up $118,550 among owners in 260 races, while Providence got rid of $40,400 and Buffalo $85,850. It is also shown that out of a total of 7,703 races on the flat, more than 5,500 were at distances of one mile and under. There were 337 cross country events, which showed an increase in this branch of the turf's popularity. The magnitude of the sport in this state alone is well illustrated by these figures. Owners and breeders would be in dire straits if the enemies of the sport should manage to score a triumph at Albany.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

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Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 918 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

TERRY M'GOVERN IN TRAINING AT MEMPHIS

CARRYING WATER. HIS FIGHTING FACE. TERRY AT THE PUMP. .....

Snapshots taken last week at McGovern's training quarters in Memphis, where he is preparing for his go with Battling Nelson at Philadelphia on March 14.

THE TRIALS OF UMPIRES

Abuse Heaped on Them by Both Players and Fans.

"Honest John" Kelly, Gaffney and Ferguson Former Kings.

It often has been said that the task of umpiring professional baseball games is a thankless one and that only a man of iron nerve can stand the constant strain caused by the abuse heaped on him by the players and the more unsportsmanlike patrons of the game. Some of those unfortunate individuals have been driven into retirement; suffering from shattered nerves and broken hearts, but there are a few, now in retirement, who look back with some pleasure to their experiences with the Indicator.

The average ballplayer is loath to admit that there is really a first class umpire in the profession. At some time or another the best judges of play make errors in their rulings which cause narrow minded players to be their lifelong enemies. There are men who have withdrawn from active baseball playing, who persistently declare that they never got a square deal from a umpire and who cannot be convinced that the handlers of the ball and strike indicator were men on the level. Yet in the history of baseball no umpire has ever been charged with dishonesty, although many have been accused of incompetency.

"Honest John" Kelly, now a sporting man of New York city, who refereed several glove fights, including the Corbett-Mitchell and the Corbett-Sharkey affairs, was probably one of the best umpires that ever worked for the National league. Kelly, a six-footer and a man of cold nerve, was a czar on the ball field. He was quick witted, keen-eyed and determined to suppress the rowdies. His word was law, and he commanded general respect. But there was just one incident in his career that he will probably never forget, and that was a run in with Dude Esterbrook, which was short and sweet.

Kelly called Esterbrook down one day, and the latter showed fight. Kelly had a reputation as a rough and tumble artist, and when he agreed to meet Esterbrook in the dressing room after the game the players expected to see the Dude quickly done up. But the moment Kelly put up his hands the shoe was on the other foot, for Esterbrook put the punches all over him until "Honest John" cried enough.

John Gaffney was another star umpire in his day. He was a king among the players and ruled them with a rod of iron. But toward the close of his career his habits were not exactly good, and he lost his grip until one day in Harlem, Pat Tebeau defied him and so grossly insulted him that Gaffney left the field in tears, with policemen all around him.

Rob Ferguson also was a competent judge of play in the old days. Always firm in his decisions, he stood no nonsense and was popular even with the most exacting fans. When Tom Lynch, an artist in his line, first became a National league umpire he was generally ridiculed because of his method of calling out decisions. He was also budded "The Postman," for the reason that he persisted in wearing a uniform of gray flannel, with a cap that had a straight leather visor. Lynch soon convinced the players that he was the master of the situation. He absolutely refused to indulge in arguments and quickly punished kickers either with fines or expulsion from the game. It did not take him long to become the best umpire in the business, and though an autocrat of the diamond he enjoyed the confidence of the public and a majority of the players.

Lynch resigned the league staff in 1895, however. He declared that the New York club had tried to intimidate him. He had fined Doyle and Davis $100 each for disorderly conduct at the Polo grounds and was quickly called to account by Andrew Freedman. Because of this interference with his authority Lynch got out of the game and devoted his time to a theater he owned in Connecticut Still he was induced to return to duty after a while and continued to do excellent work until he decided to retire permanently.

Robert Emslie, once a crack pitcher, and Hank O'Day, who twirled for the Brotherhood team of New York in 1890, are the best known umpires on the National league staff nowadays. Emslie has been on the job for nearly fifteen years, if not longer, and has worn well with the public. He is fair minded, even tempered, but firm, although he had more trouble last year with the kickers than ever before. O'Day is cool, deliberate and level headed. He is more inclined to argue with the player than is Emslie, but he does not waste much time in putting on the fines when a rowdy oversteps the bounds of propriety.

In the American league Jack Sheridan is the star. In fact, many experts say he is the best umpire in the country. He knows baseball, is not easily ruffled, and deals with the players in no mild manner when they deserve rebukes. Silk O'Loughlin is another splendid judge of play, and so is the witty Tim Hurst, who probably never allowed a fresh player to get away with a calldown without receiving a caustic reply. These men stand the wear and tear year in and year out, and appear to thrive on it. But countless persons have failed in the most ignominious way.

It was not many years ago that a New York man applied to President N. E. Young for a position on the National league staff. He was a handsome fellow, well dressed, and so intelligent that Young wondered why he wanted to be an umpire. The man seemed to be possessed of a mania to show his authority on the field, and he came so highly recommended that the president of the league finally decided to let him have a chance.

"It is a simple matter, this umpiring business," said the new judge of play to a number of local baseball men before the season opened. "All you have to do is to say 'Out,' 'Safe,' 'Ball,' 'Strike,' and that settles it. Why, I can lick any of these players who make a practice of baiting the umpire, and you can bet I will call any of them as quick as a flash!"

When the new umpire made his debut he was assigned to Cleveland. He appeared on the field in a suit that had been made for him by a Broadway tailor, and he looked so natty that the players grinned. He called a Cleveland player out at first base on a close play and was instantly surrounded by Tebeau and his rowdies, who threatened to punch his head off. He fined them all and the kick ended. But there was more trouble in store for him, and when the game ended he was chased across the field by an angry mob.

When he reached the dressing room he found that his street clothes had been thrown over the fence so that he had to put them on in a nearby saloon, while the police finally escorted him to his hotel. That night the new umpire wired his resignation to Young and went on to New York. He was sent to an asylum last year.

Tim Keefe, who pitched the New Yorkers into the championship in 1888 and 1889, became a league umpire after he retired from the game. He got along with fair success until he made some decisions against the New Yorks at the Polo grounds one day which so provoked the crowd on the bleachers that they called him robber and thief. This was too much for Keefe, who had been a hero in the estimation of these rooters only a few years before, and he soon resigned the job, vowing that he would never have anything further to do with the national game.

"No body knows what umpiring is," said a well known judge of play to a newspaper man recently. "The language used by some of these star players would not look well in print, yet they can get away with their verbal assaults because the club owners back them up. An umpire is a common enemy. The players regard him as such, and so do the magnates, so that it is a fearful job to please anybody.

"A man may umpire just as he sees the plays, but he will be abused and threatened all the same, no matter whether he is correct or not. The rowdies, with a crowd behind them are very brave on the field, but away from it most of them are meek as lambs and generally apologize for what they have said on the diamond. But this does not square the umpire with the public, or rather that part of it which can see nothing but the home team and which cries, 'Kill the umpire!' whenever he makes a decision against the favorites."

You often hear the question of umpires come up before the magnates for due consideration. The American league through President Johnson has done much to abate the evils which have undoubtedly driven many respectable persons away from the games in the past, but so far, although President Pulliam has been sincere in his efforts, the National league has been content to travel in the old rut.

Umpire baiting is cowardly and unsportsmanlike. The players are to blame chiefly, but the magnates can keep even the most blatant rowdies of the diamond in check if they but say the word.

AMERICAN TEAM NOT OF THE BEST

Philadelphia, Pa., March 10.—With the announcement of the team which is to represent the United States at the Olympic games in Athens April 22 to May 2, those who are conversant with track and field athletics in this country are apprised of the fact that this team does not by any means represent the full strength of this country. Not only did the selection committee fail to make use of the best club athletes available, but it made no effort whatever to secure any of the crack college athletes of the East or West. The committee has explained its failure to pick men now in college by its inability to get the consent of college authorities to let their undergraduates make the trip, for it would compel the students to miss most of their last term's work.

It is unfortunate for the athletic prestige of the United States that college men have to be barred from membership on the team. Why the Olympic committee selected the unreasonable dates it did for these sports is incomprehensible. This is the first time since the revival of the famous Hellenic sports in 1896 that the games have been held so early. The charge has been made, and not denied, that the games were arranged for this date for the express purpose of precluding the attendance of America's best athletes. It is an absolute impossibility for the college men to attend at this time of the year, and only by making sacrifices can the best club athletes get themselves in condition so early. For the same reason many of the best English university athletes will be unable to compete, and in consequence the European athletes, who have always been made to look ridiculous in competition with Americans, will have an easier time.

An investigation of records reveals the remarkable fact that the team which represents the United States could be beaten easily by a team of college stars picked from the East and West. As a matter of fact, the Eastern intercollegiate champions could turn the trick by themselves. In making such a comparison those events only are considered which correspond to the events in which there will be competition at Athens. These are the 100-yard dash, 440-yard, 880-yard and mile runs, 120-yard hurdles, running broad jump, high jump, pole-vault and shot-put. These correspond to the 100-meter dash, 400, 800 and 1,500-meter runs, 110-meter hurdles, the other special events being the same.

The following table of comparisons shows how our Olympic team would be beaten by a team which could be selected from athletes now in college:

OLYMPIC TEAM.

Event.	Athlete.	Record.
The 100-Yard—Hann		0:09 4-5
Schick		0:09 4-5
Eaton		10:00
The 440 Yard—Hillman		0:94 2-5
Schick		0:50
The 880-Yard—Valentine		1:57 2-5
One Mile—Sullivan		4:22 1-5
Hurdles—Leavitt		15 4-5
Friend		16
Broad Jump—Prinstein		24:07¾
Friend		23:09½
High Jump—Kerrigan		6:07⅝
Pole Vault—Glover		11:06⅝
Sho ttuhelPd—Sno flll6 shrdlu cmfwyp eta		
Shot Put—Sheldon		46:06

COLLEGE TEAM.

Event.	Athlete.	Record.
The 100-Yard—Parsons, Wisconsin.		0:09 4-5
Carimell, Pennsylvania		0:10
Dear, Pennsylvania		0:10
The 440-Yard—Taylor, Pennsylvania		0:49 1-5
Dives, Harvard		0:49 1-5
The 880-Yard—Parsons, Yale		1:56
Lightbody, Chicago		1:57
One Mile—Lightbody, Chicago		4:25
Hurdles—Amsler, Pennsylvania		15 3-5
Armstrong, Princeton		15 4-5
Broad Jump—Simons, Princeton		23:02½
High Jump—Risley, Syracuse		6:02
Pole Vault—McLanahan, Yale		12:09½
Dray, Yale		11:10½
Shot Put—Coe, Michigan		49:06

From this table it will be seen that in only two events is the Olympic team superior to a team of college stars which could be selected, and in only one event are the records the same. In all of the others the college men have the advantage. It will be evident at once that the Olympic team is composed very largely of ex-college athletes, but not of the best.

FISTIC DOPE FROM 'FRISCO

Referee Criticised for Not Stopping the Neil-Tenny Bout.

Fights Will Probably Be Held Every Month as Heretofore.

San Francisco, March 10.—Just before he left his corner for the first round of his fight with Harry Tenney young Frankie Neil said to one of his seconds, "There will be no kiddin' tonight. This is a serious proposition." A serious proposition it surely proved, for Tenny is dead and Neil's triumph is embittered by the knowledge that he caused the death of a game rival.

The crowd expected a desperate battle and it saw one, albeit the affair was far too one-sided. What few contests Tenny engaged in were desperate ones. His former go with Neil at Colma has always been referred to as a sensational, break-neck mill and the sports of the Tonopah match with Monte Attell up among the Nevada ore dumps was even fiercer.

It was the prospect of a bruising bout that drew a much larger gathering than usually attends contests between little men, but who shall say that among those thrilling thousands there was one who foresaw what Spider Kelly coursely, though aptly, terms "a morgue finish."

* * *

Referee Roache has been harshly criticised because he did not stop the contest when Tenny was counted out the first time by the official timekeeper, George Harting. In defense of his actions Roache says that, although he heard Harting say "eight, nine, out," he considered that Tenny was sufficiently straightened up before the time limit expired to be allowed to resume fighting. Furthermore, that he had refereed fights for Tenny before and knew that he had wonderful recuperative qualities, as also the power to deliver a knockdown blow when seemingly far gone.

Roache insists that in his opinion there wasn't a damaging blow struck from the time Tenny regained his feet until he fell and was counted out by Roache himself.

All of which Roachie, on account of his position, is justified in setting forth, but the fact remains that it looked like a genuine knockout and count out when Harting did the tolling. At that a man who would undertake to say that Tenny's life would have been saved if the Harting count out had been recognized would deserve to be regarded as erratic.

* * *

What effect the tragedy will have on the sport in San Francisco remains to be seen. They say that passengers on a train which runs through a herd of cattle have an antipathy to roast beef for months after, and it seems reasonable to infer that local fightgoers will have had enough of "desperate battles" for a spell.

The supervisors, it is understood, have given out that the twelve monthly permits already issued will not be recalled, so that the fight trust may derive consolation from the thought that, though slim houses may be the rule for some time to come, there will not be a complete cessation of fisticuffs.

* * *

No one expects to hear any fight talk with ginger in it for a week or two at least. When the scare is past it is believed there will be an attempt to match Al Kaufmann and Sam Berger. Kaufmann is anxious for the meeting now, although some months ago he said that the friendship existing between Berger and himself made the idea of a contest distasteful.

Just how Berger feels about it is not known. It is believed he would prefer Jack O'Brien or Tommy Burns to Kaufmann as an opponent.

* * *

A strange scene was enacted at the Neil-Tenny fight and, incidentally it showed that the sports "would love a mill" give freely when their sympathies are touched.

Billy Jordan, the veteran announcer, made an appeal to the crowd in behalf of the widow and orphans of a man named Patterson, who was drowned in the Valencia wreck. Mike (Twin) Sullivan, Eddie Hanlon, Sam Berger, Al Kaufmann and other knights of the mitt were sent around to collect, and the ring was soon covered with coins. Halves, quarters and dimes came shivering down from the gallery in a steady rain and bunches of bills were handed in through the ropes. Each of the fighters contributed from $10 to $20, and when the count up was completed it was found that about $620 had been secured for the widow and orphans.

W. W. NAUGHTON.

FOUGHT TWENTY ROUNDS TO DRAW

Fight Between Kelly and Sullivan Was a Close Contest.

Los Angeles, March 10.—The fight between Hugo Kelly of Chicago and Jack (Twin) Sullivan of Boston was declared a draw at the end of twenty rounds. Kelly had all the better of the fighting to the fifteenth round, and in the fourth put Sullivan down for the count of eight, and again in the twelfth came near ending the contest with a knockout. Kelly punished Sullivan in the early part of the fight, and kept blood running from his nose from the fourth to the twelfth round. After the sixteenth round Sullivan made a strong fight, outfighting Kelly and forcing him to hold on in the clinches in order to avoid punishment. Sullivan's body blows during the last five rounds had the effect of taking considerable steam out of Kelly, and he slowed up just when it seemed he had the fight won.

OUT TO-DAY

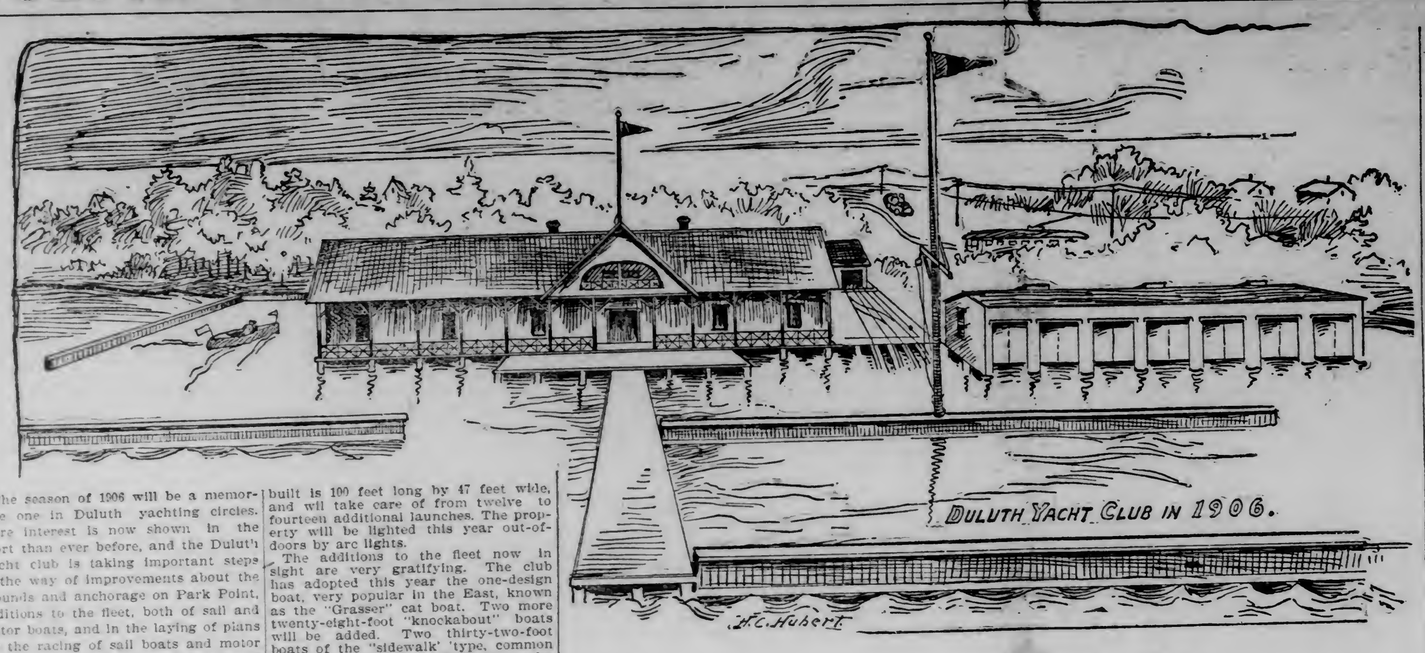
The Reach Official American League Guide for 1906 contains everything about Base-Ball and in addition a large half-tone photograph of the greatest game in the World's Series

10c at all news- and sporting-goods-dealers, or by mail.

A. J. REACH CO., Philadelphia

DEFECTIVE PAGE | INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DULUTH YACHT CLUB HAS INTERESTING PLANS FOR COMING SUMMER.



DULUTH YACHT CLUB IN 1906.

The season of 1906 will be a memorable one in Duluth yachting circles. More interest is now shown in the sport than ever before, and the Duluth Yacht club is taking important steps in the way of improvements about the grounds and anchorage on Park Point, additions to the fleet, both of sail and motor boats, and in the laying of plans for the racing of sail boats and motor boats the coming summer. A series of good motor boat races in August will be a feature new to local waters.

This organization has the honor of being the pioneer in providing suitable accommodations for gasoline launches and their owners. The club roster the first of the season showed eighteen of

THE LAUNCH SKIBO.

these boats as belonging to members, and this summer a number of new ones are promised, among them being some fast motor boats of the most approved type.

The membership is being added to at a rapid rate. Every inducement is offered new members of the right sort. It is not necessary for a person to own a boat to get a lot of enjoyment out of the club. The organization itself has several sail boats for the use of members, so that a good opportunity is offered those desiring to learn to sail, and the spirit of goodfellowship is so prevalent among those who do own boats that they are always eager and glad to add to their crews from among the members. During all of last season, for instance, there was not a day on which races were held that some of the crews were not short one man or more, and it was necessary to obtain recruits from the spectators, and even then it frequently happened that the yachts went into the race short-handed, in some cases there being only one man to look after the operation of the boat. Launching parties are frequently formed, and the club picnics to Allouez bay

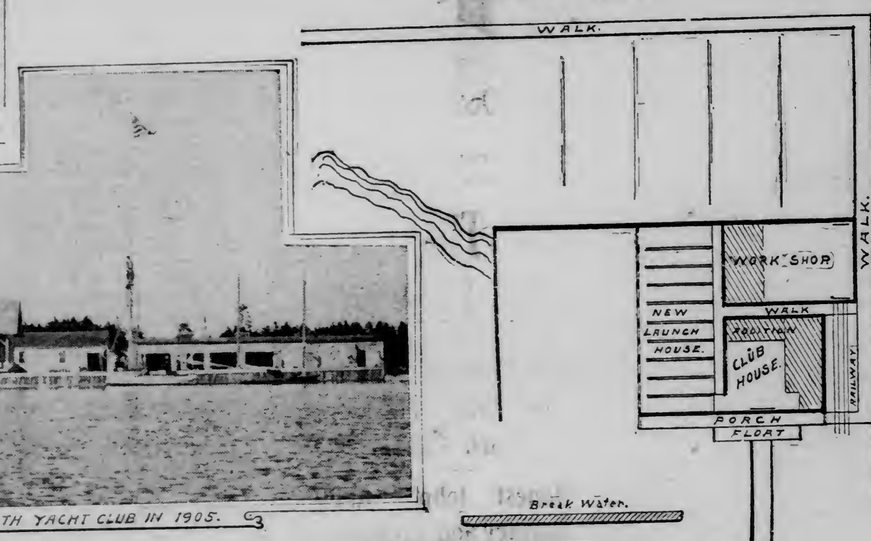
DULUTH YACHT CLUB IN 1905.

built is 100 feet long by 47 feet wide, and will take care of from twelve to fourteen additional launches. The property will be lighted this year out-of-doors by arc lights.

The additions to the fleet now in sight are very gratifying. The club has adopted this year the one-design boat, very popular in the East, known as the "Grasser" cat boat. Two more twenty-eight-foot "knockabout" boats will be added. Two thirty-two-foot boats of the "sidewalk' type, common to White Bear lake and other nearby lakes, have been contracted for. At the close of the present season there will be about seventy-five boats of all classes constituting the fleet, with an approximate value of $15,000. An anchorage has been secured adjacent to the proposed "White City" and the Allouez bay landing will be improved. "Taking time by the forelock," six iceboats will be built during the coming summer for use next winter.

The club has kept a man in charge

H.C. Hubert



of the property all through the winter in order to accommodate ice yachting and skating, as well as to guard the property of the members stored at the clubhouse; also to give members an opportunity to work on their boats during the winter months.

A supply of gasoline is kept on hand for launches. The marine railway last season saved members a great deal in time and money in making light and heavy repairs. The hoisting spar on the pier has proven a great accommodation to boat owners.

Although the schedule has not been made up, the probabilities are that races will be sailed by the eighteen-foot and twenty-two-foot classes on Tuesdays and Thursdays, and by all classes on Saturdays and public holidays. A

SPAR AND TACKLE.

holding meets in these waters, rather than sending boats to other ports at great expense; nevertheless, it is the strong ambition of the club to compete next year for the Lipton cup at Chicago, and the Walker trophy at Detroit.

It is almost a certainty that next year the club will own a cruising boat of the yawl type, or sea-going ketch. This will make it possible for the members to take moderately long cruises to points on Lake Superior, or even to Lake Michigan and other lake ports, under the care of experienced navigators. Eventually Duluth will have a fleet of this type of boat.

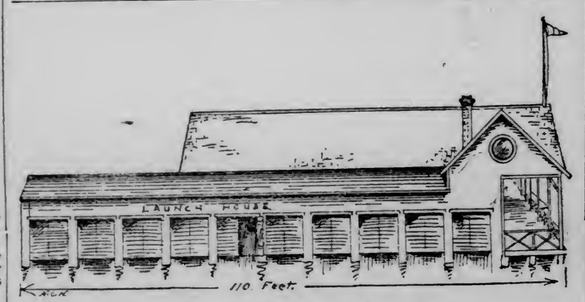
The present officers of the club are: Commodore, H. Johnson; vice commodore, F. N. Lyman; secretary, H. A. Earnshaw; treasurer, J. A. Roth; captain, R. W. Marshall.

* * *

The following clipping from the Duluth Evening Herald of Friday, June 13, 1890, gives the history of the formal organization of the Duluth Yacht club, which had existed for about two years previous, but in an unorganized state:

"Nearly all of the owners of Duluth

PRESENT LOCATION AS IT APPEARED IN JANUARY, 1905.



PROPOSED NEW LAUNCH HOUSE.

V. Gilbert, E. Falconer, Charles P. Lindner, P. Schroeder, Edward Hennebery, J. W. Nelson, D. J. Clow, Fred Hartley, A. T. Crossly, D. K. Pierson, W. C. Sargent, Charles Campbell and Fred W. Boldrick. W. C. Sargent was the first commodore.

The club thus organized carried on the sport with various degrees of enthusiasm and success until about 1894, and the following letter, dated July 29, 1902, by the late Samuel V. Gilbert, gives the history. This letter is found in the club scrapbook:

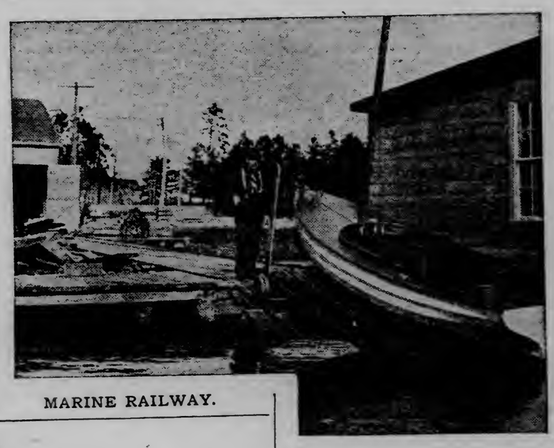
"As will be seen by the secretary's report for the year 1894 we were not able to hold an annual meeting, as although notices were duly sent out, we could not get a quorum—in fact, the Duluth Yacht club was getting 'drowsy,' and that year started in on its six years' sleep. During this 'sleep' considerable change took place in the manner of yachting in Duluth harbor. The gasoline yacht was discovered, the improvements to the Duluth canal were commenced and the old dyke in the harbor was destroyed, so that when the Duluth Yacht club awoke in 1902, it

28-FOOT "KNOCKABOUT."

18-FOOT CATBOAT—LARK TYPE

ization will show a big increase the present season, it is believed that even more new members will be added in the season of 1907, and that the number of names on the rolls will be added to from year to year, until the club becomes one of the largest and most influential on the lakes.

One of the strongest attractions for new members for 1907 will be the cruising boat, which it is proposed to secure for the club before the opening of the 1907 season. This will appeal strongly to the younger set, for a good deal of



MARINE RAILWAY.

will be out in it for a week or two, and immediately on its arrival in port another party may perhaps be ready to step aboard and start on a cruise down the lake.

Besides the safety side, there is another advantage of having a professional in charge of the boat. He will know all the finer points of the sport, and will have instructions to impart all of this knowledge possible to the men under him. In this way a large portion of the new members will be well served in the art of sailing by the end of the season, for there is nothing like a long cruise on the lake to make one learn quickly.

A fact that is going to help to bring the Duluth Yacht club to the front in interlake yachting circles is the fact that other and larger organizations along the lake have manifested a keen

THE CLUBHOUSE FLOAT.

fair to be shown by the growth of the club since they were written and the present outlook for a still larger field of operations.

The reorganization of the club took place in 1902, and a growing interest was taken in the sport during 1903 and 1904, being largely brought about by the adoption of the modern one-design class of boats. Six 28-foot sloops were added to the fleet, all of one type, during 1904, after two years' hard work to secure this end. It soon became evident that to secure a full development of the club, headquarters were required adapted specially to this form of sport.

A location was secured on Park

FOR A YOUNG SAILOR.

pleasure will be derived from it. The boat will be sufficiently large and well equipped to allow of long trips being taken in it on the lake, and as it will at all times be in charge of a competent sailing master, a professional, probably, there will be perfect safety in taking a cruise in it.

Members will be able to make a cruise down the lakes as far as Detroit, if they so desire, or even farther. It will be an easy matter for them to take a run up to Two Harbors, or to Isle Royale, and there are numerous spots of interest on Lake Superior that can be visited in this manner. The membership of the club will probably be large enough to keep the cruiser going most of the summer. One party

interest in its welfare, and are doing everything possible to help it along. Particularly is this true of the Columbia Yacht club of Chicago, the largest club on the lakes, which has in charge every year the Lipton cup races at Chicago.

The more clubs there are in good standing along the lakes the better will be the sport at the races held annually at Chicago, and also those at Detroit, and this is one of the principal reasons why Chicago and other yachting centers are taking such an interest in Duluth at present. Duluth will not be able to race for the Lipton cup this year, but it is expected that she will be in a condition to get into the game in 1907.

are among the most enjoyable events of the year. Then there are dances, and smokers, and always the comfortable accommodations on the Point where members may go with their friends.

At the close of the season of 1905 the club numbered 215 members. To take care of the increased membership during 1906 work is already under way on a number of improvements to the club house and anchorage.

The directors of the club are aiming to follow the good old rule of "pay as you go," hence are obligated to forego many elaborations which would be ornamental, but not absolutely necessary. Special attention is being paid to the cafe accommodations, and to the comfort of those who are devotees of swimming.

The new launch house, now being

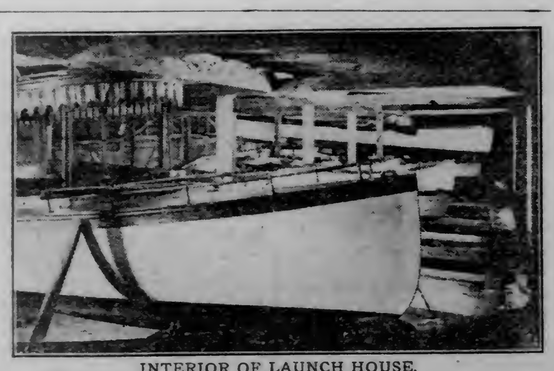
special series will be raced with the Superior yachtsmen in the thirty-two-foot class.

The fast motor boats will also be given an opportunity to show their speed qualities as often as their owners desire.

There will be at least two picnics to Allouez bay for all members and their friends. A visit to the Glitchinadji club in St. Louis bay is also possible.

A series of motor boat races will be held in August, in which prominent manufacturers of the country will be represented. This carnival will end with a grand Venetian fete or water parade.

The club smokers have been such a success that more will be given in the future. As far as possible the policy of the club is to have the sport reflect credit upon the city of Duluth by



INTERIOR OF LAUNCH HOUSE.

yachts met last evening in the Spalding hotel in accordance with the call published in Wednesday's Herald, to take action toward perfecting the arrangement of the sailing races in the coming regatta. The regatta management has set aside $500 for prizes to yachts and sailboats in the coming regatta, and in order to have some system about the contest and for the purpose of starting a permanent organization, this meeting was called. There are several gentlemen in Duluth now waiting to build yachts only for the fact that at the present time there is no accepted standard of measurement, time allowance or classification of boats for present owners and intended yacht owners. Nor will money be put in good boats here to any great extent until these questions are decided by a yacht club.

"A committee of three boat owners, consisting of Henry S. Mahon, L. N. Wood and Samuel V. Gilbert, was appointed to draft by-laws, sailing regulations, rules and time allowances, and submit them to a meeting which has been called for next Tuesday night at the Spalding. A membership committee of Dr. McAuliffe and Mr. Falconer will endeavor to acquaint all other yacht owners with the intentions of those present last evening and get them out next Tuesday evening."

On Tuesday, June 17, 1890, the gentlemen interested held a meeting at which the constitution, by-laws and sailing regulations were signed by the following charter members: E. C. Jones, H. E. Maloney, James McAuliffe, Samuel

LAUNCH MAID MARIAN.

was stronger than ever, for all the true yachtsmen were still alive and present conditions were more advantageous for the sport.

"This book is turned over to my successor with the hope that it will be added to and safeguarded, being the seed from which will start the history of possibly a widely-known Duluth Yacht club."

That these last lines of Mr. Gilbert's letter were strangely prophetic bids

Point, two blocks south of the United States life saving station, ideal for the purpose of anchorage and clubhouse, being removed from the busy north end of the harbor, with its docks and other obstructions to sailing, and yet not too far to be easily and quickly reached by members. The location looked unpromising enough before building operations were commenced, but presentable quarters with adequate accommodations for members and boats were erected during the spring of 1905. Four 18-foot larks were added to the fleet and all the old boat owners came out of their hiding places about the harbor and enrolled under the club flag. Nor were the public-spirited citizens of Duluth backward in lending aid.

* * *

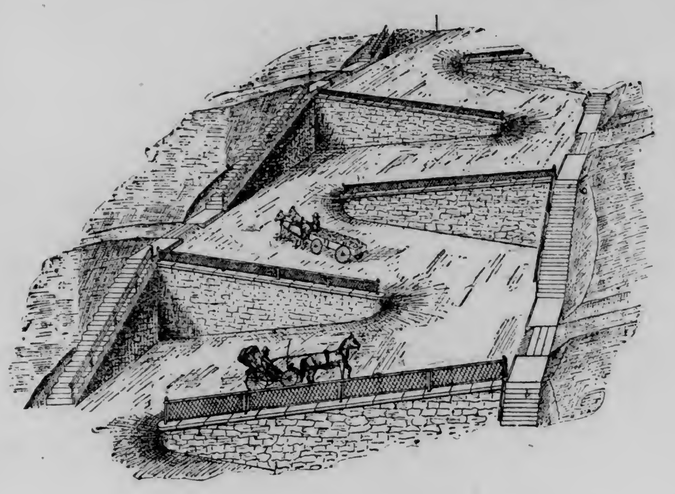
It would be difficult to find a club with more enthusiastic members. New members are being added daily, and when the opening gun is fired at the beginning of the season it is expected that the membership list will not be far short of 400 members.

While the membership of the organ-

INTERIOR OF WORK SHOP.

SINUOUS ROADWAY FOR STEEP HILLS

Winding Pathway About Twenty Feet Wide Proposed for Fifth and Sixth Avenues East---Chain Gang to Do the Work.



Proposed Sinuous Roadway for reducing grades on steep Avenues. 23% grade reduced to 10%

CITY ENGINEERS OFFICE.

PLAN Nº 1418.

"Duluth's Avenues and What To Do With Them" is a subject to which the engineering department has given not a little thought and study during the winter months while work has been somewhat slack, and many plans for improving and beautifying them and also for making the steeper of them accessible to teams, have been evolved.

Avenues such as Fifth and Sixth avenues east offer engineering problems which give a wide range for ingenuity, and there are several schemes suggested for reducing the grade, or making it possible for teams to climb them.

One of the most discussed plans is that for a rolling roadway, such as is now in use in Cleveland, Ohio. This, however, would not be feasible in the residence districts, owing to the cost of installing and operating it. On short stretches of street where the traffic is very heavy, as on lower Fifth and Third avenues, it might prove a paying proposition to install one of the rolling roadways for the accommodation of the numerous teams which are compelled to use them, but in avenues such as Fifth and Sixth avenues east, such a plan would be out of the question for years to come.

For such avenues as these, the city engineering department has evolved a plan to reduce the grade by means of a sinuous roadway. The road is turned into a winding pathway about twenty feet in width, which bends back and forth along the right of way of the street. The roadway is made wide enough for two teams to pass each other.

By means of this sinuous roadway the grade on any of the avenues in the city could be reduced to between nine and ten per cent. The grade of Third avenue west is about a 10 per cent grade, which is about the highest grade possible for teams to ascend with any degree of comfort.

It is the plan of the city engineering department to have the chain gang put to work grading such avenues as Fifth and Sixth east, in this manner. The work need not be rushed, but the prisoners could be kept busy at it during the time they were not actually needed at other work, and in the course of time, these avenues could be made passable for teams at a very small cost to the city.

With the rolling roadways for the avenues in the business districts where the traffic is very heavy, and the sinuous roadways for the avenues in the other parts of the city which are too steep for a team to ascend without some such assistance, the problem of Duluth's hills would be, to a great extent, solved.

The accompanying sketch was prepared by the engineering department to show the manner in which the sinuous roadway could be constructed every retaining walls are constructed every twenty feet, in order that the lateral grade of the street may be level.

The roadway should be paved with some material that is not slippery, like cedar blocks or sandstone.

The sidewalks on each side of the roadway are built with steps beside each retaining wall.

Such a roadway could be used on a score or more of the avenues in the city, especially those through the West end, and Fifth and Sixth avenues east.

In connection with the consideration of the avenues, City Clerk Cheadle has a plan for parking every second avenue in the residence district of the city.

Many of these avenues are now badly in need of paving, and the work would be for the most part a useless expense. The traffic on some of the avenues in the East end is very light, and every second avenue could be easily be closed to traffic and parked at a much less expense than it would take to pave it. The alleys and streets would give access to all the property on the avenues, for delivery wagons, and every second avenue would be frequent enough connection between the streets.

"The plan of parking the avenues which are used but little, is an excellent one," said City Engineer McGilvray, in speaking of the subject. "I believe the time will come when you will see some of the avenues parked that way, and others which ascend the steeper hills graded with these sinuous roadways. These improvements would add greatly to the beauty of the city, a well as making it easier for teams and vehicles of all kinds to ascend the hills, and they would help make Duluth one of the most picturesque cides in the country.

"It is only by some such plan as this sinuous roadway, that avenues as steep as Fifth and Sixth east, could be improved at all. A straight grade there would be inaccessible to teams or even to a horse and buggy, and if these avenues and many of those in the West end are ever to be put through, some such plan will have to be adopted."

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER

(Continued from page 1, second section.)

required, and seems to demonstrate the efficiency of the plant. The power plant of the Victoria, while not absolutely unique, is one of the very few of its sort. A canal leads from the west branch of the Ontonagon river to three shafts, down which the water pours for more than 300 feet. Hundreds of small air pipes lead into the three shafts, and the air entering the small pipes is sucked downward by the swiftly falling water, to rise underground in an air chamber of solid rock. The water is drawn off from below and the compressed air from above to actuate the entire power plants of both mine and mill. The Victoria is the only Lake Superior mine that enjoys the advantage of natural power, and in consequence should obtain exceptionally cheap costs in both its mining and milling departments. All the other mines of the district use steam power generated by coal, the coal consumption of the Lake mines crowding one million tons yearly. The Calumet & Hecla is installing a very large and complete central electric plant at Lake Linden, and eventually will actuate the bulk of its machinery by electricity. The Bigelow mines have given consideration to the installation of a central electric plant at some convenient point, presumably at Dollar Bay, for the operation of all four mines, and the plan will be taken up in earnest at some future date. The Quincy utilizes electric power extensively for the purpose of underground traction, and electricity is employed for many minor uses at a majority of the mines of the district.

The Quincy in maintaining a good product, notwithstanding the underground troubles. The so-called airblasts at the Quincy are miniature earthquakes, and are serious matters, both for the mine and its employes. Lives have been lost through them, and the miners have become seriously alarmed—so much so that a great many men have left the property, which is now working short-handed. The newer Mesnard workings of the mine will reach the point of large production within the next two or three years, and will prove a great assistance to the property, in case the air-blasts interfere seriously with working the older shafts, either through crushing the openings or scaring the men so that adequate forces cannot be employed.

The destruction of No. 3 shafthouse, at the Wolverine, will not materially reduce production by the mine, though it will mean close figuring and hard work to keep the output up to normal while the structure is being rebuilt. It is to be hoped that the burned shafthouse will be replaced in steel. The steel shafthouses cost a trifle more at the start and require a much longer time for erection, but once up are permanent.

The plans of J. D. Hague and associates have not been made public. It is informed that the 240 acres bought of the Shelden-Douglass estate are supposed to carry the "Tomahawk" lode, discovered by E. J. Hurlbut, the discoverer of the Calumet & Hecla, and the local impression is that Mr. Hurlbut, now living in retirement in Rome, is associated in some manner with Mr. Hague in the new deal.

The resumption of work at the Oneco, tentatively announced some weeks ago, has not arrived yet. It is planned, however, to do something in the way of exporatory work on the property this season.

The exploring shaft of the Arcadian remains in promising ground. With a tract so large that its boundary line is seventeen and one-half miles in length, it would be contrary to past experience if something of value were not found in time. The only weak point in the program is that nobody knows how much time will be required. It also would add to public confidence in the Arcadian were some sort of a public statement to be made, and the patient shareholders given some sort of an idea of how the company's finances stood.

The Ashbed mine has reached the second level on the new winze, and has begun drifting thereon. The rumor that the Phoenix was to resume work on the Ashbed lode seems to have been premature.

It is expected that the completion of the Keweenaw Central railway will give the signal for resumption of work at a number of Keweenaw county enterprises at which something has been done from time to time during the past ten years in the way of exploration. The facility with which supplies and machinery can be landed on any of the Keweenaw county properties must tend to the increase of exploratory and development work.

The Keweenaw Copper company has several drills at work, and the Calumet & Hecla company is working about fifty men at the shaft on the Montreal river lode of the old Delaware mine. The work on the railroad is now so well advanced that the line will be in full running order within a few months.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

NEW BUTTE DISTRICT BUSY

(Continued from page 1, second section.)

company has been doing most of its work on the 1,200-foot level.

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Articles of incorporation of two Butte mining companies have been filed in the office of County Clerk Gilroy. The Butte Central Copper Mining and Smelting company was organized to develop and operate the Ophir mine and other copper companies. The Ophir mine is located between Dakota and Montana streets north of the B., A. & P. railway tracks. The company has a capitalization of $2,500,000 in shares of the value of $5 each. The directors and trustees of the company and the amount of shares subscribed for by each are: Sam A. Hall, Butte, 499,994 shares; J. L. Wines, Butte, one share; G. E. Blackburn, Butte, one share; Levi M. Strong, Amsterdam, N. Y., one share.

The Ophir is one of the oldest mines in Butte. It was first located as a placer claim. There have been extensive workings upon the property and much money was taken out from time to time by the original locators and leasers. There is a shaft about 300 feet deep on the mine and much underground workings. It was stated yesterday that work would be begun immediately unwatering the mine, and as soon as this work is completed the shaft will be sunk to a depth of 1,000 feet. It is believed the water can be taken out of the shaft and underground workings in two or three weeks.

The Butte Green Copper company was organized with a capital of $500,000, in shares of the value of $1 each. The trustees and stockholders of the company and the number of shares subscribed for by each are: Sam A. Hall, 499,998; Morgan Strong, one share; Isaac Peterson, one share. Twenty men are at work upon the Green mine, near the Belmont, and from fifteen to twenty tons of good copper ore is being hoisted for shipment every day.

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The St. Lawrence mine adjoins the Raven mine on the west and is in demand just now, several persons having applied for a bond on it during the last week. It also adjoins a portion of the Pacific, owned by the Butte & Boston, and is due west of the Buffalo an Anaconda company mine. It is nearly a full claim. It is owned by J. R. Bordeaux and others, Mr. Bordeaux holding a half interest in it. Walter C. Lewis owns a sixth. Edward Waterbury, a sixth, and Mrs. S. A. Kennicott, a sixth. If location counts for anything, the St. Lawrence is undoubtedly good property, like its namesake, the St. Lawrence, which adjoins the Anaconda on the south.

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The Cable Consolidated Mining company has been organized in Pittsburg for the purpose of taking over the property of the Cable Lease Mining company, which has been operating the Cable mine, about fifty miles west of Butte. The new company is the result of the efforts of George I. Whitney and others and is organized under the laws of the state of Maine. The officers are: President, F. W. Bacorn of Butte; secretary, H. H. Robinson; treasurer, Stansbury Sutton; directors, F. W. Bacorn, H. L. W. Hyde, Stansbury Sutton, Joshua Rhodes, Jr., E. B. Buchanan, H. H. Robinson and H. C. Bacorn. The capitalization is $2,500,000, in shares of $1 each, par. The object of forming the new corporation is to place the Cable enterprise on a larger and more substantial basis than heretofore. According to the circular issued by the company, application will be made to list the stock on the Pittsburg exchange. Mr. Whitney and his associates have acquired certain interests representing the ownership of more than 95 per cent of the mining property at present under lease to the Cable Lease Mining company, together with placers, water rights and other valuable property. Mr. Whitney is to turn over to the new company all of this property and $150,000 in cash, and the latter is to be used by the new company as a working capital and reserve. In exchange for this Mr. Whitney is to receive 1,500,000 shares of the capital stock of the new corporation.

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All of the large copper producers in the Butte district are extracting their customary tonnage of ore daily. The United Copper mines are yielding about 1,500 ton a day, and the mines of the Amalgamated 11,000 with liberal shipments from the Clark properties and smaller operators. The Pittsburg company is mining about 200 tons a day. It shipped five carloads of copper to the Nicholas Chemical works in New York last month and expects to send out a similar number this month. The principal mining operations are being carried on in the 1,200-foot levels.

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The Columbus-Butte company has cut its pay shoot on the bottom level, which gives it about 98 feet of stoping ground between the point at which it was first struck and the lower level. It is now crosscutting from the lower level to the point at which it intends to sink the new three-compartment shaft, and is also sinking from the surface to make a connection with an up-raise that will be started as soon as the crosscut is finished. Work in all parts of the property is progressing rapidly. About twenty feet from the lower station the crosscut encountered another vein, the width of which is not yet known.

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Work was started last week on the MacDonald shaft at the East Butte properties. A two-compartment opening will he made to a depth of several hundred feet, after which considerable exploration work will be done. A good strike was made at the East Butte about two weeks ago, the influence of which was noticeable on the curb.

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The West Butte company has recently secured an option upon a number of promising mines in addition to its own valuable property, upon which work is soon to be actively begun. One of the mines upon which an option is to be secured adjoins the Jesse, the latter fine copper property being one of the chief holdings of the North Butte company.

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During the past week work has started on the new vertical shaft at the Columbus-Butte. General Manager Ed Higgins announced that the shaft will be raised and sunk at the same time, and it will be completed before many weeks. At the present time there is an incline shaft on the Jennie Dell down about 350 feet. A crosscut has been run to a distance of about seventy feet, from which point the vertical shaft will be raised.

GOOD RESULTS AT BISBEE

(Continued from page 1, second section.)

equipment has been overdue at the mine for some weeks. Its lack occasioned the cessation of work on the lower levels some time ago, the pumping equipment on hand not having been equal to keeping the shaft clear of water.

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The production of copper at the smelters in Douglas, taken as a whole, was slightly below what it was in the month of January. The Calumet & Arizona smelter produced for the month of February 3,852,510 pounds, a falling off of a little more than one million pounds from the January production, which went slightly over five million pounds.

The ore fed in the Calumet & Arizona furnaces during January was unusually high grade, and the production for that month was abnormally large. The February production is above the average of other months since the plant was enlarged by the addition of the new furnace last year, when the twenty-eight-day month is taken into consideration. Work is progressing on the furnace at the Calumet & Arizona, and as all the material required has been received, its completion will be announced in the near future. The trestle work is being pushed, and all the material has been received for its completion. Over this trestle the ore cars will be run to the feed floor, which will greatly facilitate the work and reduce the expense of handling.

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The Copper Queen smelter last month produced about 8,000,000 pounds, which is an increase of nearly half a million pounds over the preceding month. February being three days shorter than January, the result was considered as quite satisfactory. It is expected that March will show a still greater increase. The Eastern coke being used during February has been one of the causes of increased production, as this coke is more desirable than the coke in the Western fields.

Furnace No. 5, on which work has been proceeding, has been completed and is now in commission. This was one of the original furnaces built. It has been overhauled and greatly increased in capacity. It is the intention to overhaul all the original furnaces and to make them larger.

Work will soon begin on another, probably No. 4. It has not yet been definitely decided as to the proposed reverberatory furnaces, as the one being put in as an experiment by the Phelps-Dodge people of Morenci has not yet been completed.

Water for the Copper Queen smelter is now coming from the artesian well in the valley. A new mill has been sunk near the smelter, and it has been demonstrated that an abundance of water can be secured from it to supply all future demands.

Work on No. 9 furnace has not yet been started, but it will begin during the present month. There has been some delay on account of inability to secure the required material.

MENOMINEE RANGE

(Continued from page 1, second section.)

the ledge will be reached successfully within the near future.

IRON MOUNTAIN—NORWAY DISTRICT.

The output of the Antoine Ore company's Traders mine, a milling property at Iron Mountain, Menominee range, will not be less than 200,000 tons this season, which means a material increase in the working force in comparison with last year. It is the purpose of the company to sink a new shaft. This will be located 150 feet south of the present opening, which is in ore and will be abandoned, the deposit lying between the two locations, in fact, being of large extent. Four new mills have been prepared during the winter, and additional stripping, a contract for which was recently awarded, will be done throughout the coming season. Notable improvements have been planned in the way of equipment. Aside from a new crusher plant and increased boiler capacity, an order has been placed for a new hoist. This will be a double drum engine, with a capacity of elevating a four-ton load 600 feet a minute. The foundation is in course of construction, and it is expected to have the new plant in motion before the opening of navigation. Contracts have been let for the erection of two new boarding houses sufficient in size to jointly accommodate 100 men. The lack of accommodations of this kind has heretofore necessitated running a special coach over the C. M. & St. P. road night and morning from Iron Mountain.

Superintendent McDermott, in charge of the operations at the Buffalo & Susquehanna company's Munro mine, also in Dickinson county, is in receipt of instructions to prepare the property for an increased output this season. The work of freeing the workings of water has been started. It is expected to begin shipping during the present month, and to forward to the docks not less than 100,000 tons during the season. The Royalty Development company, recently organized under the laws of Wisconsin, has secured control of three forties west of the Munro. Considerable work has been done on the property, and the existence of a considerable body of low grade ore, similar to that mined at the Munro, has been established. In the city of Norway, the Cambria Steel company's Penn Mining company has started diamond drilling at the rear of the Gaynor building.

THE MARQUETTE RANGE

(Continued from page 1, second section.)

room for two skips and a ladder way. The boilers for the hoisting plant also are on the ground, and will be set up as soon as the repairs have been made to the shaft.

It is the understanding that shaft sinking will be started this spring by the Steel corporation on the old so-called race track property west of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company's Maas mine at Negaunee. Residence property has been acquired in the vicinity, the company owning the mineral rights, and the houses either have or will be moved away. Diamond drilling has been in progress for some time, the ore lying deep, and the location of the shaft has been pretty well determined. The opening of a mine here, together with the development of the Maas, will very largely put a stop to the extension of the city in that direction.

Practically all work in connection with the installation of the underground electric haulage system at the Steel corporation's Blue mine at Negaunee has been completed, and a test will be given during the coming week of the new method of tramming. In connection with the work a lighting plant has been installed in place of the old one, which was removed to make room for it. An improvement in progress is the construction of a large launder through which the water of Partridge creek will be diverted for a portion of its course. The launder is being built to permit of a number of changes in the underground operations at the Regent group. It will start at a point above the Blue mine, will describe a detour about the ground above the mineral deposit and empty into the creek bed below. The launder will be 820 feet long, five by five feet in inside dimensions and will require the use of nearly 50,000 feet of lumber. It is expected that it will be finished in about a month, when the brook will be turned from its old bed and make to flow through it.

The waters of Partridge creek also are to be diverted on the lands of the Freitung Iron and Mary Charlotte companies, associated mining concerns, but of necessity by a more expensive method. By an agreement reached in 1892, when the city's sewerage system was installed, the municipality was given permission to discharge its sewage into the creek on the lands of the companies until such time as cause would arise making a change desirable. Last fall the unexpected happened when ore was discovered in new workings in the Mary Charlotte mine which extended under the brook. The city was at once notified, and as a result of subsequent negotiations, instead of a covered sewer, which under the terms of the agreement the municipality was required to build, there will be constructed a new channel for carrying the waters of the brook and the sewerage around the companies' land, the cost of which will be borne to the extent of $7,000 by the city and the remainder by the companies. The new channel will be about three-quarters of a mile long, 750 feet of this by means of a tunnel through a hill, the lower approach to which will be continued in the form of a drift under the surface to a point where it is deemed advisable to resume the open cut canal. At the present outlet of the sewer a dam will be built deep enough to back up the water and divert it into the new course.

Considering the refractory nature of the ground, excellent progress is being made with the sinking of the double compartment shaft the Jones & Laughlin company is putting down on the Rolling Mill property at Negaunee. Something over fifty-five feet were made during the month of February. Sinking operations were begun from the surface last May, and with the exception of interruptions in consequence of the installation of machinery and pumps headway has been steady ever since. The shaft, 12 by 14 feet in dimensions is now down about 400 feet, and is a model of its kind. Sinking will be continued to a depth of at least 800 feet, but when a depth of 450 feet has been reached a sump will be cut out for the installation of a No. 10 pump and it is likely some exploration will be done at that point. It will take about eight months more to sing the shaft to the depth It is planned to attain, the calculations being based on diamond drill borings made last summer, and when it is complete it will be divided into three compartments, one for a ladder way, one for a timber and man cage, and the largest for a skipway, in which a three-ton skip will likely be run. The formation in which the miners are now working is a moderate jasper. The shaft has been growing wetter with increase of depth, as is natural, but the present pumping facilities have no trouble in taking care of the water and operations are not hampered.

Present prospects are that a number of the abandoned mines in the Humboldt district, west of Ishpeming, Marquette range, will be wrought again at no distant date. The properties in and near the Humboldt location have been idle for some years, the Foxdale, the last to be operated, having been closed down because of lack of funds with which to properly conduct the work. A short time ago, Ogilbay, Norton & Company, operators of properties on the Menominee range, took an option on the old Hungerford mine and it is expected that work will be resumed there in the spring. Now it is announced that the Breitung interests intend to systematically explore the Washington mine, the oldest in the district, and that work will be started as soon as the snow leaves the ground in the spring. The mine will be pumped out and diamond drills put to work to test the iron formation from the bottom of the old pit. The Washington, like the other Humboldt mines, has never been properly explored, as it was wrought in the early days of the range, when mining methods were crude and little was known of formations. The property gave the late Edward Breitung, who became very wealthy, his first start in mining. George A. St. Clair, for some years now a successful operator on the Messaba range, was his mining captain.

The Washington Iron company, controlled by the Breitung interests, has a large acreage in the Humboldt district, its holdings extending as far as the Clarksburg bridge and west beyond the Baron or Humboldt mine. It was at the latter property that Messrs. Maas, Lonstorf and Micheell, all of whom subsequently achieved fame and wealth in the Lake Superior region, received their first start in mining, they having taken on a twenty-year lease and operated it with excellent success until it was closed down. At the time work was suspended at the Baron there were some fine stopes of ore in sight, with indications that larger deposits would be encountered. A few drill holes bored near the Baron and Foxdale show that the ore dipping that way runs to a depth of several hundred feet, while on the east end of the district it is found nearer surface, although its depth has never been determined. There are a number of shallow pits toward the Clarksburg or east end in which ore was struck a few feet from surface. The Foxdale is well equipped with machinery and shaft house and other buildings. In it, as well as at the old Baron and Washington, miners formerly employed there declare that ore will be found in great quantities. Ore that did not run 65 per cent iron was not touched, they say, and there is any amount of ore below that grade in the different mines, with excellent prospects of the discovery of large deposits of the higher quality. It has been surprising that the mines were permitted to remain idle so long, and it is predicted that Humboldt will yet boast of as large mines as the Republic and Champion, famous properties in the western portion of the range.

W. J. Pascoe, a pioneer resident of Humboldt, has a very promising tract a short distance from that location, but more in line with the American and Dexter property than those at Humboldt. He put down a few pits a few years ago with satisfactory results. Sufficient ore was found to give assurance that some day the tract would be taken over by strong interests and developed, but not much effort has ever been made to interest mining operators. At the American property, which was recently taken over by M. A. Hanna & Co., a force of twenty men is engaged on work preliminary to mining development. A portable steam plant has been installed, but the removal of the water from the shaft will not be started until two large boilers, formerly in commission at the East New York mine at Ishpeming, are in place and in working order. It will not take long to fork out the water, as the workings are not very extensive and the mine does not make water rapidly. There is a good pump underground that will be made available for duty as soon as it can be uncovered.

Eight or ten months ago Fort Wayne (Ind.) men secured a lease to the old Riverside mine, near Republic, and organized a corporation known as the Riverside Iron Mining company. It was announced that the property would be watered and that mining operations would be started as soon as the equipment could be put in condition. The machinery was repaired and early last fall pumping operations were begun. Part of the workings were unwatered about a month ago, but the captain did not receive instructions to prepare for mining work. About this time it was whispered that the company's funds were very limited and that it was probable no further work would be done. The climax was reached a few days ago, when a fuel dealer having a claim for $1,200 called a halt on being unable to effect a settlement. The workmen had not been paid in about six weeks, and no satisfactory information concerning future plans could be obtained by the persons interested. The pumps have been stopped, and the mine is again filling with water. Whether the claims will be liquidated and work resumed is problematical, but at the Republic the outlook is considered dubious. Men employed at the property report that there is a favorable showing of ore in the drifts unwatered. The shafts are not connected, making it possible to unwater them separately. The shaft pumped out is about 300 feet deep. The ore measures are rather pinched, with indications, however, of greater width with depth. The ore is of good quality, resembling in many respects that mined at the Republic mine of the Cambria Steel company. Pickands, Mather & Co., who are removing the ore in stock at the old Magnetic mine, eight miles from Republic, have twelve teams engaged in the work. The ore will be shipped by rail to Escanaba, thence by water to eastern furnaces, where it will be given a test, which, if satisfactory, will doubtless be followed by the reopening of the mine. The ore in stock amounts to about 1,000 tons, practically all of which will be taken out.

MINING IN IDAHO.

New and Rich Lead-Silver Producing District Opened Up in Lemhi County---Loon Creek Region is Large Producer.

Boise City, Idaho, March 10.—Pittsburg men and money constitute the combination that has resulted in the opening up of a new and rich lead-silver producing district in Lemhi county. Regular shipments of ore have been made for more than two years past but until a few days no authoritative statement concerning the operations of the company doing the business has been made. A. S. Ross, manager of the Gilmore Mining company, accompanied by I. N. Denoon, a Pittsburg iron and glass manufacturer, have just returned from a trip to the mines accompanied by a Salt Lake expert, E. P. Jennings, and all proclaim that the Texas district, where the mines are being opened, contains vast quantities of rich lead-silver ore such as the smelters of the country are now hustling so hard to find.

Manager Ross states that the Gilmore mine shipped 4,000 tons of ore last year and that the amount will be increased during the present season. Expert Jennings, who examined the property for Mr. Denoon and others, declares that the mine has exposed, down to the 300-foot level beneath the surface, more than 27,000 tons of fine ore. As depth is attained and the big ledge is followed a tremendous tonnage will be opened up and, in the judgment of Mr. Jennings, an extension of the railroad from DuBois, eighty miles to the mines, will become imperative during the next year.

Another Pittsburg crowd, headed by Hugh Ferguson, owns the Liberty property adjoining the Gilmore, and shipments from it will be made during the present season. Over 1,000 tons of ore have been taken out in development during the present winter.

Three miles farther along the great mineral zone in an easterly direction, J. D. Wood and other Salt Lake operators have spent $40,000 during the winter opening their mines, and report has it that they are still buying up claims and preparing for a campaign of development such as only a bonanza proposition would satisfy. It is the opinion of the men who have just returned that the district is going to equal the famous Coeur d'Alenes. The ore being shipped averages 50 per cent lead and 25 ounces of silver a ton.

Over in the Loon Creek region mines of copper, silver and gold are being brought to the front so rapidly that it is next to impossible to believe that three years ago the district was practically unknown. The Lost Packer company will blow in its new 100-ton smelter during the next thirty days. It was ready to go into commission last fall but cold weather made the economical handling of the ore impossible The Lost Packer ore averages better than 10 per cent copper and over $25 in gold, and with the smelter in operation it is expected to earn dividends at the rate of better than $100,000 per month.

Interest has been created here in Boise through the report of A. H. Weatherby that a fabulously rich gold mine from which Isaac P. Swim years ago used to report regularly with consignments of quartz that was more than half gold has been rediscovered. For a long time Swim refused to tell where the mine was located, and when finally he decided to let some of his friends share the secret he was taken sick and died on the way to camp. That was in 1880. The man who has found the mine is an Eastern tenderfoot named F. P. Andrews. It is located near Bonanza, in Custer county, close to the spot where the friends of Swim, who were to have been taken to it, have often declared it was located. Andrews is now in the East, but will return in the spring and operate the property.

ALASKA MINING

Seattle, March 10.—During the past week five steamers loaded heavily with passengers and freight left Seattle for Seward, and it is the purpose of the company to employ these steamers constantly during the season. The company is also employing a large force in railroad construction (wide gauge) for a distance of 400 miles between Seward, Valdez and other points of note near the peninsula. Where one man was engaged in railroad construction last season at least twenty will be employed this. It is estimated that from 10,000 to 20,000 will be employed. There has been no cessation of either railroad or mining work this winter in this part of Alaska.

Among the notable mines in the district is the Summit on Slate Creek, with a tunnel in 150 feet on a 3-foot ledge of ore assaying $127 in copper and gold. This mine is now under bond to Eastern people, with every prospect of a deal.

The Pride, with a small ledge, is making a showing of 4 feet, cropping for a distance of over 1,000 feet, the assays going from 42 to 60 feet in silver and gold.

The Blanche is looking well on the same ledge and is in 50 feet in gold and copper.

The Yellow Jacket is on a big mineral dike a distance of 60 feet, showing two feet of good ore, valued at $25 a ton in gold and copper. There is waterpower sufficient to work it the year round and it is easily made available.

The Clipper is worked by open cut and is 4 feet in width, the ore carrying copper and gold from $10 to $40 a ton.

The Beauty, in the same district, three miles up the Columbia river from Robinson Creek, has a vein 12 feet wide, the ore, copper and gold, going from $40 to $70 a ton.

The Alder group, embracing six claims, is on the Twisp, near the Methow. It carries copper, gold, silver and lead in good qualities and bids fair to make an excellent record. This property can supply a good sized smelter with ore.

CALIFORNIA MINES

San Francisco, March 10.—The ore in the Oneida mine in Amador county is not rich enough to pay for extraction and milling and the company has decided to shut down all work except sinking the winze below the 2,400 foot level. A large amount has been spent on the development of the mine and it is hoped that a higher grade ore may be found at a lowel level.

The Bald Mountain ledge in Siskiyou county assays $27 to $38 a ton. The ledge is 29 feet across at the surface. The rock is free milling and can be handled very cheaply.

W. A. Nivetts has sold to J. W. Pitterson of Fresno the Columbus mine on Moccasin Creek, the Big Oak Mine No. 2 near Big Oak Flat and all of the surface ground on the Rawhide No. 2 quartz mine, all in Tuolumne county. The purchaser will push development on the claims.

A large pump in the Iron Clad mine near Grass Valley dropped to the bottom of the shaft, owing to the heating of a cable. It now lies under 180 feet of water and a duplicate pump has been ordered.

The Golden Bonanza, four and a half miles from Yreka, Siskiyou county, is making a good showing, the ore assaying $18 and the concentrates running $500 to the ton. The ledge is three and a half feet wide.

J. H. Tibbits, superintendent of the Headwaters mine in the Hamburg district, Siskiyou county, has gone to New York and will use his influence to have extensive development work begun in the spring, including a good road and a mill.

A big pocket has been struck in the White Cloud mine near Lewiston on the Trinity river. Henry Ehrmann and E. S. Kise took out in two days over $500 in gold nuggets, one of which was worth $200 and another $50. The lucky men took a bond on the property and had worked only two days when they made this strike. The mine was worked over twenty years ago and $30,000 was taken from one pocket.

BLACK HILLS MINES

Deadwood, S. D., March 10.—Ten stamps are now dropping at the Columbus Mill and the other ten will not be put to work until the mine is more thoroughly opened up. This mill is running at the present time on ore from the Esmeralda property. The ore which is being mined is of high grade and a good per cent of values is being saved. The Columbus has one of the best equipped plants in the Hills and the starting of the mill and the opening up of this property is making a boom at Central City, where the mill is located.

There is a plan on foot to reorganize the Extreme Gold Mining and Milling property, which has been for a few months in the hands of a receiver. It is said that the original incorporators have made a donation to the treasury of the company of 50 per cent of the original issue with the condition that 100,000 shares shall be subscribed for at a very low figure by the minority stockholders.

One of the properties near here which is preparing for a very active year and has every prospect of success is the Big Four company, with property located on Deadwood Gulch. A force of men is now at work unwatering the shaft and a force of men will be put to work sinking the shaft. Three eight-hour shifts will be worked. The company has encountered some excellent ore in its shaft.

LATEST NEWS OF THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS

NEGAUNEE

Negaunee, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Wood of San Francisco concluded a visit here, the guest of Mrs. R. E. Trahan, and departed for her home on Wednesday.

Miss Alice Robertson visited friends here and departed for her home in Escanaba Sunday.

Miss Lydia Balsam and Mrs. Harry Williams spent a few days here visiting their sister, Mrs. George Mitchell, and returned to their homes in Norway, Saturday morning. Mrs Williams' son, Carl, who accompanied his mother here, remained until Sunday.

Miss Louise Davis concluded a few days' visit to her friend, Miss Mildred Yates, and returned to Escanaba Sunday evening.

Mrs. James McShane concluded a ten days' visit to her sister, Mrs. J. E. Suess, and returned to Chicago Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Levellier, Mrs. Trotochaud, Sr., and daughter-in-law, Mrs. Godfrey Trotechaud, Jr., went to Marquette Saturday evening and spent Sunday visiting relatives and friends.

Prof. S. O. Clinton was down from Baraga Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Pardee concluded a visit here to his aunt, Mrs. S. P. Kilne, and returned to Eagle, Wis., Sunday evening.

Patrick Whalen, an old and respected resident of Republic, was here Sunday in attendance at a meeting of the county board of the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

F. J. Sheedle of Escanaba attended a meeting in this city of Negaunee stockholders of the Baltimore Bay Gold Mining company, Friday evening.

Rev. W. B. Coombe of the Mitchell M. E. church, officiated at the funeral of the late George Watson, at Calumet, Sunday.

Andy Sinss returned Monday from Little Lake, where he spent Sunday with a few friends at his homestead there.

Frank Saladin, who has been absent from the city for some time, returned Saturday morning, on a visit to his parents.

Paul Miller is home from a visit to friends and relatives in the Copper country.

Robert Smith left Saturday night for Virginia, Minn.

W. O. Cleary of Hancock spent a few days here last week visiting friends.

Jeannie Lavigne is here from Stevens Mann., on a visit to his mother.

Sheriff and Mrs. John Rough were up from Marquette Sunday and spent the day at the home of Mr. Rough's brother, Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Rough.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pellow and daughter Marion were passengers to Duluth Monday night and will visit at Buffalo, Minn., before their return.

Mrs. Charles Fox concluded a visit with friends here and returned to Houghton Monday afternoon.

Mrs. M. Richards of Green Bay visited her mother, Mrs. Curran, here Sunday.

Mrs. W. L. Bedford and daughters, Marion and Norma, spent Sunday with friends in Republic.

Miss Lydia Lindsay concluded a few weeks' visit to his sister and returned to Escanaba Saturday evening.

Bernard Carbaline left Saturday evening for Fond du Lac, Colorado.

Mrs. William Neely, who spent some time here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Ramsa, returned to Chicago Saturday evening.

Mrs. Bergen and family of Marquette spent Sunday here visiting at the homes of Philip and Abel Levine.

Mesdames W. Mertz, P. W. Pascoe and Philip Pearson of Republic, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Egger of Ishpeming, and Mr. and Mrs. John Steele of Marquette, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Haupt last Sunday.

Thomas Turner left Sunday evening for Iron Mountain.

Mrs. C. F. Moll and two sons departed for their home at Kenton Monday morning.

Walter Mackl and Henry Hendrickson, two Republic young men, spent Sunday in Negaunee.

Bert Jones of the Empire mine, spent Sunday with his family at Iron Mountain. Just as soon as suitable quarters can be obtained he will move his family to this city.

Joseph Matinews, Thomas Dyer, Jr., Wm. H. Northey and Edward Maloney were called to Marquette Monday to serve as jurors in the circuit court.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Raymond and daughter, Lucille, concluded a few days' visit to E. Raymond and family, and returned to Houghton Saturday afternoon.

T. H. Townsend, land agent of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company, returned Sunday morning from Albany, N. Y., to which place he had been called several days previous by a telegram announcing the death of his uncle, Leonard Kip.

Henry Bowlin, master mechanic at the Globe mine at Palnesdale, visited here with his family and returned to Globe Saturday morning.

Rev. Knut Stenstrup, Wis., conducted services at the Danish Lutheran church Sunday and departed for his home Tuesday morning.

A. Kellan of Marquette and Miss Cora Smith of Little Lake, were united in marriage at Escanaba Wednesday. The wedding was kept very quiet and their friends were only apprised of the fact Monday.

At the same time and place, Lloyd Smith, a brother of the above bride, and Miss Effie Hansen of this city, were united in marriage. This wedding was also kept a secret until Monday.

The common council Thursday evening endorsed the recommendation of the board of public works that the city's water system put upon a meter basis at as early a date as may be practicable.

The Board of Public Works' first annual report of the electric light plant under its administration is also worthy of the careful consideration of the taxpayer. After due deduction for supplies on hand and an inventory of the plant, its operation during the fiscal period covered by the report shows net earnings of $4,947.93. The plant at the beginning of the calendar year had 279 consumers on its list, using fifty-eight arc lamps and 3,031 incandescent lamps.

John A. Allison has resigned his position as manager of the local postal telegraph office and has been succeeded by J. Hartnett of Ishpeming.

Mrs. John Perkins arrived from Norway Thursday for a visit with her son, J. M. Perkins and family.

Capt. Joseph Roskelly, formerly of Michigamme, but now of Virginia, Minn., visited friends here last Tuesday. He was accompanied by his son Harold.

Mrs. James Brown arrived here Thursday morning from Hurley, Wis., on a visit to her father, Mr. John Schwartz, and sister, Rose Schwartz. Mrs. Brown and children will spend about two weeks here.

Miss May Sawbridge arrived here Thursday afternoon from Stephenson.

Mrs. Peppinault is here from Rhinelander, Wis., on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bashaw. She is accompanied by her two children.

Mrs. Henry Macomber went to Commonwealth Thursday morning to visit her friend, Mrs. Wellington Carr.

H. F. Wenrich, the Oshkosh tombstone man, solicited several orders in town Saturday.

Robert McClelland and Albert Cox left Wednesday morning for Bovey, Minn., where they have been promised employment.

Benjamin Neely, Sr., arrived home Tuesday morning from a trip to New York city and other points.

Miss Rose Legault returned Tuesday from a visit with her sister at Quinnesec.

Mrs. E. E. Frank concluded a visit of several days here, the guest of Mrs. Abel Levine, and returned to Marquette Tuesday.

Sam Yuen, proprietor of the Chinese laundry in this city, has just returned from the Copper country with an American bride, and both have settled down to the realities of married life in rooms over Miller Bros.' store.

The American Bridge company has completed the erection of the steel frame for the Oliver Iron Mining company's new general machine shop, located between the company's present machine shops at the Lake Superior mine, Ishpeming. All the structural iron has been raised. The company's carpenters have completed the sheating of the building and the structure is now nearly inclosed. The interior walls have been bricked, making the inside absolutely fireproof. The outside walls and roof will be covered with steel.

R. N. Washburn, in charge of the clerical force at the Maas mine, Negaunee, has been transferred to the Crosby mine, Nashwauk, Mesaba range, which is operated by the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company. E. A. Doty, who has been in the office at the Cleveland Lake mine ever since operations were suspended at the Cleveland Hematite some years ago, succeeds Mr. Washburn at the Maas. George Bamford, clerk at the Cliffs Shafts, takes Doty's place at the Lake, and Matt Richards, supply clerk at the Hard Ore mine, succeeds Bamford at the Cliffs Shafts office. All these changes are promotions.

John Gorman has resigned his position with the Cleveland-Cliffs company at Swanzy to take a drill contract under the Sullivan Drill company of Chicago.

After a lingering illness of nearly two years Patrick Kilgallon died Friday afternoon at the home of his niece, Mrs. Tim Gaffney, on the furnace at the Cliffs. He was 81 years of age and was one of the early residents of Negaunee, having come here over forty years ago.

Mrs. Hannah Johnson, aged 40 years, wife of Victor Johnson, died Friday afternoon at her home on Ann street, of appendicitis. She is survived by a husband and five children. The funeral was held Monday afternoon from the Finnish Lutheran church.

Mrs. Margaret Mackenzie died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Gordon Murray, 306 Fisher street, Friday night. She was 90 years old. For the past thirty years she had been a resident of this city. Besides her daughter she is survived by two sons, John, of Victor, Colo., and Alex. of Cananea, Mexico.

Charles Johnson, Negaunee agent for the Pabst Brewing company, has bought from Louis Corbett the brick block owned by him on Silver street. The block includes the livery stable occupied by John Hackenjos, and the saloon building occupied by John Ghiardi.

CASS LAKE

Cass Lake, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Daniel Winebrenner, a blacksmith of Bemidji, was visiting with friends in Cass Lake on Wednesday. He also transacted some business at the United States land office.

Rev. D. E. Wilson, pastor of the Congregational church, was at Walker all of last week, where he held revival meetings in the Congregational church of that place. He reports very successful meetings, with much interest manifested in religious work.

Dr. T. F. Rodwell, physician in charge of the Cass Lake Indians, has gone to Claire, Mich., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of his mother.

John Willmann, county auditor of Beltrami county, was transacting business at the local United States land office Tuesday.

T. W. Speelman of Buena Vista was in Cass Lake on Wednesday, and acted as a witness in a contest case at the United States land office. Mr. Speelman owns the Hotel Summit and the pool hall in Buena Vista, and states that he intends to boom his place this summer as a fine place for an outing. Buena Vista is situated exactly on the international divide, being the highest point in the United States.

Garnet Peterson of Bemidji was a business visitor in Cass Lake on Tuesday.

Steve Rhodes and John Hyland of Lake George passed through Cass Lake Tuesday, en route to Park Rapids, where they intended to engage surveyors to plat a new townsite on the banks of Lake George, in Northern Hubbard county. The new town is located on the Red River Lumber company's logging road, which extends from Akeley to Mallard lake, in Clearwater county.

Rev. Dr. Dodds, presiding elder of the Crookston district of the M. E. church, held services in the local church last Saturday evening, and also on Sunday. There were large audiences at all the services, and Dr. Dodds preached eloquent sermons.

Chris Burns has completed a fine residence on his homestead in section 5-145-31.

William O'Neil, superintendent of logging on the Chippewa reservation, is able to be about again, after having been confined to his room for several days with an attack of la grip.

Word comes from Seattle, Wash., to the effect that a baby boy has been born there to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Judkins, former residents of this place, who left Cass Lake a few months ago for Seattle, where Mr. Judkins is in the employ of the Great Northern Railway company.

Charles Jewell, head lineman for the Great Northern Railway company, has installed a spring-jack, automatic switchboard at the local telegraph office. This is a decided improvement over the old switchboard.

F. W. Smith has been appointed a member of the school board of Independent School District No. 3, to succeed C. M. Johnson, who was compelled to resign as a member of the board, owing to his appointment as postmaster, the postal laws not allowing a postmaster to hold any other office than that of postmaster.

The local arie of Eagles will give a masquerade ball at Burns' hall, on Saturday evening, the 17th inst. An assortment of costumes from the Twin Cities has been ordered for the event, which promises to be eclipsing anything of the kind ever given here for several years.

Pat Keating has resigned his position with the local grain inspection corps and left for his old home in Minnesota. He has left behind him a valuable farm.

Roy Owens has resigned his position as clerk at the Endion hotel, and will be succeeded by Frank Sutor, who was clerk at that place for two years but went to Grand Rapids.

Joseph R. Farr, general superintendent of logging for the Indian department, was a visitor in Cass Lake the first of the week. He stated that he was greatly pleased with the work being done by Superintendent O'Neil and his corps. Mr. Farr is in very poor health and when he left he intended going to West Baden, Ind., for a course of treatment.

Peter Wohl, a former resident of Cass Lake, was the guest of his brother here during the past week. He now owns a valuable farm near Minot, N. D., which he is operating.

O. A. Larson, a member of the grain inspection corps, has returned from a visit with old friends at Detroit, Minn.

Fred D. Marco of Duluth has been appointed a member of the local grain inspection corps.

SPARTA

Sparta, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Julius Borden made a trip to Eveleth Wednesday evening.

President Ed McHale, Chief of Police Peter Cosgrove and James Connors were Duluth visitors, Thursday.

Mike Kohler drove to Chisholm Thursday.

W. P. Chinn, superintendent of the Elba mine, was a Sparta visitor, Monday.

Ed Helps and Mr. Clarke of Eveleth, were Sparta visitors, Sunday.

The following were nominated at a citizens' caucus held at the village hall Wednesday evening: President, Ed McHale; trustees, Lazarus Rubenstein, Julius Bordeau and Karl Fredrickson; recorder, D. M. Mouser; treasurer, C. Gustafson; constables for two years, Peter Cosgrove and William Olson.

Mrs. J. A. Carlson is in the Mora hospital at Eveleth, where she underwent an operation.

Dr. E. B. Daugherty made a trip to the Oliver Iron company camps near McKinley, Wednesday.

The young son of Judge Haehnke is much improved and is now thought to be out of danger.

P. R. Hall of Virginia was in town the first part of the week and purchased three hundred and fifty cords of ice to ship to his cold storage houses at Eveleth, Biwabik and Hibbing. He says the Virginia brewery will be brewing by Aug. 1. Mr. Vall also looked over the political situation. He says he has every assurance of good support from the people of the district and thinks he will hold his own in the lower end of the district.

Miss Evelyn O'Neil is reported ill with consilitis.

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D. J. Cameron and family had a visit this week from Mrs. Graham of Tower.

Rev. and Mrs. C. F. Adams departed Thursday for a visit at their former home in Lake City, Minn.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. David Cushion on the 3rd inst.

J. I. Mandel is in St. Paul on business.

Ed Weitzel, yardmaster for the Duluth & Iron Range, has returned from Tower Junction.

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AITKIN

Aitkin, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.—Miss Catherine McLeod is at home from the Moorhead normal school for a ten-days' vacation.

Miss Kate Smith is visiting friends in Cloquet.

Miss Mildred Dick has returned from a Minneapolis hospital.

Mrs. W. M. Murphy of Hamline is the guest of her son W. F. Murphy.

J. B. Galarneault transacted business in Minneapolis the first of the week.

Miss Julia Mahoney of St. Paul has been visiting Aitkin friends for a few days before going to Wenatchee, Wash.

Dr. M. F. MacRae of Detroit, Mich., spent Sunday here the guest of his college friend, Dr. B. F. Rech.

Mr. and Mrs. Bray of Minneapolis, arrived here last week and will make their home in Aitkin. Mr. Bray has bought an interest in the livery business with his brother-in-law, Frank Knowlen.

Steve McKenna has returned from Minneapolis and taken a position as night clerk at the Foley.

Mrs. H. J. Petraborg entertained a company of ladies last Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. J. Duncan very pleasantly entertained with cards last Thursday evening at her home on the South side.

Mrs. C. W. Tibbetts went to a Brainerd hospital last week.

Albert Zeeze was called to his former home in Michigan City, Ind., last week by a telegram announcing the death of his father.

John A. Berg and Miss Helma Olson, both of the town of Jevne, were married last Tuesday by Judge Williams at the court house.

Sagefield Smith and Miss Jennie McQuiston were married last Thursday at the Sutton ranch by Rev. C. C. Sutton.

James Vandusen, an old resident of this county died in the county hospital Saturday morning after a protracted illness with tomach trouble.

Miss Martin Smith visited the Twin Cities last week.

The Assembly club danced in the Opera house Friday evening.

A petition was presented the village council last week asking that at the coming election the question of license be submitted to the voters. As the time was insufficient according to law, no action will be taken.

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Hon. Watler Dale and daughter, Miss Alma, left Wednesday night for their home in York, Neb., after a visit here with the former's sister, Mrs. J. C. Hurn.

Morrill King has been ill for several days with a severe attack of liver trouble.

Sigrid Julum, the little daughter of John Julum, has been operated upon in a Brainerd hospital for necrosis of the bone, caused by an injury to a foot some time ago.

Henry Brooks was taken to a Brainerd hospital last week, where he submitted to the amputation of his left foot, which was crushed by a log falling off a load at one of the landings of the Bovey-DeLaittre Lumber company at Esquagamah.

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W. B. Goldsworthy, who has been seriously ill at the Budd hospital, is reported considerably improved.

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M. I. Hannon expects to go to Duluth in the near future to take a responsible position in the auditor's office of the Duluth & Iron Range.

Denton C. Crowl, lecturer, will speak at the Norden hall next Tuesday evening, the 13th inst., being the fourth number of the Y. M. C. A. entertainment course.

Mrs. Charles Cotter is reported quite ill with rheumatism.

Quite a number of the local Elks went to Duluth on a special train Saturday evening to see the Elks' entertainment, "King O'Keefe," at the Lyceum. They report the performance excellent.

Miss Hattie Owens has sufficiently recovered from her recent operation for appendicitis so as to leave the hospital and is now at home.

The young son of Judge Haehnke is much improved and is now thought to be out of danger.

P. R. Hall of Virginia was in town the first part of the week and purchased three hundred and fifty cords of ice to ship to his cold storage houses at Eveleth, Biwabik and Hibbing. He says the Virginia brewery will be brewing by Aug. 1. Mr. Vall also looked over the political situation. He says he has every assurance of good support from the people of the district and thinks he will hold his own in the lower end of the district.

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Miss Kate Smith is visiting friends in Cloquet.

Miss Mildred Dick has returned from a Minneapolis hospital.

Mrs. W. M. Murphy of Hamline is the guest of her son W. F. Murphy.

J. B. Galarneault transacted business in Minneapolis the first of the week.

Miss Julia Mahoney of St. Paul has been visiting Aitkin friends for a few days before going to Wenatchee, Wash.

Dr. M. F. MacRae of Detroit, Mich., spent Sunday here the guest of his college friend, Dr. B. F. Rech.

Mr. and Mrs. Bray of Minneapolis, arrived here last week and will make their home in Aitkin. Mr. Bray has bought an interest in the livery business with his brother-in-law, Frank Knowlen.

Steve McKenna has returned from Minneapolis and taken a position as night clerk at the Foley.

Mrs. H. J. Petraborg entertained a company of ladies last Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. J. Duncan very pleasantly entertained with cards last Thursday evening at her home on the South side.

Mrs. C. W. Tibbetts went to a Brainerd hospital last week.

Albert Zeeze was called to his former home in Michigan City, Ind., last week by a telegram announcing the death of his father.

John A. Berg and Miss Helma Olson, both of the town of Jevne, were married last Tuesday by Judge Williams at the court house.

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Miss Martin Smith visited the Twin Cities last week.

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The snow of Friday and Saturday delayed traffic and logging somewhat by drifting in many places, but enough fell to put the roads in better shape, and will enable the loggers and contractors to finish the season in good shape.

W. B. Goldsworthy, who has been seriously ill at the Budd hospital, is reported considerably improved.

Supt. W. J. Marquis has returned from Louisville, Ky., where he attended the national meeting of the association of city school superintendents.

M. I. Hannon expects to go to Duluth in the near future to take a responsible position in the auditor's office of the Duluth & Iron Range.

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rear of his store in the new Minnesota block, to be used as a tailor shop.

Miss Edna Collar and John C. Moore were married Sunday evening at the Central hotel, by Rev. H. Neff.

Bishop Morrison of the Episcopal diocese of Duluth writes to local members of the church that he has appointed Rev. W. T. Wheeler as rector of the Virginia and Eveleth churches. He will arrive immediately after Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Roman went to Duluth to witness the productions of the Savage grand opera company.

J. S. Lates, superintendent of the Biwabik, was in the city Wednesday.

S. L. Pearce of Duluth, deputy sheriff, was in town Wednesday.

C. A. Kimball of Duluth was attending to business for the Oliver Iron Mining company on the range this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Kimball are receiving a visit from their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Myers of Kansas City, who may decide to reside in Virginia.

Hugh McInnis of Eveleth, chief chemist at the Lincoln, has returned to his work after an absence of three weeks.

The last number of the Midland Lyceum Bureau Entertainment course will be held at the Roosevelt auditorium tonight. The Royal Male quartet will be the attraction.

The new Missabe freight and passenger depots will soon be ready for occupancy.

Mrs. M. Steinberg and children went to Duluth yesterday to attend the grand opera season.

E. S. Davis, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Proctor, was in the city this week accompanied by his wife. He came to look over the ground with a view of establishing a Y. M. C. A. at this place.

Attorney Rod McDonald intends to depart soon for Green River, Idaho, to make that place his future home. Mrs. McDonald will follow him in about two months. He will engage in fruit farming and the practice of law.

A. E. Bickford was in Duluth the first of the week.

Frederick Davis, the civil engineer, an old-time resident of the range, arrived in the city Thursday from Elko, Nev., where he is now located as manager of the Nevada Bunker Hill Mining company.

EVELETH

Eveleth, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. Z. Dumdoody of Red Lake Falls called on Eveleth friends early in the week.

E. J. Millette left Tuesday for a six weeks' trip through the West, to include stops at Portland and Seattle.

Mrs. T. Shea and Mrs. G. Edward Helps went to Duluth yesterday to attend grand opera.

Mayor Jesmore made a hurried trip to Minneapolis in the middle of the week. He went to accompany Mr. Turnquist, the livery man of Virginia, who went there for treatment.

Miss Miller of West Superior is the guest of Mrs. N. B. Arnold and will remain about a week.

Gus Peterson has resigned his position at the postoffice to accept charge of the Eveleth bakery, which will now be known as the Mesaba bakery. Mr. Peterson will no doubt make a success of this new business venture, as he is a young man of exemplary habits and good business ability.

Mrs. James Lamson returned Wednesday evening from Alborn, where she spent part of the winter with Mr. Lamson, who has charge of building the spur of track into the new town of Bovey.

Charles Schaeffer of Duluth, traveling passenger agent for the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, was in the city in the week, going from here to Virginia and Hibbing.

Jesse Jenkins left Monday for Chippewa Falls, Wis., to join Mrs. Jenkins, who was Miss Flora McDonald. They were married secretly in January before she left for her home for a visit. They will probably return to Eveleth.

Miss Laura Beton of Two Harbors is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. W. Bullen.

Samuel Shapiro went to Chisholm Sunday, where his engagement was announced to Miss Rose Koron. They expect to be married in the early summer. Miss Koron has visited her brothers here many times and has many friends. Mr. Shapiro has been in business here for several years and is receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

Neil McInnis, accompanied by two of the county commissioners from Duluth, went to Tower yesterday to look over a proposed road two miles south of there.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Whitman leave today for a ten days' trip East, to include New York, Washington and Old Point Comfort in Virginia.

The Women's Guild of the Episcopal church met Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Carolina Barrett.

J. Hugh McInnis left for Virginia Monday to resume his work at the Lincoln mine.

Mason Burt and H. Van Slyke were among those who went to Duluth to attend grand opera.

The Mesaba Telephone company have purchased the lot from Mrs. Anna Van Buskirk, adjoining her residence property, and will immediately begin the construction of a building for a telephone exchange and offices. They expect to have the building ready for occupancy by fall.

Mrs. Josephine Sibbit returned Monday evening from her trip to St. Paul.

George McCormack has purchased the home of O. P. Johnson on Jones street and will take possession June 1.

H. E. Southmayd returned Thursday to his former home in McIntosh, Minn.

Dr. C. W. More gave an interesting talk on "First Aid to the Injured," before the Young Men's club, last Sunday afternoon, giving practical illustrations of how to revive a drowning person, how to bind a broken leg or arm, and what to use in emergencies, and thereby often save a life. P. E. Dowling will speak tomorrow on "A Good Citizen."

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pellow and Miss Marion Pellow of Negaunee, Mich., who have been guests at the Trezona home, left Monday noon for their home. Mrs. Trezona accompanied them as far as Duluth.

Mrs. W. E. Harwood went to Duluth Friday to attend the Grand opera performances.

The Euchre club met yetserday with Mrs. Arthur G. Klugston. Mrs. Kingston has as her guest her daughter, Mrs. William Kingston of Duluth.

William Murray has returned from a visit in Minneapolis.

W. A. Cooper, who has been visiting relatives in England for a couple of months, returned here on Monday.

E. P. Hoel, who has conducted a grocery store here the past couple of years, leaves today for his former home in McIntosh, Minn.

Frank Rabinowitz returned from a trip to Bovey, where he has erected one of the finest business places to be built there.

"Charley's Aunt," the play to be presented here on March 23, has the following cast of characters: Frank Webb, in the leading part; Miss Barrett, Miss Sara Bowers, Miss McKeehan, Miss Manderville, Messrs. Fisher, Van Slyke, Orton, Hatch and Dr. Medlar.

Charles B. Hoel has accepted the position of bookkeeper for the Miners' National bank.

The cottage home of Mr. and Mrs. Lawpela, on Hayes street, was damaged by fire Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Lawpela was at the work in the kitchen when she noticed flames issuing from the pantry. The fire department was called and soon had the fire under control, but the furniture and house were quite badly damaged, mostly by water.

Mrs. Josephine O. Marsell entertained at a "tea" Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock, the following being present: Mrs. G. A. Whitman, Mrs. C. W. More, Mrs. T. J. Kinnear, Mrs. Streator, Mrs. A. Widdel, Mrs. B. O. Greening and Mrs. W. E. Harwood.

Mrs. Frederick Barrett is in Duluth attending grand opera.

At a meeting of the Business Men's association Monday evening the question of having a baseball team for this coming summer was discussed and it was decided to encourage the idea by having the ball park completed and enclosed and the following committee was appointed to confer with the park commissioners: George W. Mulligan, T. Sheta and G. A. Perham. Mr. Mulligan was of the opinion that it would be easy to secure players if employment were secured for them. Then Eveleth will take its place in the Range league. The members also discussed the question of establishing a grade on Grand avenue preparatory to paving that street, and the general opinion was that a grade should be established all over town. Also the buildings on Jones street, owned by A. P. Goss of Sumpter, Or., the ones situated east of the Healy barn, were condemned as unsightly and a menace to the safety of the town on account of fire. Mr. Goss, on his last trip here, which was during the winter, promised to remove them if it said, but so far has done nothing, and they are used as store houses for hay and other inflammables, and therefore should be removed. For the street railway conference to be held in Virginia, the following club members were named a committee to attend: Dr. C. W. More, P. E. Dowling and Linas Fuller.

Among those who are in Duluth for grand opera are Mrs. J. H. Hearding, Miss Boulson and Miss Whiteside.

Word was received Wednesday of the death of Dr. Harwood's nephew at Atlanta, Ga. Dr. Harwood expects to go on to Joliet, Ill., where interment will take place.

Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Arnold drove to Biwabik Monday, where Mr. Arnold had business.

Thomas Trengrave left Friday morning for Duluth to hear grand opera there last evening.

Mrs. T. C. Cerveny and two sons have come here to join Mr. Cerveny, and they will be at Hotel McNeil. Their home is in Superior, but owing to the prevalence of typhoid fever there, they will remain here a few months.

Mrs. Henry Lindsay will return today from Beaver Dam, Wis., where she has been visiting her parents.

Father Floyd was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

Owing to the blizzard raging here last Saturday the Art club, which was to have met that day, was abandoned, and will meet next Saturday with Mrs. Harwood.

AKELEY

Akeley, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary E. R. Dampier has given Akeley, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary E. R. Dampier has given notice that a good roads convention, under the auspices of the Akeley Business Men's association will be held in Akeley on Friday, March 23. The members of the state highway commission will be present as well as other prominent men interested in good roads. Hon. A. L. Cole, Asher Murray and E. R. Hinds will make addresses. Governor Johnson has been invited to attend, and it is expected that every road overseer in this and many from adjoining counties will be present, as well as every farmer and business man who has the prosperity of himself and the interests of the community in which he lives at heart. Great good can be accomplished by intelligent, systematic effort to better the condition of our roads and this is a step in the right direction, and is of special value to Northern Minnesota, where so much road work still remains to be done. The Business Men's association of Akeley will make an invitation to attend this convention to every person in this state, who is interested in good roads.

The annual caucuses were held in this village Tuesday night. The town hall was not large enough to accommodate the citizens so the meeting was adjourned to the opera house. The caucus this year was in marked contrast with that held a year ago. Then it was a fight from the chairman to the committee. This year no one seemed to care anything about the matter. M. L. Moore was nominated to succeed himself as town supervisor. P. O. Christenson was nominated for town clerk, and Rev. Arnold was nominated as assessor to succeed himself over M. P. Burrows. William Norton drew justice of the peace. Ed Harris proved that he was the strongest candidate for constable, easily beating Patten and Willitt.

All of the McHeavy camps have broken up and those gentlemen will return to their homes in Minneapolis in a week or so, having completed the contract upon which they have been working the past three winters.

Married—At Park Rapids, Monday, K. C. Holland and Mrs. Betsey Christenson, both of Ageley.

The match game between the firemen and the Red River Lumber company basketball teams resulted in a score of 9 to 10 in favor of the Red River.

William Schwert of this village and Mrs. Crosby of Bertha were quietly married Tuesday and were very vigorously charivaried by the friends who were not taken into the secret.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Rheard, Monday, a son.

Carl Winkleman and G. Oberland left Saturday morning for Bertha, where they will open a meat market.

The Akeley Dancing club gave another of their enjoyable dances Friday night. Mrs. Kleinegger and Mrs. A. C. Anderson acted as hostesses.

Born—Tuesday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Peterman, a son.

L. W. Bills of Park Rapids was a visitor in Akeley Thursday and Friday.

Dr. E. Darrow and Robert Dunn were in Park Rapids Tuesday on Business.

GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, March 10.—Word has been received that Oscar Simons, who had charge of the Wabana Cabin last summer, is to be married to Miss Hill of Richmond, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Olin have returned home from a month's sojourn among relatives and friends at Nashwauk.

Miss Mary McKinnon has gone to Cass Lake for an indefinite stay at the home of a sister.

Miss Alida Leroux is visiting friends at Willow Spur this week.

Mugh McNaulty has gone to Duluth to have his eyes treated by a specialist.

I. Crosson was a Duluth passenger last week, he going down to undergo an operation at St. Mary's hospital. The operation was most successful and the patient is reported as doing nicely.

Mrs. M. M. Stone, who has been spending the winter at the John Quist home, departed Sunday afternoon in company with Mrs. Quist and the baby for Cass Lake, where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. D. L. Stenton for a few days.

Civil Engineer J. S. Potter has returned from a three months' visit at his home in Canada, and is now stopping at Hotel Pokegama.

Miss Edith Aiken has been at Deer River the past few days, assisting with a rush of work at the First tSate bank of that village.

Miss Florence Kratz, who has been the guest for several weeks past at the home of her sister, Mrs. Otto Rannfranz, departed Tuesday afternoon for her home in Winnipeg.

I. D. Rassmusson is recovering slowly from a siege with the rheumatism.

State Surveyor Ralph and his crew were working out from the Rapids this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Cameron are the proud parents of a young son since Tuesday morning.

A meeting of the baseball enthusiasts will be held next Monday evening at the village hall for the purpose of perfecting an organization.

The Rebekah ladies will give a card party at the Odd Fellows hall on Tuesday evening, March 20.

Gus Adlesperger received the sad intelligence Sunday that his aged father had died at their old home place in Decatur, Ind. Gus departed that night to be in attendance at the funeral.

Mat Martin, a Finn homesteader in 148-28, was committed to the asylum for the Insane at Fergus Falls on Monday by Probate Judge Huson. He leaves a wife and small baby on the homestead in a destitute condition.

The annual town election will be held next Tuesday, March 13, for the purpose of electing one trustee for three years, one recorder, one treasurer, one justice of the peace for two years, one constable for two years and one assessor.

Mrs. George McDonald entertained a number of lady friends Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Mary Barton. Cards were the prime feature of the afternoon and Mrs. Gordon Meyers proved her rights to first prize, while Mrs. Ethel Gray won the consolation prize.

VERNDALE

Verndale, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The caucuses for the village election are to be held here today, in the afternoon the primary election and in the evening for the village. Elmer Dickinson will not be a candidate for re-election as mayor. W. H. Hipple and George Empy have been spoken of as his successor. C. Dittmre is a candidate for the recordership against H. Lyons. Both parties are old soldiers, and it will no doubt be a hard fight for the office. Frank Thompson and Andrew Hazelton are candidates for assessor.

Ray Godway, maanger of the Bower Lumber company at Dent, spent Sunday here with his parents.

Messrs. C. S. McCoy and L. W. Kenyon spent Friday with friends here, and took in the club dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Peterson have moved into the Frank Merrill house, recently vacated by Mr. Merrill.

Mr. McGrath was relieved as day operator here Saturday. He left Sunday night for Harvey, N. D., where he will be employed on the Soo road.

Almond Proctor, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Proctor of this place, was married at Duluth last Wednesday to a well-known young lady of that place. The young couple expect to take their honeymoon to Portorland, Or.

George Stedman of Wadena took in the Jubilee Singers here Monday night.

Mrs. Viola Pratt returned to Minneapolis Monday night.

A large number of folks came up from Aldrich Monday night to take in the show.

Roy Cowan returned to Virginia this week, where he is employed as fireman on the railway at that place.

Christ Thurston has taken the place of McGrath as day operator at the Sparta.

Miss Florence Russ left Sunday night for St. Paul, where she will enter the firm of Strong & Warrner's whole millinery store.

Mr. and Mrs. John Edd returned home from Brainerd Monday, where they have been visiting Mrs. Edd's father.

The Canadian jubilee singers appeared at the opera house here Monday night under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church. They received a full house and gave one of the best entertainments that ever visited this place.

John R. Williams passed away at his home Wednesday morning after a long lingering illness of consumption. He was one of the old settlers and a member of C. C. Parker post and one of the oldest members of the Masonic lodge. He leaves a wife and a large family of children to mourn his loss. The funeral was held Friday from the M. E. church under the auspices of the Masonic lodge.

Revival meetings are being held here this week at the M. E. church by Evangelist Carl B. Alexander.

The Woodman lodge held its regular meeting Saturday night. Two new members were initiated into the order.

L. A. Bickford and daughter, Mrs. Roy Foote, came home Tuesday night from Bruce, S. D., on a short visit.

HIBBING

Hibbing, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. D. C. Rood and George Lerch, who with their wives have been spending the winter months in the tropical states, returned to Hibbing on Friday.

A very exciting wrestling match was held at the Power thater on Wednesday evening.

The Oliver Iron Mining company has purchased eight new standard locomotives from the Baldwin Locomotive Works. Four of these were received Wednesday, and it is expected the rest will follow soon.

Mrs. A. E. Phremmer left Thursday for a trip to Duluth and Eau Claire. She will be gone several days.

S. R. Kirby, cashier of the First National bank, says that there is absolutely no truth in the statement published to the effect that he was soon to remove to Winnipeg.

Lilla Swain, Estella Chase, Hugh LaCoss, comprising the debating team of the Hibbing high school, went to Grand Rapids Friday to compete in a debate with a team selected from the high school of that city. The question for debate was: "Resolved, That the Railroads of the United States Should Be Controlled by the Federal Government." The Hibbing team was on the negative side. The contestants will return on Saturday evening, and hope to bring a crown of victory with them.

At the township caucus, held in the town hall on Wednesday evening, P. J. Sommors was nominated for supervisor for three years; C. E. Dwyer for township clerk, J. B. Connors for assessor, Mike Gleason for treasurer, J. B. Connors and W. J. Ryder for justices of the peace, and Jacob Klovisto for overseer of highways. Herman Antonelli, Mike Sommers and T. F. Bardy were appointed caucus committee.

William A. Gordon, for some time past the second assistant postmaster, resigned his position last week, and left Tuesday for Ashland. Mr. Gordan will take a year's preparatory course at a school of dentistry at that place, and then finish his college course at Chicago.

Supt. Gilchrist, newly appointed superintendent for the Rhodes Mining company, was at the Hotel Hibbing Friday. Mr. Gilchrist is under Gen. Maitland, and will have charge of the properties of the Rhodes Mining company.

The Shenango mine, owned and operated by the Shenango Furnace company, is preparing for a busy season. They hope to have a stock pile of 100,000 tons by the opening of navigation, and will ship, in all, 400,000 tons during the coming season. The mine gives employment to about 250 men.

At the Presbyterian church, on Mahoning street, Rev. Charles P. Bates, the pastor, will preach at the morning service on "Christ Knocking at the Door." The subject for the evening will be, "A King's Dream Interpreted." The Wednesday evenings for Bible study are drawing a larger attendance each week. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Max Graft, at Minneapolis. Max Graft returned to Hibbing yesterday. His wife will follow about the first of April.

The Modern Woodmen are planning to give an Easter Monday ball at the Power theater. LaBrosse orchestra of Duluth will furnish the music, and a fine supper will be served.

Miss Percy Garner, for two seasons in the millinery department of the Itasca Mercantile company, is expected back next week.

Mrs. W. F. Pellenz, Jr., returned from Duluth Saturday, after spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom McFarlane are going to Milwaukee next week. They will make that city their home in the future.

A bouncing baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Bolton of Nashwauk on last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Jewett went to Duluth Friday to attend the grand opera. From there they will make a short trip to Minneapolis.

Mrs. Osterberk passed through Hibbing Tuesday, to her home at Buhl. She has been visiting her grandson, G. S. Bolton, Jr., of Nashwauk.

William Cain, a homesteader of the Bear River district, was in Hibbing Tuesday. Mr. Cain will ptu forth all his energies to advance his farm during the coming season.

Mrs. D. G. Brosse of Sellers street returned from St. Paul, where she has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Miland, for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. McEachin returned from their Eastern trip Tuesday.

The Rebecnas will give an apron social at the K. of P. hall on Tuesday night. A prize will be given to the person wearing the most comic and prettiest apron. The admission will be 15c.

A ten-pound baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. Egbert Davis of Sturgeon Lake on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hunner will go to Duluth to attend the grand opera on Friday.

Henry Volke has been nominated for mayor of Bovey.

Miss Maud Webster is home from the Duluth Normal for a week's vacation.

Mrs. J. M. Smart has returned from her Eastern purchasing trip.

Mrs. Cook of Canada is visiting with her sister, Mrs. anMrt Sommers.

Miss Stella LaNole has accepted the position as bookkeeper at Kohrt Bros.' meat market, left vacant recently by Miss Agnes Ofdahl.

One of the most important topics to be voted on at the coming village election is the sewer question. The present system of sewerage is very poor, not being able to take care of the large amount of usage that it has to contend with. Larger pipes will have to be laid, and it is estimated that from $15,000 to $25,000 will be required for this work.

E. C. Chapman, a homesteader on sec. 60-21 west, passed through Hibbing last week on his way to New York. On his return Mr. Chapman will build a fine residence for himself and family in Hibbing.

E. Matheson made a record drive between Hibbing and Virginia a few days ago. He made the distance of twenty-five miles through bad roads in threo and one-half hours.

The Jewish people will have a dance and supper in Central hall on Sunday evening. This is to celebrate Purim night, a festival held in their religion. It is reported that Mrs. Weating has sold her home on Third avenue, and will remove soon to Nevada to join her brothers.

Mrs. Jay Mitchell is critically ill at her home on North street. Her father, Harry Anderson, came to Hibbing today from Chicago, in response to the sad summons.

A boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leander Johnson on Pine street Saturday morning.

Mrs. T. C. Congdon is seriously ill.

Miss Etta Hoskings is visiting her parents in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam LaFreniere have moved to the Remington flats, where they will be located in the future.

Charles Norden is able to be about again.

Frank Skinner has returned from Canada.

E. S. Woolfan, the clothing dealer, has secured a long lease on the building lately occupied by Dave Burks, on Pine street and Third avenue. Mr. Woolfan has started to remove his stock, and is remodelling the interior of the store.

Miss Adeline Bardessono was called to Duluth Thursday.

S. O. Geiser was in Nashwauk Monday.

Victor Beno went to Duluth Wednesday morning.

Attorney Victor Power is seriously ill.

Miss Mabelle Campbell left Thursday for Duluth.

Mr. Healy manager of the Hibbing hotel, was in Duluth Tuesday.

Miss Sarne is still ill at her home on Third avenue.

Mrs. J. F. Twitchell returned early in the week from Chicago.

Miss Lankin, a trained nurse, is at present engaged at the home of Capt. Mitchell at Chisholm.

Mrs. Peter Wring is recovering from a serious attack of pneumonia.

M. J. Somers has opened up an electric light shop at 315 Sellers street.

Martin Kieffman is confined to his bed this week with the grip.

Miss Mabel Basset has accepted a position with the Mesaba Ore as compositor.

Mrs. D. M. Power came home Wednesday from a trip to the Twin Cities and Chicago.

Gladys Ryan gave a very fine birthday party last Saturday afternoon.

Miss Maggie Draper of Duluth is visiting with the wife of Fire Chief O'Connor.

Mr. and Mrs. George King have returned to Hibbing, and have rooms over the Home bakery.

S. O. Geiser will go to Duluth Monday ao serve on the March term of the petit jury.

Harry Holden of the Hotel Hibbing was in Duluth during the past week.

Mrs. Griswold, the trained nurse, has been on the sick list for several days.

T. C. Congdon of the Hibbing pharmacy, was in Duluth from Monday to Friday on business.

Mrs. Jacob Stein of Virginia visited with her sister, Mrs. Coons of the Morris location, last week.

John League was very ill last week, but now is able to be about.

Mrs. Frank Wegman entertained at dinner last Sunday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Costello.

Arthur Foster, who is employed at Buhl, spent the week with his family, which is in town.

The Methodists are remodeling their church. Rev. Rupert Swinnerton, the pastor, will hold services in the Finnish church until the other building is entirely remodeled.

Lenton services are well attended at the Episcopal church.

Two Austrians fired out at Duluth to work for Powers & Simpson at Hibbing. Their railroad fare and other expenses were advanced them, and upon arriving here they refused to go to work. They were arrested and arraigned before Judge Brady Monday, and fined $10.60 each.

Two men, named Cronan and Sheely, were convicted of stealing an overcoat from in front of M. E. Osherman's store, and were sentenced to sixty days each.

John Willman of Eau Claire, is in the city.

The following young people of Hibbink enjoyed a snow shoeing party on Monday evening: Messrs. Banks, Purple, Martin, Subanks and Brown, and Misses Wood, Colbrath, Wadsworth, MacElroy and Eaton. Mrs. O. B. Warren was the chaperon. The young people returned to the home of Miss UPheobe Wadsworth, where a pretty luncheon was served. Both vocal and instrumental musle was enjoyed. Everybody had a fine time.

On Sunday morning last two young men of Hibbing, J. A. Bateson and Francis Lacy, endulged in a friendly boxing match at their rooms, in order to get a better appetite for breakfast. They had two or three rounds, and then laid off the gloves. After several minutes had passed Bateson fainted away. Young Lacy called for help, and after exercising the most scientific efforts, Bateson was revived after several minutes. He is around now, but still a little under the weather.

Ned Kennedy has resigned his position with the E. J. Longyear company and left Friday for his home in Duluth. Mr. Kennedy has been in Hibbing for about a year, and leaves many friends. He will be in business with his father in the firm of William C. Sargent & Co.

Superintendent Hanson of the Winston-Dear company, stripping contractors, was in town Thursday. The Winston-Dear company have just completed their stripping contract with the Rogers Iron Mining company at their Iroquois mine at Mountain Iron.

The Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip will hold a very important business meeting at their club rooms next Monday evening. All the members are urged to be present. The free reading rooms, opened somo weks ago by this organization, are being well patronized. Every magazine is to be found on the tables.

Rev. Rupert Swinnerton will hold services both morning and evening in the Finn-Lutheran church on Sunday. The work on the Methodist church is progressing rapidly, and Mr. Swinnerton expects to be back in his own church in two weeks. When the church is finished it will be modern in every respect, and one of the most commodious and pleasing church edifices in Northern Minnesota.

Mrs. O. B. Warren left Thursday for Duluth, and expects to return Saturday evening.

The fire deparitment was given a run on Friday morning at 8:30. It was only a chimney fire on a dwelling at Fourth avenue and Sellers street.

The Shenango Furnace company received a carload of mules on Wednesday. These are for their Shenango mine a few miles from Hibbing.

Local contractors are putting in their summer's supply of ice. About ten cars daily have come to Hibbing for the past two weeks.

Emil Boerner, professor of science in the high school, is a short trip to Grand Rapids. He will return Saturday or Sunday.

A fine supper was given at Mrs. A. St. Claire's on Thursday evening to celebrate Miss Elizabeth McCall's birthday anniversary. Miss McCall cut the birthday cake, and about ten young people enjoyed it.

DRINK

Bars Men from Employment

Every line of business is beginning to shut its doors absolutely to drinking men. Business competition has become so keen that only men of steadfast habits can find employment.

Employers do not want men that are addicted to drink. A drinking man is not in fit condition to handle responsible work. Continual drinking diseases the nerve system. No "will power" can cure; treatment is necessary.

ORRINE

Cures Whiskey and Beer Habit

Take ORRINE Quietly at Home!

To cure without patient's knowledge, buy ORRINE No. 1; for voluntary treatment, buy ORRINE No. 2. Price, $1.00 per box.

Cure Effected or Money Refunded

Book on "Drunkenness" (sealed) free on request. ORRINE mailed (sealed) on receipt of $1 by THE ORRINE CO., Inc., Washington, D. C., or sold in this city by

F. W. KUGLER, 108 W. Superior St., Duluth.

CHISHOLM

Chisholm, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Like all the other range towns, the village election is in feverish condition over the election which will take place next Tuesday. Last Friday the first caucus was held by the People's party, and the following nominations were made: R. J. O'Neil, president; William Richter, Julius Grosso and E. Madisen, trustees; W. G. Shane, recorder; Jacob Skalla, treasurer; D. C. Hackett, assessor; Henry Fugere, justice, and George Wilking and M. Simonson for constables. The caucus was held in Fugere hall and was well attended and all the business transacted in a harmonious way.

Saturday night a second caucus was held in the town hall to nominate candidates for the citizen's ticket, with the following results: B. LaBoux, president; Oscar Wilberg, Julius Grosso and J. F. McDavid for trustees; Anton Enger, treasurer; Joseph Austin, assessor; ex-Judge James Haffey for justice; W. A. Masters, recorder. Among those who were disappointed in not gaining nominations were W. J. Smart the present incumbent of the mayor's office. Fred Conteurs and Nels Ruan. These men intended to form a third ticket if for no other reason than to divide the vote in favor of the People's ticket, but the plan has not been formally adopted. The town has been divided into polling districts to accommodate the people who live at the locations.

Max Manson, who is employed as salesman in Lewis Bros.' store is away to Milwaukee to get married. He has been away two weeks and will be back the first of the week and live in the rear end of the flat over one part of the store. Julius Lewis and family went to Milwaukee to attend the wedding and visit friends.

The Misses Talboys entertained about twenty-five of their friends at an evening party last Saturday night. The young people spent the evening playing cards after which dainty refreshments were served.

Miss Mabel Eaton of Virginia was visiting with her aunt, Mrs. W. G. Shane Sunday and Monday.

Miss Cathcart of Virginia was in town Tuesday looking up music pupils.

Mr. Barret and wife of Hibbing were in town Monday.

Mr. Young, the Duluth architect, was here Monday to consult the school board concerning the new $50,000 school building, which they are planning to erect.

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A fine supper was given at Mrs. A. St. Claire's on Thursday evening to celebrate Miss Elizabeth McCall's birthday anniversary. Miss McCall cut the birthday cake, and about ten young people enjoyed it.

CURED TO STAY CURED

How a Duluth Citizen Found Complete Freedom from Kidney Troubles.

If you suffer from backache—
From urinary disorders—
From any disease of the kidneys,
Be cured to stay cured.
Doan's Kidney Pills make lasting cures.
Duluth people testify.
Here's one case of it:

Mrs. Agnes McKay of 125 Nineteenth avenue, Duluth, Minn., says: "Though it is fully six years since I first recommended Doan's Kidney Pills in a testimonial, I have just as much faith in that remedy today as ever. I do not like to be published in the paper, as a rule, but Doan's Kidney Pills are such a reliable remedy that I would like every sufferer from kidney complaint to know it. The symptoms of this trouble are many and varied. In many cases the backache and bearing down pains in the small of my back were quickly banished, and my system was invigorated and toned up. I have not had the slightest return of my old trouble since."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

WALKER

Walker, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The caucus for the nomination of village officials was held this week and the following placed in nomination: President, Charles Kinkele; trustees, James Campbell, Gus Kulander and Lester McNell; justice of the peace, Ely Wright; constable, Ike Montbriand; treasurer, George Crowe; recorder, Odin Faustvold. There is some talk of placing another ticket in the field, yet it is hardly thought that the plan will materialize.

The Walker firemen gave a free entertainment at the Opera house Friday night. Card playing and dancing were the main features of the evening, not forgetting a dainty lunch of cake, coffee, rolls and ice cream served late in the evening.

Chris Burns has just completed a fine one-story building on his homestead on section 5, township 145, range 33.

Master Oom Paul Kruger celebrated his sixth birthday with a party, inviting about twenty of his young friends to enjoy the occasion with him. The feature of the party was a huge Jack Horner pie in which all present had a finger and getting a souvenir of the occasion.

Section Foreman Jecklund has moved down from Wilkinson and will make his home in Walker in the M. & I. section house.

George and John Schneider received a telegram this week, informing them of the sudden death of their grandfather at Utica, New York. Mrs. Schneider left Wednesday for New York to attend the funeral services. She will remain in the East for some months.

Miss Edna McGarry came up from Minneapolis the first of the week, and has been spending the nights on her homestead, known as White City, since her arrival here. The property is located about a mile from Walker, across an arm of the lake, and Miss McGarry is at present holding down the fort alone, and in the meantime acquiring her homestead rights.

Revival meetings have been in session in Walker for the past two weeks, the meeting closing this week Saturday. Much good has been accomplished at these meetings, and many have made a profession of faith. Rev. George Michael, the local pastor, has been assisted in the work by Rev. Mr. Wilson of the Cass Lake Presbyterian church, and Miss Gertrude Bly, a talented singer from Minneapolis.

The Farmers' Mutual Telephone company of Southern Cass county, have completed their system and now have over fifty miles of wire strung and are serving over fifty farmers. The directors of the company held a social meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Capt. Kelly, near Leader last week, the affair being gotten up by the wives of the gentlemen.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Burns of Laverne, Minn., have moved onto the Lake View dairy. Mr. McGarry's place, and will manage that popular place during the next year.

County Attorney Dan DeLury handed in his resignation as county attorney, to the county commissioners in session this week. The resignation was wholly unexpected and caused considerable surprise and chagrin among the members of the board, and citizens of the village and county as well. The sole reason for the resignation is lack of time to properly attend the duties of county attorney.

The County Teachers' association were in session at Pilager the last two days of this week. Prof. Ross of the Walker schools gave a talk on "How to Teach Fractions."

Mrs. Mamie Picket came up from St. Cloud this week and will keep house for her two brothers, while their mother is visiting in New York.

Cass county residents are glad to learn that the famous Bena tonwsite case has been definitely settled. Commissioner of the Land Office Richards has rendered his decision by which he rejects the claim of the Episcopal diocese of Duluth and awards the right of entry to the entire 320 acres to the townsite people. Commissioner Chris Burns is one of the interested parties in this townsite matter and the decision is especially pleasing to him.

Three Indians were brought before United States Commissioner DeLury Tuesday by Deputy United States Marshal Frank Tufts, charged with introducing liquor on the Red Lake reservation. They were bound over to the next term of United States court in Fergus Falls.

PARK RAPIDS

Park Rapids, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. W. White went up to Nevis Monday, where he will help the Nevis Marcantile company with some book work.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Courtney went to Bemidji Saturday evening, where they will engage in the hotel business.

Miss Jean Griffith is the guest of her friend Miss Gene Nary this week.

C. M. Padgett came down from Walker for a brief visit at home the first of the week.

Gene Hughes arrived in Park Rapids Tuesday evening, and will work in the second-hand store with his brother, George.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Farley of Minneapolis have been guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Narg this week.

W. A. Scott and family departed last Friday evening for the Big Fork country, where they expect to remain during the summer season on a farm.

Born—Saturday, March 3, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dupuy, a daughter.

Born—Saturday, March 3, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schwartz, a son.

W. R. B. Smyth, went to the Twin Cities Monday morning on business.

Mrs. G. F. Scott of Long Prairie, who has been the guest of her brother Fred Billings, returned home Monday morning.

Miss Flossie Rima, came up from Minneapolis last week for a few days' visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Rima.

The two little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. A. Adrians, who have been in Minneapolis at one of the hospitals for medical treatment for the youngest one, arrived home Monday evening.

Mrs. C. E. Smart, a former resident of Park Rapids, but now of Enderlin, N. D., was the guest of friends here last week.

The Episcopal Ladies' Guild will meet next Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. I. B. Kenney.

Mrs. Effie Rima of Minneapolis, arrived here last Thursday evening and will spend several weeks visiting relatives and friends of this place.

Mrs. A. B. Cary of Kenmare, N. D., arrived in Park Rapids Thursday morning for a visit with friends.

Hugh Alexander has been up in the iron range the past week looking up the potato market of that section.

A. R. Batcheller, who has been ailing for some time past, left for Rochester Monday, where he will take a course of treatment at the Mayo hospital there.

Mrs. Theodore Farnam is visiting friends in Little Falls and Royalton this week.

Last Saturday being the anniversary of Mrs. Jacob Scheerer's birthday, a number of her ladies' friends congregated at her home on Park avenue to help her celebrate the occasion, and leaving several nice presents as tokens of regard.

J. J. Shaefer, who was at work at one of McRea's camps, had his foot and ankle badly crushed Monday while loading boom timbers. He was brought to town Tuesday morning, the ankle dressed and took the train for Brainerd, where he had a hospital ticket.

Dr. I. B. Kenney, who for the past three years has been engaged in the dental work here and enjoyed a large patronage, has this week sold his business to a dentist from Lake City, Minn., by the name of C. Y. George. Dr. Kenney contemplates going with his family some time during the spring to California.

Born—Saturday, March 3, 1906 to Mr. and Mrs. John Rutland, a son.

Married—Saturday, March 3, 1906, at Park Rapids, by Justice T. C. Myers, Yask A. Olafson and Jeny A. Halngen, both of Hubbard county.

Married—Monday, March 5, 1906, at Park Rapids, by Justice T. C. Myers, Knute C. Holland and Betsy Christenson, both of Akeley.

Married—Thursday, March 8, 1906, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hackett, in Straight River township, their daughter Pearle I., to Herbert E. Day of Park Rapids, Rev. Cooke of the M. E. church officiating. The young couple will make their home west of town on one of the D

evening. The Kinder Symphony of thirty-five pieces was especially good.

Miss Ray Johnson of Grand Rapids has been the guest of Miss Hattie Allen this week.

Rev. F. E. Higgins returned Monday from a visit with his family at Rockford, Minn.

IRONWOOD

Ironwood, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. J. R. Moore and a number of friends spent Sunday at San Souci on a short outing.

E. F. Reynolds of Antigo was in the city on business Thursday.

Thomas R. Mullen has accepted the position with the Twin City Water Works company left vacant by the resignation of Edward Barnaby.

The Gogebic Range Creamery company is preparing to commence operations at its plant on the north side. A canvass will be made in the near future among the farmers and arrangements will be made to use the milk from several hundred cows.

J. C. Harcum of Fond du Lac spent Wednesday in the city on business.

J. Kearney of Hibbing was in the city all week visiting with his many friends.

Mrs. Perry, who had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. F. E. Sullivan for several weeks, returned to her home at Sparta Monday.

Supt. Olcott, J. H. McLean and other officials of the Oliver Iron Mining company spent Thursday in Ironwood looking over the interests of the company.

Capt. N. B. Roscorla resigned his position as captain of the Pence mines at Pence, Wis., Saturday, and left for a few days' visit with relatives in the Copper country. From there he will go to New Ontario to take charge of the mines of the Superior Copper company.

On Wednesday of last week the employes of the Pence mine presented Capt. Roscorla with a handsome gold ring in testimony of their kindly feeling for him.

H. J. Brooks of Cincinnati, O., spent Wednesday in the city on business.

E. A. Gamble left Tuesday evening for a ten-day sojourn at West Baden, Ind.

Mrs. Thomas Sleep of Eveleth, Minn., was in the city all week visiting her mother.

Ben Anderson, a well-known young man of Ironwood, has accepted a position as timekeeper at the Burt mine for the Oliver Iron Mining company at Hibbing, and will leave Tuesday for his new position.

Dan Murphy of Antigo visited relatives in the city Thursday and Friday.

Rev. and Mrs. Edward James were among the missionaries who escaped from Nanchang, China, arriving safely at Kiukiang, as reported to the American Methodist Missionary society by Bishop Bashford at Shanghai. Mr. James was a former resident of Ironwood, a graduate of Lawrence university, and was sent to China from Wisconsin. The news that he was unharmed afforded Mr. James' mother, who resides on Mansfield street of Ironwood, much relief, as the accounts of the uprising caused her much anxiety.

Mrs. W. Trueltner of Bessemer visited her many friends in the city Thursday.

N. W. Anderson spent several days at Minneapolis, Minn., on a short business trip, returning Thursday.

Miss K. Ryan of Bessemer visited relatives in the city Thursday.

Michael Mullen of Iron Mountain arrived here Tuesday, having been summoned here by the serious illness of his mother.

Miss Anna Echholm returned Thursday from Milwaukee and Chicago, where she spent several days visiting her many friends.

Martin Behner of Milwaukee spent Monday in the city on business.

Among the athletes who will represent America in the Olympic races at Athens, Greece, April 22 to May 2 next, is Archie Hahn, who taught in the Ironwood High school last year. He is entered in the 1st-metre race.

George Rupp of Bessemer was in Ironwood Thursday on business.

Mrs. E. A. Gamble spent Thursday in Bessemer visiting her many friends.

H. A. Todd of South Bend transacted business in the city Monday.

Division No. 1 A. O. H. has perfected arrangements for its twenty-first annual celebration of St. Patrick's day, March 17. Upon that day the A. O. H. and Auxiliary will attend mass at St. Ambrose church in the morning, and in the afternoon will parade through the principal streets of the town. An elegant program has been arranged to take place at the Armory in the evening, consisting of vocal and instrumental music and a lecture by Rev. H. A. Buchholtz. The arrangement committee consists of J. W. Mullen, J. J. Shea, M. G. McGeehan, D. D. Shea and Patrick Donovan.

Hiram Olson of Bessemer greeted many of his old friends in the city Thursday.

P. E. Walden of Racine, Wis., spent Sunday in the city with friends.

James Johnson, for a number of years clerk at the Ironwood store, resigned his position and will leave in the near future for Hibbing, Minn.

Mrs. M. Nollos of Sheboygan, Wis., was in the city all week with relatives.

J. A. Westlin of Bessemer visited his friends in Ironwood Wednesday.

Mrs. Kinney of Bessemer visited friends in the city Wednesday.

CALUMET

Calumet, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Devlin of Superior, is paying a short visit to Red Jacket.

William H. Worth of Duluth, is visiting his friends in Calumet.

R. H. Wilson of Telluride, Cal., is visiting here for a short time.

The contract has been let for a new steel roofhouse at the Wolverine No. 3 shaft. It will be ready in twelve weeks and will take the place of the one recently destroyed by fire.

Ed Farnham of St. Paul is in Calumet for a short time visiting with friends.

Mrs. Martha Thomas has returned from Minneapolis, where she was recently summoned by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. James G. Early.

U. Moutin left Monday for his twelfth trip to Europe. He will remain there several months, traveling through the different countries, returning to Calumet late in the summer.

Miss Flora Hocking, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hocking, was married to Alfred Mitchell last Saturday night. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents and was performed by Rev. E. Sedweck, pastor of the Calumet M. E. church, in the presence of about seventy friends. Mrs. W. T. Phillips was the matron of honor. John Hocking, brother of the bride, was best man. The young couple will reside in Laurium.

Dr. C. J. Sorseh has gone to Chicago for a two weeks' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Cummings have gone to Southern Michigan to visit for some time.

A small sized riot took place Wednesday night on Fifth street. There was trouble between the old and new Bijou theaters and there was a blockade on the street, when the police averted anything serious by dispersing the crowd.

Ralph Selgrist left Wednesday for St. Paul, where he has accepted a position as traveling salesman for a firm with headquarters in that city.

Miss Anna Torquist and Daniel Leksell were married last Saturday evening at the home of the groom's brother, Andrew Leksell of Yellow Jacket. Rev. K. Selin, pastor of the Swedish M. E. church, performed the ceremony.

Staff Capt. Dale of Duluth, is visiting here for a short time. He is in charge of this district of the Salvation Army.

While attempting to alight from a Mineral Range engine, Roy Ward sustained severe injuries Tuesday. He had one leg broken and the knee cap on the other smashed. Other bruises about his head and body will confine him to the house for several weeks.

Mrs. M. Dawe-Baldwin and Miss Libbie Dawe have gone to Chicago on business.

Fred Reuther has returned to Calumet after a short trip to Montana, where he has been inspecting the property of the Calumet & Montana Mining company.

Mrs. L. Miller died last week and the remains were taken to Chicago Sunday for burial. She was 54 years of age and is survived by four children. Two of them, Morse and Miss Ida reside in Calumet. They both accompanied the remains to Chicago. Mrs. Miller was a member of the Lady Maccabbees, Legion of Honor and Martha lodges.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cummings and Mr. and Mrs. Smith have gone to Southern Michigan where they will make their home in the future.

Miss M. H. Leary and sister, Miss Lizzie left Monday afternoon for Chicago on business.

Mrs. Leo Gartner left Tuesday afternoon for an extended European trip. She will be accompanied by her daughter, Helen. Mr. Gartner will go with them as far as New York.

Harry Lean has returned from Massey, Ont., where he visited the Hermina property.

James Orenstein has gone to Chicago and other cities on business.

J. C. McCullough has returned from Seuport, Ont., after an extended visit with friends and relatives.

H. B. Paull, auditor for the Calumet & Arizona group of mines, is visiting in Calumet for a short time.

F. M. Kaiser of Helena, Mont., is visiting here for a short time.

R. A. Swain of Duluth is visiting in Calumet for a few days.

Peter E. Ruppe, the Fifth street merchant, has gone to California on an extended visit.

Miss Olive Lyon has returned from Marquette, where she has been visiting.

Fred Schroeder has gone to Detroit to spend several weeks with friends.

Superintendent and Mrs. James H. Chynoweth and two sons have returned from an extended trip through the West.

Superintendent Krantz of the Calumet public schools returned the first of the week from Louisville, Ky., where he attended the convention of the department of superintendents of the National Educational association.

Erick Stukel, a miner, aged about 25 years, was found last Saturday attached to the plow of a Mineral Range locomotive, with nearly every bone in his body broken. The engines were bucking snow at Centennial Flats when he was found by the engineer fastened to the first locomotive. A fierce blizzard was raging at the time and on account of the immense drifts of snow it was impossible for the trainmen to see very far ahead, hence it is not known when he was struck.

Patrick Duggan, an old and respected resident of Calumet, dropped dead Tuesday of heart disease while attending to his duties in the C. & H. dry house at Hecla. He is survived by his wife and several grown children. The deceased was a native of Ireland, but has resided here many years.

John F. Yerke of Duluth is visiting the Copper country.

Arthur G. Loughhead and M. Phineck of Philadelphia, Pa., are in Calumet on business.

John D. Matheson has gone to Ashfield, Ont., being called there by the serious illness of his brother.

President Barker of the Sonora Bonanza company is in Calumet for a short time.

Charles J. Wickstrom, the newly appointed postmaster for Calumet, has received his commission and will assume his new duties on April 1.

W. G. Wood of Oshkosh, Wis., is in town for a short time.

John Swanson of Port Huron, Mich., is visiting with Calumet friends for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Alice Levin and daughter have returned from a tour through Cuba and the southern part of this country, taking in the Mardi Gras at New Orleans.

A young son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bruneau.

James Orenstein has gone to Chicago and other points on business.

Maj. Tubin of Stockholm, Sweden, is visiting in Calumet for a short time. He is connected with the Swedish branch of the Salvation Army.

James Burt and Mrs. Trevena were married last week by Rev. W. E. Marvin, pastor of the Laurium M. E. church. Both Mr. and Mrs. Burt have passed the three-score year mark in life. They will make their home in Missouri.

Mrs. D. Horlwitz has returned from Denver, Colo., where she accompanied her husband, who is still in the West for the benefit of his health.

Martin J. Rogers of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting local friends.

H. F. Wernisk of Oshkosh, Wis., is visiting in Calumet for a short time.

Word has been received in the Copper country of the death of Peter Riley, a former resident of this district. He died in Idaho and was aged 85 years. He had many friends here.

Improvements costing from $10,000 to $12,000 will be started immediately on the interior of the First National bank of Calumet. Two handsome bronze doors costing $2,000 will lead into the institution. The entire interior will be rearranged.

Victor Curto won the handsome silver loving cup, which was the prize offered at the athletic tournament, which had been under way for some weeks past at the Calumet Y. M. C. A. Mr. Curto finished the tournament with 36 points, which gave him a wide margin over H. Johnson, with only 17, as a second.

The Calumet hockey team has gone to the Soo, where they played this week.

St. Patrick's day in Calumet promises to be an interesting affair. A committee of the A. O. H. met last Sunday at the Sacred Heart school to make arrangements for the program. The address of the evening will be made by Attorney MacNally. The proceeds will be devoted to the new home to be erected in the spring for the Sisters of Notre Dame.

O. P. Anderson, a missionary from Alaska, preached in the Swedish Mission church last Sunday. His talks on the work in far-away Alaska were very interesting.

George Swinton has returned home after a two weeks' vacation in Marquette.

Peter Matheson and wife have returned from Hot Springs, Ark.

James H. Lindsay and wife returned the first of the week from Scotland, where they have been visiting the past year.

The formal opening of the new pipe organ at the Laurium M. E. church takes place this evening, when Prof. Warren N. Wait will give an organ recital. The following program is being carried out:

Sonata in D minor—Allegro Moderato, Andante, Allegro con fuocco.....
(a) Spring Song.
(b) Berceuse in D.
Vocal duet, "Night Hymn at Sea".....
Mrs. Dunbar Scott, Mrs. O. J. Larson.
Offertoire in D.
Answer.
Vocal solo, "Oh! Dry Those Tears"..
Dr. Fernekes.
(a) Song of the Hero.
(b) Melodie.
Vocal trio, "Hail to the Risen Lord"
Misses Light and Penberthy, Mrs. Penhallegon.
Gavotte from Mignon.
Vocal solo, "Beloved It Is Morn".....
Mrs. F. J. Kohlhaas.
"Daybreak," Pilgrim Chorus from Tannheauser.....
Vocal trio, "Le Prego".....
Miss Anna Herman, Messrs. King and Hall.
Benediction Nuptiale.
Fanfare.

Miss Matilda Kohlhaas, accompanied by her father, left Monday for Hot Springs, Ark., where she will spend the next three months.

Miss Sophy Gittler, formerly of Calumet, now of Chicago, is visiting her friends in the Copper country.

Robert L. MacNell of Pittsburg, Pa., has arrived in Calumet and will associate himself with H. MacNeil, the Fifth street architect.

F. N. Bosson of the electrical department of the Calumet & Hecla mining company has gone to New York for a short time.

CLOQUET

Cloquet, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Howell and daughter of Minneapolis are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Howell's sister, Mrs. M. F. O'Meara.

Miss Nellie McSweeney of Duluth, spent Sunday with her parents in this city.

Mrs. Ellen Fournance came up from Carlton for a short visit with friends in Cloquet, Monday.

Miss Nellie McKenna spent Monday in Duluth and Superior.

Mrs. Orff and daughter departed Monday for their home in Glynden, Minn., after an extended visit with friends and relatives in Cloquet.

A beautiful vestment case was purchased for the Church of Our Lady of Sacred Heart, and was set in place in the vestry last Saturday.

Miss Totan of Duluth spent Sunday with her parents in Cloquet.

Father Buchler of Carlton, Father Simons Tempe, O. S. B., of the reservation, and Father Leo La Kosweski of Duluth, were guests of Father Geraux, Thursday.

A grand supper will be given for the benefit of the Catholics Saturday, the seventeenth of March, and on Sunday evening, the 18th, Father O'Mahoney of Grand Rapids, will deliver a lecture on "The Life of St. Patrick," at 8 p. m.

Miss Pauline Hassie of the Northern hotel, has returned from Menominee, Wis., where she was called on account of the death of her father.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Presbyterian church, will meet next Tuesday as the guests of Mrs. A. Koch, at her home.

Mrs. McCloud spent a few days in Duluth visiting friends.

The Athletic association held a meeting Friday evening and elected the following officers: President, Hanford Cox; vice president, Franklin Raiter; secretary, Ross Campbell; treasurer, Henry D. Sudder.

Miss Myrtle Hoyt of Duluth is visiting in this city.

E. M. Rogers of Couer d'Alene, Idaho, spent a few days in the city recently.

On Wednesday evening a banquet was given at the Northern hotel in honor of W. H. Smith by a number of his friends. Covers were laid for about thirty men. Mr. Smith will leave in a few days to take charge of his new position as assistant general agent of the Northern Pacific at Superior.

Miss Nora Grinier spent Saturday in Duluth.

L. A. Fauley of North Branch, succeeds W. H. Smith as station agent at Cloquet.

Mrs. C. A. Grinier left Friday morning for Ellsworth, Wis., where she was called on account of the serious illness of her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dugal of Hibbing, visited with Mr. Dugal's brother, Joe, at Cloquet, this week.

Mrs. A. J. Taylor entertained at cards Saturday evening.

Miss Eva Cookson is spending her vacation with her mother in this city.

Miss Margaret Wolf of Duluth, formerly of Cloquet, is in the city visiting friends.

Mrs. Albert Cox left Wednesday for Minneapolis, where she will visit her daughters, who are attending the university.

James Graham came down from Two Harbors Thursday and is the guest of his brother, Hugh.

Frederick Weyerhaeuser, Sr., of St. Paul, is in the city, the guest of his son, R. M. Weyerhaeuser.

Mrs. William Peters was a Duluth caller Friday.

Rev. Coolbaugh spent a few days at the camps on the reservation, returning home Friday.

ELY

Ely, Minn., March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Chandler, Pioneer, Zenith, Savoy and Sibley mines have raised the pay of their employes 10, 15 and 20 cents per day. This gives the men employed at the mines the best wages ever paid to miners in Ely, and as it was done voluntarily on the part of the mining company, it came as an agreeable surprise to their hundreds of employes. The Zenith mine has also put on a night shift, for the first time in several years.

Tim R. Keefe of Superior is visiting here this week.

Engle & Linquest finished their sewer contract last Tuesday.

Mike McGove is laid up with a broken arm.

M. E. Gleason, John Glode and Polidore Aubin are in Duluth this week on business before the land office.

John Densmore is suffering from a severe attack of grip this week.

Capt. Nick Cowling and son, accompanied by Samuel Oaks, left for Arizona Wednesday morning, where the captain hopes to regain his health and strength, having been seriously ill at his home for the past few months. He will also look over some mining property there in which he is largely interested.

Arthur Kane of Highland was in town Tuesday on business.

There was a new arrival at the home of Dr. Ayers on Tuesday of this week, it being a baby boy.

Capt. James Bale of Duluth spent a few days here this week.

John Dorsey, who has been under the care of the city for the past several days, being unable to work owing to ill health, being in the last stage of consumption, was sent to the county poor house Thursday afternoon.

Nels Nyhus, who has been confined to his bed for the past month, is again able to be about.

H. S. Clark of Duluth is here this week on business.

Edward Jones and Peter Oska of Calumet, Mich., are guests at the Exchange hotel.

William Metter of Duluth was in the city Wednesday and Thursday, looking up a location for a cigar factory which he will start in a few weeks.

William Burley made a business trip to Biwabik Thursday morning.

W. H. Mayne, who has been absent for the past two months on business in the southern part of the state, returned Tuesday evening.

The ladies' snowshoe club enjoyed an outing Thursday afternoon.

Deputy Sheriff Seig Levy came up Wednesday and returned to Duluth Thursday morning with a vagrant, who will serve thirty days in the county jail.

John Densmore has completed his cordwood contract with the city, bringing in the last hundred cords this week.

Mrs. F. L. Cowen entertained a large number of friends at cards Thursday evening. Mrs. John Glode and Mrs. C. L. Newberry won the ladies' prizes, and Mr. Glode and Mr. Newberry, the gentlemen's.

Leon Ingram left Thursday morning for Lansing, Mich., in response to a telegram stating his brother was critically ill.

The news of the death of Capt. John Pengilly was received with profound sorrow by his many friends in Ely. He was one of the pioneers and for a number of years was captain at the Chandler mine. He was also mayor of Ely three terms.

Jake Skoglund has charge of the lumber yard during Grant McMahon's absence.

TOWER

Tower, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. D. Graham and son, Neil, returned Monday evening from Hibbing, where they have been visiting friends for the past two weeks.

Mrs. Al Hanson arrived in town Monday evening from North Dakota.

N. J. Benson returned Monday evening from Duluth, where he was attending to business for a few days.

Mrs. J. R. Cass entertained a number of her lady friends at the Hotel Sheridan Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Margaret Wiseman was tendered a surprise party Wednesday afternoon. The following were present: Victoria Graham, Marie Smith, Iona Moran, Mable Moran, Evelin Peterson, Ruth Kapler, Inez Porter, Zanie Taylor and Ines Wiseman.

Mayor Morcom was in Duluth for a few days the forepart of the week and returned Wednesday evening.

The large dry house at the Minn mine at Soudan was burned to the ground last Friday afternoon. It will be rebuilt right away.

Ole J. Costedt, wife and children from Crane Lake were here Thursday between trains on their way to Duluth.

E. J. Weltzel, who has been working for C. Winchel on his farm at Rice River, left Wednesday for Biwabik and intends to live there permanently.

Miss Maude Bartholomew is here from Saginaw, Mich., visiting friends.

Miss Esther Olson celebrated her eighth anniversary today. The following were present: Hilda Carulson, Fannie Nicholson, Margaret Nicholson, Esther Lee, Mable Lee, Esther Sovde, Irene Calborg, Marie Calborg and Hilga Pearson.

A. Knott, who has been employed by Calvin & Robb, building their new saw mill at Bassett, on the D. & I. R. railroad, came up last Saturday and returned Sunday with his family, to make that place his future home.

Miss Mable Cass entertained a number of the high school pupils on Friday evening in honor of Miss May Stone, who is to leave here next week. The following were present: Misses Nina Pohaki, Winnifred Phieffer, Carrie Donahue, Margaret Donahue, Ida Gordon, the Misses Grindeland and Payne, Lee Miles, Leon Townsend, Clark Miles and Ray Donahue.

Rev. Stone of the Presbyterian church returned Thursday evening from an extended trip through the Dakotas, where he had been looking after church matters.

S. Kitto returned on Thursday from Duluth, where he had been for a few days on business.

Angus McLeod, who had been here from International Falls for a few days visiting relatives and friends, returned home today, accompanied by P. H. McFee of the same place.

J. A. Cummings of Two Harbors arrived here Tuesday to take charge of the switch engine in Tower yard.

Mrs. Gust Strand entertained the Ladies' Aid of the Lutheran church Thursday afternoon.

IRON RIVER

Iron River, March 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—T. B. Nelson, the Northern Pacific depot agent at this city, has been transferred to North Branch, Minn., which means more salary for Mr. Nelson. Mr. Nelson, during his stay in this city, has made very many friends, who wish him the best of good luck at his new office, and also congratulate the people of North Branch, Minn., for getting such a painstaking and obliging officer as we know T. B. Nelson is. He left this city last Tuesday for his new home in North Branch, Minn.

Clerk of the Circuit Court, F. A. Bell at Washburn, Wis., was in this city last Monday on business matters.

L. E. Baum of Superior was in this city last Sunday shaking hands with his old friends.

Peter Taylor the barn boss for the Iron River Lumber company in this city, received severe injuries by a kick from a horse last Monday afternoon. Two of his ribs were broken, and he received other internal injuries which will confine him to his bed for some time.

Swan Swanson was over to the county seat last Tuesday on business and while he was there he took in the North Wisconsin Farmers' association meeting.

William McMillan, who has been the shipping clerk for the Iron River Lumber company here, and also held the same position for the Alexander Edgar Lumber company here for several years, has given notice to sever connection with this company April 1. He expects to go West.

Lincoln Clubine of Buffalo, N. Y., brother of Walter Clubine, the superintendent for the Iron River Lumber company, arrived in this city last Friday, and will visit with his brother for a few days.

W. H. Mitchell of Ashland, is now agent for the Northern Pacific Railway company in this city, succeeding T. B. Nelson. Mr. Mitchell served as operator in this city a few years ago, and made many friends who are glad to see him back.

Judge W. S. Carr of Lake Nebagamon was in this city last Tuesday morning.

Town Treasurer Yoman of the town of Barns spent several days in this city this week collecting taxes from the homesteaders for their improvements on the land.

Einar Staflien has purchased the residence of Julius Olson on the north side of the Northern Pacific railroad track. Mr. Olson is talking of going West some time next month.

There was a large turn out from this city last Tuesday to attend the North Wisconsin Farmers' association meeting, held at Washburn. Among the party that joined the Superior delegation were: Calvin D. Rogers, P. Savage, A. H. Miles, Chairman Hobbs, Attorney C. F. Morris, J. H. Fitzpatrick, J. H. Tomlinson, A. Knowles, H. O. Lund, Carl H. Olson, Postmaster Hall, A. H. Grimpo, Secretary Fairall, Supervisor Olson, Treasurer Ripley, Fred J. Koplin, Chris Clark, Rev. Gibon, Joseph Chantlois, Max C. Helmer, F. C. Wells, Swan Swanson.

John Currier of the town of Orienta was in this city last Wednesday on business.

Washing day is made easier by using

American Family Soap

Your Home will be sweet, clean and free from disagreeable odors. The most delicate laces or woolens may safely be washed with American Family Soap. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 No. Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

BIG CHANGE IN THE LAW

Bill to Reform Naturalization Procedure Now Before Congress.

Applicant Will be Thoroughly Looked Up Before Accepted.

A bill is now before the house of representatives which, should its pass both houses in its present form, will entirely reform and revolutionize the matter of naturalization for foreign born residents. The present law of naturalization is subject to both federal and state control, but under the proposed new law the federal government will alone control, and the matter of naturalization will be under direction of a bureau of immigration and naturalization; and before anybody is allowed to become a citizen, his record and antecedents will be thoroughly looked into. The new law is a very strict one, and it is believed will go very far toward reforming illegality in voting.

President Roosevelt appointed a commission on naturalization on March 1, 1905, the commission consisting of Milton D. Purdy of Minnesota, chairman, from the department of justice; Gaillard Hunt of the department of state; and Richard K. Campbell, from the department of commerce and labor. The commission reported to the president, on Nov. 8, and shortly after the matter was presented to congress in the shape of a message by the president.

A bill covering the points recommended by the commission was introduced into the house of representatives by Congressman Howell of New Jersey, and on Feb. 22 was referred to the committee on immigration and naturalization, and on Feb. 26 was committed to the committee of the whole house on the state of the Union. The general features of the bill, summarizing the procedure for naturalization are as follows:

The alien must declare on oath before an authorized court, at least two years prior to his admission, and after he has reached the age of 18 years, that it is his bona fide intention to become a citizen of the United States and to renounce forever all allegiance to any foreign authority. In such declaration the alien must set forth his age, name, occupation, personal description, place of birth, the name of the vessel, if any, in which he came to this country, and his present place of residence in the United States. Not less than two years nor more than five years after he has made such declaration, he must file in duplicate his petition, signed in his own handwriting, duly verified, making application for naturalization, in which all the facts requisite to show that he is entitled to become a citizen, shall be set forth.

The petition must be filed ninety days before the same is set for hearing in the court in which it is filed. The petition must be verified by the affidavit of at least two credible witnesses, who are citizens of the United States, who shall state that they have known the applicant to be a resident of the United States for a period of at least five years continuously, and of the state, territory or district in which the application is made, for at least one year immediately preceding the date of his application, and that they know the applicant to be of good character and entitled to naturalization. With the petition must also be filed a certificate from the department of commerce and labor, stating the date and manner of the alien's arrival in the United States, and the declaration of intention of the applicant.

The alien must take the oath of allegiance in open court. The alien and the witnesses must be examined in open court and the court satisfied that the alien is entitled to naturalization.

The clerk of court is required to give notice of the application by posting in a public place in his office the name of the alien and the date when the petition is set for hearing. The final hearing must be in open court before the judge. The United States attorney may oppose the granting of a petition in naturalization proceedings.

Jurisdiction in naturalization matters is confined to United States courts and state courts in which the amount in controversy is unlimited.

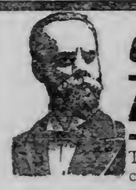
No certificate of naturalization can be issued by any court within thirty days preceeding the holding of any general election within the jurisdiction of such court.

The certificates of naturalization are to be printed on safety paper by the federal government the same as a treasury note and are to be consecutively numbered. Power is given the United States upon the affidavit of any credible person, to institute proceedings to cancel any certificate of citizenship which may have been procured through fraud or otherwise illegally obtained.

It has been discovered that naturalization fraud has been practiced on a gigantic scale, certificates of naturalization—forged, of course—being sold in Italy, and other countries by a number of men, who practiced the scheme systematically, using a forged seal and signatures. Several of these are now lauguishing in prison. In the United States court for the Southern district of New York, 1916 convictions for such fraud were secured. It was this matter which caused the president to take action, and the bill as it stands bids fair to become a law.

Keep the little ones healthy and happy. Their tender, sensitive bodies require gentle, healing remedies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will keep them strong and well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

"Fortune gives too much to many—but enough to none." The fickle goddess is partial to those who never quit courting her—who watch for a glimpse of her face even among the Herald wants ads.



ONLY SCIENTIFIC METHODS CURE!

The knowledge to insure success in the specialty practice of medicine is gained only by scientific study and practice. My methods are scientific and successful, therefore if you are afflicted with any chronic ailment don't fail to consult me at once.

I WILL CURE YOU!

Are you suffering with **Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Blood Poison, Eczema, Sores, Ulcers, Swollen Glands, Skin Diseases, Kidney, Bladder, Urinary, Rectal and Prostatic Troubles?** Do you feel weak, gloomy, despondent, have poor memory, lack ambition and feel that there is a growing weakness of your nervous and physical system. Come to see me and through my treatment be restored to health and strength. If I can cure you, I will say so—and many years experience with the latest improvements in medicines, honesty and fair dealing is at your disposal,

Consultation free and confidential. Hours 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings 7 to 9 p. m.

DR. HANSSON, Specialist

Rooms 202-203-204 Hammond Block, Superior, Wis.

DR. HOAG.

Dr. Hoag will be in Superior, Wis., at Hotel Superior, Thursday, March 15, 1906; office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; and in Ashland at the Commercial House, Friday, March 16; office hours from 11 a. m. to 9 p. m., where he can be consulted privately and free of charge.

THE SUCCESSFUL CHICAGO SPECIALIST.

Cures all affections of the Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, together with all Nervous derangements, and this reflex action upon the system; all affections of the Brain and Spinal Cord, Blood impurities and taints, Skin Diseases, Rectal Diseases, Stubborn, unyielding cases of long-standing, chronic in nature which refuse to yield to all other methods of treatment.

DISEASES OF MEN.

Those secret ailments, peculiar to the sex, including Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility, Errors of Youth, and their baneful results, Infectious Diseases and all Blood Taints and Skin Eruptions of every nature he cures in less time than by any other treatment.

CONSULTATION FREE

Address for home treatment, Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 662 Minerva Ave., Chicago Ill.

CURED TO STAY CURED

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

What the afflicted man wants is not a temporary relief, but a permanent cure.

The beneficial effects of my treatment are as lasting as life—I cure to stay cured.

When once a patient is rescued by me from the ravages of disease or weakness peculiar to his sex, he is never again bothered with his former trouble.

I do not treat all diseases, but I treat men—MEN ONLY—and cure them to stay cured.

Varicocele.

Under my treatment, which includes no cutting or pain, this insidious disease rapidly disappears.

Pain disappears almost instantly.

The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins and all soreness and swelling quickly subside.

Every indication of Varicocele soon vanishes, and in its stead come the pride, the power, and the pleasure of perfect helth and restored manhood.

Stricture.

My cure for Stricture is safe, painless and bloodless, and therefore, free from surgery in any form.

It is the only cure that should ever be used, and the only one recommended by the legions of men who have been restored by it.

It disolves the Stricture completely and removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, allays all inflammation, stops every discharge, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys when irritated or congested, invigorates the organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

Contagious Blood Poison.

My special form of treatment for specific or contagious blood poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of this and foreign countries.

It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicine of any kind.

It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity.

Soon every sign and symptom disappear completely and forever.

The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

Nervo-Sexual Debility.

My cure for weak men does not stimulate temporarily, but restores permanently.

It soon drives away all those distressing symptoms which so constantly remind one of his former folly.

It stops every drain of vigor and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys, and invigorates the liver, revives the spirits, brightens the intellect, and, above and beyond all, restores the wasted power of manhood.

Reflex Diseases.

Many ailments are reflex, originating from other diseases.

For instance, manly weakness sometimes comes from Varicocele or Stricture, innumerable blood and bone diseases often result from blood poison taint in the system or physical or mental decline frequently follow loss of manhood.

In treating diseases of any kind I always cure the effect as well as the cause.

We charge nothing for private counsel, and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our homo treatment by correspondence is always successful.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City. Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

A PAGE FOR THE BOYS & GIRLS

ON THAT COLD DAY AT HOME.

BY HELENA DAVIS.

It was a cold, blustering spring morning, with cutting sleet flying in the air. Papa said at the breakfast table that it would not do to let the children go to school that day, for they lived a mile from the schoolhouse and would have to struggle over a slushy, muddy country road full against the wind.

Always in the spring the going to and from school was made disagreeable by the melting snows and the fierce winds, and often the three Johnston children were obliged to miss much of the spring term on account of such weather. But though absent from school they were never idle, and on this blustering morning, after papa had declared it was too bad for them to leave home, Gracie, the eldest of the three, said:

"Mamma, s'pose you let us find our own employment about the house today. I think just such lessons are quite as necessary—the finding out what is to be done, and then doing it our level best—as our lessons at school are necessary."

"Second sister's suggestion," exclaimed 12-year-old Billy. "And I know exactly where I'll go to find my work."

"And I third it," cried mischievous little Nell, the baby of the family, who was just 10. So it was agreed that their mother should in no way select their work for the day, nor should she superintend it after they had planned it for themselves.

After breakfast Gracie hurried up stairs and began "nosing" about in the bedrooms. She had heard her mother say a week before that the closets were in sad need of fresh paper on shelves and walls, but that as her own work so occupied her time she must let them wait till the regular house-cleaning, in May.

Going to the hall closet, where all the daily and weekly papers were kept folded, Gracie supplied herself with a huge armload and returned to her parents' room, where she set to work like a busy bee. Two large closets, a bureau and great chest of drawers were emptied of their belongings, but not all at once, for Gracie was most systematic in her work, and tidied one closet before touching the other—the bureau and chest being straightened in the same way.

After fresh, clean papers had been smoothly tacked on the closet walls and laid over shelves and folded in drawers, every garment was brushed thoroughly before being replaced on hook, shelf or in drawer, and just at the moment when Gracie's mother called from the foot of the stairs that dinner was ready the little girl had the satisfaction of seeing her work in three rooms completed; her parents' room, Billy's room and the room shared by Little Nell and herself were made "sweet and tidy in nooks and corners," as Gracie declared to herself.

On leaving the breakfast table Billy had repaired to the stable, where he had seen the need of some work several days before. His father being a very busy man and having few work hands in the winter months, had been obliged to defer the performing of small tasks that Billy now set himself to do. On investigation Billy found that several boards in the horse stalls were loose and that some repairs were needed in the manger. Getting the hammer, saw and nails and a few loose boards from the woodhouse, he set to work like a full-fledged carpenter.

"Why, are we having a banquet?

In an hour he had stalls and manger as firm and good as new. Then, whistling merrily, he looked about for more work. And he found it at the windows. From the small, square panes of glass the putty was crumbling away. Billy ran to the cellar, where he knew his father kept a supply of putty and oil with which to soften it, and soon, with red fingers—for he was forced now to work out of doors—he was securing the glass in the frames. But he did not mind a whiff of March wind nor a nip of frost while at work. It made him livelier, he thought.

A few minutes before dinner time he had finished his work inside and outside the stable and ran to the house to get warm and tidy himself up for the noon meal.

And, meanwhile, little Nell had not spent an idle forenoon. She had pulled from the china closet in the dining-room all the silver—old and new—that was to be found there. Some of this silver had not graced the table in years, being a bit old-fashioned and discolored. With soft cotton rags, tissue paper and silver polish, Nell set to work to bring beauty of glittering brightness again to the surface of the old cast-away pieces of unique ware.

After two hours of hard toil for the little hands and arms, Nell called her mother from the kitchen, where she was busy with the baking and churning—to view the array of metal displayed on sideboard and table.

"Oh, I declare!" cried mamma, throwing up her hands in surprise. "Why, that old-fashioned silver, that I was thinking of stowing away out of sight somewhere, looks like new. Really, it is much handsomer than the newer designs. And all it needed was a real, thorough rubbing. Well, we must honor the dinner table with a few pieces of it today."

Then, most happy over the result of her morning's work, Nell set the table for dinner, using as much of the silver service as the meal would permit of.

An hour later, as the members of the family assembled for dinner, papa, looking with pleasant surprise on the artistic arrangement of table and sideboard, exclaimed: "Why, are we having a banquet? Is there company coming to dine with us?"

"Whew-w-w!" whistled Billy. "I bet all this grand fixin' is charged up to Nell. She's the artist of the family, you know. But, say, things do taste better when the table looks like a fairy banquet hall, don't they?" And the fond brother pinched the cheek of Nell, who blushed with pride at his wholesome praise.

"Lovely!" cried Grace. "That old-fashioned silver adds so much dignity to the meal. I vote that Nell be mistress of the dining-room from today on."

Then, as they sat down at table, mamma and papa wanted to know what work had occupied Gracie and Billy that forenoon.

"Well, my work has not been along artistic lines," explained Billy. "But I can say it has been along quite necessary lines."

"Ditto here," laughed Gracie. And after the two explained the manner in which they had put in the forenoon they won the thanks and approval of their proud and fond parents.

"With such a lot of busy and intelligent bees in our hive there will always be honey enough," said papa. "Such children as ours are quite worth while."

And mamma kissed each smiling, childish face as she said from her heart: "Amen!"

RIDDLES WITH ANSWERS.

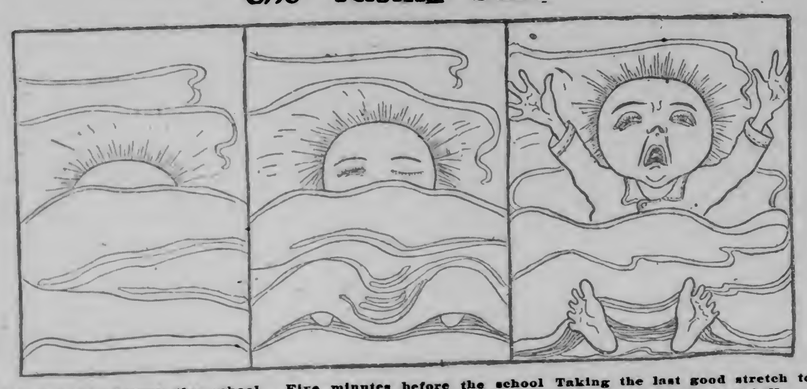
There is a thing that nothing is,
And yet it has a name;
'Tis sometimes tall and sometimes short,
It joins our walk, it joins our sport,
And plays at every game.
(A shadow).

Altho I am but twenty-six,
I change to millions, too!
And while I cannot speak a word,
I tell all that people do.
(The alphabet.)

CONUNDRUMS.

What emotion is like a blind man? Love.
When does dough become like greenbacks?
When made into rolls.
Why is a sarcastic man's nose like an eagle's nest?
Because it is elevated.
Why is a blind man like a potato?
Both have eyes but cannot see.

The Rising Sun.



Ten minutes before the school bell rings! Five minutes before the school bell rings! Taking the last good stretch to the music of the school bell.

The Stork's Visit.

A funny old stork,
With a bundle all white,
Came down to the home
Of small Mugglns one night.
He placed in a cradle
Beside mamma's bed
A strange little creature
With a tiny round head.
Next morning when Mugglns
Ran in to see mother
Lo! she found that the stork
Had brought her a brother.
ANNIE JAMES.

Little Biographies of Big Men.

A SKETCH OF THE BOYHOOD OF GARFIELD.

On a cold November day in the year 1831, near the village of Orange, O., there came into the world a bit of a baby boy whom his parents called by name James Abraham Garfield.

The home which sheltered the little newborn was a cabin built of unhewn logs, 20 by 30 feet in size, and holding at either end a wide fireplace for the furnishing of heat and the cooking of food.

James A. Garfield cutting wood for 25 cents a cord.

Three other children were in that cabin home in the forest when the little James came there to begin his life—one boy and two girls—sisters and brother—who gave a loving welcome to the new baby brother.

The Garfield family was a happy one till a day, when the little James was but 18 months old, there fell a heavy blow which left a dark shadow hanging over the log cabin in the woods. A fire had broken out in the forest and threatened to destroy the house and outbuildings, which contained all the worldly goods of the Garfields. For hours Abraham Garfield—husband and father—bravely fought the flames, succeeding in laying the fire, but thereby bringing death to himself, for he caught a heavy cold, which caused congestion, from which he suddenly died. Knowing that his illness was a fatal one, the good, true husband called his weeping wife to his side and said: "I have planted four little saplings in these woods, wife; I must now leave them to your care."

And then he closed his eyes forever on this world.

After the burial of Abraham Garfield the neighbors and relatives advised the poor widow to give away and "bind out" her children, thus relieving herself of so heavy a burden as "four little saplings." But with mother-love the noble woman said "No!" and held her little ones the closer to her breast. They were hers—and for them she would work! With the assistance of her oldest boy, Thomas—nine year old at his father's death—the young widow Garfield split rails and built a fence round the wheatfield. She carded wool, wove cloth, spun flax and kept her children comfortably clothed. She sold a portion of the land in order to pay off a debt against the remaining acres. With little Thomas' help she plowed and planted corn, made garden and kept the small farm going and her dear little ones together. When food was scarce—which was often the case—she made the children forget their unsatisfied hunger by singing to them and encouraging them with hope of the bountiful harvest which would soon be theirs.

In all the world there has been no nobler, grander, braver type of womanhood than we study in the mother of James A. Garfield. She stands without a superior among many noble mothers.

When little James was only three years old he attended school with his brother and two sisters, sitting quietly throughout the long hours on the hard split-log bench in the little log schoolhouse, which was erected on one corner of his mother's farm. As an inducement to the neighboring families to build a schoolhouse the Widow Garfield had generously donated the site, for she was determined to give her children the advantage of a common school education if nothing better.

And so the years were on, and the little James grew to the verge of his teens in a poor but most wholesome home atmosphere. Then he decided that it was high time he should earn some money to help his mother improve the place. As his brother Thomas could now take full charge of the small farm James looked about him for "outside" employment. He obtained his first work away from home with a farmer who manufactured "black salts." For his services he received $9 a month and his board. It is safe to say that the several months' earnings of James proved quite a fortune to his family to whom he so unselfishly carried it.

And even while thus engaged James did not neglect his books, but every night, by the firelight, he studied his arithmetic and history long after the others in the house were fast asleep.

Later James took up the work of cutting wood for his uncle, who paid him 25 cents a cord for firewood. Then followed several months of mule-driving on the canal, filling the role of "towpath boy." But from this service the boy James returned home sick with ague, which kept him on his back for some months.

On his recovery, and at the earnest solicitation of his good mother, he went to Chester to attend the Geauga Seminary, "working his way" through the school and living in a small room where he "boarded himself," a then not uncommon practice among poor boys who were seeking an education.

Then followed several seasons of district school teaching, "boarding round" among the pupils.

Thus did James A. Garfield dig out by his own hands the path along a rugged mountain side which led him always upward and onward to the goal of worthy ambition—"from the cabin of logs to the White House."

MARY GRAHAM.

In the year 1866 the month of February was, in one respect, the most remarkable in the world's history. It had no full moon. January and March of that year had two full moons. This had not occurred since the creation of the world, nor will it occur again, according to astronomers, for 2,500,000 years.

Be Careful What You Say,

If you're naughty an' sassy,
An' won't mind your ma;
If you look sort of smart-like
Right up at your pa;
If you show that you don't
Care a straw what is said,
You'll likely get spanked
And plumped into bed.
And you'll go without eatin'
Your supper, I'll bet,
For no naughty youngster
'At I have seen yet
Would mind just a spankin',
From head clean to feet,
If he could have plenty
Of supper to eat.
So be mighty careful
What you do or say,
If it's coming quite close
To the end of the day.
TIM TURNIPS.

How Little Pat Proved Himself Worthy of His Name.

BY MAUD WALKER.

St. Patrick's Day was drawing near and the children of Little Pond, Southern Florida, had decided on having a celebration befitting the occasion. They had planned on holding their festival in the open air, in a little clearing at the outskirts of the village, which bordered on a pine forest.

Each boy and girl had been requested to prepare himself and herself with a short sketch of the good Saint's life—relating some incident connected with it.

For days the youngsters had been busy preparing for the coming event by cleaning the ground of the spot chosen for the gathering, piling wood and rubbish in a heap for a big bonfire and erecting a small platform, on which the speakers were to stand, and the laying of rude, pine-board benches. Gay Chinese lanterns were suspended from nearby pine branches merely to lend picturesqueness to the scene, for the light would be blinded by that of the great, cracking bonfire, of which Florida children—as well as grown-ups—are so fond. Early in the evening of St. Patrick's Day the youth of the village assembled at their place of meeting, the girls bringing well-filled luncheon baskets and the boys carrying quantities of small, harmless fireworks, for the occasion was to be one of unusual demonstration.

When all had assembled, Tommy Peters, spokesman of the evening, called the laughing, chattering crowd to order and proceeded to call upon each for a two-minute speech on the subject of "Good St. Patrick."

Quite readily the little ones responded with well-chosen and timely remarks, each giving his or her own version of the "St. Patrick's Toad and Snake Story." But when Tommy called upon Pat O'Hooligan to "step to the platform and be heard from," that young Irishman shook his red head and, blushingly, stammered that he "hadn't got no speech fixed up," and "begged to be excused."

"Pshaw! that ain't fair," exclaimed Tommy emphatically. "As you are the only real Irish boy present—an' no Irish girl here at all—you ought to make the real hit of the evening. Besides, you are the namesake of the saint we are celebrating. If anybody here knows the real truth of the toad and sna'"—

But suddenly Tommy hushed speaking, his mouth dropped wide open, his eyes became wildly fixed on something at the edge of the platform near the bonfire, which was throwing out both heat and light. Tightly he clenched his hands, as if in an agony of fear. As he stood there speechless, motionless, he was the picture of abject terror.

At first the children were inclined to laugh at Tommy, thinking he was about to spring some new joke, but as the color left his face and the fear deepened in his eyes all turned their attention to the spot on which his gaze seemed riveted. Then a low exclamation of horror fell from the lips of the children who sat on the benches as though turned to stone.

The horrible thing which had thus transfixed them to their seats, and which, after the one exclamation, robbed them of speech, was nothing less than a huge rattlesnake coiled near the bonfire, whose genial warmth had doubtless driven the reptile from a hole too near to be comfortable. Its flat head was raised fully a foot in the air and its burning eyes were holding Tommy's orbs as by a spell.

Then little Pat O'Hooligan, "the only real Irishman there," and namesake of the saint in whose memory they were celebrating, rose cautiously from his seat, stealthily approached the side of the bonfire opposite to the snake and picked up a huge, long pine bough. Then as cautiously he advanced round the fire to the place where the coiled reptile still held Tommy's terrified eyes with its own.

And now all the children's eyes were bent on Pat, their hearts leaping to their throats as they saw him, catlike, advance upon the enemy that seemed unaware of his approach. When within about five feet of the snake Pat raised the heavy stick in two strong, determined hands. Then like a bolt from heaven—so swift it was—the blow fell, crushing the flat head of the reptile in the earth.

The long coiled body heaved, straightened itself, quivered in its last spasm, and then lay in a still, horrid mass. And then Tommy's mouth closed as he heaved a sigh of relief, and from sheer exhaustion, caused by the fright, he sank down on the platform.

When satisfied that the snake was surely dead, deader, deadest, the boys and girls gathered in a sympathizing group round Tommy and helped him to his feet. Then all turned to Pat, who was still pounding the snake with a burning brand, to make sure of its death, and expressed themselves warmly in admiration for his brave deed.

"Mercy me! but you are a brave boy!" cried one little girl, shaking her sunny curls emphatically, as she took Pat's hand in her own.

"I should say so!" joined in another little girl. "If it hadn't been for you, Pat, that horrible beast would have charmed us all and swallowed us whole. I just am sure it would."

"Yes, sir," admitted a boy—blushing, too, at his own confession—"I was that scared I couldn't raise a finger. I never before was scared till I couldn't yell."

"Well, all of us kids behaved like cowards except Pat," calmly spoke Tommy, "and I guess I was the biggest chump of all. But, honest Injun, I believe I was charmed. I just couldn't take my eyes from that snake's. But—come, Pat, tell us how you, the smallest boy here and the only one that was too bashful to make a speech, found such courage at the moment of danger. You see, if your blow hadn't hit just right—well, it would have been all day with you."

"Well," said Pat, somewhat ill at ease, thus finding himself the hero of the hour, "I reckon 'at I couldn't 'ave done it if it hadn't been St. Patrick's Day. You see, he hated snakes, and I am his namesake, so I just reckon he done come in the form of a cloud—that none of us could see—and helped me to strike with true aim. Anyway," he added in a more practical way, "the old rattler's dead and banished from this place——"

"By young St. Patrick number two!" cried a jolly boy, interrupting. "So, I say, three cheers for little Patrick O'Hooligan, the killer of snakes!"

And after the rousing cheer rang out in the soft Southern air the boys dragged the unsightly dead snake into the woods, the firecrackers were set off, and then the luncheon was spread on the little platform which, covered with a cloth, served as a banquet board.

But before the feast was spread the boys and girls examined the grounds closely, beating every foot of it with sticks, to be sure that no other rattlers had come uninvited to attend the St. Patrick's celebration.

And from that day—which was many years ago—Pat O'Hooligan has been known as "St. Pat, the killer of snakes."

Pat raised the heavy stick in two strong, determined hands.

Magic Writing:

AN INTERESTING EXPERIMENT FOR A CHILDREN'S PARTY.

During the winter days the children love to spend many of their afternoons and evenings entertaining their little friends and being entertained in turn. As this time of year offers no form of outdoor amusements except skating and coasting, the children must confine themselves much of the time to parlor games and frolic.

Let the hostess—or guest whom she has invited to perform these tricks—prepare several sheets of white note paper thus: On one sheet write a poem or quotation, using a solution of sugar of lead for ink. The writing will be invisible. Have a sponge wetted in water impregnated with sulphuretted hydrogen in a saucer carefully hidden from sight of the spectators. Let the "trickist" hold the paper up to the view of the guests and show them that both sides are blank. Then he will call for someone present to give him a poem or quotation, which he promises shall suddenly appear on the white sheet of paper. A boy or girl, who, of course, is a party to the plan, repents the verse or quotation that has already been invisibly written on the paper. The magician quickly lifts the sponge in the palm of his hand—being careful that it is kept hidden—and as he recites some foolish incantation he adroitly passes it over the sheet of paper, which lies in plain view of all. Immediately the writing appears in letters of metallic brilliance, to the astonishment of the spectators. "You see, ladies and gentlemen," the entertainer will say, "I merely passed my hand over the paper several times to get the desired result. Here is the poem which I was requested to instantly produce." Then he takes up another blank-appearing sheet of note paper and says: "Now, you doubtless think that by passing my hand over the first sheet of paper I practiced some trick of sleight-of-hand. To undeceive you I shall take this piece of paper and by an entirely different method produce the same effect."

Now, this paper has written on its surface a message which is invisible. The ink used was a solution of diluted oil of vitriol, which is colorless till placed near the heat. In preparing the "magic ink" be careful to not get too much vitriol or it will eat away the paper.

After the paper has been examined by the watchful guests to see that it is blank the magician takes it up, flourishes it carelessly over a convenient lamp where the intense heat from the chimney turns the invisible letters to a distinct black. During this performance he recites, as in the first case, some laughable incantation to hold the minds of the guests. Also, he has asked for some verse or quotation, presumably from the host or hostess who, of course, has been supplied with the one desired and which he or she repeats aloud as the paper is being heated. Then—presto, pass!—the verse or quotation is exact, and the sheet is passed round the room to be examined by the wondering boys and girls.

Little Kid Town.

Little Kid Town is a very queer place;
Just listen and I'll tell you why;
'Cause it is built in any old place,
And the builders never do try

To fix things up as big folks do,
For their houses have never a door;
Only the sky is their roof overhead,
And the clean-swept earth is their floor.
Small flat stones are their sofas and chairs,
A little old board makes a table;
A handful of straw is a fine featherbed
Or, perhaps, some straw from the stable.

The very "best blood" of Little Kid Town
Keeps a laundry a la Chi-nee;
With a cold flatiron, a tub and a board,
He just makes believe to "wash-ee."
Another "best blood" keeps a queer little inn
Where the guests are served with mud pie;
And across the way is a grocery store,
And a "one-cent news stand" near by.

Thus Little Kid Town is built up each day,
And carried away every night,
By the dear little hands that come there to play
During the hours 'tween morning and night.

Good Saint Patrick.

A Sketch of His Life.

Somewhere about the year 386 A. D. a youth was carried from Gaul to Ireland and sold into bondage. This slave was none other than Patrick, who later became the celebrated Christian and saint.

Even though a slave, Patrick learned to love Ireland and to hold her people dear to his heart. And he was no common slave, this boy who was born in Banneven, Tabernia, in Scotland, in the year 373, A. D., and after a brief servitude he made his escape and journeyed first to France and then to Rome. In this city—then capital of the world—he became a teacher of the Gospel. His earnestness and zeal soon placed him foremost among the greatest expounders of the faith, and everywhere he was followed and loved.

But during all the years of his work among the Romans his heart yearned for the children of the Emerald Isle, and it was his dearest wish to return to the land where he had toiled in bondage and to teach Christianity to its people.

It was not, however, until he had become quite advanced in years that he satisfied his heart's longing and once more set foot on Irish soil. At once he began his work as teacher of the Gospel. Others had taught the lessons of Christ there, but with little success, and Patrick found the field left almost wholly to himself. As taught by him Christianity spread with amazing rapidity. His charm of person, his noble life spent in a nobler cause found converts everywhere he went. To hear him was to believe the words he spoke. So great was his magnetism and force of argument that none disputed him, and soon all Ireland was Christian in faith. For many centuries the island was known as "The Isle of Saints," being, as it was, the especial home of Christianity.

Poetic legend has brought us many pretty tales concerning Saint Patrick, the one most familiar being the story of his casting the toads and snakes out of Ireland.

There is no picture nor description of Saint Patrick's personal appearance, but we are safe in presuming that he possessed a fine physique, living a life in the open as he did, and that he had the ruddy complexion and blue eyes of the Scotsman.

When Saint Patrick died—the date of his death varying from 464 to 493 A. D.—his body was tenderly, lovingly, buried in Ireland, the land that he loved.

MARY GRAHAM.

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14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LOOK INTO R. R. RATES

The Interstate Commerce Commission Opens Its Hearing in Kansas.

Discrimination in Favor of Standard Oil is Alleged.

Kansas City, March 12.—Acting on resolutions passed by both houses of congress, three members of the interstate commerce commission began an investigation here into charges made by independent producers of Kansas that the railroads of Kansas discriminate in favor of the Standard Oil company, in matter of oil rates outside that state. The railroads involved are the Santa Fe, the Missouri Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, the St. Louis & San Francisco, the Rock Island, the Union Pacific, the Kansas City Southern and the Burlington.

The members of the interstate commerce commission who will make the investigation are Francis M. Cockrill, Judson Clements and Charles A. Prouty. John T. Marchand, who has been in the Southwest for two weeks making a preliminary investigation of the producers, charges, was present today as the attorney for the commission. Frank S. Monett, former attorney general of Ohio and Clifford T. Horne of Washington, Iowa, were present as counsel for the independent producers. The railroads interested had representatives at the investigation and there were several interested spectators. Among the latter was C. D. Chamberlain of Cleveland, secretary of the National Petroleum association, comprising independents of Pennsylvania and Ohio. He said he was here to watch the proceedings in the interests of his association. The agitation for the investigation begun today was started some time ago when Clifford T. Horne acting on behalf of the Kansas Oil Producers' association, filed with James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations at Washington, a statement in which instances of alleged discrimination against the independents in the matter of rates were made.

While members of the producers' association and railway officials will be the chief witnesses, the interstate commission has invited "All persons, firms, companies or associations having any interest in the proceedings," to appear to produce and cross-examine witnesses. It is expected the hearing will last through Wednesday.

A. L. Robertson of Chanute, Kan., was the first witness examined. Mr. Robertson, who formerly was a newspaper correspondent is now a member of the Kansas Oil Producers' association, which makes the charges of discrimination. To the Associated Press Mr. Marchand stated that Mr. Robertson probably would be the most important witness produced by the independent oil interests, and that the government would base its investigation mainly upon his testimony.

IS DOWIE DEPOSED?

Remarks of Deputy Overseer Voliva Intimate as Much.

He Announces Striking Departures From Dowie's Policy.

Chicago, March 12.—Wilbur G. Voliva, the new deputy general overseer of Zion City, speaking before 1,500 Chicago members of the church yesterday, announced several striking departures from the policy of John Alexander Dowie, to be inaugurated in the management of Zion City and its industries. Overseer Voliva spoke reverentially of Dowie as the founder of the church, but condemned the administrative abuses which are said to have existed under his government. Among the reforms which are promised are the abolition of female labor in the female lace factory and other establishments, the establishment of an agricultural college in connection with Zion City, courteous treatment of newspaper reporters, and a relegation of all sensational and emotional religions. The meeting was held at Zion Central tabernacle, 1625 Michigan avenue. The new overseer led his hearers to believe that Dowie had been permanently deposed. "If there is an overseer in this church," he said, "who does not measure up to the standard of an overseer, he will be a curse to the church." Then turning to the overseers seated upon the rostrum, he continued: "Concerning the general overseer, we will attend to that at the proper time. Moses led the children of Israel out of Egypt, and afterwards, for good reason, the Lord set Moses aside. Do some thinking. Read between the lines."

TO ASSIST IN RESCUE.

Herne, Prussia, March 12.—Mining Director Meyer with fifteen men of the rescue corps has gone to Courrieres, France, to offer assistance in the work of bringing the bodies of the miners from the pit where an explosion on Saturday resulted in the loss of over a thousand lives. The disaster has made the deepest and most sympathetic impression throughout this great mining district.

RULER OF ARGENTINA

Passes Away Somewhat Suddenly at Age of 71 Years.

President Quintana Had Been Prominent in Politics for Years.

Buenos Ayres, March 12.—Dr. Manuel Quintana, president of the Argentine republic, died yesterday of catarrhal pneumonia. The end was somewhat sudden, although President Quintana had been in delicate health for some time. He had grown very feeble, and was not strong enough to leave the city for his country home. Between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning enormous crowds were admitted to view the remains, and there is general mourning everywhere throughout the republic.

Dr. Quintana was 71 years old, and for many years has been regarded as one of the ablest lawyers of his country. He was a prominent figure in national politics from early life, and has held a position of provincial and national deputy in the national government. He has also been legal adviser of many of the important corporations. He represented the Argentine republic at the Pan-American convention at Washington in 1889. He was regarded as an exceedingly able and just official.

At the election, held on June 16, 1904, Dr. Quintana was elected president, and Figuera Alcorta, vice president. They assumed office in October, 1904, at the close of President Rosca's term, to hold office until 1910.

Vice President Alcorta, the new president, recently announced that he would make no change in the ministry during the president's illness. He is in thorough sympathy with the policy of his two predecessors, and is very popular in the country.

THE LARGEST OWNER OF LAND

In Upper Michigan is the Cleveland Cliffs Iron Company.

Negaunee, Mich, March 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—With the acquisition of the lands of the Michigan Land & Iron company, a deal is understood to be practically consummated at London, England, the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company will be by far the largest individual land owner in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, if, indeed, it does not now hold that place. The Cleveland Cliffs company has holdings aggregating over 1,000,000 acres, stretching in an almost continuous block from the western limits of the peninsula in Gogebic county to Sault Ste. Marie on the east. The addition of the lands of Lord Brassey's corporation would give it 200,000 acres more.

For a number of years the Cleveland Cliffs company has pursued in no uncertain manner the policy of acquiring lands, its purchases ranging in size from the small forty-acre tract to blocks of many thousands of acres. The appreciation of the stumpage value of its holdings during the past half decade amounts to several millions of dollars, and at the present rate of advancement it is probable that within ten years the market price of the timber lands will be several times the figure at which the possessions were acquired. The sale of mineralized lands is not included in the company's policy, and such timber holdings as have been disposed of have been parceled out only to concerns with mills and factories in towns on the lines of the Cleveland Cliffs system of railways. The sale of lands has been restricted to actual settlers, and timber speculators have been unable to obtain a foothold.

The original holdings of the Michigan Land & Iron company amounted to 400,000 acres. These lands were ceded to the state in 1856 by act of congress, and subsequently passed into the hands of projectors of railway enterprises in Upper Michigan in the form of grants for the construction of lines from Marquette, Lake Superior to Bay de Noc, Lake Michigan, and between Marquette and entonagon, Lake Superior. About twenty miles of the two railroads were built, and the 400,000 acres became the property of the two companies. Subsequently, and at the time of the construction of the Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon railway northward from Marquette, a merger was effected and title passed to that corporation, which later sold the tracts to the Michigan Land & Iron company. Of the 400,000 acres, fully half still remains intact, comprising mineral and timber lands. The reported deal for their possession and the transfer of the mineral rights reserved by the Michigan Land & Iron company in the disposition of lands in the past involves a consideration of approximately $1,500,000.

VIRGINIA CITY HALL

May be Extended to Provide More Room for Fire Department.

Virginia, Minn., March 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—At a meeting of the council committee on fire department, held Saturday night, it was decided to recommend to the council that the city hall be extended twelve feet to the alley in the rear. The lower floor of the addition will be used for hose cart and other fire apparatus; the upper floor as sleeping quarters for the firemen, and a jury room adjoining the municipal court. A one-story brick veneered building, 16 by 23 feet in size, will be erected, adjoining the city hall on the east, to be used as a barn for a fire team.

Saturday afternoon the fire department was called to battle a blaze in the home of John Simonack, in the Fourth ward. While the father and mother were absent, a little son was playing with matches, and set fire to the clothing hanging in a closet. As soon as he did this he ran out of the house and said nothing, until the blaze was discovered coming through the roof. The fire was extinguished before it had gained much headway. The loss is estimated at $100.

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES DECIDES IMPORTANT CASES

Witnesses Must Answer Questions in the Paper Trust Trial.

Cases Were Brought by Government in State of Minnesota.

The Case Instituted in Wisconsin is Dismissed.

Washington, March 12.—In an opinion by Justice McKenna, the supreme court of the United States decided the cases against the witnesses in the "Paper trust" cases against them, holding that they should answer the questions propounded to them in the proceedings against the alleged trust, brought by the government. The cases originated in Minnesota and Wisconsin. The Wisconsin cases were dismissed for want of jurisdiction, while in the Minnesota cases the verdict of the court for the district of Minnesota was affirmed.

Charter of Chicago Street Railways Extended Ninety-Nine Years.

Act of Illinois Legislature in 1865 Has That Effect.

Decision of the United States Circuit Court is Overruled.

Washington, March 12.—The Chicago street railway cases, involving the question of the date of determination of the franchises of the lines running from the center of Chicago to the north and west sides, were today decided by the supreme court of the United States. The opinion was delivered by Justice Day and reversed the decision of the United States circuit court for the northern district of Illinois. He held that the act of the Illinois legislature of 1865 had the effect of extending the charter of the railway companies for ninety-nine years.

Witnesses Must Testify Before Grand Jury in Tobacco Suit.

Appeal Came on Habeas Corpus Proceedings in New York.

Lower Decision Affirmed But Subpoena Held Too Broad.

Washington, March 12.—The tobacco trust cases, involving the right of witnesses to refrain from testifying before federal grand juries in proceedings under the anti-trust law were today decided by the supreme court of the United States against the witnesses. The case grew out of proceedings for writs of habeas corpus instituted in the circuit court for the southern district of New York, that the subpoena in this case was too broad.

TO GIVE QUEEN $50,000 A YEAR

Spanish Parliament to Appropriate That Amount to Alfonso's Bride.

Madrid, March 12.—Premier Morat today officially communicated to the cabinet Kink Alfonso's betrothal to Princess Ena of Battenberg, who hereafter will be officially known as Victoria Eugenie. Later the two houses of parliament were notified. The minister of finance will present a bill appropriating the sum of $50,000 annually for the future queen. The date of the marriage has been definitely fixed for June 2.

The American ambassador, William M. Collier, has returned here from his tour of Andalusia, to participate in the festivities to be held in honor of the king of Portugal, who arrived here today.

CLERGY AROUSED

And Astor-Shaw Wedding May Be Celebrated in France.

London, March 12.—Such tremendous opposition has developed to the coming marriage of William Waldorf Astor, Jr., and Mrs. Nannie Langhorn Shaw, divorced wife of Robert Gould Shaw of Boston, among the high churchmen of the Church of England that the marriage may have to be celebrated in France, if it is not broken off altogether.

Threats to prevent the wedding have been made by eminent clergymen if an effort is made to have it celebrated in the Church of England in violation of canonical laws upon the question of remarriage of divorced persons.

Rev. William Black, who has been joined by the duke of Newcastle, the archbishop of Canterbury, the bishop of London and other influential churchmen, has made a strong protest against the marriage. This he voiced yesterday, and he will go further and take public action, if necessary, to prevent what he deems would be scandalous to the church.

DI CASTELMENARDO GUILTY OF ADULTERY.

Genoa, March 12.—On complaint of his wife, who was Edith Van Buren of New York, and whose brother is the American consul at Nice, Count Di Castelmenardo, was yesterday convicted of adultery and sentenced to three months' imprisonment and to pay the costs of the action. The count has taken an appeal from the verdict of the court.

The Countess Di Castelmenardo is a daughter of the late Gen. Van Buren and a great grand-niece of President Van Buren. She was married in London in 1900 to Count Vessichio Gurgo Di Castelmenardo, who is a son of the Duchess Tortora Brayda Di Belvedere Giuditta Gurga Di Castelmenardo of Naples.

ENGINE LEAVES TRACK; CARS REMAIN ON RAILS.

Pittsburg, March 12.—The engine hauling through express train No. 9, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, due here at 7:50 a. m., was derailed near Smithton, Pa., and after ploughing alongside the rails some distance, overturned. Engineer Frank Cunningham and Fireman Harry Kirkland, were seriously, but not fatally injured. The Pullman sleepers held to the rails and the passengers escaped with a severe shaking up.

A FIERCE SNOW STORM INTERFERES WITH WORK.

Lincoln, Neb., March 12.—A fierce snow storm which is raging in the vicinity of Akron, Colo., where Burlington trains Nos. 1 and 14 collided last night, interferes with the work of the wrecking crew and progress is almost impossible. Meanwhile the main line tracks of the Burlington are blocked, with little prospect for an early clearance. Trains have been run out from Denver and McCook to care for the passengers, none of whom was injured.

REFUSE TO TAKE PART

Russian Workmen Will Not Vote in the Elections.

They Declare That the National Assembly is a Mockery.

St. Petersburg, March 12.—In practically all the first stage of the peasant selections a faction in the villages refused to participate. Reports from Smolensk, Mishkin, Zubtsoff, Volkine and elsewhere indicate that the peasants generally chose Conservative delegates to the district conventions which will select delegates to the provincial conventions at which representatives to the national assembly will be chosen. Nevertheless at the first district convention the peasant representatives at Moscow yesterday, while they did not succeed in choosing their delegates, strongly favored the selection of the peasant against the land owner class. Feeling on the subject is evidently being aroused, a proportion of the workmen refusing to participate and a much larger body, the entire radical wing belonging to the Social Democratic party, is boycotting the elections at Moscow where about a third of the employes of the factories have refused to vote. This wing has adopted a resolution declaring that the national assembly is a mockery as the election law favors the rich against the poor, the land owners against the peasants and the employers against the workmen, adding:

"The purpose of the government is not to convoke real representatives of the people but persons who will obey the instructions of the government. It simply wants to use the national assembly to raise money. The Russian people are more in slavery than before. We refuse to participate in the elections and demand a constituent assembly on the basis of universal amnesty for the thousands who are now being arrested and sent into exile."

M. Kuttler, who recently resigned the post of minister of agriculture, was registered on the list of the constitutional Democrats.

FATE UNKNOWN.

Remarkable Feature of Reports Concerning Russians in Battle.

St. Petersburg, March 12.—The Invalid, organ of the military, is still printing daily lists of the losses sustained during the war which, without including Port Arthur now totals 151,000 killed, wounded and disappeared. The lists covering the fighting at Mukden are just beginning to appear. A remarkable feature is the percentage of men whose fate is unknown, having been abandoned on the field of battle.

The staff is receiving thousands of inquiries from relatives regarding the fate of soldiers, which it is unable to answer.

YOUNG GOES TO STANFORD.

Stanford University, March 12.—Dr. A. A. Young, assistant professor of economics in the university of Wisconsin, has accepted the position of assistant professor of economics in Stanford university with the executive headship of the department. He will take up his work at Stanford with the beginning of the new year in September.

MORGAN VISITS THE POPE.

Rome, March 2.—The pope today received in private audience J. P. Morgan, H. B. Hollings, Mrs. Hollings and Miss Hollings of New York. The audience merely consisted of an exchange of compliments, the pontiff expressing his appreciation of the kindness of Mr. Morgan in visiting him and recalling his visit of last May.

FRENCH CABINET IS COMPLETED

M. Sarrien Has Assembled Those to Enter New Ministry.

Paris, March 12.—M. Sarrien today assembled those whom he expects to enter the new ministry. Although no formal announcement has been made the cabinet is practically completed as follows:

Premier and minister of justice—M. Sarrien.
Minister of the interior—Senator Clemenceau.
Minister of foreign affairs—M. Bourgeois.
Minister of war—M. Etienne.
Minister of marine—M. Thomson.
Minister of public instruction and worship—M. Briand.
Minister of commerce—M. Doumergue.
Minister of public works—M. Barthou.
Minister of finance—M. Poincaire.
Minister of the colonies—M. Leygues.
Minister of agriculture—M. Ruau.

A meeting will be held during the day to consider the cabinet's policy. The principal question is the government's course in carrying out the law providing for the separation of church and state. Senator Clemenceau, who will have charge of enforcing the provision for taking church inventories, is in favor of an energetic policy.

A NATIONAL PUBLICITY LAW

Concerning Election Expenses is Urged by Perry Belmont.

Washington, March 12.—Perry Belmont of New York, president of the National Publicity Bill association, addressed the house committee on election of president, vice-president and representatives in congress, on the purification of political campaigns by preventing secret contributions. Representatives Cockran of New York and McCall of Massachusetts also addressed the committee on the general subject of publicity as set forth in a bill introduced by Mr. McCall and supported by the organization of which Mr. Belmont is president. Mr. Belmont, in explanation of the purposes of the McCall bill, said it was drawn to compel the publication of contributions of the campaign funds to national committees with no thought of interfering with state control of state elections. He said many states had passed publicity laws, which would be strengthened by a national publicity law.

LAWYER PATRICK AGAIN REPRIEVED

Execution Postponed by Governor Higgins Until May 18.

Albany, N. Y., March 12.—Governor Higgins today issued a further reprieve until May 18 in the case of Albert T. Patrick, whose sentence of death for the alleged murder of William Marsh Rice, the governor had already delayed from January 22 to March 19. The respite is at the joint request of District Attorney Jerome and the attorneys for Patrick, in order to allow time to continue the proceedings on the action for a new trial, now pending in New York city.

LARGE SAWMILL

To be Built at Bemidji by Backus-Brooks Company.

Bemidji, Minn., March 12. — The Backus—Brooks Lumber company of Minneapolis will build a large sawmill on the east side of Bemidji lake this spring, and according to present plans the mill will be in operation by June 1.

The mill will have a capacity of 150,000 feet per day and will employ from 300 to 400 men. It will be operated night and day during the coming season. It will be equipped with two twin band saws, two re-saws and the other necessary edgers, etc., and will also have a planing mill in connection.

PRIEST IS ARRESTED

Father Gapon Taken Into Custody by the Russian Authorities.

His Enemies Intimate That He Arranged Arrest Himself.

St. Petersburg, March 12.—Father Gapon was arrested today on the eve of the enquiry demanded by him into the scandal involved in the charge that his labor organization was subsidized by the government.

M. Timiriazeff, minister of commerce, in an interview exonerates Father Gapon from all blame, declaring that he is an idealist and a man of force and acquitting him of receiving any of the money given by the government to M. Matushenski, Gapon's former assistant. Nevertheless his enemies intimate that Gapon arranged the arrest because he feared revelations and desired to throw dust in the eyes of his followers by giving himself the appearance of being persecuted by the government.

MISSTATEMENTS ARE CORRECTED

Herald's Account of Hibbing Scandal is Modified Somewhat.

In The Herald of Jan. 23 appeared an article headed "Hibbing Excited Over a Scandal—Musicians of Different Sexes Arrested Together in a Hotel." The article was published just as it was received from Hibbing.

A. M. Ross who was the man referred to in the article, has, since its publication, questioned certain statements therein. The Herald has made investigation of the facts and finds that there were some errors and these it will correct as is it always glad to where any can be shown. The following is a fair statement of the facts:

In the early morning of Jan. 23, 1906, A. M. Ross, who is a colored musician and was then leader of an orchestra at Hibbing, and who is married to a white woman, was found in lodging rooms over a Chinese restaurant in Hibbing with a white woman who gave her name as Maud Branthon. The police found the door locked when they went to the room and upon breaking in discovered Ross and the Branthon woman in the room, the woman being almost naked. They were arrested and given a trial in the municipal court of Hibbing on the charge of fornication. Both were found guilty and each paid a fine of $50. The Branthon woman was a member of Ross' orchestra. Before the arrest Ross' wife had been looking for him and had made inquiry of the police for him.

The article referred to was incorrect in the following respects: The place where the arrest was made was possibly not a hotel, but a public rooming house operated in connection with a Chinese restaurant; the parties were not in bed together at the time they were arrested and when the police entered the room; the reference to Ross' wife seeking him with a knife and carver is a mistake; the Branthon woman is not known to be married, but was referred to in the former article as Mrs. Manthon by mistake, and should have been called Maud Branthon.

These matters are admitted to have been erroneous, and retraction and withdrawal is made.

AMEND BILL ON NATURALIZATION

Congressman Steenerson Says the Measure is too Stringent.

Washington, March 12.—Representative Steenerson of Minnesota and other members of the house from the Northwest who have constituencies composed largely of foreigners are opposed to certain provisions of the pending naturalization bill They object particularly to that feature of the measure providing that before final citizenship papers are issued to an alien he must be able to read, speak and understand the English language.

Mr. Steenerson has offered an amendment to the bill, striking out the provision requiring an alien to read, speak or understand the English tongue.

"These words would debar a man from citizenship," said Mr. Steenerson, "not because of any default in his education, but because he might be unable to master the English language in five years. There are many good people who come to the United States at an age when it is difficult for them to acquire a new tongue, and against such persons this test in English would be an unfair discrimination. It would especially operate unjustly against prospective and present settlers under the homestead law.

"Take the case of a man who migrated from Norway or Germany or the province of Quebec, who could not read, speak or understand English, but was otherwise qualified for American citizenship. He might take a homestead by declaring his intention to become a citizen, but unless he could master the English language he would be unable to prove up, for the reason that the proposed law requires that a settler must not be admitted to full citizenship unless he has acquired the mastery of the English tongue."

Mr. Steenerson and other Northwestern members will make an effort to have the feature requiring a mastery of English stricken out of the bill.

THREE SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Chita, Eastern Siberia, March 12.—A courtmartial held today sentenced three revolutionists to death. Among them was the principal of a school.

RAPIDLY SINKING

Death of Miss Anthony Looked for at Any Moment.

Breathing Irregular and at Times is Barely Discernible.

Rochester, N. Y., March 12.—There has been no marked change in the condition of Miss Susan B. Anthony since yesterday. She is still in a comatose condition, the heart action is weak, and death may be looked for at any moment.

Miss Anthony has been rapidly sinking since 10 o'clock. Her breathing is irregular, and at times barely discernible. Her physician said:

"There is absolutely no hope, and she probably will not live the day out."

This morning the following named nieces arrived at her bedside: Mrs. George L. Baker of Chicago, Miss Lucy Anthony of Philadelphia, private secretary to Dr. Anna Shaw; Mrs. Alvin T. Jones of Philadelphia.

Last night, in a delirium, Miss Anthony spoke of the work in Oregon,

SUSAN B. ANTHONY.

where the battle for woman suffrage is now being waged. Shortly after she sank into a stupor.

Miss Anthony's life in later years, since her retirement from active participation in the affairs of the national suffrage organization, has been comparatively quiet, but her interest in the work to which she had given the best years of her life did not abate. She devoted more of her time to the pen, and wrote many historical and reminiscent articles on the woman suffrage movement. In addition to her literary work, Miss Anthony, with her sister, entertained frequently at their home.

In spite of her 86 years, her mind, to within a day, has been clear and vigorous, and even in her last sickness she was actively engaged in planning for the future. She was deeply interested in the suffrage campaign that is now being carried on in Oregon, and in the delirium of her last hours she spoke repeatedly of the work there, and how necessary it was for her to get well.

Since she retired from the presidency of the suffrage party, about three years ago, Miss Anthony has traveled widely and lectured more than was wise for one of her age.

ANOTHER DEADLOCK

Occurs Among the Delegates to the Moroccan Conference.

Not Considered It Will be Permanent at This Time.

Algeciras, March 12.—The French delegates declare they will not accept foreign control of the Franco-Spanish police for Morocco. The Germans are firm. This makes a momentary deadlock upon details, but a solution is considered assured as the parties are agreed upon the main principles involved.

MOODY IS NOT YET READY TO RESIGN.

Chicago, March 12.—Attorney General Moody when asked today regarding prospective changes in the cabinet, replied:

"I am not yet ready to leave the cabinet, and when I am, I will announce it. I do not know anything about any changes in the cabinet, and have no right to know anything."

CONGRESSMAN TO RESIGN.

Fort Wayne, Ind., March 12.—Hon. Newton W. Gilbert representative in congress from the Twelfth district announced here today that he will shortly resign his seat to accept a judgeship in the Philippines, which position has been offered him by the president. Congressman Gilbert will give up his seat some time during the present session.

GOOD EVENING

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Probably snow flurries, warmer and fresh easterly winds tonight and Tuesday.

The First Peep

At the proper clothes for spring is offered NOW at the daylight store. The styles and materials will please the most particular dresser. The grays and small checks are holding the lead as to patterns. Let us feel your presence soon.

ALFRED BENJAMIN CO'S.

Garments for spring are arriving daily. The "best clothes your price affords" is the "best clothes you can afford" and these well-made garments are the "best clothes anyone can afford." The prices range from

$20 TO $35

Home of the Knox Hat.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 W. Superior St.

The Finest Cafes at Head of the Lakes
Are in connection with
The Spalding and Hotel Superior

Special Monthly Rates for the Winter now in effect at both Hotels.
American or European Plans.

THE ORIENTAL TURKISH AND VAPOR BATH PARLORS

Seventh avenue west, opp. the Incline, have the most modern and complete equipment in the Northwest. The up-to-date treatment for rheumatism and kindred diseases. Prices 25c and 50c

NEED MORE JACKIES.

Recruiting Party for Navy is Now at Federal Building.

A naval recruiting party opened offices this morning in the federal building, taking the jury rooms on the third floor. The party is headed by Lieut. J. H. Comfort and the other members are: Assistant Surgeon B. H. Dorsey, medical examiner, Chief Master-at-Arms P. B. Golden, Chief Yoeman A. C. Foster, Quartermaster G. F. Splaine and Hospital Apprentice J. A. Lamosny. The first thing this morning the party enlisted R. S. McIntyre of Duluth, and he will be sent to Norfolk, Va., tonight. The party came here from Eau Claire and will remain a week in the federal building. In Eau Claire twelve men were enlisted. An office has also been opened in the Board of Trade building in Superior.

The best safeguard against headache, constipation and liver troubles is De Witt's Little Early Risers. They don't gripe. Sold by all druggists.

IT IS ALWAYS RELIABLE
White Loaf Baking Powder
Healthful and Pure.
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

TO COLLECT REGULARLY

New Ordinance Will Compel the Proper Disposition of Garbage.

All Citizens Must Provide Tin or Sheet Iron Receptacles.

The first step toward establishing a municipal system for the collection of garbage will be taken this evening at the meeting of the common council, when an ordinance will be introduced calling upon every householder to provide a garbage can which shall be emptied regularly at stated periods.

Under the terms of the ordinance every householder in the city of Duluth shall provide some sheet iron receptacle for garbage and waste material. The receptacle shall be kept in some convenient place, and shall be emptied frequently during the warm weather.

This ordinance will prevent garbage being allowed to accumulate in wooden barrels and cellars, and prove a constant menace to health.

The garbage which will be collected from these receptacles, will be taken to the new crematory and burned.

In time it is hoped to have the collection made by city carts and at the expense of the city, but for the present this course will not be adopted. The ordinance which will be introduced tonight, however, will pave the way for a municipal collection, as it will get the citizens in the way of providing proper receptacles for garbage, and keeping them in a convenient place.

The ordinance will be given its first reading tonight, and will be laid over one week before the discussion on it is held.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Refused by Supreme Court in Case of Anna Valentina.

Washington, March 12.—The supreme ecurt of the United States today refused to grant a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Anna Valentina, the Italian woman, who is under sentence of death at Hackensack, N. Y., on the charge of murder in that city in 1904, thus affirming the decision of the circuit court.

MANN INDICTED FOR PERJURY.

New York, March 12.—Col. William D. Mann, editor of Town Topics, was today indicted for perjury by the grand jury. The indictment was based on his testimony in the recent trial of Norman Hapgood, editor of Colliers' Weekly, on a charge of criminal libel.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Facial Massage, Manicuring, at Miss Horrigan's.

FOR RENT—ABOUT APRIL 1, SEVEN-room house, near Twenty-fourth avenue west. Call Duluth 'phone 3043-M.

WANTED — WAITRESS AT UNION Restaurant. 529 West Superior street.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two gentlemen in private family. 130 West Third street.

WANTED—BRIGHT GIRL WHO UNderstands something about tailoring to wait on customers in tailor shop. F. Popkin, over Gasser's.

LOST—ROMAN GOLD BEADS BEtween West Duluth and High school. Finder please return to Herald office.

WANTED—BY YOUNG SWEDE OF good education, position in some office, wholesale house or store. Understands English thoroughly. A. E. 1025, Garfield avenue.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 2703 West First street.

A 21-FOOT YACHT HULL, NEW, TORpedo design, fast type, very attractive. First-class workmanship, can be bought cheap. Call up old 'phone 3013-M, or Zenith 'phone 3085-X.

GOOD GIRL GENERAL HOUSEWORK, four in family. 1424 East Second street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON East Third street, has water, sewer, bath and gas; must be sold at once. Will go at a bargain. Call 227 Eleventh avenue west.

Best place to get shoes repaired while shopping. Gopher Shoe Works.

MANICURING, FACE AND SCALP treatments. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Blk.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Andrew Westman and Matilda Peterson.

BIRTHS.

MOEBROTEN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moebroten, 2729 West Sixth street, March 11.

KNAUS—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Knaus of 1422½ East First street, March 3.

DI MARCO—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Di Marco of 916 West Fourth street, March 9.

MUNROE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Munroe of 230 East Superior street, March 10.

LUCIUS—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Lucius at St. Luke's hospital March 9.

DEATHS.

HERRING—Rosa J. Herring, aged 65 years, died last evening at her home 1027 West First street. She leaves three children, Dr. E. W. Herring of Barron, Wis., W. A. Herring, of Duluth, and Mrs. E. W. Gillett of Duluth. The body will be shipped to Tomah, Wis., for burial.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Joseph Belanger, addition to building on Fifty-sixth avenue west, to cost	$500
Henry Fee, brick dwellings on Second street, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues east, to cost....	8,000
Vincent Milejezah, frame building on Wicklow street, between Winnipeg and Grand Forks avenues, to cost	85
Harry Harrington, repairs to building on Minnesota avenue, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth streets, to cost.....	400

DEPUTIES AMBUSHED

Indian Outlaws Surround Six and Kill Three of Them.

Posses to Start Out at Once and Trouble is Feared.

Vinita, I. T., March 12.—Six United States deputy marshals were ambushed in Spavinaw hills, near Kansas, I. T., by a band of Indian full blooded outlaws, last night. In a fight that ensued three deputies, I. L. Glistrah of Kansas, Otis Tuttle of Vinita and Richard Carey of Tahlequah, I. T., were killed.

Thomas Wofford, one of the deputies, who escaped, carried the news to Tahlequah today, and Marshal Darraugh issued orders to rush every deputy marshal in the northern district of the territory to the scene. Details of the fight have not yet been received.

Marshal Darraugh, in addition, wired the department of justice at Washington, asking authority to swear in 100 additional deputies and to offer $1,000 reward for each of the outlaws, dead or alive. He has gone to Kansas and will personally direct operations against the outlaws. The outlaws are alleged to be headed by Chiles, John and Thomas Wickliffe, sons of a former justice of the Cherokee supreme court. The three Wickliffe boys began their career five years ago when they were concerned in a stabbing affray at an Indian dance.

Last March members of the gang killed Deputy Vier and escaped after a battle with a posse and they are credited with having committed many other crimes. They are alleged to be professional horse thieves and have given the authorities much trouble. More bloodshed is feared. It is said that many of the younger full blooded Indians in the Spavinaw hills are joining the Wickliffes and a second clash seems inevitable when the reinforcements of deputies meet with th outlaws. Several famous Indian fighters are among the posse. Among them are the two brothers of Tuttle, the dead deputy. The Tuttle family is celebrated for fighting in the early days of Indian Territory and when the two brothers left for the scene today they declared they would avenge the death of their brother.

The six deputies were ambushed last night while hunting the Wickliffes for the murder of Deputy Vier. The horses of the deputies were shot from under them and Deputies Glistrup, Tuttle and Carey were killed outright. The other three sought shelter behind some rocks, one of them, Wofford was sent back on foot to Tahlequah for reinforcements. When he left the others were holding the Indians at bay.

CITY BRIEFS

A banquet will be given this evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to the new members of the association secured during the recent membership campaign and to the old members instrumental in securing them. Dr. R. W. Bowden will act as toastmaster.

F. R. Wicterhin was this morning held to the grand jury on a charge of second degree larceny, by Judge Windom, his bail being fixed at $250. He is claimed to hav stolen a watch from John Ryan, a cruiser, on Dec. 30.

J. M. Secord of Cleveland, national organizer of the Marine Cooks' and Stewards' union, is in the city and will endeavor to establish a sub-agency and also to organize the dredge and tug cooks. A meeting will be held tomorrow night in Seamen's hall, Superior, with this object in view.

The German Insurance company, against whom Bryan O'Rourke was awarded a verdict on a fire loss on the range, has filed notice in district court of an appeal to the state supreme court from an order denying a new trial.

A list of state lands that are for sale in this part of the state has been received from Secretary of State Hanson by the Commercial club. The lists have been in active demand. Anyone desiring a copy may get one by addressing Secretary H. V. Eva at the Commercial club, or by calling for one.

Henry D. Lang, clerk of the United States circuit court and Charles L. Spencer, clerk of the United States district court are in the city today, conferring with Judge Morris as to the Minneapolis term which will open April 3.

In the personal damage suit of Henry Colony against the Alger-Smith company, in which a verdict for $1,500 was returned for the plaintiff during the recent term of United States court, a satisfaction of judgment was filed today and so was also a stipulation waiving costs.

DOCTOR CURED OF ECZEMA

Maryland Physician Cures Himself of Eczema with Cuticura Remedies. Prescribes Them and Has Cured Many Cases Where Other Formulas Have Failed—Dr. Fisher Says:

CUTICURA REMEDIES POSSESS TRUE MERIT

"My face was afflicted with eczema in the year 1897. I used the Cuticura Remedies, and was entirely cured. I am a practicing physician and very often prescribe Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Soap in cases of eczema, and they have cured where other formulas have failed. I am not in the habit of endorsing patent medicines, but when I find remedies possessing true merit, such as the Cuticura Remedies do, I am broad-minded enough to proclaim their virtues to the world. I have been practicing medicine for sixteen years, and must say I find your Remedies A No. 1. You are at liberty to publish this letter, or any part of it. I remain, very truly yours, G. M. Fisher, M. D., Big Pool, Md., May 24, 1905."

CUTICURA—THE SET, $1.

Complete Treatment for Every Humor from Pimples to Scrofula

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal; and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent Pills to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set, costing but one dollar, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50., Resolvent 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Torturing, Disfiguring Humors of Infancy and Age."

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

Will Continue to Offer Tomorrow the Last of Their Stock of Winter Garments --as Follows:

This spell of cold weather only reminds us that plenty of such days come in between the warm and sunshiny ones of the early spring. It is always well to be prepared with warm wraps of some kind—and this is an exceptional opportunity to get them at very little cost!

$5.00 for coats that were $12.50 to $15.00—all sizes.

$11.50 for coats that were $25 to $32.00.

$16.50 for a few fur lined coats that were $47.50.

$57.50 for a few fur lined coats that were $135.00.

$4.75 for children's high class coats that were $10.50 to $12.50.

$2.50 for fur neck pieces that were $5.50 and $6.50.

$6.50 for fur neck pieces that were $12.50 to $13.50.

Just a few things of other winter lines remain—they will all be closed out for almost a song!

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew John G. Williams have gone to Florida and from there will go to California, being away several weeks.

Mrs. F. M. Anderson of 30 Seventh avenue east, and sister-in-law, Mrs. F. W. Ellis of Winnipeg, have gone to California for six weeks' visit.

Mrs. M. E. Brown left last night for Springfield, Minn., where she was called on account of the serious illness of her brother, C. H. Eickholt.

Edward Mendenhall and Warren Mendenhall left over the Omaha today for Philadelphia.

J. E. McCoy left for Buffalo today.

C. W. Woodhill and W. R. Irwin of Two Harbors are at the McKay.

W. B. Holman of Grand Rapids, Minn., is at the McKay, on his way home from Washington and Idaho, where he is interested extensively in mining properties and smelting plants.

W. Eddy of Eveleth is at the Spalding.

Mrs. J. S. Lutes and son of Biwabik, Minn., are guests at the St. Louis.

W. C. Barry of Grand Forks, is at the McKay.

BISBEE STOCKS MORE ACTIVE

The copper stock market was firm today, both the listed and unlisted stocks being steady. North Butte opened at $83, advanced to $83.50, fell to $82.75, advanced to $83.25 and fell to $81.25. The closing price was $81 bid and $81.50 asked. This stock sold ex-dividend, $81.25 last Friday. Amalgamated opened at $108.50, went as high as $108.25 and fell to $107. The closing price was $107.50 bid and $107.62½ asked. Anaconda declined from $273.25 to $269.75 and closed at $270.50 bid. United Copper went from $67.87½ to $70.12½ and closed at $69.50 bid and $69.75 asked. Butte Coalition sold as high as $37 and as low as $36, closing at $36.50 asked.

The Bisbee stocks were more active today. Calumet & Arizona sold at $111 and $113, closing at $112 asked. Calumet & Pittsburg sold as high as $31.50 and as low as $30.50, closing at $30.50 bid and $31.50 asked. Denn-Arizona sold at $22 and $25, and closed at $25 asked. Junction was quite active at $25.50 and $26.50, closing at $25.25 bid. Lake Superior & Pittsburg sold at $41 and $42.25, closing at $42.25 bid. Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $22 bid and $22.50 asked, after selling at $22 and $22.60.

Black Mountain sold at $11 and closed at $11 bid. Keweenaw sold at $14.75 and closed at $14.50 bid. Warren sold at $15.25 and closed at $15 bid. Copper Queen of Idaho sold at $2.50 and closed at $2 bid and $3 asked, and Sullivan closed at $2.50 asked.

THE WEATHER IS TOO CHILLY

While the Duluth & Iron Range road may begin moving a little ore to its docks next week, the other ore shipping roads operating upon the Minnesota ranges will not begin shipping until about April 1.

The Iron Range road will begin moving some ore March 20, but nothing can be done with it until the ore shipping season opens in earnest with the opening of navigation. The ore will be left in the cars at the docks until the weather gets warmer, and perhaps until the boats begin moving.

"The Duluth, Missabe & Northern road will not begin moving any ore until the last of the month or the first of April," said W. A. McGonagle, general manager of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road today. "There is no use moving any ore now because it would merely be left on the cars here until the opening of the season of navigation. The weather is too cold now to permit the handling of the ore at the docks. We will load our ore trains just in time to furnish the first boats to go out, with cargoes."

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern, the Duluth & Iron Range and Great Northern roads are practically ready for the ore shipping session to begin and all of them will be better equipped than ever to handle a large amount of ore which will be shipped from the Minnesota ranges during the coming season.

April 1 should see ore moving on all three lines.

HOTEL IMPROVEMENTS.

Ribenack Bros., proprietors of the Hotel Lenox, have decided definitely to spend a large sum of money in improvements this year. The lobby will be enlarged by the removal of the bar to the adjoining room, and the dining room will be almost doubled in size. A wing will be added to the building, and it is likely that one or more stories will be added.

Work of breaking ground for the $35,000 addition to the McKay hotel was begun today. It is expected that the new part of the structure will be ready for use by July 1.

NET REVENUES

Of Minnesota Insurance Commissioner Office Will Reach $350,000.

St. Paul, March 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Insurance Commissioner O'Brien is now preparing his report for 1905 and he declares that the net revenues of his office will reach nearly $80,000 more than any period in its history.

Last year from taxes levied against insurance written in the state the sum of $296,00 was realized. This year it will be over $350,000. A scale of fees provided for by the last legislature, some of which heretofore went into the pockets of the insurance commissioner will also go to swell the grand total.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

"Where Will You Buy?"

Dressy women will find in the Giddings clothes many little style points not to be seen at other stores! The shape of the coats—the smartness of the Eton or Bolero—the newness of the "Curaco" and "Vanity," the novelty of the "Middy" and "Polo" Coats are all things worth considering when out to buy! $10 to $49.50.

We have "Steamer," "Touring" and Motor Coats and entirely new models in "Norfolk" Coats—all made full and generous in size and reach close to the shoe tops—the collars and sometimes the cuffs are of pastel shades of moire or velvet—very often the trimming is black, and many times just the cloth is used to trim with! $8.75 to $49.50.

A Splendid Time To Get Your Spring Garment!

Just now, during this spell of cold weather, is the best time to get your spring clothes!

The rush is not as great as it is in milder weather, and our alteration department will be able to get them out in quicker time!

Our salespeople, too, can give you better attention now!

Immense shipments have been arriving the past several weeks and the stocks and assortments are full and complete.

Special lines of natty Suits will be on sale tomorrow.

Eton styles, in nobby mixtures—$18.50.

Coat styles, in mixtures and coverts—$18.50.

And several lines at—$25.

Then, there are the practical and serviceable Fitted or Semi-Fitted Jackets of black broadcloth or tan covert—or the "Pony" Coat of broadcloth or covert, and the "Natty" little "Box" Coats of Black Broadcloth, Tan Coverts, White Serge with tiny black stripes and many novelty mixtures—$7.50 to $29.50.

And the very long coats of Rain-Shine cloth—just as dressy and nice in sunshiny weather as they are practical in stormy weather—made of various fine materials in tan, oxford or dark gray, light gray and novelty almost invisible plaids. $8.75 to $32.50.

We haven't forgotten the women who like the Long Fitted Coat! For her we have many stunning models of black broadcloth, tan coverts, gray English velours and many novelty materials. $15 to $37.50.

Next in line are the long, loose broadcloth wraps—also beautiful pastel shades—the most sensible kind of a coat for any and all occasions—trimmed with rich braids, velvet or laces. These come mostly in black, though we have many beautiful light shades for evening wear. $19.50 to $150.

BEAUTIFUL PRINCESS TAILORED SUITS, GOWNS AND DRESSES!

The "Princess" must be made unusually good and careful to fit and hang properly—if you try on any of our models you will see at a glance that they are perfection in themselves.

PRINCESS DRESSES OF NET OR LACE—PRINCESS DRESSES OF CLOTH—PRINCESS DRESSES OF "LINGERIE LINENS"—$37.50 TO $97.50.

LINEN SUITS AND LACE SUITS OR COATS.

The daintiest, prettiest little coats and dresses you have ever seen—"Frocks and Frills" effects, "Curaco" effects and "Pony" models — we can hardly describe them, they are so beautiful and tasty. Of course they are exclusive—you'd hardly expect anything else from Gidding's.

Suits and Dresses $15.00 to $75.00—Coats $13.50 to $47.50.

The tailoring, making and trimming are very different from those found in the usual ready-to-wear sort—they have a hang and a fit about them all their own, and have a just right to the word used by so many who see them—"Charming!" Informal displays are now being made, and fresh shipments keep coming in daily. Come and see them! The welcome, as you know, is hearty. Come, whether to look or buy!

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

French & Bassett

DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Our Partial Payment Plan

is a most convenient arrangement for those with weekly or monthly incomes, and we cordially invite you to come here and open your account. Terms will be arranged to suit your convenience and you are assured of every courtesy and attention. No person is asking a favor when they desire credit here. They are simply accepting that which is freely offered. ***Come now—or any time.***

These Parlor Chairs

$1.95

These neat, well built Chairs are in golden oak, mahogany finish and weathered oak, and we do not think you can find its equal in any store for $5.

These Sideboards

$9.75

Solid oak, large sideboard, well built and thoroughly finished. We say look at the $16, $18 and $20.00 Boards in other stores and then see this one. We think you will find it as good or better.

These Desk Bookcases

$10

Made of solid oak, with fine polish finish. A most useful piece of furniture in any home. Such articles are priced in the usual store at $18.00.

These Dining Tables

$9.85

Solid Oak Pillar Table; well finished and priced in the usual store at $18.

DEMOCRATS TO CAUCUS

Will Choose President, Clerk, Harbormaster and City Sealer.

Chance for Deadlock on Election of the City Sealer.

Following the council meeting this evening, the Democratic aldermen will endeavor to caucus on the officers to be elected tomorrow evening, when the new council will be organized.

The officers to be elected are president, sealer of weights and measures, harbormaster and city clerk.

The two candidates for president of the council are Alderman W. E. McEwen and Alderman Emil Tessman, and it appears to be a very close race between them. Friends of each candidate claim their man will have a majority of the votes, and it is impossible to predict which will be chosen until after the caucus.

On the question of sealer of weights and measures, there is a chance for a deadlock. Noble Sampson, the Republican candidate, and the present incumbent, claims to have the Republican aldermen and one Democrat. If this is the case, no other candidate can be elected. The other Democrats in the council claim that Sampson cannot be again elected, but there is a chance that he will hold over through failure to elect anyone else. Meanwhile efforts are being made to get the one Democrat into line before the caucus this evening.

There will be no fight this year on the question of a city clerk, no opposition having developed to H. W. Cheadle, the present incumbent.

* * *

But little business of importance is due to come up before the regular meeting this evening.

The hearing of Hokan Swanson, the saloonkeeper, whose license was recommended for revocation by the mayor, was scheduled for this evening, but he has moved his furniture and belongings out of the building he occupied, and it is believed that no fight will be made to the revocation of the license.

Final action on the building line easements will be taken tonight. There are thirteen lines, affecting about 600 lots.

The contract for the surety bonds for the city officers will also be confirmed.

The decision of the board of fire commissioners on the Black investigation, and a copy of the proceedings, were expected to be in the hands of the council tonight, but they had not been filed with the city clerk at an early hour this afternoon.

Following the regular meeting tonight, the council will adjourn until tomorrow evening, when the new council will be organized.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Closing Out of the Rug and Drapery Dept. Continues.

The values we are offering are attracting buyers from near and far.

Since the announcement of this sale, this department has been visited by hundreds of home furnishers who took this unequaled opportunity to replenish their homes. There are still many choice bargains to be obtained in this section, and if you for some reason have failed to attend before, we invite you to come tomorrow.

The Store of Quality. Silberstein Bondy Company. The Store of Quality.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The Demonstration of Redfern Whalebone Corsets is still in progress.

The selection of proper Corsets is a matter of considerable difficulty, as all women know. Mrs. E. A. McLaren, Expert Corsetiere, is now with us, and women who desire perfect fit in Corsets are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity. Redfern Corsets are made by the foremost designers in this country, who study the best French models. Every Corset designed from correct conceptions of the essentials required to persuade the figure into the proper contour necessary to a stylish gown.

Silberstein Bondy Company.

WEST DULUTH

ARRANGING ABOUT DOCK

Conference to be Held About Ramsey Street Landing.

West Duluth Land Co., City Officials and Citizens to Confer.

It is quite likely that a conference will be arranged this week which will deal conclusively with the Ramsey street dock matter. It was decided that this conference would not come off until Alderman Barnes had returned from his hunt for a claim in the northern woods. Mr. Barnes has now returned and will within a day or two begin to make arrangements for this conference.

It will be held between the officers of the West Duluth Land company on one side and the city officials and a committee from the West Duluth Commercial club on the other. At this meeting it is quite likely that arrangements will be made for the right of way to the proposed dock over the West Duluth Land company's property.

The matter is looked forward to with a good deal of interest by all West Duluthians, and the sooner it is arranged the better it will please the business men here. If satisfactory arrangements are made the board of public works will at once advertise for bids.

SPEAKERS AT BANQUET.

State Insurance Commissioner O'Brien to be Among Them.

Among the speakers who will be at the annual banquet of the West Duluth Commercial club this month will be State Insurance Commissioner T. D. O'Brien, who will speak on "Pending Insurance Problems," on which subject he is considered an authority. Other topics to be discussed will be railroad rate legislation, drainage and several other topics of great public interest.

The general committee having charge of the banquet arrangements will meet in L. A. Barnes' office tomorrow evening for the purpose of furthering arrangements.

Hospital Incorporated.

H. W. Lanners, attorney, today filed with the register of deeds, articles of incorporation of The Duluth Hospital. The incorporators are David Graham, Reginald D. Graham and Fannie Graham. The hospital is in the Graham block at the corner of Central avenue and Bristol street in West Duluth, and has been open for some time.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our gratitude and thanks to the neighbors and friends who have so kindly given us sympathy and aid in the bereavement we recently suffered in the death of our little son, Emil.

MR. AND MRS. N. C. BILSEY.

West Duluth Briefs.

The funeral of Esther Forsman, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Forsman of 5110 Ramsey street, who died Saturday, will be held from the family residence at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Interment will be in Oneota cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hanchett are expected back from Appleton, Wis., tomorrow.

Mrs. Faulkner will return to her home in Stevens Point this evening, after spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Jack Schuler here.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Swangle, Tuesday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, corner of Fifty-eighth and Main street.

Richard Schell has gone to St. Paul.

Jack Schuler, whose face was burned in a gas explosion last week, is able to be at work again.

F. J. Koeller has purchased a home at 611 Fifty-eighth avenue west, the purchase price being $950.

Several West Duluthians have purchased automobiles and several more are said to be coming.

WATCH REPAIRING—HURST, 301 CENTRAL avenue.

PARENTS SUE THEIR SON-IN-LAW

Try to Collect From Him for Their Daughter's Board.

Asking for $220 to cover the cost of food and lodging furnished their daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jason have brought suit in the municipal court against their daughter's husband, Martin Miller, a hackman.

The parents of Mrs. Miller claim that they boarded their daughter from Feb. 25, 1905, until Jan. 22, 1906, during all of which time she was married to Miller and that he was responsible for her support. They claim that Mrs. Miller was in poor health during that time, and that when her husband failed to provide her with help in the housework she was compelled to go home to her parents. She remained at home for a little less than a year, and her parents now seek to recover from Miller, the price of her board, amounting to $220.

Mrs. Miller was placed on the stand this morning by her attorney, to testify in behalf of her parents, but her evidence was objected to by J. H. Brigham, the attorney for Miller, on the ground that under the statute a wife cannot testify against her husband without his consent. The objection was sustained by Judge Cutting, and the attorney for the plaintiffs will endeavor to prove his case by the parents of Mrs. Miller.

Ross & McKnight represent the plaintiffs and J. H. Brigham the defendant.

THE DECISION IS AGAINST POWERS

His Case Not Removable From State to Federal Courts.

Washington, March 12.—The Caleb Powers case was decided by the supreme court of the United States today against Powers. The opinion was delivered by Justice Harlan and held that the case was not removable from the state to the federal courts. The case was therefore remanded to the Kentucky state courts. The opinion was based on the ground that the equal rights statute, Section 641, revised statutes, does not apply unless recognized by state laws or the state constitution. Justice Harlan said that the supreme court of the United States could take cognizance of the case on a writ of error. The opinion was unanimous.

COAL MINERS IN IRWIN HAVE A GRIEVANCE.

Pittsburg, March 12.—The coal miners of the Irwin district have made extensive preparations for the mass meeting at Irwin, Pa., tonight, to take action on the recent discharge of eight union men by the Penn Gas company.

It is expected that a general strike will be advised and that assurance of support from the united mine workers will be given. There are between 8,000 and 10,000 miners in the district, a majority of them unorganized.

Indigestion is much of a habit. Don't get the habit. Take a little Kodol Dyspepsia cure after eating and you will quit belching, puffing, palpitating and frowning. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold by all druggists.

Copper Range Consolidated Company.

DIVIDEND NO. 5.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held February 28th, 1906, a quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share was declared, payable on Saturday, March 31st, 1906, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 7th, 1906. The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on Wednesday, March 7th, and will be opened on Monday morning, April 2nd, 1906.

FREDERIC STANWOOD, Treasurer.

AGAURANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Etching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Residents of Ingalls Are Alarmed Over an Outbreak of Smallpox.

Ingalls—This village is in the midst of a sudden epidemic of smallpox and some of the citizens are becoming so alarmed over the outlook that they are sending their families to Menominee for safety. The disease has made its appearance in the Shields, Golder and John Sullivan families, and it is reported that there are prospects of more being stricken before long. As yet no deaths have been reported.

Crystal Falls—The dog poisoner has had his inning in Crystal Falls during the past two weeks and as a result of his work many canines have gone to dog heaven. Almost any morning, noon or night, at almost any street corner, it is asserted, a dead dog might have been seen with, perhaps, a weeping child as his principal mourner and a knot of interested youngsters gathered about to sympathize with their comrade and discuss the merits of the dog and the demerits of the fellow who put out the poison. As is usually the rule, the undesirable dogs escaped, while many useful and highly prized dogs were caught. The poison has been pretty generally scattered, as dogs have been found dead in all quarters of the city.

Menominee—The prospects are that there will be an early opening of navigation in this vicinity. Already the vessels are being overhauled and repaired, and it is expected that the Ann Arbor car ferries will break up the bay soon and resume their regular schedules.

Sault St. Marie—A. W. Fillon of Montreal will soon begin the erection of a cheese factory in Chippewa county somewhere between the Soo and Pickford. His plant will be sufficient to turn out about 8,000 pounds of full cream cheese during a season of five months. He will start operations with milk from 200 cows, which number may increased if the business warrants.

Health Officers Rogers of the Soo says that while the department has not finished its examination, he is in a position to report that several milkmen will have to go out of commission, as their produce is a menace to public health, and that the sanitary conditions of some of the dairies are deplorable. He expects to make an official report of his findings in the near future.

"I suffered habitually from constipation. Doan's Regulets relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex.

SCHLAU TESTIFIES IN THE IVENS TRIAL.

Chicago, March 12.—Lieutenant Robert J. Schlau was the first witness in the Ivens murder trial today.

The lieutenant had declared on previous direct examination that he could walk in two minutes from the carpenter shop where Mrs. Hollister was murdered to the home of Miss Pearl Evans, the young woman, who has declared that Ivens was at her home at the time he is said to have committed the murder. The cross examination today was directed to breaking down this part of Lieutenant Schau's evidence, but without success.

TRY IT

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

At Our Expense—Not Yours.

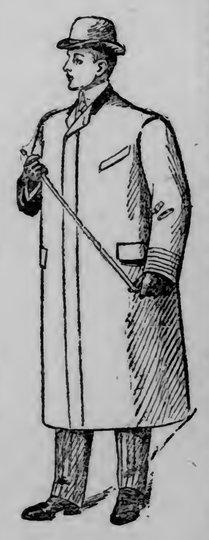
GATELY'S EASY PAYMENT PLAN!

An Offer to All Poorly Paid Men.

To every man, and woman, too, who is struggling against adversity, trying to clothe themselves properly and haven't the *ready cash*, we will (without obligation on your part) fit you out complete, without security, for

$1 Per Week

It is actually easy for you to open a charge account here without any annoyance or red tape. **YOU PAY FOR "GOOD GOODS ONLY."** An honest offer to honest people. No money unless you are satisfied. When you haven't the CASH and want family clothing, come to



GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

UNION MADE.

NOTICE!

Business houses wishing to get the trade of the Finnish people will be wise to advertise in a humorous Finnish newspaper, "Velasuu." "Velasuu" is the only Finnish newspaper in Northern Minnesota published in a region where thousands of Finnish people are living. "Velasuu" has subscribers all over the United States. Address

"VELASUU,"
Box 559 Hibbing, Minn.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

You have no doubt read the notice to our customers and friends that we have discontinued all credit and that the future conduct of our business will be on a strictly cash basis.

It is to acquaint you with this fact and with our cash system prices that we this week offer you such tremendous bargains in

Dry Goods, Men's Furnishings and Shoes

Do not fail to see our cash prices.

Dress Goods, worth 65c to $1.00—at, per yard 48c
Linings, worth 25c—at, per yard 17c
Fancy Ginghams, worth 12½c to 15c—at, per yard..... 10c
Large assortment of Ginghams and Percales at, per yard.. 8c
Plain and colored Outings, worth 10c—at 8c
All Prints worth 7c to 8c—at, sale price 6c
Cotton Blankets at 49c
Fancy Cotton Blankets, worth $1.00—at 75c
White Bed Spreads, worth $1.00—at 89c
Special closing sale of Ladies' Hats, worth $2.50 to $5—at 98c
Boys' and Misses' Caps, worth 50c—at 39c
Ladies' and Men's wool and fleece-lined Underwear, worth $1.00—at 75c
Ladies' and Children's Underwear at 23c
Men's fleece-lined Underwear at 39c
Large assortment of Men's Gloves, Socks, Shirts, Neckwear, Suspenders, Silk Handkerchiefs, Men's and Boys' Caps—all at sale price..... 39c
Window Shades, each 22c
Floor Oil Cloth, per yard 22c
Table Oil Cloth, per yard 17c
Another lot of Ladies', Men's and Children's Cotton Hose—sale price 10c
Boys' Knee Pants, worth 50c—at 39c

Boys' Shirts and Overalls at sale prices.

Do not fail to visit our sale and let us quote prices.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

D. E. H. March 12.

Roaring Bargains.

Winter is still with us—so we will not call off the last sale of the season as we intended to do, but will keep this After-Inventory Sale on for a few days longer.

But, remember, we are now ready to show you new goods in all departments..

The new suits are "immense"—neater patterns and better fits were never seen in this store — long known as the home of the best and finest in Duluth.

The After-Inventory bargain list includes Men's Suits at $5, $8.75 and $14.75.

Men's Trousers at 75c, $1.79, $2.38 and $3.38.

Men's Top Coats and Spring Overcoats, (left from last season), at $5, $7.75 and $9.75.

Manhattan and Star Shirts at 98c. These are from our Fall stock, but we also show new Manhattan Shirts at the usual regular prices. They arrived last Thursday.

Men's Hats—a sample lot from Gordon & Ferguson's salesman—go at $1.25. Only soft hats left.

Young Men's Suits, (that is for big boys), go at $5.95, $9.75 and odd coats and vests at $1.

Young Men's Overcoats are down to $5; and odd long pants can be had at 98c and $1.98.

$1.98 is also the rummage price among a lot of Children's Overcoats, and what's left of those $5 Mackinaw Suits for children is being closed out at $1.95.

You can be a lion in society dressed in these togs, yet pay only a shabby price.

Columbia Clothing Co.

Foot-Note: Wear The Columbia $3.50 Shoe.

SUFFEL & CO.
131 W. Sup. St.

ELK SKIN SNEAKERS
For **Men, Women and Children**—something new—the finest thing out for **Gymnasium** and **House-wear**—all sizes—at moderate prices.
ASK TO SEE THEM.

HOUSE MEMBERS ARE INDIGNANT

Over the Action of Senate on Their Important Measures.

Washington, March 12.—Statehood legislation formed one of the topics of discussion at the White House today. It developed from the calls on the president of Speaker Cannon and Representative Watson (Ind.) the Republican "whip" of the house that the members of the house are incensed at the action of the senate not only on statehood bills but on other measures passed by the house which have been received with disapproval by the senate.

When Speaker Cannon was asked if, in his opinion there would be statehood legislation by this congress he said vehemently: "Go ask Aldrich, Burrows and company. They seem to want to be running things. So far as I am concerned—so far as my vote goes—the legislation will proceed along the usual lines. The bill will be sent to a conference between the two branches. Do they think the house was born in the woods to be scared by an owl?"

Mr. Watson was positive the house would not concur in the senate amendments to the statehood bill. "The house will stand pat," he declared. "The senate has kicked out our Philippine bill, has tried to emasculate the rate bill and has cut the life out of the statehood bill. Do you think the house will stand such treatment? It will not and you may depend upon it."

The best way to rid the system of a cold is to evacuate the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar acts as a pleasant yet effectual cathartic on the bowels. It clears the head, cuts the phlegm out of the throat, strengthens the bronchial tubes, relieves coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, etc. Sold by all druggists.

SHE AWOKE IN TIME.

Supposed Dead Woman Was Being Prepared for Burial.

"La Crosse, Wis., March 12.—By waking from a deathlike trance in the nick of time, Mrs. W. R. Sherwood, a bride of a week, 25 years old, saved herself from being buried alive. She so frightened two women who were sitting up with her supposed corpse that their condition is serious.

Mrs. Sherwood, who lives at Mabel, Minn., apparently died of pneumonia at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Her body was placed upon a bier and an undertaker sent for.

Just before dawn two friends, sitting with the corpse, were startled by a wild shriek, and, peering into the death chamber, found the corpse sitting up. She was delirious with fright, having realized her harrowing position without being able to move. Mrs. Sherwood will recover.

If you have used Witch Hazel Salve without being relieved, it is probable that you got hold of one of the many worthless counterfeits that are sold on the reputation of the genuine De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. All Druggists.

Bloedel & Ebeling

Reliable Furniture Dealers

No matter how much discount you are offered at the great sales, your dollars have a greater purchasing power here. We at all times can give you better value. We have no losses to charge up, no goods to take back, as all installment houses must. We handle none but reliably-made goods at the lowest prices in the city. We quote a few for this week special:

Weathered and Golden Oak Box Leather Seat Diners at $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 up to $10.00.

Weathered and Golden Oak Pedestal Extension Tables at $10.80, $12.00, $14.75 up to $36.00.

Buffets, Weathered and Golden Oak French Legs, three drawers, cupboard, large mirror—for $16.00, $18.00, $20.00 up to $50.00.

Library Tables, 28x40, 3-inch legs—at $9.90, $12.60, $14.50 up to $28.00.

All we ask is a comparison and you will be a customer.

Third Floor, Gray-Tallant Co.
117-119 West Superior Street.
New 'phone 984.

ABANDONED THE ROUTE

Northern Pacific Lost Old River Right of Way to Thomson.

Ruling by Judge Dibell on Question Raised by Mrs. Chambers.

Judge Dibell has directed that a writ of injunction shall issue restraining the Great Northern Power company, or any of the contractors employed by it, from constructing a line of railway on the old right-of-way of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad company, through the domain of Mrs. Emily Chambers, at Fond du Lac.

The order restrains the company from building a road that it has already constructed across the land in dispute, a previous arrangement having been arrived at with Mrs. Chambers, whereby she was to be compensated should the court rule in her favor.

The question involved in the action was whether the Great Northern Power company, or any other persons, could legally utilize for railway purposes the old right-of-way of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad company, between Fond du Lac and Thomson, and which was abandoned some years ago.

Title to a strip of land 200 feet wide, from Fond du Lac to Thomson, was acquired by the old Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad company in 1869, through condemnation proceedings. Under those proceedings the owners of the land at issue in the present case were given an award by the appraisers, and were paid, the title becoming vested in the railroad company, which was to use the land under its charter for railway purposes.

The road was built in 1870, and in 1877 it became the property, through purchase, of the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company. In 1887, on account of the construction of a new and more direct line between West Duluth and Thomson, the old road was abandoned.

In 1900 the Northern Pacific Railway company bought all the property rights and privileges of the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company, including that company's interest in the old right-of-way, if it had any. The tracks had been torn up in 1897, and in 1904 the Northern Pacific company sold the remaining wooden bridges, which were removed.

All that then remained to mark the former right of way were patches here and there of grading and a line of telegraph poles.

After the railroad was discontinued the North American Telegraph company maintained its line of poles and wires along the river route for several years, paying a ground rental to the Northern Pacific company. In December, 1904, the telegraph company took down its wires but left the poles which were bought by the Great Northern Power company in May, 1905, a rental for the right of way being paid to the Northern Pacific company by the Great Northern Power company.

During the years the railroad was operated a large stone abutment costing at least $20,000 was built along the bank of the St. Louis river, through the land in dispute, to support the railway tracks at that point.

The court finds that neither the Northern Pacific company or its predecessors have since the taking up of the railroad tracks, asserted any active ownership or possession of the right of way except that they have asserted the right to maintain and have maintained on the land in the old line of railroad poles and have received rentals.

The Great Northern Power company, which is building a power plant four miles above Fond du Lac, found the only available means of getting railroad facilities was by the extension of the Northern Pacific company's tracks on the strip of land acquired by the old Lake Superior & Mississippi company, and a contract or agreement was entered into with the Northern Pacific company to operate its cars over the line when it should be completed.

Judge Dibell finds that the Northern Pacific Railroad company and its predecessors in interest abandoned the right of way across the premises of Mrs. Chambers and that they, nor the Great Northern Power company, have any right in or to the right of way and cannot enter thereon to construct for any purpose.

With his decision and order, Judge Dibell has filed a memorandum in which he discussed the points raised in the action to considerable length. He holds that the case presents two general questions. These are:

"What was the nature of the interest acquired in 1869 by the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad company by its condemnation proceedings?

"Has that interest, whatever its nature, been lost by abandonment?"

Mrs. Chambers claimed that an easement, or something of a nature which would be lost by abandonment, was acquired.

The power company and other defendants claimed that an estate in fee, which would not be lost by abandonment, was acquired.

Judge Dibell discusses the constitutional provision for the taking of lands for public use, the incorporation and charter of the various roads that have been interested and the condemnation proceedings under which the right of way was acquired. He says:

"Upon an examination of the charter my best judgment is that the company, whatever it acquired by the condemnation, whether it be called an easement or a right to exclusive occupancy for railway purposes, or something else, acquired an interest which would be lost by abandonment, and that upon an abondment the right to the possession of the 200-foot strip would go to the owner of the land which had been condemned for a specific use. In fact the damages were assessed upon the basis of an advantage to the land through the operation of the railroad. The owner was not paid up on the basis of the damage done his lands by taking from them a winding strip of 200 feet for no purpose or for a private purpose. He was paid upon a basis of an advantage coming to him through the operations through his land of a railway from the head of Lake Superior to St. Paul.

"While the question may be a close one, I think that the proper construction of the charter is that the right acquired by condemnation was one that would be lost by abandonment.

"The fact of abandonment seems clearly established. * * * There must be with the cessation of use an intention permanently to abandon the lands for the purposes for which they were acquired."

The court discusses the altering or changing of the line between West Duluth and Thomson and the abandonment of the old line and removal of the tracks and bridges. He discusses, also, the leaving of the right of way to the North American Telegraph company for poles and wires and the discontinuance of the service by the company in December, 1904, when the Great Northern Power company bought the poles.

Judge Dibell says all the facts in evidence clearly indicate to his mind an intent on the part of the railroad to abandon the right of way, and that the evidence does not indicate that after the first ceasing of use there was ever any intention to resume.

"Presumably," says the court, "the altering of the line subserved public interest. No one complains of the change. The company did right in making it. It did right in maintaining a stub line from Fond du Lac to its new main line.

"Looking at the question from every standpoint presented, I am unable to reach any other conclusion than that there was an intent to abandon permanently the old line from Fond du Lac to Thomson. In fact, the company has not a present purpose to resume the use of the line between the points. It does purpose extending a line from the station at Fond du Lac a few miles to the power plant, but not on to Thomson. It does not appear that the new road to the plant follows the old line in its winding along the river after passing over the land of the plaintiff, which is just westerly of the Fond du Lac station, nor that the plant is on the old line.

"I have given little attention to the form of relief. It appears that under some arrangement the railroad has been constructed from Fond du Lac to the power house pending these proceedings; and during the argument I understood the amount of compensation had been agreed on. If the plaintiff should finally prevail. Counsel may suggest the form of judgment, if one is finally entered."

JURY TRIALS ARE STARTED

One Defendant Fails to Make Any Appearance in Suit.

Jury trials of civil action on the March calendar of district court began this morning.

The first case called for trial was the personal injury suit of Philip Dorion against Butler Bros. Dorion was injured near some of the company's stripping operations, his team becoming frightened and throwing him against an engine and some cars in a narrow place in the road. He demands $25,250 damages, Alexander Marshall and W. E. Whipple appearing in his behalf, and C. S. Wilson for Butler Bros.

A pending settlement of the suit of the Duluth Corrugating & Roofing company against W. G. Close caused that case to be dropped from the calendar this morning, while a jury was called to hear a similar action of the local company against T. E. Thompson, the amount involved being $116.88, with interest. There was no appearance on the part of Thompson, so that the trial was a mere form, the court directing a verdict in favor of the company.

CHARLES LOOS IS INDICTED

Charged With Running Blind Pig at Pike Lake Resort.

Charles H. Loos, a Pike Lake resident was brought in by Deputy Sheriff Horgan this morning, on a bench warrant, and arraigned before Judge Cant under an indictment charging him with running a blind pig. Loos was given until tomorrow to plead. His bail was fixed at $200 there being two indictments, each calling for a $100 bond. Loos was represented by Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer.

The county board has repeatedly refused to grant any licenses to sell intoxicating liquors at Pike Lake, at the request of a number of residents there, and local people who have property at the lake. Reports have come to the city that blind pigs are being operated at the lake and some of the people there who desire the town to have the benefit of the license money have used this as an argument for the granting of a legal permit to sell liquor. An investigation has been going on at the instigation of the county authorities and there has hardly been a term of court during the last year, where some person from Pike Lake has not been arrested and fined for selling liquor without a license. Up to the present time there have been no trials, as the persons indicted paid their fines rather than stand trial.

It is understood that indictments were returned against other alleged blind piggers at Pike Lake.

NEEDLESS ALARM.

Here's a poor man coughing away his lungs—at least so his relatives think.

It's cough, cough, cough; hack, hack hack; all day and sometimes all night.

"Must be consumption," think the alarmed ones.

And, of course, there is always a possibility that they may be right.

But in most cases, they're wrong; because Dyspepsia is so much more common than Consumption.

And Dyspepsia causes chronic Cough, just like Consumption.

The dyspeptic cough, it is well to remember, can be quickly cured by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No need to be alarmed about it, unless you make up your mind to neglect it.

Then, indeed, you must look out for danger; for the Dyspeptic Cough often grows into a Consumptive Cough if neglected, by the constant lung irritation which it causes.

So the best way is to waste no time, but begin at once the use of these famous little tablets, the timely use of which has saved many a sick person from ending in a consumptive's grave.

Remember, however, if you please, that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will positively not cure Consumption, but prevent it.

Of course, they can always be depended on to cure all the other symptoms of indigestion.

They are a universal cure, for one universal disease.

They cure nothing else; but what they do, they do thoroughly and well.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the result of the most thorough investigation into the inside causes, and the cure of indigestion, that has ever been attempted.

They have solved a problem, the answer to which a hundred thousand physicians in America are today groping for in vain.

They cure the most severe, long-continued chronic, complicated cases of indigestion that can be found. They are far ahead of the most modern medical practice, because the most successful physicians of the day, in the cure of diseases of the digestive organs, are using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets as a basis for their success.

They stoop to Stuart's to conquer.

And Stuart's lift them up, out of the rut.

If, therefore, your are a victim of this dread disease, which counts its victims by the million, brace up and take new heart, for you cannot fail to cure your trouble, if you will only put your faith in this great remedy, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

They are positively, frankly, truly, a sure and permanent relief.

Try them.

Book on Dyspepsia free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Shadow Embroidery Patterns
to be stamped on waists, suits, parasols, hats, etc. Complete assortment of necessaries for this popular shadow embroidery work.
We do all kinds of stamping.

Freimuth's
Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Streets, Duluth, Minn.

Shadow Embroidery, 65c
Ready stamped dresser scarfs, center pieces, sofa pillows, etc. Stop at our fancy goods section and receive Instructions. It costs you nothing. Full line large sofa pillows, main aisle.

OPENING SALE

IMPORTED GRAY DRESS GOODS, $1

The success of Monday's selling prompts us to continue the same prices for Tuesday. Grays rank supreme—from all indications they will be scarce.

A splendid line of small checks, invisible plaids and conventional patterns, in blue gray, silver gray, London gray and dove gray—a complete assortment of these stylish shades—so much in demand for the coming season—the real imported fabrics at domestic prices—$1.50, $1.25 and **$1.00**

A 44-inch super luster Sicilian in cream white at 50c—other cream and white goods in Henriettas, Mohairs and cord Cheviots at $1.75, 75c and **50c**

$1.00 The newer ideas in black goods. Imported fabrics—voiles, chiffon Panamas, all wool and silk warp Henriettas—those soft, clingy kinds at $1.50, $1.25 and **$1.00**

Poplinetts and Taffeta weaves. Soft and lustred—lustred—checks, bars and plaids. Beautiful fabric for early spring and summer at $1.25 and **$1.00**

The Silk Section

OFFERS A SERIES OF RARE BARGAINS IN BRAND NEW SILKS, the kind the fashionable people are buying now. 75c for genuine Swiss Taffeta—the soft lustred kind, and will not crock—over 70 shades **75c**

Shower Proof Foulards—new combinations—handsome as pictures. It's absolutely spot and shower proof **75c**

Shimmery, summery styles, typical of Freimuth's, which stamps them correct.

Three Special Waist Values for Tuesday

One assortment of handsome shirt waists in dotted Swisses and batistes—soft lingerie effects—dainty embroidery trimmings—the kind that will launder right—Tuesday. **$2.75**

At $3.98—Lingerie waists—dainty style for smart dressers—made of mercerized batistes, Valenciennes yoke—elbow sleeves. Quite the nobblest waist in Duluth—at our price **$3.98**

At $1.75—an assorted lot of fine lawn waists—early season styles, trimmed with fine Val. lace or Swiss embroidery insertion. Button in back—long cuffs—stunning creations to be sold Tuesday at **$1.75**

PRESIDENT CRITICISED

Tillman Takes Him to Task for Condemning Resolution.

Executive Ridicule Seems to Charge Senator With Ignorance.

Washington, March 12.—Mr. Tillman today addressed the senate in reply to President Roosevelt's message concerning the Tillman-Gillespie resolution, instructing the interstate commerce commission to make examination of railroad discriminations in the matter of hauling coal and oil. The message, which condemned the resolution on the ground that its purpose was not specific was sent to the desk by Mr. Tillman and was re-read. The president after signing the resolution asked that additional legislation be entered into to make it effective. Included in this request was a recommendation that an appropriation be made to carry on the investigation and specific authority be given to the commission to administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses.

"I deprecate the necessity of criticising this most extraordinary document," said Mr. Tillman, as a preface to his remarks. "Fate has enlisted me as an ally of the president in getting an adequate railway rate bill, and I regret very much to have anything come up which would occasion any disruption of the amicable relations that now exist or appear to exist between us." This statment was greeted with smiles from other senators. Continuing Mr. Tillman said, "but there are some things that as a senator I cannot put up with patiently." He said that the executive contempt and ridicule of the resolution seemed to charge that he had been ignorant of what he was doing in offering the resolution.

"Now that is going a great way in a very little while. That is a pretty big contract the president has taken on himself to justify such a sweeping charge," he said.

Taking up the resolution Mr. Tillman said that it was a joint measure and was now a law. He called attention to the fact that both houses of congress had given the subject consideration.

Mr. Hansbrough called attention to the fact that what the president complained of especially was a failure of congress to appropriate money to carry out the provision of the resolution.

"Oh, I saw that point last week," Mr. Tillman, "but that is not all. He complains that there is no power to administer oaths."

Mr. Tillman then read the resolution, and also from the act to regulate commerce, and amendments thereto, to prove his contention that the commission has means and authority to carry on the investigation proposed. Then he added:

"There can be no good reason for the president to scold us in a manner that is almost insulting, by charging us with insincerity, pretense and ignorance. The only reason I can see is that he must have been miserably advised. I am not a lawyer, only a farmer but I have better common sense than that."

Mr. Tillman went extensively into the subject of appropriating money for the purpose of the resolution, declaring that it could be taken care of in the sundry civil bill. He closed with a protest against the president, "lightly and flippantly," insulting the senate. He said he could pardon many things on account of the great burdens on the president, and because of his impetuosity. In reply to Mr. Tillman, Mr. Lodge said:

"I have noticed that those most ready in criticism are most sensitive when criticised themselves." He then too up criticised themselves." He then took up how the president could treat it other than he did.

At 2 o'clock the house railroad bill was taken up, and Mr. Culberson addressed the senate.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 12.—The statehood bill was returned to the house by the senate today, and was laid on the speaker's table without comment.

District of Columbia legislation was then taken up, there being nine bills on the calendar.

Columbus, O.

Use the Erie Railroad Short Line—the popular route—two through trains daily. Apply to E. R. Porch, traveling passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

RESCUE WORK IS SUSPENDED

Engineers Fear Another Explosion in the Courriere Pits.

Paris, March 12.—All rescue work has been suspended at the Courriere pits, where over a thousand miners lost their lives on Saturday, owing to the danger of gases and the emanations from decomposing bodies. The engineers fear another explosion and therefore they ordered the relief gangs out at 11 o'clock this morning. The engineers will attempt to ventilate the chambers before attempting further rescues. If the results are satisfactory work will be resumed tonight, but it is probable that no further efforts will be made until Wednesday, as Tuesday will be devoted to funerals.

The mine company's latest estimate A serious disorder was threatened today, owing to the persistence of parents who wanted to see the bodies of the dead in the hope of identifying them. The authorities promised to admit groups of twenty-five, but the delay made the parents impatient and they rushed at the doors. A scene of great confusion followed, but mounted gendarmes eventually forced back the crowds and order was restored with difficulty. When the parents obtained admission a sorrowful spectacle was presented, as in groups of twenty-five they searched the blackened bodies. A number of identifications were made and the bodies were taken home. The houses of the dead are marked with rough black crosses decorated with simple floral devices.

SAYS HUSBAND BLACKENED EYE

Mrs. Kinnunen Asks Divorce for Alleged Harsh Treatment.

Charging her husband with assaulting her and blackening her eyes within three weeks after their marriage, and claiming that she left him at the end of four months because of his harsh treatment, Mrs. Alvina Kinnunen testified before Judge Cant this morning in her suit for a divorce.

The said she was married to Uno Emil Kinnunen at Cloquet, Feb. 16, 1903, and quit him in June of the same year, after he had struck her on numerous occasions and at one time choked her so that the marks remained visible for several days. She testified that her husband was convicted of a crime in Carlton county in the summer of 1903 and was sent to the state reformatory at St. Cloud, being paroled last summer. He came to Duluth, where she was employed in a restaurant, and began working for a local ice company. She claimed her husband threatened to kill her if she did not live with him.

Duluth police officials testified that Kinnunen was arrested one night last October, while drunk and creating a disturbance in the alley back of the restaurant where his wife was employed. They said that the reformatory authorities, when they learned of Kinnunen's escapade, had him returned to that institution for breaking his parole.

Judge Cant held the case open for further corroborative evidence from persons who knew Mrs. Kinnunen at Cloquet.

A FEW SPECIALS For Tomorrow

29c for Children's Outing Flannel Gowns, regular price, 50c.

69c for Women's Wrappers, regular price, $1.50 and $1.75.

98c Your choice of any Trimmed Hat in the house, worth up to $7.00.

The Golden Rule
17-19 East Superior St.

WILL MEET HERE NEXT SUNDAY

Another Conference Between Baseball Managers Arranged.

Next Sunday is the date fixed for the next confab between the Northern and Copper Country league magnates.

J. M. Lamb, the manager of the Winnipeg team, who has had charge of the negotiations for the merger of the two leagues, returned this morning from the Copper country and announced that all was not lost yet, and that he had arranged for another conference in Duluth next Sunday.

The conference habit seems to have become chronic, and if it can only be kept up long enough the Copper country men may get so used to paying out railroad fares that they will no longer be awed by the prospect of a jump to Winnipeg, and will consent to come into the fold.

Mr. Lamb was rather non-committal regarding the outlook, and said that he could not make any definite statements regarding the future course of the two leagues until after the meeting next Sunday.

BALFOUR BACK IN COMMONS.

London, March 12.—Former Premier Balfour returned to the house of commons today, and assumed the leadership of the opposition. He was heartily saluted on all sides. The Irish members saluted Mr. Balfour with the cry of "Welcome, little stranger."

Get My Free Book — Rheumatism
It tells about Rheumatism, about the causes, the way to live to avoid and free the system of rheumatic poisons—even in desperate cases—with

DR. SHOOP'S RHEUMATIC TABLETS
Dr. Shoop, Racine Wis. Sold By Druggists

She was the loveliest thing in sight. Everybody thought so, herself included. She sat on the southern side of a car going east, and from the quiet and poetic somberness of her dress, the saintly expression about her eyes, and the little red leather book she carried, anybody would know it was Lent. She had on a kind of a black coat, with deep cream lace cuffs and a collar of the same lace, and everybody who knows anything about it knows that no one thing can give one such an air of spiritual aloofness as a lace collar and cuffs on one's coat. Her hat was a somber thing, and tucked in at just the right spot, in the top buttonhole of her coat, or somewhere around, there was a modest bunch of violets. She had chosen the spot in the car from which the afternoon sun would stream through the red window at the back of the car and turn all the high lights in her hair to gold. And then she carried this small red leather book, clasped in just the way that Marguerite held hers when she first comes into view, and the whole illusion of maidenly piety was so complete that if one had spoken to her he would unconsciously expect a rippling soprano reply, "I'm not a lady nor a beauty, and need no arm to aid me on my way.' But nobody spoke to her.

The young man in the corner seat, that is comparatively young, about 28, and who has very liberal views about woman entering professional life, muttered to himself, "After all man is made to work and woman to pray," and then he fell so completely in love with the sentiment that he stared for three unseeing minutes at the afternoon copy of The Herald, which he held before him.

The business girl, who was just returning home from work, was a bit resentful. The Lenten girl looked all right, there was no use denying it, but she guessed anybody could look as nice as that if she could stay at home and give her complexion baths of cold cream, and everybody would like to go to church in the middle of a working afternoon, and do you suppose she bought those violets herself, or did somebody give them to her, and it was a dandy idea, all right, that red leather prayer book. But was it a prayer book?

Two or three tired women felt really rested as they looked at the Lenten girl, so complete and entire was her gowning and her attitude. Men glanced casually at her and covertly admired. As the business girl guessed, the red leather prayer book was a good idea, all right. And the Lenten girl was entirely unconscious of all this attention, especially after she became aware they were looking at her. Her chin was sweetly elevated, and with adorable dreaminess her eyes gazed above their heads on the passing stores, bill boards, and such things, the while she clasped the red leather book in Marguerite fashion. She achieved paying her car fare and ringing the bell to stop without for a minute losing character, and the beauty of the Lenten season was firmly fastened on the minds of all who had been watching her as she stepped off the car.

That is about all by way of introduction and raveling of the plot. The climax, tragic impulse, unraveling of the plot and all the other classic things that should happen took place about five minutes later as, in her own room, with a giggle, she entered in some unholy place in the back of the red leather book marked, "Incomes and expenditures." "Spent 10 cents for car fare. Won 75 cents at bridge."

Study Tolstoi.

The regular meeting of the Literature class of the Twentieth Century club will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at the club room of the library. The first half hour will be devoted to a discussion of current events, and the study of the afternoon will be devoted to "Tolstoi." Mrs. Bjorquist will read a paper on his life, and each member of the class will contribute something about the work and mission of the great Russian. An especially interesting afternoon is anticipated, and any interested are invited to attend.

Literary Evening.

The Men's League and Class 10 of the First Presbyterian church will entertain at a literary and musical evening tomorrow at the church parlors. The young men have arranged an interesting program with much care and the members of the church are cordially invited to be present to enjoy an informal evening with the members of these departments of the church as hosts.

D. A. R. Meeting.

The Greysolon DuLhut chapter of the D. A. R. will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. Helen Louise McMillan of 1016 East First street. In answer to roll call, the members will answer with names of colonial ministers and churches, and the topic for the afternoon's study will be, "Religion of the Colonies, North and South."

Home Wedding.

The Wedding of Miss Bessie Buchman and Benjamin Solaski of Brainerd, took place last evening at 5:30 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Buchman of 510 East Third street. The service was read by Rabbi B. Teplitz. The bride was attended by Miss Eva Zalk and the best man was Harry Buchman. Mr. and Mrs. Solaski left for Brainerd where they will be at home.

Events of Interest.

The Matinee Musicale met this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the club room of the library. A program of Scandinavian music was arranged by George L. Tyler and Mrs. D. H. Day.

* * *

The Evening Browning class of the Twentieth Century club will meet this evening at 7:45 o'clock at the club room of the library. "The Message of Browning to His Time" will be the subject of this last lecture of the course, presented by Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr.

* * *

A special meeting of the Travel class of the Twentieth Century club will be held Friday afternoon of this week at the club room of the library. Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour will speak on "Japanese Art."

Personal Mention.

Capt. and Mrs. Joseph Kidd and Miss Anna Kidd have returned from a several weeks' visit in Southern California.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Williams left last evening for a several weeks' trip in California and points in the Southwest.

* * *

Miss Cargill and Miss Edna Cargill returned last week from a ten days' visit in Chicago.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Howe are at Windsor hotel, Jacksonville, Fla., and will return North about the 20th of this month.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Long, thick rhubarb, 10 cents a lb.
Green peppers, 3 for 25 cents.
Ox tails, 2 for 15 cents.
Sweetbreads, 50 cents a lb.
Smoked goose breast, 75 cents a lb.

The rhubarb is getting to look more like real rhubarb. Instead of the little pink, dainty stocks, the bunches that are now offered are lengthening out and getting thicker and at one end some sivable green leaves, make the vegetable or fruit whatever it is, look more like rhubarb that is not out of season.

Smoked goose breasts are another Dutch delicacy and the price opposite leads one to believe that Dutch luncheons are not the cheapest things on earth. All the real delicacies that are offered in the market and labeled Dutch are hovering around 60 and 75 cents for 16 ounces.

Renovating Blouses to Look Fresh as When New

A girl who can make her winter blouses and waists look fresh for use during the rest of the season will not only save pocket money, but will add much to her personal appearance. For if she understands how to take out spots and to cleanse the garments properly they will look almost like new with comparatively little work. This renovating can all be done in her room at night or early in the morning, if she is a working girl, although in taking out stains, etc., it is best to have the sunshine to work in.

In dry cleaning a waist, unless a person has had experience with the same kind, the best plan is to apply the cleanser to the bottom or to a part that will not show, to make sure just how the colors will be affected by the cleaning. A soiled silk waist may be made fresh looking by applying spirits of wine with a clean sponge. French chalk put on with a piece of clean white linen or calico has the same effect on silk. Gin applied in the same way will clean and stiffen all the ribbons. A bit of white starch, moistened into a paste and applied to the grease spot on an otherwise clean blouse, will prove a useful ally, and so will fuller's earth put on in the same way. Both must be left on the stuff till dry, and then brush off, when the marks will have quite disappeared. All these remedies, as a rule, may be applied to any material, colored or white silk, woollen or cotton, but as there are always exceptions to rules, and blouses are made of such a bewildering variety of materials, it is always best to experiment before attacking the main body of the garment.

It is not generally known that a port wine stain, if treated at once while still wet, can be removed with sherry. Rub the sherry in with a dry cloth and no stain will be left.

Tea stains and most of those from fruits, except cherry juice, can be taken out by covering the spots with fine table salt and then saturating them with lemon, and later putting the garment out in the air in a sunny place for several hours.

Iron rust can be removed by the same application of lemon, salt and air, and for the girl who launders her own wash waists the knowledge of how to remove these stains will be valuable. An easy way of washing either white or colored shirt waists and blouses is to wet them in color water and rub well with a pure naphtha soap, rinse thoroughly in one or two waters and carefully blue all white pieces, except silks. Colored waists should not be put through bluing.

To preserve all shades of blue and purple, put two good tablespoonfuls of vinegar to a gallon of rinsing water. The naphtha in the soap brightens all yellows and greens, while salt used in place of the vinegar stays the color from running in black, gray, black and white, and indigo. Pale blue can be improved by rinsing in alum and water.

To add to their freshness and to help in keeping them clean, all cotton and linen waists should be put through a boiled starch, hung out in the shade until thoroughly dried, then sprinkled and rolled tight and kept until the irons are hot. Silk blouses should be ironed before they are entirely dry and, of course, are not starched.

The most difficult part of laundering blouses and waists is the ironing. First of all the irons must be scrupulously clean and free from nicks in the surface, or it will be next to impossible to secure a smooth, unwrinkled looking garment. Then, too, the ironing board must be covered with thick pieces of felt, or a blanket, and a perfectly fresh piece of linen sheet, table cloth, or muslin made specially to fit the board should be stretched taut so that there will be no creases to rumple the waists. When the irons are sufficiently warm the colored blouses should be done, but hot ones are necessary to give the desired finish to white pieces. Begin with the frills, bands and lace. The latter and all embroidery should be ironed on the wrong side out and under an extra pad of flannel to bring out the design in the pattern.

Tucks should first be ironed crosswise, pulled out and then done lengthwise.

The bodice should be ironed first on the right side, working upward toward the neck. Finally do the sleeves. For these use a sleeve board, and iron first on the wrong side and finish on the right. If there is no sleeve board, take the sleeve by the seam and lay flat on the table, iron up toward the gathers, turn the sleeve over and repeat. Turn on to the right side and repeat. Finally, fold the sleeves so that the outer part, from the elbow to the arm hole lies on top. When this bit is done the sleeve is finished. Use care so as not to flatten down a portion already done, and keep the point of the iron fully occupied in running well up into the gathers, for in these apparently small details lies success. Goffering, when liked, is very easy to do.

French Gown of Embroidered Linen

EMBROIDERED PRINCESS GOWN.

Agnes of Paris is responsible for this butcher linen princess frock, equisitely embroidered in broderie Anglaise in panel effect. The embroidery appears in the back of the gown as well as the front, and the three deep tucks at the feet give the skirt the necessary flare at that point.

The sleeves are the popular length, finished with tiny hemstitched lingerie frills lace edged, a feature which the French are making much of in their summertime frocks and lingerie waists as well.

The deep Irish crochet yoke and the sleeve band are in a pattern which accords well with the eyelet embroidery pattern.

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Absolutely necessary for mental and physical health and strength, vitality, vigor and vim, is certain if you take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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1. "Diplomat March," Prince's Band..... *Sousa*
2. Baritone solo, "Everybody Works But Father" ..... *Jean C. Havez*
3. March, "Silver Heels," Columbia Band.... *Moret*
4. Male quartet, "Mah Pretty Chloe From Tennessee"..... *E. R. Ball*
5. Orchestra, "Maple Leaf Forever"..... *Muir*
6. Tenor solo, "Wait Till the Sun Shines, Nellie"..... *Von Tilzer*
7. Violin and harp duet, "Mazurka de Concert"..... *Musin*
8. Selection, "Largo" (Handel's Messiah) Columbia Band..... *Handel*
9. Tenor solo, "Why Don't They Play With Me?"..... *Harris*
10. Descriptive, "Arkansaw Traveler," Talking song
11. Male quartet, "'Way Down Yonder in the Cornfield" .....
12. Clarionet solo, "Tell Me, Pretty Maiden," from "Florodora" .....
13. Baritone solo, "Have You Seen Mr. Brown?" ..... *Von Tilzer*
14. Descriptive, "71st Regt. Leaving for Cuba" ..... *F. Hagen*
15. Orchestra, "Valse Poetique"..... *Villanueva*
16. Male quartet, "Carry Me Back to Ol' Virginie" .....
17. Selection, "Brooklyn Cake Walk," London Military Band .....
18. Baritone solo, "O Holy Night"..... *Adolf Adam*
19. Orchestra, Selections from "Yankee Consul"..... *Robyn*
20. Comic song, "A High Old Time"..... *Bradfield*
21. Laughing story, "Uncle Josh's New Year Pledge" ..... *Cal Stuart*
22. March, "Blaze Away," Columbia Orchestra.
23. Male quartet, "Sweet Adeline"..... *Armstrong*
24. Orchestra, "Moonlight"..... *N. Moret*
25. March, "Liberty Bell," Columbia Band... *Sousa*
"America," Band.....

Batistes for Summer Frocks—Bargain Counter—7c a yard.

Big purchase of mill end lengths—5 to 20 yards—of new polka dot batistes, sheer and beautiful.

All sizes of dots, for most every sort of use; the colors are blue, brown, red and black on white grounds; and a few pieces of colored grounds.

All 30 inches wide, and the kind usually sold here for 10c—(most places 12½c)—but another bit of wily buying gave us a "snap"—and it's your turn at it.

Get them Tuesday—come early **7c Yd** On the Bargain Counter.

Such Prices for Handsome Black Long Coats

'Tis almost ridiculous, but we need the room worse than we do the coats—so out they go. Handsome black broadcloths, kerseys, cheviots and unfinished worsteds, perfectly tailored, daintily trimmed and finished, with a style and smartness unquestionably "right"—and at such prices they're absolute bargains.

The best was a
$42.50 Coat—now $21.25
The cheapest was an
$18.50 Coat—now $9.25

And between are 14 others at just the same comparative pricing. If you would have a swell black tight-fitting coat, if you could get a bargain, this is your opportunity. 'Nough said!

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES
MERRELL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK
MOST DELICIOUS PIES, FRUIT CAKES, PUDDINGS AND COOKIES.

Light Weight Materials for Smart School Frocks

By ELIZABETH LEE.

Smart, practical school frocks for girls from the age of 5 to 16 years are a special feature at a popular children's shop this week, the display embracing such a number of different models and materials that almost every taste may be gratified, provided the size of the pocketbook will also allow. However, purchasing ready made is not a necessity, as some of the very smartest of these models are quite within the skill of the home dressmaker, or a mother who understands the most simple details of dressmaking, supposing, always, that she can find the time.

Mohair, serge and pretty plaid woollen materials are mostly enjoyed, and an extremely good model for girls of 8 to 10 was in Russian style, with three pleats from either shoulder stitched to the very long waist, the fulness springing from the pleats forming the skirt part. The neck was cut out in a very small Dutch round, and the puff sleeves ended above the elbow. Two guimpes were provided, one of ivory tucked silk, the other showing the yoke to be composed of fine Val. insertion sewn together, the sleeves of fine lawn gathered into lace effects. These completed a frock of white mohair, the cut out neck of which was finished with half-inch wide, flat, silky fibre braid in a simple design, the same braid trimming the bands confining the puff sleeves, and also the belt.

For afternoon wear this little model could scarcely be surpassed, while for school the same design was carried out in blue mohair, the guimpes in this case being of white butcher linen and very fine French flannel, cream, with a tiny blue polka dot, respectively.

For older girls plaid in green and black provided material for an extremely smart looking frock. The skirt on the straight of the plaid was pleated over the hips, leaving a plain front panel and hemmed on the bottom.

The bodice was cut on the bias, and was pleated on the shoulders to yoke depth, drawing the material back to display a small V chemisette of white linen embroidered in a simple spray of flowers worked with white thread. A narrow box pleat finished the front edges, the two meeting at the end of V (continuing to the waist line), under which the waist closed visibly.

Bishop sleeves ended in white band cuffs and narrow added ones of white linen, the sleeves being cut on the straight of the goods. The belt and tie were of black satin.

Equally smart and practical was a school frock of wood brown serge. This also had a pleated skirt, and the bodice, too, was laid in plaits on the shoulders to yoke depth. Then a long narrow vest was laid in from the shoulder seam at the collar band, tapering to the belt. This was of white pique, closing with pearl buttons, and was outlined with broad tabs meeting and overlapping at bust, narrower tabs springing upward from the belt, the inside edge overlaying vest being finished with a quaint little frill of brown silk.

The sleeves were full bishop, pleated to form deep cuffs, ending in small ones turning back, edged with the silk frill, the belt and bow tie of pale reseda glace silk.

Children's styles are practically all so much alike that only in small details may they be said to differ. This was instanced in the case of a quaint, sweet looking little coat whose claim to originality lay in the addition of a dainty lingerie frill: otherwise it was an ordinary, every day coat of cream cashmere in a heavy weight, made with a full body depending from a plain yoke, over which was a shoulder cape cut into points on the outer edge, trimmed with an inch wide cream lace galloon, which ran up to the neckband between each point, giving the effect of a deep collar being formed of tabs.

Underlying these points the lingerie frill appeared, a simple straight affair of fine lawn and the large mesh Valenciennes insertion alternating, the edging narrow Val. lace, gathered very full and added invisibly. This little model may be carried out quite inexpensively. Still, I am sure no mother could desire anything more dainty or exclusive looking for her baby than this.

Another coat model I thought extremely good was in cadet blue cloth, suitable for a child walking. It was box pleated back and front from what appeared to be a little bolero (empire effect), rounded at the lower edges in the front, and slightly cut up in center back to correspond, then trimmed all around with flat fibre braid the same shade as the cloth. The closing was up to the neck, which was finished with a velvet collar, trimmed with braid, and the full bishop sleeves ended in cuffs to match, the whole effect being a most practical, comfortable looking garment, and quite within the average sewer. To complete the outfit a little Dutch cap made of cloth might show a velvet flap edged with golden beaver, white ruching around the face and white ties. This, too, could be made at home, thus providing a smart street toilet at a most moderate cost.

Handsome collars are a most agreeable addition to little girls' house frocks, but, alas! correspondingly expensive. Still, made at home these will cost very little, even when using the finest materials. Take the model of that described on the cashmere coat, the collar part cut from white linen will be embroidered in each point, tendrils running up to the neck, and the whole finished with a lingerie frill. Te embroidery will be of the solid kind, and white or colored thread may be used. This calls for little skill, yet a very handsome collar will be the result, and one not likely to be duplicated. So, too, may lots of ends of lace and lawn come in for the prettiest of yokes and tuckers for babies' and children's wear, provided one has time and a little ingenuity.

WED AFTER SIXTY YEARS.

Lost Bridegroom Returns and Aged Couple Are United.

Burlington, Vt., March 12.—A courtship of sixty years ago came to a romantic culmination yesterday in the marriage at Milton of Aza Cummings and Mrs. Matilda Morris. The bridegroom is eighty-two years old, the bride eighty-one.

The couple were schoolday lovers and were engaged to marry, but a day before that set for the wedding the prospective bridegroom mysteriously disappeared. Time passed and word at length came that Cummings was dead in Mexico. This was in 1846. Matilda Brown, for that was her name then, mourned her lover's death. Thomas Morris came along and the lonesome spinster, although still mourning over Cummings, decided she would take a partner.

The couple had three children and lived happily. Last December Morris died. Early last week Aza Cummings reappeared. He asked forgiveness and wanted to marry the sweetheart of his school days, to which Matilda agreed. He said said he had gone to Mexico and Central and South America seeking wealth and had succeeded. He had never married, as he had never been able to forget Matilda.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—The Cherry Blossoms.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, "Checkers."

GRAND OPERA CLOSES.

Fine Productions of "Tannhauser" and "Faust" Saturday.

Duluth's season of grand opera presented by the Savage Opera company was completed Saturday evening with the presentation of Gounod's "Faust." The splendid attendance which marked all three performances is a matter upon which Duluth opera lovers may congratulate themselves, for it assures more seasons of such delightful entertainment.

All three productions were presented by a company well balanced and adequate, but "Tannhauser," which was sung Saturday afternoon, probably gave the most pleasure. The singing and interpretation of the name part by William Wegener was most convincing, and in his final scene he made a deep impression. He is a powerful actor, as well as a fine singer. Miss Rita Newman as "Elizabeth," who, through her unwavering faith and hope, at last redeemed Tannhauser, was fine at all times, and in her scenes the wonderful beauty and appeal of the story were fine at all times and in her scenes the wonderful beauty and appeal of the story were brought out. The sympathy between orchestra and the singers was especially noticeable Saturday afternoon, and the playing of the famous overture was exquisite and was warmly received.

"Faust," as given in the evening, was delightful, and all the details which go to make the opera pleasing were carefully looked after. The chorus work was even and given with spontaneity and abandon, the singing and acting of the principals were at all times convincing and the singing of this beautiful opera was wholly satisfying. Miss Martha Miner was a pleasing Marguerite and Faust was sung well by Francis MasLennan. Ottley Cranston sang and acted Mephistopheles in a delightful manner and Miss Elsie Van der Voort was heard with much pleasure in the part of Siebel.

The evenness of all the Savage productions is their most remarkable feature, so that after a performance one feels that an opera has been heard, the idea it was intended to convey been realized, and not simply a few soloists heard in opera as a means of presentation.

CHERRY BLOSSOMS.

The Cherry Blossoms are at the Metropolitan this week and, according to reports which have drifted up here from the Dewey theater in Minneapolis and the Star in St. Paul, the organization is a clever one. Duluthians will have an opportunity to judge for themselves tonight. Performances will be given every evening during the week and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons. The company is headed by John H. Perry.

CAREER OF CRIME WAS SHORT.

Red Lake Falls, Minn., March 12.—William Frenseka, a 17-year-old boy, son of A. Frenseka, stole a team of horses, sled and harness from Tilleston Ducharme, at Badger, during the night. He drove the outfit to Frank Hagl's place, where he helped himself to a load of grain, which he sold at Tilden. He then proceeded on his way to Crookston, where he was intercepted by Sheriff Linihan, who had been notified of the theft. He pleaded guilty and will be taken to the reform school.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Headache? Stomach "off?" Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes indigestion, purifies the blood.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

A CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN.

I was asked the other day for a definition of a Christian gentleman, and my reply was that he is a man who pays his bills and takes care of his family. —Rev. R. J. Mooney in a sermon yesterday.

Can that definition be easily improved upon without adding more words to it? And if you add more words to it will it make it any stronger?

"A man who pays his bills and takes care of his family." That calls up a picture of a pretty respectable, solid, seemly and comfortable citizen, doesn't it? Of course Mr. Mooney did not intend to be understood as meaning that this covers the whole field of Christianity or of gentility. It doesn't cover it, of course. A man might pay his bills and take care of his family, and yet be rude and boorish to his neighbors, whereas a Christian gentleman will invariably have consideration for all about him, and guard studiously against inflicting hurts upon others.

But the dominee's definition covers about as much of the field as a dozen words could. One thing certain is that no man who does not pay his bills or who fails to take care of his family is a Christian or a gentleman or anything else admirable. At the worst, the man who observes these two essentials cannot be an injury to society, while the man who overlooks them always is.

The circle of discomfort and pain set afloat by the man that does not pay his bills is widespread and often appalling. He buys meat and when the end of the month comes around he fails to settle with the butcher. This inconveniences the butcher so he cannot pay his grocer, and in turn the grocer is compelled to let his milkman go unpaid; and so it goes around the circle, and sometimes, when there are enough men that will not pay, the awkwardness growing out of their neglect is serious enough to drive some poor small merchant to the wall.

On the other hand, the man that always pays his bills sets a circle of joy and comfort afloat which brings cheer to everybody in its path. It greases the wheels of the business machine, which runs right merrily and hums a more cheerful tune thereafter.

And the man that does not take care of his family! Neither is he Christian or gentleman. He is not a man at all, but a brute. He may feed his family and clothe it, but he may withhold kindness and sympathy and refuse to accord the members of his household a smiling countenance. In that event his failure is just as great as though he withheld beef or shoes. But the man that sees to it that his wife and children are fed, clothed and kept warm, and who is their companion, guide and councillor, builds for the glorification of the nation a happy home, from whose wholesome shelter goes out influences making for that which is wholesome, uplifting and everlastingly right.

Verily, blessed is the man who takes care of his family and pays his bills, in every sense of these words; who gives his family not only food and shelter, but kindness and pleasant counsel; who pays not only his debts to the butcher, the baker and the candlestick maker, but to society and his country.

MORNING MATINEES.

In several parts of the country the innovation of having three theatrical performances a day has been tried, and apparently with success. The practice has not yet struck Duluth, nor has it spread very generally, but it is being experimented with, and doubtless will become more or less a fixture. The first performance is held at 11 o'clock in the morning, the second at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and the third at the usual evening hour, 8 or 8:15 p. m.

This curious experiment indicates a belief on the part of theatrical managers either that there is a large leisure class in the cities who can arrange to sandwich a theatrical performance into the middle of their days, or that the people are so show-crazy that they will neglect their routine affairs to witness a performance.

The old-fashioned matinee, beginning at 2 or 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and held usually on Saturday though sometimes on Wednesday, has never been patronized largely by men. The audiences have usually been largely composed of women and children, with a scattering of men possessed of leisure or given to idleness. Many men, however, can sometimes arrange their affairs so as to make it possible to attend an afternoon performance, but when it comes to witnessing one beginning at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, few men who work, for themselves or for others, can afford to indulge themselves to that extent.

The other day in Chicago the experiment of three performances at the hours given above was tried, and it was a success. All three performances were well attended. Kansas City, not to be outdone, has tried it, also with success. Some of the newspapers showed a disposition to make merry over the idea, one Kansas City publication paragraphically expressing mock regret that it had been determined not to hold a milkman's matinee at 5 a. m.

Whether the new morning matinee will be a permanent institution remains to be seen. So long as men continue to work, however, their patronage of attractions offered at such eccentric hours will be necessarily limited.

FUNERAL CUSTOMS.

Sometimes fashion, which often leads people of small means a melancholy chase that ends in disaster, has a good deed to its credit, and if the report be true that fashion has decreed simplicity in mourning customs, a large white mark should be scored for fashion.

The tendency has been this way for a long time. The expense, lugubrity and chill of old funeral fashions and mourning customs were always bad. A decided reform is not inconsistent with a proper respect for the dead.

It is not necessary, when one is bereaved, to advertise to the world the fact that he is sorrowing. The world should take that for granted. Neither is it necessary to go through a doleful and gloomy ceremony to tell the world that he loved the one who is gone. The sleep of the departed will be as peaceful without the bereaved assuming the trappings of gloom as it would be if they burdened themselves with twice as much insignia of sorrow as custom used to require.

Ostentatious display at funerals is in very bad taste. It always was that, but when custom dictates such display it was hard to avoid it, even though sometimes it burdened the living with expenses they could ill afford. Funerals should be as simple as possible, and the grief of the mourners should not be turned into acute torture by a forced exhibition of it before the public.

Custom dictates that after the death of a loved one, the bereaved ones shall have no relaxations, no theaters, no operas, no social enjoyment, yet this is a time in their lives when they need distraction more than they ever did before.

Custom dictates that the mourners shall advertise to the world their grief by appearing draped in dismal weeds, shrouded in crape, trappings of the grave that cast a gloom wherever they go and that prolong the sharpness of the sorrow that time, left to itself, will gently soften.

Custom has dictated that no expense shall be spared upon the funeral; that no matter how poor the family, the box that is to convey beneath the earth the remains of the loved one shall be as expensive as possible; that there shall be as many carriages as the neighbor family had for its funeral; that there shall be a long, drawn-out funeral service, an unnecessary torture for all concerned.

Custom is all wrong in these things, and any change toward simplicity and toward softening instead of increasing the sufferings of the afflicted should be warmly encouraged.

A VITAL ISSUE.

Some of the United States senators affect to treat the dispute over the court review feature of the railroad rate regulation question as though it were a mere trifling difference of opinion as to "wording." A dispatch from Washington says: "The big question now is one of wording amendments, and without doubt no bill that has been before congress in years has been given so much attention over so small an issue."

Small? Far from being small, it is immense, enormous; it goes to the heart of the question, and upon its determination rests the issue of whether the rate bill that is passed will give any real relief to shippers or not.

It is not at all a mere matter of "wording"; it is a dispute over the meat of the matter, and upon its settlement depends the whole campaign for rate regulation.

If those who clamor for a court review provision in the bill are successful, it means that the fight for regulation and relief has failed, completely and ignominously. If those who favor leaving the railroads their inherent common law rights—which cannot be taken away—and giving them no additional rights, are successful, the Hepburn bill will be a real relief measure, and while it is not perfect by any means it will be a long step forward.

As the bill stands the commission's rate, determined after a full and fair hearing of all the merits of the controversy between a shipper and a railroad, is to become effective in thirty days. If the reduction made by the commission is confiscatory, the railroad can appeal to the courts for an injunction, which will be readily granted on a satisfactory showing that such is the case.

Aldrich, Elkins, Kean, Foraker and their ilk all want the bill amended so that the courts shall pass upon the commission's rulings before they are effective. This means that for two, five or even fifteen years the relief found just by an unbiased, nonpartisan commission will be delayed. It means that the complaining shipper will be forced to undergo a protracted legal battle against all the enormous powers and resources of the railroad. It means that other shippers will get no relief until the case has been fought up through all the courts, even though the complaining shipper is able to keep up the fight and finally wins out. It means that during all the years the railroads can consume by technical delays, the public, which pays all railroad rates, must pay for commodities carried upon the basis of the higher rate.

If the commission's ruling is made effective at once, the railroad can still appeal to the courts; but it will be an advocate of expedition, and the case will be hurried to a speedy conclusion by the joint efforts of shipper and carrier.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Senator Tillman; he eats 'em alive.

* * *

An ill-natured use of the truth hurts worse than falsehood.

* * *

It's the people and the president against the "interests" and the United States senate.

* * *

Minneapolis is looking for cheaper gas. If it gets it the chances for Hennepin county Republican harmony will grow remoter than ever.

* * *

A Philadelphia man is advertising for the return of an umbrella he lost on a street car. There's a sanguine and optimistic temperament for you.

* * *

The Grand Forks Herald advocates a free distribution of postage stamps to voters in place of free seeds. One is quite as sensible as the other.

* * *

The Ortonville Herald Star does not want football made into a game for "Lizzie boys." It says: "Play it for blood or play it not at all is our sentiment."

* * *

The Washington Post says a motion to adjourn in congress is a parliamentary method of turning off the gas. It's a wonder some of them do not blow it out.

* * *

Frank Eddy proves his good sense again by declaring that he is not a candidate for governor this year. As an evidence of good faith he declares himself for Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle.

* * *

Police Commissioner Bingham of New York called his third assistant a blanked fool, whereupon the latter resigned. Some people will be sure to say that that proved Gen. Bingham's charge.

* * *

The Wadena Pioneer Journal says Congressman Buckman is home for a couple of weeks to look after the seeding and spring work on his large farm at Little Falls. Doesn't say a word about fences or early political seeding.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Salvos of St. Paul were recently registered at the McKay hotel. Mr. Salvos is cashier in St. Paul of the Fairbanks-Morse company, and was in Duluth on his honeymoon. He married Miss Marie McHannon of St. Paul, formerly a resident of Duluth, and well known here, where she has a large circle of friends.

"I am sorry that circumstances are such that I cannot make my home in Duluth, for I like it here first rate," said Mr. Salvos. "You have a fine city, and it must be doubly pleasant in the summer time. Duluth is plenty large enough so that one may enjoy all the advantages of a city, and the fact that it has so many other advantages, being located on the biggest fresh water lake in the world, puts it in a class all by itself as a place of residence."

* * *

"A good example of civic improvement is to be seen in Harrisburg, Pa.," said C. E. Drake of Harrisburg, at the St. Louis. "A lot of trouble was met with in getting the movement started, but after extended effort a prominent man of the city became interested in it and raised $5,000 with which to begin the campaign, and then a committee was appointed and three experts called into consultation. One of these was consulted as to the proper method of obtaining pure water for the city, another as to the best method of street paving, and the third as to the park system. The experts drew up the reports, and the committee was surprised to learn that it would require about $1,000,000 to carry out the proposed improvements.

"Another sum of $5,000 was then subscribed by sixty citizens and a campaign of education was begun. Sub-committees were formed to carry on the campaign in all parts of the city, and all of the societies, secret and otherwise, were asked to co-operate in the movement. The newspapers were interested and furnished plenty of material for copy.

"The use to which the million or more dollars was to be put was carefully explained by circulars and articles in the newspapers. The money was to be used in the extension, improvement and filtration of the water supply; the extension and improvement of the sewer system; the construction of a dam in the Susquehanna river, so that it might be kept at a steady level, preventing the settlement of sewage along its banks due to low water; providing the necessary land for parks, and providing for other improvements along the same lines.

"To make a long story short, all of these various things were finally obtained, after a rousing compaign, and the tax levy was raised so very little that it was hardly noticeable."

* * *

A. D. McRae of Winnipeg, formerly of Duluth, a member of the firm of Davidson & McRae, was registered at the Spalding yesterday. He was on his way to St. Paul. While here he gave his views on the question of reciprocity between the United States and Canada, and told of the great interest the people of Winnipeg are showing in the proposed extension of the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road to the border, giving Duluth direct rail connection with the Canadian metropolis by means of this road and the Canadian Northern.

"Canada does not want reciprocity with the United States," said Mr. McRae. "She was willing at one time, but the United States was too slow, and allowed the opportune time to slip by. Reciprocity will not be considered for a long time to come. Four or five years ago the Canadians were ready to seriously consider the matter, but the development of their own country has been so rapid, and is progressing in such good shape now, that they are willing to let matters stand as they are. Their policy is, 'Canada for Canadians.' The effect of being shut out of the United States markets a few years ago was felt, but the market conditions at home are such now that they are satisfied with the situation as it is.

"Winnipeg is developing into quite a railroad center, and the residents of the city are of course, glad whenever a new line is projected in their direction. The Great Northern is now extending into Canada, and this, with the Canadian Northern, Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Pacific will give four competing roads. The Grand Trunk Pacific has awarded contracts for the construction of 700 miles to the west of Winnipeg and for about 800 miles east. One hundred miles has already been graded."

* * *

At the St. Louis: E. H. Butler, Minneapolis; J. E. Thomas, Winnipeg; C. Seaman, W. D. Morse, C. M. Jett, Minneapolis; A. C. Floan, St. Paul; G. Williams, Virginia; W. H. Lucin, Hurley, Wis.; F. A. Bedell, St. Paul; Hortance Shea, T. McCallum, Eveleth; J. Michaelson, Spokane, Wash.; H. S. Boutell, Detroit; D. N. Wheeler, Minneapolis; J. Allen, Swan River, Minn.; G. A. Tuller, Deer River, Minn.; J. M. McLain, S. O. Geisen, Hibbing; R. C. Bretting, A. Zublsdorf, C. Zublsdorf, Ashland; J. Bech, Ashland; J. Butler, Hibbing; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Shea, Eveleth; C. W. Vars, Buffalo; J. S. Kain, Alpena, Mich.; Wes Wright, Bemidji; E. R. Farley, Farley, Minn.

* * *

At the Spalding: H. J. Sholey, St. Paul; H. W. Hodgdon, L. C. Glass, G. McLean, Mr. and Mrs. F. James, Minneapolis; G. T. Smith, Mass; C. H. Petteh, Milwaukee; E. C. Taber, Keokuk, Iowa; W. H. Haskell, H. R. Klausen, Toledo; A. N. Peckham, New York; A. Potts, Indianapolis; J. R. Hollins, Madison, Wis.; J. A. Gregg, Burlington, Iowa; M. J. Greening, Minneapolis; G. Harding, A. Woodworth, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Lenox: W. T. Markus, Minneapolis; P. McCargar, Fergus Falls; W. A. Gilpine, Buffalo; G. B. Stoddard, O. Wright, Minneapolis; C. Weishaar, Albert, Minn.; F. E. Lucat, Indianapolis; G. Montclair, E. Montclair, Huron, N. D.; P. L. Ashley, Minneapolis; H. W. Morcom, New York; G. B. Rucker, Louisville, Ky.; G. Smith, Hibbing; M. T. Cooper, St. Joseph, Mo.; N. K. Mulferd, Davenport, Iowa; J. L. Troutman, Marinette, Ohio; G. Monegomery, J. Monegomery, Atlanta, Ga.; J. E. Simons, Marshfield; H. J. Campbell, Belvidere, Ill.

* * *

At the McKay: W. C. Barry, Grand Forks; W. J. Jennison, H. C. Zierath, L. M. Havermen, Minneapolis; W. B. Holman, Grand Rapids; H. Sprain, Webster; W. W. Whitehogle, Hutchinson, Minn.; E. J. Hebern, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; O. Bohem, Ashland; M. Wilkinson, M. J. McGuigan, Ashland; R. R. Morrison, Winona, Minn.; L. G. Whitehead, Vulcan.

The Sage of Sauk Center.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Center Herald: The man that never attempts anything never makes mistakes, and he never accomplishes anything.

The men who wear colored shirts are the ones who have built and saved the nation.

Better have your good intentions go into hell's pavement than never make any.

The men who earn money are of a heap more use to the nation than the men who make money.

When everybody agrees with you, your usefulness has ended.

Too much "harmony" is a dangerous thing.

The majority never loses except when the majority is bamboozled.

Advertising is like a broom; it brushes cobwebs off the shelves.

A man may be as twisted as a corkscrew and yet talk straight.

A man may be a daisy in a dress suit and a nonentity in working clothes.

* * *

Only a Craze for Spoils.

Albert Lea Standard: It being admitted with scarcely an exception that Governor Johnson is making good, that he is eminently an honest, able and efficient governor, that he stands not alone for a party, but impartially for every interest, for all the people alike, that he possesses the confidence and hearty esteem of all and "does things" right as never a governor has done before him, the search and scramble to find a candidate wearing a party collar with whom to bear him becomes reduced merely to a desperate craze for the spoils of the office—to a yearning for a man for governor who will give the outs a chance to get their snouts in the trough. But never fear. The intelligent and patriotic people of this state are not likely to give countenance or submit to such a selfish and greedy scheme this year, and it will be found that they have already decided to rebuke it and turn it down hard—a good deal harder even than they did the last time.

THE WEATHER

Quite a fresh bit of weather yesterday and last night. Yesterday morning the thermometer got down to 6 degs. below zero, and this morning's lowest was 10 degs. It was clear and bright most of the time, but a shrill north wind howling down over the hills accentuated the chilliness and made it seem like a temporary relapse into winter. The outlook is for milder weather, with possibly snow flurries to come with it, and the weather man expects it to rise to about 10 degs. above zero tomorrow morning. Following is the official survey and local forecast by H. W. Richardson, local forecaster:

"High barometric pressures and zero temperatures continue in Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, Wyoming, Montana, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Western Ontario, the coldest being 20 degs. below at Battleford. The severe cold, however, moderated somewhat in the Dakotas and Montana during the last twenty-four hours, due to the influence of very low barometric pressure centered over Nevada. This disturbance and another off the New England coast caused snow or rain to fall Sunday or last night over New England, the lake region, central states, the Rocky mountains and South Pacific districts.

"It is quite probable that as the influence of the Nevada disturbance extends eastward it will cause snow flurries, rising temperature and fresh easterly winds in this locality tonight and Tuesday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	24	Miles City	4
Atlanta	48	Milwaukee	8
Battleford	—20	Minnedosa	—16
Bismarck	— 8	Modena	32
Boston	32	Montgomery	52
Buffalo	18	Moorhead	0
Calgary	—20	New Orleans	60
Charleston	54	New York	34
Chicago	12	Norfolk	46
Cincinnati	22	Northfield	20
Davenport	10	North Platte	0
Denver	4	Oklahoma	18
Detroit	16	Omaha	8
Devils Lake	— 8	Phoenix	58
Dodge	8	Pierre	10
Duluth	— 4	Pittsburg	25
El Paso	56	Port Arthur	—16
Escanaba	— 6	Portland, Or.	22
Galveston	60	Quappelle	—18
Green Bay	— 4	Rapid City	2
Havre	— 4	St. Louis	14
Helena	— 4	St. Paul	0
Houghton	4	San Francisco	48
Huron	4	Santa Fe	42
Jacksonville	66	Sault Ste. Marie	2
Kamloops	12	Shreveport	38
Kansas City	8	Spokane	10
Knoxville	48	Swift Current	—14
LaCrosse	0	Washington	40
Lander	0	Williston	— 8
Little Rock	32	Winnemucca	44
Los Angeles	46	Winnipeg	—20
Marquette	— 2		

Chicago, March 12.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Probably light snow tonight and Tuesday. Slowly rising temperature.

Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota—Probably snow tonight and Tuesday. Rising temperature tonight.

MIRTHFUL REMARKS.

Chicago Tribune: "I'm trying to observe Lent," said the doctor, "but I am busier than ever with my practice."

"So I suppose," commented the professor; "you are fasting yourself and making money fast."

Cleveland Leader: "Why do you object to my eating so much?" asked the gourmand. "You know the old proverb that in eating well one praises the food."

"Well, you're not praising that food," said the ascetic. "You're flattering it grossly."

Washington Star: "I observe that you have persuaded your constituents to think as you do."

"That's how it looks," announced Senator Sorghum, "but as a matter of fact I have persuaded myself to think as most of my constituents do."

Philadelphia Press: "Well!" snorted the old editor, throwing down the paper he was reading, "these blooming correspondence schools ought to be suppressed; they're trouble-breeders."

"Why, what's the matter now?" asked his assistant.

"Why, here's one of them that offers to teach people to write poetry."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Nobody laughed at the story the very seedy little man told in the grill room."

"That was Swarthmore's cousin. He didn't tell it well."

"Oh, I see—a poor relation."

Yonkers Statesman: Church—I saw a funny picture of your friend, Flatbush, today. He had his right hand stretched out above his head.

Gotham—Yes, he told me about that. It seems just as the photographer was about to take it he called to Flatbush to move up a little. Flatbush forgot himself, thought he was on a car and reached for a strap.

His Line.

Ten little margin points, sitting on a line;
Congress passed a railroad bill,
Then there were nine.

Nine little margin points, feeling quite elate;
Miners threatened they would strike,
Then there were eight.

Eight little margin points wished to rise to heaven;
Winter wheat reported killed,
Then there were seven.

Seven little margin points in a pretty fix;
Big men went on pleasure trips,
Then there were six.

Six little margin points, feeling quite alive;
Presidential message came,
Then there were five.

Five little margin points, very, very sore;
Boston operator yawped,
Then there were four.

Four little margin points, somewhat up a tree;
Kaiser made a mailed fist speech,
Then there were three.

Three little margin points knew not what to do;
Bank reserves fell off a cent,
Then there were two.

Two little margin points, melting in the sun;
Great investigation made,
Then there was one.

One little margin point, torn 'twixt fear and trust;
Some one cornered cat and dog,
Then he was bust.
—McLANDBURGH WILSON in New York Sun.

Insulting St. Louis County.

Princeton Union: If the Republican state convention should turn down Hon. E. B. Hawkins for lieutenant governor, and the Democrats had sense enough (a far-fetched supposition) to nominate Hon. Charles O. Baldwin of Duluth for the position, rock-ribbed Republican St. Louis county might not be as solidly Republican as it has been. And who could blame the Republicans of St. Louis county for resenting at the polls the insults that have been heaped upon them? St. Louis county is entitled to representation on the Republican state ticket. There are scores of brainy Republicans in that county, the name of any one of whom would adorn any position on the ticket from governor down.

In His Vest.

Philadelphia Ledger: Little David had always been regarded by his father and mother as being particularly smart and clever for a child of tender years. One day, while he was playing in front of his home, a rough-looking tramp appeared and asked David very sharply where his father kept his money. He replied that it was all in his vest in the kitchen.

A few minutes later the tramp came through the doorway in a hurry, very much battered up and looking sad, muttering:

"Smart kid, that. Never said a word about his old man being in the vest."

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1886.

***F. W. McKinney, who was formerly a resident of Bismarck, were he was successfully engaged in banking and insurance, has just returned from Chicago. Mr. McKinney is about to engage in business here in connection with the firm of E. L. Dwyer & Co., Chicago, who deal in stocks, bonds and municipal securities.

***At a meeting of members of the produce exchange, C. S. Marshall was elected director to succeed Mr. Grieser, who has resigned. A proposal to allow each member to nominate a new one, who would be admitted on payment of $55, the present fee being $100, was favored by President Beneteau, Secretary Barnes and Neil McLachlin. It was opposed by Mr. Graff and J. R. Myers. The matter was finally referred to the directors.

***The following real estate transfers have been recorded:

C. H. Clague to W. S. McNally, lots 58 and 60, block 57, Third division, $600.

E. G. Swanstrom to J. S. Schleneus, lot 200, block 28, Second division, $1,200.

A. R. Macfarlane to Julia O'Brien, lots 1 and 2, block 92, Endion, $600.

O. P. Stearns to McHurgan Woodruff, lots 392, 394 and 396, block 41, Second division, $3,500.

Charles Older to T. W. Hoopes, lots 233 and 335, block 53, Third division, $2,000.

A. Ebmer to G. Froncowiak, lot 23, block 132, Third division, $125.

E. R. Jefferson to Frank H. Brown, lot 188, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, $300.

L. A. Wall to William Walker, lot 21, McDougall's subdivision, $400.

H. N. McHarg to Morris Bayfield, lot 342, block 38, Second division, $1,525.

J. N. Richey to Ida M. Stewart, part of lot 1, East Superior street, First division, $5,400.

Cooley, LaVaque & Co. to W. McKinney, lot 276, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, $2,500.

J. McCahill to E. L. Toomey, part of lots 175 and 177, block 63, Second division, $312.

***Capt. Henry Dewitt is making every effort to bring Company K up to a high standard and is summarily discharging members who do not take proper interest in military affairs. Corporal Schupp and Privates Beier, Carpenter Krelwitz, Nichols, Thiel and Christianson have been discharged.

***It is stated that a far reaching combination of lumbermen has been formed in Northern Minnesota. Prices are to be raised $1.50 to $2 per thousand. Duluth is in the league.

***At a meeting held in J. T. Condon's store last evening, the Business Men's Protective association was organized with sixty-eight members. The following officers were elected: President, H. W. Pearson; first vice-president, S. F. Boyce; second vice-president, D. A. Petre; treasurer, B. Silberstein; secretary, R. F. Virgil; directors, J. T. Condon, C. F. Johnson, H. P. Wieland, William Parsons and John H. LaVaque.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Princeton Union: St. Paul and Minneapolis jobbers do not view kindly the construction of new lines of railroad that will develop the country tributary to Duluth. They might apply to Governor Johnson to order out the militia to prevent the building of the Duluth & Winnipeg line. Or, better still, secure the passage of an act of congress establishing a dozen more forest reserves.

Austin Transcript: The rates paid to railroads for carrying the mails are so vastly in excess of what is paid for similar service by individuals as well as corporations that a readjustment would at once wipe out the postoffice deficit and create a surplus. However, the railroad interests are too well represented at Washington to hope for proper relief.

Windom Reporter: Stolen joy is not real joy after all.

Crookston Times: The truth is that bosses will rule under any system of nomination except when the people are tremendously aroused—and it is exceedingly hard to keep the people tremendously aroused in every election.

Windom Reporter: The surest way to defeat John A. Johnson is to nominate a better man and prove to the people that he is the better man.—Martin County Independent.

But who is the better man? It looks now as though the candidates will be labeled "good, better, best, instead of "Republican, Democrat, Pop," which terms are coming to have little significance.

Rochester Post and Record: If a private individual neglects or refuses to pay his taxes he must pay a penalty of 10 per cent, but if a corporation does this, it escapes scot free. There are railroad and telegraph corporations that are refusing to pay taxes and have the use of the money that should be paid the state. The state should make no discrimination between individuals and corporations, but it does. This is something the next legislature should look into at its session. A penalty attached to corporations would bring them to time in short order.

New Ulm Review: One of the best things in the line of new politics is the drainage question that has been forced as an issue in the campaign for this year. Every state official whose duties lead him where he will have something to say on the question, should be pledged to its support. The result of a complete drainage system for the state will mean lower taxes and more land for cultivation in the state. Let us have it by all means.

Albert Lea Standard: There is no difference, any longer, between a good Republican and a good Democrat.

Mora Enterprise: If the senate of this great nation has reached the point in its decadence where it is a hindrance and an obstruction to the people's prosperity it ought to be abolished altogether.

Isanti News: A package of government seeds, with the initials of a candidate for the legislature on the wrapper, has been received at this office. Regardless of any previous feeling towards the candidate, this act gives us just cause to oppose the man's election. Last year our garden produced a ripe pumpkin weighing ten and three-fourth ounces, grown from government seed, and we have a good stiff club to use on any man tempting us to plant more of the worthless stuff.

The Uses of Adversity.

Thackeray: "Tis misfortune that awakens ingenuity, or fortitude, or endurance, in hearts where these qualities had never come to life but for the circumstances which gave them a being.

Tongue Twisters.

New York Tribune: Some elocutionist has made a collection of more than two hundred "tongue-twisters:"

"A growing gleam glowing green."

"The bleak breeze blighted the bright broom blossoms."

"Flesh of freshly dried flying fish."

"Six thick thistle sticks."

"Two toads tried to trot to Tedbury."

"Give Grimes Jim's great gilt gig whip."

"Strict, strong Stephen Stringer snared slickly six sickly silky snakes."

"She stood at the door of Mrs. Smith's fish sauce shop and welcomed him in."

The first three are the gems of the collection. It is said to be impossible for anyone to repeat them rapidly.

The Senate Leaders.

Atlanta Constitution: The Republican party ought to be proud of its leadership in the United States senate. Aldrich is a g-r-e-a-t statesman.

Thought Better of It.

Omaha Bee: While traveling in a Pullman car not long ago Congressman Hardwick of Georgia, the smallest man in the house, found himself a fellow passenger with a well-dressed, quiet-looking negro. This was not agreeable to the Georgian, who was further riled on seeing the colored man in the dining car. He and the darky returned to the Pullman about the same time and then Mr. Hardwick went to the conductor and asked that the negro be put out of the car. "We can't do that, sir," the conductor answered. "Well, if that fresh nigger gets near me I'm going to wipe up the car with him," declared the Georgian. "I won't have him around me. Who is the black rascal?" "That's Joe Gans, champion lightweight pugilist," answered the conductor, and Mr. Hardwick concluded not to "wipe up the car" with his quiet-looking fellow passenger.

The John Day Smith Law.

Toledo, Ohio, Press: Three St. Paul reporters have been indicted for publishing an account of a legal hanging, which is contrary to law in Minnesota. If Minnesota is to that extent ashamed of hanging, it ought to abolish capital punishment. But then, there are a lot of people who don't care what they do or say so long as no one finds it out.

Merely Lent!

I've put my favorite sin away,
For I am penitent,
But hope to get it back some day—
You see, it's merely Lent.
—Catholic Times.

ECHOES OF HARMONY.

Minneapolis Tribune: There is something in the idea that the fewer Hennepin county delegates there are in the state convention, the less prospect there will be of a row.

Buffalo Journal: It appears that the political deals which are being attempted are for the purpose of paying off old scores by creating discord, rather than to promote harmony, which should be the aim of all good Republicans, especially those who have had a liberal share of pap.

Paynesville Press: If St. Paul and Minneapolis will indulge in the luxury of a few more harmony dinners, Governor Johnson will be saved the expense and trouble of conducting a campaign next summer.

Brainerd Dispatch: If every man that turns up for state office is to be rapped on the head because he was either a Collins or a Dunn supporter in the last campaign, it will be necessary to import our timber for the election of 1906.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: Mr. Jacobson, clean and strong politically, is unfortunate only in some of his friends. He seems to be the first choice of the bolters.—Duluth News Tribune.

The man who has all the bolters back of him has the entire Republican party of Minnesota—and that is unfortunate, is it? First, there were the Dunn bolters in the two big and half a dozen little counties—and they set an example that before election took in the whole party. If the News Tribune wants to see a Republican elected, it can do good work by getting Mille Bunnell lined up for a call of the state central committee.

Sauk Center Herald: Two-thirds of the disinterested Republicans of the state want an early convention. There is a bunch, however, who carry knives in their boots, who want to "beat somebody," who are playing for position, who want the date made as late as possible. Who should prevail?

Red Wing Republican: Minneapolis wants the next Republican state convention. Its "harmony" meeting held on Lincoln's birthday was not a happy bid for it. Hennepin county always has so much dynamite in its peace propositions that they are inconvenient for practical use.

LeSueur Center Leader: That pitiful wail now heard about the Dunn Republicans endeavoring to dictate at the next state convention is getting tiresome. Good, straight Republicans have a right to, and should, dictate, and if the shoe pinches why wear it?

Anoka Free Press: Minneapolis being everywhere and by everybody held responsible for the present hopeless split in the Republican party in Minnesota, nothing but the complete unhorsing of that city, in a political sense, will ever heal the breach or restore the party to its former eminence in state politics.

Elk River Star-News: Singular as it may appear, the chairman of the state central committee seems to be pursuing the even course of his way, despite the frantic ravings of a few bolting newspapers, which ought to show a little sense of decency by hiding their perfidy under a veil of silence.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The best way to be happy is to pretend that you are.

Men would use more swear words than they do if there were any more.

The thing that makes a man like a woman is he can never tell why.

A girl has to have mighty red hair for her mother ever to admit it is more than light golden.

When a girl shows you a photograph of her it is a sign she expects you to make her give it to you.

Thinks They Are Clapptrap.

Kansas City Star: Senator Bailey doubtless regards the proposals of the senator from Minnesota as pure Clapptrap.

She'd Beat Him Up Some More.

Eldorado, Kan., Republican: Women are said to be queer. The family cat, which was away two nights, came home with a split ear, a banged up leg and sore eye and the women took him in, fed, coddled and arnicaed him so that in a couple of days he was fairly comfortable. Suppose the man of the house, after staying out two nights, had returned home like the Tom cat, what do you suppose would have happened to him?

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | NOTE THE DATES.

Thursday Night, March 15,
Grand WRESTLING TOURNAMENT
GOTCH, America's Champion Wrestler, VS.
MAYNARD, Head-of-the-Lakes Favorite.
Prices 25c to $1.50. Seats now.

Friday, Saturday, Saturday Matinee
"Checkers-is-a-very-young-man."
500 PEOPLE. "CHECKERS" BIG RACING PLAY
Prices 25c to $1.50. Seats Tuesday.

METROPOLITAN
All This Week, With Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday,
The Only Original
CHERRY BLOSSOMS
Thursday is Ladies' Day — Free Souvenirs! Usual Prices—Nights 15c, 30c, 50c; Matinees, 20c, 30c.
Next Week—The Merry Maidens.

F. S. KELLY FURNITURE CO.

All Cars Bring You Right to This Store—226-228 West Superior St.—Get off at 3rd Ave. West.

Alteration Sale Prices

Will prevail throughout the store until alterations are completed. Berquist Bros., who have the contract, have been somewhat delayed in getting material for the new front. We hope to have everything completed in about ten days or two weeks. In the meantime ALTERATION SALE PRICES will prevail throughout the store on many lines and many odd pieces left from February's heavy selling. Many pieces yet at HALF PRICE.

Your Credit Is Good at This Store at All Times!

A Manufacturer's Sample Line of Go-Carts and Carriages

On sale at ¼ to 1-3 less than regular prices. There is certainly a Cart or Carriage to just suit you—do not delay too long—and get a better choice.

$3.00 Go-Carts $1.95

Like cut—has all-steel running gear, in fine green enamel, rubber tires—has foot-rest in front—body is shellac finished—regular selling price $3; this sale.. **$1.95**

$9.00 Go-Carts $6.75

Some like cut—some similar to cut—has fine reed body seat and back, also foot piece in front—all steel enamel running gear—has all-steel handle bars—heavy cushion "automobile" tires; reg. price $9; this sale. **$6.75**

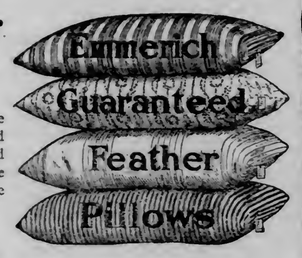
This Sofa Bed $19.75

Worth $27.50 and Good Value

At regular price—exactly like cut—fine tempered steel spring work—upholstered in Verona Velours, in plain reds and greens—has gate ends—making a nice bed when open—solid oak frames, in either golden or mission finish—very special price **$19.75**

Fine Feather Pillows

We carry a very fine line of the best Feather Pillows to be found anywhere. Fine old-fashioned white goose Feather Pillows—the kind you want, if you want the best.



Lowest Prices.

Parlor Furniture

Many fine Parlor Pieces and sets yet remain that we will sell at half price. Some 3-piece sets—odd chairs—several fine Settees or Divans. Nice, clean, fresh pieces—only odd, and left from sets; your choice at—

HALF PRICE.

'Stewart'

Queen of all Good Ranges.

The name that stands for Satisfaction and Economy— Satisfaction in quality, in operation, in durability, in appearance. Economy in fuel, in work, in worry — in fact, if you want the best range made, you must buy a "Stewart." They actually cost you less than other good makes; wear longer; maintain their original appearance better and give perfect satisfaction. These wonderful stoves and ranges are sold in Duluth only by this store—and every one

Sold on $1 Per Week Payments.

Open a Charge Account Your Credit is Good

We invite you to open a charge account in this store and assure you the most liberal and courteous treatment. We are pleased to have you take advantage of the "KELLY SYSTEM" of easy payments to buy what you need.

DEMANDS REFUSED

Coal Operators Decline the Propositions of Anthracite Miners.

Would Continue Award of Strike Commission Three Years.

New York, March 12.—The propositions of the United Mine Workers of America for a readjustment of wages and conditions in the anthracite coal fields, as a whole, having been denied by the committee representing the anthracite operators at a counter proposition, the operators suggest that the awards made by the anthracite coal strike commission, the terms upon which they were established by the commission and the methods established for carrying out their findings and awards, shall be continued for a further term of three years from the first day of April, 1906. The present agreement terminates March 31 of this year.

Announcement of the anthracite operators' decision and their counter propositions were made last night in a long, formal statement which was given out for publication. This statement, which includes the correspondence on the subjects at issue between President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, acting for the miners, and George F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron company, for the operators, discusses the miners' propositions in detail. In every instance the contention is made by the operators, either that conditions in the coal field do not warrant the change proposed or that the questions at issue already have been passed upon by the strike commission.

The demand of the miners that the operators enter into an agreement with the union is declined on the ground that the anthracite operators "stand unalterably for the open shop, and again decline to make an agreement with the United Mine Workers of America, an organization controlled by a rival industry." Of the demand for an eight hour day, the statement says that the operators know of no changes in conditions that can be used to sustain the renewed demand for a reduction in hours. It also says that the expectation of the strike committee, that the reduction from ten to nine hours "should not result in any decrease in the output of the mines," has not been realized and adds:

"We might justly say that with the experience of the past three years, the ten hour day should be restored, but we are willing to abide by the decision of the committee. The proposition that a uniform scale of wages be established in the anthracite fields is met by the operators with the reply that this would be impracticable by reason of the varying capacity of the workmen and the varying conditions existing in the region and at the collieries.

"We cannot increase wages without advancing the price of coal, and we are not willing to advance the price of coal," is the reply to the demand for a general increase in wages.

The request that the operators shall collect from each employe certain stated sums for the support of the Mine Workers' union is denied on the ground that "as a matter of policy we would not make such an agreement as you request, and as a matter of law we are not permitted to make it."

The operators decline to agree to any change in the board of conciliation as established by the anthracite coal strike commission, taking the ground that the system proposed by the miners would simply involve the creation of a series of miners' boards whose decisions might be conflicting, and from which appeals would have to be taken to an arbitrator, thereby creating more delay than now exists. The complaint of the miners that the board of conciliation does not act promptly, the operators declare to be not warranted by the facts.

The demand for a new sliding wage scale is denied on the ground that the sliding scale fixed by the anthracite coal strike commission covers practically all the propositions in the proposed new scale.

In conclusion the statement says:

"It had been our hope, and we trusted, that the effort of the exhaustive investigation and findings of the distinguished citizens who constituted the anthracite strike commission would be to establish a just and permanent adjustment of the relations between the operators and their employes. We, therefore, regret your suggestion that an entirely new and untried arrangement should be made, which is only to last for one year.

"It is not to the interest of employers and employes, nor of the public, to have the mining business, as well as the general business and comfort of the people, seriously disturbed by these yearly contentions.

"Neither can stand these progressive and enormous increases in the cost of the production of anthracite coal, followed necessarily by corresponding increases in its price.

"It is peculiarly fortunate, therefore, that existing conditions have all been the result of arbitration by third persons, so that neither party can say that it has not had due consideration. There can be no doubt that the good of all concerned will be served best by adhering to the results thus reached."

President Mitchell, acting for the miners' committee, in a letter to the committee of operators, outlined the reasons upon which the demands of the miners were based, as follows:

"We favor a uniform scale of wages for men paid by the day, hour or week, because of the fact that men performing precisely the same character and indeed, the same amount of labor, is not with any degree of contentment, while the compensation received by them is not uniform. At the present time this condition exists in the anthracite field. We feel that the proposition which we have submitted fixing uniform rates for similar classes of labor will appeal favorably to the members of your committee, and that the rates themselves are entirely conservative and not in excess of rates paid to men performing practically, if not exactly, the same class of labor in bituminous mines.

"We propose an increase of 10 per cent in the rates paid to contract miners for several reasons. First, the general industrial, commercial and trade conditions of the country justify an increase of wages to all classes of labor. The prosperity of the coal carrying roads is unprecedented, as is demonstrated by the report in the eranings and the enhanced value of their stocks.

"We favor an eight hour work day, because eight hours is the standard working day of coal mine workers in nearly all the bituminous districts of our country, as well as in many of the mining districts of Great Britain and the continent, and eight hours is as long as a man can work in a coal mine without doing injury to his own health and consequent injury to society. We believe that the establishment of a maximum eight hour working day will not reduce production materially, even if figured upon the basis of the output per man per working day.

"We favor the system of weighing and paying for coal by weight, whenever the conditions would make this system practicable, because the present system whereby coal is paid for by the car, has given rise to much discontent, owing to the varied size of cars now in use, and to the constant friction which naturally arises when new cars are built and introduced, and to the seeming increasing desire of the companies to have the men load more coal upon these cars without a corresponding increase in compensation. We favor a reconstruction of the board of conciliation, because of the delays that have occurred during the past three years in adjustment of grievances. Indeed, there are some cases which have been in the hands of the board for two years without final decision having been rendered, and in very few instances have final decisions been reached in less than three months' time."

The demands of the mine workers, which were prepared by a committee of five, with John Mitchell as chairman, were forwarded to President Baer, chairman of a similar committee, representing the anthracite operators on Feb. 27. They sought to provide for an agreement between the representatives of the United Mine Workers and the various anthracite operating companies that certain ages, rates, hours of labor and conditions of employment should become effective April 1, 1906, and continue in effect until April 1, 1907. The proposals included the establishment of an eight hour day for all persons covered by the agreement; a readjusted scale of wages with an increase of 10 per cent above the award made by the strike commission for contract miners; a new sliding scale providing for an increase by the agreement for each increase of five cents in the average price of coal in the sizes known as grate, egg, stove and chestnut, sold at or near New York above $7.50 per ton, the rate of compensation in no case to be less than that fixed in the agreement; the recognition of a mine committee from the union with full authority to take up with the officials of a company any dispute or grievance which may arise at a colliery.

In case of a failure of the mine committee and the officials of the company to bring about a settlement, the grievance under the plan proposed by the miners, would be referred to officials of the district, who will take the matter up with the general superintendent or manager of the company for adjustment in event of the failure of these officers to agree, the complainants then might present the grievance and the company's answer to a board of conciliation.

It was proposed that the whole anthracite coal region be divided into three districts and that the board of conciliation be made up of four representatives from each of these districts, two members from each district to be chosen by the miners and two by the operators. In event of the board failing to reach an agreement upon any grievance, it was proposed that the board then select an arbitrator to whom the grievance would be submitted for prompt decision.

The demands also provided that each employe be given an itemized pay statement at least one day before pay day; that a discharged employe have the right to present his grievance in the same manner as provided for in the case of other grievances; that no person be refused employment or in any other way discriminated against on account of their membership in any labor organization, that the companies collect from each employe such amounts as might be levied by their organization monthly, the amounts thus collected to be turned over to an authorized committee at the colliery; that all employes who are required to work a safety lamp receive 10 per cent in addition to the regular wages or prices; and that the violation of any provisions of the agreement, either by the employers or the employes should not invalidate any of its provisions.

LANPHER HATS.

If you are a judge of hat quality, you can see the value in these hats—if you are not, you can have confidence in their reputation and popularity.

Soft Hats in the newest shades and shapes.
Stiff Hats in dimensions that are becoming.

Three Dollars

Ask Your Dealer.

TRAINS IN COLLISION

Two Freights Come Together and Cause Wreck of Passenger.

Two Persons Are Killed and Fifteen Seriously Injured.

Toledo, Ohio, March 12.—Two killed and fifteen injured, one of whom will die, is the list of fatalities in a wreck of two freight trains and a fast passenger train on the Baltimore & Ohio railway which occurred at 11:30 o'clock yesterday about two miles from Bloomdale.

Two engines were completely wrecked and the mail and express cars, two baggage cars, two passenger coaches and four freight cars were completely wrecked, and later burned.

The dead:

JOHN HOOLMAN, Chicago Junction, fireman passenger train.

W. HOY, Wheeling, W. Va., postal clerk.

Fatally injured: B. C. Snook, Chicago Junction, mail clerk, head cut, scalded and internally injured.

Injured: J. M. Siegel, Chicago Junction, engineer passenger train, head cut, left arm broken, scalded. B. H. Osborne, Chicago Junction, baggage master, head and hands burned. Mrs. George Stair, Detroit, three ribs broken. Edward Lott, badly scalded. Catherine Prigg, aged 12, Baltimore, a leg broker and thigh scalded. Oliver Martrat, Pari., France, side burned. Owen Woods, Jessup, newsboy, head scalded. William Henser, Aurora, Ills., head and body scalded. W. A. Bailey, cut about head. Thomas Manatoa, Newark, Ohio, expressman, bruised. C. H. Frank, Chicago, cut about head. Ila Gagsberg, leg cut.

East-bound freight No. 98 from Garrett, Ind., was runing in two sections. At Godsend, a small station two miles from Bloomdale, the first section stopped for water. A fierce snow storm was raging and obscured the first section from Engineer Albert Guastke and Fireman Nisholson of the second section and their train dashed down upon it. When they discovered it, it was impossible to stop and their engine crashed into the rear of the freight ahead, throwing one car over on the parallel track which was open for the first passenger, No. 7, west-bound.

At this moment the passenger came along at full speed. The engine hit the derailed car and was almost demolished. The mail and baggage cars were thrown over the engine, two passenger coaches were splintered and a Pullman car was derailed, but none of the occupants injured. The engine and four cars of the freight's second section were demolished.

Fireman Hoolman was pinned beneath the engine and tender of the passenger and instantly crushed to death.

Engineer Seigel was thrown into the air and fell senseless beside his engine.

Passengers and trainmen caught beneath the wreckage cried for help. The debris caught fire and for a time a worse catastrophe was threatened.

The work of rescue was immediately begun by crews of the freight trains and others. Help was also sent from Fostoria and Bloomdale. Corps of physicians from both places were rushed to the scene. The body of the dead fireman was saved from being burned only by the rescuers cutting off a leg which was held by the tender.

The bodies of the dead and the injured were taken to Fostoria with the exception of Ila Gaggher, who was sent to Bloomdale.

Postal Clerk Snook is terribly crushed and scalded and cannot recover.

Wrecking crews from Garrett, Ind., and Chicago Junction reached the scene shortly after 2 o'clock, but it was after dark before the track was cleared.

Conductor Koobel of Chicago Junction, was in charge of the passenger train.

Injured passengers who are now at hotels will be sent on to their destination today if able to travel.

Lincoln, Neb., March 12.—The Burlington passenger trains, No. 1 and No. 14, collided head-on two miles west of Akron, Colo., on a curve in a deep cut at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. George H. Sherwood, mail weigher on No. 14, was killed in the wreck. Engineer Hardy of No. 14 and his fireman, are seriously scalded. Two mail clerks were slightly hurt. A mail and baggage car were reduced to wreckage. No passengers were seriously injured. It is said the wreck was caused by the failure of the operator at Brush to deliver an order.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

CHECKS ARE FORGERIES.

Unknown Stranger Passing Bogus Checks on F. A. Patrick Company, in East.

Numbering among his victims the Robert T. Simpson company of Toronto, one of the two largest department stores in Canada, an unknown forger appears to be making a tour of the Eastern cities, cashing checks purporting to be signed by the F. A. Patrick company of this city, and made out to the order of G. I. Gates, on counter checks of the City National bank.

Three of the checks were received by the clearing house Saturday and turned over to the police. None of them were for more than $20, and each had been passed in a different city. One came from Bridgeport, Conn., one from Utica, and one from Toronto.

It is difficult to see why a firm like that of the Simpson company would accept a check from a stranger on a business house in a city 1,500 miles away, without any endorsement. The man doubtless made some small purchase at the store, and received the balance of the check in cash.

WORST IS REALIZED

Over 1,000 Lives Lost in Great Mine Disaster in France.

No Hope for Any Men Who Still Remain in Mine.

Paris, March 12.—The worst fears as to the enormity of the mine disaster in the Courrieres district of the Pes-De-Calais Saturday morning have been realized. The death list numbers 1,100, and the whole of the region stands appalled at the terrible tragedy, which has brought sorrow to 6,000 fathers, mothers, wives and children.

The last great mine disaster in France occurred in 1885, when 195 persons were killed and eighty injured; but that and all others sink into insignificance before Courrieres.

The vast mortuary camp is under military guard, 400 soldiers having arrived there to assist in holding in check the crowds of distracted mourners.

For a time hope had been held out to the people that tappings on pipes by the imprisoned men had been heard, but gradually this hope vanished and the people demanded admission to see the bodies, and even threatened to break through the cordon of troops who held the greatest difficulty in keeping the crowds from the pit.

One man named Sylvestere succeeded in entering the mine, but he never returned. It is believed he groped about inside until he was overcome by the gases and perished.

It is reported that a rescue party numbering forty has been cut off by the caving in of one of the galleries.

Minister of Public Works Gauthier, Minister of the Interior Dubief, and the secretary of President Fallieres remain on the ground endeavoring to comfort the distressed families of the miners.

President Fallieres has given $2,000 to aid in relief measures. The ministry will add a further sum to his and the chamber of deputies will be asked to vote $100,000 for the purpose of alleviating distress.

Ministers Gauthier and Dubief have received complete details of the catastrophe from M. Lacaurs, the director of the mine.

"Of 1,800 miners who were down in the pits when the explosion occurred," he said, "673 were working in pit No. 4; 482 were in pit No. 3; 571 in pit No. 2 and the remainder in pit No. 10.

"Those rescued were taken out as follows:

"From pit No. 4, 190; from pit No. 21, 15 escaped through pit No. 11; 440 came up from pit No. 2, and 74 from pit No. 10. A number of these were injured and some of them have died since. At the present moment 1,600 men remain imprisoned."

Another director declared that the imprisoned men numbered 1,100.

Minister Dubief inquired: "Have you still any hope?"

To this the director replied:

"No, I believe all of them are dead."

This was whispered in the ear of the minister in order that his words might not be overheard by the pale faced miners who stood anxiously about the mine building waiting for an official view on the state of affairs.

Then the minister listened to a graphic description of the scene in the mine by Leon Cerf, one of the men rescued, and who still is suffering from the terrible effects of his experience.

"I was working with a gang when the explosion occurred. The foreman immediately shouted for us to follow him and dashing into a recess in the gallery, we were followed by a blast of gases, which rushed by, however, without affecting us. We remained there for eight hours, when, feeling that suffocation was gradually coming upon us, we attempted to escape. We crawled in single file toward the shaft, but several of the men dropped dead on the way, including my son and the foreman. I carried my nephew on my back for forty minutes and succeeded in saving him. It took us four hours to reach the shaft."

For the time being the mine building has been transformed into a mortuary chamber and all about in it lie the carbonized and almost unrecognizable bodies of miners which were taken there as they were brought up from the mine. Stricken relatives arrive at the mine building from time to time searching for missing members of their families and indescribable scenes of grief occur as women recognize some loved one. There are heartrending scenes witnessed about the mouth of pit No. 4, where M. Dubief, Minister of Ministers Dubief and Gauthier the bands of rescuers are continually descending and returning with bodies.

The women with children in their arms attempt to break through the cordon of troops which form a line through which the body bearers proceed to the mortuary chamber. Sometimes the burden consists of a mere heap of burnt flesh, and in nearly every case the body is terribly lacerated. Only one half of the bodies recovered have been identified.

Despite the danger incurred, the volunteers, who include a number of those who were successful in escaping at the time of the explosion, do not hesitate to descend the shaft. Some of them have been down more than a dozen times. One of them, after having brought up fourteen bodies, was suffocated on his fifteenth attempt and it is feared that other fatalities among them will follow.

A number of the men engaged in rescue work have already been brought to the surface unconscious, and as they were driven to their homes in closed carriages, the women followed and broke the windows, suspecting that bodies were being hurried away. Several miners have come up from pit No. 11, which is connected with pit No. 3. They effected their escape by means of a ladder and as they came from the mouth of the pit, they appeared to be bordering on madness. All of them were more or less injured. When asked as to their comrades, one of them said:

"It is horrible. All of them are dead."

A young miner who escaped from pit No. 4, where about fifty men remain, said:

"I was working about fifty feet from the shaft. Suddenly I felt a puff of hot gas and started toward the shaft. I was half suffocated and was unable to advance further because of the fumes. Finally, however, I succeeded in reaching the cage and came up in it.

"After the blast I neither heard nor saw any more of my comrades and I believe that all in that gallery in which I was working are dead."

Another miner said:

"It is indescribable. Everything was demolished or has fallen. I saw bodies lying in piles. My son is below."

One rescuer said he heard voices in the mine and another found two horses still alive. This gives rise to hope that some of the men are still living.

Replying to an inquiry as to whether hope remained for the finding of more men alive in the mine, an engineer who has been down the shaft said:

"It is scarcely possible. The state of the galleries is such that clearing them was a difficult task, while the flames were so fierce that many of the victims must have been reduced to ashes."

It is thought hardly probable that many bodies will be recovered, owing to the difficulty of reaching the bottom of the pit, the runners on which the cages descend are broken or bent.

The engineers are endeavoring to devise means for locating the dangerous zone in the mine and aerating the galleries. The shaft of pit No. 3 is completely blocked and the authorities are considering the advisability of dropping a heavy mass of metal down the shaft in order to clear it and thus enable them to descend and learn the worst.

THOUGHT TO BE INSANE.

Released Prisoner Tells Police Strange Story of Murder of His Wife.

John Adamson, who has just been released from the county jail, where he was held pending an investigation for bigamy, will probably have to be taken before Judge Middlecoff to be examined regarding his sanity.

He appeared at police headquarters last evening and told a weird story about his wife having been thrown into a woodyard and taken to a local hospital in the ambulance.

The county authorities state that while he was in custody he was frequently troubled with hallucinations regarding money, and had the idea that his pockets were stuffed with bills.

Doctors Are Puzzled.

The remarkable recovery of Kenneth McIver, of Vanceboro, Me., is the subject of much interest to the medical fraternity and a wide circle of friends. He says of his case: "Owing to severe inflammation of the Throat and congestion of the Lungs, three doctors gave me up to die, when, as a last resort, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and I am happy to say it saved my life." Cures the worst Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Tonsilitis, Weak Lungs, Hoarseness and La Grippe. Guaranteed at all drug stores. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

THE EDITOR

Explains How to Keep Up Mental and Physical Vigor.

A New Jersey editor writes:

"A long indulgence in improper food brought on a condition of nervous dyspepsia, nearly three years ago, so severe that I had to quit work entirely. I put myself on a strict regimen of Grape-Nuts food, with plenty of outdoor exercise and in a few months found my stomach so far restored that the process of digestion gave me pleasure instead of distress.

"It also built up my strength so that I was able to resume my business, which is onerous, as I not only edit my own paper but also do a great deal of 'outside' writing.

"I find that the Grape-Nuts diet enables me to write with greater vigor than ever before, and without the feeling of brain-fag with which I used to be troubled. As to bodily vigor—I can and do walk miles every day without fatigue—a few squares used to weary me before I began to live on Grape-Nuts!" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

For Sprains, Strains Cuts, Bruises & Burns

At all Druggists

Price 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

Exquisite White Waists

77c Ladies' fine Lawn Waists, four half-inch tucks on each side, wide embroidered box plait front, button in back, long sleeves and deep cuff—the best one dollar values—white carnival price, 77c.

95c Fine lawn waist, eyelet embroidered front; regular price, $1.25.

$1.48 Sheer lawn waist trimmed with two rows of 3-inch embroidery, double box plait front.

$1.98 Sheer lawn waists, beautiful embroidered front, four-inch tucks, tucked cuff and collar.

Lingerie Waists at $2.50, $3.50, $3.75, $4.98, $5.75, $6.50, $7.50, etc.

Hand Embroidered Lingerie Waists made of fine handkerchief linen at $6.50, $7.50, $8.75, $10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $18.50, $22.50.

Waists of all descriptions most reasonably priced.

White Garments for Everyone

$17.50 Ladies' and misses' white Eton suits made of fine serge, satin lined coats, fancy white and gilt braid trimmed, blue broadcloth collar effect—three-quarter sleeves—well worth $25.00.

$25.00 Misses' cheviot suit, pony jacket, taffeta lined and well tailored.

$7.50 White linen suit, waist trimmed with wide embroidered front, wide tucked cuffs and skirt to match.

$10.00 Silk mercerized suits, embroidered panel front waist and skirt—well worth $12.50.

$12.50 Children's white cheviot coats, satin lined throughout, neatly trimmed collar; ought to bring $17.50.

$75.00 Fine handkerchief hand embroidered Princess costumes, hand made lace trimmed. Less expensive ones at $57.50, etc., etc.

IT BEGAN THIS MORNING

and Will Continue all This Week.

Just as old Mother Nature dons her suit each year, so this store is transformed—and with counter, case and even the tiniest and remote corner filled with spotless, snowy fabrics and garments and novelties, we announce the most delightful and opportune of all the year's merchandising events on our first showing and sale of white. It is to be a carnival—a pleasant, merry week—where the immaculate products of the market's bests will meet you—where the tiniest of sums may purchase much that is beautiful—or durable—or both.

Wash Goods

6c 50 pieces of sheer India Linons—a quality that should not be retailed for less than 10c yd.

28c 10 pieces of fancy Embroidered Swisses in neat dots and pretty designs; cheap at 35c.

15c About 25 pieces of white goods in fancy stripes, checks and floral designs; regular price 25c.

59c Fine Imported Embroidered Nainsook, heavy patted designs of new large embroidered effects; well worth 75c.

New Chiffons and Organdies at—**10c, 15c, 22c, 28c, 35c, 45c, 69c, 85c, $1.15 and $1.35.**

Spotless Linens

47c 36-inch fine Belgian Dress Linen, even thread, excellent quality; regular price 65c.

$1.00 72-inch Silver Bleached Table Linen, beautiful and new designs; made to retail at $1.25.

75c 66 and 68-inch full bleached Table Damask; a big range of new spring patterns; cheap at 89c.

27c 24x24 Turkish Towels, hem ends, extra heavy weight; a bargain at 35c.

$1.19 45x45 fine bleached Lunch Cloths, good weighty cloth and well worth $1.45.

$1.39 72-inch double Damask—exquisite patterns of the latest effect; regular value $1.59.

Neckwear, Belts

19c A big assortment of hand drawn linen Turnover Collars, well worth 25c and 35c.

29c Five styles of Chemisettes, made of pique, fine nainsook, India linon, etc., lace and embroidered trimmed; worth 35c and 40c.

59c Fine Lace Effect Chemisettes and long cuffs to match, neatly trimmed; regular price 75c.

Chemisettes and Fancy Neckwear of high grade workmanship at—**75c, 85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $2.98, $3.50, etc.**

White Embroidered Wash Belts, Kid Belts, Taffeta Belts, etc., at—**25c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 98c, $1.25, etc.**

White Sheer Hdkfs

AND VEILING

3c Handkerchiefs, ¼-inch hem—Ladies' pure linen hemstitched cheap at 5c.

7c Ladies' white Lawn Handkerchiefs, with neat embroidered corners; good value at 10c.

9c Ladies' Mercerline Handkerchiefs, ¼-inch hem; fine silky finish; regular price 15c.

49c Ladies' fine Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs—a big assortment of high grade work; none worth less than 75c.

15c 2,000 yards of silk face Veilings, in the plain makes and chenille; none sold for less than 25c.

Latest Models In Corsets.

39c for Corsets worth 50c and 59c. Several new models of Ladies' Corsets in white—only a complete range of sizes—considered cheap at 50c and 59c.

All popular Corsets of merit are shown here such as: Royal Worcester, La Gregne, Bon Ton, R. & G. Corset, W. B. Corsets—Corset H., Etc., Etc.

Underwear

GOWNS AND CHEMISE

35c Ladies' and Misses' Gowns, made of good quality; lace or embroidery trimmed and tucked; regular 50c kind.

95c 5 different styles of Muslin Gowns; square low neck, high neck and V neck, long or short sleeves, trimmed with fine embroidery, edging or laces; regular price $1.25.

$1.19 3 styles of Muslin or Nainsook Gowns, yoke trimmed with fine lace, eyelet embroidery, ribbon and beading; regular price $1.50.

47c Ladies' Muslin Chemise, nicely tucked and trimmed—regular price 69c.

White Undermuslin

21c About 10 styles of Corset Covers, made of good quality muslin tucked or lace trimmed; regular 25c leader.

27c 6 styles of Muslin Covers, wide torchon lace and insertion trimmed; regular price 35c and 39c.

39c Cambric Cover, trimmed with 3 rows of fine torchon or neat embroidery edging; well worth 50c.

50c 5 styles of Nainsook Corset Covers, trimmed with fine Val. lace insertion and beading; well worth 69c.

65c Fine India Linon Corset Covers, 4 rows of fine Val. insertion, silk ribbon and beading; ought to bring 85c.

Wnite Undermuslin

DRAWERS AND SKIRTS.

89c Ladies' Cambric Skirt—made with 8-inch flounce, tucked and lace trimmed; cheap at $1.00.

75c Nainsook Short Skirt, 6-inch flounce, trimmed with fine embroidery and lace; worth 89c.

98c 3 styles of Skirts, made of good quality cambric; 18-inch flounce, trimmed with good quality eyelet effect embroidery; worth $1.25.

19c Ladies' Muslin Drawers, made with wide hemstitched ruffle; cheap at 25c.

25c Excellent quality Muslin Drawers of different description; worth 25c and 35c.

Under Priced Domestics--

10 yards for

58c

One case of 36-in. wide bleached Sheeting—fine and even thread, well worth 10c, our regular 8c and still less during the White Carnival Sale.

This Sale will end promptly at 10 P. M. Saturday, 17th. You can hardly under estimate the benefits you may gain by coming, as soon and as frequently as you can. We therefore advise you to come as early in the week as you conveniently can.

Filmy Laces and Embroideries

2½c 5,000 yards of Torchon Laces and Insertions of different widths; regular price 5c, 6c, 7½c and 8½c.

19c 15, 17 and 18 inches wide Corset Embroidery. A big range of patterns never retailed for less than 25c.

A big collection of French and English Val. Laces, Insertions, plain and fancy Beadings, at 2½c, 3c, 2½c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, etc.

New Embroidered Flounces and demi-lengths for white suits, children's dresses, etc., at 75c, 98c, $1.75, $2.25, $2.98, etc.

15c Laces in matched sets—15c quality. A big assortment of new Mecklin, worth 20c, etc.

15c Oriental Laces, French Val. Laces, embroidered applique effects, etc., worth 18c, 20c, 22½c and 25c.

Choice assortment of Corset Cover Embroideries, the new eyelet effects, embroidery and lace combinations at 39c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 98c, etc.

Handsome White Dress Goods

37c 36 and 38 inch white and cream Albatross—excellently finished cloth and never retailed for less than 50c.

50c 36 inch fine all wool Batiste. 36 inch high lustre Brilliantine. 38 inch French Serge—well worth 69c, 65c and 59c.

93c 30 inch washable Silk Habutai in white and cream. Regular price 1.25.

95c 27-inch Panama Taffeta, double finished, high lustered silks, suitable for fine waists, suits, children's coats, etc.; regular price, $1.25.

95c 50 inch white all wool French Serge—high finish. Regular price, $1.25.

68c 44 inch white Brilliantine—excellent quality cloth and silky finish. Regular price, 85c.

37½c 27 inch Jap Silks, good weight silk, well finished. Our usual 50c leader.

First Avenue West and Superior Street, Hunter Block

ALBENBERG'S

First Avenue West and Superior Street, Hunter Block.

DULUTH MAN AT THE HELM

G. H. Schulenburg Elected President of American Biscuit Company.

Purely Co-operative—No Person Can Own More Than One Share.

George H. Schulenburg, the London Road grocer, was elected president of the American Biscuit company of Crookston at the annual meeting of the company held in Crookston on Saturday. Mr. Schulenburg is also president of the Duluth Retail Grocers' association and is considered a strong man, both in business and organization. It is believed that as president of the new co-operative buscuit concern he will add greatly to its success. The other officers elected Saturday are: Vice president, A. J. Norby of Moorhead; secretary and treasurer, A. C. Clausen of Crookston.

The report published a few days ago that Simon Clark is a director in the company is wrong. Mr. Clark is a stockholder, but says he could not enter the directorate of the company for the reason that he has too many other business affairs on hand and it keeps him busy attending to them.

Many Duluth merchants are stockholders in the new company and just as soon as business warrants it, an agency will be established here for the purpose of distributing the company's goods throughout this part of the country and in the Copper country.

Mr. Schulenburg said this morning that he is very much pleased with the business outlook for the new company. He says the factory at Crookston is now employing thirty-five men and will soon have to put on a night shift in order to meet the orders which are pouring in. He predicts that if the business keeps on growing as it has recently the capacity will very soon have to be doubled and the distributing point proposed at Duluth will have to be established very shortly.

To thoroughly understand the American Biscuit company's methods it must be understood that the concern is owned exclusively by the merchants of Duluth, Crookston, Grand Forks, Fargo, Moorhead, Bemidji, Brainerd, Detroit, Thief River Falls, Wadena, Fergus Falls, Jamestown, Valley City and in fact all of the cities and towns of the Northwest. Each merchant in the concern owns one share of stock, and no member is permitted to own more, this feature doing away with any possibility of control and making every merchant in the concern an equal owner with his brother merchants.

The entire profits of the manufacture of the firm's goods are distributed annually pro rata among the stockholders—the merchants—according to their purchases of crackers, and no dividend whatever is paid upon the stock otherwise, the idea being somewhat in line with that in vogue in handling the cooperative creameries throughout this section, in which the farmers get their dividends, not on their stock, but upon their milk business with the plant during the year.

WILL ENFORCE LAWS OF STATE

State Food Inspector Tells the Jobbers What to Expect.

At the pure food meeting at the Commercial club, Saturday afternoon, attended by local jobbers and traveling men, E. K. Slater of St. Paul, state food inspector, instructed his audience concerning the law bearing on pure and impure goods. He dwelt particularly upon such articles of diet as vinegar, baking powder, lard, jellies, jams, preserves, spices, syrup and confectionery. A good deal of time was devoted to a discussion relating to the impurities of confectionery.

"Enforcement of the food laws of Minnesota will insure a perfect article to the consumer," said Mr. Slater. The state is doing all in its power to bring to the knowledge of the jobbers and the grocerymen the requirements of the law. When we have so informed them, our system of inspection will be very thorough, and we will freely condemn such goods as do not come within the requirements of the law."

Mr. Slater will return to Duluth in the near future and hold a meeting for the especial benefit of the grocers.

ROCK RAPIDS MAN GONE.

His Wife Believes He Has Met With Foul Play.

Pipestone, Minn., March 12.—James T. Brace of Rock Rapids, Iowa, has disappeared from his home, leaving no clue as to his whereabouts nor any reason for his going. He borrowed a neighbor's buggy to go to Larchwood to collect some money, which he succeeded in doing. He left there with a man named Glenn, who later returned and stated that Brace had gone to Sioux Falls and then to Sioux City. The police of these cities and several of the surrounding towns have been notified, but as yet no trace of him has been found. The blow is a terrible one to his young wife, who will not believe that he has deserted her, but insists that he has been the victim of foul play. She intends to go in a few days to her parents' home at Grundy Center, Iowa. She has two children, both of very tender age.

MINING ROAD TO BE SOLD.

Report That the Wisconsin & Michigan Road is Under Negotiation.

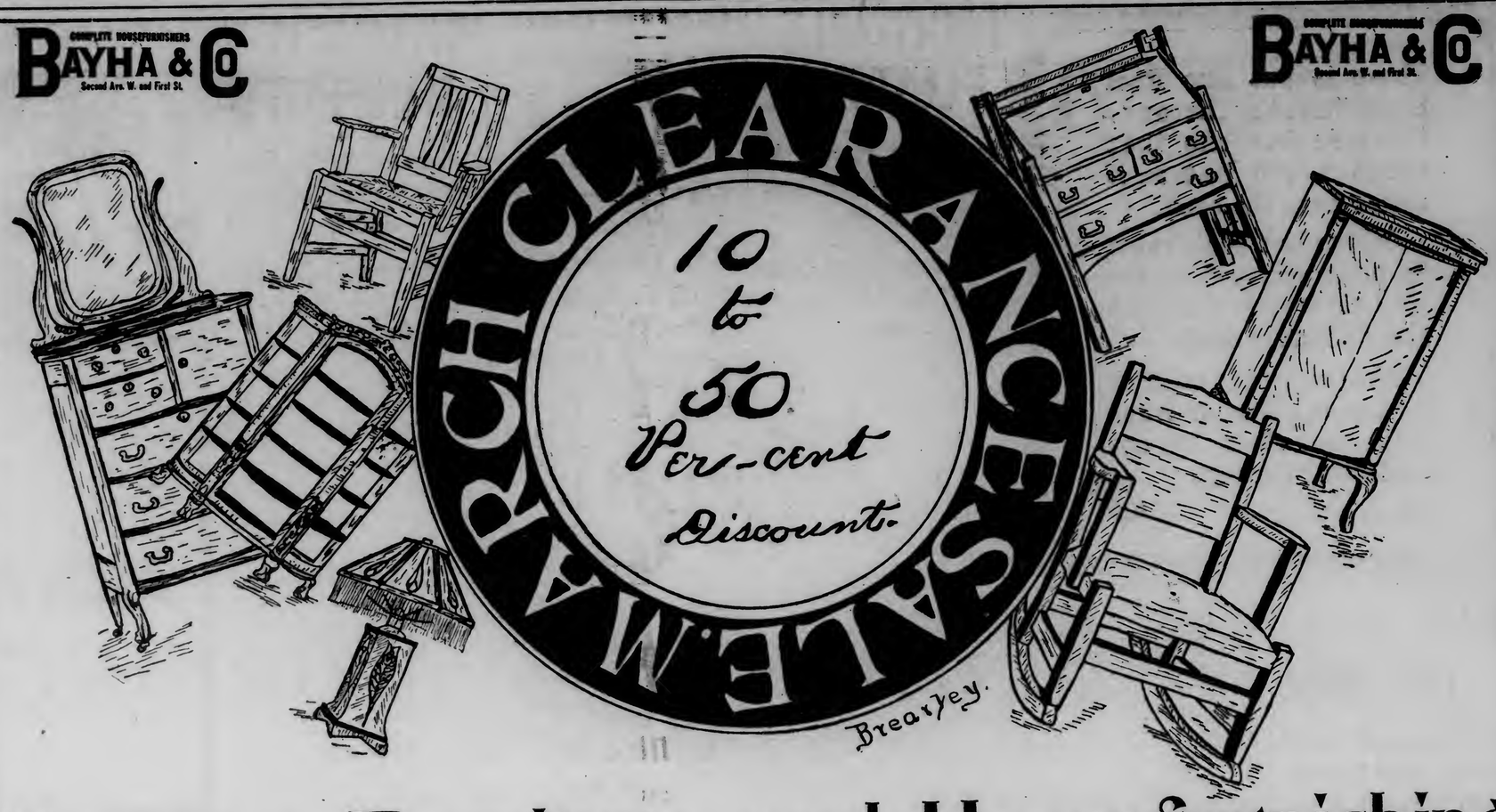
Chicago, March 12.—Expert examination of the property of the Wisconsin & Michigan railroad has been completed and negotiations for the sale of this road by the clearing house committee are now in progress. It was stated today that the departure of John J. Mitchell of the clearing house committee for California would not interfere with the immediate sale of the property if the parties to the negotiations can come to terms. A member of the clearing house committee stated that he looked for a speedy consummation of the deal.

The Wisconsin & Michigan railroad property has an appraised value of $3,000,000 and all its stock and bonds are held by the clearing house. The road is 100 miles in length, running from Iron Mountain, Mich., to Peshtigo Harbor, Wis. There are branches to Menominee, Mich., and Walton, Mich. It thus penetrates the mining district of the upper peninsula of Michigan and secures a lake outlet at Peshtigo Harbor and at Menominee.

No announcement has been made as to the identity of the interests back of this enterprise.

LIQUOR HABIT Cured by Orrine, a safe, sure and harmless specific; a simple home treatment; no sanitarium treatment or publicity; can be given without patient's knowledge, if desired. Price, $1 per box; cure effected or money refunded.
F. W. KUGLER,
108 West Superior St., Duluth.

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS
BAYHA & CO
Second Ave. W. and First St.



Never a Furniture and Housefurnishing Sale Anywhere to Match this in Value Giving

We are vigorous. Good reason. The headline statement rings with the emphasis of eloquent facts. It is big with meaning to the prospective furniture buyer—a most interesting bit of news for those who like to keep tab on "where great things are going on."

Never in the history of Furniture and Housefurnishing selling in Duluth were such values offered.

The articles mentioned below are selected at random from among hundreds of others we might mention.

Such pieces as these at such ridiculously low prices, means rapid selling. If you would share in these offerings, ACT QUICKLY. The sale includes every article in our entire store. The discounts range from 10 to 50 per cent.

FURNITURE--HALF PRICE

$12 DRESSING TABLE $6.
Solid golden oak—large shaped French plate mirror—swell top—large drawer—well made and finished—a bargain.

$28 DRESSING TABLE $14.
Bird's-eye maple—oval French plate mirror—swell top—French legs—a beauty well worth the original price.

$11.50 DRESSING TABLE $5.75.
Golden oak—trim little piece—with oval French plate mirror—French legs—handsomely finished—yours at Half Price.

$20 MAPLE SETTEE $10.
Bird's-eye maple—upholstered in figured damask—spring seat—very neat style.

$16 REED CHAIR $8.
In olive green finish—a very stylish, comfortable chair—well made—a living room piece.

$45 DAVENPORT $22.50.
Good, roomy Davenport—quarter-sawed oak frame—polished—back and seat covered in dark green French corduroy.

$15 FIRESIDE CHAIR $7.50.
Large, easy reading chair—fireside style—olive finish—covered in black Pantasote—a royal bargain.

$28 PARLOR ROCKER $14.
Mahogany frame—seat and back covered in rich pattern silk velour—an excellent rocker—a bargain at $14.

$15.50 PARLOR CABINET $7.75.
Mahogany—mirror back—has three shelves—neat cabinet—well made and finished.

$70 PRINCESS DRESSER $35.
A mahogany Princess dresser with triple French plate mirrors—swell front—good and roomy—price cut square in two.

$38.50 DRESSING TABLE $19.25.
Bird's-eye maple—large oval French plate mirror—shaped front—French legs—a large beautiful piece—a snap at $19.25.

$15 MAPLE CHAIR $7.50.
Bird's-eye maple—upholstered in green—delicate shade—satin damask—very neat bedroom piece.

$11 REED CHAIR $5.50.
Finished in white enamel—gilt trimmed—a piece suitable for bedroom or parlor use.

$32 TAPESTRY COUCH $16.
Oriental pattern—fine wool tapestry—large size couch—untufted—roll edge.

$18.50 MISSION BUFFET $9.25.
Weathered finish—two silver drawers—linen drawer—leaded glass cabinet in base—French plate mirror at top.

$28 PARLOR CHAIR $14.
Mahogany frame—seat and back covered in stylish pattern silk velour—a strong, comfortable chair.

$11 PARLOR TABLE $5.50.
Mahogany—shaped top and shaped shelf under top—French legs—handsomely finished.

$26 OAK BUFFET $13.
Full quarter-sawed oak—golden finish—roomy—has large plate rack at back.

FURNITURE--40% DISCOUNT

$11 PEDESTAL $6.60.
Large, massive, round mahogany pedestal—handsome piece—in highly polished finish.

$37.50 LIBRARY TABLE $22.50.
Mission oak—quarter-sawed—with inlaid edge trimming—solid and substantial.

$30 WRITING DESK $18.
Matches above named bookcase and table—has two lower shelves—two drawers on top.

$38.50 PARLOR CABINET $23.10.
Handsome mahogany cabinet—oval shaped—enclosed—mirror back—plate glass shelves—handsomely finished.

$70 BED SOFA $42.
Fine large piece—solid oak frame—covered in dark green French corduroy—box for bedding at bottom.

$47.50 CURLY BIRCH DRESSER $28.50.
Large size dresser—matches bed in finish—large beveled French plate mirror—swell front.

$48 CHIFFONIER $28.80.
Large handsome Chiffonier—mahogany—38 inches wide—18 inches deep—large French plate mirror—five large drawers.

$35 DRESSING TABLE $21.
Mahogany, with adjustable mirror, two large, two small drawers—highly polished.

$30 DRESSING TABLE $18.
Mahogany—swell top and front—large shaped mirror—a handsome piece.

$113.50 SETTEE $68.10.
Beautiful Colonial style—solid mahogany frame—covered sides, back and seat—in delicate silk tapestry.

$50 BOOKCASE $30.
Mission case—quarter-sawed mission oak—leaded glass doors—inlaid edge trimming.

$45 BOOKCASE $27.
With leaded glass double doors—quarter-sawed mission oak—handsome trimmed top.

$45 OAK SETTEE $27.
Solid oak—quarter-sawed frame—golden finish—upholstered in rich, red verona velour.

$40 CURLY BIRCH BED $24.
Curly birch—full size—beautifully grained wood—rich golden color—very attractive style.

$40 COMBINATION BUFFET $24.
In quarter-sawed golden oak—a buffet, with lots of drawer room, and china closet in one—an excellent piece.

$45 CHIFFONIER $27.
Mahogany—39 inches wide—20 inches deep—four large drawers, two small ones and hat box—mirror top.

$34.50 DRESSING TABLE $20.75.
Large quarter-sawed oak dressing table—finely finished—two large and two small drawers—French plate mirror.

$30 DRESSING TABLE $18.
Mahogany—large size—roll front—two drawers—large French plate mirror—a snap.

30 Odd Pair Lace Curtains--Half Price

Regularly Selling From $2.75 to $12.

They all went on special sale Monday morning at HALF PRICE. The lot includes Irish Point, Brussels Net, Arabian Lace, Novelty Lace, Ruffled Muslin and Nottinghams. Come early if you wish a pair—bargains like this are not an every-day occurrence.

Go-Carts and Carriages

A splendid new line just arrived and been placed upon the floor. About 75 styles for your choosing—small folding Go-Carts—the reclining folding kind and the large adjustable ones—and many carriages.

A variety of styles here shown that cannot fail to please. The prices are the satisfactory kind and range from

$3.50 to $40 Sold On Easy Payments If Desired.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

at this sale as at all other times. Any goods you may desire in the Furniture and Housefurnishing line are yours at the discount prices, and terms of payment, either weekly or monthly, will be arranged to suit your convenience, on any amount you may wish to buy.

SUES ASYLUM MANAGEMENT.

Plaintiff Says That He Was Ill-Treated and Injured.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., March 12.—A suit for damages has been brought against the management of the Mendota insane asylum by Gust Olson, who alleges that while a patient at the hospital he was ill treated and sustained permanent injuries. Olson was sent to the asylum from Rusk county. He claims that because he refused to sit at the table with the other inmates he was kicked and abused and one of his ribs broken. Olson was released from the asylum shortly after being committed to it.

Pleads Not Guilty.

William A. Masters, village recorder at Chisholm, who was indicted by the grand jury for soliciting a bribe from the Crowley Electric company, entered a plea of not guilty, Saturday afternoon and furnished a bond in the sum of $2,000 for his appearance at trial. Mr. Masters returned to Chisholm on the afternoon train Saturday.

FORTUNE FOR LIFE-SAVING.

Wisconsin Woman is Bequeathed $40,000 by Grateful Friend.

Beloit, Wis., March 12.—Miss Riter, a tailoress of this city, has fallen heir to a fortune of between $40,000 and $45,000, which was left to her by a Mrs. Wesley of Muncie, Ind. Miss Riter once lived with Mrs. Wesley, and is said to have saved her life in a fire which destroyed the house in which they were living.

SEVERAL HITS.

Band Concert Especially Well Supplied With Successes on Sunday.

At the concert given last evening by the Third Regiment band at the Lyceum, there were two particularly pronounced hits and two special features. The two hits were instrumental numbers, the principal one being a descriptive piece, Tobani's "Civil War," which opened up with enthusiastic music such as figures prominently in a political campaign. "Hail to the Chief" was played and shortly afterward the boom of the gun at Sumter was heard. After that the description in the shape of music was vivid and superb. The audience applauded like mad at its conclusion.

Arthur Pryor's "The Whistler and His Dog" was another big hit. It is a funny little piece and was exceedingly well played. It was repeated for an encore number and was again encored. The rest of the instrumental part of the program was fully up to the high standard always held by the band.

Miss Marie Balfaney read a patriotic eulogy of Washington and for a response to the encore read a humorous number on Sheridan's ride. Miss Clara E. Richardson sang the familiar Saint Saens aria from "Sampson and Delilah" and was warmly encored.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend it the BEST
DR. KING'S
Star Crown Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.
Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

There is but One Real Soda Cracker because there is but one that comes to you just as it comes from the oven.

Others lose their value by being exposed to the air, absorbing moisture and collecting dust.

The real soda cracker is Uneeda Biscuit kept fresh and clean by the protecting package 5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

TRADE WITH THE SWISS

Raw Cotton and Petroleum Our Chief Exports to Switzerland.

Ninety Per Cent of Our Imports Classed as Manufactures.

Washington, March 12.—Special to Herald.)—Trade between the United States and Switzerland during the latest period for which data are available was in excess of $30,000,000. This amount is made up of about $20,400,000 worth of goods imported into the United States, and $10,300,000 worth of imports into Switzerland from this country. It goes without saying that the $250,000 worth of exports to Switzerland, reported to the department of commerce and labor as exported direct to Switzerland, comprises but a small part of American goods received by Switzerland, by far the greater part being credited by our customs authorities to other countries to which the goods are directly shipped. As a matter of fact, the most important imports credited by the Swiss customs to the United States, such as raw cotton, petroleum, unmanufactured tobacco, leather, lard and meat, either do not figure at all in the export statement supplied by the collectors to the bureau of statistics, or else figure to an amount far below that credited to this country by the Swiss customs authorities. The combined value of these articles during the calendar year 1904 constitutes about three-fourths of the total Swiss imports from this country, viz., $7,600,000 out of a total of $10,300,000. Of these six main items of imports, raw cotton is by far the most important, its value exceeding $4,000,000 in 1904, as against $2,800,000 in 1894.

Petroleum is the next important item received from the United States, its value in 1904 being $1,200,000, as against $914,000 in 1894; tobacco, valued at $838,000, as against $706,000 in 1894; lead, $291,000, as against $386,000, and meat and meat products, $247,000, as against $309,000 in 1894, follow in the order of their importance. The decreased importations of the latter two items are no doubt due to the application since November, 1900, of the general tariff rates to goods of American origin, resulting in an increase of duty by 33 1-3 per cent on meats and lard imported from this country. The other articles mentioned were not affected by the change of the tariff, though the rates of import duty were then increased on a number of other American articles not mentioned above, such as cycles, flour, butter, sausages, dried fruit, furniture, etc. In spite of this discrimination the imports from the United States during the subsequent years underwent but little change, the average figures for the four years 1901-1904, $11,295,000, showing but a slight decrease when compared with average imports for the four years 1897-1900, viz., $11,757,000. Since Jan. 1, 1906, the Swiss government has been again giving to this country its lowest rates in exchange for the reduced rates on articles of Swiss origin enumerated in section 3 of the tariff act of 1897. It is but proper to add that in the case of numerous articles, especially agricultural products, the present lower Swiss rates are higher than the general rates under the old tariff.

Other articles of importance received by Switzerland from this country are: Wood and manufactures of, mainly cabinet wood, $413,000 imported in 1904; manufactures of iron and steel, chiefly tubing, $244,000 imported in 1904; chemicals of the cruder kind, including rosin and pitch, $237,000 in 1904; machinery, including vehicles and cycles, $244,000 in 1904; unmanufactured copper, $247,000 in 1904; vegetable oil, in barrels, $197,000 in 1904; the imports of all of which articles may be said to have attained larger figures only during the most recent period. On the whole, imports into Switzerland from this country may be said to belong to the class of raw materials and partial manufactures, though manufactures figure now to a much larger extent among these imports than in former years. According to the classification of the Swiss customs authorities, of the total imports from the United States about 10 per cent of the 1904 imports were food stuffs, over two-thirds raw materials and partial manufactures, and about 22 per cent manufactures.

The imports into the United States from Switzerland, $20,400,000 during the fiscal year 1905, are almost double in value the imports into Switzerland from this country, the Swiss export figures being practically identical with the corresponding United States import figures. These figures show a growth of about 37 per cent since 1895, due chiefly to the considerable growth of imports of finer cotton goods, especially laces and embroidery, during the period under consideration. The leading position of cotton manufactures among imports from Switzerland appears from the fact that almost one-half of the total imports in 1905 from that country was grouped under this general head. The imports of silk manufactures which, in earlier years, were more important than those of cotton goods, show but little development, the figures for 1905, $4,521,000, being slightly below those for 1895, $4,560,000. The imports of watches, and parts of, which amounted to about $826,000 in 1895 and $507,000 only in 1898, have since increased to over $2,000,000 in value, being now the third most important item among our imports from Switzerland. The same is true of cheese, the imports of which decreased from $749,000 in 1895 to $586,000 in 1898, but have increased since to $1,230,000 in 1905.

The imports of coal-tar colors and dyes, as well as those of chocolate, show but recent development, the first from $368,000 in 1895 to $874,000 in 1905, and the latter from $10,000 in 1895 to $524,000 in 1905. The imports of chocolate on a large scale may be said to have begun only during the last two or three years. Other items of importance, figuring among the imports into this country from Switzerland, the value of which exceeded $100,000 in 1905, were hides and skins, $266,000; bolting cloths, $197,000; hats, bonnets, etc., of straw, chip, etc., and material for, $155,000; manufactures of iron and steel, $130,000; manufactures of wool, $119,000, etc.

Of the total exports from Switzerland to the United States, about 90 per cent are classed as manufactures, over 9 per cent as food stuffs, and less than 1 per cent as raw materials.

Torture by Savages.

"Speaking of the torture to which some of the savage tribes in the Philippines subject their captives, reminds me of the intense suffering I endured for three months from inflammation of the Kidneys," says W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me. "Nothing helped me until I tried Electric Bitters, three bottles of which completely cured me." Cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Blood disorders and Malaria, and restores the weak and nervous to robust health. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50c.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

KING OF ALL DISEASES

To Contagious Blood Poison rightfully belongs the name King of all Diseases. It is the most powerful of all human ailments—corrupting every part of the body and wrecking and ruining the lives of those unfortunate enough to contract it. When the first sign appears in the form of an insignificant sore or ulcer, few persons realize that the deadly virus has entered the blood; but so potent is the poison that one drop will vitiate and pollute the purest and healthiest blood, and in a short time the degrading and horrible symptoms begin to appear. The mouth and throat ulcerate, the glands in the neck and groins swell, the hair and eye-brows fall out, copper-colored spots appear on the body, and in the latter stages of the disease the poison even works down and destroys the bones. No other disease is so highly contagious, and many have contracted it and suffered its awful consequences through a friendly hand-shake, handling the clothing of one afflicted with it, or drinking from the same vessel. S. S. S., The King of Blood Purifiers, is the only cure for Contagious Blood Poison. It goes down into the circulation and forces out every particle of the virus. It is nature's antidote for this peculiar poison, and cures the disease in all its stages, and cures it permanently. S. S. S. does not hide or cover up any of the poison to break out in future years, but so completely eradicates it from the blood that no signs are ever seen again. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, we offer $1,000 for proof that it contains a particle of mineral of any kind. Book with instructions for home treatment and any medical advice you desire will be furnished by our physicians without charge.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PROFITABLE CUSTOMERS

Bowery Barbers Are Doing a Brisk Business These Days.

Woodsmen Getting "Fixed Up" in Their Shops Now.

This is the time of the year when it is almost as profitable to be a barber on the Bowery as it is to hold a healthy bunch of Calumet & Hecla stock.

With the nearness of spring comes the woodsman, fresh from the camps, and laden with good American dollars or dirty slips of paper which can easily be converted into ready cash.

While he may have had an utter disregard for his personal appearance in the camp, the woodsman feels the need of a shave and a hair cut the moment he strikes Duluth, and he is accordingly easily lured into a shop by the gay red, white and blue poles in front.

There is no denying that the woodsman is a spender when he has the coin. If he had the money he would make Scotty, the Death Valley cowboy, look like the stingiest man on earth. Whether he spends his money for finery or squirrel whisky, he lets go of it with but little thought of the morrow or the consequences of his extravagance.

When a woodsman permits himself to be escorted to a barber's chair on the Bowery in the glad, golden days at this time of the year, therefore, it is an assured fact that he will let go of at least $2 of his role for hair cuts, massages and the numerous toilet preparations which go with them. The heart of the barber is very glad when he sees the trains entering the Union depot unload among others the man in the big boots and overalls.

'Bowery barbers have made all kinds of money this week," said a tonsorial artist, whose studio is located away from that popular but unpretentious district. "I don't mean to say that the barbers all charge the lumberjcaks exhorbitant prices for things—although some of them undobutedly do—but that they do not put their best efforts on them.

"I have seen a woodsman in a chair on the Bowery, and in fifteen minutes, the time it ordinarily takes to give a man a plain shave, came out with a bill against him for a hair cut, a shave, a shampoo, a face massage and hair tonic, which amounted to something like $2.

"It is the aim of the barber not only to give the customer all the treatments he can think of, but to do it in the least possible time, in order to be ready for the next customer. Quick sales and large profits is their motto. But the lumberjacks seem satisfied, so what difference does it make?"

A Lively Tussle

With that old enemy of the race, Constipation, often ends in Appendicitis. To avoid all serious trouble with Stomach, Liver and Bowels, take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They perfectly regulate these organs, without pain or discomfort. 25c at all druggists.

GRAND RAPIDS WON

In Debate With Hibbing on Government Ownership of Railroads.

Grand Rapids, Minn., March 12.—The debate between the high schools of Hibbing and Grand Rapids resulted in a victory for the latter. The subject of the debate was: "Resolved, That the railroads should be owned and controlled by the federal government. The Grand Rapids speakers who took the affirmative were Norman Tulley, Edward Ramquest and Katherine Gilbert, while Hibbing was represented by Hugh La Cosse, Estelle Chase and Lila Swain. Supt. W. C. Cobb of Cloquet, Supt. A. P. Ritchie of Bemidji and Attorney G. Campbell of Bemidji were the judges, and their decision was unanimous in favor of the Grand Rapids debaters.

ALLEGES CRUELTY.

Mrs. W. C. Wright Sues Her Husband for Divorce.

Mrs. Sarah C. Wright of 328 Seventh avenue west has started divorce proceedings against William C. Wright, a local elevator carpenter, on the ground of cruelty and bad temper. At a hearing in the action Saturday, Judge Dibell ordered Wright to pay his wife $7 per week temporary allmony and her attorney's fees of $50.

Mrs. Wright alleges that her husband at different times and in spite of her pleadings, has blackened her eyes, kicked her and used language that was unbecoming a gentleman. They have four children, the oldest of whom is 20 years of age.

TO SEARCH FOR LAND IN THE FROZEN NORTH.

Victoria, March 12.—Ejanar Mikkelson, head of the Anglo-American polar expedition, is negotiating for the purchase of a sealing schooner, and will fit out here for a voyage of Artic explorations. The object is not to seek the pole, but land believed to exist in Beaufort sea. The expedition will skirt the coast until reaching Banks island, where parties will emerge in exploratory and ethnological work, the schooner wintering at the northeast corner of the island. In the spring of 1908, Mikkelson and Leffingwell, a geologist of Illinois, who is his partner, with a companion, will set out with provisions for 140 days, for the purpose of making soundings of the ice, investigating the theory that land exists. He said yesterday that all conditions indicated the presence of a large island, and he would be surprised if he does not find it. If he fails to find this island he will sound along the continental edge, seeking other land.

Will Start Dock Work.

Work on the construction of the new dock on Conner's Point for the Philadelphia & Reading Coal company is soon to be started, according to the statements of one of the company's officials. The only delay is caused by a question of whether it would be advisable to do the crib work and filling this season and allow it to settle before starting the superstructure. The structure, when completed, will be 1,165 feet long, 674 feet wide and will have a capacity for 560,000 tons.

Gordon Hats are either soft or stiff. The Gordon Soft Hat is very soft—and never gets stiff. The Gordon Stiff Hat is very stiff—and never gets soft. Either Gordon $3.00

DULUTH TO MACKINAC

Booth Line to Establish New Run During Passenger Season.

Steamer Soo City Comes for New Route—Easton Also.

Capt. John Flynn left last night for Grand Haven, Mich., to inspect the steamer Soo City of the Booth line, which will run out of the port of Duluth during the coming summer. The Soo City has never been seen here before, but is said to be a beauty and larger than any of the other Booth boats which have been sailing out of Duluth.

She and the steamer Easton will take up a new run during the coming season, running between here and Mackinac Island during the passenger season and during the rest of the navigation period withih assist the other boats on the freight run. The round trip to Mackinac Island is expected to take up about a week and therefore there will be two trips a week from Duluth made by the Booth boats. The boats will call at all important intermediate points and will establish a pretty route to the island showing the important places in the Copper country and making a nice trip for a person seeking recuperation and to kill time.

The company has not made full plans yet, but it is expected that the America will handle the through business on the north shore while the Bradshaw will do the north shore "peddling." The Bon Ami will take care of the south shore business.

Just when the boats will begin the season has not yet been determined, says Capt. Flynn, marine superintendent of the company. This matter will be guided by the development of business. As soon as business warrants it, the boats will begin the run. At present there is no business to speak of and that is all that keeps north shore navigation from opening. It closed on Feb. 12. It is said that now the Grand Marais harbor is open and the course is clear all of the way down.

The Soo City has been engaged for the Booths for several seasons running across Lake Michigan. She is 171 feet long with a beam of 33 feet and a depth of 12 feet. Her tonnage is 670. She was built in West Bay City in 1888 and is of wood. She is said to be a pretty little boat and a very seaworthy craft.

Superior's "Bog Gas."

A damper has been put on the enthusiasm of Superiorites who believed that gas had been discovered in the East end of that city. Local scientists and mineralogists, among them Prof. J. A. Merrill of the Normal school, express their opinion that the discovery is nothing more than "bog" or "marsh gas." Prof. Merrill says he cannot believe there is any useful gas in the East end or anywhere else in this section of the country, as the geological formation is such that its presence would be little less than miraculous. He says marsh gas has some of the characteristics of commercial gas, but cannot be used for fuel or for household purposes.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

INTEREST IS MANIFESTED

In the Tests by the Government of Submarine Boats.

Complaints Regarding the Gum Used on Postage Stamps.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, March 12.—(Special to The Herald).—Now that the government is testing the two new torpedo boats, the Shark and the Porpoise, renewed interest is manifested in this supposedly modern method of defending the coast of a country. It is only within the last twenty years that submarine boats have been regarded as in any way valuable defenses to naval fleets and within that period England has made greater strides towards the upbuilding of flotillas of these small vessels than any other nation, and the reason for this is that the British admirality have uniformly extended their submarine fleets in units of five or six each, that is to say, they have picked out a type, have constructed five vessels of that type, and one of an advanced design, and then the next year they continued the same policy, so that today, while France has more submarine boats than Great Britan, the British vessels are far better suited for the purpose and, in addition, are built in such numbers as to make them valuable and perfect aids to coast defense.

The general supposition is that Jules Verne in his story "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea," first conceived the idea of submarine navigation, but Admiral Philip Hichborn, now on the retired list of the navy, who was for many years chief constructor, in an article prepared for the Engineering Magazine some years ago, showed that long before Jules Verne was even born, submarine navigation was successfully attempted. It seems that William Bourne, an Englishman, was the first naval coenstructor of this type, and his boat was built more than three hundred years ago; then in 1624, Van Drebbel, a Hollander, operated a submarine boat capable of carrying twelve persons, but this boat was propelled by sculls or oars, and so on for the next hundred years there were desultory attempts made to control submarine navigation.

It will suprise a great many people to know that George Washington, in a letter written to Thomas Jefferson, expressed the opinion that the problem of successfully navigating water beneath the surface had been solved. And what will perhaps be more astonishing to the student of this science is the fact that Fulton, the inventor of the steam boat, built a submarine before he attempted to navigate the waters of the Hudson with the aid of his old-fashioned, queerly constructed, double head steamer, and, further than that, Fultor gave the same name to his submarine boat as that chosen by Jules Verne, namely, the Nautilus.

Napoleon also had his attention attracted to this method of navigation beneath the surface, but Napoleon also endorsed breech loading fire arms, and it was fifty years after that great Corsician died on the little island of St. Helena before breech loading fire arms came into general use, and it was nearly a hundred years after his death before submarine navigation received any serious attention in this country, at least, but now it seems that the committee on naval affairs has awakened to the importance to the bill, and it is probable that five or six boats of this design will be authorized in the coming naval appropriation bill.

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Within the past few weeks complaints have come to Washington in a perfect storm from all over the country concerning the character of the mucilage and the paper which are now being used by the bureau of engraving and printing in the manufacture of postage stamps. There never was a time when the gum on the backs of these small pieces of paper was so bad as it is today, and if a private conern had the contract it would undoubtedly be hauled up and severely dealt with because of the character of the work which is being turned out. In his attempts to reduce the cost of manufacture to a minimum, and thereby make a showing of economy, the director of the bureau of engraving and printing seems to have produced as poor a lot of stamps as were ever turned out by the some of these kingdoms were noted for stamp collectors know, for many years some of these kindoms were noted for the poor quality of their postal supplies, but no one of them was ever accused of producing an adhesive stamp to use which it is necessary to buy a bottle of muscilage. One of the hotels here in Washington has such a bottle on its counter and every time a postage stamp is sold, the patron of the newsstand is advised to use the muscilage brush so as to insure the adhesion of the stamp to the letter which he desires to send off.

• • •

It is probable that congress will this year appropriate something like ten or twelve million dollars for the construction of public buildings in various parts of the country. It is three or four years now since a bill of this character was brought through and the result is that the supervising architect's office in the treasury department has practically been without work for the last six months. That is to say, the force of expert draughtsmen and civil engineers which had come to be regarded as about the best force in the country has had so iittle to do during the past year that a very large proportion of the men have resigned and found positions elsewhere. The total number of these employes who have voluntarily severed their connection with the government is eighty-five, and if the omnibus bill now in course of construction by the committee on buildings and grounds is put through, it will be exceedingly dicffiult for the supervising architect to secure the necessary men to design the buildings which will be thus authorized. There is not a city in the country where architects are not busier than they ever were before, and the demand for expert architectual draughtsmen has been greater during the past twelve months than ever before, so that men who would otherwise be only too willing to accept government positions, are now chary about leaving positions in which they receive better pay in many instances, and which are certainly more satisfactory in most ways, to come back to the treasury department for what may be only temporary employment. It would be far better if congress would adopt some method of appropriating for public buildings year by year, as was the custom before the omnibus scheme went into effect, than to put one big bill through once in five or six years, and then have the treasury department people attempt to rush plans for a period and at the end of that period let go the men who have been educated up to the point where their services are exceedingly valuable.

• • •

It has been estimated that a great many thousands of dollars will be covered into the treasury from the large consuls like London, Liverpool, Paris and Berlin as a result of the passage of the so-called Lodge Consul bill. It is the purpose of this bill, for instance, to fix the salary of the consul-general at London at $12,000 a year, and to allow him no fee whatever outside. This particular office is now considered to be worth about $25,000 a year, but it does not follow that the difference between the proposed salary and the present total emollument will find its way into the treasury. Consuls in all of the big cities of Europe receive a very large proportion of their fees from work done for states and cities in the way of gathering and preparing information which is desired in law cases. Of course, if the consul receives no fee for this service, there will be no inducement for him to perform it, and instead of having such services rendered by consuls, the states will undobutedly appoint commissioners, who will receive the fees and who will not be responsible to the federal government in any way. There are a whole lot of unofficial consular fees received today by the large consulates, which will, in the future, if the consular bill is adopted, as it now stands, never be heard of because instead of being paid to consuls they will be paid to state officers, appointed for the purpose of doing the work which the consuls now perform.

You feel the life-giving current the minute you take it. A gentle, soothing warmth, fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

TWO ACTRESSES ARE TIRED OF LIFE.

St. Paul, March 12.—Katie Ransom and Mattie Lorraine, actresses at a local vaudeville theater, are at the City hospital in a critical condition. The former is suffering from a bullet wound in the left breast and the latter, is suffering from gas poisoning. Both say they are disgusted with the theaterical business, and it is claimed that they planned to end their lives.

AN AUTOMOBILIST IS CHARGED WITH HOMICIDE.

New York, March 12.—Fred S. Welch, 24 years old, secretary of an automobile company of Boston, whose home is in Pontiac, Mich., was taken into custody last night on a charge of homicide. Welch is suspected of having been in charge of the automobile which last Friday afternoon collided with another automobile, at Jerome avenue and One Hundred and Seventy-second street, the collision resulting in the death of Mrs. Robert F. Craig, wife of a police sergeant attached to the West One Hundred street station.

Welch's arrest was made at the home of Coroner McDonald, where he had called to voluntarily give himself up. Welch said he understood he was wanted, but denied that he collided with any other machine.

5¢

The making of "Anna Held" Cigars starts with the tobacco plant in the field. Experts select the required quality of leaf—store it in modern field warehouses, where it is handled and treated in accordance with the American Cigar Company's new and *exclusive* scientific methods of tobacco culture.

ANNA HELD

CIGAR—5c.

Skillful sorting, curing, grading, *fermenting* and *blending* fixes the desired flavor. Expert workmen under strictest sanitary conditions, then roll the tobacco, thus carefully matured, into "Anna Held" cigars.

The cost to *you* is about *one-half* the price you've always paid for the same quality.

Sold by all dealers in good cigars

Trade supplied by GEO. R. NEWELL & CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

NAMES OF VICTIMS KILLED IN MORO FIGHT.

Manila, March 12.—Following are the names of seventeen privates who were killed in the recent attack on Moro outlaws on Mount Dajo:

Barsley Box, Lexington, Okla.; Edward Kilgore, Woodbourne, Pa.; Thomas Harrison, Sand Hill, Tenn.; John Tomaszewski, Kingston, Pa.; Charles Banks, Cassonburn, England; Louis Herr, Ontario, Can.; William Kelly, Paterson, N. J.; Robert Bastian, Sattoum, Germany; Leo Calve, Milner, Idaho; Charles Hoffer, unknown; John Hfeil, Akron, O.; Carl Balley, Bogue Chitto, Miss.; John Hines, Bridgeport, Conn.; Walter Hagedorn, Kingston, N. Y.; Henry Weldt, Williamsport, N. Y.; Paul De Burk, Spokane, Wash.; John Shulter, Donnely, Ky.

BIG GAS WELL WILL NOT BE CONTROLLED.

Caney, Kas., March 12.—An attempt to cover the huge burning gas well, six miles from here, with a great iron hood, upon which a week of preparation had been spent, was made Saturday night, and failed. The hood, with its attached pipes and weights, weighing more than thirty-five tons, was thrust aside, bent and broken by the mighty rush of gas and flame.

The cap was placed partially over the stream of fire only after strenuous effort and at great hardship to the men, who suffered intensely from the heat. Following the effort the gas spouted from the well with renewed force, expelling rocks and shooting a flame into the air.

Yesterday several thousand spectators, drawn by the unusual spectacle, came to Caney from all directions, the railways running in excursion trains. The well has now been burning for fifteen days and nights.

HOUSE COLLAPSES.

One Man Killed and Two Others Seriously Hurt.

San Francisco, March 12.—One man killed, one fatally injured and another seriously hurt yesterday by the collapsing of a house of J. Reilly at Twenty-fourth and Point Lobos avenue. It was a two story frame structure in an unfinished condition. A high wind was blowing and the house went down before the pressure. Fred Chenique, a plumber's helper died after being taken from the debris; John Roach, a carpenter, sustained a fractured skull and cannot live. Ben Miller, an electrician, was seriously injured.

The Safe and Helpful Beverage—

GOOD beer helps the stomach to perform its offices. It aids the digestion. The percentage of alcohol in *good* beer is very small. *GOOD* beer—Wiener—quenches the thirst and refreshes instantly and naturally. Athletes drink Wiener beer when in training. They know that it is good for them.

BLATZ WIENER BEER

The absolute wholesomeness of Blatz Beers is predetermined by the Blatz Method, months before it comes to you. Pure, sparkling water—hops—barley malt—brewed and matured in the good Blatz way. The ideal home beverage.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch

Lake Avenue and Railroad Street. Tel. 6—

Always the Same Good Old "Blatz"

ANTICIPATE YOUR NEEDS

If you are going to build a house this Spring—if you intend to refurnish your home at house cleaning time—if it is a new Parlor outfit you are contemplating—if it is a new set for the Dining Room later—**BUY NOW!**

Tuesday, March 13th,
10:00 to 10:30 a. m.
Note the date and hour.

Doorway Draperies

You will find them on our second floor—all at 40 per cent from regular at this forenoon sale.

Regular $2.25 will now be but..$1.35
Regular $3.50 will now be but..$2.10
Regular $5.00 will now be but..$3.00
Regular $5.75 will now be but..$3.45
Regular $8.00 will now be but..$4.80
Regular $11.00 will now be but.$6.60

Any pair in our display 40 per cent from the usual prices at this forenoon sale.

The "Quitting Business" Sale Is Your Opportunity

for grand saving. Everything on sale at discounts—everything you need to build a house or to furnish a home.

Second Floor Items

Dressers .....25 per cent
Pillows .....30 per cent
Dining Chairs..25 per cent
Children's Chairs 25 per cent
Reed Rockers...25 per cent
Wood Rockers..25 per cent
Mattings ....30 per cent cut
Linoleums ..25 per cent cut
Oil Cloths...25 per cent cut
Screens .....1-3 cut

Carpets

Art Squares ....20 per cent
Bigelow Squares 20 per cent
9x12 Bigeolw Wilton Rugs, regular $40—go now at $32.00
Carpets by the yd 25 per cent
Parlor Tables...25 per cent

Dining Tables...25 per cent
Library Tables..25 per cent

Basement Items

Kitchenware ....25 per cent
Tinware.....25 per cent

Enamel Ware ...25 per cent
Laundry Goods..25 per cent

A Basement full of Chinaware is crashed into with this reduction sale.

Dinner Sets

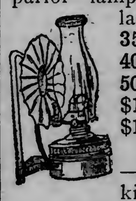
All Dinner Sets go ONE-FOURTH REDUCTION. All 42-piece Sets and all 100-piece at 25 per cent cut.

Chinaware, odd pieces in Japanese, Austrian, German, English ware go at ONE-THIRD CUT.

Nickel ware ....25 per cent
Fancy Chinaware—
33 1-3 per cent

LAMPS—Go at 1-3 Reduction

All Lamps, plain bed room lamps, sewing lamps, fancy parlor lamps and reading lamps.



35c Lamps...24c
40c Lamps...27c
50c Lamps...33c
$1.00 Lamps 66c
$1.50 Lamps..$1

Grand bargains—big stock of all kinds of Lamps—all at 1-3 reduction.

Tell the Conductor

On the Street Car where you desire to go—the Street Railway Company does the rest.

Superior Customers Transfer at Garfield Avenue.

We are just five blocks west of Garfield Avenue.

R. R. Forward & Co.
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Look for the Big Blue Tags!

That tell you the "Quitting Business" Price. The old price card is right alongside of the Big Blue Tags.

SALE IS FOR CASH ONLY!

No credit to anyone, as we are quitting business in Duluth. No goods will be exchanged.

EIGHTY PER CENT LEVY

Advance Assessement is Levied Against Second Street Property Owners.

More Than $4,000 Must be Paid From City Funds.

The advance assessment for the paving of Second street was confirmed by the board of public works this morning.

The assessment amounts to $56,000, which represents 80 per cent of the engineer's estimate of the cost of paving the street with tar macadam from Sixth avenue west to Seventh avenue east.

Forty days are allowed for the payment of the assessment, and at the end of that time bids will be called for and the contract let, unless an appeal from the assessment to the courts is taken. The property owners have thirty days in which to file such an appeal, after the assessment is due.

An attempt has been made to have the three blocks from Third avenue west to Sixth avenue west, held up this year, owing to the fact that both the Y. M. C. A. building and the new courthouse are to be constructed this summer, and it is claimed that the building operations would interfere with the paving.

The board, however, did not interfere with the matter, and the only way in which this part of the work can be held up is by the action of the council, or by an appeal to the courts from the assessment. The assessment levied this morning covers the entire thirteen blocks.

The improvement of Second street will involve a big drain on the permanent improvement fund. Of the advance assessment of $56,000, more than $4,000 will have to be paid from the permanent improvement fund, as the city's share of the cost of improving the street in front of the city's property. The city will be compelled to pay for the pavement in front of the courthouse, the high school, the library and the Jackson school building, amounting to about one-fourteenth of the entire cost of the work. The advance assessment has been levied against the present owners of the new courthouse site, so that this will be in the nature of a lien against the property and it will have to be paid before a clear title can be given. This will, therefore, not come out of the permanent improvement fund.

B. Silberstein, O. H. Simonds and J. J. Wall were present at the meeting of the board. They objected to the work being split up into two contracts, and said they wanted to see the entire job done at once, if it was to be done this year.

No very strenuous objections were made to the levying of the advance assessment by the board.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide Cold and Grip remedy removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

REV. GIDEON NYLANDER

Preaches Sunday and Will Conduct Special Services This Week.

Rev. Gideon Nylander of Sioux Falls, S. D., preached yesterday morning at the First Swedish Baptist church. He chose for his text Luke x, 20: "Notwithstanding in this rejoice not, that the spirits are subject unto you; but rather rejoice, because your name is written in heaven." Rev. Nylander gave a very strong sermon, his earnestness and directness making it intensely interesting to his hearers. Mrs. Nylander sang at both services, and made the fine hymns very impressive.

Rev. and Mrs. Nylander will be in Duluth this week and special services have been arranged at which Mr. Nylander will speak and Mrs. Nylander will assist in the singing. Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings the services will be at the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, and Tuesday Thursday and Saturday evenings at the Swedish Bethel Baptist church, Ninth avenue east and Third street.

Lenten Services.

Services during Lent at St. Paul's Episcopal church are as follows:

Mondays, 4:15 p. m.—Evening prayer. Address.

Tuesdays, 7:30 p. m.—Evening prayer. Sermon.

Wednesdays, 4:15 p. m.—Evening prayer. Sermon.

Thursdays, 10 a. m.—Holy communion. Address.

Fridays, 7:30 p. m.—Litany and penetential office. Sermon.

Saturdays, 4:15 p. m.—Readings. Address.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

HEARING MARCH 21.

Globe Elevator Company's Suit Against Wisconsin Grain Commission.

March 21 is the date set for the hearing on the temporary restraining order secured against the Wisconsin Grain commission and its agents by the Globe Elevator company. The hearing will be held at Madison.

The case was to have been brought up today, but so many of those interested would be unable to be present that it was postponed. The suit brought against the commission by the Barnum Grain company will probably not be taken up until the Globe company's action is finally disposed of.

Tugmen to Confer.

The appointments to the tugs of the Great Lakes Towing company have not yet been made and will not until after March 20 at any rate, for the annual conference with the tugmen has not yet been had by the employers. However, this will probably take place about March 20 at Cleveland and the annual agreement will then be fixed up. It is expected that the agreement will be about the same as that of last year, although it is understood that the tug employes have some requests to make concerning time off.

We Will Buy

You a Bottle of Liquozone, and Give It to You to Try.

We make few claims of what Liquozone will do. And no testimonials are published to show what it has done. We prefer that each sick one should learn its power by a test. That is the quickest way to convince you.

So we offer to buy the first bottle and give it to you to try. Compare it with common remedies; see how much more it does. Don't cling to the old treatments blindly. The scores of diseases which are due to germs call for a germicide. Please learn what Liquozone can do.

What Liquozone Is.

The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gases, by a process requiring large apparatus, and from 8 to 14 days' time. No alcohol, no narcotics are in it. Chemists of the highest class direct the making. The result is to obtain from these harmless gases a powerful tonic-germicide.

The great value of Liquozone lies in the fact that it is deadly to germs, yet harmless to you. Germs are of vegetable origin; and this gas-made product, when absorbed by them, stops their activities. We publish an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. But to the body Liquozone is exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. It is helpful in the extreme.

That is its main distinction. Common germicides are poisons when taken internally. That is why medicine proves so nearly helpless in a germ disease. Liquozone is a tonic.

We Paid $100,000

For the American rights to Liquozone, after hundreds of tests had been made with it. After its power had been demonstrated, again and again, in the most difficult germ diseases. Then we spent, in two years, more than ten times that sum to let others test it at our expense. The result is that millions of people, scattered everywhere, have shared in the benefits of this invention.

We make the same offer to you. We ask you to prove, at our cost, how much this product means to you. Let Liquozone itself show how wrong it is to suffer from a trouble that it cures.

Germ Diseases.

Most of our sickness has, in late years, been traced to germ attacks. The list of known germ diseases now numbers about one hundred.

Some germs—as in skin troubles—directly attack the tissues. Some create toxins, causing such troubles as Rheumatism, Blood Poison, Kidney Disease and nerve weakness. Some destroy vital organs, as in Consumption. Some—like the germs of Catarrh—create inflammation; some cause indigestion. Directly or indirectly, nearly every serious ailment is a germ result. Such diseases call for Liquozone—not drugs, which can't kill germs.

Every germ attack, no matter what its symptoms, calls for a germicide. The mildness of Liquozone makes some of its results seem almost incredible. But in that mildness lies the power that germ diseases need. And diseases which have resisted medicine for years often yield at once to it.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligations whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

Fill it out and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

My disease is.....
I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.
.....
.....
.....
694 D.
Give full address—write plainly.

Note that this offer applies to new users only.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

RAILROADS

WOULD MEAN A NEW TRAIN

Omaha Would Lose Mails If Running Time Were Changed.

Second Chicago Train May Soon be Put in Service.

Relative to the reported change in the running time of the Duluth-Chicago train, over the Omaha, it is understood that any such change will necessitate the putting of another passenger train in service between the Head of the Lakes and the Windy City, giving two trains each way every day. The addition of another train is believed to have long been contemplated, and the report of a probable change of time, although it has been given no official recognization, is taken to mean that this improvement in the service will be made.

It would not be practicable to change the time of leaving of the present train from Chicago, for in that case connection with the mails from the East would be missed. It is said that the only reason the train leaves as late in the evening as it now does, 10 o'clock, is because of the Eastern mails. The train pulls out as soon as the mails are transferred to it. Any change of time would mean a delay of from fifteen to twenty-four hours in the delivery of mail. The government, of course, would hardly stand for this, and some other road would be given the plum.

The patronage of the train now in service has become so heavy both ways that the need of a second train is coming to be felt more and more. The passenger business between Duluth and Chicago is so very good in fact, it is understood, that difficulty is met by the Omaha in taking care of all of it, and it is believed that business is sufficiently large to warrant the putting on of another train. Officials of the road, however, deny that they have any knowledge that such a move is contemplated, but admit the need of the improvement in the service, if business continues to increase in the future as it has in the past.

Whether the second train is added this seasen or not, little doubt remains that it will be put in service before the completion of the Lake Superior & Southeastern road, which will give a direct line from Duluth to Chicago. The new road will mae a strong bid for the Duluth-Chicago passenger business, and will become a close rival of the Omaha, it is believed, making a second train on the latter line all the more necessary.

The general opinion among local railroad men appears to be that the second train will be put in service some time during the coming spring or summer.

HOUSE BUILT FOR LEPER.

Freeborn County Authorities Decide on the Wangen Case.

Albert Lea, Minn., March 12.—The county commissioners of Freeborn county, after a great amount of conferring, have at last provided for R. E. Wangen, the young man who is afflicted with the leprosy and who recently created so much consternation among the people living in the vicinity of his habitation. A detached addition has been built to the house of Mrs. Martha E. Wangen, mother of the victim of the dread disease, and he is to have his home there, the county to pay $10 weekly for his maintenance. This is expected to prove satisfactory to all concerned and the patient will have as good care as could be secured outside a leprosarium.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Two Fugitives Plead Guilty and Sentenced to Jail.

Fargo—Napoleon De Montigny, charged with carrying liquor into the Indian country, and Louis McLeod, charged with timber trespass, were arraigned before Judge Adimon in the federal court and both pleaded guilty. The former was sentenced to sixty days in the county jail at Cando. Both men were indicted two years ago, but were living in Canda and avoided arrest until recently. Samuel Ellis, who was charged with selling liquor without a government license, pleaded not guilty when he was arraigned before Judge Amidon and was released on $200 bonds. His case will be tried at the term of the federal court at Devils Lake.

President Scott of the state fair association wants a name for the amusement lane at the fair and proposes to give a prize to the person sending a name that is accepted. The following names have already been suggested: Macaroni Way, Teddie's Ranch, The Corrall, The Jungles, Gopher Run and Flickertail Promenade.

Two Fargo boys, Carl and Rice Carou, have been brought home by the authorities at Kragness, Minn. They ran away from nome and their parents were almost distracted for several days.

Bismarck—Through a letter received from Mrs. Fanny Brent, dated Hermosillo, Mexico, March 1, some of the details of the murder of a young German nobleman, formerly a resident of Bismarck, have become known.

Von Steiger, two Americans and a guard were attacked by Yaqui Indians in the Sonora mountains Feb. 28, while the party was on its way to visit some mines in the interior. Von Steiger was wounded at the first fire and died soon afterwards. The Indians were driven off by the rest of the party and Von Steiger's body was brought to Ures, where it was buried.

Mrs. Von Steiger, the letter says, had remained at Hermostillo, and had been told that her husband was desperately wounded. The news so prostrated her that the fact of his death has not yet been divulged to her.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—It is understood that the developments growing out of the arrest a few days ago of twenty men and four women on suspicion of being implicated in or knowing something concerning the alleged murder in this city some weeks ago of Christopher Sven, a farmer, have been without results.

While no official information has been given out, it is said that investigation has not been the success that was expected. The wife of the missing man does not believe her husband was murdered. She has applied to the county court in this city for appointment to the position of guardian of her husband and his property, basing her application on the ground that he is "an insane and incompetent person."

The belief is growing stronger that Sven was not murdered, but for certain reasons, the nature of which have not been made public, has left the country.

United States commissioners in South Dakota, who recently have discovered that their official position disqualifies them from engaging in the real estate business or from conducting a money loaning business, will not easily be relinquished their commissionerships.

J. D. Keller of Gregory county, one of the best known of the United States commissioners in the state, recently tendered his resignation of the office to Judge Carland of the United States court in this city. However, Judge Carland has declined to accept the resignation, and in a letter to Commissioner Keller says the commission was issued for a term of four years, and that the term does not expire until the fall of 1907. Judge Carland accordingly declines to accept the resignation so long as the commissioner continues to conduct the duties of his position in a proper manner.

Mr. Keller therefore will continue to act as commissioner, but under the rules of the department of the interior he will be prohibited from receiving any business in connection with the United States land office for the district.

Rapid City—Anton Fredin, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fredin of this city, was killed by a log that rolled on his head. With some other children he was playing near a pile of timber when one of the logs became loosened, rolling over and crushing the child beneath its weight.

BAKER TO BE CHAIRMAN

Of the Mutual Life Insurance Policyholders' Committee.

Baltimore, March 12.—Bernard M. Baker, president of the Union Trust company of this city, announced today that he has accepted the chairmanship of the Mutual Life Insurance company policyholders' committee with the provision that he will have the active support of Stuyvesant Fish of New York. He said further that he would like to have his acceptance of the chairmanship considered as temporary, as he is anxious for Mr. Fish to be the permanent chairman, he being more familiar with the business of the Mutual company, and especially equipped for the task in hand.

NOMINATION BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, March 12. — The president today made the following nominations: Consul at Huddersfield, England, Frederick L Bright of Ohio. Surveyor of customs, port of LaCrosse, Wis., Robert Calvert. Governor of Alaska, Wilford H. Hoggatt of Alaska.

HABIT-FORMING MEDICINES AND DRUGS.

Whatever may be the fact as to many of the so-called patent medicines containing injurious ingredients as broadly published in some journals of more or less influence, this publicity has certainly been of great benefit in arousing needed attention to this subject. It has, in a considerable measure, resulted in the most intelligent people avoiding such foods and medicines as may be fairly suspected of containing the injurious ingredients complained of. Recognizing this fact some time ago, Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., "took time by the forelock," as it were, and published broadcast all the ingredients of which his popular medicines are composed. Thus he has completely forestalled all harping critics and all opposition that might otherwise be urged against his medicines, because they are now OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Furthermore, from the formula printed on every bottle wrapper, it will be seen that these medicines contain no alcohol or other habit-forming drugs. Neither do they contain any narcotics or injurious agents, their ingredients being purely vegetable, extracted from the roots of medicinal plants found growing in the depths of our American forests and of well recognized curative virtues.

Instead of alcohol, which even in small portions long continued, as in obstinate cases of diseases, becomes highly objectionable from its tendency to produce a craving for stimulants, Dr. Pierce employs chemically pure, triple refined glycerine, which of itself is a valuable remedy in many cases of chronic disease, being a superior demulcent, anti-septic, anti-ferment and supporting nutritive. It enhances the curative action of the Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherry-bark and Bloodroot, contained in "Golden Medical Discovery," in all bronchial, throat and lung affections attended with severe coughs. As will be seen from the writings of the eminent Drs. Grover Coe, of New York; Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, Phila.; Scudder, of Cincinnati; Ellingwood, of Chicago; Hale, of Chicago, and others, who stand as leaders in their several schools of practice, the foregoing agents are *the very best* ingredients that Dr. Pierce could have chosen to make up his famous "Discovery" for the cure of not only bronchial, throat and lung affections, but also of chronic catarrh in all its various forms in whatever part of the system located.

By reading the writings of these eminent medical men contained in the little booklet recently compiled by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., which will be sent *free*, on request by postal card or letter, addressed to him, as above, the reader will find that all the several native, medicinal roots entering into the "Golden Medical Discovery," as also into Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for woman's weaknesses and peculiar ailments, are very highly recommended and praised as cures for diseases for which Dr. Pierce advises these famous medicines of his preparation.

Dr. Ellingwood says of Golden Seal root, which is an important ingredient in both "Favorite Prescription" and "Golden Medical Discovery," "It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb." He continues: "In all catarrhal conditions, especially in flabby, muscular relaxation and general enfeeblement, it is useful." Prof. Scudder, late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root, in relation to its general effect on the system, "*there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion.* It is *universally* regarded as *the* tonic, useful in all debilitated states." Dr. Bartholow says that Golden Seal root is "valuable in uterine hemorrhage (bleeding), hemorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhœa) painful menstruation)."

Prof. John King, author of the AMERICAN DISPENSATORY, says of Black Cohosh root, another ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," "in dysmenorrhœa (painful periods), it is surpassed by no other drug, being of the greatest utility in irritative and congestive conditions of the uterus and appendages characterized by tensive, dragging pains resembling the pains of rheumatism." He continues: "It is a good remedy for the reflex (side aches) of unmarried women." He also recommends it for uterine leucorrhœa, also for sterility. He further says, "its action is slow, *but its effects are permanent.*" He also recommends this agent for St. Vitus's dance, also for many rheumatic conditions, as does also Hobart A. Hare, M. D., professor in the Med. Dept., University of Pa. Other agents entering into the "Favorite Prescription" are equally praised in the little book of extracts from prominent medical authors whose published works are consulted by physicians of all the several schools to guide them in prescribing.

"Golden Medical Discovery" as also Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription may be relied upon to cure all the diseases and more than all that their several ingredients are represented as curing, by the above eminent physicians, for they are so compounded that each ingredient acts in harmony with all the others, and also enhances their curative action. They may be taken conjointly in alternate doses with great advantage.

The most intelligent people are fast coming to the conclusion that it does not pay and is not safe to resort to medicines of doubtful composition when there are those in the market every ingredient of which is published on their wrappers and which are so strongly praised and endorsed by scores of those most eminent in the medical profession. Secret medicines can, of course, have, no such *professional* endorsement.

In favor of Dr. Pierce's medicines is the frank, confiding, open, honest statement of their full composition, giving every ingredient in plain *English*, without fear of successful criticism and with confidence that the good sense of the afflicted will lead them to appreciate this honorable manner of confiding to them what they are taking into their stomachs when making use of these medicines.

Dr. Pierce feels that he can afford to take the afflicted into his full confidence and lay all the ingredients of his medicines freely before them because these ingredients are such as are endorsed and most strongly praised by scores of the most eminent medical writers of all the several schools of practice as cures for the diseases for which these medicines are recommended.

Your druggists sells the "FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION" and also that famous alterative, blood purifier and stomach tonic, the "GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY." Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is an experienced physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is chief consulting physician.

It is as easy to be well as ill—and much more comfortable. Constipation is the cause of many forms of illness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic. All dealers in medicines sell them.

A good medical book, written in plain English, and free from technical terms is a valuable work for frequent consultation. Such a work is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It's a book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated. It is given away now, although formerly sold in cloth binding for $1.50. Send 21 cents, in one-cent stamps, to pay for cost of mailing only for paper-covered copy, addressing Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.; or 31 cents for an elegantly cloth-bound copy.

WHEAT HAS ADVANCE

Better Foreign Tone Starts Shorts to Covering in America.

Advance of About One Cent—Flax Quiet and Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 12.—The Liverpool market turned very much stronger being up 3/4d and this gave a much better tone to American markets. This started shorts to covering and as there is a pretty large short interest to all appearances, it was easy to score a good advance and prices closed near the top point of the day. World's shipments were as estimated, though considerably less than last week and last year. Foreigners were good buyers of wheat and Duluth exporters worked several loads of Manitoba wheat. Duluth wheat is about 1½c from a working basis. Paris closed ¾c higher, Berlin ⅝c lower, Budapest ⅝c higher and Antwerp unchanged. The Missouri March report makes the wheat condition 87 against 90 in December and 91 last April.

The May option closed ⅞c higher in Duluth and Minneapolis, 1-⅛c higher in Chicago and Kansas City, 1¼c higher in New York, ¾c higher in St. Louis and 1c higher in Winnipeg. The July option was ¾c higher in Duluth and Chicago, ⅞-1c higher in Minneapolis and Kansas City, 1⅛c higher in New York and Winnipeg, and ⅝c higher in St. Louis.

Corn was firmer, the May option in Chicago advancing ⅛-¼c, and Liverpool being ¼d to ½d higher. May oats in Chicago fell ½c.

Northern shipments of wheat and corn last week, the week previous and the corresponding week of last year were as follows:

WHEAT.	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Last Year.
America	2,192,000	3,088,000	1,104,000
Russia	1,128,000	1,264,000	2,824,000
Danube	1,128,000	720,000	824,000
India	96,000	56,000	384,000
Argentina	4,392,000	3,488,000	4,072,000
Australia	936,000	1,896,000	1,952,000
Aust.-Hungary	24,000	24,000	.....
Chilli, N. Af.	32,000	8,000	80,000
Total	9,936,000	10,504,000	11,240,000

CORN.			
America	2,997,000	3,136,000	1,792,000
Russia	65,000	97,000	50,000
Danube	369,000	81,000	.....
Argentina	293,000	165,000	128,000
Total	3,724,000	3,419,000	1,970,000

The amount of wheat on passage last week increased 680,000 bus., and corn decreased 1,438,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 47 against 29 last year and at Minneapolis 524 against 747 last year, making a total of 571 for the Northwest against 497 last year. Chicago received 2 against 26 last year. Winnipeg received 76 against 57 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 685,000 against 657,000 bus. Shipments were 166,000 bus, last year 193,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 251,000 bus.

The visible supply of wheat increased 418,000 buse this week and is now 47,091,000 bus against 35,094,000 bus last year.

Primary receipts of corn were 428,000 bus, last year 386,000 bus. Shipments 578,000 bus, last year 386,000 bus. Clearances were 854,000 bus.

The visible supply of corn increased 68,000 bus this week and is now 16,276,000 bus, against 9,300,000 bus last year.

Wheat was quite active in the Duluth market. May wheat opened ¼c higher at 76¾c, and by 12:37 had advanced to 77¼c and at 12:50 had rallied to 77⅜c. The closing price was 77⅝c, a gain of ⅞c over Saturday. July wheat opened ¾c higher at 78¾c, advanced to 79c, fell to 78¾c and advanced to 79c again. The closing price was 78⅞c, a gain of ⅞c over Saturday. September wheat closed at 78½c, a gain of ⅞c over Saturday.

Flax was dull. Trading was slow, there being no particular buying all day and the market dragged lower. Flax was ⅝c lower in Antwerp and unchanged in London. May flax opened ⅝c lower at $1.15¼, fell to $1.14¾, rallied to $1.15⅜ and ranged between that and $1.14⅜ during the rest of the session, closing at $1.14⅜, a loss of ⅜c from Saturday. July flax opened ½c lower at $1.16½, advanced to $1.16⅝ and ranged between that and $1.16¼ during the rest of the day. The closing price was $1.16⅜, a loss of ⅜c from Saturday. September flax was inactive and closed at $1.15⅜, a loss of ⅜c from Saturday. October flax closed ½c lower at $1.14.

May oats and oats to arrive and on track were ½c lower and the other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat, to arrive: No. 1 northern, 76c; No. 2 northern, 74c; on track, No. 1 northern, 76c; No. 2 northern, 74c; May, 77⅜c; July, 78¾c; September, 78½c; durum, No 1, 74½c; No. 2, 68½c. Flax, to arrive, $1.12⅝; flax, on track, $1.12⅝; May, $1.14⅜; July, $1.16⅜; September, $1.15⅛; October, $1.14. Oats, to arrive, 29⅜c; oats, on track, 28¾c; May, 28¼c. Rye, 55c. Barley, 37@45c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 47; last year, 23; oats, 24; barley, 10; flax, 44; last year 9.

Receipts: Wheat, 47,885; oats, 33,069; rye, 1,063; barley, 12,311; flax, 22,779.

Shipments: Wheat, 37; oats, 4,250.

Cash Sales Monday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car.....$0.76¾
No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car..... 75½
No. 1 northern, 3 cars..... 75¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car..... 75⅞
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus..... 76¼
No. 2 northern wheat, 2 cars..... 73½
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car..... 73⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars..... 74
No. 2 northern, 2 cars..... 74½
No. 2 northern, 1 car, mixed..... 73
No. 3 wheat, 5 cars..... 72
N. 3 wheat, 4 cars..... 73
No. 3 wheat, 1 car..... 73⅜
Rejected wheat, 1 car..... 65
No. 4 wheat, 2 cars..... 71
Durum wheat, 2 cars, No. 1..... 71
Durum, 2 cars, No. 1..... 71½
Durum, 1,000 bus, No. 1..... 71⅞
Durum, 2 cars, No. 2..... 68½
Oats, 5 cars, No. 2 white..... 29¼
Oats, 2 cars, No. 3 white..... 28¾
Oats, 2 cars, no. 4 white..... 28¼
Oats, part car, No. 3..... 27⅜
Flax, 4 cars 1.12⅜
Flax, 6 cars 1.13
Flax, 500 bus 1.12⅞
Flax, 5,000 bus 1.13
Flax, 1,000 bus 1.13½
Barley, 1 car 37½
Barley, 1 car 38
Barley, 2 cars 38¼
Barley, 7 cars 39
Barley, 2 cars 39½
Barley, 2 cars 40
Barley, 1 car 43
Rye, 1 car 56

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opens Firm With a Small Advance at Start.

Chicago, March 12.—The wheat market opened firm here today because of higher cables and world's shipments which were below the amount for the corresponding time one year ago. A small advance was registered early in the session, but this was soon wiped out by a decline caused by selling by commission houses with Northwestern connections. Prices, however, rallied again in a short time. May opened ½@⅝c higher at 77½c to 77⅝c, declined to 77½@⅝c and advanced to 77⅝c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 573 cars against 581 cars last week and 538 cars a year ago.

The market grew very strong in the latter part of the day, on heavy buying by commission houses. The high point for May was 78¾c. The close was strong, with May up 1⅝@1¾c at 78¾@⅞c.

The corn market was firm at the opening. There was an excellent demand by commission houses and cables were reported higher. May opened ⅛@¼c higher at 43@43⅛c, declined to 43c and sold upto 43⅛@43½c. Local receipts were 155 cars with 2 of contract grade.

Corn eased off in sympathy with a sharp break in the price of oats and declined to 42¾c. A rally occurred, later, and the close was firm with May ⅛@¼c higher at 43¼c.

The market in oats was firm in sympathy with other grain. There was a fair general demand by commission houses but few sales made. May opened ⅛c to ⅜@¼c higher at 29⅜@⅞c to 29⅞c and sold at 29⅝@¾c. Local receipts were 119 cars.

Provisions market was steady, but little trading was done. The market for live hogs was reported 5c lower. Pork opened 2½c up at $15.70. Lard was down 2½c at $8.75. Ribs were unchanged to 2½c lower at $8.22½ and advanced to $8.25.

Close: Wheat—May, 78¾@⅞c; July, 78¾c. Corn—May, 43½c; July, 43⅜c. Oats—May, 29⅝@¾c; July, 28⅝@⅞c. Pork—May, $15.65@15.67½; July, $15.57½. Lard—May, $7.75; July, $7.85. Ribs—May, $8.20@8.22½; July $8.25. Rye—Cash, 67½@62c; May, 61. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.12; southwestern, $1.07; May, $1.12. Timothy—March, $3.15. Clover—Cash, $13.85. Barley—Cash, 37@52c. Cash wheat—2 red, 81@82c; 3 red, 79@80c; 2 hard, 77@78c; 3 hard, 73@77c; 1 northern, 78@80c; 2 northern, 76@79c; 3 spring, 72@76c. Cash corn, 2, 41c; 3 40¼c. Oats—2, 28¾c; 3, 28¼@¾c.

Minneapolis Flour.

Minneapolis, March 12.—The stronger undertone in the wheat market resulted in a few domestic orders. The general situation is reported as quiet, but prospects somewhat improved. Shipments 45,335 barrels. First patents, $4.00@4.10; second clears, $2.40@2.55.

American Wheat Markets.

May—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago,	New York.
Open	76¾	76¼-¼	77½-⅝	84⅜-½
High	77½	76¾-⅞	78⅜	84⅞
Low	76⅜	75¾-76	77¼-⅜	84⅛-¼
Close	77⅜B	76⅞A	78¼-⅜A	84⅝
Close, 10th	76½	77¼	77¾	85⅝
July—				
Open	78⅜	78⅜-½	77⅞-⅞	84⅜-½
High	79	78½	78½	85⅜-¾
Low	78⅜	78¼-¼	77⅞	84
Close	78⅞B	78⅞A	78⅜B	84⅝A
Close, 10th	78⅜	77⅞-78	77⅞	85⅜
Sept.—				
Open	.....	78	78	83¾
High	78¼	78½	78½	84¾
Low	77½	77¾	77¾	83½
Close	78½B	78⅜B	78⅜	84⅜A
Close, 10th	77¾	77¾	77⅝-¾	83
St. Louis—	Close 12			Close 10
May		76		75¼
July		75¾		75⅛
Kansas City—				
May		72¼-⅝		71¼
July		71		70-⅛
Winnipeg—				
May		75⅜		74⅜
July		77⅛		75⅞

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	29⅞B	43⅛	$15.70
High	29⅞	43⅜-¼	15.70
Low	29	42¾	15.62
Close	29¼-⅛B	43⅛	15.67

Grain in Store.

At Duluth, Saturday, March 10:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	2,542
No. 1 northern	272,518
No. 2 northern	5,553
No. 3 spring	15,288
No. 4 spring	1,397
Rejected	980
Special bin	6,686,942
No. 1 and No. 2 durum	118,561
Afloat	221,000
Total	7,112,791
Increase	196,122
Stocks a year ago	4,980,377
Coarse Grains—	
Oats	623,919
Increase	210,196
Rye	123,890
Increase	14,099
Barley	1,253,153
Increase	75,730
Flax	4,133,444
Increase	188,545

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 3; No. 1 northern, 14; No. 2 northern, 14; No. 3 spring, 7; rejected, 2; No. 1 durum, 2; No. 2 durum, 2; No. 3 durum, 2; rejected and No. 4 durum, 1; total of durum, 7; total of wheat, 47; last year, 23.

Flax: No. 1, 44; total of flax, 44; last year, 8.

Oats, 24; barley, 19.

Total of all cars, 131. Cars on track today, 210.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, March 12.—Wheat, spot, nominal. Futures quiet; March, 6s 6¼d; May, 6s 5½d; July 6s 5¾d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 3¼d; American mixed old, 4s 7½d; futures quiet; March, 4s 1d; May, 4s 2½d.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 12.—Close: Wheat—May, 76⅝c; July, 78⅞c; September, 78½c; No. 1 hard, 76⅜c; No. 1 northern, 76⅜c; No. 2 northern, 74⅝c.

New York Grain.

New York, March 12.—Close: Wheat—May, 84⅝c; July, 84⅝c; September, 84⅜c. Corn—May, 49⅛c; July, 49⅜c; September, 49¼c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market at the opening gave but little indication of the strength that developed later in the session. The price movement was narrow for some time after opening but as the session progresed confidence in the market seemed to grow. A significant feature of the day's trade was the limited offerings of all futures, particularly in May. Trade at times was hard and furious, with prices closing ⅜c to ½c higher than Saturday. The action of the market today would indicate that urgent liquidation is at last over for a time, had been forced. There is still a scattered short interest and they are less confident of their position. The atmosphere has been cleared materially by the liquidation we have gone through, and it seems to us for a time good judgment to buy wheat on the breaks.

Corn—The corn market showed stubborn strength, notwithstanding a limited trade. The small receipts seem to us the main stay of this market. Until the country movement increases, this feature must be reckoned with the shorts. The government report shows lot of corn back in the country, but the daily movement indicates reluctance on the part of farmers to let go at present prices. The best we hope for at the moment is a scalping market.

Oats—Despite the strength in wheat and corn, this market clearly shows signs of liquidation. The large stocks, and slow cash demand is discouraging to long holders. We look for a dragging market.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—Another day of strength and general improvement in the news and indications that will direct the course of prices in the future. Few of the smaller shorts covered last week and every little advance adds to the loss in such trades and will hasten the time when they will come in as buyers. We are not alone in the belief that bearish conditions have all been discounted and with markets forecasted we think you should try and own some wheat on the recent recessions.

* * *

Rycroft, Chicago: I cannot find any export demand for wheat and unless we get it prices ought to go lower. Prospects for winter wheat crop were never better and we have a big quantity from the last crop to dispose of before next harvest.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, March 12.—Cattle: Receipts, 1,750; steady; grand fed steers, $3.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.60@4.50; calves, $2.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.25. Hogs: Receipts, 2,600; lower range, $5@6.10; bulk, $6.00@6.25. Sheep: Receipts, 100; quiet; sheep, $3.75@6.00; lambs, $4.50@6.50.

New York Money.

New York, March 12.—Money on call, easier; 3¾@4¾ per cent; ruling rates, 4 per cent; closing bid, 3½; offered at 4; time loans steady; 60 and 90 days, 5½ per cent; 6 months, 5¼@5½. Prime mercantile paper, 6@7½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.20@25 for demand, and at $4.82.20@25 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83@4½ and $4.86@4.87; commercial bills, $4.81¾@4¾. Bar silver, 62¾c; Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds strong; railroad bonds irregular.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesotu Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: A noted improvement in the movement of horses, but prices are still sluggish, owing to the heavy receipts of this week. Today's demand is mostly centered around farm mares and hores. Delivery horses still sluggish. The bulk of today's sales were consummated at the following prices:

Drafters, extra	$160 to 180
Drafters, choice	140 to 160
Drafters, common to good	125 to 140
Farm mares, extra	155 to 160
Farm mares, choice	120 to 135
Farm mares, common to good	75 to 120
Delivery, choice	125 to 150
Delivery, common to good	75 to 125

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 12.—Cattle, receipts, 27,000; steady to 10c lower; beeves, $3.85@6.35; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.70; Texans, $3.65@4.40. Hogs, receipts, 42,000; market steady to 5c lower; estimated tomorrow, 27,000; mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.27½; good heavy, $6.20@6.27½; rough heavy, $5.35@6.10; light, $5.95@6.20; pigs, 5.70@6.15; bulk, $6.15@6.25. Sheep, receipts, 26,000; lower; sheep, $3.65@6; lambs, $4.75@6.90.

RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, March 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following rural carriers have been appointed: Buffalo Lake, route No. 3: William Kagel, carrier; Fred Slewert, substitute. Hutchinson, route No. 3: A. C. Carpenter, carrier; C. C. Carpenter, substitute.

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MAY BLOSSOM COPPER CO.
HAS a large, rich copper property in Shasta county, California, near mines which are producing and smelters which are treating great quantities of copper ores very profitably.
A THOROUGH examination of the Shasta May Blossom property has recently been made by G. H. Claypool of this city. He can be seen at his office, No. 515 Palladio building. His report can be had by addressing the undersigned.
SHASTA County stands out as a copper producer in California as St. Louis County stands as an iron producer in Minnesota.
THE Shasta May Blossom property is on the same contact and has better surface showing than either the Winthrop, Anchor or its nearest neighbor, the Bully Hill mine.
ALL THINGS considered, the Shasta May Blossom stock presents the most attractive purchase on our list at 15 cents.
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IRREGULAR IN STOCKS

At the Close With Trading of Very Slow Character.

There Were Occasional Rallies, But Tendency Was Downward.

New York, March 12.—The mixed changes from Saturday's prices shown in the opening dealings in the stock market today were uninfluenced by the London market, in which prices of Americans were advanced before the opening here. Gains were mostly among the specialties and the prevailing trend was downward. Peoples Gas rose a point; Anaconda fell 4; Northern Pacific, 1½, and Sloss-Sheffield Steel, a point.

Business in the first hour consisted of a series of narrow swings in which selected stocks got progressively lower. About 11 o'clock the market got in a rut and there was scarcely enough trading to keep attention riveted on the tape. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred improved 3½ and Consolidated Gas 2. General Electric and Republic Steel lost 1 and Smelting, Colorado & Southern and O. & W. 1¾ to 1⅞.

Only a few specialties made notable movements. The general list was sluggish and the trading listless and uninteresting. Brooklyn Transit and cotton oil rose 2 and Great Northern preferred, Central Leather and Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1¾ to 1½. Losses reached 1 in Chicago Terminal preferred, Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis and International Paper preferred. Reading ran off a point at noon. Bonds were heavy.

The extension of Reading's decline of 1⅝ caused a slight sagging elsewhere in sympathy. A court's decision advanced traction stocks 1 to 1½ and Havana Electric stocks also gained 2 to 2½. St. Louis Southwestern preferred fell 1¾.

The weight of offerings gradually carried prices lower, the continuous selling of Reading forcing out holdings of other stocks. Reading lost 2⅜ and Atchison, Wabash preferred, Great Northern preferred, United States Rubber first preferred and Distillers' Securities 1 to 1⅜. Pullman improved 3½.

A group of stocks responsive to dull rumors were pushed up, including National Lead and American Smelting 2 and Great Northern preferred and Northern Pacific 1. The effect was slight elsewhere and prices weakened again when the decline in Reading was resumed. That stock sold 2⅜ below Saturday. Great Northern preferred 2, Atchison 1½ and St. Paul, C. & O., Northern Pacific, Kansas & Texas, United States Steel, Colorado Fuel, Sugar and American Locomotive about a point. Closing was irregular with a rally of a point in Reading.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, com	94	92¼	92⅞
Smelter, com	166	156	160
American Woolen	43⅞	43⅜	43½
Amal. Copper	108⅜	110½	110½
B. & O. Ry	110⅞	110½	110½
B. R. T.	83¼	82½	83½
Con. Pac. R.	170⅜	170¼	170
Chesapeake	56¼	55⅞	56
C. F. I.	66	64⅝	64¼
C. G. W., com	21⅜	21⅛	21¼
Erie, 1st pfd	77⅜	77⅛	77⅜
Erie, com	45¼	44½	45⅜
Ills. Cent	169½	169	169
Central Leather	45⅜	44	45⅜
L. & N.	147	146¼	146¾
Mex. Cent	24¾	24½	24⅝
Met. St. Ry	115¾	115⅜	115⅞
Mo. Pac.	100	99¾	99¾
Norf. & West	88⅜	87¾	88
N. Y. C.	147¼	146½	146½
O. & W.	99½	99¼	99¼
Peoples Gas	99⅝	98	98
Pacific Mail	43½	43⅜	43½
Penn. Ry	138⅜	137¼	137⅜
Rock Island, com	26⅜	26⅞	26⅝
Reading, com	127⅜	125½	125½
R. I. & S. pfd	106	104¾	105
do com	30½	30	30
Rubber, com	54	53½	53½
St. Paul	176⅜	175⅜	175½
Sugar	140½	139	139⅜
So. Railway, com	40⅛	39¾	40⅛
So. Pacific	67½	66⅞	66⅞
T. C. & I.	151⅞	151¼	151¼
Texas Pacific	34½	33⅝	33⅝
U. S. Steel pfd.	106⅜	106½	106⅜
do com	41⅜	40⅝	40⅞
Union Pacific com	153¼	152	152⅜
Wis. Cent. pfd.	56⅛	55⅜	56½
Western Union	94	93¾	94
Wabash com	23	23	23
do pfd	50	49¾	49¾
Northern Pacific	221	218½	219
American Locomotive	70½	69¾	69¾

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed irregular, with trade extremely slow. The hesitation undoubtedly comes from fears of a coal strike. This has not been settled yet, and authorities differ as to whether or not it will take place on scheduled time. Today's market was one almost wholly of specialties, the former favorites being inclined to react. Much disappointment is expressed at the action of market, as last week's bullish activity, followed by the bank statement of Saturday, led many good judges to feel that better markets were in store.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Stocks were dull and heavy today. There was occasional rallies, but the tendency was downward. The market ignored the announcements of gold import engagements amounting to from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000, but responded to the development of new weakness in Reading, which followed the reports that the miners demands will be denied and that an anthracite strike seems certain. The selling of Reading was persistent and the stock broke 4 points to within a fraction of its low figure of last week. Stocks which showed noteworthy strength at times were Smelters, B. R. T., Amalgamated Copper, Union Pacific, Consolidated Gas and B. & O. As a rule these stocks broke in the last hour, but the Smelting and Lead shares remained very strong to the end of the day. The market closed steady, but without much rally.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The markt today was largely professional and there was very little outside interest. In the afternoon successful effort was made to advance Smelters and National Lead, but failed to infuse any strength into the rest of the market. The weakness in Reading, which dropped some 3 points for the day, prevented any large buying in the standard railroad stocks. The probability of a strike in the hard coal district was the cause of the coal shares weakness. The market closed weak but with no big noteworthy changes for the day except for the decline in Reading and advance in Smelters and Lead. Time money showed an easier tendency.

The Cotton Market.

New York, March 12.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 1 point to an advance of 3 points, which was rather a disappointing response to better cables than expected. Continued good weather in the South and liberal estimates for tomorrow's receipts at Houston were the bear factors and with very little bull support the market eased off after the opening of 10.51 for May, or about 6 points lower. Covering at the decline imparted a steadier tone during the middle of the morning and prices rallied 3 or 4 points on reports of a big spot demand and the fine weather and the government estimate of 600,000 bales less than last year.

Cotton, spot, closed quiet, 10 points lower; mid ups, 11.00; do gulf, 11.25. Sales, 1,555 bales. Futures closed easy; March, 10.23; April, 10.31; May, 10.42; June, 10.48; July, 10.56; August, 10.50; September, 10.15; October, 10.03; November, 10.06; December, 10.09; January, 10.17.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	107⅜	.....
American Dev. Co.	.....	14
Anaconda	270½	.....
Atlantic	23	23½
Arcadian	4	.....
Adventure	6	6½
Allouez	37¾	38
Bingham	40¼	40½
Black Mountain	11	.....
Copper Range	79½	79⅞
Calumet & Hecla	680	690
Calumet & Arizona	112	.....
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	31½
Centennial	25½	26½
Denn-Ariz	.....	25
Daly West	14⅜	15¼
Franklin	19⅜	20
Granby	13	14
Green Con.	29½	30
Isle Royale	.....	23½
Junction	.....	25⅜
L. S. & P.	.....	42¼
Michigan	13½	14
Mass	9	9½
Mohawk	57½	58
Mercur Cons	66c	68c
North Butte	81	81½
Old Dominion	45½	46
Osceola	.....	100
Phoenix	.....	1¼
Parrott	37½	38½
Pittsburg & Duluth	.....	22½
Quincy	90	93
Rhode Island	6	6½
Shannon	6¼	6⅝
Tecumseh	12⅜	13¼
Tamarack	107	108
Trinity	12⅜	12¾
U. S. Mining	55	56
Utah	61⅜	62¼
United Copper	69½	69¾
Union Land	2½	3½
Victoria	8¾	9½
Wyandot	1⅜	1½
Wolverine	146	147
Winona	8¼	8¾
Warren	.....	16
Butte Coalition	.....	36½
Copper Queen	2	3
Keweenaw	14	15
Boston Con	27⅛	27⅜
Nevada Con	17¾	18
East Butte	.....	11
Sullivan	.....	2½

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market opened this morning fairly active and steady, but towards the close a little liquidation found a market partially bare of buying orders and prices in a few specialties ran off quickly. The money situation remains the same and we still advise selling stocks whenever they are strong.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following prices, with the exception of those on hay, feed and meats, are the official quotations of the Duluth produce exchange, and shippers can rely upon them as being correct. The list is corrected daily by the secretary, and it shows accurately the market condition up to 12 o'clock on the date of issue. The weekly market letter, published on Fridays, is not an official statement of the exchange, but the information is gathered personally from the different dealers.

BUTTER.	
Creamery prints	28 @ 29
Creamery, in tubs	27 @ 28
Dairies, fancy	25 @ 26
Renovated	20 @ 21
Packing stock	12½@ 13
EGGS.	
Fresh	15 @ 16
Storage	10 @ 11
CHEESE.	
Full cream twins	14 @ 14½
Block and wheel swiss	14½@ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limburger full cream	
cheese	15
Primost	6½@ 7
HONEY.	
New fancy white comb	13½@ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb. cans	1 25
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft-shed walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Black Walnuts, per bus	1 65
Mixed nuts	12½
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7@ 8
Chestnuts, per lb	11
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	6 50
Baldwins	6 00 @ 6 50
York State Russets	6 00
Colman Sweets	6 00 @ 6 50
Colorado Winsape, per box	3 00 @ 3 50
Bananas, per bunch	2 00
Cranberries	16 00
Dates, Fard, 12-lb. box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb. box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb. box	1 35
Grape fruit, per box	4 25
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50
Bananas, Cal., per box	3 75 @ 4 00
California Navels	3 00 @ 3 50
Strawberries, per qt	55
VEGETABLES.	
Navy beans	1 75 @ 2 00
Beets, per cwt	2 00
Top beets, per doz	1 00
Cucumbers, nothouse	2 25
Cabbage, per ton	35 00 @40 00
Cauliflower, per box	3 75
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35
Celery, Cal., per doz	90
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	2 25
Horseradish, per barrel	7 00
Lettuce leaf, per box	1 35
Onions, per cwt	1 65 @ 1 75
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 25
Parsley, per doz	45
Parsnips, per cwt	2 00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50
Potatoes, per bus	55 @ 60
Radishes, round, per doz	75 @ 1 00
Spinach, per box	1 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	90
Rutabagas, per cwt	85
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Clarified, 16-gal. kg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	6 50
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Springs, per lb	14 @ 15
Hens, per lb	13 @ 14
Spring ducks, per lb	14 @
Turkeys, per lb	18 @ 20
Geese, per lb	12 @ 14
FISH.	
Trout, per lb	11
Pike, per lb	10
White, per lb	10 @ 12½
Lake Superior herring	3½
Skinned perch	6
Smelts, No. 1	12
Smelts, No. 2	10
Fresh salmon, per lb	15
Halibut, per lb	12½
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 45
Oysters, select, per gal	1 85
HAY.	
Timothy, No. 1, per ton	9 00
Timothy, No. 2, per ton	8 00 @ 8 50
Upland, per ton	8 00 @ 8 50
FEED.	
Bran, per ton	17 00
Oats, per bus	31½
Shorts, per ton	18 00
MEATS.	
Beef	5½@ 7½
Mutton	8½@ 9½
Lard	8½
Pork loins	10½
Veal	8 @ 9

Chicago.

Chicago, March 12.—Butter, steady; creameries, 16@26½c; dairies, 15@23c. Eggs, easy; at mark, cases included, 12½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 12½@13c; twins, 11¾@12½c; Young Americas, 12c.

New York.

New York, March 12.—Butter, irregular; receipts, 4,675; street price creamery extra, 27@27½c; official prices creamery, common to extra, 16@27c; state dairy, common to extra, 15@26c; renovated, common to extra, 12½@19½c; Western factory, common to firsts, 13@16c; Western imitation creamery, extras, 20c; firsts, 17. Cheese, firm; receipts 712; state full cream, large and small, colored and white, fancy, 14@14½c; good to prime, 13½@14c; common to fair, to extra, 10@27c; state dairy, common to extra, 15@26c; renovated, common to extra, 12½@19½c; Western factory, common to firsts, 13@16c; Western imitation creamery, extras, 20c; firsts, 17. Cheese, firm; receipts 712; state full cream, large and small, colored and white, fancy, 14@14½c; good to prime, 13½@14c; common to fair, to extra, 10@21c; choice, 18@19c; mixed extra, 16½c; Western firsts, 14½c; seconds, 14@14½c; Southern, 12½@14½c.

BONANZA CIRCLE STOCKS
Telephones—Duluth, 1408. Zenith, 971. **Headquarters** 404-405 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minnesota.
FRED H. MERRITT
I devote my entire time to buying and selling on commission and guarantee best prices. I confine myself to the most active stocks and make a specialty of large orders.
Condition of the market at the close Monday, March 12, 1906:

COMPANY.	Bid. Shares	Bid. Price	Asked. Shares	Asked. Price	Last Sales. Shares	Last Sales. Price
Calumet & Arizona	50	$110.50	25	$111.25	25	$111.00
Calumet & Pittsburg	100	30.25	50	30.75	50	30.50
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg	50	41.00	50	41.25	50	41.25
Pittsburg & Duluth	50	22.00

CONDITIONS IN FLAX FROM A WORLD'S STANDPOINT FAVOR A BULL MARKET

At Duluth and Minneapolis Stocks of Flax Are Barely Equal to One-Half of Last Year—Receipts Are Heavier—Large Export Sales Are Indicated.

PROVISIONS FOLLOW THE RISE IN PRICES FOR LIVE HOGS.

There Is Nothing to Warrant a Bear Market In Wall Street—Foreign Situation Is Much Better—Money Market Is Improving—Stocks Are Conceded to Be In Strong Hands.

Government's Report on Farm Reserves of Wheat, Corn and Oats Not Bearish and Fully Discounted by Low Prices for Wheat.

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

The Agricultural Department at Washington, in today's report, makes reserves of grain on the farms for March 1st as follows:

	Now.	Year ago.
Wheat, bushels	158,403,000	111,000,000
Corn, bushels	1,108,000,000	954,000,000
Oats, bushels	379,805,300	347,000,000

The showing is much under the figures generally anticipafed by the trade, and had the report been equal to the popular estimate the price would have discounted it.

In the event of any further bear demonstrations in the market, Wheat should be bought now for any one of the three following reasons:

FIRST—The price is low and 40 cents under a year ago.

SECOND—The balance of the crop will not be sacrificed by producers.

THIRD—We have five months of wants to provide for, our exports since July 1 are 83,000,000 bushels, and the price is strictly on a working basis for the first time in many years.

Flax At the present level of prices conservative investors are giving some of their attention to the flax market. A forecast of probable developments for the future is in line with increased activity and strength. Small stocks at the two principal points of accumulation, Minneapolis and Duluth, around one-half of a year ago, is significant and well illustrates what our enormous demands must be. Our receipts so far from the crop of 1905 are considerably in excess of those of a year ago today from the crop of 1904, and up to the present time a smaller amount of seed than usual has been secured for filling the advance oil sales.

Another market help that we seldom have been able to command is that importing countries are short of supplies and the countries on which they are accustomed to depend for same have experienced partial to complete crop failures this year. Some sales of seed for export have already been closed. Our prices are so close to a working basis now that any day additional sales are liable to be reported.

Trade journals are inclined to express their views in a very bullish manner. Best demands, they say, are in the West and closest to the source of supply of the raw material, which should work for steady improvement in values.

With the early opening of navigation indicated, spring shipments will be heavy and as stocks are distributed and the small remainder on the farms reaches the market there will be little to influence lower prices. We not only believe the market has touched bottom on the decline from the January bulge, but think the bull campaign has already been resumed and advise owning some flax on all weak spots. There should be a profit in it for you of anywhere from 10 to 15 cents per bushel.

Stocks Interest is more general. The return of several prominent traders from a few weeks' sojourn in the South and West has had a very beneficial effect on values. Reports of a very encouraging character continue to pour in from all sides and gradually the pessimist is coming to his senses and realizes that he had become afraid of his own shadow.

The fundamental conditions of the country are most satisfactory, and so long as they continue so every attempt to refute the fact that our prosperity is permanent, wonderful and national will prove a failure.

From an analysis of influential factors it is evident at a glance that the foreign situation is much better. The money market is improving, stocks are in strong hands and prices are close to bottom.

Proposed new legislation contains nothing that is unfavorable, and adverse talk is not based on fact and nothing harmful can result from market conditions.

Consider for one moment the enormous railroad and industrial earnings and the vast sum of money these corporations are to turn over to stockholders. Would it be possible for their dividends to aggregate anything like $38,000,000, the sum to be distributed this month and accumulated in the past few months, if every factory, mine and railroad was not taxed to the utmost to fill the orders on the books and move them to the door of the consumer? Along with this, the country is rapidly disposing of its agricultural products, both at home and abroad, at prices which must add immensely to the cash reserves of our great commonwealth. How such conditions can be further ignored or the intelligent thinker can take stock in the talk that they mean disaster, is a mystery.

So far public interest in the market is not large outside of regular investment circles. Why this is so we have heard of no good explanation, for certainly there never was a time when purchases looked more attractive. Stock after stock could be mentioned in turn, both in the railroad and industrial list, which it seems must enjoy substantial advances.

As we have said before, there is nothing to warrant a bear market. Values are not inflated, earnings and future prospects considered, and many instances might be recalled where good stocks are selling much below their actual value. Occasionally quotations may be lowered temporarily, but conditions that must govern eventually do not change but develop new strength.

From the action of prices it is thought that the market has turned permanently, and if this is so the upward movement should not only be quick but substantial. Look the list over carefully, pick out some property that you can handle properly and wait a reasonable time for your profits to accrue.

Provisions Are decidedly strong and, although prices are about the best of the year and Pork for May delivery is up over $3 per barrel, the advance is not yet equal to the rise in the price of live hogs. There must be a freer marketing of hogs before we can reasonably expect the list of products to sell lower.

Judging from every report which comes to our hands, the country is so short of supplies that one can hardly expect cheap hogs or cheap products for many months to come. At the present rate we are making shipments of meats and the steady wearing away of visible supplies, there will not be enough to go around. This brings to the front the old law of supply and demand, and from what we know of this we believe the list is a purchase on all setbacks.

Nothing but higher prices can check the consumptive demand and satisfy packers' wants. Sentiment is not only very bullish for the immediate future, but until the situation is relieved by a material increase in the offerings of the country. None realizes what the present situation means to the market better than the packers, who are now openly committed to the buying side, and already rumors are circulated to the effect that Armour is in control of the supply of Ribs, Cudahy, Lard, and Swift, Pork, and an old-time bull market is brewing. Buy the list while the reasons are all natural and sound. Every day there is less to indicate weakness and more to make your position secure.

EDWARDS-WOOD CO.

Duluth, Minneapolis, Superior, Winnipeg. (Incorporated) DEALERS IN MAIN OFFICE: Fifth and Robert Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

STOCKS=GRAIN=PROVISIONS

NOTE We pay for all telephone or telegraph messages containing orders. Our rates are 1-8c a bushel on Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Flax for Minneapolis, Duluth or Chicago delivery. In other words, our rates are but one-half those of Chicago Board of Trade members for Grain and Provisions.

A SENTENCE OF THIRTEEN YEARS

For George D. Collins, Brilliant Frisco Lawyer, for Bigamy.

San Francisco, March 12.—After one of the most stubborn legal contests in the history of this city, covering over ten months, George D. Collins, the brilliant lawyer, bigamist and perjurer, was sentenced yesterday to thirteen yars in San Quentin prison for perjury.

Collins was tried on a charge of bigamy growing out of his marriage in Chicago to Miss Charles McCurdy of this city, but the jury disagreed. Then he was tried on a charge of perjury committed while he was a witness in his own behalf in the bigamy ieial. There were lady rumors that improper influences caused the first disagreement.

Collins, who was a brilliant lawyer with a large practice, years ago, according to the testimony in the case, married Charlotta Newman in this city and they went to housekeeping here, the sister of his wife, Agnes Newman, living with them. Three children were born to Mrs. Collins. After several years Collins took apartments down-town, but still maintained his family in good style.

Finally Agnes Newman died, leaving a considerable sum deposited in a local bank. Collins then made an affidavit that Agnes Newman was his wife and secured this money.

About a year ago Collins married Miss Charlee McCurdy, a society girl with whom he took a trip to Chicago, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. McCurdy, a wealthy woman from Stockton. On the return of the bridal party they all went to the Palace and Collins and Miss McCurdy lived openly as man and wife. This led to a charge of bigamy filed by Charlotta Collins, the deserted wife and mother of his children.

He fled to Victoria, was indicted and brought back after a hard fight. The trial resulted in a disagreement, but was quickly followed by an indictment for perjury. Collins swore during the bigamy trial that he did not marry Charlotta Newman, but the priest who performed the ceremony, the deserted woman, and even his children appeared against him and the conviction and sentence followed.

OLD RESIDENT COMES TO WANT

A. W. Swanson, Aged and Sick, Becomes a County Charge.

A. W. Swanson of Smithville, a pioneer resident of Duluth and the city's first tailor, has been brought to want through old age and illness.

Officer H. C. Withrow visited Mr. Swanson's home Sunday and made arrangements to have him cared for by the county authorities unless some of his old time friends should come forward with offers of assistance.

Swanson, who was at one time quite well to do, sold his dwelling on Lake avenue about a year ago and moved out to Smithville where he lived in a small house with his 12-year-old daughter. Until recently he was able to work at his trade, but his health failing he became helpless and the neighbors, in behalf of the sick man and his daughter, called the attention of the authorities to their condition.

Swanson has a relative at St. Paul who will adopt the girl and give her a good home. Mrs. Swanson died about four years ago.

HANSON AND HIS CAT.

Man Nearly Drowns While Trying to Get Rid of Animal.

Anton Hanson who lives at 3911 West Fifth street, and works for the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, had an adventure on the slip at the rear of the Stone-Ordean-Wells building Friday which he will not soon forget. Hanson for some time has possessed a cat of the come-back quality, and it seemed to have that quality strong. Hanson tried various means of getting rid of the animal, but to no avail, for it would invariably show up at the house again. Thursday night the cat came back once more and Hanson got mad. He was going to get rid of that animal at no matter what cost.

So he took the cat to work with him Friday morning. His plan was to put the animal in a sack, cut a hole in the ice at the rear of the building on South Fifth avenue west and drop the sack through the hole; "23" for the cat. The plan worked fine for a while. Hanson trotted out on the ice armed with a hatchet and with the cat in a sack as per arrangement.

He started to cut a hole in the ice and was succeeding beautifully when something went wrong. Either his blows were too vicious or something else happened for Hanson found himself wallowing around in water at away below 32 degs. Fahrenheit. He shouted lustily for assistance and then stopped for there was a wretched cat climbing out of the sack, and as soon as it reached solid footing it set off across the ice at a speed which would make the autos hump to equal, heading for shelter where it could dry its soaked coat.

After recovering partly from his chagrin and urged on by the extreme cold of the water, Hanson renewed his shouts and was finally pulled out after considerable difficulty by other men from the Stone-Ordean-Wells engine room and was taken into the engine room of the building to melt his stiffening joints. He had to go home and this time reached there before the cat did.

FOOTE IN COMMAND.

Well Known Vessel Master Will Again Sail Steamer Huronic.

The steamer Huronic of the Northern Navigation company of Ontario, will run to Duluth this summer, her three principal ports being the same as last summer—Sarnia, Port Arthur and Duluth.

Capt. R. D. Foote, master of the Huronic bid his many Duluth friends good bye last fall, declaring that he had sailed his last season. However, the prophecy made by his friends proves to be correct, for Capt. Foote is again listed among the masters of the Northern Navigation company's fleet. The call of the lake was too strong for him.

J. H. Ronan will again be purser on the Huronic and will greet his old friends in Duluth. The lists of masters, chief engineers, pursers and stewards of the Northern Navigation company's fleet, engaged at present are as follows:

Masters—R. D. Foote, E. Robertson, A. L. Campbell, G. H. Playter, W. G. Cox, A. M. Wright, F. G. Moles, P. Desome.

Chief Engineers—R. Brisbin, S. Beatty, H. Myler, W. Whipps, J. Aston, S. Burgess, I. Boyd.

Pursers—J. H. Ronan, R. Beaumont, B. Batten, L. M. Watson, Thomas Scarlett, J. McFadzen.

Stewards—J. C. Brown, W. Hunter, J. H. Brown, J. H. Morrison, S. Bayley, C. A. Pleasance.

NO CHANGE IN MARKET

Demand Still in Excess of Lumber Stocks Available.

Local Market Stronger Than Ever Before in Its History.

The season of navigation on the lakes is still several weeks away and the lumber market, which is always more or less affected by the opening of that period, shows no signs of a change. It is a condition still of more buyers than lumber stocks. An estimate made by a prominent operator and buyer is to the effect that fully 75 per cent of the 1906 cut has been disposed of in advance of the saw and that 90 cent of the cut to be moved over the lakes has already been sold.

During the late winter season in former years there has generally been a strong lumber market at Duluth, but nothing approaching the present conditions either as to demand or inquiry.

In the matter of wholesale prices No. 3 and better lumber is selling from $22 to $30 per thousand feet as compared with $17 a year ago; No. 6 is selling for $8 as compared with $5.50 in March, 1905; No. 5 boards are selling for $11.50 as compared with $12 last year; No. 4 boards are selling for $15 against $12 last spring.

Building operations are active in Duluth and the country tributary to it, so that the local demand for lumber is in itself a feature of the present market.

There is still plenty of snow in the woods, but the loggers are not banking much on the weather conditions to help them from now on to the end of the season, which will be only a few weeks at the most. Crews are being reduced in a number of localities, while in other districts where the contractor is still behind on his winter's work the work is being pushed as much as possible to make up the shortage.

The grand total of lumber production in the United States in 1905, according to the information gathered from all sources by the American Lumberman, was 19,717,252,845 feet, as compared with a total of 17,940,657,845 feet reported from the same districts in 1904, an increase of practically 10 per cent. Of the total increase in production five of the Western states report 70 per cent of the gain, or 28 per cent of the total lumber production in 1904.

Northern white pine still leads, with a total of 3,628,029,000 for 1905, as compared with 4,220,917,000 feet produced in 1904, a decrease of 592,888,000 feet.

The total Northern white pine stocks for 1905 are given as 1,556,645,000 feet last year, against 2,171,903,000 feet in stock in 1904, a decrease of 615,258,000 feet.

Next to Northern white pine there was more fir cut in this country last year than of other woods, the Pacific coast production being computed at 3,481,225,000 feet.

Yellow pine in the South, which has been rapidly forging ahead in the past few years, ranks third in the list of lumbers, with a total of 3,229,080,000 feet. This, however, is a decrease of 60,433,000 feet from the production in 1904.

The increase in the total production of soft woods in this country in 1905 over 1904 is due to the greater amount of fir, spruce, sugar pine, longleaf pine, cypress and several other soft woods.

The total of soft woods cut in the East, South, North and West was 16,335,645,000 feet last year, and the total cut of hard woods was 3,008,781,000 feet.

FUNERAL TO BE HELD TUESDAY

Remains of Captain Pengilly-Will be Interred at Northfield.

Many Duluth and range people will leave this evening for Northfield, Minn., to attend the funeral of Capt. John Pengilly, the well-known mining man who died last week in Mexico where he was about to do some experimental work for the Green Consolidated Copper company.

Details of Capt. Pengilly's death are not plentiful. It is known that pneumonia was the cause, however, and he is thought to have died in a hospital at Naco, Mexico, which is not far from the international boundary line. The remains will arrive in Northfield early tomorrow morning and the funeral will take place later in the forenoon.

The Northfield lodge of Masons will take charge of the funeral and the Knights Templar will act as an escort. Beautiful floral tributes were sent to Northfield today by Keystone Chapter, No. 20, Duluth Commandery, No. 18, and Duluth Consistory.

Dr. C. G. Shipman of Ely left last evening for Northfield and among those who will leave this evening are W. A. McGonagle, A. M. Chisholm, Thomas Owens of Two Harbors and John Shea of the same place. They will take an early train out of St. Paul over the Great Western and arrive in Northfield at 9:15.

Capt. Pengilly moved to Northfield just after his retirement from the active mining business two years ago.

TO GO TO COLERAIN.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 12.—Supt. J. A. Vandyke of the city schools of this city has been tendered a position as superintendent of the schools at Colerain, on the iron range, and has practically decided to accept.

Hunyadi Janos

Not a medicine but a Natural Laxative Water for sluggish bowels. Get quick, positive relief by taking half a glass on arising.

Hunyadi Janos

FOR CONSTIPATION

FOR
Lumbago
Apply an
Allcock's
PLASTER
as shown in illustration. It not only relieves all pain but it strengthens the muscles and restores energy as nothing else can.
Also invaluable for
Colds, Coughs, Aching Kidneys, Weak Chests, Weak Backs, Rheumatism, Sciatica.
INSIST UPON HAVING Allcock's

Allcock's CORN PLASTERS | BUNION PLASTERS
For Relief and Cure of Corns and Bunions
Give Immediate Relief — Afford Absolute Comfort

The World of Sports

CHAMPION DEFEATED

Ole Feiring, Winner at National Ski Tournament, is Worsted.

Novices and Boys Under Eighteen Years Make Good Showing.

Defeating Ole Feiring, the champion ski jumper of America, who won the gold medal at the national tournament last month, Elling Disen of the Duluth club, took first place in the tournament held Saturday at Woodland hill.

Disen won possession of the new $75 trophy for one year, scoring 242 points for the best three jumps. Feiring made 263 feet in the three jumps, but fell on two of his jumps, thus reducing his score. He also made the longest jump of the afternoon, covering eighty-eight feet, but he fell on alighting. He was awarded only fourth place in the competition.

Olaf Larson finished second with 238 feet in his three jumps and John Tanquist was third with the same distance covered. E. Sveen was fifth, and J. Larson was sixth.

The contest for novices over 18 years of age, brought out some good jumping among those who do not pretend to any great expertness. The first prize went to B. Berg, who covered 150 feet in his three jumps. O. Rygh was second with 135 feet and I. A. Iverson third with 124 feet. The other contestants were A. S. Lunde, G. Englund, C. Puck, O. Kvistgaard and J. Swanson.

Oscar Erickson won the competition for boys under 18 years of age, covering 100 feet in his three jumps. James Wharton covered 118 feet in his three jumps, but fell and was awarded second place. H. Briggs was third with ninety-four feet. The other contestants were P. Landfald, Roy Miller, Carl Pearson, M. Stavrum and H. Schellh.

The tournament was witnessed by a crowd of about 400 interested spectators, who took advantage of what will probably be the last opportunity to witness ski jumping this season.

The weather was favorable for the tournament, but the sudden drop in temperature after the mild weather, made the hill rough and icy, and the jumping was somewhat dangerous, a fall meaning scratched hands, knees and faces.

PORTAGE LAKE WINS PENNANT

Defeats Calumet and Wins Professional Hockey Championship.

Calumet, Mich., March 12.—By defeating Calumet Saturday evening by the score of 10 to 5, Portage Lake won the pennant of the International Hockey league, emblematic of the professional championship of the world.

The first half ended 2 to 3 in favor of Calumet and was the fastest ever seen here. Calumet had the best of playing all through the first half.

In the second half McDonald was put out of the game, with ten minutes to play, for slashing Holden.

Holden and Hod Stuart retired owing to injuries and Calumet was left without practically any defense, when Portage Lake did its scoring.

Goals, Hall, 4; Campbell, 3; Shields, 1; Lake, 3; Taylor, 3; Decorie, 1.

The line up:

Calumet—	Position.	Portage Lake—
Nicholson	Goal	Horn
Shields	Point	Forrester
Hod Stuart	Cover	Holden
Decorie	Rover	Taylor
Campbell	Center	E. Stuart
Scott	Left	Hall
McDonald	Left	Lake

Referee, Elliott; attendance, 2,500.

NO BASEBALL NEWS.

Absolutely no news has come from the Copper country since the announcement of the meeting at which the proposition of the Northern league managers was turned down.

J. M. Lamb of Winnipeg is still believed to be in Northern Michigan, as he has not been seen in Duluth since the meeting, and the local managers have seen nothing of him nor received any communication since the meeting last week.

The situation is as uncertain as it has been at any time for months.

CARRY OFF THE TROPHY

St. Paul Curlers Win Mackenzie Cup by Five Point Margin.

Win Five of the Nine Games Played During Day.

By the narrow margin of five points the St. Paul curlers carried off the MacKenzie trophy Saturday afternoon, defeating the Duluth rink by the score of 99 to 94.

In the morning play the St. Paul rinks were five up on the Magner, Hurdon and McLeod rinks.

In the afternoon games the St. Paul men gained eight more points over the A. W. Frick, A. H. Smith and W. L. McLennan rinks, giving them a total lead of thirteen points.

The curlers then adjourned to the Commercial club for supper and play was resumed in the evening.

The evening games gave the Duluth rinks eight points and the final outcome was a victory for St. Paul by the score of 99 to 94.

The ice was in the best of condition all day, and the St. Paul men left for home in the evening, highly satisfied with the day's sport and promising to come again to the bonspiel next year.

The result of the day's games were as follows:

MORNING.

St. Paul.	Duluth.
J. N. Jackson,	R. Hoople,
W. C. Read,	F. W. Hargreaves,
H. P. Clark,	W. B. Dunlop,
A. McLaren,	W. E. Magner,
Skip—14.	Skip—4.
W. L. Hoatson,	W. C. Sherwood,
J. N. Kirby,	M. A. McLennan,
W. Eastman,	F. A. Day,
C. McGregor,	R. J. MacLeod,
Skip—12.	Skip—9.
C. E. Robertson,	S. Cleveland,
W. D. Stewart,	T. F. McGilvray,
J. B. Emerson,	J. C. Myron,
W. J. Murphy,	H. Hurdon,
Skip—8.	Skip—17.

AFTERNOON.

C. E. Robertson,	J. Tressie,
J. B. Emerson,	E. D. Field,
William Murphy,	E. Jacobi,
W. D. Stewart,	A. W. Frick,
Skip—8.	Skip—11.
W. L. Hoatson,	S. H. Jones,
J. N. Kirby,	J. H. Oldham,
W. Eastman,	H. Hurdon,
C. McGregor,	A. H. Smith,
Skip—15.	Skip—8.
J. N. Jackson,	F. Kennedy,
W. C. Read,	J. H. Upham,
H. P. Clark,	R. Bradley,
A. McLaren,	W. L. McLennan,
Skip—7.	Skip—11.

EVENING.

C. E. Robertson,	F. L. Reichert,
J. B. Emerson,	P. H. Seymour,
William Murphy,	W. E. Magner,
W. D. Stewart,	R. J. McLeod,
Skip—6.	Skip—8.
J. N. Jackson,	W. Craig,
W. C. Read,	Alex Macrae,
H. P. Clark,	J. C. Myron,
A. McLaren,	Ron Smith,
Skip—7.	Skip—18.
W. L. Hoatson,	C. A. Payne,
J. N. Kirby,	C. F. West,
W. Eastman,	E. N. Bradley,
C. McGregor,	A. H. Smith,
Skip—13.	Skip—3.

Totals—St. Paul, 99; Duluth, 94.

JOHNSON WINS.

Takes Two Falls Out of Three From Davies, the Milwaukee Wrestler.

Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman-wrestler, won his match with Ray Davies of Milwaukee at the Metropolitan Saturday night.

Davies took the first fall, but Johnson won the last two and the match.

The first fall required seventeen minutes and forty-eight seconds, and was won by Davies on a further Nelson.

Johnson won the second fall in ten minutes and thirty-eight seconds on an arm-scissors and wrist-lock hold.

The third and deciding fall also went to Johnson in eight minutes and thirty-five seconds on a body-scissors and hammerlock hold.

COUNTY ATTORNEY RESIGNS.

Walker, Minn., March 12.—County Attorney Dan De Lury resigned his official position at a meeting of the county commissioners in session last week. The sole cause of the resignation is lack of time to attend to county matters, owing to increased practice. The commissioners will meet on March 20 to appoint a successor to Mr. De Lury. It is stated that Attorney J. S. Scribner of Backus stands a fair show of landing the county job.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sell it.

Herald Want Ads Are the Best of All the Modern Business Promoters

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 233.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE LOANS REAL ESTATE UNDER AM. EX BANK ESTABLISHED 1865

?

$1400—Two-and-a-half-story house on Piedmont avenue, near Twenty-first avenue west. Easy terms. Rentals pay 10 per cent. 163-1

$850—Lot 50x140 on Jefferson, near Twenty-first avenue east. Sewer and water. 175-1

$750—Lot 50x140, Fifth street, near Seventeenth avenue east. Sewer and water. 173-1

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg.

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent. new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value.

$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.

Call in and see us about the above.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

$4200 34x140—First street; very heart of city. Six-room house, fine repair. Fine bath, etc.

$4750 Thoroughly modern eight-room brick house. Five minutes' walk from this office. First-class repair.

These are genuine snaps and are a fine buy as homes or investment purposes.

T. W. WAHL & CO., 201 Exchange Building.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by John McLean, a widower, mortgagor, to The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, a body politic and corporate by the laws of the State of New Jersey, located at Newark, New Jersey, mortgagee, dated January first (1st), 1891, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on January twenty-seventh (27th), 1891, at eight (8) o'clock A. M., in Book fifty (50) of mortgages, on page five hundred eighty-five (585); such default consisting in the nonpayment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon, at six per cent per annum from July 1st, 1905, and exchange, all of which became due on January 1st, 1906, and no part of which has ever been paid;

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of eighteen thousand six hundred forty-two and 52-100 ($18,642.52) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The Northerly one hundred twenty (120) feet of lots numbered fourteen (14) and sixteen (16), West Second Street (W. 2nd St.), Duluth Proper, First (1st) Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eleventh (11th) day of April, A. D. 1906, at ten (10) o'clock A. M., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and two hundred dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, February 2nd, 1906.
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Newark, New Jersey, Mortgagee.
SULLIVAN & GRANT,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
D. E. H.—Feb. 26-March 5-12-19-26-April 2.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper Madison Square, Phila., Pa.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Nozzle. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It cleanses instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.
FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH DRUGGIST.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	982
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SMALL FUURNISHED ROOM FOR rent. 208 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODern; private family. 412 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 1299-L.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM COTTAGE on Park Point, for the season. G 75, Herald.

MODERN, NICELY FURNISHED large front room with alcove, suitable for one or two gentlemen; board if desired. Apply 1502 East First street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED STEAM-heated room. Call at 315 Pioneer block, for ladies or gentlemen.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT UNfurnished rooms. 327 East Superior st.

FOR RENT—BRIGHT, COMFORTABLE furnished room, suitable for two. Electric light, bath; rent reasonable. 408 Mesaba avenue.

FOUR ROOMS. 2324 WEST SIXTH ST.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 232 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 922 EAST Seventh street. Inquire 712 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished. All modern. Apply 310 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. No. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—GOOD SIX-ROOM HOUSE. Address F. A. Pettibone, No. 30 Orange street, Duluth Heights.

FOURTEEN OR FIFTEEN-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished, in good location, or would buy out one that would wish to sell for cash. G 87, Herald.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, FURNISHED; will lease until Nov. 1 to man and wife; no small children. Call 430 Manhattan building.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE, ALL conveniences. No. 226 East Third street. Apply 417 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, in Park terrace, cheap. Apply Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum building.

FOR RENT — DETACHED HOUSE, eight rooms, furnace heat, bath, gas. 925 East Second street, or old phone 776-L.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

SECOND FLOOR, 413 MESABA AVEnue, four rooms and alcove, between Second and Third avenues west; no children. Per month, $12.

A cozy corner for what the Gopher Shoe Works saves you on shoe repairing.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT; water, light and sewer; rent $16 per month. C. H. Graves & Co.; first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

CANDY STORE FOR SALE. 1531 WEST Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

Miss Fitzpatrick, 504 E. 4th. Old 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO. W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio Bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, March 10th, 1906.
In the Matter of the Estate of John Houkalan, Deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of John E. Erickson of the County of St. Louis, representing among other things, that John Houkalan, late of the county of St. Louis in the State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1905, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is an old acquaintance of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to John E. Erickson granted;
It Is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.
Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County, and that a copy of this order be served upon the County Treasurer of St. Louis County not less than ten day prior to said day of hearing.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 10th day of March, A. D. 1906.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-12-19-26-1906.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HERALD WANTS BRING QUICK RESULTS

STORE NEWS

comes nearer home to us than most any other kind of news—foreshadows, in a manner, what we shall wear presently, and eat; and what new thing will soon be found in the house.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna Iron range, Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

SHOES WELL BOUGHT ARE HALFsoled at the Gopher Shoe Works.

FOR SALE—POOL TABLE. NORTHern restaurant, Garfield avenue, C. Johnson.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONY, CART and harness. $150 for the outfit. Old phone 66 Proctor.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND 50 HORSEpower Westinghouse engine in first class condition. Will sell cheap. Clyde Iron Works.

FOR SALE—A GRAY HORSE, WEIGHS 1,400; bay mare, weights 1,100. This mare can be driven by a lady; not afraid of anything. Horses can be bought cheap, if taken at once. Call 606 North Fifty-sixth avenue north, West Duluth. Zenith 'phone 3601.

FOR SALE — INCUBATORS, BROODers, chick food, hatching eggs and poultrymen's supplies. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

WILL SELL FINE UPRIGHT PIANO for $125 cash. 319 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; will sell all or part. Call Flat 13, 2231 West Michigan street.

"SHAKESPEARE" STOCK BOUGHT and sold. Morrison, 416 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF FOURTEENroom rooming house, and furniture of seven rooms; must be cash. Parties leaving city. M 85, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL-SIZE DRESS COAT and vest, in first-class condition; a bargain. Address N. T. C., Herald.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

A large assortment of horses always on hand at our stables in Duluth and Midway, St. Paul.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.

WANTED TO RENT — SMALL COTtage, furnished, for adults. G 36, Herald.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE; BEST OF workmanship. Suits pressed, 50c; pants, 15c. 118 First avenue west. Old 'phone 1429-L.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 2 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1234.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARgest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING

ED OTT, No. 6 W. First St. Both 'phones.

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERING.

C. F. FORSELL—GOOD WORK GUARanteed. 358 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 940.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, pianos, cattle, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
521 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 986, Old 'phone, 759-R.

$1 PER WEEK PAYS BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST on a $20 loan. Other amounts in like proportion. ACTUAL REBATE given if paid before due.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security, easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, furs, rifles, etc., and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

PERSONAL.

PIANO LESSONS BY COMPETENT teacher, 35c a lesson. V 35, Herald.

SPANISH TAUGHT. 519 EAST FIFTH street.

CHIROPODY and MANICURING.

MISS G. JOHNSON, ROOM 3, 125 WEST Superior street. New 'phone, 1702-D.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior St.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. A. FERGUSON, GRADUATE midwife, 617 Fifth Ave. E. Old 'phone 454-L.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg

UPHOLSTERING.

TELEPHONE YOUR UPHOLSTERING wants to Cameron. He will call at your residence with a complete assortment of coverings and estimate your work. Zenith 'phone 787. Bell, 325-L.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

MORRISON'S TAILORING.

YOU CAN HAVE A GOOD SUBSTANtial, stylish suit made at Morrison's for less than you can get the same quality for anywhere. Come and see. D. M. Morrison, 8 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 60c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

MAGIC PIANO POLISH.

BEST POLISH ON MARKET. PREpared by C. O. Kristensen. Used by principal piano houses in city. 336 E. Sup. St. Phone, 1202-L.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

A fair, sweet satin skin secured using Satin skin cream and face powder. 25c.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED TO BORROW—$2,500 ON First-class security before April 1. Call 325 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

YOUNG MAN, THOROUGH BUSINESS education, would like to invest $2,000 with services. Address W 3, Herald.

PALMIST.

COUSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

BOARD OFFERED.

YOUNG LADY CAN SECURE BOARD and room in private family, very central. G 80, Herald.

THE LYLE, 28, 30, 32 East Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 122 East First street.

PAINTING and PAPER HANGING

BEST OF WORKMANSHIP. PRICES reasonable. C. Gill, 124 Second avenue west. Zenith 'phone, 1518-X.

OLD CLOTHES BOUGHT.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

Looking for a Warm and Well Furnished Room? They're surely not ALL occupied! A Herald Want Ad promptly puts you in touch with plenty of desirable "one-room homes."

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

50 men daily to get shoes resoled—while you wait. The Gopher Shoe Works.

WANTED—1,000 RAILROAD LABORers and station men for Washington, near Portland, Or. Good wages, two years' work, fare free from Duluth. Ship daily. Write or apply to the Duluth Employment company.

AN EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman; must be able to speak the Finnish language and come well recommended. Write to Isaac Summerfield, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — THREE SHOP CARPENters. Apply Woodruff Lumber company's mill.

WANTED—AT ONCE, TWO GOOD MAchinists and two good molders; steady work and best wages; don't write, but come. Virginia Foundry & Machine Co.

WANTED — TWO MEN TO WORK AT dairy farm. Take Woodland car. Woodland Dairy.

WANTED — MIDDLEAGED MAN FOR collecting and assisting in office. Apply to Duluth Van Co.

WANTED — AT ONCE. NIGHT FIREman. W. M. Prindle & Co.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

WANTED—HARNESS MAKERS. Address, The Konantz-Gaver Co., St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR STOCK clerk in carpet department. Must be strong and willing to work. French & Bassett.

BOYS WANTED AT THE BOTTLING works. Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN WATCHmaking; earn while you learn; write for our free book, "How to Be a Watchmaker." Stone's Watchmaking school, Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Only short time required. Now is the time to learn and prepare for the busy season. Illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FILLER STRIPPER. Head of the Lakes Cigar company, 2720 West Third street.

SITUATION WANTED AS TALLYman for lumber scaler; best of references. V 84, Herald.

WANTED — BY COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, having had considerable experience with expert accountant; best of references. Apply 154 West Third street, Superior.

BOY 15 YEARS OF AGE WISHES POsition in an office or wholesale house, where he can work up. Apply S 2, Herald.

BOOKS PROPERLY WRITTEN UP, adjusted and audited by expert accountant. Auditor, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY, FIRSTclass room and board in private family. References exchanged. G 79, Herald.

DESK ROOM, OR WOULD SHARE OFfice. Central location. "Alpha," Herald.

FROM MAY 1, STORE SUITABLE FOR cigar and confectionery; good location. Address W 36, Herald.

WANTED — FOUR OR FIVE-ROOM flat, furnished or unfurnished; central location preferred, by young married couple; references furnished. Address F 4, Herald.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, one or two desirable furnished rooms, light housekeeping privileges preferred; East end. G 200, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

SECOND-HANDED LOW-WHEEL truck for moving gasoline engine; reasonable price. 'Phone 63, A. Quackenbush, Proctor.

WANTED TO BUY—GYMNASIUM MAT. Call or address 427 West Michigan St.

STANDING TIMBER IN MINNESOTA. Address V 9, Herald.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT—Top floor Burrows bldg

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

I CAN LOCATE YOU ON THE FARM lands on Willow River and Little Fork valleys. New rail and county roads now under construction. Pat Greaney, Ashawa, Minn.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — POINTER DOG; COLOR LIVer and white; when lost was wearing rose leather collar with name plate marked H. E. Speakes, Superior, Wis. Finder notify H. E. Speakes, Superior, Wis. Old 4413-K; new 4184. Reward.

Found—Place equipped for doing good work while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

POIRIER & CO., 106 East Superior street.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's Female Regulator, Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK AT Mrs. Page Morris', 2232 East First street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL with good recommendations. 31 West Second street.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL. 1624 EAST Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SEAMstress and apprentice girls at Madame Burns, No. 6, over Giddings'.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; best wages; must be competent. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 613 East First street.

WANTED — GOOD KITCHEN GIRL; none other need apply. 1928 West Michigan street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 2319 East First st.

WANTED — APRENTICE GIRL TO learn sewing and two good waist finishers at 131 West Fourth street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK AND dining room girl; $40 for cook and $18 for dining room girl. Duquesne hotel, Proctor, Minn.

WANTED — GOOD COOK. 233 ST. Croix avenue. Madge McNeil.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of two; snap. 504 Wieland flats.

GIRL WANTED AT 931 EAST FIFTH street.

WANTED — TWO OR THREE GOOD dining room girls. 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENEral housework. 2327 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 525 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN BARbering, hair-dressing, manicuring and massage. Particulars free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED— A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 Fifteenth avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

LADY WISHES POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper or taking care of furnished rooms. Address G 81, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS CASHIER or assistant bookkeeper by lady. L. C., Herald office.

WANTED — WASHING OR HOUSEcleaning by the day; washing and ironing to take home. 704 East Second st.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING, scrubbing, cleaning or any laundry work by the day; is a good worker. G 84, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WANTS PLACE AT light housework. Call or write to 419 East First street.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS work afternoons. T, Herald.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS TO CANVASS AND COLlect; good salary; permanent position. Call Monday from 3 to 9 p. m. Frank J. Reid, manager, 6822 Grand avenue West.

FOR SALE—COWS.

JOHN E. JOHNSON WILL ARRIVE with a carload of fresh milch cows Saturday morning, March 10th, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east. Zenith 'phone, 1853X.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday morning, March 6. 1219 East Seventh street. 'Phone, 1387 Zenith.

E. CARLSON JUST ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows. Zenith 'phone 1654-D.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—A FINE 12-ROOM HOUSE on Sixth street and First avenue east; must be removed at once. George A. Wieland, office, 211 Alworth building; new 'phone, 278. Residence, 1127 East Third street; new 'phone, 252.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614 Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

WHILE-YOU-WAIT SHOP.

GET YOUR SHOE REPAIRED. HANDsewed soles, 75c. Nailed soles, 50c. All kinds rubber heels, 40c. Ladies' and boys' soles, 40c. All hand work, no machinery; best oak tanned leather. 302 E. Superior St.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CREMONEA VIOLIN MAKER.

RARE AND OLD VIOLINS REPAIRED; modern violins regraduated so they will improve with age. I develop the fullest tone capacity of every violin submitted. Forty years' experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. Lambert, 124 E. 4th St

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1225.

COMPOUND and VAPOR BATHS.

WE CURE COLDS, RHEUMATISM, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, gout and all blood poisons, give magnetic compound vapor baths. No. 16 E. Sup. St. Mr. and Mrs. A. Ecker, proprietors.

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED. Duluth Carpet Sweeper Repair Co., 123 W. First street. New 'phone 1578-D.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 19, 1906. Work, second decree, Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 12, 1906. Work — First degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30, March 14, 1906. Work M. M. degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave 8 p. m., Tuesday, March 20. Public installation of officers. Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, March 15, 1906. Work—Twenty-sixth degree. J. E. Cooley, secretary.

SUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 21. Work —Second degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday, in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 22 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Mar. 8. Samaritan degree. T. J. McKeon, C. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patshkowski, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, eets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 119 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., meets every Tuesday at 118 West Superior street. Work—First and second rank, Tuesday, March 13. J. A. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and Third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next regular meeting March 16, 1906—initiation. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Lyceum building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Next meeting March 13; work first degree. Visiting members always welcome. S. F. Staples, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladh, banker; R. Rankin, clerk, 1322 Jefferson street.

CLAN SRTEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, March 21. Debate. Subject, "Single Tax;" open meeting after 9 o'clock.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, will hold a musical and social entertainment March 21. The ladies will serve refreshments, coffee and cake. Invite your friends and have a good time. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt.-Gen.; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, Charles E. Norman; record keeper and finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m., residence, 412 West Fourth street.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Gogins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilleland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.
COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, United Order of Foresters, meets the first and third Tuesday of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting, March 20. Card party. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 224 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MARCH 13, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

MOROS USED WOMEN AS SHIELDS IN THEIR HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING WITH SOLDIERS IN THE DAJO ENGAGEMENT

Accounts for the Fact That So Many Were Killed.

Women Also Disguised Themselves and Fought Fiercely With Men.

Gen. Wood Says That No Women Were Wantonly Killed.

Manila, March 13.—Maj. Gen. Wood, who has arrived here has announced that he assumes full responsibility for the fight against the Moros at Dajo hill, near Jolo. He said that there was no wanton destruction of women and children in the fight, though many of them were killed by force of necessity, because the Moros used them as shields in the hand-to-hand fighting. Maj. Gen. Wood declared that many of the women wore male attire and their sex could not be distinguished. Another confusing cause was the desperation with which the women fought, the priests having worked all the Moros to a religious frenzy. Many of the Moros feigned death and butchered the American hospital men who were relieving the wounded. Gen. Wood said: "Neither in this nor any other fight has an American soldier killed a woman or child except in a close action when it was impossible to distinguish sex."

Secretary of War Taft cabled for a full explanation concerning the deaths of the women and children, and Gen. Wood has sent a lengthy reply of which the foregoing is the substance.

SCALE IS ACCEPTED

Threatened Trouble With Operators on Southern Railway Averted.

A Substantial Increase in Wages Granted the Employes.

Washington, March 13.—The committee representing the telegraphers and station agents of the Southern railway last night agreed to accept the wage scale of that road. The wage scale, as agreed upon, does not contemplate a minimum or maximum wage but has been adjusted with a view of fitting each individual case.

In announcing the fact, a settlement had been affected, H. B. Perham, president of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, said:

"The committee representing the telegraphers and station agents are very well satisfied with the scale agreed upon. While some of the employes have grown a little impatient since the negotiations were opened with the Southern on Dec. 7, those having direct charge of the matters, knowing the immense amount of work necessary before an acceptable scale can be agreed on, have nothing but words of praise for the officials of the Southern.

"This is the first schedule that has ever been put in effect on the road and it was necessary for the conferees to begin at the bottom.

"The wage scale, as agreed upon, will be perpetuated unless a change is desired, and then notice of thirty days is required before any action can be taken.

"As there was no maximum or minimum scale fixed, it would, of course, be impossible for me to state just what the increase in wages will amount to. In fact, in such cases, we prefer that such information would be given out by the company. But from the fact that the committee is satisfied, you can easily draw the conclusion that substantial increases have been granted solely on individual merit."

H. B. Spencer, general manager of the Southern railway, when informed that the committee had accepted his proposals, stated that the schedule submitted by the company had for its object the general readjustment of wages along the entire Southern road.

THE PAVING QUESTION

Continues to Agitate Chestnut Street Property Owners at Virginia.

Virginia, Minn., March 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Another largely attended meeting of Chestnut street property owners was held last evening at the city hall to discuss the paving question. Sentiment appears to be rapidly running toward a firstclass pavement. Walter H. Bell, representing the Kettle River Quarries company was present and invited the gathering to appoint a committee to accompany the members of the city council to Minneapolis in a week or ten days that they might be shown the different kinds of pavement and the effects of wear thereon. The proposition was agreed to and F. J. Rinnert, Nels Anderson, Jacob Stein and Andrew Hawkinson were named as the committee. The council will decide on the proposition at its meeting tonight.

TROUBLES OF OIL MEN

By Discrimination and Delay is Told Interstate Commission.

Witnesses Say Standard Gets Lower Rates and Best Service.

Kansas City, March 13.—When the interstate commerce commission resumed its hearings here today in the investigation of discrimination in railroad rates on oil, filed by the Kansas Oil Producers' association, it was believed that the work in Kansas City would be finished this evening. There were several witnesses remaining to be examined, but it was considered likely that their evidence for the most part would be cumulative, and each man placed on the stand would be disposed of quickly.

When the commission concludes its hearing here, Judson C. Clements will go to Davenport, Iowa, to investigate other charges of illegal rate making. Francis M. Cockrell and Charles A. Prouty, the other commissioners, will return direct to Washington.

The testimony of E. T. McCarthy of the Mission Mining company of Quapaw, I. T., brought forth two letters on oil rates, one from the Standard Oil company's office at 26 Broadway, New York, and the other from the St. Louis & San Francisco railway general offices. McCarthy said that his mine was built over the Kansas line, six miles from Baxter Springs, Kan. He told of an effort on his part to use oil from the Kansas field instead of coal at his mines. He had, he said, on Nov. 27 last, written E. K. Voorhees, general freight agent of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad requesting a rate on oil from the Kansas field to Quapaw. In a letter written in reply by Mr. Voorhees and which was introduced, the latter quoted a rate of 17 cents a hundred pounds on crude oil and fuel oil from Neodosha, Kan., to Baxter Springs and of 24 cents to Qaupaw. These letters were introduced in an attempt to prove that while the railroad company charged all others 17 cents for transporting oil from Neodosha to Baxter Springs, it charged the Standard Oil company 6½ cents for the same haul. The correspondence also was introduced to prove why the Standard Oil received a rate of 6½ cents for transporting oil from Neodosha to Baxter Springs, a distance approximately fifty-six miles, the railroads charging in effect 17½ cents for a haul of thirty-six miles further beyond the Kansas line.

E. L. Willhoyt, formerly an agent at Topeka, Kas., for the Standard Oil company, but now an independent dealer with offices at Joplin and Springfield, Mo., was placed on the stand. In reply to questions, Mr. Willhoyt said:

"The Standard Oil company when I was with them, was charged five dollars a car by the terminal company in St. Louis for transporting a car from East St. Louis, Ill. to St. Louis, Mo. To save this five dollars, the Standard laid a pipe line under the river and every car of oil westward would be pumped out in East St. Louis and pumped into another car in St. Louis. This five dollars a car saved was that much off the ability of the Independent dealers to live in competition with the Standard."

Continuing, Mr. Willhoyt said:

"Since I have been in business for myself, I have had much trouble in getting my tank cars transshipped at St. Louis. This generally happens when I am low on oil. Once I had a tank car of oil drift off from East St. Louis to Alabama. At the time I was out of oil and I lost customers on account of it. The Standard company, my competitor in Springfield, had plently of oil and got the customers I lost."

Mr. Willhoyt said that while agent for the Standard at Topeka, he was instructed to watch all shipments of oil to that point and to ascertain the name of the shipper and the point of destination.

POLITICAL PRISONERS

Must be Arraigned Within Twenty-Four Hours in Russia.

St. Petersburg, March 13.—The government has sent a circular to the governor-generals and governors of provinces instructing them that persons taken into custody for political offenses must, within twenty-four hours of their arrest, be confronted with the charges and allowed to make explanations. The circular also generally insists on expedition in the trials of political prisoners. This step on the part of the government is the result of the tremendous outcry raised against the arbitrary action of the local authorities in arresting suspects and holding them without trial or exiling them by administrative order. Over 70,000 persons have been arrested in European Russia since the government entered on its active campaign against the revolutionists.

CONRIED ACQUITTED

Of Charge of Violating Law Regarding Sunday Theaters.

New York, March 13.—Heinrich Conried, director of the Metropolitan Opera house, was acquitted today of a charge of violating the law regarding Sunday theatrical performances. He was arrested recently for giving Sunday night concerts at the Metropolitan Opera house, his arrest being made as a test case. Verdi's Requiem Mass was the production upon which the charge was based.

MANY LOSE ON STOCKS

Brokers Buy Heavily on Reported Supreme Court Decision.

Full Decision Changes Aspect and the Stocks Go Down.

Chicago, March 12.—The price of Chicago Union Traction common broke on the stock exchange today from 10 to 7½. There were no sales of West Chicago or North Chicago, and few of Union Traction. Heavy losses were sustained by a number of local brokers who acted on the first information given out regarding the decision of the supreme court yesterday. It was generally construed as being favorable to the street car companies and against the city, and the first brokers who received the information proceeded to buy stocks. West Chicago in a few minutes rose from 50 to 60, but later, because of selling by a few brokers who realized their mistake, the price dropped to 55. Union Traction advanced from 12¾ to 13¼ and North Chicago from 80 to 85. The mistake was not realized until the market had closed. There was very little doing in the stocks on the local exchange today.

The first step that is now expected in the traction matter is a petition for a rehearing by the traction companies.

The attorneys for the Chicago City Railway company, which operates the lines on the South side of the city, and the lawyers for the Union Traction company, operating on the West side of the city, claim that under the purchase clause in the ordinances governing the franchises which the supreme court has held are alive until the property is purchased by the city, all of the tangible property of the companies must be bought in order to extinguish the life of the franchises.

The clause is broad. After providing the manner in which the city council shall elect to take over the property it declares that it must pay within six months for:

"The tracks of said railway companies, cars, carriages, station houses, station grounds, furniture and implements of every kind used in the construction or operation of said railway, or any appliances in and about the same."

It is said at the city hall, now that the question of 99-year franchises has been disposed of, the city will be able to grant permits to the companies to trolleyize all of their cable systems. The city has been afraid, heretofore, to grant such permits, believing that it could not get the trolleys down again without a long legal fight if the companies once erected them.

STREET CARS IN COLLISION

One Person Killed and Many Injured at South Omaha.

Omaha, March 13.—In a collision at South Omaha early today between north and southbound street cars, one man was killed and several persons injured, six of whom were severely injured. The dead:

UNKNOWN LABORER, aged about 40 years.

Seriously injured: William Richt, South Omaha, will die; Fred A. Hoffman, Albright, aged 18, arm broken and ribs crushed, will probably die; Joseph Rynkar, South Omaha, internal injuries; Figa Anderson, aged 4, badly hurt, may die; Mary Maloney, South Omaha, internally injured; Miss Cobbler, South Omaha, badly bruised and internally injured.

FUNERALS BY THE HUNDRED

Of Victims of Mine Disaster Are Being Held Near Courrieres.

Paris, March 13.—Hundreds of funerals are being held today in the towns surrounding Courrieres, where the mine disaster Saturday resulted in the loss of over 1,000 lives. Snow has fallen, but lines of mourners fill every road, many of them carrying caskets, as the number of hearses obtainable is insufficient.

At Billy-Montigny a rough altar was erected in the open air and funeral services were conducted over sixty bodies. Another and similar ceremony occurred at Mericourt over the unidentified dead.

The company's latest figures show that there were 1,212 victims of the explosion. Mining Director Meyer of Herne, Prussia, with his rescue corps of Westphalians, recovered twenty-six more bodies this morning. The heroic efforts of the Germans are exciting admiration and praise.

ADMIRAL IS CENSURED

For Exacting Pledge From Middies Not to Engage in Hazing.

Committee Recommends Graduated Punishment for Offense.

Washington, March 13.—The sub-committee named by the house committee on naval affairs, to investigate hazing at Annapolis made its report to the whole committee today through Representative Vreeland of New York, chairman of the investigating committee.

Rear Admiral Brownson is censured in the report for exacting a pledge from midshipmen not to engage in hazing and for allowing the boys to think the pledge was personal to him and did not hold after Rear Admiral Sands became superintendent at Annapolis. Lieut. C. H. Synder is also censured mildly for having countenanced hazing.

Graduated punishment for hazing is recommended by the sub-committee which is firmly of the opinion that the present system of expelling all midshipmen found guilty of hazing is vicious. Rear Admiral Sands and other officers now at the academy are praised for the discipline they are maintaining and the report shows that cadet officers have been chiefly responsible for hazing. As a result of its examination of witnesses and records the sub-committee found that 281 members of the three upper classes at the academy including the class which recently graduated, have been guilty of hazing and on trial could be expelled from the academy. The result would be a great and unnecessary loss to the government, in the opinion of the members of the committee who found that many of the offenses were trivial.

The investigation shows there are three forms of hazing at Annapolis, physical hazing, running and fagging. They are defined at length in the report. The physical hazing consists of compelling midshipmen to stand on their heads and other much-discussed means of punishment. Fagging is the forcing of under-classmen to do menial service for upper-classmen, such as blacking shoes and serving meals. Running is the forcing of under-classmen to do ridiculous feats. One of the most popular performances under this classification was giving an exact imitation of sunrise on the farm, which consisted of imitating roosters and other domestic fowl.

Under the forms of physical hazing sitting on infinity was one of the most commonly practiced. It was generally practiced at mealtime and was the forcing of a midshipman to maintain a sitting posture after his chair was withdrawn from under him.

Cadet officers tolerated all such practices and in fact encouraged them, according to the report of the sub-committee. Forcing younger members to do such things was one of the most cherished rights of members of the first class, entrusted with maintaining discipline.

GREAT PRAISE FOR JAPANESE

Bishop O'Connell Pleased With the People and Their Country.

Boston, March 13.—Most Rev. William H. O'Connell, recently appointed coadjutor archbishop of Boston, arrived here today on the steamer Romance from Naples. At the dock to greet the archbishop were many Catholic clergymen and laymen from Maine and Massachusetts. The prelate spoke freely of his recent trip to Japan, which he made as the special ambassador of the pope. He expressed himself as charmed with the Japanese and their country and said that his sojourn in Japan was most delightful.

"People have read of the progress made by the Japanese in the last twenty years," said he, "but those who have not been in Japan cannot begin to realize the great intelligence and strength of that people."

DARING ROBBERY IN ST. PETERSBURG

Dozen Men Hold Up Government Distillery in Broad Daylight.

St. Petersburg, March 13.—This city which thus far has been singularly free from the carnival of robbery and murder prevalent in the interior cities was the scene today of a daring robbery in broad daylight. A dozen men armed with revolvers entered a government spirits distillery on the Schlusselburg embankment, held up the employes and rifled the safe.

The returns from the peasant's elections continue generally to show the selection of elders, priests and village scribes to represent them at the district conventions but there are notable instances of apathy or of a demand for a complete, new electoral plan. At Arkatoff only 83 out of 1,300 small farmers, participated and in the provinces along the Volga, almost without exception the peasants continue to elect new men.

The full returns from the workmen's election at Moscow show that 65 per cent participated and that they mostly selected moderate liberals.

SIX TONS OF DYNAMITE EXPLODE WITHOUT WARNING AT THE WORKS OF THE POWER COMPANY AT THOMSON

Terrific Detonation Heard Plainly at Duluth and Superior.

Five Workmen Injured, But None of Them Will Die.

Magazine Explodes Just After a Watchman Had Left It.

A terrific explosion of dynamite, which shook the earth like an earthquake, occurred at Thomson, Minn., about 7:40 o'clock last evening, injuring five men, but, peculiarly enough, causing the death of none. One or two of the men received painful wounds, but they are not serious.

Several large crews of laborers working within a few hundred feet of the scene of the explosion might have been numbered among the injured had it not been for the fact that the magazine was located between two ridges of slate, which made the force of the explosion felt less a short distance away. These ridges run east and west and this protected Carlton from the full force.

About six tons of dynamite were stored in this house. What caused it to explode is not known. The flash and loud report were plainly seen and heard in Duluth and Superior, and in various smaller towns through Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin within a radius of twenty miles or more. Thomson is eighteen miles from Duluth and about three miles from Carlton. While the explosion was plainly heard at Carlton, no windows were broken there. This was because of the fact of the dynamite being between the slate ridges, it is believed.

About one mile down the St. Louis river all the windows were broken in Lawson's camp, and the dishes were shaken from the shelves and broken. None of the men at the camp were injured. Lawson is one of the sub-contractors on the Northern ower company work.

The man who was in charge of the powder house had locked the door probably five minutes before the explosion occurred. Although a considerable distance from the place, he was thrown violently to the ground, but was not badly hurt. He is as ignorant as any one concerning the cause of the explosion.

George Young, locomotive engineer, was seated in the cab of his engine when the explosion came. He was blown through the window of the cab and landed forty or fifty feet distant. The cab was blown from the engine, which was jarred from the rails. He is cut about the head.

Fred Walsh was blown 100 feet, through the walls of a switch shanty. He was cut and bruised but his condition is not serious.

A man named Gates was also considerably battered up and another named Gigoma was cut and bruised but is at work today.

Between 200 and 300 men were working within 1,000 feet of the powder house, and many were thrown to the ground by the terrific concussion. Both night and day crews are employed on the Northern Power company work at Thomson.

The explosion tore a hole in the ground forty feet across and twenty feet in depth. The round house and pump house, only a short distance away, were wrecked by the explosion.

Night and day shifts are being

(Continued on page 10, seventh column.)

BROKE OUT SUDDENLY

Fire Starts in Paint Warehouse and Spreads Very Rapidly.

Escape of Inmates Nearly Cut Off by Dense Smoke.

Fire broke out in the basement of the building at 228 West Michigan street, this morning, with a suddenness that nearly cut off the escape of the people at work on the floor above.

The fire started in the paint and oil stock of the Thomson & Dunlop company, which occupies one-half of the building, and in an instant the entire building was filled with a dense cloud of smoke.

The office employes had not even time to close the safe, and some of them had to leave their building without their outer wraps, in order to escape from the choking cloud of smoke which filled the room.

The fire started in the basement where Charles Carlson, one of the employes of the Thomson & Dunlop company was working, repairing a tap. He carried a lighted candle to assist him in the work, and in some manner the oil and paint which was stored in the basement, became ignited.

Carlson escaped from the basement, and after reaching the street and learning that the safe had not been closed, he ran back into the building at the risk of being overcome by the smoke, and pulled the doors shut. His clothes caught fire while he was thus attempting to save the books and records of the firm, and his coat was partly burned before the flames could be extinguished. His eyebrows and hair were also scorched.

Miss Agnes Almquist, the stenographer employed by Thomson & Dunlop, had to flee, coughing and choking, to the street without her hat or coat, and Wesley Dunlop, a junior partner, also had to make a hurried exit.

All the equipment from the central part of the city was sent to the scene, and the fire was soon under control. The building is but little damaged, aside from some broken glass in the rear windows, and some charred timbers in the basement and about the elevator shaft. The plaster is also knocked off the ceiling in places.

Mr. Dunlop, when seen shortly after the fire had been extinguished, said he was unable to make any guess as to the loss on his stock, but it is not believed to be very heavy.

The building, which is fifty feet wide and two stories in height on Michigan street, is occupied by three firms. Thomson & Dunlop have the east half of the building, and the American Heating company occupies the greater part of the west half. Arthur H. Krieger, representing the Keasby-Mattison company, had office room in the half of the building occupied by the American Heating company, but had recently removed all of his stock to new quarters.

In the basement of the building the Thomson & Dunlop company, carried a stock of brick, cement, step ladders, oil, varnish, tile and some glass. The American Heating company had a stock of steam radiators and cast iron boilers in the basement, and these are not likely to be much damaged.

The salvage corps did good work in saving the stock of paints, oils and all kinds of building materials, which was carried on the first floor. The tarpaulins were spread over the shelves in time to protect the stock from the smoke and water, and the damage to the stock on the first floor will be very small.

Mr. Dunlop was unable to state the exact amount of insurance carried, but said that the loss would be fully covered.

The building is owned by Bradley & Tyson, an Eastern firm, represented by W. M. Prindle & Co. It was insured for $12,000 in the following companies represented by W. M. Prindle & Co.:

Scottish Union & National	$2,000
Springfield Fire & Marine	2,000
Phoenix of London	2,000
St. Paul Fire & Marine	2,000
Traders of Chicago	2,000
Philadelphia Underwriters	2,000

KNOCKS OUT TWO TEETH

Young Spaniard Savagely Assaults Deputy for Criticising Generals.

Madrid, March 13.—As the royal cortege was passing the chamber of deputies a nephew of Gen. Primo-Rivera, the former commander of the Spanish troops in the Philippine islands, savagely assaulted Deputy Sogiano for criticising acts of the Spanish generals in Cuba and the Philippines. Senor Sogiano was knocked down and lost two of his teeth.

The assault followed united declarations upon the part of Generals Rivera, Weyler, Blanco, Polavieja and Linares denying the charges of irregularity in Cuba and the Philippines. Gen. Rivera announced that he would resign from the army unless the government defended the generals against the charges, and Gen. Weyler declared that he intended to take their defense into his own hands. Rivera's nephew thereupon determined to publicly assault Deputy Sogiano, who was chiefly responsible for the criticisms.

MISS ANTHONY'S FUNERAL WILL BE HELD THURSDAY.

Rochester, March 13.—The funeral of Susan B. Anthony will be held on Thursday at 2 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Gannett of the First Unitarian church, of which Miss Anthony was a member, will officiate. In a message of condolence from Mrs. May Wright Sewall of Indianapolis, honorary president of the International Council of Women, Mrs. Sewall, requested that she be informed of the hour the funeral is to be held in order that a memorial service may be held in that city at the same time.

FOR KILLING OF HUSBAND

Former Duluth Woman Has Been Convicted at Madison, S. D.

Dora La Pine Declares That She Did it in Self Defense.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 13.—Judge Frank R. Aikens has returned to his home in this city from Madison, where he acted as attorney for Dora La Pine, who on Saturday evening was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree for the shooting and killing of her husband, Joseph La Pine. The tragedy occurred on Feb. 8 last at a resort conducted by the couple at Lake Herman, Lake county.

This was the first murder trial in the history of Lake county, and for this reason it attracted a great deal of attention, the court room at all times during the trial being packed with a dense mass of humanity.

Efforts will be made to secure a new trial for the defendant, and if these fail an appeal will be taken to the state supreme court.

The dramatic feature of the trial was the appearance on the witness stand of the defendant in her own behalf. According to her testimony, while a poor servant girl she had loved La Pine, not wisely but too well, and had been dragged to the depths of degradation by him. She testified that she is 38 years of age and a native of Germany. She was bereft of her parents when six months old, and while yet a child was sent to her brother, who resided in New York city.

From New York she came West to Shakopee, Minn., where she attended school. She also attended school at Jordan, Minn., and when 16 years of age

(Continued on page 7, sixth column.)

BLIZZARD RAGES AT SALT LAKE

Wind Blows Sixty Miles an Hour, Wrecking Many Houses.

Salt Lake, March 13.—From midnight until daylight today Salt Lake was in the grasp of the worst storm in years. Beginning with a drizzling rain, a wind which attained at one time a velocity of sixty miles an hour soon followed. Signs were wrenched from their fastenings, chimneys were in many places shattered, electric wires broken and in some instances roofs carried away. New buildings throughout the city were rendered wrecks and the loss to uncompleted structures will be heavy. The New Warm Springs bathhouse, just northeast of the city, was damaged to the extent of thousands of dollars. The telegraph wires were paralyzed, but one out of Salt Lake being workable. The wind was followed by one of the fiercest blizzards ever seen here. Street car traffic is delayed and street travel this morning is almost impossible.

LITTLE INTEREST IN THE PRIMARIES

The Vote in St. Paul is Much Smaller Than Usual.

St. Paul, March 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—An exceedingly light vote was cast in the St. Paul primary election this morning.

The lack of interest gave evident satisfaction to the managers of the present mayor's campaign for re-election, their theory evidently being that the Republicans were not seriously stirred to the necessity for a change. The vote was light in the Democratic precincts as well as in those of Republican tendencies.

No sign of the expected "repeaters" had been manifested in the downtown precincts this forenoon.

If any are put in this time, it will apparently be done with the rush after the supper hour tonight.

Even in the Third ward, where three aldermanic candidates are making a lively hustle for the Democratic nomination, the vote today is less than half what it has ordinarily been.

TO OPEN UP MINE.

Virginia and Duluth Men to Organize a Company Soon.

Virginia, Minn., March 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Jacob Stein and E. J. O'Rourke of this city and John Helmer of Duluth will soon organize a company to operate a mine in section 23-52-22, near Nashwauk, now being explored by Mr. Helmer. Mr. Helmer has been at work on the property all winter and has shown up a body of ore from 50 to 100 feet in thickness, covering almost the entire tract of 80 acres. The land is a lease taken from the state.

As the surface is only twenty to thirty feet in thickness, the work will be done with steam shovels and the ore will be uncovered. It is expected to begin stripping in the near future and to put the property in the shipping class this year. The property is within half a mile of the Great Northern road. The ore is a non-Bessemer, but of very good grade, and hence will find a ready market.

WANTS DIVORCE TO BE ABSOLUTE

Countess Boni de Castellane Asks to Amend Her Proceedings.

Paris, March 13.—Countess Boni de Castellane, accompanied by Edmond Kelly, her lawyer, today appeared before Judge Ditte, of the civil tribunal of the Seine, and asked for permission to amend the proceedings in her application for a separation from her husband, so that the decree will give her an absolute divorce. The application asked for a separate domicile and custody of the children pending the legal proceedure. Judge Ditte before finally deciding complied with the usual formality of requiring the husband and wife to appear together for the purpose of interrogating them concerning the possibility of a reconciliation. The latter will fulfill the legal requirement, but it is not expected to yield favorable results as the parties are fully determined to terminate their union. Their joint appearance before the court will occur in four or five days and immediately thereafter an amended bill will be filed and a writ will be served on the same grounds as previously the only change being a petition that the bonds of matrimony be dissolved.

STEAMER MAY BE LOST.

Victoria, B. C., March 13.—News is received from Skidegate that a life buoy and two oars marked "S. S. Zapora," and two dories, not marked, have been found on Graham Island. Two broken oak built ships, boats, ten oars, and about 20,000 feet of lumber also came ashore between Skiegate and Rose Spit. The Zapora is a steam fishing vessel, carrying about thirty men, which plies from Tacoma to the halibut banks of Queen Charlotte sound.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GOOD EVENING!

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT—Snow tonight and Wednesday. Warmer tonight, with temperature between 10 and 20 degrees above zero. Brisk to high northeast winds.

BLUES AND GRAYS

THE THING FOR SPRING

It's ten times prettier than it sounds; it's very much Broadway and it's going to make some of Duluth's swellest dressers sit up and blink. You can get the genuine at only one store, and that's the

Home of the Knox Hat.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 W. Superior St.

NEED WE ARGUE?

About the advantages of a Safe Deposit Box after the many burglaries daily reported in the papers. A lifetime's rental of one of our safes represents a cost much less than one average burglary.

$3.00 Per Year and Higher.

Open regular business hours and Saturday evenings 6 to 8.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK.

COUNTY AUDITOR ON TAX MATTERS

Will Address Real Estate Exchange Wednesday Evening.

County Auditor Halden will address members of the Duluth Real Estate exchange on city tax matters at the Commercial club tomorrow evening. The matter of devising means for compelling the railroads to pay some taxes to the city on their property here will very likely be brought up, but it now appears that this question will not come in for so much attention as will the question of taxes on real estate in general throughout the city.

The expenses of the city have increased during the last few years and it has become necessary to obtain more money through taxation to keep the several departments running. Some favor a higher tax rate, and others argue for an increase in the assessed valuation of the real estate, leaving the tax rate at the old figure. The question will be put to a vote at the meeting tomorrow night, and it is believed the action of the exchange will have an influence on the city authorities when they come to consider the matter of making the assessment this spring.

If there is an increase in the assessed valuation of the real estate most of the extra money required will come from the owners of real estate, rather than from owners of other taxable property. The members of the exchange are naturally greatly interested in the question, and it will be talked over in all its lights at the meeting.

MORE MONEY FOR JAPS.

Washington, March 13.—The American National Red Cross society yesterday sent to the Japanese Red Cross society an additional contribution of $5,000. This makes a total of $45,000 which has been contributed by the American public for the relief of the famine-stricken provinces of Japan.

Arclay
A Clupeco Shrunk Quarter Size
ARROW
15 Cents each, 2 for 25 Cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Makers of Cluett and Monarch Shirts.

FINE POINT IS RAISED

Attorney Claims That Saloonkeeper Has No Standing in Court.

His License Was Issued in Name of Brewing Company.

Because a saloon license is not made out in his own name, a saloonkeeper may be unable to collect for bar bills contracted by his patrons, as a result of an objection raised by Attorney A. E. McManus before Judge Windom in the municipal court this afternoon.

When it is realized that fully half of the saloon licenses in the city are in the name of some brewing company, and run by proprietors who are little more than agents, the importance of the question can be readily realized.

The point was raised in the case of John Hollen against W. H. Finch, a railroad switchman. Hollen claims that Finch owns him $87.30 for "merchandise" and $19.35 borrowed money, of which sum only $40 has been paid, leaving a balance of $66.65, for which he has brought suit through his attorney, J. D. Holmes.

Hollen was placed upon the stand, and testified that he had sold the defendant whisky and beer to the value of $87.30.

"You sold this man this whisky and beer?" asked Mr. McManus.

"Yes."

"Have you a license?"

"Why—"

"Answer the question yes or no. Have you a license to sell whisky in tae city of Duluth?"

"No."

"That's all," said Mr. McManus.

A motion was then entered for judgment for the defendant on two grounds. One claim was that the saloonkeeper had no right to sell the plaintiff the whisky without a license and that therefore he had no legal standing before the courts, and that if the courts gave him judgment for the amount, they would be assisting in breaking the law.

The other reason given for the dismissal of the case was the fact that the plaintiff had failed to prove that the goods had been furnished at the request of the defendant, as alleged in the complaint.

Judge Windom took the case under consideration, and will give his decision within a day or two.

CITY BRIEFS

Smoke none but home-made Union Label cigars.

Miss Nudson, formerly connected with the millinery department of Mannheimer Bros., St. Paul, has associated herself with J. M. Gidding & Co., where she will be pleased to see her many friends who formerly had their hats designed by her at St. Paul.

Madame Coakley, who has charge of the millinery department of the J. M. Gidding & Co., has returned from the East.

Rev. Thomas Grice of the Asbury M. E. church will speak at the evangelistic services in Grace M. E. church this evening.

A concert will be given in the Norwegian Lutheran church, Fifty-seventh avenue and Wadena street, March 15. The pipe organ solo given by John Sether of Minneapolis. Soloists, Roy Prytz and Clara Richardson.

Record of a large timber deal was made at the office of the register of deeds yesterday afternoon when a deed was filed transferring from the French Lumbering company to the Rainy Lake company a large area of pine lands in 66-20, 67,20, 68-20 and 67-21, for $80,000.

The public affairs comittee of the Commercial club will holds its annual meeting at the club rooms next Friday evening. Reports of the several sub-committees, covering the year's work, will be read. It is expected that they will show much good accomplished, as the result of the work of the committee, in the way of advancing the interests of the city.

Star of Hope Temple No. 29 Rathbone Sisters will give a card party in its rooms in the Temple building, Wednesday afternoon.

President Hollister of the board of fire commissioners stated this morning that he did not know when the board would pass upon the testimony in the recent Black investigation. The stenographer is still at work upon the transcript of the testimony, and when this is completed the board will meet and review it.

PERSONALS

J. H. Haines of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., is visiting friends and relatives in the city for a few days.

H. Levine of the Bee Hive Department Store returned today from the eastern markets.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Sullivan left for St. Paul today.

A. O. Wilson of Hibbing is a guest at the Lenox.

A. Brostedt is in St. Paul today.

E. J. Boyle of Rush City, Minn., is registered at the St. Louis.

H. C. Braeger of Neenah, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Immigrant Inspecter W. H. Dean has returned from a trip to New York.

Mrs. A. E. McManus and her sister, Mrs. John Currie, will sail tomorrow from Southampton for New York. Mrs. Currie is returning from the Philippines, where she was living previous to the death of her husband.

WANTS PATENT CANCELLED.

James Dunphy Sues Northern Pacific in Indemnity Land Matter.

James V. Dunphy has started a suit in equity against the Northern Pacific railway to cover a patent to the north half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the northwest quarter of 31-52-15. The suit is started in United States court, and the complaint alleges that the plaintiff's application to file on the land described was rejected by the land officials on the ground that the land belongs to the Northern Pacific as indemnity land.

This the plaintiff denies, and asks to have the railway company's patent set aside and the United States land officials compelled to accept his homestead application. This land is not, as was published this morning, in the Cedar Island lake district.

YOUNG MAN ENLISTS.

G. F. Kidrick Will Become a Jacky in Uncle Sam's Navy.

G. F. Kidrick of 1610 East Fifth street was enlisted today by the naval recruiting party which is holding forth this week at the government building. Kidrick is only 18 years of age and lives at the place mentioned with his parents. He will be sent to Norfolk, Va., on Friday. Two other applicants were turned down, one not being an American citizen and the other having some physical defects which barred him.

REDUCTION OF CLERKS

In Government Service a Crying Necessity, Says Littaur.

Could Get Along With Three-Fourths of Present Employes.

Washington, March 13.—The house at once began the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill on meeting today. The bill carried a total appropriation of $29,134,181.

In explaining the bill Mr. Littaur (N. Y.), said it provided the salaries for 14,406 public servants, embracing the entire service. He at once proceeded with an elaborate critical explanation of the increasing power of the government bureau chief and the helpless condition of congress in controlling the expediture of appropriations.

A classification of salaries of government clerks was, he said, a crying necessity. Men doing exactly the same work now receive, some $1,800, some $1,600 and some $1,400 and others $1,000. All this tended to demoralize the service. He suggested a commission to go into the qestion. If something was not done, he predicted the condition would grow decidedly worse. The service of the government, if business methods were applied, Mr. Littaur maintained, could be conducted for half the money it now costs and with three-fourths the number of clerks. The door of entrance to this service was wide open, but once in, it opened only wide enough to let a coffin out. It was a life tenure.

Mr. Grosvenor asked if there was no power to get rid of an incompetent clerk.

"There is, but it is not lived up to," answered Mr. Littaur, who continued by declaring that this government should not be made a charitable institution and its service a home for the aged and infirm.

Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) asked if the law did not make it the duty on the head of a department to discharge an incompetent clerk.

It did, replied Mr. Littaur, but there was no penalty to that law. Mr. Dalzell held that any law without a penalty was a dead letter.

Mr. Littaur went into details regarding the proposition in the bill to reduce the salaries of aged clerks and after 1915 eliminate all together clerks of the age of 70 years. Reverting again to the inequalities of salaries, Mr. Littaur said that the expenses of the senate end of the capitol, when compared with the house end, showed that a senator cost the government just three times what a member of the house casts.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, March 13.—When the senate convened today Mr. Scott presented an amendment to the railroad rate bill requiring railroads to make connection with intersecting lines, with proper facilities for transfer of business and the exchange of cars.

The following bills were passed:

Authorizing the sale of a tract of public land in Dakota county, Minnesota, to that state.

Regulating the use of reservoir sites on the public lands.

Amending the law relative to the issuance of duplicate treasury checks in case of loss.

Providing for the disposal of isolated tracts of public lands.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

Madison, Wis., March 13.—Horace Tenney, a prominent pioneer lawyer and editor of Wisconsin, died today, aged 86. He had been a member of both houses of the legislature, state treasurer, state printer, army paymaster, university regent and secretary of the railroad commission under Governor Taylor. He selected the site for the university of Wisconsin. For some years he had been an editor on papers of Chicago and St. Paul.

Baltimore, March 13.—Basile Moxley, who for more than half a century has been associated in theatrical lines with the late John T. Ford and his sons, died at an early hour yesterday, following a stroke of paralysis suffered last Saturday. He was in his eighty-first year.

Philadelphia, March 13.—Clarence H. Clark, banker and philanthropist and for many years one of the most prominent figures in financial circles, died early yesterday morning at his home here. He was 73 years old. Mr. Clark was one of the last survivors of a group of financiers who achieved national prominence at the time of the Civil war. He was the first president of the First National bank of this city and in that capacity signed the first national bank note issued under the provisions of the national banking act of 1863. Mr. Clark's benefactions have been many.

COBWED BRAINS.

How to Clean Out Your Attic.

From a military post out West comes the story of a lady who frankly admits that she was once a coffee drunkard:

"For twenty years I drank coffee, although I knew that it was harmful to me. I suffered from periodical nervous headaches which the physician said were caused by the use of coffee. I was indeed a confirmed 'coffee drunkard.'

"I suffered so intensely from headaches as to require the services of a nurse. I could find no tablets or powders that would give me any permanent relief and I was compelled to just let the headaches take their course. Each attack used to last for a day or two.

"After I married and had the cares of a family I found I was becoming a nervous wreck, and the strain became unendurable. Something had to be done, and I concluded to try Postum Food Coffee, giving up the old kind altogether.

"I made it rich and strong, according to directions, and drank it with plenty of good cream. It proved to be delicious. It took several days for the coffee poison to work out of my system, but I persisted and won out, and great was my reward! Renewed energy and vigor came to me and I improved so that my neighbors observed and remarked upon it.

"During all the year that I have used Postum I have not had a single headache, proof conclusive that my old agonies came from coffee alone. I can do all the work I want with perfect ease and freedom from exhausting fatigue, and am a strong, healthy woman, for which blessed change Postum and right living get the credit." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

THE STYLE STORE

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

Are Now Displaying New Spring Lines of—

"Phipps" English

Walking Hats and Sailors

For Street and Out Door Wear, in a large variety of new and effective models at—

$6, $8, $10, $12 and $14.

Also Many New Styles in

Mourning Hats

Of Black Moline and Straw—Especially attractive values at—*$5, $7.50 and $10.*

Madame Coakley

Is now taking orders for advance styles in Hats for Dress Wear—and also

Desires to Announce

the arrival of her head trimmer from the East where she has gathered ideas from the foremost milliners of the land.

A Card.

We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

COPPER STOCKS ARE FIRMER

The Market Closes With Stronger Prices and Better General Tone.

Listed copper stocks were firmer today. North Butte opened at $83, fell to $82.25 and rallied to $83, closing at $82.87½ bid and $83 asked. Amalgamated opened at $107.50, fell off to $106.12½ and advanced to $108.62½. The transfer of a large block of the United Copper company's treasury bonds to the Butte Coalition company had a beneficial effect on United Copper today, it going from $69.50 to $72.75, closing at $72.25 bid and $72.62½ asked. Butte Coalition was inactive and closed at $35 bid and $36.50 asked. Anaconda was stronger also, advancing from $265.50 to $271.75 and closing at $271 bid.

Calumet & Arizona sold at $112 and closed at $112 bid. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $20.75 and closed at $20.50 bid. Denn-Arizona sold at $21.50 and closed at $21 bid. Junction was quite active, selling at $25 and $26. The closing price was $25.75 bid. Lake Superior & Pittsburg sold at $41.25 and closed at $41.50 bid and Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $21 bid and $22 asked, after selling at $21.75.

Black Mountain sold at $11 and closed at $10.75 bid and $11 asked, Keweenaw sold at $14.50 and closed at $14.50 bid and $15 asked. Copper Queen of Idaho sold at $2.50 and closed at $2 bid and $3 asked. Warren sold at $15.25 and closed at $15 bid.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Facial Massage, Manicuring, at Miss Horrigan's.

WANTED — PROTESTANT GIRL FOR general housework. Call 2107 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE — GOOD RELIABLE DRIVing horse, guaranteed to be sound. Apply 18 First avenue west.

Best place to get shoes repaired while shopping. Gopher Shoe Works.

MANICURING, FACE AND SCALP treatments. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Blk.

BIRTHS.

MAINVILLE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mainville of 933 Garfield avenue, March 11.
DANIELSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Danielson of 1008 West Superior street, March 12.
McCARTER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McCarter of 1424 London road, March 4.
McDONALD—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John McDonald at St. Luke's hospital, March 10.

DEATHS.

SOLEN—Jennie, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Solen of 311 East Eighth street, died March 9.
CLARK—Esther Della Clark, aged 39 years, died March 9 at her home, 18 Fifteenth avenue west.
MARLOW—Edward Marlow, aged 13 years, died March 11, at 2201 West Twelfth street.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Mike Zettel, frame building on Sixth avenue east between Eighth and Ninth streets, to cost	$500
Deetz & Co., steel ceiling in building on Superior street between Second and Third avenues west, to cost	243
Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, ore dock in Oneota, to cost	500,000
Duluth Brewing & Malting company, alterations to brewery, on Helm street between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth avenues west, to cost	30,000
Nick Riche, frame kitchen on Fifty-fourth avenue west, between Main and Polk streets, to cost	75

MAY DEFEAT THE STATEHOOD BILL

Speaker May Refer Measure to the Committee on Territories.

Washington, March 13.—There are indications that the statehood bill may be referred by Speaker Cannon to the committee on territories. This action, the friends of statehood for Indian Territory and Oklahoma fear, will entirely defeat the measure. The committee can retain the bill indefinitely and should it appear that there are "insurgent" votes enough to concur with the senate the bill would not, they say, be brought into the house.

Under the rules of the house a senate amendment to a house bill which changes the charge on the treasury sends the bill to the committee automatically. The amendment in question is one granting lieu lands to the new state for school purposes in case sections 13 and 33 reserved in each township prove to be mineral lands.

SUES FOR DAMAGES.

Saloon Man at Cass Lake Blames Gas People for Disaster.

A suit has been transferred from the district court at Bemidji to the United States court in Duluth. It is a suit for $9,000 brought by Iver Wold, surviving partner of the firm of Rivard & Wold of Cass Lake against J. B. Golt & Co. of New York.

Aug. 27, 1904, a saloon at Cass Lake was blown up by an explosion of acetylene gas used in the building for lighting purposes, and Rivard, one of the owners of the saloon, was killed in the affair. Rivard's partner is now suing the company which put in the acetylene plant for the damages caused by the explosion and burning of the saloon, and this is the suit.

PRESIDENT'S REQUEST

For Money for Investigation to Be Reported Favorably.

Washington, March 13.—The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce today decided to make a favorable report on the Townsend joint resolution providing for an appropriation of $50,000 to enable the interstate commerce commission to investigate railways and monopolies under the Tillman-Gillespie joint resolution. The Townsend resolution also corrects other defects of the Tillman-Gillespie resolution, pointed out by the president.

PUDDLERS ON STRIKE; STEEL WORKS CLOSE.

Youngstown, Ohio, March 13.—Because one man was refused admission to the works of the Valley plant of the Republic Iron & Steel company, after a brief absence, sixty puddlers and helpers are on strike. As a result the entire concern was closed down this afternoon, throwing 1,000 men out of work. The company asserts that it is a violation of their agreement with the Amalgamated association for employes to leave the plant between heats.

CABINET ORGANIZED.

Paris, March 13.—The new cabinet has been definitely constituted. It will hold its first formal meeting tomorrow morning and will appear before the chamber of deputies in the afternoon. The ministry is composed of the men whose names have already been announced.

Health—Economy

Calumet Baking Powder

No Alum, no Rochelle Salts in Food made with Calumet

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Newest Effects and Colors in Tailored Suits and Gowns!

That we have always led in fashions, is a well known fact—but this season it is more plainly illustrated than ever!

Over four hundred distinct styles in Tailored Suits alone are shown by us!

Every one of them with a "charm" and a "grace" all their own! Beginning with a well made sensible suit of good materials at $15.00, and then $18.50, $22.50, $25.00, $27.50, $29.50, $32.50, $35.00, $37.50, $39.50 and on up to $97.50 for the most beautiful and elaborate suits of plain or novelty materials that it has ever been our pleasure to show!

We pride ourselves on having one of the best alteration departments in the West. We employ none but expert tailoresses and dressmakers and expert men tailors for our strictly tailored garments, thus assuring our customers of getting not only perfect fittings, but absolutely right in workmanship. Three expert fitters are constantly employed, and one or two extra ones in the rush season, which assures our patrons promptness in the necessary fittings.

An array of models and materials that is almost impossible to describe, nor shall we attempt to!

Come and see them!

The invitation is broad and hearty — we want you to feel that you can do so at your will without being under any obligation to buy!

We've never been so well prepared to meet the wants of a critical and discriminating trade as this season!

We've never been so well prepared with styles and assortments—nor have we ever been so well prepared to give our trade such excellent values!

Right now is one of the very best times to prepare for Easter and spring!

The cold snap is holding the rush back!

Take advantage of the opportunity!

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

TALLY CARDS

Our stock is large and varied. We have the most complete assortment of Stationery in the city. The latest publications by the world's best authors are always to be found here. We make a specialty of Legal Blanks and Fountain Pens.

ALBERTSON'S

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS WITH THE

Duluth Savings Bank,

UNDER STATE SUPERVISION.

Where It Will Earn 3 Per Cent Interest, Compounded Semi-Annually

Under the direct management of the following well known conservative Trustees:

John G. Williams, Dr. J. J. Eklund,
Francis W. Sullivan, John R. Mitchell,
Jas. H. Pearce, Louis S. Loeb,
J. L. Washburn, J. W. Lyder, Jr.

New Location—No. 220 West Superior Street.

NOTED MEN'S MOTTOES.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: "Might makes right," was Arbaham Lincoln's motto for times of struggle and contest. "Do the best, but if you can't do the best then do the best you can," was his watchword for all kinds of days.

"There is no difficulty to him who wills," said Louis Kossuth, voicing his brave opinion from the steps of Independence hall.

A moment's reflection will suggest interesting ideas in regard to the effect of an accepted motto on the life work of those who plan to will, to do.

President Roosevelt has at different times voiced a variety of mottoes in which he believes, leading off, it may be, with the famous utterance about speaking softly and carrying a big stick. Here are a few of his sayings:

"Be ready."

"A square deal for every man."

"It is hard to fail, but worse never to have tried to succeed."

"Face the facts as you find them; strive steadily for the best."

"Be never content with less than the possible best and never throw away the possible best because it is not the ideal best."

"It is better to be faithful than famous."

"Have all the fun you honestly and decently can; it is your right."

"Do the next thing," is the motto that enables John Wannamaker to successfully manage his own business and the largest Sunday school in the world.

"Today," inscribed upon a large piece of chalcedony, was the motto of Ruskin, always in plain sight on his study table.

"Time and tide wait for no man," and "Take time by the forelock," were the mottoes to which Alexander H. Stephens pinned his faith.

"Deeds, not words," is the motto of Gen. Neal Dow, who also insists "Always try to be on the side of the right, always against the wrong."

"One thing at a time, and that done well," was the guiding principle of Gladstone's life.

"What has been done can be done again," Lord Beaconsfield believed and practiced.

"Hitch your wagon to a star," inspired Emerson, as in turn, it has inspired and encouraged many others.

"Be just and fear not," is the life motto of several great and successful men.

"Be cautious, but bold," George W. Childs believed in as not only the supreme mode of pleasure bringing, but also the best builder of success possible to humanity.

SAFEST PLACE.

Rochester Post-Express: Many persons have an objection to riding in elevators, or, more properly speaking, this objection should be classed as a feeling of dread or fear; but, according to the superintendent of a big office building in Philadelphia, the safest place for a person to be is in an elevator—that is, statistically speaking. In the set of elevators for which statistics have been kept by the superintendent there has been an average transportation of 2,400,000 persons each year for seven years, an aggregate of 16,800,000, and of this number but one person has been injured, and that injury did not result fatally.

THE BLAKE HAT

THE BLAKE HAT HAS NO EQUAL

Soft Hats of conservative shape—imperative for the middle aged, appropriate for the young man. All colors.

AT YOUR HATTER'S.

TRY IT TO-DAY.

DOWNRIGHT UNIFORM DELICIOUSNESS.

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA TEAS

Are the Connoisseur's Delight.

Black, Mixed, Green or Oolong | Preserved in Air-tight Packets Only

60c and 70c per lb. at your Grocer's.

Trade Supplied by Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.

RAILROADS

THE WABASH CUTS RATES

Meets Grand Trunk Reduction—Rate War is Probable.

Great Northern Gets Into Line With Special Seed Train.

The Wabash has announced that it will meet the cut of $2 on first-class tickets, Chicago to New York, that has gone into effect over the Grand Trunk road.

No other differential line except the Wabash has yet declared its intention of putting its Chicago-New York rate on a level with the standard fixed by the Grand Trunk in its efforts to establish a differential as against the Michigan Central, but all the previous competitors of the Michigan Central are expected to join the Wabash within a short time.

In order to prevent a rate war, the Michigan Central may keep its present rates, pending an adjustment of the dispute. Otherwise, the Grand Trunk will cut again, it is understood. If a real rate war is started, tickets between Chicago and New York may drop as low as $5. While this would mean a loss to the Eastern roads, the Western lines would profit by the increase in travel from Western points.

SPECIAL SEED TRAIN.

Great Northern Falls Into Line With Other Western Roads.

The Great Northern road has joined the good seed movement that is sweeping the agricultural West, and will run a special train out of Minneapolis tomorrow. Against the efforts of other lines to educate the farmers last year, and the running of trains by the Soo, Minneapolis & St. Louis, the Great Northern gave no attention to the matter.

This is especially surprising in view of the well known attitude of J. J. Hill with reference to farming as a science, and his efforts to increase production. His recent offer of prizes to the owners of the best-managed farms and to others distinguished for some particular work in agriculture and the ignoring, at the same time, by his railroad of the opportunity to spread the good seed teaching, was not easily understood.

The train will go out under the supervision of Division Freight Agent Ryan, who will be assisted by J. J. Quinn and the staff from the St. Anthony Park station, Prof. Andrew Boss, C. P. Bull and Assistant E. C. Parker.

Mileage Book Question.

The committee recently appointed by the United Commercial Travelers' association to bring before the Western Passenger association the travelers' request that association roads issue 3,000 mile tickets at a flat rate of $60 was told in Chicago that the association would probably authorize the issuance of the desired mileage tickets, provided some way could be found for keeping such tickets out of the hands of scalpers. The question will be submitted to a vote of the association at the next meeting. The association also encouraged the hope that it might soon authorize the adoption of an interchangeable excess-baggage book, good over all the lines in the association territory.

Free Catarrh Remedy

Gives Instant Relief

No More Bad Breath

"My Secret Remedy Quickly Cures Catarrh."—C. E. Gauss.

Catarrh is not only dangerous, but it causes bad breath, ulceration, death and decay of bones, loss of thinking and reasoning power, kills ambition and energy, often causes loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, raw throat and reaches to general debility, idiocy and insanity. It needs attention at once. Cure it with Gauss' Catarrh Cure. It is a quick, radical, permanent cure, because it rids the system of the poison germs that cause catarrh.

In order to prove to all who are suffering from this dangerous and loathsome disease that Gauss' Catarrh Cure will actually cure any case of catarrh quickly, no matter how long standing or how bad, I will send a trial package by mail free of all cost. Send us your name and address today and the treatment will be sent you by return mail. Try it! It will positively cure so that you will be welcomed instead of shunned by your friends. C. E. GAUSS, 6669 Main St., Marshall, Mich. Fill out coupon below.

FREE.

This coupon is good for one trial package of Gauss' Combined Catarrh Cure, mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to

C. E. GAUSS, 6669 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.

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LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

A Soo Society Man Sued for Alienating Wife's Affections.

Sault Ste. Marine—Walter Farney has begun suit in the circuit court against Edmund J. Martyn, asking for $50,000 damages for alleged alienation of his wife's affections. Martyn is a prominent dealer in real estate and has been connected with several large commercial undertakings. He is also a society leader. Until recently he was in partnership with Arthur F. Stuart, who figured a few months ago in the sensational breach of promise suit with Mrs. Carrie L. Case. The defense claims it is a case of hold-up. The woman in the case worked for a time in his office.

Stephenson—In advocacy of the establishment of a workhouse either for Menominee county or for the judicial district of which it is a part, inspection of the official record has developed the fact that the tramp nuisance is costing the county an average of $7,000 a year. During the course of a period of twelve months, something like 500 tramps are gathered in, the great majority of whom are sent to the county jail, where it costs about 50 cents a day to maintain each prisoner. The expense of convicting a tramp in the city of Menominee, if the man is arrested by a deputy sheriff, is $14.5, and if arrested by a police officer, $3. In the outside towns the expense is $12 on the average. The aggregate of the fees to the peace officers on this score is $3,000 to $4,000 a year, and it costs the county that much more to support the prisoners. Hence the workhouse proposition for reimbursement for the money paid out.

Gladstone—Reports to the effect that a colony of Hollanders will settle in Delta county are confirmed by Daniel Wells, land commissioner of the J. L. Stephenson company, through whom the arrangements have been made. The new comers will locate on lands along the line of the Escanaba & Lake Superior road and the advance guard will arrive next month. A portion of the settlers will come direct from their native land, the remainder will be Hollanders at present living in a number of different cities in the United States.

Menominee—State Senator W. N. Mills has received a letter from Secretary of War Taft containing the latter's promise to remit six months of the sentence of Arthur Martell a Menominee man who was sent to the United States military prison at Fort Sheridan for desertion from the army some eight or nine months ago. Martell's case was a sad one and it was shown that his desertion was the result of desperation, the young man being refused a furlough when his family was ill and in distress and his brother had died. The matter was taken up by Mr. Mills on behalf of the young man's relatives and the mitigating circumstances of the case induced the secretary of war to extend clemency. Martell has been in prison for about four months, his original sentence being three years.

Marquette—The mining companys operating in the Lake Superior iron region, have voluntarily agreed to readjust all wages. The new scale will not be general at any time, but in all, it will affect thousands of men in certain lines of employment both above and below the surface. The schedule has not been made up but is understood to be a material increase over the present schedule.

COURT SHOULD DIRECT VERDICT

For the Packers, Says Attorney Miller in His Argument.

Chicago, March 13.—Attorney John S. Miller, counsel for Armour & Co., in the packers' case, resumed his argument today before Judge Humphrey, contending that the court should direct a verdict for the packers. It is expected that he will speak all of the day. Attorney General Moody will make the main argument for the government. The government has entered a cross motion asking that the court exclude the evidence taken during the last two months and return a verdict for the government and the attorney general will argue in its support.

FIVE ARE KILLED IN RELIGIOUS ROW.

Lodz, Russian Poland, March 13.—Mariavitism, a new Catholic sect, which is gaining converts by the thousands, is arousing intense hostility on the part of the orthodox Catholics here and serious clashes are occurring. A procession of converts came into conflict today with a crowd of workmen during which a priest was shot, whereupon his followers attacked and killed five persons.

WEST DULUTH

THOUGHT IT EARTHQUAKE

Explosion at Thomson Scares People Badly and Shakes Houses.

Earthquakes in Copper Country Gave Color to Fear.

West Duluth was terrified last night when the explosion took place at Thomson. A double shock was experienced by some. They say that it came as though two explosions had occurred. Some people grabbed their children and ran out of their houses under the impression that the crack of doom or something similar had happened.

Quite a number of people were sure until enlightened by the news that the detonation and shaking of the houses which followed the explosion, were those of an earthquake. The recent earthquakes in the Copper country they believed, gave color to this supposition and they patiently waited for another shock.

Houses trembled in West Duluth, especially those up the hill side. In these houses the shock was quite severe and in some instances a pane of glass or two cracked.

BISBEE NOT BEATEN.

Richard Schell Replies to Recent Sporting News on Boats.

Richard Schell has just returned from St. Paul where he has been looking over the hull of his new motorboat the Bisbee III. Mr. Schell will not say what speed this new boat will hit but he says if there is anything in lines, the craft will go some.

Regarding reports recently published that the Fritz, a motor boat owned by William Jones of Duluth, had beaten Mr. Schell's motor boat of last season, Mr. Schell says that at no time was the Fritz in the Bisbee's class. The Bisbee passed the Fritz at any and all times desired when in the same vicinity, he says, and he advises the man who furnished the motor boat sport news to the morning paper to go to the pipe again and this time see pink flying machines beating turtle shaped submarines.

Mass Meeting Asked.

The matter of the city dock is rapidly coming to a head. Alderman Barnes in the council meeting last night introduced a resolution requesting the mayor to call a mass meeting in West Duluth to which officers and members of the West Duluth Land company, the West Duluth Commercial club and other organizations interested are invited to talk over the matter of a right of way to the proposed Ramsey street dock. The resolution was adopted.

West Duluth Briefs.

Mrs. Lena Heglund of 427 North Fifty-ninth avenue west, aged 24 years, died Sunday of consumption.

Piles Cured

Without Knife or Instrument.

Sample Package Free so That We Can Prove it to You.

"Every morning, for over twenty years, I never went to the toilet without fear and trembling, and I never left it without having suffered agonizing tortures. Many days I did not dare go at all, so much did I dread the terrible ordeal."

These are the exact words of a sufferer from piles and we hear the same thing almost every day. It voices the sentiments of hundreds of thousands of others in this country today for it is estimated that of every ten persons we meet in church, the street, or the theater, seven are affected with piles.

Martyrs and needless martyrs, too, for since the discovery of the marvelous Pyramid Pile Cure no one need suffer one moment longer. There is now no excuse for having piles and if you continue to suffer from them you do not deserve a particle of sympathy, considering the chance we give you to prove it to your own satisfaction wholly free of cost to you.

Here is a typical case: Mr. Benjamin Shaw, postmaster of Bland, New Mexico. He had suffered from aggravated piles for years, and was upon the eve of a serious surgical operation, believing that he had reached the limit, and that the operation offered the only possible means of relief and cure. Let us quote his own words in his letter of Oct. 31, 1905: "I was in great agony of mind and body. In the meantime, a gentleman told me of the virtue of your pryamid remedy. I fortunately found it at the drug store, and by the next morning I did not feel that an operation was necessary, and in three days I was able to return home, and a complete cure was accomplished to my great satisfaction and the surprise of the physician."

Send today to the Pyramid Drug Company, 950 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and get a sample package by return mail and then go to your druggist and get a box, the price of which is 50 cts., and get well without pain, trouble or cutting.

You Are Making Good Profit

by buying at our "Quitting Business" Sale—such bargains were never before offered in a Duluth store.

You Can Buy Everything you need to furnish a home now at most meagre prices—the discounts are large in every line—and most decided reductions from our former prices.

Jardiniers

Wednesday, from 9 a.m. to 9:45 a.m.

All Jardiniers go at exactly—

One-Half

Regular prices from 20c up to $5.25

Sale Price 10c up to $2.63

Carpets

Art Squares .....20 per cent
Bigelow Squares ....20 per cent
9x12 Bigelow Wilton Rugs—regular $40—go now at $32.00
Carpets by the yard..25 per cent

Parlor Tables

Parlor Tables.....25 per cent
Dining Tables .....25 per cent
Library Tables .....25 per cent

Basement Items

Kitchenware .....25 per cent
Tinware ....25 per cent

Enamel Ware.....25 per cent
Laundry Goods .....25 per cent

21st Ave. West on Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Ave. West on Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

Mr. Heglund is a partner in the meat firm of Johnson & Heglund on Central avenue, and both were well known. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the family residence and interment will be in Oneota.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hanchett are back from Appleton, Wis., where they have been visiting Mr. Hanchett's relatives. The Hanchett baby is much improved in health.

Rev. James Himrod of California will speak at the Plymouth Congregational church this evening on "Temperance." He comes well recommended as a public orator. No admittance is charged. The lecture will be under the auspices of the W. C. T. U.

Mrs. George Belford of the Marvelous Belfords at the Bijou this week, is an old school friend of Mrs. Richard Schell of West Duluth, they having been children together in Waterloo, Ind.

Attend the Grammar Social at the Westminster Presbyterian church tonight. Refreshments served. Admission 15 cents.

The Norden Sick Benefit society, at its meeting last evening in Victor hall, decided that at the next monthly meeting a program of musical and literary numbers will be given to which all members of the society and their families will be invited.

Jewelry repairing—Hurst, 301 Central.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Westminster Presbyterian church will entertain at a grammar social to be given at the church tomorrow evening.

A daughter was born, Sunday, to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moebroten of 4726 West Sixth street.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Plymouth Congregational church will meet this afternoon with Mrs. John Swangle of Fifty-eight avenue west and Main street.

H. J. Chalmers of West Duluth will soon go to Maple Creek, Alberta, to build a grist mill for the Alberta Milling company there.

CONFESSION REVOLTING

That of Ivens Said to be Most Complete Ever Obtained.

Chicago, March 13.—The reading of the confession of Richard Ivens, on trial for the murder of Mrs. Bessie Hollister, was resumed today when court opened. It is said to be the most complete confesison ever obtained in this city from a prisoner and went into details of the attack on and killing of the woman with detail that was revolting.

Dr. Ludwig Hektoen, who conducted the post mortem examination, produced in court the tongue, trachea and other parts of the body. He declared positively that death had been caused by strangulation.

The prisoner, apparently, was greatly affected by the exhibition, and after gazing at the box which held the exhibits, dropped his head upon his breast and did not raise it again while Dr. Hektoen was on the stand.

SEARCHING FOR INDIANS

Marshal Darraugh and Posses Are Hot After the Wickliffes.

Vinita, I. T., March 13.—Marshal Darraugh and his posse continued today the search for the Wickliffe Indian outlaws. It may be several days before the outlaws can be located, owing to the good start they have had and the fact that the country affords many means of escape and places of concealment.

No word had been received from Darraugh up to noon today. The body of Deputy Ike Gilstrap was brought in this morning, accompanied by his widow, who had driven through the village. Richard Carey, the other deputy, who was shot through the chest, is still alive, but it is believed he cannot recover. Otis Tuttle, the deputy at first reported killed, is at the head of one of the posses chasing the outlaws.

Worth Knowing

—that Allcock's are the original and genuine porous plasters, all others are imitations.

Afflicted With Rheumatism.

"I was and am yet affected with rheumatism," says Mr. J. C. Bayne, editor of the Herald, Addington, Indian Territory, "but thanks to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, am able once more to attend to business. It is the best of liniments." If troubled with rheumatism, give Pain Balm a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. One application relieves the pain. For sale by all druggists.

PURDY IS LIKELY TO BECOME JUDGE

To Succeed Lochren, Being Indorsed by Clapp and Kellogg.

Washington, March 13.—It looks very much like Milton D. Purdy, assistant attorney general, for United States district court to succeed William Lochren, soon to retire. President Roosevelt had the matter of the Minnesota district judgeship presented to him this morning by National Committeeman Frank H. Kellogg and Senator Moses E. Clapp. It was largely through Mr. Kellogg's personal influence with former Attorney General Knox that Mr. Purdy was first appointed in the department of justice, and at this time Mr. Kellogg is a strong advocate of Purdy for the high judicial position.

Although Senator Knute Nelson has not given his approval of Mr. Purdy's appointment, it is quite probable that he will do so when official announcement is made from President Roosevelt that he will not send the name of any man to the senate for appointment to the federal bench who has passed the age of 55 years. This would bar W. E. Hale, of Minneapolis, whose friends have been very active in his behalf.

Senator Nelson is said to be favorable to Hale, but if the age limit fixed by the president prevails he cannot secure the place.

This rule would apply also to Judge Brill of St. Paul. The only other prominent lawyer mentioned in connection with the judgship is Judge Simpson of Minneapolis.

It is a safe prediction that Purdy will land the prize. He stands high in administration circles and is personally known by President Roosevelt. Purdy was an applicant for the place of United States district attorney, but Senator Clapp had promised his influence to C. C. Houpt. Clapp is now an advocate of Purdy and will indorse him to the president.

FIRE INSURANCE PROFITS.

Losses for 1905 Were Lighter, But Premiums Were Larger.

St. Paul, March 13.—The preliminary fire report of the state insurance department is about to be issued, and it contains some statistics interesting to insurers as well as insurance men. The 1905 losses in Minnesota appear much lighter than for 1904, but more premiums were collected, making a far lower ratio of losses to premiums, and a heavier margin of profit to the companies.

The statistics so far collected may be summarized as follows:

	1904.	1905.
Stocks companies, fire—		
Net premiums.	$4,459,006.41	$4,770,729.81
Premium rate.	1.38	1.50
Net losses	2,440,963.57	2,073,660.29
Per cent losses to premiums ...	.55	.41
Foreign fire and marine companies—		
Premiums rec'd	$1,102,207.55	$1,075,993.38
Premium rate..	1.59	1.62
Losses	573,321.75	431,799.98
Per cent losses to premiums.	.55	.41
Mutual fire companies and Lloyds—		
Risks written.	$20,988,229.40	$17,962,109.63
Losses	172,360.04	127,535.07
Marine insurance—		
Risks written.	$81,570,734.00	$119,324,455.00
Premiums rec'd	356,797.48	530,493.71
Losses	142,855.24	242,049.14
Mutual hail and cyclone—		
Hail losses pd.	$85,128.46	$73,816.51
Cyclone losses paid	14,429.53	10,762.69
Expenses	98,442.20	71,499.80
Total disbursements	198,000.19	156,079.00
Assets on hand	150,368.72	61,074.66
Township mutual fire companies—		
Losses paid ...	221,316.64	$227,844.06
Assets	236,628.39	249,592.34
Insurance in force	176,776,773.00	190,911,471.00

FOR INDIVIDUALITY

In Your Home Decorations See

H. A. HALL & CO., 119 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Minnesota Man Kills Himself at Hospital at Grand Forks.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—T. H. Flexhaug, apparently 55 years of age, who arrived on a Great Northern train Monday, cut his throat with a pocket knife and died at a hospital a few hours later. The man is not known here. He was well dressed and seemed to be in good circumstances. He walked a block away from the passenger station, and, standing between the tracks in the railroad yard, wielded the knife with fatal effect. He lived at Evansville, Minn.

A letter from Mrs. W. A. Stevenson, living on the coast of Washington, denies the report that reached here of the death of her husband, Capt. Stevenson, a prominent early settler of this county. The story that reached here was to the effect that Capt. Stevenson had been shot and killed by a man of whom the captain had become insanely jealous.

J. H. Gallagher, druggist, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. His assets are less than $1,600, with liabilities of over $3,000, mostly due to drug houses in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. Julia Hasse, whose husband, William Frederick Hasse, was sentenced to a year and a half in the penitentiary on a forgery charge, was granted a decree of divorce by Judge Fisk.

Elwin Bolton, whose wife eloped from this city twelve years ago with H. C. Deming, and whose death occurred at Los Angeles over a year ago, has started a suit to get possession of an estate valued at $20,000, which Deming and Mrs. Bolton, who was known as his wife, accumulated. Deming claims to have been legally married to Mrs. Bolton, but Bolton denies this, and the fact that Mrs. Deming is still a resident of this city would indicate that Bolton has a chance to get control of the property.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Central City—The 11-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hilton of this city has been missing since early Thursday morning and his parents are greatly alarmed. After finishing his work the boy set out for school, but when he did not return in the afternoon his father started an investigation only to find that he had not been to school. Hilton made a vigorous search in both Lead and Deadwood, but was unable to get a trace of the boy. He does not believe that his son has run away as he was a good boy and had no reason to leave home.

Sioux Falls—The vacancy caused by the resignation a few weeks ago of Rev. J. Ogden Winner as pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church in this city has been filled. Presiding Elder J. P. Jenkins has selected Rev. W. J. Coffee, formerly pastor of the Methodist church at Huron, but for some time attached to the Kansas conference. The transfer is to take effect April 1.

Pierre—The state land department received the highest price per acre ever paid in the state for school lands, in the sale of the fractional part of a section adjoining Rapid City. The price paid was $116 an acre.

The town of Rapid City was platted before any survey was made, and was located on the portion of a school section, leaving a fraction over 306 acres with state title. The whole of this was sold to a syndicate at Rapid City at an average price of a little more than $62 an acre for the tract. The minimum selling price placed on it was $50 an acre, and a portion went at that price, but the larger price on the one tract of thirty-five acres and bids above the minimum on other tracts brought the total up to about $3,000 above the appraisement price. The land will be platted as an addition to Rapid City.

"INVENTORS"

A good cigar is worth knowing about.

"Inventors" are good - always good - because they're the product of intelligence and experience and carefulness.

The finest quality of selected Havana leaves are carefully blended together to secure the right aroma. Then careful hand rolling to make them smoke evenly and smoothly.

That's the "Inventors" process of making.

One trial and you'll feel you've found a new friend. Next time - try it.

PRICE 10c.

E. M. SCHWARZ & CO., MAKERS, NEW YORK

NOYES BROTHERS & CUTLER, St. Paul, Minn., Distributors in the Northwest

D. E. H. March 13, 1906.

HATS FOR MEN

A double handful of fluffy fur from the nutria—a little water animal found only in the River de la Plata—transformed by an ingenious machine into a cone-shaped pouch of gauzy texture, shrunk to proper size by hand in boiling-hot water, stiffened with the best selection of shellac—the product of a little insect in India — shaped by brain-guided machinery and the most skillful and artistic hands, dyed Cronap black by a secret process, trimmed with the best imported bands and leathers—this, in brief, is the genesis of the

Knapp-Felt De Luxe

hat. Nothing is left to chance, and no rule o' thumb methods are employed. The result is the best hat American ingenuity can produce.

Knapp-Felt De Luxe hats are $6.

The "Columbia Special," from the same makers is the next best—$4.

They also produce for us the dainty "Columbia $3 Hat"—best among the numerous three-dollar species, all of whom are equally loud in proclaiming their own superiority. A trial and time will tell.

Today we unpacked the first shipment of our special $1.90 Hats—another one which is bound to do good advertising for our Hat Department.

Columbia Clothing Co.

Foot-Note: Walk in Hanan Shoes.

NO CHANGES EXPECTED

Present City Officers Will Probably All be Again Appointed.

Mayor's Annual Message Will be Short and Not Startling.

City attorney—Bert Fesler.

City engineer—Thomas F. McGilvray.

Health commissioner—Dr. D. D. Murray.

Building inspector—Samuel F. Kelley.

Member of board of public works—Thomas Dillon.

Chief of police—Chauncey H. Troyer.

Private secretary—Alfred McCallum.

The above appointments will, in all probability, be announced by Mayor Cullum at the special meeting of the council this evening.

Under the terms of the charter the first five appointments must be made on or before the second Tuesday in March, and the first four must have the approval of the common council.

All seven of these probable appointees are now holding the offices and their choice will simply be a reappointment.

Mayor Cullum refused to state, this morning, whether or not the above slate was correct, but he is already pledged to retain Chief Troyer, and the other six appointments are claimed by Democratic politicians to be practically assured.

In addition to these seven offices, the mayor must fill one vacancy on the board of fire commissioners, one on the board of water and light commissioners and one on the board of civil service commissioners. A second vacancy on the latter board may also have to be filled, as it is stated that A. A. Fider, now a member of the board, is living on a homestead in the northern part of the state, which would render him ineligible to serve as a city officer.

The city assessor is not appointed until next September, and the members of the library board in May.

Mayor Cullum will also submit his annual message to the council this evening, reviewing the work of the year and outlining his policy for the coming twelve months.

"There won't be anything startling in the message," said the mayor, when asked concerning it this morning. "It will be short and will contain nothing especially new or sensational."

VISION OF OPULENCE

That Led Fall River Man to Part With His Money.

Dark Stone Quarry Scene of Materialization of a Ghost.

Boston, March 13.—It was a weird, awesome, kneeknocking experience that honest, but deluded, Elzear St. Pierre passed through when he went up against one of the most original and uncanny get-rich-quick games ever conceived wherewith to play on the cupidity of human nature and in holding out golden promise of "easy money," and lots of it, to the credulous victim, relieve him of his hard-earned, material cash.

In the quest into which Elzear was lured for the attainment of a mythical fortune, he held, on two occasions, as he supposed, communion with the shades of one that had flitted back for a fleeting moment from the other world to beseech mortal aid to enable it to obtain release from the torments it was doomed to endure until one wrong committed while yet in the flesh, but from which the spirit had not yet been absolved, was regulted.

The tale which St. Pierre recited in the district court of the way he had been duped, and of the duplicity of the two rogues who had framed up and engineered this scheme to possess themselves of his savings seemed almost incredible, and even, despite the impressive sincerity and ingenuousness of the relator, would be doubted were it not for the fact that it was corroborated in every essential detail by the admissions of the culprits themselves.

Were it to be worked up into a modern, sensational, hair-raising drama, it would be a thriller, since all the attributes and gruesome situations to make it such are supplied.

A fellow-woodchopper, La Page by name, confided to St. Pierre, one day about two weeks ago, the terrifying secret that a few nights before, impelled by some mystical but irresistible influence, he visited a quarry in the eastern outskirts of Fall River, where, out of the encircling gloom and loneliness of the surroundings, bestrewn with rocks and bowlders rent from the granite walls of the ledge, a ghastly apparition suddenly materialized before him that told him a harrowing tale, which touched his innermost soul and awakened his profoundest sympathy.

As he breathed the story into the ear of the awe-struck St. Pierre, there in the Westport woods, where they were chopping, this spectre from the beyond was in a bad way, being held in purgatory on an indeterminate sentence, as it were, until somebody would furnish a matter of $500, of which it had defrauded another while on earth.

To any one providing that sum to liquidate the undischarged obligation, the wraith would divulge to them the location of a hidden treasure, mostly in golden coin of the realm, and amounting to $50,000.

La Page promised to see what he could do for the troubled and tortured soul. He had first thought of getting the money in some way himself with which to effect the release of his spirit friend and had already deposited $25 of the required amount where he had been instructed to leave it.

But he now misdoubted his ability to raise the balance and had concluded to take St. Pierre in on this good thing and at the same time most laudable deed, if the latter cared to invest the $225 necessary to make up the $500.

St. Pierre, while duly impressed with the proposition and overwhelmed with the vision of opulence that was unfolded to him by this opportunity to possess a half of that $50,000 pot, was, nevertheless, inclined to doubt La Page's story.

He demanded that he be given satisfactory proof of its truth. This the other agreed to, and in the dead watches of the night guided St. Pierre to the quarry. What Elzear saw and heard then and there brought terror to his soul, but conviction to his mind.

In the shadows of the beetling granite walls of the quarry, an unearthly vision in white, but seemingly enveloped in a phosphorescent glow, materialized out of space, just as La Page had described it, and a sepulchral voice repeated the tale of woe and despair with which St. Pierre was familiar. Also of the fortune that awaited the mortal who delivered the ghost from its dreadful doom.

When Elzear went home that night he confided all to his wife, and she, thrifty and simple woman that she is, agreed that it would be a good investment. Next day the money was drawn from the bank. That night St. Pierre and La Page again wended their way to the ledge. Once more did the specter greet them and express its joy that its hour of deliverance had at last arrived.

After subjecting it to certain tests to satisfy himself that the vision was what it represented itself to be, one of which was that it should disappear and reappear before his eyes and at his bidding, St. Pierre placed his $225 on the spot where the ghost directed him to leave it and obeyed with fear and trembling the bidding of the latter to hasten home and not look back until he was far away from the quarry.

The spirit had previously explained that in a day or two the location of the treasure which was to be the reward of La Page and St. Pierre would be revealed to the former in a dream.

He recalled, too, as he pondered on the events of those eerie nights in the quarry, that the voice of the spirit sounded at times amazingly like that of his brother-in-law, Joseph Fiola.

He taxed La Page with having been in a conspiracy to deceive and rob him. This the latter indignantly denied.

Finally he sought out the police, and Inspector Perron was detailed to unravel, if he could, the weird mystery.

He was not long in doing this. He learned that La Page and Fiola had been for several days unwontedly "flush," and with other evidence he had collected, charged them with being the actors in this ghostly comedy. They confessed, and are now under bonds to await trial in the superior court on a charge of larceny.

Up to the time of their arraignment in the district court they looked upon the matter as a huge joke. The humor of it doesn't appeal to them now.

St. Pierre is about 50 years of age, the father of twelve children, six of whom are living. He is a thrifty, hard working and quite intelligent man. La Page is somewhat older. He had heretofore not been suspected of guile such as he displayed in this affair by those who knew him. Fiola is considerably younger than the others.

By occupation he is a stationary engineer. His sister is St. Pierre's wife, and from that unsuspecting woman he obtained the information concerning the former's affairs that made it possible to work the swindle.

When he personated the ghost he covered his head with a sheet and stood behind a large rock, which was not discernible to St. Pierre at the point where he was commanded to stand, in the darkness of the quarry. This rendered it easy for Fiola to do the materializing and disappearing illusion act.

As to the quarry itself, it is about

Wednesday Specials in White Waistings and Suitings.

Freimuth's
Lake Ave., Michigan and Superior Sts., DULUTH, MINN.

Wednesday Specials in House Furnishings.

15c FOR 35c WHITE GOODS---15c

(ON THE BARGAIN SQUARE.)

REAL WHITE ENGLISH WAISTINGS, SOLD EVERYWHERE AT 35c.

It's a gem picking from a choice line wide — every thread finished with that soft triple plain and graduated cords—no better Usual value 35c. English Madras for waists **15c** of these proper waistings, full 32 inches smoothness—a wealth of patterns in double to material for solid wear, and launders splendidly. and suits, on Bargain Square Wednesday only.

A heaping table full of pretty new white Waistings—lawns in dainty figures and a variety of stripes. They are a special for Wednesday **15c**

DUNDEE LINEN — Can't tell them from a fine Butchers' weave at 65c. It is destined to be the proper fabric for those smart demi-tailored suits and waists this season. See this practical cloth Wednesday at... **15c**

25c for check lawns, diamond cloths and mercerized fancies; also a fine assortment of dotted Swiss; all of them the scarce kind—Wednesday at..... **25c**

White Swisses are the thing for 1906. We have an infinite variety at from 25c to $1.00.

At 35c—Some of the handsomest Waistings you ever saw. They are the 50c kinds—fine lawns, broche fancies, mercerized novelties, Swisses—in dots, stripes, checks and small figures. Every weave a new spring idea—all at, per yard **35c**

36-inch fine Nainsook; soft, suede finish —nothing more adapted for summer undergarments. Put up in lengths of 12 yards for $2.15; regular price $3.00—at, per yard..... **18c**

Mercerized Novelties, Dotted Nainsooks, Figured Lawns and Jacquard Fancies—all imported—new, fine, sheer, summery stuffs —value to 85c—at **50c**

TWO ITEMS OF SPECIAL INTEREST IN RUFFLED MUSLIN CURTAINS FOR WEDNESDAY.

Lot 1—Ruffled Muslin Curtains, assorted styles, 3 yards long and a bargain at $1.25—for Wednesday, per pair..... **98c**

Lot 2 is an assortment of 85c Ruffled Muslin Curtains, full 2½ yards long—as a special for Wednesday, per pair..... **65c**

TWO BIG RUG VALUES FOR WEDNESDAY.

Description is superfluous. They are bargains or they wouldn't be here.

$13.75 for a 9x12 Tapestry Brussels Rug; every new pattern in this season's ideas; it's a $17.50 rug for.... **$13.75**

$20.00 for a beautiful 9x12 Velvet Rug—it's Freimuth's $25.00 bargain. This Wednesday a choice of variety of styles— at **$20.00**

TO STOP BANKS CONTRIBUTING

To Campaign Funds Object of Senate Bills Before Committee.

Washington, March 13.—The senate committee on privileges and elections today instructed a sub committee, consisting of Senators Foraker, Knox and Bailey, to examine the several bills before the senate to prohibit national banks from contributing money for campaign purposes, and report whether, in their opinion, any of these measures if enacted into law would prevent such evils in the future. The committee was instructed to draft a bill if the pending measures are not satisfactory. The action taken is the result of a hearing given to Senator Tillman today in support of his resolution directing an inquiry whether since March 4, 1893, any payments have been made by national banks to carry on any political campaigns. Mr. Tillman stated to the committee that he had positive evidence that certain national banks had made such payments, but he declined to disclose his evidence. It was the opinion of the committee that such contributions should be effectually prohibited and that there should be a law making it a felony for any officer of a bank to contribute funds of the bank to aid any campaign.

THE DINNER PAIL MAN.

Prominent Evangelist Will Speak to Men at Lyceum Next Sunday.

"The Dinner Pail Man," whose true name is George McNutt, will speak at the Lyceum, Sunday afternoon, to the men of the city, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. McNutt is known throughout the country as the combination preacher and workingman. He has had a rather unique experience, having left the pulpit several years ago to work in shops as a day laborer in order to gain a true insight into the everyday life of the laboring man. When not preaching Mr. McNutt has earned his living in this manner, and he is now well known as an evangelist.

The meeting will be free, but admission is by ticket. Any person may secure a ticket by aplication at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

TOCURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

LENTEN PROGRAM.

Services to Be Held at St. Luke's and Holy Apostles Churches.

Lenten services at St. Luke's and Holy Apostles Episcopal churches for the remainder of the week will be as follows: Thursday evening, Rev. H. S. Webster of St. John's church, will preach at Holy Apostles church at 7:45 p. m., and Friday evening Rev. R. J. Monney will speak at St. Luke's church, at the same hour.

Wednesday afternoon the Ladies' guild of Holy Apostles church will meet at the home of Mrs. Walter Evered on Fifty-sixth avenue west, to discuss "Japan." Rev. R. J. Mooney will give a short address, and each lady is expected to mention some fact regarding Japan.

Thursday afternoon the ladies of St. Luke's church will meet at the home of Mrs. Mackenzie, 620 Twenty-fourth avenue west, at 2:30 o'clock.

LIQUOR SALESMAN JUMPS OVERBOARD

Grand Haven, Mich., March 13.—R. S. Van Dusee, traveling salesman for a Milwaukee liquor house, threw himself from the hurricane deck of the steamer Naomi last night as the boat was leaving the harbor for Milwaukee. He leaves a wife and two children in Menominee. Life preservers were thrown to Van Dusee, but he made no effort to grasp them. His body has not been recovered.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Gasper, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned will receive bids for the sale of the entire stock of merchandise belonging to the estate of Charles Gasper, deceased, and situated in the Village of Fond du Lac, St. Louis county, Minnesota, consisting of hardware, clothing, dry goods, notions, drugs and groceries. All bids must be sealed and must be in before six p. m., Monday, March 19, 1906. Bids should be addressed to the undersigned, at 29 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minnesota. An inventory of this stock may be had on application to the undersigned or to Reynolds & McClearn, Attorneys, 602-5 Torrey Bldg., Duluth, Minnesota. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Signed, SIMON CLARK,
Administrator of the Estate of Charles Gasper, Deceased.

MAYOR DUNNE IS JUBILANT

Over Supreme Court Decision Which Makes Municipalization Possible.

Chicago, March 13.—Mayor Dunne, in discussing the decision of the supreme court said today:

"The decision is a complete victory for the city of Chicago. It means that there are no 99 years rights in the streets of the city; that the occupancy of the streets on the North side of the city is without any warrant whatever in law, and that the right of the companies on the South and West sides to use the streets is based upon a provision in the ordinance which gives them the right to occupy for a period of twenty-five years the streets they are now in, and until their tangible property is purchased.

"The decision has placed the city in a position where is can tender to the companies the value of their tangible property under the terms of the ordinance. The present companies have the right to be paid for their property and that is about all the rights they do have. The decision by one giant stride makes it possible to bring about municipalization just as soon as the city can provide the money for the purchase of the lines."

The mayor and his friends believe that the decision has greatly enhanced the chances of the proposition to issue scrip for $75,000,000 to be used for the purchase of the lines which is to be voted on at the election next month.

HURRICANE IS DOING DAMAGE AT HAMBURG.

Hamburg, March 13.—A hurricane is blowing the water into the harbor, flooding houses and driving vessels ashore. The country down the Elbe is flooded and the land batteries are continuously firing alarm guns as the landmarks are invisible, owing to a snow storm.

Emperor William has given up his proposed trip to Hellgoland, on board the battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II.

Several minor disasters have been reported.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

To purify, vitalize and enrich your blood, create an appetite and give you strength. Liquid or tablets, 100 Doses One Dollar.

Special March Bargains

In All Departments of

Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes

Prices in reach of all, and goods the best of makes. Make the Treadwell Shoe Co. your store for Footwear.

Men's fine patent kid Shoes, lace or button.... $4.00
Men's fine dull calf Blucher Boots $3.50
Ladies' fine French kid Shoes $4.00
Ladies' fine patent kid button Blucher Shoes at $3.50
Ladies' hand-welt Shoes at $2.48
Ladies' Dongola kid Shoes at $1.98
Misses' fine kid Shoes at $1.50
Boys' solid calf Shoes at $1.48
Children's Shoes at .....48c, 59c, 75c, 98c and $1.00

Treadwell Shoe Co.

DULUTH. SUPERIOR.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

THE BAKER'S DAUGHTER

By Belle Manlates.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Bab sauntered down the little zig-zag path through the orchard to the dust-white road.

"Visiting on a farm is rather pleasant, but it has its drawbacks. One gets no opportunity to ride. The horses work all day and at night are too tired to be hooked up. I'm going to ask the very first 'rig' that I meet to take me in."

The tinkling of a bell roused her from her ruminations, and looking up, she saw a white, canvas-covered wagon coming. As it came nearer, she read: "A. Heimer. Fresh Baked Goods."

"How odd!" she thought. "A bakery wagon in the country!"

She stopped by the roadside and motioned to the driver to stop. A ruddy-faced, throat-whiskered old man beamed serenly upon her.

"Ah! Vat you vants?"

"What have you besides bread?"

"Cakes und pies."

"I will take half a dozen cakes."

When the transfer of coin had been effected, Bab asked him which way he was going.

"Round mit der Forks rote, und py der rifer rote. You go dat way already yet?"

"Yes, that is my way. May I ride with you?"

The hearty "Ja" induced Bab to climb to the seat beside him. The swift, little trot of the horse, the pretty passing scenes, the redolence of hay meadows without and fresh baked bread within, and the chatter of the simple old Dutchman were very pleasing to the city bred girl who had fled to her uncle's farm to find a refuge from the heartache consequent upon a returned engagement ring. She had resolved to forever eschew the pomps and vanities of the wicked world and become a nun or a nurse—she hadn't decided yet which vocation she would follow. That had been her decision before she left home. A week in green pastures had weakened her ideas of seclusion, and yearnings for excitement—and perhaps more heartaches were stirring within.

"What do people in the country buy bread for?" she asked. "Why don't they bake their own cakes and loaves?"

The old man shook his head. "Not for him to reason why, his simply to sell and buy," thought Bab.

At every farmhouse a customer was in waiting for a goodly supply.

"That your gal, Heimer," asked one farmer with a sly glance in Bab's direction.

"Have you a daughter?" asked Bab, when they had resumed their journey.

"Ja. Minna. She ist one goot girl. She rites mit me like you. This is her hut, then."

From beneath the seat he brought forth a pink sunbonnet which it pleased Bab to substitute for her hat. The baker nodded his approval.

"Now you looks some like Minna. Her hair ist yellow like yours, but she does it mit braids."

Bab removed the sunbonnet, took out a lapful of pins and combs and made her hair into two heavy braids.

"Ja!" he said, delighted. "Now you looks like Minna already."

A turn in the road brought them in sight of a broad, shining river. The baker pointed to some tents on the bank in among the trees.

"I takes brod to the folks there. Then I comes back already."

"Haven't you got time, Heimer, to come in and see about buying that cow?" called a lusty voice from the farmhouse they were passing.

"Whoa!" called the baker, reining up. "Will you hold the horse, then?" he asked Bab.

"Yes; but why can't I deliver the goods to those folks tnat are camping down yonder and then return for you?"

"So? Dat is goot. Der pig lofes ist sieben cents; her leetle lofes, four cents; der cakes ist ten cents one dozens, und der pies ist ten cents."

"All right!" said Bab, touching up the horse. "I wonder if the campers are city people or farmers?"

She turned into the road that led into the stretch of woods, and drove up to the back of the row of tents.

"Halloa, Heimer! Wie ghets! How many for pies—"

This young man who had come from the tent paused in astonishment as the vision of yellow braids and pink sunbonnet met his gaze.

"I beg your pardon. Is Heimer—"

"I am Minna Heimer," said a soft voice, "and I came to deliver the goods."

"Oh," he nodded understandingly, as he continued to gaze in admiration at the fair young bakeress.

"What will you wish? Pies, cakes, bread—"

Before he could decide three youths appeared around the corner of the first tent and they surrounded the wagon. Bab knew at a glance they were city men and of her own class. Her modish shoes and skirt, belt, silver bag, etc., were covered by the dust robe. The white shirt waist, pink sun bonnet and yellow braids could clearly belong to Minna Heimer in their estimation, and she was quite enjoying the situation, returning their chaffing good naturedly, responding in fairly good German to their queries in that language. Suddenly another man appeared upon the scene. Bab's heart gave a great leap and she caught her breath sharply, as she bent her head over the box of bread.

So he, Rob Booth, had also fled from the scenes of their former happiness! In her confusion, the dust robe dropped as she half rose to take out the bread.

"Whew! Minna is up-to-date," laughed one of the men, spying the shining Oxfords.

Bab kept the sunbonnet lowered, and resolved to disguise her voice should it be necessary to speak in the transaction of the business.

"How much for the brod, Minna?" asked one of them coming up close to the wagon.

"Der pig lofes ist sieben cents, der leetle lofes, four cents, der cakes ten cents der dozen, un der pies, ten cents."

A shout of laughter went up at her transition from perfect English to the broken German.

"Oh, Minna, you're a darling. How much for a kiss?"

The sunbonnet was raised now, and caution lost in anger. Two blazing eyes looked straight at the offender. Bift! The loaf of bread she was holding smote him sharply across the cheek, and she drove away without waiting for the purchases to be made.

Sounds of laughter, cries of "Good for you Billy. You got what was coming, all right," fell upon her ears. Once out of the woods, she had to slacken her pace, as there was a narrow place to turn. She heard the sound of some one running swiftly behind her. She urged anew the horse.

"Walt, Bab!" commanded a once-loved voice.

Another instant and he had sprung into the wagon and sat beside her.

"Bab, look up here!"

She obeyed defiantly.

"Now, tell me," he said sternly, "what this means."

It really seemed good to hear again the imperious voice and commanding way she had so resented in days gone by.

"The baker let me ride with him," she said meekly, "and I put on his daughter's sunbonnet and braided my hair to please him. He is up at the first farmhouse on the hill buying a cow, and I offered to come down here and deliver the bread. I didn't know it was a crowd of men. He said 'folks.'"

"Oh, well, Bab! Take off that sunbonnet!"

She sat immovable.

"Please, Bab!"

She took it off demurely and donned her hat; then essayed to put up the braids.

"No!" he said. "I like them. I never saw your hair down before. You are a veritable Gretchen. Bab, tell me, why did you come down here in the country?"

"I don't know. I had to do something. I was—unhappy—"

"Bab, darling!"

"No!" she cried, warding off an approaching arm. "Why did you come?"

"Because I heard you were here."

Bab now reined up at the farmhouse and the baker and farmer come out of the barnyard.

Rob got out and went up to the baker.

"I thought I'd come up and see if we could have your whole stock. Those fellows can't eat enough to satisfy them."

The bargain was closed and the goods handed over to him. Then he approached the farmer.

"Let me take your horse and buggy for the rest of the day, Wilson?"

"Sure," said the farmer.

Then Rob turned to Bab.

"Come!" he said.

And she came.

THE ORIENTAL TURKISH AND VAPOR BATH PARLORS

Seventh avenue west, opp. the Incline, have the most modern and completo equipment in the Northwest. The up-to-date treatment for rheumatism and kindred diseases. Prices 25o and 50o

TO DRAIN SWAMP LAND.

State Engineer Suggests Plan to Reclaim Large Tracts.

Crookston, Minn., March 13.—State Engineer George Ralph has written to Congressman Steenerson suggesting an amendment to the homestead laws which he believes will prove especially beneficial to this section of the state. The amendment proposes that where government land is swampy and in need of reclamation, that the federal government pay the expenses of drainage and that such expenses be a lien against the land until paid for by the person taking the claim. The payments are to be made in small installments, so that no hardship would be worked on the homesteader. By such an amendment, Mr. Ralph believes the land, which is at present of little value, can be thrown open quickly to settlement and instead of being a dead weight to the government, would be a source of revenue.

THIRTY YEARS IN PEN.

William Giles is Convicted at Fort Benton, Mont.

Fort Benton, Mont., March 13.—Judge Tattan has sentenced William Giles, convicted by a jury of murder in the second degree, to imprisonment in the state prison for thirty years. In December of last year, in an altercation over a game of poker, Giles struck Samuel Ross with a pocketknife, severing the jugular vein. Only one blow was struck and Giles died in a few minutes. Giles made his escape and was in hiding for about twelve hours. He was found in the outskirts of the town by Chief of Police Bickle.

WORK ON DEWEY DELAYED.

Washington, March 13.—The following cablegram from Commander Hosley, concerning work on the drydock Dewey, dated at Las Palmas, Canary islands, March 12, was received today at the state department: "Material received March 6. Work is being delayed by the lack of riveters. Should be finished March 16."

HOW TO START OFF THE DAY

Students of Hygiene All Agree That the Right Kind of a Breakfast Is Essential.

Thinking people are giving more and more earnest thought as to how to start off each new day so as to put themselves in the best possible physical and mental condition for the work of the day. It is an interesting subject, so interesting indeed that it has attracted the attention of a host of the world's leading scholars and authors on hygiene and many different opinions on hygiene and many different opinions have been written for the guidance of the people. On one point, at least, all are agreed. This is that the right kind of a breakfast is essential.

A perfect breakfast is impossible without Malta-Vita, that delicious, crisp, vitalizing, whole-wheat food.

In making Malta-Vita the whole of the wheat, after being cleansed, is thoroughly steamed and cooked in absolute purity and then mixed with malt extract, a powerful digestive agent, which converts the starch of the wheat into maltose, or malt sugar. Maltose is great food and the weakest stomach digests and assimilates it without effort. After being rolled into thin, wafer-like flakes the malted wheat is baked under such intense heat that it comes from the ovens crisp and brown —positively the most delicious, most healthful food in the world. Always ready to eat. All grocers, now 10 cents.

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS
BAYHA & Co
Second Ave. W. and First St.

Special Bargains
From The
MARCH SALE

These mentioned are but an example of our March Sale money-saving prices. Hundreds of others equally attractive will be found at the store. Remember the March Sale includes Everything in our complete Furniture and Housefurnishing stock—prices being reduced from 10 to 50 per cent.

A $12.00 Oak Dressing Table $6.00

A splendid solid oak piece—with shaped, beveled French plate mirror—French legs—large drawer. Well worth the original price.

A $11.50 Oak Dressing Table $5.75

Solid oak—a splendid piece—with oval, beveled French plate mirror—French legs—handsomely finished—a rare bargain at the price asked.

$30.00 Mahogany Dressing Table $18.00

A large sized piece—with roll edge drawers—large, beveled French plate mirror—a very handsome piece—thoroughly well made and finished. A good value.

$38.50 Bird's Eye Maple Dressing Table $19.25

Just one-half the original price. Beautiful selected bird's-eye maple—with large, oval, beveled, French plate mirror—shaped front—French legs—a large piece—a snap at $19.25.

Complete Housefurnishings Sold on Easy Payments

Our Easy Payment Plan is at your service during this sale as at all other times. Take advantage of the sale prices and terms of payment—either monthly or weekly will be arranged to suit your convenience.

WASHERWOMAN IS AN AUTOMOBILIST

She Combines Business and Pleasure in Her Own Car.

Battle Creek, Mich., March 13.—Mrs. Christine K. Huber, a Battle Creek washerwoman who rides in an automobile purchased with money she earned over the tub, is the most conspicuous motor car enthusiast in the city.

Mrs. Huber does from eighteen to twenty-four family washings a week, and makes about $25 in six days. She is a typical German woman, frugal, and respected in the community in which she lives. For eighteen years she has taken in washings, caring for five children and giving them a commendable education. She owns the house in which she lives, another house which she rents, and a farm. Besides this, she laid aside $1,000, with which she bought her car.

When Sunday comes Mrs. Huber enjoys herself immensely riding through the country in the auto. She says she forgets her home cares and enjoys the woods and the green flds. Then on Monday morning she "makes the rounds" with her machine, gathering the washings. She uses the machine also to deliver the clean clothes.

Mrs. Huber's house is modern and is better than the homes of many persons who earn large salaries.

"That automobile," she said, "is the only recreation and comfort I have. Why have I not the same right to own one as a wealthy person?"

Homeseekers' Rates.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. will sell round-trip excursion tickets to points in Minnesota, the Dakotas, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and the Canadian Northwest; also to points in the South, Southeast, West and Southwest. Rate one fare plus $2. Liberal limits and stop-over privileges. For rates and further particulars call on agents or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

"TOURIST" $3.00 Lady's Shoe

Every Stitch Pure Silk. Not a thread of cotton in the upper, which is securely fastened to the sole by Goodyear Hand Sewed Process. Silk thread is to a shoe what a silk lining is to a dress—a distinction. Silk stitching is worth a dollar more to you, but we charge nothing extra. All for $3.00.

Sold by the best dealers everywhere.

NORTH STAR SHOE CO. Minneapolis

A good program of the music of the Sandinavian composers was presented yesterday to a rather apathetic audience of the Matinee Musicle. Possibly the three performances of grand opera which local music loving people enjoyed the last of last week have left them a bit jaded and although the work of the members yesterday was appreciated, the encouragement was barely noticeable. The program was arranged by Mrs. G. L. Tyler and Mrs. D. H. Day and opened with a romance for violin by Svendsen played by Miss Norma Williams. The number was a pleasing one and it was well played. Grieg's "Autumnal Gale" was sung by Mrs. C. B. Gilbert and the other soloist for the afternoon was Mrs. Horace S. Davis who sang a Norwegian and a Swedish folk song. "Petite Suite pour Piano" by Ole Olsen was a delightful number played by Mrs. D. H. Day with the orchestra part on the second piano played by Miss Ruth Rodgers.

The closing number was a double quartet of women's voices in the Swedish wedding march by Soderman. The number was an interesting one and was well sung by Mrs. C. P. Craig, Miss Frances Woodbridge, Mrs. J. H. Ball, Miss Mildred Cleland, Mrs. C. B. Gilbert, Miss Ruth Markell, Mrs. Herbert Jones and Mrs. G. P. Rosenblad under the direction of Mrs. Stella Prince Stocker.

A change has been instituted for the last program of the year. In former years this last meeting was devoted to a request program of numbers which had been given during the year. This year, however, a cantata will be presented. Although at this time of the year there is an indifference to work against, at the meeting held yesterday afternoon after the regular program, much interest was manifest. The cantata to be presented has not yet been decided upon. The members of the club who sing are requested to send in their names and the rehersals will begin within a short time.

"OBERON."

Sousa's Band Will Play Overture of This Opera.

One of the interesting numbers which will be played at the concert given Sunday evening at the Lyeum by Sousa's band will be the overture of Weber's "Oberon." Preluding Weber's delicious fairy opera "Oberon," this notable composition presents a beautiful woven web of charming melody and instrumental combination that suggest most subtly that mysterious world, said to be peopled with elves, fays and merimaids. Oberon, the Elfin King, has quarreled with his fairy partner and vows never again to be reconciled to her till he finds two lovers constant through every peril and temptation. His tricky spirit, "Puck," is sent out in search of such a pair, his chief equipment being a magic horn, whose blasts can summon Oberon at any time, also a cup that fills and empties at pleasure. The constant pair are found eventually, and Oberon is once more on terms of congeniality with his helpmate, but not until Puck has undergone every sort of weird experience.

The listener will note that Oberon's horn call opens the overture and he will be fascinated by the impressiveness of this little phrase of only three notes which Weber has given to the mellow-voiced French horn. Soon are heard the farles' dainty tip-toelngs, as expressed by the clarinets, speaking in accents hardly above whispers. Suddenly a single bold chord is blazened out by trumpets and horns, suggestive of the element of Knightly power. But most delightful of all for the ear and the heart is the haunting melody that dominates the entire overture; now appearing as a whole; now only in tantelizing snatches, new sung by one group of instruments, now by another of wholly different color, or again by a single instrument as of a lone voice, "always exhaling like a subtle perfume which one breathes with delight."

Y. W. C. A. Notes.

The Bible class of the Young Women's Christian association met this afternoon and continued the study of "Colossians" under the direction of Rev. J. C. Faries. Any woman in the city who is at liberty in the afternoon is invited to attend these meetings, which are held each Tuesday afternoon. The meetings have been largely attended and are most interesting.

• • •

Tomorrow evening Dr. Homer Collins will talk at the Young Women's Christian association rooms at 8 o'clock on "The Eye and Its Care." These Wednesday evening talks are interesting and of very real practical value. The meetings are well attended and a cordial invitation is extended the members of the association and their friends to be present.

Surprise Party.

Miss Eva Pilon was pleasantly surprised last evening at her home, 1115 West Michigan street. Those present were:

Misses—
Rose Geguon, Margaret Redy,
Lulu McKinnon, Baldwin,
Genevieve Tweet, Hazel Hayden,
Alice Hoar, Beulah Lincoln.

Messrs.—
Allan Hudson, Ray Manke,
William Manke, Oliver Geron,
James Redy, Albert Baldwin,
Lawrence Brown, E. Hudson,
Ed Flood, A. Manke,
P. Hughes, G. Rhodes.

Church Meetings.

The Forward Guild of the First Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock with Mrs. A. M. Marshall of Twenty-sixth avenue east. The meeting is a special one and the afternoon will be spent in sewing for the Bethel Rescue Home. Any member who is at liberty at that time their friends to be present.

• • •

The East End Guild of the First Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. W. H. Hoyt of 313 South Twenty-first avenue east.

• • •

The Thimble Bee of the First Baptist church will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. J. B. Hanson of 1621 East Third street.

• • •

The Women's Alliance of the Unitarian church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock with Mrs. Harry White of 5917 London road. Mr. White will continue his series of talks on "The Origin of the Greek Drama."

• • •

The Missionary society of the Pilgrim Congregational church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. H. I. Pineo of 520 Fourth avenue east.

• • •

Class Ten and the Men's League of the First Presbyterian church will entertain at a literary and musical entertainment in the church parlors, this evening. A cordial invitation is extended the friends of the members to be present.

• • •

The Luther League of St. John's English Lutheran church will entertain at a basket social this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Phil Bayha of Lake avenue north. The church congregation are invited to be present.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy A. Gouh of New York, formerly of this city, are visiting friends here.

• • •

Mrs. Nelson of St. Paul is the guest of friends in this city.

• • •

Mrs. John T. ondon of St. Paul was a guest of friends in the city over Sunday.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Endive, 10 cents a bunch.
Oyster plant, 8 cents a bunch.
Cottage cheese, 12½ cents a lb.
Spare ribs, 10 cents a lb.
Pot roasts, 10 cents a lb.

It's too bad to condemn things just because they are wholesome and cheap, but that is the case with lots of people concerning pot roasts. Just lovely hunks of beef repose at the butcher's and look inviting and appetizing and all that sort of thing until you ask what it is, and he says "Pot roast, 10 cents a lb," and you lose all interest. But it's really too bad that more people can't be interested in pot roast. If this part of the roast was bought more benerally the sirloins and porterhouses and fillets and all those nice parts would be much cheaper. And then the best people approve of them. You never hear a lady in soft blue linen gown with elbow sleeves, a fussy little cap and an apron expound much about the art of cooking, but she will urge us all to eat stews and pot roasts and all that sort of thing. Any way, you probably haven't had one for a long time, so just order one for the change it will be.

Black Taffeta, Trimmed With White, Smart for Spring

Any woman who has once had a smart taffeta suit for the spring will, if possible, include such a dress in her outfit every year. Black taffeta elaborately trimmed with white is extraordinarily serviceable, as it is smart on any occasion, and if the white is freshened from time to time it will stand any amount of hard and continuous usage. Of course, any shade is fashionable, from the palest to the most sombre color, but a black and white costume is smart throughout the year and is apt to be most becoming.

For mourning there are a number of street models made up with the three-quarter length jacket that has now been fashionable for some time past. In such materials as silk and veiling, however, short coats are worn altogether. Both Etons and boleros are in vogue, but when the latter model is chosen a wide fitted girdle of silk, leather or satin is worn—that is, provided the gown itself is not made en princesse.

All the short jackets this year are quite elaborate. Some of the simpler ones have embroidered collars and cuffs on a white ground or of some contrasting shade.

The corset skirt is now a favorite model. This skirt may be plaited, elaborately trimmed, or quite plain, as desired. With it is worn a guimpe or waist of lace or embroidered batiste. A bolero jacket is prettiest for the corset skirt this season. This season the boleros are not very full, that is, they give the appearance of being gathered in at the waist. With the bolero coats that do not fasten across the bust, there should be provided a little vest of satin, silk or cloth, which can be worn when extra warmth is necessary. Many of the boleros this season would serve as but a poor apology for a coat, as they are so evidently intended only as ornaments. They are unusually short, these boleros, and are loose in front—that is, they do not fasten across. On some models the embroidery is all placed on the deep collar and wide flaring revers. Others have no collar or revers, the jacket being simply embroidered or elaborately braided.

This year cloth is employed a great deal as trimming on all sorts of costumes—net, chiffon, silk, veiling, satin, etc., all may be trimmed with straps or bands of fine broadcloth. Particularly for the taffeta suit is this a favorite trimming. Medallions of cloth may trim waist as well as skirt, and also cloth bands or straps of flat folds are now used more than silk ruchings on both waist and skirt. The cloth should be of the exact shade of the silk, and these two materials must be selected with great care, as silk and cloth, which in one light are identical in color, at another time may be totally unlike.

For the morning or for traveling a short skirt is still smart, but for any formal occasion trains are once more en regle. With such a material as taffeta round skirts are being worn to some extent, that is, the skirt just touching in back and front alike. Short skirts are rather longer than last year. The majority only just clear the ground. Long sleeves are to be worn very nearly as much as the elbow length, and for the daytime all coat sleeves are either three-quarter or full length. Sleeves are little, if any, larger than last year, and the principal fulness is still at the top.

Pretty Skins Despite Harsh March Winds

Facial Cold Cream Bath to Preserve Softness and Whiteness of Complexion.

By MARGARET MIXTER.

There is just one thing more trying than March winds for the complexion, and that is alkali water. It is only by the most persistent attention that any freshness and softness of skin can be retained, but in spite of the elements being against one the right kind of care will do more than preserve—it will improve.

Parts of this consists in using water judiciously. Many women seem to have an idea that water is the only cleansing agent. This is a mistake that any woman can demonstrate practically by washing her face with water and then wiping it dry, under the impression that it is clean. Let her then rub some cold cream well into the skin and wipe it off with a piece of soft cloth. Almost invariably black dirt will be removed with the grease. Water that is really hot, not warm, will remove this, but it will also dry the skin, and therefore at this season is to be used sparingly.

Women who are most successful in keeping their complexion soft and pretty at this season use water so little as to shock others unaccustomed to this theory. But the "cold cream demonstration" proves conclusively that cream is more cleansing than water, and so those who use it may safely be said to have less dust in the pores of their faces than those who merely apply water. And as cream is softening as well as cleansing they have prettier skins.

There is danger that a woman may use too much cream or other grease, the effect of which might be to cause superfluous hair to grow, but the risk is little. There is no question that if one has this tendency the local application of certain creams will stimulate it. But the natural tendency is less than is often believed, and the chief trouble is that women use creams having as a basis some fat that should never be used on the face. Personally, I am strongly opposed to lanoline. It is softening, I know, and whitening, but I believe it promotes the growth of superfluous hair, and while it may be used on the hands or body when necessary, I do not think it should ever be used on the face. Neither do I think that animal fats, such as mutton tallow, should be applied to the face. Almond oil, white wax and paraffin are, as a rule, safe, the exceptions being when there is a marked predisposition to down on the cheeks. In this case I think almond oil is the safest, and such things as milk of cucumber and orris and other liquid potions are to be preferred because they have less grease than creams, the vegetable being the principal bleach and softening agent.

If one is to have a pretty complexion through the trying winds of spring I would say never go out of doors without having aplied some cream or lotion to the face first. This is not to say that it should be done the last thing before going out, but that there should be something soothing over the face to prevent the wind from affecting it. It is also equally necessary that any dust should be removed, but one application of cold cream in twenty-four hours is enough. When necessary to use a softening agent again, some thin lotion, or even sweet milk may be used.

Going out into the street one is bound to gather dust on the face—even if it is not visible to the eye. Therefore, a method that I have seen used most successfully by many women is to take a cold cream facial bath at night, or in cases of extreme exposure to dust, to take it as soon as going to one's room.

This consists in applying cold cream liberally to the face, including the neck and behinds ears. Then take a soft cloth, an old handkerchief is good, and wipe it all off carefully. This will bring all the dust away. After this something must be done to remove the dusty cream that remains in the pores. One may do this either by applying a fresh coat of cream, and proceeding as before, or using hot water. A second application of cream will bring out all that is left from the first; hot water, of course, will do the same thing. Personally I am in favor of a second cream bath, rather than the water.

If this is done when going to bed there will be cream enough left in the skin to last for twenty-four hours, and indeed the bath need not be repeated until the day after, if one wishes. If it is done every other day warm water is the best to wash with during the interval. Cold will be drying, and very hot may be the same. But if cream is used only every other day the complexion should be carefully watched to see that it shows no evidence of growing rough. If it does there should be no time lost in applying more cream.

Always Keeps Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in His House.

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W. W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked at the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. This remedy is also without a peer for croup in children, and will prevent the attack when given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, which can only be done when the remedy is kept at hand. For sale by all druggists.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—The Cherry Blossoms.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYECUM—Sunday evening, Sousa's band.

"CHERRY BLOSSOMS."

Olio is Feature of Entertainment at the Metropolitan.

The feature of the entertainment given at the Metropolitan this week by the Cherry Blossoms, is the olio. Every turn is worthy of the place and time given it and last night's audience could not get enough of some of them.

Loro and Payne are clever acrobats and they received considerable applause. Frank Ross, Yiddish comedian, sings some screaming parodies in the most approved fashion. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Evans accomplish a juvenile stunt in a way that is most satisfactory and H. V. Fitzgerald revives the old lightning change act with considerable success. He has something like twenty-five changes of costume. The Manhassett quartet makes a hit, as quartets always do.

Both burlesques are the concoctions of John H. Perry, the principal comedian of the company. The first is called "The Wrong Mr. Tobasco" and is brimming over with popular songs. The last one is a hilarious affair called "Quarrelsome Neighbors." It suffers slightly from a superabundance of slap sticks and brick bats.

SOUSA'S BAND.

John Philip Sousa and his great band will be at the Lyceum Sunday evening. Sousa's band always receives a great welcome and this visit will doubtless prove no exception to the rule. The soloists will be Miss Elizabeth Schiller, soprano; Miss Jeanette Powers, violinist, and Herbert L. Clarke, cornetist. The program is as follows:

Overture—"Oberon" ..... Weber
Cornet solo—"Bride of the Waves"..... Clarke
Herbert L. Clarke.
Suiter, "At the King's Court" (new) ..... Sousa
(a.) Her Ladyship the Countess....
(b.) Her Grace, the Duchess.....
(c.) Her Majesty, the Queen.....
Soprano solo, "Card Song," from "The Bride-Elect" ..... Sousa
Miss Elizabeth Schiller.

JEANETTE POWERS
VIOLINIST

Welsh Rhapsody (new) ..Edward German
INTERMISSION.
Valse—"Vienna Darlings" ..... Ziehrer
(a.) Air de Ballet, "The Gipsy," (new) ..... Ganne
(b.) March, "The Diplomat," (new) ..... Sousa
Violin solo—"Caprice Slave".....Geloso
Miss Jeannette Powers.
"Ride of the Valkyries," from "Die Walkuere" ..... Wagner

"CHECKERS."

"Checkers," the success of New York's last two seasons will be presented at the Lyceum theater next Friday and Saturday and Saturday matinee. Both critically and financially this seems to have proved one of the most noted successes of the present theatrical season as it was last. It but recently finished its fourteenth engagement in New York city, and it is booked to play one more there this season. The play when seen here will be practically the original company save that the phenomenal young actor, Hans Robert, will be seen in the title role. The production is a large one and the play containing thirty-five prominent speaking parts calls for a company numbering 150 people for its proper interpretation. "Checkers" is a breezy, up-to-date story and is told in a manner which seems to please all classes. It teems with pathos and humor and there is in it the thrill of sensationalism sufficient to satisfy the craving of those who care for that sort of thing.

DO NOT SEEK FREEDOM.

Rainsbarger Brothers Withdraw Their Petitions for Pardon.

Eldora, Iowa, March 13.—Frank and Nathan Rainsbarger of this county have withdrawn their applications for pardons from the hands of the pardon committee of the senate and the house. These men are now serving life sentences at the Anamosa penitentiary and have been in prison mor than eighteen years. They were convicted of murdering Enoch Johnson, the father-in-law of Frank Rainsbarger, in this county, twenty years ago. When the legislature met two years ago, the men petitioned for pardon but were refused on account of the wife of Frank Rainsbarger opposing the application. She said that her life would be in danger if the brothers were given their freedom. Both men were sent to prison when they were less than 30 years of age. Today they are old and gray headed.

Ebenezer S. Blydenburgh, another Hardin county man serving a life sentence for the murder of his third wife, has made application through his attorneys, for a rehearing of his case before the supreme court of the state. The hearing will be held at the May term. This is the last opportunity Blydenburgh will have to obtain a hearing and this decision will be final.

Your New Spring Dress?
HADN'T YOU BETTER CONSIDER FIRST
Your Corset?

The new shape is a necessity if you wish to be well dressed, as the corset must fit snugly, tapering the waist and prettily rounding the figure. The bust, too, is a trifle higher than last season's models. Correct shapes are Warner's Rust-Proof Models, and we have them in an assortment sufficiently varied to comfortably fit any type of form. These excellent models are equipped with the famous "Security" Rubber Button Hose Supporters—a fitting hose supporter for a good corset.

Warner's Rust-Proof Corsets — every pair guaranteed. $1.00 to $3.50 per pair.

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CANADIAN RECIPROCITY.

A. D. McRae, a former Duluthian now living in Winnipeg, said the other day while here on a visit that the time for reciprocity between the United States and Canada has gone by, because the Canadians do not want it now, much as they would have appreciated it a few years ago.

This bears out what The Herald has heretofore said on this subject. There was a time when Canada was anxious for reciprocal trade arrangements with us, and when she resented bitterly being shut out of our markets with her raw materials by the tariff wall we had erected. Now she has got over caring, and, indeed, seems to be rather glad we acted as ofiish as we did. Why?

We taught her the lesson of independence. Since we would not take her raw materials and manufacture them, she had to do it herself. It seemed hard at first, but she quickly got into the way of it, and now she would not go back to the old ways for anything. She has found that she can manufacture as well as we can, and that the reciprocity she wanted a few years ago we now want more than she does.

Not only that, but she is now making for herself lots of things we used to make for her, and all because of our stupid refusal to extend the neighborly courtesy of reciprocity to her. American farmers were so awfully scared by the stories the politicians told about the dangers of flooding this country with Canadian wheat that they backed up the manufacturers in their opposition to reciprocity. Now the manufacturers find that they can't sell things to Canada that they used to sell because she makes them herself, and the farmers are awaking to the fact that the high protective wall which has done this thing is also subjecting them to the trust prices of American manufacturers. They have also discovered that what was told them then is true; that the price of wheat is fixed in the world's markets, absolutely without regard to imaginary boundary lines between countries or to tariff walls, and that free wheat would not have affected the prices they receive for their grain.

By going to sleep ourselves we forced Canada to wake up, and whether or not she is grateful to us, she ought to be.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY.

What William Lloyd Garrison was to the slave, Susan B. Anthony desired to be to the American woman. It was her firm and honest belief that the denial of the ballot to woman was an act of oppression and tyranny on the part of man, and it was her endeavor, through a long and busy lifetime of usefulness, to right this wrong and place in woman's hands the ballot, that she might carve out her own way to social freedom by its use.

She was as earnest, as honest and as conscientious about it as any advocate of human liberties in all the history of man's struggles upward. Her measure of success has been perhaps greater than can be measured at this time. Her figure will loom more largely in history than it does in the rush of current events. If the process of social evolution brings about woman's suffrage, the name of Susan B. Anthony will be emblazoned on the imperishable tablets of fame as that of the most vigorous and effective pioneer in the movement.

When she started in her work half a century ago her cause was intensely unpopular, and it was a common experience for her to be hissed and hooted upon the lecture platform. Her lecture tour in 1861 was a series of riots, and in Syracuse she was egged and burned in effigy. That could not happen today. Several states have admitted women to full suffrage, and a broader spirit of tolerance toward woman's suffrage prevails everywhere. Whether it was fully appreciated or not, the life of Susan B. Anthony was a constant service to her sisters, and its influence will not soon fade away.

MORE SLANDER.

From Northern Minnesota comes a pitiful wail that the government should instruct settlers how to get good farm crops off denuded jackpine lands. The government is better engaged when it instructs settlers to keep off such lands and to leave them for forestry. Only when they occur in the vicinity of some great city is it worth while to incur the expenses involved in that practical re-creation of their soil which is necessary to convert them into good farms.—Maxwell's Talisman, organ of forestry and irrigation.

If there be any in Northern Minnesota who are contributing to the cause advocated by this Talisman magazine, let them take note of this statement, and withhold their contributions. The advocates of forestry and irrigation, who seem singularly enough to be also advocates of any plan which will keep settlers off the remaining public domain until the railroads dispose of their land grants and scrip, are constantly endeavoring to make the world at large believe that Northern Minnesota is a jackpine waste, sandy and unfitted for agriculture. The Talisman teems with such libels.

In the first place, "jackpine" land, so-called, is not the characteristic land in Northern Minnesota, as these people would have you believe. Jackpine occurs in scattering small areas, the most of the forest country having been covered with white and Norway pine and their associates of the woods.

In the second place, the statement that jackpine lands are unfit for farming is a deliberate falsehood. On "jackpine" land in Northern Minnesota it is no uncommon sight to see 160 bushels of potatoes grown to the acre, with less cultivation than would have been necessary on clay lands. Cattle stand kneedeep in second growth alfalfa in September on fields that a few years before were a jackpine jungle. Clover has been seen in August two feet tall on such lands, and grain has been successfully grown upon them.

The facts are, then, that the jackpine country is very limited in area, and that it grows good crops instead of being worthless for agriculture. But still more important is the fact that the cut-over pine lands, upon which for untold centuries vegetation has been deposited to decay and become loam, are richer by far than any soil in the West, and when cleared will yield crops in marvelous fertility. The swamp areas, when drained, will become rich farming territory. All that will be left in all of Northern Minnesota will be a few rocky areas, which are suitable for forestry and for nothing else. Let the forestry people, if their desire for forestry is sincere, take these and experiment with them; but let them cease from seeking, by spreading falsehoods regarding the character of the soil, to make of Northern Minnesota a barren waste devoted to their hobby.

THE DISPUTED POINT.

A study of Senator Clapp's recent speech on the Hepburn rate regulation bill, from the verbatim report of it in the Congressional Record, reveals a peculiar fact.

He is reported as favoring the bill in its present form without amendment because he thinks that it permits the courts to suspend a rate order while they judicially review its validity.

This is just what the advocates of rate regulation wish to avoid. If Senator Clapp's view of the bill is correct, it provides just what the railroad senators want—the delay of the interstate commerce commission's rulings until the courts have passed upon them. This means a condition very much like that which exists today, under which complaining shippers who attack railroad rates enter upon a seige of years' duration, with the railroads fighting for delay at every step of the road.

Furthermore, Senator Clapp declares that he did not believe the government had any right to deprive the railroads of this power, for he thinks it would be neither equitable nor constitutional.

On the other hand, others have been advocating the Hepburn bill on exactly the contrary ground, because they believe that it does not permit such suspension of rate orders.

On the whole, it appears likely that Senator Clapp's idea of the bill is incorrect, and that the view that it will not permit the suspension of rate orders pending court review is right. But if there is room for such a wide difference of opinion on a point so important, there surely is something wrong with the wording of the bill, which should be remedied at once. One side wants it expressly declared that the courts may suspend the orders of the commission, and the other side wants it definitely stated that they shall not suspend them. This is good enough ground to fight it out on. It should not be indefinite. It should be distinctly stated one way or the other.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

What's delaying the Panama canal crop of novels?

* * *

The ice man cuts no ice this year—in Lake Superior.

* * *

Some people, because of its uncertainty, would attach the feminine gender to March.

* * *

The only way to keep a political party good is to beat it when it is bad. Spare the rod and spoil the party.

* * *

Dr. Osler may not have said it, but a look at the United States senate leads people to think it is true, anyway.

* * *

President Roosevelt will complete "The Winning of the West" if he will beat a different spirit into the United States senate.

* * *

Mark Twain says he is trying to find out what a gentleman is. Since he lives in New York he will probably take a trip to pursue his studies.

* * *

If people were really and truly as good as they can be during Lent, they would like it so well they would keep it up even when Lent is over.

* * *

The fact that the president has started a fight against tuberculosis in Washington is ample reason for the senate to be opposed to the campaign.

* * *

If Jacobson does not into the governorship game soon he may find that Block's campaign, which is becoming aggressive, has raised some obstacles to his progress.

* * *

The Hinckley Enterprise wonders why the state candidates are lining up for drainage so strongly. It is because there is a public demand for it, and it would be fatal for them to act otherwise.

* * *

Even if the cold snap did hurt the feelings of amateur weather prophets who said spring had come to stay, it made the loggers happy, and gave a few moments of hope to the ice men.

* * *

Minnesota newspapers discussing the iron business should remember that while a small part of the iron deposits are on state lands, most of them are owned by private parties and corporations.

* * *

When half a dozen tons of dynamite blew up near Thomson last night a lot of people jumped to the conclusion that Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle county had started his governorship campaign at last.

* * *

The paper trust has been ordered by the United States supreme court to answer the questions put to it in the suit started in Minnesota. Its reluctance to answer makes the information sought all the more interesting.

* * *

The LeSueur Sentinel takes it for granted that Block of St. Peter will get the Republican nomination for governor, and congratulates St. Peter on its cinch on the governorship for another two years. Governor Johnson is from St. Peter, too.

* * *

The Washington Post observes that as Democrats supporting the president have been named "White House Democrats," Republican senators opposing the president ought to have a name. The people will be quite content if it is made "Dennis" or "Twenty-three" for all of them.

* * *

The renewal of the insurance fight at Albany and the return of Andrew Hamilton are coincident, though possibly they have nothing in common. Still a threat from Andy to tell who got the money in previous sessions might be effective argument in securing votes against the insurance bills.

HOTEL GOSSIP

John W. Woodhill and W. R. Irwin of Two Harbors were registered at the McKay hotel yesterday. The two men are on their way home from a trip to Florida and Cuba. They seem to like the Southern country very well, and express a preference for Florida over Cuba as a place of residence.

"I liked St. Augustine better than any other place we visited," said Mr. Woodhill. "The city is pretty, and the climate appears to be just as nearly ideal as anyone could wish for. All of the Florida towns, as well as those in Cuba, are very interesting. We also stopped at Chattanooga, Tenn., and took advantage of the opportunity to view the various places of historic interest in and around the town.

"We saw a good many Americans in Havana, but the English language seems to be spoken very little there. One has difficulty in making his wants known. There is an extensive tourist travel to the island during the winter, but despite this fact the hotel accommodations at Havana are decidedly unsatisfactory. The railroads on the island are also behind the times. We did not go around outside the city on this account. No pretense of running the trains on time is made.

"Havana doesn't look much like an American town. The streets are narrow. They are so narrow that two teams can scarcely pass, and if, in driving, your horse gets behind an ox team it has to guage its gait by that of the beasts in front. All the horses wear sleigh bells the year round."

* * *

"The Idaho Reduction company, a controlling interest in which is owned by O. L. Young of Duluth and myself, has recently completed a new smelter for gold, silver, copper and lead ores at Clarkson, Wash.," said Judge W. B. Holman of Grand Rapids, Minn., at the McKay. Mr. Holman has just returned from superintending some of the company work in the West. "Clarkson is located just across the Snake river from Lewiston, Idaho. The new smelter is handling 120 tons of ore a day.

"We are building these smelters all through the mining districts of Idaho, Washington and Oregon, particularly in the copper districts. Two more are now in the course of construction. Our smelting is by a new process, cheaper and much more satisfactory than the old. The plan is to establish a smelter at every group of mines, and to take over the mines in exchange for stock in the smelting company. In this way we intend to gain control of all the copper mines of Idaho, Washington and Oregon. The process is a chemical one, and the cheapest known to man. One of our mines now has 750,000 tons in the stock piles ready for the smelter.

"I am also largely interested in the Grand Round Coal company, which controls 2,500 acres of lignite in Washington, thirty-five miles from Lewiston. The O. R. & N. is now building an extension to the coal fields, and this will be completed within a year. The Northern Pacific is also about to extend to the coal fields. The Washington lignite is of better quality than that found in the Dakotas, and will be suitable for use on the railroads. We will have the mines running as soon as we are able to ship the coal."

* * *

"Never has there been a time when the comfort of the enlisted man in the naval service has been so great as at present, nor when the emoluments in all ratings have been as large, and there is no navy in which the comfort and pay equal the conditions which exist in the navy of the United States," said Lieut. J. H. Comfort, who is in Duluth, a guest at the Spalding, in charge of the naval recruiting crew which has established its headquarters for this week in the federal building.

"It is also a fact that there has never been a time, except during periods of actual war, when the opportunity for rapid promotion was so certain to come to bright, intelligent young men. Of course, a man must not expect promotion at once. He must be willing to begin at the bottom and work up. In civil life he must learn his trade or prove his ability and faithfulness before he can rise. The same is required in the navy, but it may be said that a man who deserves promotion is as certain, if not more so, to get it than if he were engaged in a civil occupation. He need never lose his job, he is always sure of his pay, and he is taken care of in case he is sick or disabled.

"Apprentice seamen, on entrance into the naval service, receive an outfit of clothing worth $45, go on the roll at a monthly pay of $16, and receive a ration, calculated at a cash value of 30 cents a day, in addition, while being taught the rudiments of a calling. At the expiration of the period of training, which generally lasts from six months to a year, apprentice seamen are rated ordinary seamen, with the pay of $19 a month.

"Members of the engine room force are listed as coal passers, go on the roll at a monthly pay of $16, and receive a 30-cents a day ration and an outfit of clothing worth $45. When qualified for firemen, second class, their pay is raised to $30 a month. Service in the navy offers opportunity for advancement in several lines. The first is that of the seamen branch, for which the original enlistment is made as an apprentice seaman. The young man who enlists in this rating serves six months to a year in training, at the expiration of which time he is rated as an ordinary seaman.

"On the completion of about a year as ordinary seaman, he will probably be qualified for the rating of seaman, with pay at the rate of $24 a month and the additions I have referred to. At this point he may take his choice among several different divisions of the work of seaman, electing to perfect himself either in the duties of quartermaster, which relate to the steering of the ship while under way, signaling, etc.; gunnery, the care and handling of ordnance outfit; the work of coxswain or boatswain's mate, which relates to the handling of men, handling boats, anchor gear, etc.; or he may elect to qualify for the master-at-arms branch, which is the police force of the ship.

"While still a seaman, he may receive an extra amount of pay of $5 a month for certain lines of service, and if he becomes an expert signalman he may receive $1, $2 or $3 a month additional for this service, in accordance with his experience and expertness. After finishing such term of service as seaman as would insure his proficiency to serve in a higher rating, and before the expiration of his enlistment of four years, he may receive an appointment as a petty officer, second class, at $25, or third class, at $20. From this on he has a good chance to climb toward the top."

* * *

At the Spalding: C. T. Danback, F. R. Masore, C. E. Frailey, J. Thomson, Minneapolis; B. M. Buckemuster, Grand Forks; C. H. Smith, Wausau, Wis.; W. L. Johnson, Pittsburg; R. E. Slaughter, Hudson, Wis.; R. T. Hughes, Kansas City; J. E. Flack, H. D. Oxley, Minneapolis; W. B. Webb, Anaconda, Mont.; C. E. Latsham and child, Chicago; T. Gill, Virginia; P. R. Ross, Detroit; J. E. Shaw, Minneapolis; R. N. Blackburn, Ishpeming, Mich.; W. Eddy, Margaret Clandening, Eveleth; E. Mossberg, Sweden.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. Grant, Minneapolis; S. E. Atkins, St. Paul; H. Weynstine, Bovey, Minn.; E. E. Ormsey, San Francisco; P. C. Hanley, Hibbing; C. Peterson, Culver; N. J. Sewall, Nashwauk; A. J. Mulvey, Stillwater; J. Fleming, Hinckley, Minn.; C. A. Fletcher, Medina, N. Y.; S. F. Smith, Scanlon, Minn.; G. B. Field, Dedham, Wis.; J. Ryan, Negaunee; W. S. Vance, Hayward, Minn.; N. J. Benson, Tower, Minn.; M. Fraser, W. A. Noble, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.; O. Swanson, Moose Lake, Minn.; G. Burman, Grand View; H. L. Legge, Buhl, Minn.; Mrs. J. S. Lutes and son; Biwabik, Minn.; J. M. Lamb, Winnipeg; J. E. Meshan, Hibbing; C. S. Judd, Saginaw; P. M. West, Detroit; J. E. Thomas, Winnipeg.

* * *

At the Lenox: J. H. Moran, Madison; A. Reid, Virginia; W. F. Bowden, Eveleth; E. V. Barnes, J. Barnes, White Bear, Minn.; G. V. Barnhardt, Detroit; A. S. Wooding, Hines, Wis.; P. Mathews, Park Falls; Mr. and Mrs. M. Hennessy, Two Harbors; A. O. Wilson, Hibbing; H. Miller, St. Paul; H. Foljonen, Hancock, Mich.; A. Harletsin, Chisholm, Minn.; F. Hegan, Beloit, Wis.; G. Sinclair, J. Sinclair, Eau Claire, Wis.; G. Sundeen, Escanaba, Mich.; C. Peterson, Cloquet, Minn.; O. D. Williams, Lincoln, Neb.; F. Ralston, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the McKay: C. Kerman, Chicago; J. A. Bennett, St. Paul; S. Hamilton, Cloquet, Minn.; C. A. Morton, F. C. Smith, Minneapolis; E. J. Heben, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; Mrs. Meagher, Spooner, Wis.

THE WEATHER

It grew milder last night, as the weather man said it would, and this morning dawned with a sky overcast by a gray cloud that showed possibilities of snow. A few flakes fell during the forenoon, but there was no further materialization of the threats condisions made. The weather man expects snow tonight and tomorrow, accompanied by warmer weather. Last night's lowest was zero, and the highest was 12 degs. above. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"The Nevada storm has moved its center to Utah causing rain in California and snow in the Rocky mountains, Eastern slopes, Central valleys and Middle Atlantic states, and higher temperature from Minnesota southward over the Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys to Eastern Texas. The barometer remains high and the temuerature low in Western Canada, the coldest being 20 degs to 30 degs. below zero in Northern Saskatchewan. The Easterly movement of the Southwestern storm favors snow and brisk to high northeast winds at the Head of the Lakes tonight and Wednesday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	36	Miles City	2
Atlanta	46	Milwaukee	14
Battleford	—22	Minnedosa	—12
Bismarck	4	Modena	38
Boston	14	Montgomery	52
Buffalo	14	Moorhead	8
Calgary	—8	New Orleans	60
Charleston	56	New York	24
Chicago	22	Norfolk	38
Cincinnati	24	Northfield	2
Davenport	16	North Platte	6
Denver	12	Oklahoma	28
Detroit	18	Omaha	14
Devils Lake	—6	Pierre	10
Dodge	16	Pittsburg	24
Duluth	0	Port Arthur	—4
El Paso	50	Portland	24
Escanaba	6	Prince Albert	—20
Galveston	62	Qu'Appelle	—14
Green Bay	8	Rapid City	4
Havre	—4	St. Louis	24
Helena	—6	St. Paul	10
Houghton	0	San Francisco	40
Huron	10	Santa Fe	36
Jacksonville	60	S. Ste. Marie	2
Kansas City	18	Shreveport	48
Knoxville	42	Spokane	10
La Crosse	10	Swift Current	—8
Lander	0	Washington	28
Little Rock	42	Williston	0
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	18
Marquette	14	Winnipeg	—20
Medicine Hat	—4		

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, March 13.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Snow tonight and Wednesday. Warmer tonight, with temperature between 10 degs. and 20 degs. above zero. Brisk to high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 13.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Snow tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Snow tonight and Wednesday. Colder in west portion.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Snow and colder tonight and Wednesday. High northerly winds.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: There is a lot more fun running into debt than crawling out.

A woman is awful proud of her husband when he gets in a lawsuit.

A woman hardly ever has to tell a fib twice to make herself believe it.

Most men would rather have a measly political job and starve to death than to get a good living by work.

The way the devil gets men to drink more than their families want them to is by telling them it is the way to prove their independence.

Mystery of Bad Whisky.

Detroit Free Press: When Dr. Wiley of the department of agriculture produced from alcohol, burnt sugar and something else a superior brand of fourteen-year-old whisky in about fourteen minutes, it was not a work of necromancy, but a simple bit of manufacturing which is carried on on a large scale in many places in the country. The fact that the members of the congressional committee pronounced the product excellent is better proof of its quality than could be ordinarily obtained. What we don't understand is where the bad whisky comes from. If it is so easy, simple and cheap to make a grade of whisky which tickles the congressional palate, why are there in existence so many kinds of whisky which irritate, burn and scratch the whole length of the esophagus? It is perfectly plain that the whisky makers need curbing. They don't even produce a good imitation of the real thing when it is perfectly easy to do so.

Jefferson's Idea.

Everybody's Magazine: Joseph Jefferson was a strong believer in early marriages, and he never missed an opportunity to impress his convictions upon young men. In an address at Yale, he said:

"I abominate bachelors. The older they grow, the more conceited they become. I was talking to one and I asked him why he did not marry. He parried the question by telling about different young women he had known, finding some fault with each one. But it appeared that all of them had married.

"'You are in danger of getting left,' I said to him. 'You had better hurry up before it is too late.'

"'Oh,' said the bachelor, 'there are just as good fish left in the sea.'

"'I know that,' I said, 'but the bait—isn't there danger of the bait becoming stale?'"

The Curse of Shiftlessness.

Hartford, Conn., Times: Whether shiftlessness is a vice that is incurable or a habit that can be overcome, it is, anyhow, a condition that perplexes and irritates relieving officials. Shiftlessness is paying one's last 50 cents for a circus ticket without learning where tomorrow's breakfast is coming from. It is a refusal to repair a leak in the roof when the sun shines. It is killing the goose that lays the golden eggs. It takes no thought of the morrow. It never lays up anything for a rainy day. It always ignores opportunities. It prefers to rely on neighborhood bounty to hustling for itself. It won't work except under the pressure of necessity. It never gets ahead.

Who Is It?

Boston Herald: Congressman Rucker of Missouri eloquently expresses his hope that the Democratic party in the next presidential campaign will nominate as its candidate and leader that man with the dew of morning yet upon his brow, who stands alone in private life, towering above his fellows, the one true ideal of American statesmanship, the workingman's best and most faithful friend, the bold and fearless champion of the right, the defender and uncompromising foe of the wrong, that pure and incorruptible American whose name is a menace and a fear to wrong-doers, but is a solace and inspiration to good statesmanship everywhere. Guess his name!

The Cass Lake Hypatia.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: When we overcome self, the devil cuts our acquaintance.

There would be an amazing readjustment of wages if each individual was given just what he earns in this life.

When we attempt to clothe the naked truth we often disguise it.

Some individuals waste lots of vital energy over their crumpled rose leaves, forgetting to be thankful they are not cabbage leaves.

By keeping the garden of the soul free from the weeds of selfishness, unkindness, and petty meanness, the flowers of love, charity and goodness will blossom unceasingly.

Not the Laying Kind.

Abbeyville, La., Meridianal: A few days ago a rather bashful young woman went into a Gueydan grocery store carrying chickens. She inquired the price of chickens, and at the same time put them on the counter. The clerk didn't know the chickens feet were tied, and asked if they would lay there. She bit her handkerchief, ducked her head, and said; "No, sir; they are roosters."

For Breakfast Luncheon or Tea

A few small biscuits easily made with Royal Baking Powder. Make them small—as small round as a napkin ring. Mix and bake just before the meal. Serve hot.

Nothing better for a light dessert than these little hot biscuits with butter and honey, marmalade or jam.

You must use Royal Baking Powder to get them right.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1886.

***Demas Neveu of Gray's mill, Rice's Point, was working yesterday with Napoleon Grignon's men in the removal of Capt. E. Jacques's house. The chain broke and one of the blocks blew out, striking Neveu below the knee and fracturing the leg.

***Fred H. Russell, who is well known as a caterer to the public, has taken the West End hotel at Rice's Point and is now running a fine hotel.

***D. C. Abeles has purchased the entire stock and good will of Sinclair & Eckhart.

***Oneota is likely to be owned almost entirely by non-residents soon. It is said that a Minneapolis syndicate is figuring on a large tract and is looking forward to the establishment of a large factory, the nature of which is not stated.

***One of the most daring burglaries ever attempted in Duluth was frustrated by two courageous young men, Charles Ericson and August Turning, who are in the employ of W. G. Willis in the clothing store at 219 West Superior street. They closed up as usual at 9 p. m. and went out to visit some friends. Returning about 10 o'clock they proceeded immediately upstairs and were just in time to see a man escape through a rear window. A second intruder grappled with the two young men, but they obtained the upper hand of him. Then Turning ran to the street to give the alarm while Ericson kept guard over the burglar they had subdued. At the front door Turning found the other burglar, revolver in hand, firing through the large plate glass window to frighten off the capturers of his partner. Turning found a revolver lying on some clothing, having been left by one of the men, and returned the fire. A large crowd gathered and the thief made his escape. After safely placing the captured burglar, named Smith, in jail, the police arrested a man named Ryan on Minnesota Point as the other burglar. Ericson and Turning have received many congratulations on their unusual nerve. Ryan has already served a year in jail for stealing Dr. McComb's watch.

***A. R. Taylor, who intends to found a private school, has arrived in town.

***Daniel Van Baalen is entertaining his father and brothers of Chicago and Syracuse respectively, who will probably make Duluth their future home.

***The following real estate transfers have been recorded:

S. D. Allen to Henry Dewitt, lot 9, block 2, Banning & Ray's subdivision, $1,200.

Osborne and Louden to E. E. Collins, lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 83, Portland division, $950.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Princeton Union: John Goodnow has been appointed foreign adviser to China at a salary of $500 a month. More trouble for China is consequently expected. John is from Minneapolis.

Crookston Journal: Every phase of the drainage proposition seems to be being exhausted except the building of the ditches.

Crookston Times: If the legislature does not do things we think they are elected to do, the fault lies not so much with the members of the legislature as with the people themselves. If we are not interested in seeing we get good government, we ourselves are to blame for not getting it.

Mora Times: Men occupying high political and financial positions are beginning to realize that, after all, it pays to be honest.

Le Sueur News: He who can curb his tongue can sidetrack a heap of trouble.

Ortonville Herald Star: The fact that Grover Cleveland has just sold his farm near Princeton is taken to mean that he has at last finally abandoned politics.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: "Touchin' on and appertainin' to" the gubernatorial situation, it looks from an unprejudiced viewpoint as though we could not have too much Johnson.

Hinckley Enterprise: It is funny the way the candidates for the state ticket all hustle around to place themselves right upon the drainage question. Why so suddenly is this thus?

Rochester Post and Record: German officers are going to Japan to study the art of war. And only a few years ago the Japs were studying the art of war from German officers.

Red Lake Falls Courier: Senator Nelson voted for the ship subsidy bill and Senator Clapp dodged it. This is another strong argument to provide against the danger of giving Governor Johnson a chance to appoint a Democratic senator.

Northfield News: Why should railroads be permitted to charge more for the same service when freight is consigned to one station than when it is consigned to another? That is what is systematically done in this state, and it isn't right. If freight rates were put on a mileage basis such discrimination would be impossible.

Grand Rapids Independent: There is always some way to print the news if one cannot find out all the particulars of a news item. Here is the way A. M. Greeley chronicles the visit of a gentleman to that city: "A 400-pound man was here from Fergus Falls last week and secured an option for the purchase of Robinson's hotel building."

Littlefork Times: A wise move on the part of the Republican party would be to select a Northern Minnesota man for governor. A staunch advocate of drainage would be a winner.

New Form of Pathos.

Washington Star: The cases of husbands who have been abandoned by their wealthy wives are contributing much to the pathos of current news.

POINTED PLEASANTRIES.

Somerville Journal: Friend—Have you ever written any fiction?

Penpusher—Well, I have been a newspaper reporter for fourteen years.

Washington Star: "I suppose that member of congress is surprised by his defeat."

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "We are all a little unreasonable in that way. What we should be surprised at is his election in the first place."

Cleveland Leader: Bookkeeper—Gee! Those stenographers are chattering so that I can't do any work. I wish I knew how to shut 'em up.

Cashier—Ask which one of them is the oldest.

Philadelphia Press: "And what are you doing in the capital?" said the Washington citizen to a friend from the West.

"Oh, I came to see congress make new laws."

"Indeed? Then you intend to reside here for a number of years."

Chicago Tribune: Mrs. Crossway—Isn't the Perkins' Gwendolen an awfully bright little girl?

Mrs. Lapsling—Yes; she's the most cutaneous child I ever saw.

Philadelphia Ledger: "I wonder who originated the expression 'reckoned without his host?'"

"Very likely it was some deluded hotel guest, who tried to figure out for himself what his bill was going to be."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | NOTE THE DATES.

Thursday Night, March 15, Grand WRESTLING TOURNAMENT

GOTCH, America's Champion Wrestler, VS. MAYNARD, Head-of-the-Lakes Favorite.

Prices 25c to $1.50. Seats now.

Friday, Saturday, Saturday Matinee "Checkers-is-a-very-young-man."

150 PEOPLE. "CHECKERS" BIG RACING PLAY

Prices 25c to $1.50. Seats Now.

METROPOLITAN

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK

CHERRY-BLOSSOMS

ALL STAR SPECIALTIES.

Thursday (Ladies' Day), and Saturday.

Prices 20 and 30c. Nights 15, 30 and 50c.

SUNDAY EVENING, MARCH 18th

LYCEUM THEATER

"SOUSA"

"Sousa is great! After appearing before the courts of Europe he returns to his own unspoiled and more delightful than ever. The unanimous verdict in Symphony hall last night was 'Guilty in First Degree of giving the finest performance of his career.'"—Boston American, Thursday, Jan. 11.

Selections by Weber, Clarke, German, Zichrer, Mendelssohn, Gannè, Wagner and SOUSA.

SOLOISTS PRICES 50c-$1.00. Elizabeth Schiller, soprano; Jeanette Powers, violin; Herbert Clark, cornetist.

F. S. KELLY FURNITURE CO.

All Cars Bring You Right to This Store—226-228 West Superior St.—Get Off at 3rd Ave. W.

A Great Special Sale of Pictures

We want to make a complete clearance of every picture in the house—and we have some fine ones, too. We gather the entire lot together on three large tables and place them on sale commencing Wednesday morning at exactly Half Price. Don't miss this chance if you have been waiting for a snap of this kind. There are certainly many pictures in the lot you would be pleased to have, even at the regular prices.

25c	50c	75c	$1.00	$1.50
for Pictures that always sell for 50c.	for Pictures that always sell for $1.	for Pictures that always sell at $1.50	for Pictures that always sell for $2.	Fine Pictures that sell everywhere $3 to $4

OPEN A CHARGE ACCOUNT—Your Credit is Good.

We invite you to open a charge account in this store and assure you the most liberal and courteous treatment. We are pleased to have you take advantage of the "KELLY SYSTEM" of easy payments to buy what you need. Our credit department has been thoroughly reorganized and placed under new management, that it may be of greater benefit to those with a stipulated income.

The World of Sports

TRIP STILL IN PROSPECT

Hockey Players Daily Expect Word From the Copper Country.

High School Sophomores Defeat Freshmen in Exciting Game.

The members of the Duluth City hockey team are still hoping and planning for the trip to the Copper country, which has been looked forward to for weeks.

The trip was originally scheduled for March 7, but the mild weather forced the players to postpone the games until March 16.

The present cold snap has provided plenty of good ice for the games, and the boys are anxiously awaiting word from Houghton and Calumet. They are prepared to go at any time, and can leave as soon as they receive the telegram setting the exact date for the games.

A game has been arranged with the Columbias of Superior for Friday evening, but this date will be broken if the Copper country trip is arranged.

Last evening the high school sophomore team secured revenge on the freshman class for the defeat at football, by winning the annual hockey game by the score of 7 to 5.

The second year men had the advantage in weight, and while the freshmen forwards put up a fast combination, they were unable to get past the heavy defense.

The score at the end of the first half was 4 to 0. Earl Cummings, captain of the freshman team, had scored all four of the goals for his team, working a nice combination with Clark at left wing.

In the second half, Cargill and Caulkins got in some fast work and piled up three goals for the Sophomores, while the Freshmen added but one more. Paine was injured in this half, and retired in favor of Poirier.

The line-up was as follows:

Freshmen		Sophomores
Canton	Goal	Flynn
Crawford	Point	Spencer
Ebener	Cover Point	Cook
Cummings	Center	Cargill
Frank	Right Wing	Caulkins
Clark	Left Wing	Paine

Referee, Elmer McDevitt. Timekeepers, H. Sharvey and C. Campbell.

CHALLENGE IS ISSUED.

Maynard, Wrestler, Wants to Throw Superior Man Five Times.

Incensed at the attitude taken by a Superior wrestler named Davis, W. H. Longstreet, manager of the Metropolitan Opera house and Billy Maynard's manager, has issued a challenge for that wrestler to the Superior man.

Maynard offers to deposit any amount from $500 to $1,000 with any newspaper at the Head of the Lakes as a guarantee of good faith in his desire to arrange a match with Davis and will forfeit the sum if he is unable to throw Davis five times in an hour. Davis has been saying unpleasant things about Maynard and his management. If Davis accepts the challenge, the match will be held after Maynard's meeting with Gotch.

Club Amends Articles.

A certificate of amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Northland Country club was filed yesterday with the register of deeds. The amendment provides for the purchase of the present club grounds, which was recently accomplished, and sets the membership fee at $25 for men and $15 for women. Two negative votes on the board of directors will reject a candidate for membership.

FUNKLEY DEPOT BURNED.

Bemidji, Minn., March 13.—The Minnesota & International depot at Funkley was destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock yesterday morning and except for a quantity of freight which was saved from the building the loss is total. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed that it started from a stovepipe. No estimate of the loss has been given out.

WRESTLING STRENUOUS

Frank Gotch Says It is as Brutal as Pugilism.

Vividly Describes Severe Strain of Battle on the Mat.

Frank Gotch, the famous Iowa wrestler, who will appear at the Lyceum next Thursday evening, has also aspirations toward the prize ring and claims that the pugilistic game is less brutal than wrestling.

Regarding the art of which he is a master, he has the following to say in answer to an inquiry from The Herald, which reached him at Minneapolis:

"Wrestling is the toughest game in the world. I have participated in prize fights, but they are nothing in comparison to a wrestling match. On the mat I have had all my ribs torn loose. The worst injuries I ever received in boxing were bones broken in my hands from hitting my opponents.

"Another thing to be considered is that wrestling is a fight to a finish for every fall. In a boxing bout, you know how long you are going to box. You can judge your pace accordingly. In a wrestling match it is throw your opponent or be thrown.

"For a man not in condition, a wrestling match is torture. If he is game and will do his best to keep from being thrown. His opponent is after him all the time. He gets no chance to rest, and he soon becomes exhausted, and for days after the match is hardly able to move.

"In a boxing match a well-trained man can be almost unconscious, but a minute's rest between each round revives him. In wrestling there is no such thing as resting. I have tried both the boxing and wrestling games, and for punishment and pain I don't think there is any comparison between the two.

"Just take the toe and bar arm hold, in comparison to a right wallop on the jaw. In boxing you are hit hard and you do not feel any great pain. You fall down and get ten seconds to come up in, and then you can clinch. Take the wrestling match. Suppose you have all your money wagered that you will defeat a man. He suddenly catches you unawares and gets the hold on you. You want to fight to save your money, but he twists your ankle and a pain shoots through your leg that nauseates you. Then he applies force to your arm and you feel yourself going down to the mat. Your friends cheer for you frantically, and you make another final effort. Your opponent simply turns on a bit more power, and the pain becomes so great that your forget everything for the moment to escape the terrible grinding that seems to be shooting through your whole body. Your opponent, in the instant that you relax, pins your shoulders to the mat with a thud. For a moment the relief is so great that you lay like one stunned. Then, amid the shouts for the victor, you are picked up and dragged to your corner.

"I am a champion at wrestling, and like the game. That is the reason I stick to it, in preference to going after the boxing championship. I challenged Jim Jeffries to fight me for the heavyweight title, but he did not accept. Some day I may decide to enter the ring again. I am certain I will never have to go through the same punishment in the ring that one experiences in wrestling."

WOODSMAN USES KNIFE.

Two Men Seriously Cut In Saloon Row at Kelliher.

Kelliher, Minn., March 13.—A stabbing affray in which one man was perhaps fatally injured and another quite seriously hurt occurred in J. C. Gibson's saloon Saturday night, when Tony Carlson, a woodsman, used a knife upon the persons of John Sparks of Nymore and Christ Olson of Bemidji. Sparks received a wound on the neck several inches long and it is stated that his condition is critical at the Kelliher hospital, where he was taken. Olson was cut on the thigh and he was also taken to the Kelliher hospital, where he is yet held.

CURLERS ARE AGAIN BUSY

Games Played in Both Herald and Manley-McLennan Events.

STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.
George Stillman	1	0
A. W. Frick	2	1
Alexander Milne	0	1
J. C. Myron	0	1

By defeating the A. W. Frick rink last evening, the Stillman rink made it possible for any one of the four rinks in the final round of The Herald event, to win out.

Had the Frick rink won, it would have secured possession of the trophy, as it had defeated both the Milne and Myron rinks, but the victory of the Stillman quartet leaves the final round in the condition shown above. The Stillman rink must play both the Myron and Milne rinks, and the two latter must play each other.

In the Manley-McLennan event, the Kennedy rink defeated the Milne rink 12 to 10, and Dunlop won from McGilvray, 12 to 9.

The following are the results of last evening's games:

HERALD EVENT.

F. Stauduhar,	J. T. Pugh,
S. L. Reichert,	E. D. Field,
H. Feetlman,	E. R. Jacobi,
G. P. Stillman,	A. W. Frick,
Skip—16.	Skip—9.

MANLEY McLENNAN EVENT.

C. O. Payne,	W. Craig,
H. Mirick,	J. Lonegren,
C. D. Brewer,	Dr. T. H. Cleland,
F. R. Kennedy,	Dr. Alexander Milne
Skip—12.	Skip—10.
Dr. Park,	P. H. Seymour,
M. A. McLennan,	J. C. Ross,
Dr. C. C. Staake,	C. Hewitt,
W. B. Dunlop,	T. F. McGilvray,
Skip—12.	Skip—9.

BENNETT OF FOSSTON FOR MICHELET'S PLACE.

Washington, March 13.—B. S. Bennett of Fosston, former member of the legislature, is Representative Steenerson's candidate for the White Earth Indian agency. It is understood that in view of the fact that the interior department has decided to oppose Simon Michelet's reappointment, Senator Clapp will join Steenerson in recommending Bennett's appointment. There is no friction between Senator Nelson and Steenerson. Having Bennett in mind for the place, Steenerson was careful to ascertain the sentiment of Commissioner Leupp regarding Michelet, and with the commissioner opposed, he decided to press his man for the place.

POISONED IN LUMBER CAMP.

Bemidji, Minn., March 13.—Thomas Sharkey, clerk at Stewart's camp near Kelliher, died Sunday and it is believed that death was due to poisoning. An examination of the body by a Kelliher physician led the latter to this belief, and he immediately notified Coroner Marcum of this city.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Bemidji, Minn., March 13.—Jake McKay, a sawyer in the employ of the Maher camp, fifteen miles north of this city, was seriously injured while sawing down a tree yesterday morning, a limb striking him on the head. It is feared that the accident caused a fracture of the skull.

TWICE-TOLD TESTIMONY.

Duluth People Are Doing All They Can for Fellow Sufferers.

Duluth testimony has been published to prove the merit of Doan's Kidney Pills to others in Duluth who suffer from bad backs and kidney ills. Lest any sufferer doubt that the cures made by Doan's Kidney Pills are thorough and lasting, we produce confirmed proof—statements from Duluth people saying that the cures they told of years ago were permanent. Here's a Duluth case:

H. G. Hibbe, clerk in the Northern Pacific R. R. freight house and living at Hunter's Park, Duluth, Minn., says: "In a testimonial given by me in 1898, which has been published often in the Duluth papers, I told how Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of a severe attack of kidney complaint from which I had suffered for a long time. I believe that it was brought on in the first place by exposure to all kinds of weather and the jarring of driving. Backache set in and the pains and aches made stooping and lifting very painful. Whenever I took cold it settled in my back and aggravated the trouble. The kidney secretions became discolored, irregular and contained a sediment. I also had frequent attacks of headaches. However, as I have emphatically declared and will always affirm, Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of all those conditions and today not a symptom of my former trouble remains."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

DEMOCRATS NOT AGREED

Long Session Fails to Result in Caucus on President.

Complications Likely at Meeting to Organize New Council.

A secret session which lasted more than two hours failed to result in a caucus of the Democratic aldermen in the city council last evening, and another attempt will be made to get together at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Aldermen Tessman and McEwen are the two possibilities for the presidency, and each candidate is said to have four Democratic votes, with Alderman Getchell still unpledged to either one.

If the Democrats fail to get together this afternoon, it is possible that President Haven will be re-elected. The Republican members, at their meeting held at the same time that the Democrats were in session, decided to stand together and not disclose their policy until the Democrats had shown their hand at the meting this evening. If there is any sign of an inclination to break party lines on the election of president, the seven Republicans will throw their support to President Haven and he may again be chosen.

Alderman Schaffer of the Sixth ward refused to caucus with the other members of his party last evening and as soon as the object of the meeting was disclosed, he left.

The cause of his departure is the fact that he is supporting Noble Sampson for re-election to the position of sealer of weights and measures, and while he is said to be supporting one of the Democratic candidates for president, he was not willing to pledge his support to a Democrat for the position of city sealer.

The Republicans, in their caucus, decided to support Noble Sampson, and with the seven Republicans and Alderman Schaeffer, it is at least certain that no other candidate can be elected as long as Sampson's supporters stand firm.

The situation presents many complications. If the Democrats caucus on both offices this afternoon, it will mean the election of a Democratic president and a deadlock on the sealer of weights and measures.

The question of the election of a city clerk appears to be the only one that is not doubtful. H. W. Cheadle, the present incumbent, has no opposition and will probably secure the solid support of both parties.

SOLICITUDE AT MANILA

Over Conditions in China---Memorial Services for Missionaries.

Manila, P. I., March 13.—Troubled conditions in China are perhaps a greater source of solicitude here than they are among the people of the United States, and the massacre of the Presbyterian missionaries last fall at Lien Chow made a profound impression here, not only among the church people of Manila, but among all American and European residents.

The deep interest was made manifest when a memorial service for the murdered missionaries was held in the First Presbyterian church of Manila a few days ago. The temporary chapel used by the congregation was crowded to the doors, and although additional chairs were brought in, filling all available space, many had to stand throughout the service. It was the largest gathering ever assembled in the Manila Presbyterian church.

The story of Lien Chow was told by the Rev. Lewis B. Hillis, and the Rev. Dr. Stealy B. Rossiter, the Presbyterian minister here, who was formerly pastor of the North Presbyterian church of New York, made a stirring address on the justification of foreign missions. An offering was made to help in the reconstruction of the Lien Chow mission buildings. The Presbyterians of Manila expressed themselves as greatly pleased that the board of foreign missions refused to ask indemnity for the death of its missionaries. As Dr. Rossiter states the feeling: "We are proud to know that our blood is not measured by money value. All missionaries here, and I doubt not all in this Oriental field, feel a willingness to die for the Lord's cause, if need be, but we want the full valuation of the sacrifice, and that would be diminished by an indemnity. For us there must be no crown but the full glory of the martyr's crown."

Work is about to be commenced on the new chapel for the First Presbyterian church, which it is hoped to complete before the end of the year. Many are urging that the main church should also be commenced at once.

JEROME SUES N. Y. PAPERS FOR LIBEL.

New York, March 13.—District Attorney William Travers Jerome yesterday brought two libel suits for $100,000 each, one against the New York American and the other against the New York Evening Journal. The suits were filed in the supreme court and the complaint says they are based upon editorials which appeared in the papers named in the issues of March 8.

The editorial in the Evening Journal dealt with contributions which it alleged had been made to Mr. Jerome's campaign fund during his recent contest for re-election as district attorney of New York county.

The editorial in the American was a criticism of Mr. Jerome's alleged attitude in the case of a man named Tillinghast, who confessed to a jury irregularities in the interest, he claimed, of a local street railway company. Tillinghast is now serving a sentence on the strength of his confession.

ASSASSIN OF PREMIER DELYANNIS MUST DIE.

Athens, March 13.—Costa Gerakaris was yesterday sentenced to death for the assassination of Premier Delyannis, and Mitsea, the proprietor of a gambling house and the instigator of the assassination, was condemned to eight years at penal servitude.

Theodore P. Delyannis, premier of Greece, was murdered June 13, 1905, at the main entrance of the chamber of deputies in Athens by Gerakaris, a professional gambler, who, as the premier was about to alight from his carriage, stepped forward, saluted and opened the carriage door. As the premier was thanking the man Gerakaris plunged a dagger into M. Delyannis' abdomen.

The murder of M. Delyannis was, it was alleged, instigated by the proprietors of several gambling houses which had been closed through his efforts.

The White Carnival Opened Yesterday

And already we see that we didn't guess a bit too boldly—the sales have proven that this is to be the most phenomenal of all sales.

Just calling it a "Carnival" and advertising it, didn't insure such success—a world of talk would not break a single record—it is the fact that no matter what your want (so long as it is white) it's here—and for a far lower price than you thought you would have to pay for it. In preparation for this sale our buyers have scanned the market where the right kind of goods could be found.

You cannot afford to miss this wonderful sale—neither can your friends—such tempting prices on choice merchandise.

Exquisite White Waists at 77c, 95c, $1.48, $1.98 and up to higher grades worth 15% to 25% more.

White Undermuslins

GOWNS—at 35c, worth 50c; 95c, for $1.25 ones; $1.19 for $1.50 ones, etc.

CORSET COVERS—at 21c, for 25c leader; 27c for 35c ones; 39c for 50c ones, etc.

SKIRTS—89c for standard $1.00 kind; 75c for 89c ones; 98c for $1.25 kind.

DRAWERS—19c for 25c kind; 25c for 35c kind.

White Handkfs.

3c for pure linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs; cheap at 5c.

7c for 10c kind; 19c for 25c ones.

49c for 75c kind; 9c for 12½c and 15c ones.

Laces and Embroid's

2½c for 5c, 6c, 7½c and 8½c kind.

15c for 20c, 22½c and 25c kind.

19c for corset embroidery; cheap at 25c.

In fact everything in White Goods are really displayed and reasonably priced.

ALBENBERG'S
Superior St. and First Ave. W.

ALBENBERG'S
Superior St. and First Ave. W.

Appraisers Have Qualified.

Edwin C. Little, Franklin J. Pulford and Edwin D. Field, the courthouse site appraisers recently appointed by the judges of the district court qualified yesterday. They are to determine the amount that the county shall pay the owners of the eight lots in the east half of the government building block between Fourth and Fifth avenues west. It is expected that the condemnation proceedings for the site will progress rapidly.

TAKE OUT BIG PERMIT.

New Ore Dock of Missabe Road at Oneota Will Cost $500,000.

The largest permit ever issued by the building inspector of the city of Duluth was granted yesterday afternoon by Building Inspector Kelley to the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad for its new ore dock.

The permit, which did not include the cost of the four miles of railroad tracks to be laid on the dock, called for a structure to cost $500,000. The office was $265.

The dock is just twice the size of the one for which a permit was issued last year for $100,000, and under the same ratio the permit issued yesterday should have been but for $200,000. Under the new ordinance, however, all "structures" are included with "buildings" and the building inspector insisted on a permit for the full cost of the work, aside from the railroad tracks.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The burning gas well at Caney, Kan., was capped Monday afternoon, and the fire is now confined to the upright outlet of the hood. It can be shut off with the valves as soon as the ground is fairly cooled off with water.

The sixth annual tournament, Class A, National Association of Amateur Billiard Players, opened Monday night in the gymnasium of the Chicago Athletic association with a game between Edward W. Gardner of Passaic, N. J., and Harry A. Wright of San Francisco. Gardner won the game by a score of 300 to 206.

The marriage of Miss Eunice Fite and Fielding H. Yost, coach to the university of Michigan football team, took place at Nashville, Tenn., Monday night at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Fite. Among the wedding presents was a silver service from the university of Michigan football squad.

News was received at Omaha Monday that the resignation of Rev. George W. Ware, as pastor of the Episcopal churches of Lead and Deadwood, S. D., which was tendered some time ago, had been accepted. Mr. Ware was recently convicted in the federal court of conspiracy to defraud the government of public lands and sentenced to one year in jail. An appeal is pending.

Spring Suits.

In Eton and Pony Jackets, all colors—only

$1.00 PER WEEK

Payments.

Fred W. Edwards

Upstairs Over Gidding's, 1st Ave. West & Superior St.

MRS. SAUER HAS A STRENUOUS DAY.

Los Angeles, March 13.—Mrs. Margaret Sauer, alias Margaret Graham, who is vigorously resisting extradition to San Antonio, Tex., on a charge of having embezzled $30,000, had a strenuous day in court yesterday. Judge James overruled the petition for habeas corpus and she was at once remanded to the custody of the sheriff. The decision was no sooner rendered than another writ was sworn out by one of her numerous attorneys on technical grounds, and the court granted an immediate hearing. The arguments proceeded, and at the close of court the matter was taken under advisment. Mrs. Sauer is now under $5,000 bonds.

FOR KILLING OF HUSBAND

(Continued from page 1.)

went to Minneapolis, where she was employed in a private family in the capacity of a nurse. From Minneapolis she went to Duluth, where she was employed as a waitress in a hotel. At Duluth she met La Pine, and after a courtship of six months was ruined by him upon his promise to marry her, a promise which he refused to keep at that time.

She testified that La Pine induced her to enter a resort at West Superior, he accepting the position of piano player in the same place. After losing a portion of his left thumb in a fire and withstanding a siege of typhoid fever at West Superior, La Pine took her to his former home at Montreal, Can., where in 1895 they were married by a Catholic priest, an uncle and a cousin of La Pine's acting as witnesses. Mrs. La Pine offered the marriage certificate in evidence.

Mrs. La Pine further testified that she secured honest employment for her husband, but that he soon tired of it and insisted on returning to the United States. She testified that her desire at this period in her life was to live a reformed life. Returning to West Superior she, however, again entered a resort. Subsequently she went to Fargo, N. D., thence to Aberdeen, S. D., at both of which places she was an inmate or resorts. La Pine accompanied her, and she testified that she turned her earnings over to him.

Eight years ago, she testified, herself and husband went to Lake county, where they purchased the Lake Herman house, which they had conducted up to the time of the tragedy. Mrs. La Pine testified that herself and husband had always lived harmoniously together until about two months before his death, when he was attacked with delirium tremens, and after that he was quarrelsome and many times assaulted her with his fists.

She testified that on the evening of the homicide he attacked her in her room. He had her prostrate on a couch with his knee on her chest, one hand choking her and with the other beating her about the head and face, when she chanced to think of a revolver which was under the couch. Securing the weapon, according to her story, she fired twice. La Pine arose, and picking up a beer bottle was about to strike her with it when she fired the third shot. With the words, "Dora, you have shot me," La Pine ceased his attempts to injure her, staggered to the door of the room and out into the dance hall, where he fell dead on the floor.

Mrs. La Pine testified that at no time had she any intention of shooting her husband, she merely firing the revolver without taking deliberate aim. The bearing of the defendant throughout her direct and cross-examination was one of injured innocence. She brought out the points that La Pine was a man of education and good training; that he had been a student of theology in his young manhood with a view to entering the ministry; that he was an accomplished musician and composer and generally a man whose training fitted him to take an honorable position among men. On the other hand, it was pointed out, she was a homeless girl in a strange land, without friend or kin, making her own way in the world as a servant girl.

The La Pines were thrifty and had accumulated a considerable property during their residence in Lake county. Their property consisted of the house at Lake Herman, a fine residence at Madison valued at $4,000, which they rented; a half section of Lake county farm land valued at $10,000, and a snug sum of money in the bank. The lowest estimates placed their wealth at $20,000 at the time of the tragedy.

La Pine was a strenuous "booze fighter," and was in an intoxicated condition practically all of the time. At the time of the tragedy he was practically a physical wreck.

INDUSTRIES AT BEMIDJI.

Cold Storage Plant to Be Established by St. Paul Company.

Bemidji, Minn., March 13.—A contract was closed yesterday whereby Bemidji is assured of another industry that means much toward her commercial development. The Northland Trade company of St. Paul has purchased from A. A. Carter an acre of land lying on the south side of the Great Northern railway tracks, a block west of the depot, where the company will erect a cold storage plant to the value of $10,000. The Northland company has been endeavoring for several months to get a foothold in Bemidji, and was only successful through the efforts of Mayor Carter and others. The company will handle all kinds of farm and dairy products, including butter, eggs, poultry, cheese and vegetables, etc., and the company will, later, build a creamery and encourage dairying in Beltrami county.

The Bemidji Handle company will shut down their plant within the next ten days, and will begin the erection of an entirely new plant on a new site. The company has acquired a location on the south side of the Great Northern railway, about two blocks west of the depot. The new building will be 50x100 feet, and will be furnished with the very latest equipment in the line of handle manufacturing machinery. When the new factory is completed, it will have a daily capacity of 1,000 complete handles.

GREAT VICTORY FOR CHICAGO

Is Decision of Supreme Court on Local Traction Situation.

Chicago, March 13.—By the decision of the United States supreme court handed down the city of Chicago obtains almost complete control of the local traction situation. The decision sustains the acts of the state legislature extending the life of the charters of the street railway companies to ninety-nine years, but does not sustain the contention of the companies that contract rights, which are limited to fewer years than remain to the charter life of the companies are also extended. Contracts or ordinances of the city limiting the use of the streets by the company are upheld, and the rights of the companies in Chicago are to expire according to terms of the ordinance.

In its effect the decision leaves the Union Traction company without any rights whatever other than by sufferance in the streets of the north division of the city. It leaves the Union Traction company in the west division without rights excepting where the ordinance contain a purchase clause. It leaves the Chicago City Railway company, which operates all the street car lines on the south side of the city, without rights excepting where their ordinances contain a purchase clause.

The original ordinance granted to the street car companies were for ninety-nine years inside the city limits as they existed in 1865. The companies have extended their tracks as the boundaries of the city have been enlarged, and have claimed that the extending lines which were built under franchises from the city were also operative under the ninty-nine year act. The court has held, however, that the ninty-nine year act extended only the charter life of the street car companies without extending their ordinances.

CAPTAIN OF INDIAN POLICE FORCE KILLED.

White Earth, Minn., March 13.—Joseph Louison, captain of the Indian agency police force, was shot and instantly killed by Joseph Chounard yesterday morning.

Examination FREE

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

DR. BEST,

Rooms 1 and 2, 26 W. Superior St.

Edison the Wizard!

We are headquarters for Edison Phonographs and the famous Gold Moulded records—the No-Scratch kind. Machines sold on the Easy Payment plan.

B. F. HATHAWAY,

200, 201, 202 Awolrth Building.

Phones: Office, Zenith, 261; res., Zen. 229-Y

All Pure Beer Is Not Good Beer

Some Large Brewers Claim Purity and Sterilization and little else.

We Guarantee Purity, Sterilization and Excellence of Materials.

Superiority of Quality is the Test.

MOST beer, no matter by whom brewed, is clean, pure and sterilized.

These primary conditions prevail in nearly all breweries. Many pure, clean beers, however, are not good beers.

o o o o o

Clean, pure beer may be made from almost any cereal — and may be aged and sterilized, but it will not necessarily be good beer.

CORN OR OTHER CHEAP MATERIALS WILL NOT MAKE GOOD BEER.

The maximum of Quality is not there.

The brewers of Corn-made beer can and do justly claim purity, cleanliness and freedom from germs.

BUT THEY CANNOT JUSTLY CLAIM QUALITY.

o o o o o

Science and experience have proved that good beer MUST contain two essential ingredients—HOPS and BARLEY, and for pale beer a small percentage of rice.

But it is much cheaper to use Corn-Grits as a substitute for Barley-Malt.

This is why some of the large brewers use Corn — it costs less.

o o o o o

We use those materials which are recognized in the science of brewing as the essential elements for a really healthful, palatable, honest and superior beer; and of these only the very best, regardless of cost.

Not a grain of corn ever enters our brewery in any manner or for any purpose.

Our precautions for pure, clean and perfectly sterilized beer are unequaled.

o o o o o

Our storing capacity of 600,000 barrels, exceeding that of any two other breweries in the world, enables us to lager (age) our beer from four to five months.

For these reasons

Budweiser

The King of All Beers

must and does command a higher price than any other beer, and has a greater sale than all other bottled beers.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis U.S.A.

RIGHTS OF SETTLERS

To Lands Within Northern Pacific Railroad's Indemnity Limits.

H. H. Hoyt Points Out the Hardships Imposed on the Claimants.

To the Editor of The Herald:

On the 11th day of January of this year, there appeared in your paper an article from "A Claimant," referring to the delay of the land department in recognizing the settlers' rights to lands within the Northern Pacific Railroad company's indemnity limits, and complaining bitterly as to the manner in which these titles were being adjusted. The delay in reaching a settlement of these claims is no doubt a great handicap to these poor people; it is no wonder that the delay appears to them to be without any valid excuse.

Years ago the land department decided that these persons were entitled to their land, that they came within the provisions of the act of July 1, 1898. Being of that opinion, the commissioner, as required by the act, prepared a list of these lands and requested in writing a relinquishment of the Northern Pacific Railway company's claim to them. By the act of July 1, 1898, the finding of the commissioner is made conclusive upon the railroad company. The company can raise no objection to such finding, but is required to relinquish such lands appearing on the list. The commissioner again and again has requested such relinquishment, but the request has up to this time been treated by the railroad company with silence and contempt; no explanation is given to the commissioner—the creature appears greater than its creator. It may be surmised that the delay arises from the fact that in 1900 the Northern Pacific Railroad company conveyed, by deed, all of these lands to Humbird and Weyerhaeuser, and is awaiting a reconveyance from them to the company before a relinquishment can be made. But suppose such to be the fact, it would not affect the government, which knows no other party in this transaction than the Northern Pacific Railway company. Is it not a singular spectacle to see one of the great departments of the government standing like a mendicant before a private corporation, requesting it to do what the law requires it to perform? Is there any occasion for such a condition, there ought at least to be some reason for the same. Is there someone behind the throne greater than the throne itself? It would seem so; for if the land department awaits the relinquishment of these lands by the Northern Pacific Railway company until that company has received a reconveyance from Humbird and Weyerhaeuser, before it can award to the claimant the evidence of his title to the tract of land he is residing upon, is not the inquiry presented by the claimant in his communication a pertinent one, when he asks who it is who makes the final decision as to whether or not he shall have a title to his lands.

He has been in possession of his land for the past ten years; he has endeavored to comply with the law as to residence and cultivation; he has endured all the privations of one living in a wilderness; his children are growing up without the advantage of schools. He has lived all these years in the uncertainty of ever acquiring a title to his land, meeting discouragement at every turn, visited by men who photographed his building, measured his improvements, and demanded of him that he make no further improvement on his land because the land did not belong to him, but to a great corporation which will prosecute him to the full extent of the law for any trespass he may commit on the land; when the time comes for the claimant to make his final proof, these men appear and contest his rights to the land for the reason that he has not made sufficient improvement upon the same to entitle him to the benefits of the act of July 1, 1898. Is this fair treatment? Is not this condition of things directly chargeable to the delay in the adjustment of his claim? Is it surprising that the settler is discouraged, that he concludes that powerful influence is opposed to his acquiring the title to this small tract of land; that he had better dispose of his interest for what he can get, and leave the land upon which for ten years he has resided? Is it any consolation to him to learn afterwards that within thirty days after he has sold his claim, the United States by patent has given a clear title to the land to his opponent? Is it surprising that he considers that his interest has been sacrificed for the benefit of a great corporation?

I have contended from the first that the Northern Pacific Railway company is not entitled to an acre of these lands, and I believe the supreme court of the United States will so decide. But most of these claimants are poor, they cannot bear the expense of appealing to the supreme court for the adjustment of their rights.

That court in a recent decision says that:

"From the numerous cases in this court relating to the above act of July 2, 1864, (referring to the acts incorporating the Northern Pacific Railway company), the following propositions are to be deduced:

"That no rights to land within the indemnity limits will attach in favor of the railroad company until after selections made by it with the approval of the secretary of the interior. That up to the time such approval is given lands within the indemnity limits, although embraced by the company's list of selections, are subject to be disposed of by the United States, or to be settled upon, and occupied under the pre-emption and homestead laws of the United States, and that the secretary of the interior has no authority to withdraw from sale or settlement lands that are within the indemnity limits which have not been previously selected, with his approval, to supply deficiencies within the place limits of the company's road."

This decision of the court rendered Dec. 18, 1905, is now the law of the land. None of these selected lands have ever been approved by the secretary—consequently these settlers under this decision are entitled to the full value of their holding.

H. H. HOYT.

Duluth, March 13.

Busy People Need

NEURALINE

They cannot stop work for

Neuralgia, Headaches, La Grippe, or Pains.

When chilliness, sneezing and general aching of the body announce Colds or La Grippe, stop it by taking a few NEURALINE powders according to directions.

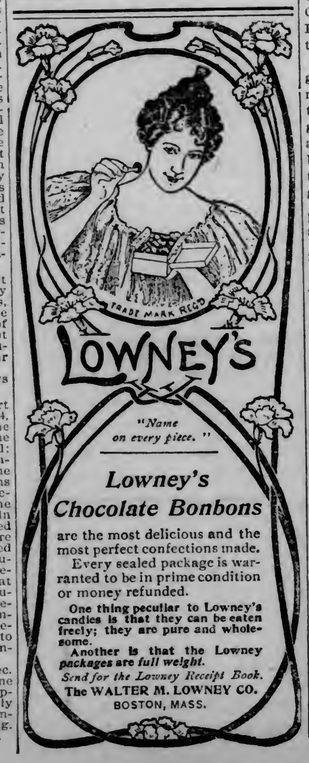
Price, 2 Powders 25 cents

Ask your druggist for Neuraline. Manufactured by EUREKA MEDICAL CO., South Bend, Ind.

THREE COUNTIES ARE OMITTED

From List of Minnesota's Divisions in the New Code.

Minneapolis, March 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hennepin, Hubbard and Houston counties are omitted from the list of counties constituting the state of Minnesota, in the new code, which became effective today. The omission was discovered, and inasmuch as Minneapolis is the county seat of Hennepin, the anomalous situation is arousing the most excited speculation in legal circles. While the counties may maintain their organizations on a defacto basis until the omission is remedied by the legislature next winter, the possibility for complications and litigation in the meantime are alarming. Extremists hold that the counties omitted have no legal existence, but inasmuch as all are mentioned in other parts of the code, their identity is inferentially established, though their location is not indicated.



"Name on every piece."

Lowney's Chocolate Bonbons

are the most delicious and the most perfect confections made.

Every sealed package is warranted to be in prime condition or money refunded.

One thing peculiar to Lowney's candies is that they can be eaten freely; they are pure and wholesome.

Another is that the Lowney *packages are full weight.*

Send for the Lowney Receipt Book.

The WALTER M. LOWNEY CO.
BOSTON, MASS.

LIVING AT RAPID PACE

Superintendent Buswell of Bible School Advocates Yearly Rest.

Urges the Need of Considering Moral and Physical Welfare.

"We are living at a wonderfully fast rate thest days. I doubt if we realize how rapid the pace really it," said J. O. Buswell, superintendent of the Lake Galilee Bible school, who has been in Duluth a few days, and who spoke at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Sunday.

"Our Bible school, I believe, fills a great need in our modern life. In the rush and hurry, a man can stop and take stock of himself down there. It gives an opportunity for a short rest amid natural surroundings of great beauty, and a chance to get back to the basis of our faith and study the great truths of the Bible.

"There is a great field for the school here in the Northwest, and we are steadily widening out.

"Our school is located about twenty-five miles south of Ashland on the Wisconsin Central railroad. It is on a small lake, known as Lake Galilee, and here every summer, between 200 and 300 students come for a course of Bible study lasting from a week to a month, according to their desires. They can remain there throughout the summer if they care to, but the school lasts during July only.

"It provides a very inexpensive as well as instructive outing. Board and room cost but $4.50 a week there, and no effort is made to make the school do more than pay the actual expenses of running it. No fee is charged for the Bible instruction, but the institution is maintained by voluntary contributions. We have had assoiated with us such men as Dr. Torrey, Dr. Chapman and Dr. Gray.

"The school is in charge of a committee on which there are such men as Hon. Hugh A. Hanna, president of the Atlas Engine Works of Indianapolis, and a member of the committee which is handling John D. Rockefeller's gift of $10,000,000 to colleges. J. E. Defebaugh, editor of the American Lumberman, is another member of the committee.

"The school is closed during the winter months, of course, but we expect to open up this summer again, with a larger number of pupils than we ever had before.

"It is the best way I know, for a man to undertake a physicial, mental and moral reformation of himself."

CHANGES HIS FORMER PLEA

Albert Schultz Decides to Fight for His Liberty.

A somewhat unusual procedure was witnessed in the district court yesterday afternoon when Albert Schultz, the young man indicted for burglary in the third degree on two counts, and who had pleaded guilty to the charges, asked permission to change his pleas of guilty to not guilty.

Judge Cant questioned Schultz as to his reasons for changing his plea and the young man said he had retained W. B. Moer, who informed him that he had a good defense. Schultz claimed that he was so intoxicated at the time the alleged burglaries were committed that he did not know what he was about and could not, therefore, have been charged with intent.

The information against Schultz was that he broke into the Sattler Liquor company's store several days ago and stole a quantity of liquor, also that he broke into the saloon of Patrick Mulligan, on West Superior street, where he was arrested one morning last week before he had time to get out, the supposition being that he had fallen asleep.

Schultz has already served time at the state reformatory, being released from that institution some time last summer.

SAYS CITY IS A TRESPASSER

Mrs. Conan of Ely Answers in Tax Enforcement Proceedings.

Mrs. Eliza Conan, a property owner at Ely, against whom an action has been begun by the state to enforce the payment of delinquent real estate taxes for 1904 amounting to $233.56, has filed her answer in the district court. She sets up that the general tax for 1904 was $19.70, which she says she was and is willing to pay, but that in addition to this tax there was a special assessment of $188.40 for street improvement and costs, penalties and interest to the amount of $30.46 which she alleges that she should not pay. She claims the special assessment was for the excavating and grading of Conan street just above her Ely property, a street that she asserts the city of Ely took from her land without any condemnation proceedings or without compensating her therefor. She classes the city as a trespasser in so doing. It is also alleged by Mrs. Conan that the city authorities did not take the proper legal steps in the matter of assessing property on account of the street.

A PLACE IN THE CABINET

Will be Found for George V. L. Meyer of Massachusetts.

Washington, March 12.—It is the president's intention to offer a cabinet place to George V. L. Meyer of Massachusetts, present American ambassador to St. Petersburg. It is probable that the portfolio to be extended will be that of secretary of war, in the event that Secretary Taft accepts the position of associate justice of the supreme court of the United States. In case Secretary Taft does not accept the position offered, Mr. Meyer will, in all likelihood succeed Secretary Bonaparte, if the latter is transferred to the department of justice when Attorney General Moody retires. Justices Brewer and Harlan had a long talk with Secretary Taft today.

CHINAMEN VISIT SECRETARY ROOT

Later Were Presented to the President in Informal Manner.

Washington, March 12.—Secretary Root today received by appointment at the state department, the Chinese commissioners, Shan Shi Heng, former governor of the Shantung province, Duke Tsai Tse and Li Sheng To. They were accompanied by the Chinese minister, while the secretary was accompanied by Assistant Secretary Bacon when he entered the diplomatic room, and extended to each a cordial handshake. In welcoming them to this country, the secretary said: "It is always well for people of any country to visit foreign countries, even for a short time. It makes their ideas so much more definite. The cause of all controversy between nations is lack of knowledge. I heartily wish we might know all the Chinese statesmen as well as we know Sir Tung Llang Cheng, your minister at Washington. For in that happy event, there could be no misunderstandings."

The commissioners then told the secretary of the courtesies they had received on their way across the continent and of the special interest with which they viewed Niagara Falls. The secretary told them of the fears of the government lest the beauty of the falls be ruined by commercial enterprises, and, later, in the course of the informal conversation which followed, made the prediction that a century hence China would be furnishing a greater portion of the world's supply of iron. The Chinese minister acted as interpreter during the audience.

After leaving the state department the commissioners took a drive, returning to the Chinese legation in time for luncheon. At 2:30 o'clock they were presented to President Roosevelt by the Chinese minister. The presentation occurred in the blue room of the White House and was entirely informal. As the visit of the Chinese commissioner to America is unofficial, no formal exchanges were made between them and the president. The president expressed to his visitors his particular interest in their mission and, through the minister, had a pleasant personal chat with them. They will leave for New York at 4 o'clock.

COUNCIL GETS EXPERT'S REPORTS

Secures Dalrymple's Views on Chicago's Railroads From Glasgow.

Chicago, March 12.—The long awaited report of the Traction expert, James Dalrymple of Glasgow, Scotland, on the street railway systems of Chicago was made public today.

Mr. Dalrymple visited the city about a year ago, at the invitation of Mayor Dunne, who desired his views on the street car system of this city in general, and in particular as far as it might relate to the municipal ownership of the railways.

When the report was sent Mayor Dunne refused to give it out for publication, declaring that Mr. Dalrymple was his personal guest and the report belonged to him alone. The report was finally secured by the city council from Alexander Walker, deputy town clerk of Glasgow.

Reverses Judge Windom's Order.

The district court of St. Louis country, represented by Judges Ensign, Cant and Dibell, have reversed the order of the municipal court of the city of Duluth, in the case of M. F. Sterling and E. F. Wardwell, executors, against Charles Larson. The municipal court ordered judgment for Sterling and Wardwell, notwithstanding the verdict for Larson, and the latter appealed. The district court, in reversing the order, gives leave to the lower court to grant a new trial of the case if so advised.

Woman is Indicted.

Mrs. Hattie Reed, who is connected with the Park hotel at Pike Lake, was arraigned yesterday afternoon on an indictment charging her with running a blind pig. Her ball was fixed at $100, which she was able to furnish.

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him all about it.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

BEER PROLONGS LIFE
BECAUSE IT STRENGTHENS THE NERVES AND TISSUES AND ACTS AS A TONIC UPON THE SYSTEM
THE BEER THAT BEST PERFORMS THIS DUTY IS
Fitger's
FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

MISS ANTHONY PASSES AWAY

A Long and Eventful Life is Ended Early Tuesday Morning.

Rochester, N. Y., March 13.—The long accurred shortly before midnight and eventful life of Susan B. Anthony closed at 12:40 o'clock this morning. The end came peacefully. Miss Anthony had been unconscious practically for twenty-four hours and her death had been momentarily expected since Sunday night. Only her wonderful constitution kept her alive.

Dr. M. S. Ricker, her attending physician, said Miss Anthony died of heart failure, induced by double pneumonia. She had had serious valvular heart trouble for the last six or seven years. Her lungs were practically clear, and the pneumonia had yielded to treatment, but the weakness of her heart prevented her recovery.

EXPLOSION ON ROOF OF HOTEL

Bomb Fired at Cleveland Hostelry Occupied by Non-Union Workers.

Cleveland, March. 13.—An explosion on the roof of the Frankfort hotel at the corner of Prospect and Ontario streets in the heart of the business section of the city. An immense hole was torn in the roof and the explosion shook adjacent buildings. A large number of the guests of the hotel are non-union structural iron workers imported here from Louisville, Ky., and other southern cities working on the Taylor arcade on which a strike of the International Structural Iron and Bridge Workers has been in progress against the contractors, the American Bridge company. The hole tore in the roof is almost directly over a room occupied by several of the strike breakers. The explosion was made from a dynmite bomb set off by a slow fuse. The police arrested a man seen running through an alley following the explosion and he is alleged to have said "Did I do any damage?" His name has not been given out. The hotel is a five story building. The explosion caused great excitement in the hotel and vicinity, but so far as learned no one was hurt.

You feel the life-giving current the minute you take it. A gentle, soothing warmth, fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

MANY PLEAS OF NOT GUILTY

Present Term Criminal Calender Will be a Large One.

Several persons under indictment, entered pleas before Judge Cant yesterday afternoon. James J. Sheltry accused of robbing a woodsman of $25, indicted for grand larceny in the first degree, entered a plea of not guilty. Henry Lauka, accused of stealing $30 from a boarding house at Chisholm, pleaded not guilty to an indictment for grand larceny in the second degree. Lawrence Zoretic who is charged with taking $500 worth of goods belonging to his brother at Ely, and who was indicted for grand larceny in the first degree, entered a plea of not guilty. Edward Milks, charged with chicken stealing and indicted for grand larceny in the second degree pleaded not guilty. Charles H. Loos, indicted on two counts and Mrs. Hattie Reed, indicted on one count for running blind pigs at Pike Lake pleaded not guilty. Kazimir Djadas, charged with stealing $75 from Andrew Stock, at Twohy & Killeen's camp, entered a plea of not guilty.

In view of the large number of pleas of not guilty that have been entered by indicted persons, the criminal calendar of the present term of court is likely to be quite a long one. The most important case will be the trial of Vranjesch and Ivankovich on a charge of murder in the second degree.

All that is best in whiskey you will find in

Old Underoof Rye

It is thoroughly matured, soft and rich.

CHAS. DENNEHY & COMPANY, Chicago.

2

BRIDGE IS ALL RIGHT

Expert Notifies Council That It May be Safely Accepted.

More Vault Room Must be Provided in City Hall.

The report of W. M. Hughes, the expert employed to look over the ferrry bridge, was filed with the council last evening.

Mr. Hughes stated that it is the practice to load bearings of the kind used in the bridge with from 800 to 1,200 pounds per square inch, whereas the average load on the bridge was only 500 pounds. Assuming that they would take equal bearing, the sixteen trucks should support a load of 480,000 pounds, according to the statement of Mr. Hughes, whereas the maximum weight they are called upon to support is only 125,000 pounds.

Mr. Hughes stated that it was his opinion that the bridge would work satisfactorily, and that the city would be safe in accepting it.

He recommended that duplicate parts of some of the machinery be kept, in order that any breakages might be promptly repaired.

Accompanying the report was a request from the city engineer for an appropriation of $500 to provide the duplicate parts necessary. It was granted.

* * *

Believing that the prospect of an enlargement of the city hall or the construction of a new building, is very remote, the council committee on city property, consisting of Aldermen Mork, Ribenack and Mueller, last evening introduced a resolution calling for the construction of some additional vault space for the storage of valuable city records.

The vault room in the office of the clerk of the court is entirely inadequate, and all the other officers are complaining of the cramped quarters.

The report of the committee stated that the need for additional vault room had become imperative, and that any further delay would endanger the safety of many valuable city records.

The resolution was carried.

* * *

City Clerk Cheadle reported that he had been unable to get personal service on Hokan Swanson, the saloonkeeper who was ordered to appear before the council and show cause why his license should not be revoked. Swanson could not be found at his former place of business and the matter was not taken up last evening. The hearing will not probably be necessary, as Swanson has moved out his saloon fixtures.

* * *

The city engineer submitted an additional estimate on the cost of constructing a concrete bridge over Lester river, in London road. The cost would be $16,060.

* * *

The question of holding up three blocks of the Second street pavement was referred to the city attorney for an opinion, on a motion by Alderman Moore.

SEVENTEEN MORE LOST IN MINES

Rescuers Go to Their Death Trying to Enter Pits.

Paris, March 13.—An additional disaster following yesterday upon the terrible calamity that befell the workers in the coal mines at Courrieres on Satuday, has cast its shadow over the stricken town. A party said to consist of seventeen men who went into the mine for the purpose of recovering the bodies of the ones who perished on Saturday, lost their lives in the undertaking. They had descended in spite of the recognized danger of the attempt and in the face of the engineers' warning against making a further effort. A gang of twenty-five Westphalian miners who, it is believed, were sent to Courrieres at the express desire of Emperor William, arrived yesterday with special salvage apparatus, but no further work will be permitted until the mines are cleared of gases, which it is expected will take forty-eight hours. The engineers yesterday afternoon hermetically closed pits 3, 4, and 11 and fixed a powerful ventilator at the mouth of pit 2, with which to force in a current of air. Later an exhaust pump will be utilized to draw out the noxious gases and vitiated air and thus, it is hoped, render it possible to enter the galleries and prosecute salvage operations.

Henri Rothschild yesterday visited the scene of the disaster and gave $4,000 toward the relief of the families of the victims.

OLD LINE COMPANIES

Should Welcome Reform, Says State Insurance Commissioner O'Brien.

St. Paul, March 13.—Insurance Commissioner O'Brien declared yesterday that the old line companies are the ones which should be the most anxious for reform. Life insurance today, he says, is better and safer than ever before, but on account of recent disclosures the people have lost confidence and are allowing their policies to lapse. The result, he predicts, will be the establishment of a number of new fraternals or quasi-fraternals which, in time, will prove a menace to the policyholders. For this reason he declares that the old line companies, instead of refusing to reform or opposing reform, should accept it with open arms.

CASS LAKE BAND.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Cass Lake band, which has had considerable controversy of late as to the management of its affairs, has held a meeting and elected a board of managers for the ensuing year as follows: A. F. Cummings, president; Fred W. Smith, secretary; Dr. Stanton, treasurer; Fred Theriault, H. E. Reed, James Seeley, directors.

WEST END

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY

Somebody Entered Geo. M. Jensen's Safe Few Nights Ago.

Got Only a Few Stamps —Evidently Knew the Ground.

A few evenings ago a small burglary took place at the office of the West End Store News, run by George M. Jensen, right near the corner of Twenty-third avenue west, on Superior street. Mr. Jensen uses his safe merely as a fire-proof depository for his books and never locks it, merely turning the combination knob back a notch or two. Evidently the person who got into it knew the fact, for the knob had simply been turned back to the 0, the safe opened, some few stamps taken and the safe returned to the condition in which it was found. An attempt had been made to get into the cash drawer, but had not been successful, the thief evidently fearing to make too much noise.

Mr. Jensen says he believes he can name the person who did it, and that said person has left town rather suddenly. The matter was not reported to the police for the amount taken did not seem important enough. Mr. Jensen said that he believed the joke to be on the burglar, who should have known better than to try to rob a printer. The latter usually feels sympathy for a misguided marauder.

J. J. MOE RETURNS.

West End Merchant Back From East With New Styles.

John J. Moe of the firm of Johnson & Moe of Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street returned this morning from a trip East, during which he was purchasing the spring and summer stock for his store. Mr. Moe says this was one of the most successful trips he has ever had; and his idea of going down late in order to secure the latest styles as well as those which promise to be established after being experimented with, proved to be the correct idea.

Mr. Moe says that everything in the East is named after Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, nee Roosevelt. There are Alice-grays, Alice-blues and Alice-every-color, which are merely new shades of old colors with this distinguishing name. He says that the new shades of Alice-grays and Alice-blues are particularly beautiful. Some very handsome things in ribbons—such as have never been seen here before, will be found in the assortment which will be arriving shortly. All of the newest things in suits, coats, millinery, etc., will also be discovered in the assortment. The goods will be arriving every day from now on.

Mr. Moe finds Duluth better thought of than ever in the East. Down there they seem to know more of what the new water power is going to do for Duluth than is known here.

West End Shortrails.

The concert which will be given on the evening of March 27 in Grace M. E. church by the Sunday school promises to be an excellent one. A large chorus is being trained and will sing at that time, the Y. M. C. A. orchestra will play and other local talent will take part.

M. A. Fedje returned Sunday morning from Mount Clemens, after an absence of six weeks. Mr. Fedje has been away from his store, suffering with rheumatism since Dec. 8, but is now beginning to feel fit.

John Meier of 2422 West Fourth street is very ill with pneumonia.

Alderman-elect Charles E. Mork, last night dropped "elect" from his name. He became a full-fledged alderman and is already beginning to develop the paunch which is supposed to accompany the office.

You are sure to get what the doctor orders if you take your prescriptions to the "Lion Drug store."

The Norwegian-Danish M. E. church pie social, which will take place next Friday night, promises to be a very great success.

B. A. Martin of the firm of R. R. Forward & Co. is in the woods recuperating from a very hard strain in getting ready for the clearing out sale of the firm.

A few nights ago the Unity Social club of the West end had a pleasant gathering at the Lincoln Park roller rink. After skating was over they retired to their vice president's home and were treated to supper.

After a two weeks' lay-off Ed Miller has again started work on the Northern Pacific.

J. C. Kemp has returned from Milwaukee.

Jerry Simpson and Wilfred Harris are working on the Milwaukee road at Milwaukee.

The revival meetings in the Grace M. E. church, which will take place this week, promise to be very successful.

Pure drugs at the "Lion Drug store."

COMFORTABLE WAY

In Which One Persian Woman Manages Her Husband.

New York, March 13.—Speaking of a trip which he and his wife recently made in the interior of Persia, the Rev. F. M. Stead, a Presbyterian missionary, tells of a visit they made to a remarkable Persian woman who had hit upon a comfortable way of managing her husband. The place was a little village called Gizil Ali, where Mr. Stead had the privilege of preaching in a Persian "anderoon" (the apartments of the women). The woman of the house, Khan Gizi, he considers one of the freest women in Persia, and told her so. She manages her own household and large estates personally; governs her villages, and acts the part of judge for all her serfs. She deals with outsiders herself, and carries on a large correspondence. She has a husband whose little property she bought up long ago, and to whom she now pays a monthly salary of 40 tomans. He stands in practically the same relation to her as one of her hired servants. She sat and talked with Mr. Stead with veil drawn aside, quite as an English or American woman might do, which is most unusual when Persian customs are considered. Khan Gizi and her household probably have no equals in Persia.

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

GREAT DISASTER

Occurs to the Cod Fishing Fleet in Alaskan Waters.

San Francisco, March 13.—Capt. Fussel of the schooner Mary Ann and E. B. Greaves of Seattle, part owner in that vessel, reached port yesterday on the schooner Marion. They tell a story of shipwreck and suffering and possibly greater disaster to the cod fishing fleet in Alaskan waters.

The Mary Ann went ashore on the Alaskan coast on Nov. 13 last year. A furious storm was raging when the vessel struck and boat after boat was smashed into bits when launched.

Finally a seaman braved the surf and got a line ashore and eight men, captain and crew were rescued.

Capt. Fussel says the schooner Nellie Coleman was in the same storm and has not since been heard from.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. For sale by all druggists.

THE PACKERS OFFER EVIDENCE IN REBUTTAL.

Chicago, March 12.—The packers today commenced the introduction of the rebuttal evidence. Their first witness was John M. Chaplin, chief accountant for Swift & Co., who declared that Mr. Durand, the special agent of the government did not say to him, as Mr. Durand declared on the stand, that he was not authorized to discuss the powers of the bureau of corporations relative to compelling the packers to furnish information. He also contradicted the statement of Mr. Durand to the effect that he had told the packers that they would have less right to privacy if it was found that they were in a combination.

MINERS MUST STAND TRIAL FOR MURDER.

Boise, Idaho, March 12.—The motion of the prosecution in the proceedings in the Steunenberg murder case to strike from the answer of the Western Federation leaders all reference to the arrest of Messrs. Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, in Denver, and their subsequent removal to Idaho and all portions referring to the attempted conspiracy on the part of Governors McDonald and Gooding and others connected with the prosecution was sustained by the supreme court today. This means that Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone and the others indicted for the murder of ex-Governor Steunenberg at Caldwell must stand trial for the crime.

OLD SORES CURED

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn

Nerve Giants

are Palmo Tablet takers.
They soothe, steady and strengthen.

Feeling Old?

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.

MOVING

We are experts in moving pianos and household furniture. Covered vans, if desired.

STORING

Let us store your furniture in our fine new warehouse at 510-512-513 East Superior Street. Special room for pianos. Private rooms if desired.

PACKING

All kinds of goods packed for shipment or otherwise. Packing material for sale. We make arrangement for your shipping without extra cost.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

Both Phones 492. Office 210 W. Superior St.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

SAPOLIO

'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 28th, 1906.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harry Thomas, Deceased:

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Harry Thomas, deceased, late of said County, has been delivered to this Court;

And Whereas, Phillipa Thomas has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said Harry Thomas died in said County on the 26th day of December, 1905, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said Last Will and Testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Phillipa Thomas.

It Is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this Court, at the Probate Office, in the City of Duluth, in said County, on Monday, the 26th day of March, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County, and that a copy of this order be served upon the County Treasurer of St. Louis County, not less than ten days prior to said day of hearing.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of February, A. D. 1906.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald. Feb-27-March-6-13-1906.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 330 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

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CAPSULES.

The *tasteless, quick* and *thorough* cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York

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WHEAT IS VERY WEAK

Decline of More Than a Cent—Generally Bearish Feeling.

Flax Market is Strong and Foreign Markets Show Advances.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 13.—A good fall of snow in the Southwest and other places in the wheat belt caused a decline in American wheat markets today. The foreigners did no buying in the local market, their bids being too low, and the Easterners would take nothing. Liverpool close ½d to ¼d lower, Berlin ⅝c higher, Budapest ½c higher and Paris ½c to ⅝c higher.

The May option closed 1¼c lower in Duluth, Minneapolis and New York, 1⅜c lower in Chicago, 1½c in St. louis, ⅞-1c in Kansas City and ⅞c in Winnipeg.

Corn was ¼-⅜c lower in Chicago and unchanged to ⅛d lower in Liverpool. Oats were closed a shade off in Chicago.

Car receipts at Duluth were 73 against 46 last year and at Minneapolis 186, against 268 last year, making a total of 259 for the Northwest, against 314 last year. Chicago received 6, against 33 last year. Winnipeg received 185, against 78 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 301,000 bus., last year 541,000 bus. Shipments 187,000 bus., last year 398,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 154,000 bus.

Bradstreet reported an increase of 296,000 bus., in the world's visible supply of wheat. East of the Rockies there was an increase of 96,000 bus., and in Europe and afloat an increase of 200,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 390,0000 bus., last year 848,000 bus. Shipments 479,000 bus., last year 622,000 bus. Clearances were 192,000 bus. The world's visible supply of corn decreased 21,000 bus. last week.

Wheat was active in the local market during the entire session. May wheat opened ⅝c lower, at 77c, and by 9:55 had advanced to 77½-⅝c. At 11:15, the price had fallen to 76¾c, at 11:30, rallied to 77-⅛c, and at 1:05, fallen to 76⅝c. The closing price was 76¼c, a loss of 1¼c from yesterday. July wheat opened ⅝c lower, at 78¼c, advanced to 78⅞c and fell to 77⅝c. The closing price was 77¾c, a loss of 1¼c from yesterday. Cash wheat closed relatively higher today, No. 1 Northern being practically ½c higher and the same as the close on the May option in Minneapolis, at 75½c bid. Durum was ½c higher.

Trading in flax was light, but fairly steady in the local market. The foreign markets were stronger, flax being 1½c higher in London and 3c higher in Antwerp. May flax opened 1½c lower at $1.14½, advanced to $1.15, fell off to $1.14⅝, advanced to $1.15¼ and closed at $1.15, a gain of ⅜c over yesterday. July flax opened ½c higher at $1.16¼, advanced to $1.16⅝ and ranged between that and $1.16 during the rest of the session, closing at $1.16⅝, a gain of ½c over yesterday.

September flax was inactive at the outset and sold as high as $1.15⅜, closing at $1.15¾, a gain of ½c over yesterday. October closed unchanged.

May oats were ½c higher and oats to arrive and on track unchanged, as were the other coarse grains.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 73½c, on track, No. 1 northern, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 73½c; May, 76¼c; July, 77¾c; September, 77½c; durum, No. 1, 72c; No. 2, 69c. Flax—To arrive, $1.13½; on track, $1.13½; May, $1.15; July, $1.16⅝; September, $1.15¾; October, $1.14. Oats—To arrive, 25¾c; on track, 25¾c; May, 28¼c. Rye, 56c; barley, 37@45c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 73, last year, 46; oats, 45; rye, 3; barley, 26; flax, 64, last year, 23.

Receipts—Wheat, 33,666; oats, 31,934; rye, 2,574; barley, 16,611; flax, 36,663.

Shipments—Wheat, 6; oats, 1,875; barley, 927.

Cash Sales Tuesday.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars $0.75½
No. 1 northern, 1 car ..... .76¼
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus. ..... .76⅝
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus. ..... .76
No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars ..... .75¾
No. 1 hard, 1 car ..... .76½
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars ..... .73½
No. 3 wheat, 1 car ..... .73⅝
Durum wheat, 2 cars No. 2 ..... .68½
Durum, 1 car No. 2 ..... .68¾
Durum, 1 car No. 3 ..... .65½
Flax, 2 cars 1.15½
Flax, 1 car 1.15¾
Flax, 1 car 1.15⅝
Flax, 3 cars 1.15
Barley, 1 car 38
Rye, 1 car ..... .56
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white ..... .28½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white ..... .28⅜
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white ..... .28¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Reports of Snow Causes Slight Decline in Wheat at Opening.

Chicago, March 13.—The local wheat market today opened with a slight decline on free selling by pit traders, who were actuated by reports of snow in the Southwest and milder weather in other sections of the wheat belt. The loss, however, was soon regained on buying by commission houses. Trading was very quiet and the market dull. May opened ⅛c to ⅜@¼c lower at 77⅞c to 78@⅛c and advanced to 78⅛@¼c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 265 cars against 349 cars last week and 347 cars a year ago.

The high point for May was 78⅛@⅜c. Toward the middle of the session a slump occurred in selling by pit traders who were influenced by lower prices at Liverpool. The market was weak for the remainder of the day, the low point for May being 76¾c. The close was weak with May down 1⅜c at 76⅝@77c.

There was little news affecting the corn market, but prices were easier, chiefly because the local receipts were somewhat in excess of previous estimates. May opened ⅜c to ½@⅝c lower at 42⅞@43c and sold at 43c. Local receipts were 237 cars, with 6 of contract grade.

The market eased off in sympathy with wheat, May declining to 42⅜@⅝c. The close was weak with May off ⅛@⅜c at 42⅜@⅞c.

The market in oats was quiet and steady. There was very little news and trading was slack. May opened unchanged to a shade lower at 28c to 28¼@¼c and advanced to 29¼c. Local receipts were 170 cars.

Provisions were firmer on a 5c advance in the price of live hogs. Trading was light, but packers were fair purchasers of ribs. May pork opened 2½@5c up at $15.70. Lard opened 2½c higher at $7.75@7.77½. Ribs were 2½@6c higher at $8.22½@8.25.

Close: Wheat—May, 76⅞@77c; July, 77@¼c. Corn—May, 42¾@⅞c; July, 42⅝@43c. Oats—May, 28¼c; July, 28¼@⅝c. Pork—May, $15.72½; July, $15.65. Lard—May, $7.77½@7.80; July, $7.87½@7.90. Ribs—May, $8.30@8.32½; July, $8.37½. Rye—Cash, 60@62c; May, 61c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.11; Southwestern, $1.06; May, $1.12. Timothy—May, $3.15. Clover—Cash, $13.85. Barley—Cash, 37@52c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 81@83c; No. 3 red, 77@83c; No. 2 hard, 77@80c; No. 3 hard, 73@76c; No. 1 northern, 78@82c; No. 2 northern, 76@81c; No. 3 spring, 72@79c. Corn—No. 2, 41@¾c; No. 3 40½c. Oats—No. 2, 29c; No. 3, 28¾c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago,	New York.
May—				
Open	77	76⅞	77⅞-78⅛	84½-⅝
High	.....77½-⅝	76⅞	78¼-⅜	84⅞-85
Low	.....76¼	75⅜-½	76¾	83¾
Close	.....76¼B	75½A	76⅞-77A	83¾
Close	12th.77⅜	76⅜	78¼-⅜	84⅞
July—				
Open	.....75⅝	78⅜	78⅛	84½
High	.....78⅜	79⅛	78⅜	84¾
Low	.....77¾	77⅜	77	83½-⅝
Close	.....77⅝B	77⅝-¾A	77¼	83⅝A
Close	12th.78⅜	78⅞	78⅜	84⅞
September—				
Open	.....	78	78	83¾
High	.....	78	78¼	84
Low	.....	76¾-⅞	77¼	83
Close	.....	77½B	76⅞-⅞A	83A
Close	12th.78½	78⅛	78⅜	84⅛

St. Louis—	Close 13th.	Close 12th.
May	74½	76
July	74¼	76¾
Kansas City—		
May	71⅝	73½-⅝
July	69¾	71
Winnipeg—		
May	74½	75⅝
July	76	77⅛

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	.....29¼-¼B	43⅛	$15.72
High	.....29¼	43¼	15.72
Low	.....29-⅛	42¾-⅞	15.70
Close	.....29¼B	42¾-⅞B	15.72

Minneapolis Flour.

Minneapolis, March 13.—Millers report a very quiet situation. Shipping directions are coming in slowly. Shipments 30,840 barrels. First patents $4@4.10; second patents, $3.80@3.90; first clears, $3.50@3.60; second clears $2.40@2.55.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, March 13.—Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, quiet; March, 6s 6¼d; May, 6s 5¼d; July, 6s 5¼d. Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, new, 4s 3¾d; American mixed, old, 4s 7½d; futures, quiet; March, 4s 1d; May, 4s 2d.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 3; No. 1 northern, 10; No. 2 northern, 24; No. 3 spring, 17; No. 4 spring, 2; rejected, 1; Western red, 1; No. 1 durum, 4; No. 2 durum, 6; No. 3 durum, 4; total of durum, 14; mixed, 1; total of wheat, 73; last year, 46.

Flax: No. 1, 64; total of flax, 64; last year, 23.

Oats, 45; rye, 3; barley, 26.

Total of all cars, 211. Cars on track today, 113.

New York Grain.

New York, March 13.—Close: Wheat—May, 83¾c; July, 83¾c; September, 83c. Corn—May, 49½c; July, 49½c; September, 49c.

Grain Gossip.

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—An irregular and lower market for wheat, most of the decline occurring in the last hour of the session. Liverpool at the close was lower on better reports from India, but continental markets were sharply higher. In the cash market offerings met with the best kind of demand, millers talking about all of the wheat on sale. In Chicago the buying for long account continues and enough is said to have been accumulated already to turn the market at any time. The weather map and forecast shows general snows where needed. Prices are down so low now that supplies are moving rapidly from the distributers to consumers and considering the advance in the values of the land and higher wages paid to labor, any further decline would show a loss in farm operations. The present farm prices are from 60c to 65c, and we do not believe there is enough profit to warrant marketing and a light movement at this time would change the situation entirely. The big movement of the past several months must stop some time and it should be soon. Think it safe to anticipate a much stronger market and to buy wheat on all little breaks.

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Broomhall says of foreign crop conditions:

United Kingdom—The wheat plant is looking rather sickly.

France—The weather is more favorable and no complaints are heard regarding the condition of the crops. Good wheat weather prevailed over the entire other grades are offered freely and prices are somewhat easier.

Germany—The weather is very changeable, but no complaints are heard regarding the crops.

Hungary, Roumania, Bulgaria and Italy—Crop conditions are favorable.

Russia—Crop conditions most favorable, but there is further mention of small acreage. Arrivals at the ports are increasing slowly. Business very dull.

Spain and North Africa—Condition are moderately favorable.

India—The growing crop of wheat in the United Provinces is doing well. The area under wheat in central provinces, including Berera, is officially stated at 3,543,000 acres, against 3,496,000 acres a year ago. The out turn is estimated at 90 per cent of the normal.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—For some time after the opening the market showed stubborn strength, rallying at about yesterday's closing figures, but once the crowd succeeded in breaking price under 78c, there was only one way to the market. The close tonight is sick enough to warrant looking for lower prices. Cables showed indifference and there seemed to be nothing of a hopeful character in the day's news, if anything the undertone was that the decline today, we will surely get a further setback.

Corn—Early strength could not be maintained, weakness coming partly through setback in wheat. We see nothing attractive on the long side, but at the same time we do not think the market will go down very fast right away. We look for a scalping market, but with a lower tendency.

Oats closed unchanged to ⅛c lower; trade almost featureless. There was some buying back by shorts early, but it ceased when wheat and corn developed weakness.

Provision made substantial gain, though the volume of business was still small. Smaller hog receipts was responsible almost wholly for the better feeling. We think it is still safe to buy provisions on the setbacks.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 13.—Close: Wheat—May, 75½c; July, 77⅝@¾c; September, 76⅜@⅞c; 1 hard, 75¾c; 1 northern, 75¼c; 2 northern, 73¼c.

New York Money.

New York, March 13.—Money on call, steady, 3½@4½ per cent; ruling rate 4, closing bid 3½ offered at 4½. Time loans easier 60 days 5@5¼ per cent; 90 days, 5; 6 months, 4¾@5. Prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange, strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.55@4.85.60 for demand, and at $4.82.40@4.82.45 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83@4.83½ and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.82¼. Bar silver, 63¼c. Government and railroad bonds steady.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 13.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000; steady. Beeves, $3.45@6.35; cows and heifers, $1.50@5; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.70; Texans, $3.65@4.40. Hogs—Receipts 18,000; market 5c higher; estimated receipts for tomorrow 32,000. Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.32½; good heavy, $6.20@6.35; rough heavy, $6@6.10; light, $6@6.25; pigs, $4.75@6.15; bulk of sales, $6.20@6.30. Sheep—Receipts 18,000; market 10c lower. Sheep, $3.75@6; lambs, $4.60@6.50.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: A noted improvement in the movement of horses, but prices are still sluggish, owing to the heavy receipts of last week. The bulk of today's sales were consumated at the following prices:

Drafters, extra	$160@185
Drafters, choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	130@160
Farm mares, choice	120@135
Farm mares, common to good.....	75@120
Delivery, choice	125@150
Delivery, common to good	70@125

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, March 13.—Cattle—Receipts 1,300; steady; quotations unchanged. Hogs—Receipts 2,400; steady. Range, $5.95@6.10; bulk, $6@6.15. Sheep—Receipts 800; steady to strong. Sheep, $3.75@6; lambs, $4.50@6.50.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, March 13.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $162,262,069; gold, $77,722,891; gold certificates, $45,500,680.

Herald want advertising has just enough of the "spice of chance" to make it interesting—for the right person does, sometimes, fail to see the first insertion of the ad.

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William Kaiser, Mgr.,
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
'Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

Bonanza Circle Coppers
AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.
Noon Quotations, March 13, 1906.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask	Miscellaneous.	Ask
N. Butte	82	83	Ala. Cen. pfd.	$5.50
C. & A.	111	112	Ariz. & E.	.10
C. & P.	30	32	Black Rock	.15
L. S. & P.	41	43	Comanche	.75
P. & D.	21	22	C. River (100)	.50
Junction	26	27	C. River (1,000)	.50
Man.	6	8	Eagle Mt.	$4.50
Black Mt.	11	12	Little Cracker	.10
Denn.	21	23	Metropolitan	.20
Warren	14	15	Nev. Q. B.	.10
Cop. Qu'n	2¼	2½	Ophir Tunnel	.09
Shattuck	40	45	Shasta	.15

The market for high-priced stocks has a strong undertow. Low-priced stocks are the favorites.
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R. B. HIGBEE Broker.
Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Established in 1899.

$10,000,000 BALAKLAVA!
California Copper Property Is Taken Over By American S. & R. Company, Lewisohn and Rogers —Guggenheim's Deal.

New York, Feb. 24.—Charles D. Barney & Co. of 25 Broad street, acting for a syndicate, have purchased control of the Balaklava copper properties of California. It is reported that the syndicate is composed of American Smelting & Refining company interests, Adolph Lewisohn and H. H. Rogers. Altogether, about $10,000,000 is involved.

Contracts for smelting the copper ore will be made with the smelting combine.

It is understood that the syndicate participations of the leading copper and mining companies were the result of negotiations of young Daniel Guggenheim, son of the president of the smelting trust. The participation of the leading interests is considered an evidence of the friendly trade relationship of the principal mining and smelting interests in this country.

The Balaklava Consolidated Copper company, at present, has a capital stock of $10,000,000.—Denver Daily Mining Record.

The Balaklava is in the same district as the Shasta May Blossom, the stock of which is for sale by

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
Wm. Kaiser, Mgr.
Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.
Phones—Zenith 696; Duluth 82-L.

HARDENING TENDENCY

In Stocks After Early Weakness and Gains Recorded.

The Closing Was Quite Active But Slightly Irregular.

New York, March 13.—The small opening dealings indicated a languid interest in stocks at the opening of the market today. There was a sprinkling of gains, but the majority of prices was lower. Weakness of Chicago Union Traction stocks on the court's decision against the company was a feature. The common fell 1¾ and the preferred 6 points. Reading and Consolidated Gas went down a point and Colorado Fuel ⅝. There was a rise of 1¾ in Great Northern preferred and of a point in New York, Chicago & St. Louis.

Violent fluctuations in a number of specialties failed to create more than a languid interest in the general railroad list, which was decidedly sluggish. After some heaviness had been shown in sympathy with the liquidation in Chicago Union Traction the market rallied on the rise in the metal stocks. Subsequently the course of the railroad stocks and specialties became more defined, the specialties selling off while the railroads began to manifest firmness. Amongst the losses established were Amalgamated Copper and Central Leather a point, Chicago Union Traction 4⅝ and the preferred 11. The gains included Tennessee Coal 1¼, Lead 1⅜, Smeltin 2½ agnd New York, Chicago & St. Louis 3.

Smelting and Lead lost most of their gains. The market became idle at interviels and was very sluggish. Buying of Reading to a point above last night caused some recovery in sympathy. Brooklyn Transit gained 1⅝, Anaconda Cell 5⅛, Consolidated Gas 2 and Northern Pacific, the Northwestern stocks and Colorado Southern a point or more. Bonds were heavy.

Inquiries for special stocks were not sufficiently urgent to alter prices much, but there was nevertheless a gradually hardening tendency, which was most noticeable in the Southern railway group. Of the standard stocks, St. Paul and Atchison were the most favored. Chicago Union Traction preferred made further progress downward, losing 14 points in all, but the common was steady. St. Paul moved up 1 and Louisville & Nashville 1⅝. Metropolitan Street Railway fell off 1⅜ and Delaware & Hudson 3.

Stocks which have little or no influence on the course of prices occupied most of the traders' attention until the gradual absorption of Union Pacific caused an effect on the general tone. The market became more active and higher. Union Pacific, New York Central, Lake Erie & Western, Kansas & Texas and Linseed preferred gained 1 to 1¼. Wabash preferred, reading and American Car 1½, Cotton Oil 2, Virginia-Carolina Chemical 3. The preferred, Cleveland, C., C. & St. L. 2⅜, New York, Chicago & St. Louis 5 and the second preferred 3⅜.

The strong stocks made additional advances and developed a more generous share in the upward movement. Sloss-Sheffield Steel got up 4, Great Northern preferred 3¼, Louisville & Nashville, Wabash preferred 2⅛, eRading, Central of Jersey and Northern Pacific 2 and Atchison, Southern Railway, Chesapeake & Ohio, Copper, United States Steel, Locomotive, Colorado Fuel, Sugar and United States Rubber first and preferred a point or more. There were some recessions on profit-taking in the final dealings. Chicago Union Traction preferred extended its loss to 16 and the closing was quite active but slightly irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	102⅜	102¼	102¾
do com	94	93⅝	93¾
Smelter com	162¾	158⅝	161⅛
American Woolen	43½	42¾	43½
Amalgamated Copper	108⅜	106¼	108⅝
B. & O. Ry	110⅜	110¼	110⅝
B. R. T.	85½	85⅜	85
Canadian Pacific Ry	176⅝	170	176⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	57¼	55¾	57¼
C. F. I.	65½	63⅜	65⅛
C. G. W. com	21½	21	21
Erie 1st pfd	77⅜	77½	77¾
Erie com	43⅜	42¼	43¼
Illinois Central	169¼	168½	169¼
Central Leather	46¾	44½	46
Louisville & Nashville	149⅝	146⅜	147
Mexican Central	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
Metropolitan Ry	115⅜	114⅝	115
Missouri Pacific	100⅜	99¼	100
Manhattan	158	158	158
Norfolk & Western	83⅜	82¾	83⅜
New York Central	148⅛	146¾	148
Ontario & Western	50	49¾	50
Peoples Gas	98	97⅝	97½
Pacific Mail	43¾	43⅝	43⅝
Pennsylvania Ry	138½	137½	138½
Rock Island com	27	26½	27
Reading, com.	128¾	125¼	128¼
R. I. & S., pfd.	106⅛	104¼	105
R. I. & S., com.	30	29⅝	30
Rubber, com.	53¾	53	53¼
St. Paul	177	175¼	177
Sugar	140⅛	138⅞	140⅛
Southern Railway, com.	40⅜	39⅝	40¾
Southern Pacific	67⅝	66½	67¼
T. C. & I.	152⅞	151½	152
Texas Pacific	34⅛	34	34¾
U. S. Steel, pfd.	106⅝	105	105¾
U. S. Steel, com.	41½	40¾	41⅜
Union Pacific, com.	152¾	151⅜	153⅜
Western Union	94	94⅜	94
Wabash, com.	23¼	22¾	23⅜
Wabash, pfd.	52½	49⅞	51¾
Northern Pacific	221	218	220⅝
American Woolen	76¾	69⅜	76⅝
Great Northern	323½	320	323½
Erie, 2nd.	67½	67	67½

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market closed strong and with a better tone throughout the list. At times the market seemed to stand still, but the persistent strength in some of the recent favorites brought about quite a little short covering. The market's ability to rally from its depressions leads us to think that while strike deliberations are on, we cannot expect much of the market in either direction. We look for a scalping affair.

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Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market showed irregularity and some weakness in the early trading today, when stocks like eRading and Amalgamated Copper were put under pressure. There was, however, no real liquidation, and at the lower level the market hardened. Later it strengthened and rallied materially, showing buoyancy and activity in the last hour. Steel stocks became very strong at the close. There was no important news, and indications again point to an anthracite strike as a certainty. The closing was strong and promised further improvement.

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Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market at the opening was inclined to be weak and traders tried to catch stop orders. There was very little commission house business and the changes were slight. In the afternoon the market had a very good tone and became quite strong. The money market was easier and this had a good effect. We look for easier money for the present, and this should have the effect of keeping things steady.

The Cotton Market.

New York, March 13.—The cotton market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points, the gain being on the near months, which were influenced by cables though the market developed a sagging tendency before the completion of the call, owing to the execution of ever night selling orders, received in response to calls for additional margin and shortly afterwards sold off to a net decline of 1 point on reports of freer spot offerings and good weather South. At the decline there was an active demand for covering and the market rallied 6 to 7 points, but eased off again in the absence of sustained demand, and in the middle of the morning, was about 2 to 3points up with the tone nervous.

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; 10 points higher. Middling uplands 11.10; middling gulf 11.35. Sales 1,025 bales. Futures closed steady; March 10.35; April 10.40; May, 10.52; June, 10.58; July, 10.65; August, 10.59; September, 10.22; October, 10.12; November, 10.13; December, 10.17; January, 10.21.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST
DR. KING'S
Star Crown Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.
Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 297, Duluth, Minn.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	108⅜	108⅝
Anaconda	271	.....
Atlantic	22½	23
Arcadian	4	.....
Adventure	6½	6¾
Allouez	38⅜	39
Bingham	40¼	40½
Black Mountain	10¾	11
Copper Range	80⅛	80½
Calumet & Hecla	685	690
Calumet & Arizona	112½	.....
Calumet & Pittsburg	30	30½
Centennial	26¼	26
Denn-Arizona	.....	25
Daily West	14⅜	15
Franklin	19½	20
Granby	13⅛	13¼
Green Cons	29⅛	29¼
Isle Royale	23	23½
Junction	25¾	.....
L. S. & Pittsburg	41½	42½
Michigan	13½	14
Mayflower	1	1¼
Mass.	9¼	9⅜
Mohawk	57½	58
Mercur. Cons.	65c	66c
North Butte	82⅞	83
Old Dominion	46½	46⅝
Osceola	102	102½
Phoenix	1¼	.....
Parrott	38	39
P. & D.	21	22
Quincy	90	92
Rhode Island	6¾	6⅝
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Shannon	7⅜	7½
Tecumseh	13¼	13⅜
Tamarack	167	169
Trinity	10⅝	11
U. S. Mining	55¾	56
Utah	62	62½
United Copper	72¼	72⅝
Union Land	2½	2¾
Victoria	9	9½
Wyandot	1⅜	1½
Wolverine	143	144
Winona	8½	9
Warren	.....	16
Copper Glance	2	3
Keweenaw	14½	15
Boston Con.	24½	24⅝
Nevada Con.	19	19¼
East Butte	10⅞	11
Sullivan	.....	24½
Butte Coalition	35	36½

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The director of the United Copper company yesterday declared a regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on the preferred and regular 1¾ per cent and one-half of 1 per cent extra on the common stock. The stock was voted to sell to the Butte Coalition company the $3,500,000 of bonds in the treasury of the United Copper company, which had never been issued but which covered the same properties recently sold to the Butte Coalition interest. This makes the direct cash received by the United Copper company in the Montana settlement about $14,000,000, or more than one-half of the $25,000,000 the Heinze interest received directly and indirectly from the Montana copper settlement.

• • •

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: A sharp break in Boston Consolidated was the principal feature of interest in our market today. The selling came principally from commission houses which have been largely interested in the development of this property and from New York sources. The only explanation of the weakness was a rumor that there is a hitch in the consolidation plan. We hear bullish talk on United Copper. Osceola is being quietly picked up and the stock scarce. On its merits it ought to sell twenty points higher. This is still a traders market, however, and should be sold on all strong spots.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following prices, with the exception of those on hay, feed and meats, are the official quotations of the Duluth produce exchange, and shippers can rely upo nthem as being correct. The list is corrected daily by the secretary, and it shows accurately the market condition up to 12 o'clock on the date of issue. The weekly market letter, published on Fridays, is not an official statement of the exchange, but the information is gathered personally from the different dealers.

BUTTER.	
Creamery prints	28 @ 29
Creamery, in tubs	27 @ 28
Dairies, fancy	18 @ 19
Renovated	19 @ 21
Packing stock	12½@ 13
EGGS.	
Fresh	15 @ 16
Storage	10 @ 11
CHEESE.	
Full cream twins	14 @ 14½
Block and wheel Swiss	14½@ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger full cream cheese	15
Primost	6½@ 7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	13½@ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb.	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb. cans	1 35
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb.	13
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb.	15
Cocoanuts, per doz.	60
Brazils, per lb.	12
Hickory nuts, per bus.	2 00
Pecans, per lb.	13
Almonds	16
Black walnuts, per bus.	1 85
Mixed nuts	12½
Peanuts, roasted, per lb.	7½@ 8
Chestnuts, per lb.	11
FRUITS.	
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	6 50
Baldwins	6 00 @ 6 50
York State Russets	5 50
Tolman Sweets	6 00 @ 6 50
Colorado Winsape, per box	3 00
Bananas, per bunch	2 00 @ 2 50
Cranberries, per qt.	10
Dates, Fard, 12-lb. box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb. box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb. box	1 35
Grape fruit, per case	4 25
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 75 @ 4 00
California Navels	3 00 @ 3 50
Strawberries, per qt.	15
VEGETABLES.	
Navy beans	1 75 @ 2 00
Beets, per cwt	2 00
Top beets, per doz	1 00
Cucumbers, nothouse	2 25
Cabbage, per ton	35 00 @40 00
Cauliflower, per box	3 75
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35
Celery, Cal., per doz	90
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	2 25
Horseradish, per barrel	7 00
Lettuce leaf, per box	1 35
Onions, per cwt	1 65 @ 1 75
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 25
Parsley, per doz	45
Parsnips, per cwt	2 00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50
Potatoes, per bus	55 @ 60
Radishes, round, per doz	75 @ 1 00
Spinach, per box	1 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	90
Rutabagas, per cwt	85
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb.	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Clarified, 16-gal. k	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Springs, per lb.	14 @ 15
Hens, per lb.	13 @ 14
Spring ducks, per lb.	14
Turkeys, per lb	18 @ 20
Geese, per lb	12 @ 14
FISH.	
Trout, per lb.	11
Pike, per lb.	10
White, per lb.	10 @ 12½
Lake Superior herring	2½
Skinned perca	6
Smelts, No. 1	12
Smelts, No. 2	10
Fresh salmon, per lb.	15
Halibut, per lb.	12½
Oysters, standard, per gal.	1 45
Oysters, select, per gal.	1 85
HAY.	
Timothy, No. 1, per ton	9 00
Timothy, No. 2, per ton	8 00 @ 8 50
Upland, per ton	8 00 @ 8 50
FEED.	
Bran, per ton	17 00
Oats, per bus	31½
Shorts, per ton	18 00
MEATS.	
Beef	6½@ 7½
Mutton	8½@ 9½
Lard	8¾
Pork loins	10½
Veal	8 @ 9

New York.

New York, March 13.—Butter receipts, 1,399 firm. Cheese firm unchanged, receipts 1,067 packages. Eggs easy, receipts, 24,642. State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 20.

Chicago.

Chicago, March 13.—Butter steady; creameries, 16@26½; dairies, 15@23c. Eggs easy; at mark, cases included, 12½c. Cheese steady; daisies, 12½@13c; twins, 13¾@12¼c; Young Americas, 12c.

Louisville, Ky., and Return $23.55.

On March 15, 16, 17 and 18, the "North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return, at $23.55. Tickets good for return March 31st.

Account American Bowling Congress. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

Low Rates to Coast Points.

February 15th to April 7th, Northern Pacific railway will have on sale daily, one way second class rates to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, as follows:

| | |
|---

$15,000 TO LOAN.

In amounts of $500 up to $1,500 at 6 per cent.

On or before clause, with privilege of paying $50 or more at any time. Interest stopped on amount paid.

MONEY ON HAND. NO DELAY.

Ten new flats and three new store rooms for rent.

Julius D. Howard & Co

Real Estate—Loans—Fire Insurance.
216 West Superior St.

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent. new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value.

$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.

Call in and see us about the above.

C.P. CRAIG & CO.,

220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Eight-room and four-room house, a fine property on Seventh street, near Lincoln Park (the eight-room house is worth $1,000 to $1,800 alone) $1500

Twenty-five foot lot on East Fifth street, near Portland Square $700

Fifty-foot lot on upper side of Fifth street, near Lake avenue $2000

Lots 28x100 on Twenty-eighth avenue west close to Superior street $575

Interstate Land & Investment Co.

102 Providence Building.

A LIST OF UNIMPROVED PROPERTY THAT AN OUTSIDE PARTY WISHES TO DISPOSE OF:—

Lots 43, 45 and 47, East First St.
Lot 28, East Seventh St.
Lots 26 and 27, block 137, West Duluth, 5th Division.
Lot 11, block 283, West Duluth, 4th Division.
Lots 24, 25 and 26, block 4, Merchants Park Division.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

Room 1, Exchange Building.

4½% Any Amount 5%
All Privileges
NO DELAY!

MONEY TO LOAN

BY

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

5½% First Floor, Lonsdale Building. **6%**

THE ALVERADO

Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod, Proprietor and manager. Corner West Superior Street.

Hotel Superior,

Superior, Wis.

Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

HOTEL McKAY

Corner First street and Fifth avenue West, Opp. Postoffice, Duluth.

The Miller

222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 12th, 1906.

In the Matter of the Estate of William L. Hoffecker, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of William L. Hoffecker, deceased, late of the County of Union, State of New Jersey, being granted to Elmina A. Hoffecker.

It Is Ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It Is Further Ordered, That Monday, the 18th day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a Special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 12th day of March, A. D. 1906.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March-13-20-27-1906.

"Fortune gives too much to many—but enough to none." The fickle goddess is partial to those who never quit courting her—who watch for a glimpse of her face even among the Herald wants ads.

VERY CHEAP

50 foot lot on East Fourth Street, between 21st and 22nd Avenues.

$800

PULFORD, HOW & CO.

309 Exchange Bldg.

EVERYTHING IN
INSURANCE

Fire, Accident, Life
Burglary, Health, Plate Glass
Liability | Contractors, Employers, Elevator, General.

"Strongest Old Line Companies."

Hartman-O'Donnell Agency,

209-210-211 Exchange Bldg.

4½% 5%

Money to Loan

With On or Before Clause.

John A. Stephenson

WOLVIN BUILDING.

We Lend Money!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.

Cooley & Underhill,

208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

LOANS

5% and 6%

All Privileges Given. No Delay.

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO.

NO. 5 ALWORTH BLDG.

$20000 Fifty feet on First street, good investment.

$3000 Lot (50x140) East Fourth street.

$1000 Two lots (100x140) East Sixth street.

$1400 Two lots (100x140) East Superior street.

$800 Two lots (50x140) East Sixth street.

10 acres garden and dairy land and 11½ acres garden and dairy land near city on Hermantown road.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN,

401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. phone, 398. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

FORTUNE FOR CHORUS GIRL

Miss Helen Tomponz is Left Legacy of $1,000,000 in Italy.

Ames, Iowa, March 13.—From a poor chorus girl living on a salary of a few dollars a week, to the possesser of $1,000,000, is the sudden good fortune of Miss Helen Tomponz, 20 years of age, and a native of Italy. Yesterday she received a cablegram from the authorities at Venice, informing her that she had fallen heir to a large estate by the death of her grandfather.

Miss Tomponz is a member of the chorus with the "Isle of Spice." The company passed through here from Des Moines today, enroute to Boone, the first station west of here. The cablegram was received at Des Moines and an effort was made to reach her at this point, but the message came a little too late and it was forwarded to the next station.

The girl's father is chief engineer on one of the trans-Atlantic liners and was not in favor with the girl's grandfather, hence the leaving of the estate to the chorus girl. The grandfather was a hich wine merchant near Venice.

Miss Tomponz says she likes the work in which she is engaged and will continue with the company.

NAVAL MILITIA BILL TO BE FAVORABLY REPORTED.

Washington, March 13.—The house committee on naval affairs decided today to make a favorable report on the Foss bill for the establishment of naval militia, placing the same under control of the secretary of the navy. Appropriations which congress may make for the naval militia are to be distributed by the secretary of the navy and an amendment to the bill prevents the use for the naval militia of money appropriated for the army militia.

Will Return to Denmark.

Anton Nelson, a member of Nelson Bros.' Knitting Works at the West end, was excused from jury service by Judge Cant today on the ground that he is not a citizen of the United States. Mr. Nelson stated that he came to this country from Denmark fifteen years ago and has resided in Duluth for the past eight years. Answering the court's inquiry as to why he never took out his citizenship papers, Mr. Nelson said he expected some day to go back to the old country to live and for that reason has not become a citizen of this country.

ROTH LOST HIS MEMORY

Claims That Brain Fever Wiped Out All Recollections.

Jury Finds Him Guilty of Crime of Grand Larceny.

George Roth, indicted for grand larceny in the second degree, was found guilty this morning five minutes after the jury had retired to consider the evidence.

Roth's case presents many points of interest to a student of human nature. Either he is shamming with intent to keep the county authorities from finding out his past record which might be unfavorable to him when the court imposes sentence for the present offense, or else he is the victim of peculiar circumstanes, a man without a home, who does not know what his true name is, where he came from, his age or anything more about himself than has happened within the last year and a half.

According to Roth's own guess he must be about 27 years old. The charge against him is that he robbed a roommate, Pat Sheehy, of $25 while the two were in Mrs. Reilly's lodging house on Superior street near Fifth avenue west sime time ago. Sheehy claimed that he and Roth were sleeping in the same room and that he woke up one night and found that his money, $25 in all, had disappeared from between the matresses on his bed and Roth alone with it. He raised an outcry and other people in the house coming to the rescue found Roth in hiding in one of the closets and with the money on his person. He gave it back to Sheehy.

Roth claimed that he entered his room late one night and found it empty, Sheedy's bed showing signs of having been occupied, but nobody in sight. He says he noticed some paper money on a stand in the room and picked it up, going out in the hall where there was some light, to see the denomination of the bills. He claimed that while he was there Sheehy went back into the room, discovered the money loss and set up an outcry. Roth said that he was very much excited and wanted to get the money back but did not know how to do so. He said he knew he was in an unfortunate position and was so rattled that he simply concealed himself until found by one of the lodgers. He testified that he gave the money right back to Sheehy and started to leave the building when the lodgers attempted to hold him and called for the police. He was arrested as he was leaving the building.

It was during his examination that Roth told the story of his blankness of memory as to what took place in his life up to a year and a half ago. He says that at that time he recovered from a severe attack of brain fever and found himself in St. Joseph, Mo., with no recollection of where he came from or how he came to be in that place. He said that the only clue he had was a handkerchief with the initials G. R. and he called himself George Roth. Following this Roth says that he was restless and travelled about the country from place to place, always seeking somebody that would recognize him and tell him his name and history. He claims to have been in Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Paul, Minneapolis and many other prominent cities searching for a clue of his early life. He claims to have worked as cookee on a construction train in Missouri. One summer he operated a ferry boat across the Mississippi river near Quincy.

Last fall, according to his story, he visited Ottumwa, Iowa, one of the municipalities supposed to have the "lid" on, and played a roulette wheel and at craps, winning $200. He said that with this $200 and $17 realized at Minneapolis on the sale of his watch, he had been able to travel about the country in search of his past.

Roth is an undersized man and with all his story of illness from brain fever, displays a considerable amount of shrewdness. The bald condition of the top of his head and thinness of the remaining hair about the ears tend to substantiate his story of brain fever, but his story of winning a stake at Ottumwa was not one that set him in a favorable light. Roth claimed, however, that he is not a professional gambler for the reason that he does not play poker. He said that he sometimes believes that his trade before he was sick must have been that of a shoemaker.

Roth was defended by Charles A. McPherrin.

Save the Children

Parental Love and Duty Affect the whole World

Nothing touches the tender spot in a Parent's heart like a suffering Child. By building up the children

Ozomulsion

The Cod Liver Oil Emulsion "Par Excellence."

makes strong Men and Women. It is the duty of every Parent to give every Child a good start in life.

Not every little one can have a Fortune, but good Health can generally be assured.

The Duty of Parents extends not only to their Children, but to the World at Large.

The community wants every Child to be Healthy.

Weak and puny children are a source of pain and anxiety to their parents. The

Ozomulsion Cure

Has mastered the many ills that once sapped Baby and Youthful Life; and thus Consumption and the Anaemic conditions which lead to it have lost their terrors.

Ozomulsion is an especially prepared, scientific combination of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, Glycerine, Guaiacol and the Hypophosphites.

Beneficial results are obtained after the first dose.

There are two sizes—8-oz. and 16-oz. Bottles; the Formula is printed in 7 languages on each.

OZOMULSION LABORATORIES

93 Pine St., New York.

BOTH FOOD AND MEDICINE.

We like best to call Scott's Emulsion a food-medicine. It is a term that aptly describes the character and action of our Emulsion. More than a medicine—more than a food, yet combining the vital principles of both. It is for this reason that Scott's Emulsion has a distinct and special value in all wasting diseases. There is nothing better to remedy the troubles of imperfect growth and delicate health in children. The action of Scott's Emulsion is just as effective in treating weakness and wasting in adults.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

Lecture in Swedish

Thursday evening, March 15, Dr. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., at Bethany Lutheran church, under auspices of Young People's Society of the church. Subject: "Influence." Tickets, 25c.

VERSIONS ARE APT TO DIFFER

One Brother Accuses Another of Stealing Valuable Jewelry.

The trial of Lawrence Zoretic, a young Austrian of Ely, under indictment for grand larceny in the second degree, was begun in Judge Cant's room this afternoon. He is charged with stealing $500 worth of diamonds and jewelry from his brother, a general merchant of Ely. He was arrested by the police at Chicago, at the instance of the Ely authorities and was brought back to Duluth to stand trial.

According to the information furnished the county attorney, Mark Zoretic has no safe in his store and has been in the habit of putting his jewelry in a suit case and taking it to his rooms. His brother Lawrence is charged with having taken the valuables one morning and left Ely.

It is understood that Lawrenee Zoretic will put up a defense in which he will seek to show that he had entered into an agreement with Mark Zoretic, whereby he was to take the suit case full of jewelry and dispose of it over the ranges, going from town to town, according as he found it to the best interests for his business. Another younger brother, it is said, may be an important witness in support of evidence of an agreement between the two men.

Nearly all the jewelry was recovered with Zoretic when he was arrested at Chicago, and it is now in the custody of the county authorities.

DOWIE AND WIFE PART

Mrs. Dowie Has Thrown Her Lot With Ordinary Zionites.

Chicago, March 13:—John Alexander Dowie, and his wife, head of the Zion church, have parted, according to a story printed in the Daily News. It is declared that the last message of Dowie to his home was ignored and that Mrs. Dowie has thrown in her lot with the ordinary followers of Zion.

It is claimed that Mrs. Dowie has said to her friends that she has been deceived as to the real conditions in the church and believed that millions of money were available when there was no such condition existing.

Mrs. Dowie yesterday called in brokers who made an inventory of the furnishings of the Dowie home at Zion City, which is decorated in a most expensive manner. She declared that she desired to sell everything for the good of the church and that when the furnishings had been sold the house itself was at the disposal of the society.

MINERS ARE GATHERING

To Attend Conference to Consider the Reply of Operators.

Indianapolis, March 13.—Representatives of the anthracite and bituminous coal miners are arriving for the convention and conferences which will occupy the attention of the country during the next week. A conference on the anthracite situation will be held among the leaders of the miners tomorrow night.

This conference will consider the reply of the anthracite operators and will decide whether or not the anthracite matter will be handled here in the convention or in a special convention of anthracite districts immediately following the Indianapolis convention. On the settlement of this question will hinge the time and place of making a formal reply to the operators and the preparations for the meeting with the anthracite operators in New York city.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kroonland, Antwerp.

Genoa—Arrived: Canopic, Boston via Uonta Del Gada, Algiers, etc., Brazil, New York.

Bremen—Sailed: Pretoria, (from Hamburg and Dover) New York.

Hamburg—Arrived: Armenia, Philadelphia.

Rotterdam—Ryndam, New York via Boulogne.

Gibraltar—Sailed: Koig Albert (from Genoa and Naples) New York.

THE GREED OF CASTRO

Industry Prostrate and the People Starving as a Result.

Refugee Tells How the Presidential Graft is Worked.

New York, March 13.—Amazing reports of the conditions of affairs in Venezuela come by mail from Willemstad. According to these stories, Castro has carried his greed to such lengths that nearly all industries except those in which the president and his favorites are interested have been ruined or driven out of the country. The people in the small towns are starving and the city people are not much better off. At a banquet given by an American in Maracaibo, the second city of Venezuela, many of the guests who included the leading men of the town, stuffed bread in their pockets, and carried away all the food they could secrete. Naked people in the streets of the small towns are a common sight. They are too poor to buy the slightest covering for their bodies.

How these extraordinary conditions have been brought about is explained by an English refugee from La Guayra, who told his story to the Willemstad correspondent of the New York Herald, which has always been President Castro's strongest newspaper friend in the United States. As reported by this correspondent, his informant, until lately a prosperous sugar planter in Venezuela, said:

"The poverty of the country and its industrial prostration are due to the monopolization of all the principal industries of the country to be operated by the coterie that sing the president's praises, and in which he holds the controlling interest. In this way Castro has amassed in six years a fortune estimated at $18,000,000."

It seems that while the asphalt and French cable companies have been the heaviest and most conspicuous sufferers from Castro's rapacity, they have plenty of companions in misfortune:

"The method of the band is the same in all cases. Take my own. I had a small sugar estate on which I had begun to manufacture rum. I was making a little over 10 per cent. One of Castro's men offered me $30,000 for the place. I said it was worth $80,000, but that I did not want to sell.

"Then began a series of annoyances. I was finally taxed at the rate of $80 a day. I had to shut down my plant. There was nothing to do but to sell to Castro, which I did for $20,000. That is the history of every private enterprise that pays more than 10 per cent. Ask any merchant, small manufacturer, hotel-keeper, or what not, doing a business of a few thousand dollars if he could not increase it. He will tell you yes, many times, but he prefers not to, for as soon as he makes it worth while the gang will force him to sell, or Castro will give the monopoly of that particular business to one of it members and he will lose even his stock in hand.

"Formerly hundreds of thousands of cattle were brought in from the country and sold to various competing buyers for export. Now the sole right to export cattle is enjoyed by Gomez, the first vice president, and the cattle raisers must take his price or none.

"They have stopped raising beeves, and a great industry is dead. It was to Manuel Carao that the monopoly of navigating the Orniloco was given. He is Castro's recognized man of affairs. He soon forced Mr. Olcott, the American, to abandon his $1,000,000 worth of steamships, take $80,000 and leave the country. To Carao also has been given a rake-off on the postal revenues of the country. The government sells the stamps to him at wholesale at a discount of 25 per cent.

"The second vice president, Velutini, has a rake-off on the water rates—the works stolen from Belgium, to the great burden of the people. Mrs. Castro, besides the percentage from the gambling licenses, has more from the vegetable and fruit stalls in the markets, which are collected daily, to the increased price of food. The governors of the cities get a percentage of all fines for crimes and are ready at all times to dispense justice for money.

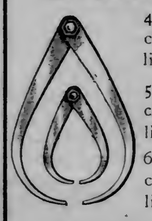
"And now the rum, the cigarette and the match business have been monopolized, to the great loss and suffering of the people.

"The recent confiscation of the Caracas gas works by Castro and his friends is a good illustration of the restaurador's methods of getting rich without stealing public money because the municipality of Caracas would not pay it $20,000 for gas consumed in public lighting. Suit should be brought against it by all debtors. The company was soon declared bankrupt and its $500,000 plant ordered to be sold.

"There was one bidder, one of Castro's agents, Valerino. He got it for $80,000, and as the plant was declared out of repair the money was ordered expended on alleged improvements. The company get nothing, and the new owners, Castro & Co., got, in addition, the $20,000 bill against the city, which the courts suddenly found was a just and righteous claim."

TOOL SNAPS For This Week

Our Ads Are Truthful.



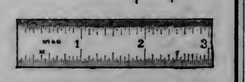
4-inch outside calipers like cut **28c**

5-inch outside calipers like cut **32c**

6-inch outside calipers like cut **38c**

3-inch dividers like cut **38c**

4-inch dividers like cut **42c**



6-inch steel rules, like cut **68c**

12-inch steel rules, like cut **83c**

The cheapest place in the city to buy tools.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.
DULUTH, MINN.

JUDGE PARKER ON DEMOCRACY

Speaks Before Joint Session of the Mississippi Legislature.

Jackson, Miss., March 13.—Judge Alton B. Parker of New York delivered a speech on "Democracy" before a joint session of the Mississippi legislature at the Century theater today. Judge Parker was introduced by Chief Justice Whitfield of the supreme bench.

An audience of about 1,000 people were assembled. Judge Parker spoke, in part, as follows:

Nothing can convince us, and nothing should swerve us from our ingrained conviction, that an indefinite extension of the powers of government, either at home or abroad, is neither American nor safe; that the levy of any money for taxes, which cannot be collected without fear or favor, or without conferring undue privileges upon persons or interests, or that is not needed for purely public purposes, can be anything but perilous; or that the failure rigorously to enforce the criminal laws by the punishment of all guilty men, whatever their offense or their nominal standing in the community, can be other than fatal to justice and violative of all precepts, whether divine or human.

During recent years there has been much discussion of the terms conservatism and radicalism, generally with the assumption that one means reaction, while the other spells progress. No classification could be more at fault. While conservatism is attached to that which has justified its existence by its usefulness, it must also be credited with a strong, unwavering enmity to old things that are dangerous. It insists upon the preservation of the honest results of human labor, whether they are moral or material, and it has some reverence for the Ten Commandments.

But it condemns anarchism, socialism and communism, that trinity of evils and heresies almost as old as the world itself. It has rejected and disclaimed, in all its forms, that repudiation—which is certainly older than the oldest existing civilization. It does not look upon the demagogue with favor—but he was the rejected of Greece and Rome centuries before our era. So we come back to the wholesomeness of most of the things that men have found useful, to regard both for moral and for human law, which is supposed to represent it, and we can see that all changes come gradually, and not by violence or revolution.

As Democrats we have much work to do of a serious kind. We have only the smallest responsibility for the fundamental evils which have put into peril the great moral heritage of our people. We cannot gain or regain power by subterfuges, and we ought not to do so. If we have no principals fixed immutably upon ideas, and genuine attachments to the public interests, we shall then be without hope. If we cannot now see how vital a moral issue may be made on the side of both policy and righteousness, then we may as well abandon the field, and let either the corruptionist and the monopolist, or the radical, the destructive and the anarchist, have their way. Our history, our traditions, even our weaknesses, have always represented the antithesis of these, and we may feel sure that, if we but do our duty, a better fate than this is in store for us.

BISHOP DEFIES AUTHORITIES

Exciting Scene Occurs at Attempt to Inventory Church Property.

Marseilles, March 13.—An exciting scene occurred today at the doors of the cathedral. The local authorities attempted to take an inventory under the church and state separation law, whereupon the bishop, wearing his mitre and surrounded by the congregation, chanting, ordered the authorities not to enter the cathedral and read a declaration denouncing the law as renewing the evils which brought on the revolution and reign of terror. The bishop added:

"Here, before the altar, I announce that I am prepared to suffer imprisonment, exile or death in defending the rights of the church."

The authorties withdrew in order to avoid trouble.

The cathedral will be closed day and night and guards who will keep watches have been organized to resist the government inspectors.

FEES CUT OFF

From County Officials Who Receive a Stated Salary.

St. Paul, March 13.—(Special to The Herald).—County officials over the state are hard hit in a provision just located in the new code which cuts off everything in the way of fees. Judges of probate will suffer the most.

The provision found in the code says that in the case of every official receiving a stated salary, the same shall be in full for all services and expenses and that all fees shall be reported to the county auditor and paid over monthly to the treasurer.

This provision is patterned after the Hennepin law, in which a stated salary is the sole compensation. It is new legislation and is sweeping in its effect.

Probably the worst sufferers will be the probate judges, who realized quite handsomely in the way of fees from the issuing of certified copies of legal documents. County auditors are also affected.

VERNON CENTER, MINN., HAS A $35,000 FIRE.

Vernon Center, Minn., March 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire of unknown origin destroyed four buildings in the business district and the opera house at an early hour this morning. The loss is $35,000 most of which is insured. The losses are as follows:

Barnes' department store and opera house $23,0000; Faehenbach's shoe store $5,000; Hanson's saloon $3,000; Halvern's restaurant $4,000.

TO CODIFY THE COPYRIGHT LAWS.

Washington, March 13.—The third of a series of conferences in which practically every branch of the publishing interests of the country is represented, begun at the library of congress today for the purpose of completing for the action of congress a codification of, and amendments to, the copyright laws.

The two previous sessions resulted in the tentative draft of the proposed codification and at the present meeting it is contemplated to complete the work that congress may have the result at the present session.

TWELVE DROWNED.

London, March 13.—The British steamer Colne foundered off the Dutch coast today. Twelve of her crew were drowned and seven were saved.

AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS.

Algeciras, March 13.—The French and German delegates to the Moroccan conference are awaiting further instructions. In the meantime no progress is being made toward an adjustment of the details of the police and bank questions.

NEW SPRING

SUITS

A splendid selection in the newest styles and materials.

$10 TO $30

See our handsome line of Top Coats and Cravenettes, New Hats, New Gloves, New Hosiery and New Neckwear.

CHAS. W.

ERICSON

Hatter, Clothier, Furnisher,
219 West Superior St.

NOW IS THE TIME

To decide where to send your LACE CURTAINS to be LAUNDERED RIGHT. THE YALE LAUNDRY bears the well-earned reputation of doing the best curtain work in the city. Better drop a card or call up 479 for the wagon to call.

FOR SALE!

Grocery business for sale—fine location. Address F. 5, Herald.

Bavarian Peasants.

Have you ever heard of the celebrated passion plays of Ober-Ammergau? The actors are Bavarian peasants. The peasants of Bavaria are a strong and healthy race of unusual physical beauty and symmetric stature. They — men, women and children — drink beer. The men frequently drink as much as a gallon a day.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING COMPANY

QUIT "TRUSTING IN LOCATION," HERALD PUBLICITY WILL SELL GOODS IN A BARN!

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St. L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

BOARD OFFERED.

DOUBLE PARLORS, SINGLE OR EN suite, to one or more; also single room, with board, in one of the best private families in city; location finest to be had in East end; references required. V 86, Herald.

YOUNG LADY CAN SECURE BOARD and room in private family, very central. G 80, Herald.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED south room in modern house; hot water heat; $23 per month. G 82, Herald.

THE LYLE, 28, 30, 32, East Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 122 East First street.

PAINTING and PAPER HANGING

BEST OF WORKMANSHIP. PRICES reasonable. C. Gill, 124 Second avenue west. Zenith 'phone, 1518-X.

OLD CLOTHES BOUGHT.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1532-X.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

Insurance!
All Kinds.
Real Estate.
Mortgage Loans.
C. H. GRAVES & CO
First Floor, Torrey Bldg.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN
Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.
There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 100 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.
Open all the year. Write for booklet.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	† 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:50 p.m
* 3:50 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m
† 11:15 p.m	Crookston, Grand Forks	† 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	Soo City	† 9:50 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail (All Points East.)	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL (Marquette and Copper Country.)	Ar. †6:45 p.m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:50
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:4[illegible]	Ar. Ely Lv	7:3[illegible]	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sunday.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	-----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	-----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	-----	12:02
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect.
European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	583
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SMALL FURNISHED ROOM FOR rent. 208 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODern; private family. 412 West Fourth street. Old 'phone 1296-L.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM COTTAGE on Park Point, for the season. G 78, Herald.

MODERN, NICELY FURNISHED large front room with alcove, suitable for one or two gentlemen; board if desired. Apply 1532 East First street.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two gentlemen in private family. 120 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED STEAM-heated room. Call at 315 Pioneer block, for ladies or gentlemen.

FOR RENT — TWO PLEASANT UNfurnished rooms. 327 East Superior St.

FOR RENT—BRIGHT, COMFORTABLE furnished room, suitable for two. Electric light, bath; rent reasonable. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOUR ROOMS. 2324 WEST SIXTH ST.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 232 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 922 EAST Seventh street. Inquire 712 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished. All modern. Apply 310 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—ABOUT APRIL 1, SEVENroom house, near Twenty-fourth avenue west. Call Duluth 'phone 3043-M.

FOR SALE—GOOD SIX-ROOM HOUSE. Address F. A. Pettibone, No. 30 Orange street, Duluth Heights.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, FURNISHED; will lease until Nov. 1 to man and wife; no small children. Call 450 Manhattan building.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, all conveniences, No. 226 East Third street. Apply 417 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, in Park terrace, cheap. Apply Myers Bros., 305 Lyceum building.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT. CALL 614½ EAST Second street.

THREE-ROOM, STEAM-HEATED, FURnished flat, complete for housekeeping. 315 West Fourth street.

SECOND FLOOR, 473 MESABA AVEnue, three rooms and alcove, between Second and Third avennes west; no children. Per month, $12.

A cozy corner for what the Gopher Shoe Works saves you on shoe repairing.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT; water, light and sewer; rent $16 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

CANDY STORE FOR SALE. 1534 WEST Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

Miss Fitzpatrick, 504 E. 4th. Old 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio Bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — IN OR NEAR THE SPALDING hotel, a man's diamond ring. Reward will be paid if returned to Whitney Wall, Palladio buildings.

LOST — ROMAN GOLD BEADS BEtween West Duluth and High school. Finder please returne to Herald office.

FOUND—Place equipped for doing good work while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

POIRIER & CO., 106 East Superior street.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Apply Satin skin cream to wet skin, wipe dry. Secures satiny, smooth skin. 25c.

COMPOUND and VAPOR BATHS.

WE CURE COLDS, RHEUMATISM, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, gout and all blood poisons, give magnetic compound vapor baths. No. 16 East Superior street. Mr. and Mrs. A. Ecker, proprietors.

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED. Duluth Carpet Sweeper Repair Co., 123 W. First street. New phone, 1578-D.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, pianos, cattle, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
621 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 936. Old 'phone, 759-R.

$1 PER WEEK PAYS BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST on a $20 loan. Other amounts in like proportion.
ACTUAL REBATE given if paid before due.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security, easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, furs, rifles, etc., and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to positively cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

SPANISH TAUGHT. 519 EAST FIFTH street.

CHIROPODY and MANICURING.

MISS G. JOHNSON, ROOM 3, 125 WEST Superior street. New 'phone, 1702-D.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. A. FERGUSON, GRADUATE midwife, 617 Fifth Ave. E. Old 'phone 434-L.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

UPHOLSTERING.

TELEPHONE YOUR UPHOLSTERING wants to Cameron. He will call at your residence with a complete assortment of coverings and estimate your work. Zenith 'phone 787. Bell, 325-L.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Grusen, 129 West Superior St.

MORRISON'S TAILORING.

YOU CAN HAVE A GOOD SUBSTANtial, stylish suit made at Morrison's for less than you can get the same quality for anywhere. Come and see. D. M. Morrison, 8 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

MAGIC PIANO POLISH.

BEST POLISH ON MARKET. PREpared by C. O. Kristensen. Used by principal piano houses in city. 336 E. Sup. St. Phone, 1202-L.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER TO INVEST $3,000 with or without services, in an established, profitable retail business. Rapid growth of business requires increased capital. Thorough investigation courted. V 87, Herald.

FOR SALE—PART OR ENTIRE INterest in a well-established, profitable growing Superior street retail store. Require at least $3,000 cash. Excellent reasons for selling. V 88, Herald.

I HAVE A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS with which I wish to buy half interest in some established business and become active partner. Write, stating business and giving address; dealings strictly confidential. F 8, Herald.

WANTED TO BORROW—$2,500 ON first-class security before April 1. Call 328 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

YOUNG MAN, THOROUGH BUSINESS education, would like to invest $2,000 with services. Address W 3, Herald.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.
Everybody to know that we can sell you anything you want in the line of house furnishings for very near one-half of what you'll pay for the same goods at the other stores. Come in and we'll tell you why. M. SHAPIRA, 12 First avenue west. Easy Payments.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna iron range, Morrison, 146 Torrey building.

SHOES WELL BOUGHT ARE HALFsoled at the Gopher Shoe Works.

FOR SALE—POOL TABLE. NORTHern restaurant, Garfield avenue. C. Johnson.

FOR SALE—SHETLAND PONY, CART and harness. $150 for the outfit. Old phone 66 Proctor.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND 50 HORSEpower Westinghouse engine in first-class condition. Will sell cheap. Clyde Iron Works.

FOR SALE — INCUBATORS, BROODers, chick food, hatching eggs and poultrymen's supplies. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—$1,000 POLICY IN THE States installment Realty Co.; will mature in four months. Address, V 100, Herald.

WILL SELL FINE UPRIGHT PIANO for $125 cash. 319 East Superior street.

A 21-FOOT YACHT HULL, NEW, TORpedo design, fast type, very attractive. First-class workmanship, can be bought cheap. Call up old 'phone 3013-M, or Zenith 'phone 3085-X.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE for eight-room house, in whole or part; also high-top Chicago cottage organ, in excellent condition. 4931 Peabody street, Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; will sell all or part. Call Flat 13, 2231 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNISHings, sideboard, chairs, beds, etc., Friday and Saturday, March 16 and 17. Fred J. Griffith, old Munger residence, Fourth avenue west and Mesaba avenue.

"SHAKESPEARE" STOCK BOUGHT and sold. Morrison, 416 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF FOURTEENroom rooming house, and furniture of seven rooms; must be cash. Parties leaving city. M 85, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL-SIZE DRESS COAT and vest, in first-class condition; a bargain. Address N. T. C., Herald.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

I CAN LOCATE YOU ON THE FARM lands on Willow River and Little Fork valleys. New rail and county roads now under construction. Pat Greaney, Ashawa, Minn.

FOR SALE—GOOD IMPROVED FARM, 80 acres; 40 acres cleared and stumped and under cultivation; large size first-class buildings and all farming machinery; $2,400. Apply H. F. Berbig, 910 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, Twenty-fifth street, Park Point; used summer and winter. C. Finkler, Twenty-fifth street, Park Point.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

A large assortment of horses always on hand at our stables in Duluth and Midway, St. Paul.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.

FOR SALE — HEAVY TEAM OF horses, 3,100 pounds, wagon, sleigh and horses. S. B. Sher, 405 St. Croix avenue.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE; BEST OF workmanship. Suits pressed, 50c; pants, 15c. 118 First avenue west. Old 'phone 1430-L.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST., 2023 W. Sup. St. Old, 1341-L; Zenith, 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARgest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING

ED OTT, No. 6 W. First St. Both 'phones.

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERING.

C. F. FORSELL—GOOD WORK GUARanteed. 338 E. Sup. street. Zenith, 949.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

50 men daily to get shoes resoled—while you wait. The Gopher Shoe Works.

WANTED — 1,000 RAILROAD LABORers and station men for Washington, near Portland, Or. Good wages, two years' work; fare free from Duluth. Ship daily. Write or apply to the Duluth Employment company.

AN EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman; must be able to speak the Finnish language and come well recommended. Write to Isaac Summerfield, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able bodied unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — THREE SHOP CARPENters. Apply Woodruff Lumber company's mill.

WANTED—A PORTER. APPLY AT Freimuth's, 9 a. m., second floor, west room.

WANTED—AT ONCE, TWO GOOD MAchinists and two good molders; steady work and best wages; don't write, but come. Virginia Foundry & Machine company.

WANTED—CANVASSERS FOR HIGHclass periodical, good pay, easy work. Address B, this office.

WANTED—TWO MEN TO WORK AT dairy farm. Take Woodland car. Woodland dairy.

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN FOR collecting and assisting in office. Apply to Duluth Van company.

WANTED — BOY NOT UNDER 16. MINnesota Cigar Box Co., 26 West First St.

WANTED — DENTAL STUDENT OR bright young man 18 to 20 years old, who wants to learn mechanical dentistry or study dentistry. Must be well recommended and want to stay. Country boy preferred. Small wages to start with. Dentistry, Herald.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

BOYS WANTED AT THE BOTTLING works. Duluth Brewing & Malting company.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN WATCHmaking; earn while you learn; write for our free book, "How to Be a Watchmaker." Stone's Watchmaking school, Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Only short time required. Now is the time to learn and prepare for the busy season. Illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—BY YOUNG SWEDE OF good education, position in some office, wholesale house or store. Understands English thoroughly. A. E. 1025, Garfield avenue.

SITUATION WANTED AS TALLYman for lumber scaler; best of references. V 84, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS CAMP clerk or tallyman for scaler, by competent, energetic young man. Address G 83, Herald.

WANTED — BY COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, having had considerable experience with expert accountant; best of references. Apply 154 West Third street, Superior.

BOOKS PROPERLY WRITTEN UP, adjusted and audited by expert accountant. Auditor, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

FOURTEEN OR FIFTEEN-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished, in good location, or would buy out one that would wish to sell for cash. G 87, Herald.

FOURTEEN OR FIFTEEN-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished, in good location, or would buy out one that would wish to sell for cash. G 87, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—SMALL COTtage, furnished, for adults. G 36, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—BY COUPLE, A modern house on East side, by April 15; state size of house and rent wanted; also location. Address April, care Herald.

WANTED — BY YOUNG MARRIED couple, unfurnished or furnished flat of three or four rooms, centrally located; must be modern, with hot water heat, bath, etc. References. Address J. L. D., Herald.

FROM MAY 1, STORE SUITABLE FOR cigar and confectionery; good location. Address W 36, Herald.

WANTED — FOUR OR FIVE-ROOM flat, furnished or unfurnished; central location preferred, by young married couple; references furnished. Address F 4, Herald.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, one or two desirable furnished rooms; light housekeeping privileges preferred; East end. G 200, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

ONE GOOD OFFICE TABLE. SEATONDay Electric company, 25 North Fifth avenue west. Zenith 'phone 38.

SECOND-HAND LOW-WHEEL TRUCK for moving gasoline engine; reasonable price. 'Phone 63, A. Quackenbush, Proctor.

STANDING TIMBER IN MINNESOTA. Address V 9, Herald.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT—Top floor Burrows Bldg.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old phone, 1614.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old phone, 1694; Zenith, 1225.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's Female Regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK AT Mrs. Page Morris,' 2232 East First street.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL. 1624 EAST Third street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; best wages; must be competent. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — GOOD KITCHEN GIRL; none other need apply. 1928 West Michigan street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 2319 East First street.

WANTED — FILLER STRIPPER. Head of the Lakes Cigar company, 2730 West Third street.

GOOD GIRL GENERAL HOUSEWORK, four in family. 1424 East Second street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS COOK AND dining room girl; $40 for cook and $18 for dining room girl. Duquesne hotel, Proctor, Minn.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady to clerk in cloak department; references required. Apply Bee Hive Department Store, 115 East Superior street.

WANTED—MARKER AT LUTE'S laundry.

WANTED—SECOND TRIMMER AND two apprentices for millinery. Apply Freimuth's 9 a. m., second floor, west room.

WANTED—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer operator; state salary expected, experience, age, etc.; permanent position. G 76, Herald.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. 2319 EAST First street.

WANTED—BRIGHT GIRL, WHO UNderstands something about tailoring to wait on customers in tailor shop. F. Popkin, over Gasser's.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of two; snap. 504 Wieland flats.

GIRL WANTED AT 931 EAST FIFTH street.

WANTED — TWO OR THREE GOOD dining room girls. 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework. 2327 East Second street.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN BARbering, hair-dressing, manicuring and massage. Particulars free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 Fifteenth avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home; work guaranteed. Address G. B., Herald.

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing at your home. G 67, Herald.

LADY WISHES POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper or taking care of furnished rooms. Address G 81, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS CASHIER or assistant bookkeeper by lady. L. C., Herald office.

WANTED — WASHING OR HOUSEcleaning by the day; washing and ironing to take home. 704 East Second street.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS work afternoons. T. Herald.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS TO CANVASS AND COLlect; good salary; permanent position. Call Monday from 3 to 9 p. m. Frank J. Reid, manager, 5822 Grand avenue west.

FOR SALE—COWS.

JOHN E. JOHNSON WILL ARRIVE with a carload of fresh milch cows Saturday morning, March 10, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east. Zenith 'phone, 1853-X.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday morning, March 6, 1219 East Seventh street. Phone, 1387 Zenith.

E. CARLSON JUST ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows. Zenith phone, 1654-D.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—NICE SIX-ROOM HOUSE, fine condition, East end, easy walking distance, stone foundation and all conveniences; act quick; reasonable price. W. M. Prindle & Co., No. 3 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—A FINE 12-ROOM HOUSE on Sixth street and First avenue east; must be removed at once. George A. Wieland, office, 211 Alworth building; new phone, 278. Residence, 1127 East Third street; new phone, 252.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent. Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614 Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

WHILE-YOU-WAIT SHOP.

GET YOUR SHOE REPAIRED. HANDsewed soles, 75c. Nailed soles, 50c. All kinds rubber heels, 40c. Ladies' and boys' soles, 40c. All hand work, no machinery; best oak tanned leather. 302 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

CREMONEA VIOLIN MAKER.

RARE AND OLD VIOLINS REPAIRED; modern violins regraduated so they will improve with age. I develop the fullest tone capacity of every violin submitted. Forty years' experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. Lambert, 124 East Fourth street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PIANO LESSONS.

PIANO LESSENS BY COMPETENT teacher, 35c a lesson. V 35, Herald.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 19, 1906. Work, second degree, Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 12, 1906. Work — First degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30, March 14, 1906. Work M. M. degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave 8 p. m., Tuesday, March 20. Public installation of officers, Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, March 15, 1906. Work—Twenty-sixth degree. J. E. Cooley, secretary.

SUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 21. Work —Second degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday, in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 22 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Mar. 15. Beneficient degree. T. J. McKeon, S. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patshkowski, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, eets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., meets every Tuesday at 118 West Superior street. Work—First and second rank, Tuesday, March 13. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 2283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and Third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next regular meeting March 16, 1906—initiation. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Next meeting March 13; work first degree. Visiting members always welcome. S. F. Staples, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladh, banker; R. Rankin, clerk, 1322 Jefferson street.

CLAN SRTEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, March 21. Debate. Subject, "Single Tax;" open meeting after 9 o'clock.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, will hold a musical and social entertainment March 21. The ladies will serve refreshments, coffee and cake. Invite your friends and have a good time. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt.-Gen.; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, Charles E. Norman; record keeper and finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m., residence, 412 West Fourth street.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 3, Axa building. President, John F. Gogins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilleland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, United Order of Foresters, meets the first and third Tuesday of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting, March 20. Card party. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 224 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RUSS COURT CONSPIRING

To Produce Counter Revolutions to Sweep Away Reforms.

Premier Witte Forced to Fight Men in Government.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—At today's session of the cabinet Premier Witte, who was warmly supported by Prince Alexis Obolensky, procurator general of the holy synod, and Count John Tolstoi, minister of education, insisted on the suppression of the organization known as the "League of the Russian People," through which the agitation of the reactionary "Black Hundred" is propagated. It is reported that he was forced to arrive at this decision, but this is not absolutely confirmed. The police prefect, M. Von Der Launitz, was summoned to the meeting and asked to explain how it happened that the publication of the proclamation calling for the extermination of Jews was printed in the official printing office, attached to his department. The prefect denied having any personal knowledge of the printing. However, it was established that there is constantly accumulating evidence that the plot to produce a counter revolution in the hope of sweeping away the reforms outlined in the manifesto of Oct. 30 had its origin in a court cabal. The conspiracy includes Gen. Trepoff, commandant of the palace; Count Ignatieff, M. Stichlinsky, former chief adjutant of the interior department; Count Sheremetieff, a noted reactionary, and Gen. Prince Putlatin, who are said to be utterly reckless of the consequences. The plan is to provoke riots and massacres of Jews and revolutionists over as wide an area as possible, in order to justify still more terrible repressions, and thereby prove to the emperor that the people are not ripe for any sort of self-government. It is a desperate game, but it is backed by many of the provincial authorities, and the support of the governors general had been enlisted, the former using the police and the latter the troops, among whom proclamations against the Jews and revolutionists, which are understood to have been printed at the army headquarters in Odessa, have been distributed.

The complicity of Interior Minister Durnovo in the conspiracy is not proved, although suspected. Premier Witte and the liberal section of the cabinet will be compelled to fight the conspiracy and consequently a break in the ministry is not regarded as improbable.

It is understood that 50,000 members of the "Black Hundred" in St. Petersburg are armed, but it is not believed, in view of the warnings they have received, that the conspirators will attempt to provoke a massacre at the capital.

The authorities here, however, are in sympathy with the conspirators and the danger of an outbreak about Easter is regarded as very real. In the meantime, on the other side, the proletariat organizations, which were ruthlessly crushed by the government's repression measures, are trying to organize a general strike. Negotiations are proceeding with the telegraph and railroad employes, whose co-operation is regarded as vital to this end. The Socialists of Finland have promised their support. Some rioting has already occurred at Moscow and in the vicinity.

The Strana (Country) says that M. Durnovo has telegraphed to the governors of ten provinces in Poland not to proclaim the elections until further notice.

CHINKS RUSH FOR SHARES

Many Applicants for Stock in Canton-Hankow Railway.

Canton, March 14.—The rush of applicants for shares of the Canton-Hankow railway issued today was so great that the streets were blocked with Chinese, and soldiers were called out to maintain order.

The concession of the Canton-Hankow railway was originally American. Eventually the Chinese government cancelled the rights and concessions of the corporation, paying to the owners as an indemnity the sum of $6,750,000.

The road was to be about 1,200 miles long, with an extension to Pekin of about 1,400 miles, making a total of 2,600 miles. The acquisition of the concession by China came about through the opposition of the Chinese to the enterprise being in foreign hands. The hostile feeling was not confined to the ignorant classes, but was shared by Chinese capitalists who were interested in the earnings of Chinese railways.

BETTING AT EVELETH

In Regard to the Republican Nomination for Senator.

Virginia, Minn., March 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Last week's Eveleth Star contained a story to the effect that James Falk of that place had $1,000 to bet that P. H. Vail would not receive the Republican nomination for state senator. Mr. Vail, while in Eveleth, yesterday saw Mr. Falk and said that Falk utterly denies ever having made such an offer, and said he would not bet under any consideration; that the whole story was concocted by the Eveleth Star. M. J. Doyle deposited $1,000 in the Miners' National bank of Eveleth, which amount he offered to bet that Mr. Vail would receive the nomination, but Mr. Falk refused to cover it.

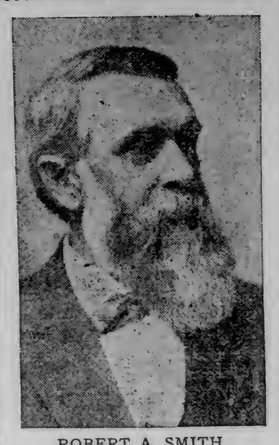
Then Mr. Doyle made a new proposition. He said he would put up $100 that Vail would receive two votes to Dowling's one in the primaries, $100 that Dowling would not carry any town or village in the district, and $100 that Dowling will not carry his own ward. The money was deposited in the bank, and Mr. Doyle invited either Mr. Falk or Mr. Dowling to cover it at any time.

The city council last night accepted the invitation of the Kettle River Quarries company to visit Minneapolis and inspect the different kinds of paving so as to better determine what material would be most suitable for the pavement of Chestnut street. The company's representative figures that a creosoted block pavement would cost approximately $170 for each 25-foot lot.

FALLING DERRICK KILLS ONE.

Washington, March 14.—By the falling of a derrick today at the new addition being erected to the Hotel Raleigh one man was killed, one was fatally injured and two others were injured.

AGAIN NOMINATED FOR MAYORALTY



ROBERT A. SMITH,
Mayor of St. Paul, Who Is Again Nominated by the Democrats for Another Term.

SITUATION VERY GRAVE

Miners Believe There Will be a Strike on April 1.

Delegates Assemble at Indianapolis for a Conference.

Indianapolis, March 14.—The series of meetings, conventions and conferences in Indianapolis, in which an effort is to be made to deal with the labor crisis in the coal industry, was opened today by the session of the international executive board of the United Mine Workers. The miners' special convention will be convened at 10 o'clock tomorrow in the German house.

All of the delegates that have arrived in the city seem to be convinced that a grave situation confronts them and a majority of them believe that there will be a strike April 1. The delegates from the anthracite districts are following the examples of their leaders and are not talking.

President Mitchell said today that the anthracite miners would hold another convention after the Indianapolis convention and the joint conference.

THE LID TO GO ON

As a Result of the Village Election at Frazee.

Frazee, Minn, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—After the most exciting political fight in the history of Frazee the law and order ticket was elected. President L. D. Hendry promised to close the lid down tight, and it will go down with a heavy crash. His majority was sixty. The ticket elected follows:

President, L. D. Hendry; councilmen, R. E. Strom, William Baer and Andrew Syverson; recorder, Herman Lehman; treasurer, L. W. Oberhauser; justice of the peace, D. L. Durkin; constable, James Gallagher.

Andrew Syverson received a very large vote and L. W. Oberhauser and D. L. Durkin had practically no opposition.

The following were elected for Burlington township: Supervisor, three years, Ole C. Nelson; town clerk, L. W. Oberhauser; town treasurer, William Baer, assessor, Guy G. Chilton; justices of the peace, George W. Clayton and James Chilton; constables, Edwin Schram and Allan S. Briggs.

At the village of Altona a very strenuous fight was made and Mike Poppler defeated A. Wetmur for president.

THE PROCTOR ELECTION.

George McEwen Elected President Over John Beutner by 63 Majority.

Proctor, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following is the official result of yesterday's election of the village of Proctorknott:

President—George McEwen (Citizens'), 135; John Beutner (Taxpayers'), 72.

Trustees—Frank Paula (Citizens'), 125; Fred Nelson (Citizens'), 149; C. B. Gilbert, (Citizens'), 113; C. O. Mills (Taxpayers'), 85; John Doyle (Taxpayers'), 74; William Call (Taxpayers'), 74.

Treasurer—H. S. Burnham (Citizens'), 133; H. H. Peyton (Taxpayers'), 73.

Recorder—C. W. Ramshaw (Citizens'), 116; H. O. Smith (Taxpayers'), 92.

Assessor—J. J. Whyte (Citizens'), 140; Carl Eller (Taxpayers'), 66.

Justice of the peace—C. J. Birch (Citizens'), 132; Joe Woods (Taxpayers'), 76.

Constable—J. Fraser (Citizens'), 126; Curley Young (Taxpayers'), 79.

WILL INVESTIGATE THE RYAN-BELMONT MERGER

Buffalo, March 14.—The state railroad commissioners in secret, sesison here today conidered charges in connection with the Ryan-Belmont Traction merger in New York City, and on adjournment announced that they had decided to make an investigation. The state attorney general will be asked to take charge of it. The investigation will be held in Albany next Wednesday.

REBELS BEHEADED.

Canton, March 14.—The leader of the rebels of Kuang Si province and three others who were implicated in the attack on the house of the Rev. Dr. Andrew Beattie, the American missionary, at Fati, in February, were beheaded March 12.

CAPTURE OR KILL INDIANS

The Determination of Marshal Darrough and His Posses.

The Manhunt May Last for Days or Even for Weeks.

Vinita, I. T., March 14.—No word has yet been received from United States Marshal Darrough nor any of his posses who are pursuing the Wickliffe gang of Cherokee outlaws. Last night was dark and rain was falling and a courier would not be able to make his way from the Nighthawk country. The chase may last several days before the Indians are overtaken.

The Spavinaw country, containing the fullblood Indian Creek settlement, is fifty miles long and seventy mile wide. Marshal Darrough will scatter his forces and search every bit of this country. The Spavinaw country is a wilderness. It is inhabited by the Nighthawk Indians, fullblood Creeks. They are not blanket Indians, but they live in a very primitive fashion.

The man chase will lead the hunters through timber and brush, up steep cliffs and through canyons, exploring caves and other retreats far back in the hills, which outlaws use as hiding places. The posse will be practically isolated from civilization during the manhunt. There is not a telegraph or telephone instrument nearer than thirty miles to the Shavinaw country.

The chase may last several days, perhaps weeks, for the posse men are determined not to give up until the Wickliffes are captured or killed.

Here in Vinita, in Mukogee, the territorial capital, and in other parts of Indian Terrgtory and Oklahoma, the people fear possible ill effects this outbreak of outlaws will have on the statehood prospects. It has been the boast of the United States officials and the people of the two territories that the wild days of the country passed away years ago.

For ten years these happenings have been spoken of as events of the early history of the country, things that happened in the days long gone by.

The funeral of L. L. Gilstrap, the deputy marshal, was held this afternoon. All day yesterday a morbid crowd thronged the undertaking rooms where Gilstrap's body lay. The streets, too, were crowded and the Wickliffe trouble is about the only thing thought of or talked of.

In the killing of Gilstrap, the Wickliffe boys accomplished what they most wanted to do. For three or four years Gilstrap had been after them and they had threatened him.

HOT FIGHT AT CARLTON

Between Socialists and Citizens' Ticket, the Latter Winning.

Carlton, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hottest election in the history of Carlton was held here yesterday, the fight being between the Socialists and Citizens' or caucus tickets, the Socialists losing by one vote, with the exception of recorder, which was a tie. The following officers will direct the village machinery for the coming year: President, Emil Newquist; trustees, Thomas McCausland, Harry Hubbard and Swan Malmquist; recorder, W. D. Waugh; treasurer, P. A. Ruitman; justice of the peace, S. S. Johnson; constables, Alex Beattie and John Lynn.

The most surprising feature of the election was the unlooked for strength shown by the Socialists, who more than doubled their number since last election. The following ticket was elected for the town of Twin Lakes: Supervisor, three years, Edward Watson; clerk, D. C. Anderson; treasurer, James Dunphy; assessor, J. H. Murphy; justice of peace, two years, William Colver; constable, two years, W. A. Beattie.

NEW SEVERAGE SYSTEM

Decided Upon by People of Hibbing at Tuesday's Election.

Hibbing, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The question of a new sewerage system, which has been talked about for some time past by the people of Hibbing, was successfully voted on at the annual village election Tuesday. There were 174 votes cast, of which number 170 were in favor of the proposed new sewerage system. The present system of sewerage is in bad shape. The pipes which conduct the waste water to the outlet are much too small to handle the amount of water that should be handled. The old sewers were laid several years ago, at a time when it was not expected that Hibbing would grow as it has in the past four or five years. The new sewerage system will call for 36-inch pipe, and will be laid throughout the entire village. The same outlet will be used for this system as is used at present. The estimated cost of complete installation will be about $36.00. This work will commence in the very near future, and will be pushed as fast as possible. When this is completed it will enable residence owners to build 8-foot cellars, which at the present time, with the old sewerage system, can not be done, because of the large amount of surface water.

BLISS CONFERS WITH ATTORNEY JEROME.

New York, March 14.—Cornelius N. Bliss, who was treasurer of the Republican national committee in 1904 and who it was testified to before the legislative insurance investigation committee received contributions from insurance companies for campaign purposes, was in conference with District Attorney Jerome today. The nature of the conference was not divulged.

PIONEER DEAD.

Mountain Lake, Minn., March 14.—Albert Dehmlow, 50 years old, one of the pioneer farmers of Cottonwood county, died yesterday. A short time ago he underwent an operation, and later blood-poison set in. It was found necessary to open a waste drain in the lower portion of the limb and through which he slowly bled to death. He is survived by a wife and four children.

ABANDONED BY FAMILY

Once Prominent Young Man Ends His Life in Jail.

Prisoner in Cell Below Bespattered With His Blood.

Norfolk, Va., March 14.—Louis Brown, 29 years old, awaiting trial Friday for the murder of Flossie Reese at whom he threw a lighted lamp, which exploded, fatally burning the woman, committed suicide in his cell in the Norfolk jail early this morning by cutting his throat with a sharp penknife, which he had in some unknown manner smuggled into the jail. Brown's act was not discovered until a prisoner occupying a cell below heard a gurgling noise and jumping from his cot found himself bespattered with blood which had run through the floor of the cell above. When Brown's cell was opened the suicide was lifeless with the knife clinched tightly in his hand. Brown was formerly prominent in Portsmouth, Virginia.

Brown was without friends or money, his family having abandoned him and grew despondent as the day of his trial approached.

During the recent jail fire here he escaped but surrendered a few hours later.

WAS LOST IN THE YELLOWSTONE

German Has Thrilling Experience and Witnesses Great Sights.

Helena, Mont., March 14.—Without garments of any kind suitable to withstand the rigors of wintry weather, Max Haw, a German journalist and newspaper man, has arrived in Helena, fresh from a nine-day's tour of hardship in Yellowstone National Park.

Without friends or acquaintances of any sort, and without a dollar in his pocket, Mr. Haw has had an experience which he will never forget. He is one of a few men, and the only German writer who has ever attempted a winter tour of the park. Haw was compelled to walk from Mammoth Hot Springs to Livingston, where he pawned his gloves, watch and shoes for $4. This he used in obtaining sufficient food to keep body and soul together while he made his way from Livingston to Helena, covering the entire distance on foot. He is a representative of the Berlin Illustrated News, Koenische Volks Zeitung, and a number of other German papers, which commissioned him to come to the United States to study German-American conditions, and especially to tour the park in winter.

Haw came to the park, and in spite of the efforts of the commandant at Fort Yellowstone to dissuade him, undertook the winter journey into Wonderland, so fraught with hardship and peril.

Haw arrived in New York on Feb. 15, and had letters of introduction to various German newspapers in Chicago and St. Paul, and made his headquarters in the latter place.

It was arranged that Haw should be accompanied by a German soldier named Reinholtz, and a man named Graham, one of the best known park guides. The entire party was outfitted with skis, and the start was made. The weather was cold and the landscape was covered with snow. Upon his return the faithful correspondent discovered that his notes, purse and sketches were missing. He immediately set out alone to find them. He went back over the trail, but they were no where to be found. He soon discovered that he was walking in a circle, that he had lost every idea of the way he had come, and was hopelessly lost.

Lost in the upper geyser basin in the dead of winter without food or proper clothing was no pleasant prospect, but undaunted, Mr. Haw endeavored to find some avenue whereby he might return to civilization. So cold was it that he was almost frozen, and only with the greatest difficulty could he go further.

"I was up to my neck in snow, at times," said he, "and blood came from my nose and mouth. I was almost famished and could go but little further when I discovered tracks we had made during the forenoon. Reaching one of the geysers I began to wash my hands and face in hot water, when suddenly I heard a rumbling sound, and there was a big eruption of all the geysers in the vicinity. Frightened, I rushed away with all speed possible, and from a distance beheld one of the most wonderful sights man ever saw—eruption of geysers in the dead of winter. I followed the tracks I discovered, and reached Fountain the following morning, half frozen, and starving."

The leading Germans of Helena took Haw in charge and will care for him until he can make suitable arrangements for his return to St. Paul, in which he is being aided by H. W. Child, president of the Yellowstone Park Transportation company.

TO MARRY IN AMERICA.

Fashionable England is Stirred Up Over the Astor Case.

London, March 14.—There is every prospect that the marriage of William Waldorf Astor, jr., and Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw will take place in America, probably at the ancestoral home in Virginia.

The reason for this is the fact that the archbishop of Canterbury, primate of the established Church of England, will oppose the marriage because Mrs. Shaw is a divorced woman. This has stirred up all fashionable England.

William Waldorf Astor today sent word, in answer to a query, that he would under no circumstances make a statement regarding the possible action taken by the archbishop of Canterbury on the marriage of his son and Mrs. Shaw.

The archbishop declared that the Church of England must not countenance any wedding of a prominent divorced person, and he cited the W. K. Vanderbilt wedding, solemnized by the church in London, declaring that under no circumstances will he be a party to a repetition of it.

WILL YIELD NO FURTHER

Germany Expresses Its Determination Regarding Morocco Affairs.

Present is Regarded as Critical Period at Algeciras Conference.

Berlin, March 14.—This is regarded here as the critical period of the Algeciras conference. The German government through diplomatic channels, is expressing to the powers not directly concerned in the controversy, its determination to yield no further. Germany depends to some extent on the advices of the neutral powers to persuade France to accept the irreducible minimum contained in the Austrian proposals, although the precise functions of the international inspectorship will be subject to regulations yet to be agreed upon.

King Edward, it is asserted here, is exerting his personal influence with the French statemen, in an effort to induce them to be conciliatory.

Algeciras, March 14.—The Moroccan conference has reached a peculiar stage. It is completely helpless to solve the deadlock over the remaining details of the police and bankers. The sessions are temporarily suspended without knowing when they will be resumed. The French and German delegates are bound by their instructions and therefore are unable to make any further concessions, andt he conference not having judicial powers cannot settle the difficulties by a majority. Therefore it remains for the governments themselves to intervene to reach an agreement.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

Called to Meet at Merchants Hotel, St. Paul, on April 3.

St. Paul, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Chairman Conde Hamlin today issued the call for the meeting of the Republican state central committee to be held April 3 at 10 a. m. in the Merchants hotel in St. Paul. The purpose of the meeting will be to decide on a date and place for holding the state convention, the apportionment and other matters pertaining to the fall campaign.

SAID GEMS WERE STOLEN.

Two Men Reap Rich Harvest at Marinette, Wis.

Marinette, Wis., March 14.—Two Neenah men appeared in Marinette recently offering alleged stolen diamonds for sale. They managed to dispose of several here and at Menominee and now the purchasers find they have nothing but paste diamonds. The fake stones were substituted for real gems during the sale. The men made $500 on the deal. The purchasers cannot begin action, having bought what they supposed were stolen gems.

ARRESTED AT LITTLE FALLS.

Robert Wallace, Charged With Desertion, Must Face Trial.

Little Falls, Minn., March 14.—Robert Wallace of this city was arrested yesterday by Chief of Police W. T. Tourtillotte and Corporal John L. Cook of Company I, Twenty-eigth infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, and will face a charge of desertion before a military court at Fort Riley, Kan.

Wallace enlisted in the United States army about two years ago and was sent to the Philippines, where he served eighteen months. At the expiration of that period he returned to the United States with his company, which was then stationed at Fort Riley. It was immediately after this that the alleged desertion took place.

Wallace has been in hiding for ten months, but was finally found at the home of his wife's parents in this city.

TAKES ACID FOR WHISKY.

Fort Dodge Man Swallows Dose of Poison; May Survive.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, March 14.—Mistaking carbolic acid for whisky, Elmer Alstatt took a "swig," and only the prompt arrival of a doctor and an effective emetic saved his life. The man had been in a livery stable and saw the half-filled bottle containing the acid. The employes of the place were absent at dinner and Alstatt reached for the bottle and took a good-sized gulp. A moment later he ran screaming from the building and fell unconscious on the sidewalk. Medical aid was summoned and he is expected to survive.

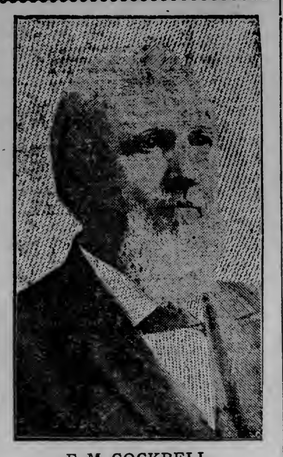
SWAMP LAND CASE

Reported as Decided by the Department of Justice.

Washington, March 14.—On what purports to be good authority, it is reported that the department of justice has rendered a decision in the Minnesota swamp land claim, involving upwards of 140,000 acres in the Chippewa reservation, a portion of which is in the confines of the national forest reserve. Last December State Auditor Iverson and Attorney General E. T. Young spent a week here in preparing a brief and a history of swamp land grants in Minnesota. The secretary of interior had decided in favor of the state once, but later the forestry bureau set up the claim that, if the lands were awarded to the state, it would interfere with their plans.

Messrs. Iverson and Young did not recognize the claims of the forestry bureau at all, but made their contention solely on the ground that the state, under existing law and decisions of the supreme court, is entitled to the lands. Attorney Young is expected here today to confer with the department regarding the case.

COMMISSIONER SCORES OIL MEN



F. M. COCKRELL,
Ex-Senator from Missouri, now a member of the interstate commerce commission, highly indignant at refusal of oil men to answer questions.

CHARGE OF DYNAMITE

Set Off in Doorway of Wholesale House in New York.

Believed That Strikers or Their Sympathizers Did the Deed.

New York, March 14.—A charge of dynamite was set off today in the doorway of Clark, Chapin & Bushnell, wholesale grocers, against whom a teamsters' strike has been in progress for some time. The explosion severely damaged the front of the store, which is in Duane street. Charges that strikers or their sympathizers set off the dynamite were made by members of the firm. Several non-union drivers employed by the firm claim that union men have assaulted them recently.

PRIMARIES AT ST. PAUL

The Democrats Nominate Smith, Republicans Hoffman, for Mayor.

St. Paul, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Luis G. Hoffman, the Republican candidate for the nomination of mayor, triumphed over Dr. Carl Wirth, his opponent, in yesterday's primaries. Conrad W. Miller was nominated for treasurer on the same ticket, M. A. Beckman for comptroller and Robert C. Hine and John W. Finehout were named as police judges. The Democrats named Robert A. Smith, present incumbent for mayor, Michael Doran, jr., and Hugo O. Hanft for police judges. Both sides named complete tickets for assembly and board of aldermen.

John Wagener, who ran against Mayor Smith for the Democratic nomination, received a vote of 2,945 to Smith's 3,369, a remarkable showing, considering the fact that Smith's strength and popularity was helped along by the Democratic machine, which is said to be all powerful in St. Paul.

STRANGE FOSTER MOTHER.

Bird Dog Adopts Young Pig and Raises Prize of Litter.

Munfordville, Ky., March 14.—W. H. Nall of Tonieville, Hardin county, a few days ago sold thirteen hogs on the market, and, calling attention to the largest one of the lot, told of the remarkable manner in which it was raised. He claims that it was the runt of a litter of thirteen pigs. To prevent its starving it was taken to the house to be fed by hand. It immediately associated itself with a litter of pups and was suckled by a bird dog. The pups died and the pig became the only surviving young member of the family. After several months the bird dog attempted to wean it, but without avail. It persistently followed its foster mother around and evinced its hungriness by incessant squeals. It was finally penned and fed for market. The hog tipped the beam at 175 pounds, while the other members of the litter averaged only 130 per head.

HOFFMAN ARRIVES.

New York March 14.—Josef Hoffman, the pianist, was a passenger on the steamer Bluecher which arrived here today from Hamburg. In steerage on the steamer there were more than 1,000 young men, nearly all of them from Austria and Hungary.

AIMED AT DEPARTMENT STORES.

Des Moines, March 14.—With the passage by the senate yesterday of the Child labor bill, the measure will be a law as Governor Cummins will sign it at once. The new law prohibits the employment of children under 18 years in any occupation which would injure his health. The law is also aimed at department stores prohibiting employment of children in positions which compel them to remain standing for any length of time.

RECEIPTS ARE LARGE

Twenty Thousand Dollars Already Received for Prize Fight.

Nelson and McGovern to Go Six Rounds in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 14.—"Battling" Nelson and Terry McGovern will meet tonight in a six round bout before the National Athletic club, this city. Not in the history of the prize ring, it is said, have the receipts for a six round fight equalled the sum which has been received for the privilege of witnessing tonight's bout. President Edwards of the club said today that more than $20,000 has been realized and not a seat remained to be disposed of. A few in the hands of scalpers are commanding $20 each.

The boys are to weigh in at 133 pounds, ringside, but both are well within the weight limit. Nelson tipped the beam at 131 pounds yesterday, and said he would probably enter the ring at 130½ pounds. The Dane is in the pink of condition. He is sure of victory, and reports from McGovern's quarters are that he is equally confident of success. The fighters are to receive 75 per cent of the gross receipts Nelson's share will be 45 per cent of this sum win or lose.

The fight is scheduled to commence at 10 o'clock. "Jack" McGuigan of the National club will act as referee.

WILBERG IS INDICTED

Village Trustee of Chisholm Charged With Soliciting Bribe.

Alleged to Have Approached D. D. Crowley of This City.

Oscar Wilberg, a village trustee at Chisholm, who was indicted by the grand jury for soliciting a bribe in his capacity as a public officer, was brought before Judge Cant on a bench warrant this noon and arraigned. He was given until tomorrow to plead and was remanded to the custody of the sheriff unless bail should be furnished this afternoon. The amount was fixed at $1,000.

This is the second indictment returned by the last grand jury charging Chisholm officials with soliciting bribes, its existence being kept a secret until Mr. Wilberg was brought into court this morning. W. A. Masters, the village recorder, has been indicted for soliciting a bribe of $100 from D. D. Crowley, of the Crowley Electric company to execute a contract for a water plant for the village, which the council had already awarded. He entered a plea of not guilty and furnished bail.

Mr. Wilberg is charged with entering into an agreement with the Chisholm Light & Power company, of which D. D. Crowley is president, and Joseph E. Cummings superintendent and local manager, by which the company was to furnish his house with electric light at the regular rates made for private consumers. It is claimed that light was so furnished during the months of November, December, January and February and for which it is alleged Mr. Wilberg never paid. March 1, 1906, Wilberg was presented with a bill for $2.25 for lights furnished in February, and on this same date the Chisholm Light & Power company presented for audit and allowance an account against the village for $150 for lights furnished in February.

Mr. Wilberg is charged with demanding of D. D. Crowley and Joseph Cummings, officers of the light company, that they give him a receipt in full for his electric light bills for the four months, with the understanding that he would vote for the allowance and payment of the bill against the village. It is further charged that Wilberg threatened to hold up and prevent the allowance of the claim against the village unless he was given the receipt. The indictment is dated March 10.

OFFICERS' RESIGNATIONS HAVE BEEN CONFIRMED.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—The rumor that the officers of a regiment of the guards had met and resigned in a body upon receiving orders recently to go to the Baltic provinces and participate in the pacification of the country, was confirmed today. The officers belonged to the first regiment of artillery of the guards.

MORE RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Herbert M. Linnett has been appointed regular and O. M. Lennett substitute rural carriers on route No. 3, and Henry Christenson regular and John Christenson substitute, on route No. 4, at Grove City, Minn.

PRICE OF GASOLINE GOES UP.

Cleveland, March 14.—The Standard Oil company today advanced the price of gasoline one-half cent per gallon. Deodorized stove gasoline is now quoted at 12½ cents per gallon, 74 to 76 degs. gasoline 14½ cents and varnish makers and painters' naptha 11½ cents.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

RUSS COURT CONSPIRING

To Produce Counter Revolutions to Sweep Away Reforms.

Premier Witte Forced to Fight Men in Government.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—At today's session of the cabinet Premier Witte, who was warmly supported by Prince Alexis Obolensky, procurator general of the holy synod, and Count John Tolstoi, minister of education, insisted on the suppression of the organization known as the "League of the Russian People," through which the agitation of the reactionary "Black Hundred" is propagated. It is reported that he was forced to arrive at this decision, but this is not absolutely confirmed. The police prefect, M. Von Der Launitz, was summoned to the meeting and asked to explain how it happened that the publication of the proclamation calling for the extermination of Jews was printed in the official printing office, attached to his department. The prefect denied having any personal knowledge of the printing. However, it was established that there is constantly accumulating evidence that the part to produce a counter revolution in the hope of sweeping away the reforms outlined in the manifesto of Oct. 30 had its origin in a court cabal. The conspiracy includes Gen. Trepoff, commandant of the palace; Count Ignatieff, M. Sipiaguine, former chief adjutant of the interior department; Count Sheremetieff, a noted reactionary, and Gen. Prince Putiatin, who are said to be utterly reckless of the consequences. The plan is to provoke riots and massacres of Jews and revolutionists over as wide an area as possible, in order to justify still more terrible repressions, and thereby prove to the emperor that the people are not ripe for any sort of self-government. It is a desperate game, but it is backed by many of the provincial authorities, and the support of the governors general had been enlisted, the former using the police and the latter the troops, among whom proclamations against the Jews and revolutionists, which are understood to have been printed at the army headquarters in Odessa, have been distributed.

The complicity of Interior Minister Durnovo in the conspiracy is not proved, although suspected. Premier Witte and the liberal section of the cabinet will be compelled to fight the conspiracy and consequently a break in the ministry is not regarded as improbable.

It is understood that 50,000 members of the "Black Hundred" in St. Petersburg are armed, but it is not believed, in view of the warnings they have received, that the conspirators will attempt to provoke a massacre at the capital.

The authorities here, however, are in sympathy with the conspirators and the danger of an outbreak about Easter is regarded as very real. In the meantime on the other side, the proletariat organizations, which were ruthlessly crushed by the government's repression measures, are trying to organize a general strike. Negotiations are proceeding with the telegraph and railroad employes, whose co-operation is regarded as vital to this end. The Socialists of Finland have promised their support. Some rioting has already occurred at Moscow and in the vicinity.

The Strana (Country) says that M. Durnovo has telegraphed to the governors of seven provinces in Poland not to proclaim the elections until further notice.

CHINKS RUSH FOR SHARES

Many Applicants for Stock in Canton-Hankow Railway.

Canton, March 14.—The rush of applicants for shares of the Canton-Hankow railway issued today was so great that the streets were blocked with Chinese, and soldiers were called out to maintain order.

The concession of the Canton-Hankow railway was originally American. Eventually the Chinese government cancelled the rights and concessions of the corporation, paying to the owners as an indemnity the sum of $6,750,000. The road was to be about 1,200 miles long, with an extension to Pekin of about 1,400 miles, making a total of 2,600 miles. The acquisition of the concession by China came about through the opposition of the Chinese to the enterprise being in foreign hands. The hostile feeling was not confined to the ignorant classes, but was shared by Chinese capitalists who were interested in the earnings of Chinese railways.

BETTING AT EVELETH

In Regard to the Republican Nomination for Senator.

Virginia, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Last week's Eveleth Star contained a story to the effect that James Falk of that place had $1,000 to bet that P. K. Vail would not receive the Republican nomination for state senator. Mr. Vail, while in Eveleth, yesterday saw Mr. Falk and said that Falk utterly denies ever having made such an offer, and said he would not bet under any consideration; that the whole story was concocted by the Eveleth Star. M. J. Doyle deposited $1,000 in the Miners' National bank of Eveleth, which amount he offered to bet that Mr. Vail would receive the nomination, but Mr. Falk refused to cover it.

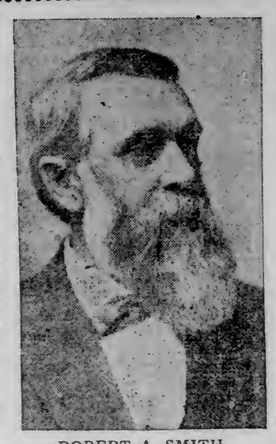
Then Mr. Doyle made a new proposition. He said he would put up $100 that Vail would receive two votes to Dowling's one in the primaries, $100 that Dowling would not carry any town or village in the district, and $100 that Dowling will not carry his own ward. The money was deposited in the bank, and Mr. Doyle invited either Mr. Falk or Mr. Dowling to cover it at any time.

The city council last night accepted the invitation of the Kettle River Quarries company to visit Minneapolis and inspect the different kinds of paving so as to better determine what material would be most suitable for the pavement of Chestnut street. The company's representative figures that a creosoted block pavement would cost approximately $170 for each 25-foot lot.

FALLING DERRICK KILLS ONE.

Washington, March 14.—By the falling of a derrick today at the new addition being erected to the Hotel Raleigh one man was killed, one was fatally injured and two others were injured.

AGAIN NOMINATED FOR MAYORALTY



ROBERT A. SMITH,
Mayor of St. Paul, Who Is Again Nominated by the Democrats for Another Term.

SITUATION VERY GRAVE

Miners Believe There Will be a Strike on April 1.

Delegates Assemble at Indianapolis for a Conference.

Indianapolis, March 14.—The series of meetings, conventions and conferences in Indianapolis, in which an effort is to be made to deal with the labor crisis in the coal industry, was opened today by the session of the international executive board of the United Mine Workers. The miners' special convention will be convened at 10 o'clock tomorrow in the German house.

All of the delegates that have arrived in the city seem to be convinced that a grave situation confronts them and a majority of them believe that there will be a strike April 1. The delegates from the anthracite districts are following the examples of their leaders and are not talking.

President Mitchell said today that the anthracite miners would hold another convention after the Indianapolis convention and the joint conference.

THE LID TO GO ON

As a Result of the Village Election at Frazee.

Frazee, Minn, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—After the most exciting political fight in the history of Frazee the law and order ticket was elected. President L. D. Hendry promised to close the lid down tight, and it will go down with a heavy crash. His majority was sixty. The ticket elected follows:

President, L. D. Hendry; councilmen, R. E. Strom, William Baer and Andrew Syverson; recorder, Herman Lehman; treasurer, L. W. Oberhauser; justice of the peace, D. L. Durkin; constable, James Gallagher.

Andrew Syverson received a very large vote and L. W. Oberhauser and D. L. Durkin had practically no opposition.

The following were elected for Burlington township: Supervisor, three years, Ole C. Nelson; town clerk, L. W. Oberhauser; town treasurer, William Baer, assessor, Guy G. Chilton; justices of the peace, George W. Clayton and James Chilton; constables, Edwin Schram and John S. Briggs.

At the village of Altona a very strenuous fight was made and Mike Poppler defeated A. Wetmur for president.

THE PROCTOR ELECTION.

George McEwen Elected President Over John Beutner by 63 Majority.

Proctor, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following is the official result of yesterday's election of the village of Proctorknott:

President—George McEwen (Citizens'), 175; John Beutner (Taxpayers'), 72.

Trustees—Frank Paula (Citizens'), 125; Fred Nelson (Citizens'), 149; C. B. Gilbert, (Citizens'), 113; C. O. Mills (Taxpayers'), 82; John Doyle (Taxpayers'), 74; William Call (Taxpayers'), 74.

Treasurer—H. S. Burnham (Citizens'), 133; H. H. Peyton (Taxpayers'), 73.

Recorder—C. W. Ramshaw (Citizens'), 116; H. O. Smith (Taxpayers'), 92.

Assessor—J. J. Whyte (Citizens'), 140; Carl Eller (Taxpayers'), 66.

Justice of the peace—C. J. Birch (Citizens'), 132; Joe Woods (Taxpayers'), 76.

Constable—J. Fraser (Citizens'), 126; Curley Young (Taxpayers'), 79.

WILL INVESTIGATE THE RYAN-BELMONT MERGER

Buffalo, March 14.—The state railroad commissioners in secret session here today conidered charges in connection with the Ryan-Belmont Traction merger in New York City, and on adjournment announced that they had decided to make an investigation. The state attorney general will be asked to take charge of it. The investigation will be held in Albany next Wednesday.

REBELS BEHEADED.

Canton, March 14.—The leader of the rebels of Kuang Si province and three others who were implicated in the attack on the house of the Rev. Dr. Andrew Beattie, the American missionary, at Fati, in February, were beheaded March 12.

CAPTURE OR KILL INDIANS

The Determination of Marshal Darrough and His Posses.

The Manhunt May Last for Days or Even for Weeks.

Vinita, I. T., March 14.—No word has yet been received from United States Marshal Darrough nor any of his posses who are pursuing the Wicklifte gang of Cherokee outlaws. Last night was dark and rain was falling and a courier would not be able to make his way from the Nighthawk country. The chase may last several days before the Indians are overtaken.

The Spavinaw country, containing the fullblood Indian Creek settlement, is fifty miles long and seventy mile wide. Marshal Darrough will scatter his forces and search every bit of this country. The Spavinaw country is a wilderness. It is inhabited by the Nighthawk Indians, fullblood Creeks. They are not blanket Indians, but they live in a very primitive fashion.

The man chase will lead the hunters through timber and brush, up steep cliffs and through canyons, exploring caves and other retreats far back in the hills, which outlaws use as hiding places. The posse will be practically isolated from civilization during the manhunt. There is not a telegraph or telephone instrument nearer than thirty miles to the Shavinaw country.

The chase may last several days, perhaps weeks, for the posse men are determined not to give up until the Wickliffes are captured or killed.

Here in Vinita, in Mukogee, the territorial capital, and in other parts of Indian Territory and Oklahoma, the people fear possible ill effects this outbreak of outlaws will have on the statehood prospects. It has been the boast of the United States officials and the people of the two territories that the wild days of the country passed away years ago.

For ten years these happenings have been spoken of as events of the early history of the country, things that happened in the days long gone by.

The funeral of I. L. Gilstrap, the deputy marshal, was held this afternoon. All day yesterday a morbid crowd thronged the undertaking rooms where Gilstrap's body lay. The streets, too, were crowded and the Wickliffe trouble is about the only thing thought of or talked of.

In the killing of Gilstrap, the Wickliffe boys accomplished what they most wanted to do. For three or four years Gilstrap had been after them and they had threatened him.

HOT FIGHT AT CARLTON

Between Socialists and Citizens' Ticket, the Latter Winning.

Carlton, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hottest election in the history of Carlton was held here yesterday, the fight being between the Socialists and Citizens' or caucus tickets, the Socialists losing by one vote, with the exception of recorder, which was a tie. The following officers will direct the village machinery for the coming year: President, Emil Newquist; trustees, Thomas McCausland, Harry Hubbard and Swan Malmquist; recorder, W. D. Waugh; treasurer, P. A. Hultman; justice of the peace, S. S. Johnson; constables, Alex Beattie and John Llynn.

The most surprising feature of the election was the unlooked for strength shown by the Socialists, who more than doubled their number since last election. The following ticket was elected for the town of Twin Lakes: Supervisor, three years, Edward Watson; clerk, D. C. Anderson; treasurer, James Dunphy; assessor, J. H. Murphy; justice of peace, two years, William Colver; constable, two years, W. A. Beattie.

NEW SEVERAGE SYSTEM

Decided Upon by People of Hibbing at Tuesday's Election.

Hibbing, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The question of a new sewerage system, which has been talked about for some time past by the people of Hibbing, was successfully voted on at the annual village election Tuesday. There were 174 votes cast, of which number 170 were in favor of the proposed new sewerage system. The present system of sewerage is in bad shape. The pipes which connect the waste water to the outlet are much too small to handle the amount of water that should be handled. The old sewers were laid several years ago, at a time when it was not expected that Hibbing would grow as it has in the past four or five years. The new sewerage system will call for 36-inch pipe, and will be laid throughout the entire village. The same outlet will be used for this system as is used at present. The estimated cost of complete installation will be about $36,00. This work will commence in the very near future, and will be pushed as fast as possible. When this is completed it will enable residence owners to build 8-foot cellars, which at the present time, with the old sewerage system, can not be done, because of the large amount of surface water.

BLISS CONFERS WITH ATTORNEY JEROME.

New York, March 14.—Cornelius N. Bliss, who was treasurer of the Republican national committee in 1904 and who it was testified to before the legislative insurance investigation committee received contributions from insurance companies for campaign purposes, was in conference with District Attorney Jerome today. The nature of the conference was not divulged.

PIONEER DEAD.

Mountain Lake, Minn., March 14.—Albert Dehmlow, 59 years old, one of the pioneer farmers of Cottonwood county, died yesterday. A short time ago he underwent an operation, and later blood-poison set in. It was found necessary to open a waste drain in the lower portion of the limb and through which he slowly bled to death. He is survived by a wife and four children.

ABANDONED BY FAMILY

Once Prominent Young Man Ends His Life in Jail.

Prisoner in Cell Below Bespattered With His Blood.

Norfolk, Va., March 14.—Louis Brown, 20 years old, awaiting trial Friday for the murder of Flossie Reese at whom he threw a lighted lamp, which exploded, fatally burning the woman, committed suicide in his cell in the Norfolk jail early this morning by cutting his throat with a sharp penknife, which he had in some unknown manner smuggled into the jail. Brown's act was not discovered until a prisoner occupying a cell below heard a gurgling noise and jumping from his cot found himself bespattered with blood which had run through the floor of the cell above. When Brown's cell was opened the suicide was lifeless with the knife clinched tightly in his hand. Brown was formerly prominent in Portsmouth, Virginia.

Brown was without friends or money, his family having abandoned him and grew despondent as the day of his trial approached.

During the recent jail fire here he escaped but surrendered a few hours later.

WAS LOST IN THE YELLOWSTONE

German Has Thrilling Experience and Witnesses Great Sights.

Helena, Mont., March 14.—Without garments of any kind suitable to withstand the rigors of wintry weather, Max Haw, a German journalist and newspaper man, has arrived in Helena, fresh from a nine-day's tour of hardship in Yellowstone National Park.

Without friends or acquaintances of any sort, and without a dollar in his pocket, Mr. Haw has had an experience which he will never forget. He is one of a few men, and the only German writer who has ever attempted a winter tour of the park. Haw was compelled to walk from Mammoth Hot Springs to Livingston, where he pawned his gloves, watch and shoes for $4. This he used in obtaining sufficient food to keep body and soul together while he made his way from Livingston to Helena, covering the entire distance on foot. He is a representative of the Berlin Illustrated News, Koenigsche Volks Zeitung, and a number of other German papers, which commissioned him to come to the United States to study German-American conditions, and especially to tour the park in winter.

Haw came to the park, and in spite of the efforts of the commandant at Fort Yellowstone to dissuade him, undertook the winter journey into Wonderland, so fraught with hardship and peril.

Haw arrived in New York on Feb. 15, and had letters of introduction to various German newspapers in Chicago and St. Paul, and made his headquarters in the latter place.

It was arranged that Haw should be accompanied by a German soldier named Reinholtz, and a man named Graham, one of the best known park guides. The entire party was outfitted with skis, and the start was made. The weather was cold and the landscape was covered with snow. Upon his return the faithful correspondent discovered that his notes, purse and sketches were missing. He immediately set out alone to find them. He went back over the trail, but they were no-where to be found. He soon discovered that he was walking in a circle, that he had lost every idea of the way he had come, and was hopelessly lost.

Lost in the upper geyser basin in the dead of winter without food or proper clothing was no pleasant prospect, but undaunted, Mr. Haw endeavored to find some avenue whereby he might return to civilization. So cold was it that he was almost frozen, and only with the greatest difficulty could he go further.

"I was up to my neck in snow, at times," said he, "and blood came from my nose and mouth. I was almost famished and could go but little further when I discovered tracks we had made during the forenoon. Reaching one of the geysers I began to wash my hands and face in hot water, when suddenly I heard a rumbling sound, and there was a big eruption of all the geysers in the vicinity. Frightened, I rushed away with all speed possible, and from a distance beheld one of the most wonderful sights man ever saw—eruption of geysers in the dead of winter. I followed the tracks I discovered, and reached Fountain the following morning, half frozen, and starving."

The leading Germans of Helena took Haw in charge and will care for him until he can make suitable arrangements for his return to St. Paul, in which he is being aided by H. W. Child, president of the Yellowstone Park Transportation company.

TO MARRY IN AMERICA.

Fashionable England is Stirred Up Over the Astor Case.

London, March 14.—There is every prospect that the marriage of William Waldorf Astor, Jr., and Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw will take place in America, probably at the ancestoral home in Virginia.

The reason for this is the fact that the archbishop of Canterbury, primate of the established Church of England, will oppose the marriage because Mrs. Shaw is a divorced woman. This has stirred up all fashionable England.

William Waldorf Astor today sent word, in answer to a query, that he would under no circumstances make a statement regarding the possible action taken by the archbishop of Canterbury on the marriage of his son and Mrs. Shaw.

The archbishop declared that the Church of England must not countenance any wedding of a prominent divorced person, and he cited the W. K. Vanderbilt wedding, solemnized by the church in London, declaring that under no circumstances will he be a party to a repetition of it.

WILL YIELD NO FURTHER

Germany Expresses Its Determination Regarding Morocco Affairs.

Present is Regarded as Critical Period at Algeciras Conference.

Berlin, March 14.—This is regarded here as the critical period of the Algeciras conference. The German government through diplomatic channels, is expressing to the powers not directly concerned in the controversy, its determination to yield no further. Germany depends to some extent on the advices of the neutral powers to persuade France to accept the irreducible minimum contained in the Austrian proposals, although the precise functions of the International inspectorship will be subject to regulations yet to be agreed upon.

King Edward, it is asserted here, is exerting his personal influence with the French statemen, in an effort to induce them to be conciliatory.

Algeciras, March 14.—The Moroccan conference has reached a peculiar stage. It is completely helpless to solve the deadlock over the remaining details of the police and bankers. The sessions are temporarily suspended without knowing when they will be resumed. The French and German delegates are bound by their instructions and therefore are unable to make any further concessions, andt he conference not having judicial powers cannot settle the difficulties by a majority. Therefore it remains for the governments themselves to intervene to reach an agreement.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

Called to Meet at Merchants Hotel, St. Paul, on April 3.

St. Paul, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Chairman Conde Hamlin today issued the call for the meeting of the Republican state central committee to be held April 3 at 10 a. m. in the Merchants hotel in St. Paul. The purpose of the meeting will be to decide on a date and place for holding the state convention, the apportionment and other matters pertaining to the fall campaign.

SAID GEMS WERE STOLEN.

Two Men Reap Rich Harvest at Marinette, Wis.

Marinette, Wis., March 14.—Two Neenah men appeared in Marinette recently offereing alleged stolen diamonds for sale. They managed to dispose of several here and at Menominee and now the purchasers find they have nothing but paste diamonds. The fake stones were substituted for real gems during the sale. The men made $500 on the deal. The purchasers cannot begin action, having bought what they supposed were stolen gems.

ARRESTED AT LITTLE FALLS.

Robert Wallace, Charged With Desertion, Must Face Trial.

Little Falls, Minn., March 14.—Robert Wallace of this city was arrested yesterday by Chief of Police W. T. Tourtillotte and Corporal John L. Cook of Company I, Twenty-eigth Infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling, and will face a charge of desetion before a military court at Fort Riley, Kan.

Wallace enlisted in the United States army about two years ago and was sent to the Philippines, where he served eighteen months. At the expiration of that period he returned to the United States with his company, which was then stationed at Fort Riley. It was immediately after this that the alleged desertion took place.

Wallace has been in hiding for ten months, but was finally found at the home of his wife's parents in this city.

TAKES ACID FOR WHISKY.

Fort Dodge Man Swallows Dose of Poison; May Survive.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, March 14.—Mistaking carbolic acid for whisky, Elmer Alstatt took a "swig," and only the prompt arrival of a doctor and an effective emetic saved his life. The man had been in a livery stable and saw the half-filled bottle containing the acid. The employes of the place were absent at dinner and Alstatt reached for the bottle and took a good-sized gulp. A moment later he ran screaming from the building and fell unconscious on the sidewalk. Medical aid was summoned and he is expected to survive.

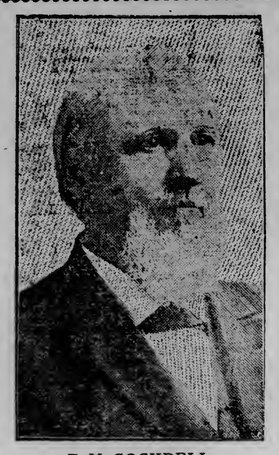
SWAMP LAND CASE

Reported as Decided by the Department of Justice.

Washington, March 14.—On what purports to be good authority, it is reported that the department of justice has rendered a decision in the Minnesota swamp land claim, involving upwards of 140,000 acres in the Chippewa reservation, a portion of which is in the confines of the national forest reserve. Last December State Auditor Iverson and Attorney General E. T. Young spent a week here in preparing a brief and a history of swamp land grants in Minnesota. The secretary of interior had decided in favor of the state once, but later the forestry bureau set up the claim that, if the lands were awarded to the state, it would interfere with their plans.

Messrs. Iverson and Young did not recognize the claims of the forestry bureau at all, but made their contention solely on the ground that the state, under existing law and decisions of the supreme court, is entitled to the lands. Attorney Young is expected here today to confer with the department regarding the case.

COMMISSIONER SCORES OIL MEN



F. M. COCKRELL,
Ex-Senator from Missouri, now a member of the interstate commerce commission, highly indignant at refusal of oil men to answer questions.

CHARGE OF DYNAMITE

Set Off in Doorway of Wholesale House in New York.

Believed That Strikers or Their Sympathizers Did the Deed.

New York, March 14.—A charge of dynamite was set off today in the doorway of Clark, Chapin & Bushnell, wholesale grocers, against whom a teamsters' strike has been in progress for some time. The explosion severely damaged the front of the store, which is in Duane street. Charges that strikers or their sympathizers set off the dynamite were made by members of the firm. Several non-union drivers employed by the firm claim that union men have assaulted them recently.

PRIMARIES AT ST. PAUL

The Democrats Nominate Smith, Republicans Hoffman, for Mayor.

St. Paul, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Luis G. Hoffman, the Republican candidate for the nomination of mayor, triumphed over Dr. Carl Wirth, his opponent, in yesterday's primaries. Conrad W. Miller was nominated for treasurer on the same ticket, M. A. Beekman for comptroller and Robert C. Hine and John W. Finehout were named as police judges. The Democrats named Robert A. Smith, present incumbent for mayor, Michael Doran, Jr., and Hugo O. Hanft for police judges. Both sides named complete tickets for assembly and board of aldermen.

John Wagener, who ran against Mayor Smith for the Democratic nomination, received a vote of 2,945 to Smith's 9,369, a remarkable showing, considering the fact that Smith's strength and popularity was helped along by the Democratic machine, which is said to be all powerful in St. Paul.

STRANGE FOSTER MOTHER.

Bird Dog Adopts Young Pig and Raises Prize of Litter.

Munfordville, Ky., March 14.—W. H. Nall of Tonieville, Hardin county, a few days ago sold thirteen hogs on the market, and, calling attention to the largest one of the lot, told of the remarkable manner in which it was raised. He claims that it was the runt of a litter of thirteen pigs. To prevent its starving it was taken to the house to be fed by hand. It immediately associated itself with a litter of pups and was suckled by a bird dog. The pups died and the pig became the only surviving young member of the family. After several months the bird dog attempted to wean it, but without avail. It persistently followed its foster mother around and evinced its hungriness by incessant squeals. It was finally penned and fed for market. The hog tipped the beam at 175 pounds, while the other members of the litter averaged only 130 per head.

HOFFMAN ARRIVES.

New York March 14.—Josef Hoffman, the pianist, was a passenger on the steamer Bluecher which arrived here today from Hamburg. In steerage on the steamer there were more than 1,000 young men, nearly all of them from Austria and Hungary.

AIMED AT DEPARTMENT STORES.

Des Moines, March 14.—With the passage by the senate yesterday of the Child labor bill, the measure will be a law as Governor Cummins will sign it at once. The new law prohibits the employment of children under 18 years in any occupation which would injure his health. The law is also aimed at department stores prohibiting employment of children in positions which compel them to remain standing for any length of time.

RECEIPTS ARE LARGE

Twenty Thousand Dollars Already Received for Prize Fight.

Nelson and McGovern to Go Six Rounds in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, March 14.—"Battling" Nelson and Terry McGovern will meet tonight in a six round bout before the National Athletic club, this city. Not in the history of the prize ring, it is said, have the receipts for a six round fight equalled the sum which has been received for the privilege of witnessing tonight's bout. President Edwards of the club said today that more than $20,000 has been realized and not a seat remained to be disposed of. A few in the hands of scalpers are commanding $20 each.

The boys are to weigh in at 133 pounds, ringside, but both are well within the weight limit. Nelson tipped the beam at 131 pounds yesterday, and said he would probably enter the ring at 130½ pounds. The Dane is in the pink of condition. He is sure of victory, and reports from McGovern's quarters are that he is equally confident of success. The fighters are to receive 75 per cent of the gross receipts Nelson's share will be 45 per cent of this sum win or lose.

The fight is scheduled to commence at 10 o'clock. "Jack" McGuigan of the National club will act as referee.

WILBERG IS INDICTED

Village Trustee of Chisholm Charged With Soliciting Bribe.

Alleged to Have Approached D. D. Crowley of This City.

Oscar Wilberg, a village trustee at Chisholm, who was indicted by the grand jury for soliciting a bribe in his capacity as a public officer, was brought before Judge Cant on a bench warrant this noon and arraigned. He was given until tomorrow to plead and was remanded to the custody of the sheriff unless bail should be furnished this afternoon. The amount was fixed at $1,000.

This is the second indictment returned by the last grand jury charging Chisholm officials with soliciting bribes, its existence being kept a secret until Mr. Wilberg was brought into court this morning. W. A. Masters, the village recorder, has been indicted for soliciting a bribe of $100 from D. D. Crowley, of the Crowley Electric company to execute a contract for a water plant for the village, which the council had already awarded. He entered a plea of not guilty and furnished bail.

Mr. Wilberg is charged with entering into an agreement with the Chisholm Light & Power company, of which D. D. Crowley is president, and Joseph E. Cummings superintendent and local manager, by which the company was to furnish his house with electric light at the regular rates made for private consumers. It is claimed that light was so furnished during the months of November, December, January and February and for which it is alleged Mr. Wilberg never paid. March 1, 1906, Wilberg was presented with a bill for $2.25 for lights furnished in February, and on this same date the Chisholm Light & Power company presented for audit and allowance an account against the village for $150 for lights furnished in February.

Mr. Wilberg is charged with demanding of D. D. Crowley and Joseph Cummings, officers of the light company, that they give him a receipt in full for his electric light bills for the four months, with the understanding that he would vote for the allowance and payment of the bill against the village. It is further charged that Wilberg threatened to hold up and prevent the allowance of the claim against the village unless he was given the receipt. The indictment is dated March 10.

OFFICERS' RESIGNATIONS HAVE BEEN CONFIRMED.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—The rumor that the officers of a regiment of the guards had met and resigned in a body upon receiving orders recently to go to the Baltic provinces and participate in the pacification of the country, was confirmed today. The officers belonged to the first regiment of artillery of the guards.

MORE RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Herbert M. Linnett has been appointed regular and O. M. Lennett substitute rural carriers on route No. 3, and Henry Christenson regular and John Christenson substitute, on route No. 4, at Grove City, Minn.

PRICE OF GASOLINE GOES UP.

Cleveland, March 14.—The Standard Oil company today advanced the price of gasoline one-half cent per gallon. Deodorized stove gasoline is now quoted at 12½ cents per gallon, 74 to 76 degs. gasoline 14½ cents and varnish makers and painters' naptha 11½ cents.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT: Generally fair tonight and Thursday; continued cold tonight; rising temperature Thursday; fresh north temperature Thursday; fresh northerly to easterly winds.

Your feet need only one introduction to our kind of Men's Shoes in order to establish a lasting friendship.

From the standpoint of style, comfort, durability and actual value our shoes are the very best Shoes known to the shoe trade.

The best stock and the best work is put into them by the best Shoe Builders.

There will be no better shod man in Duluth than you are, if you buy here.

Spring styles are ready.

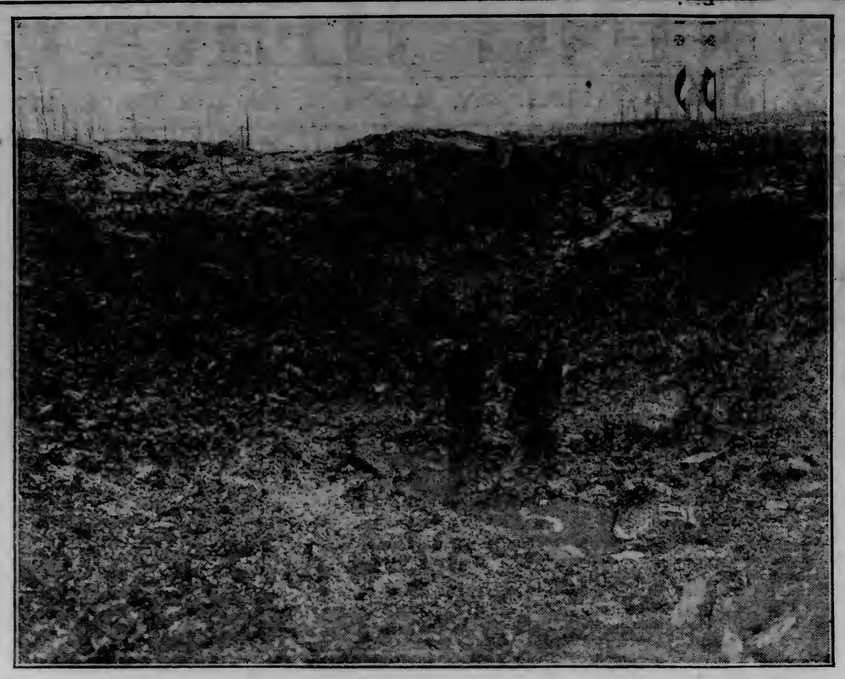
We don't expect to shoe every man in Duluth this Spring, but we would like to shoe you.

Shoes at $1.50, $2.50, $3.50 to $5.00, and every shoe the best in its class.

The Daylight Store.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 W. Superior St.



—Photo by Fenney & Adams.

GREAT HOLE MADE BY DYNAMITE EXPLOSION ON LINE OF GREAT NORTHERN POWER COMPANY'S WORK NEAR THOMSON—DEPTH IS ABOUT 20 FEET AND WIDTH 50 FEET AND MUCH OF MATERIAL BLOWN OUT WAS ROCK—TWO MEN SEEN ARE STANDING AT BOTTOM OF HOLE.

STREET RAILWAYS TO BE LICENSED

By City of Chicago According to Decision of Supreme Court.

Chicago, March 14.—Immediate steps will be taken by the city of Chicago to license the street railway companies, upon lines which the United States supreme court has declared are existing within a franchise. It is declared by the city officials that the city is now in a position to license the street railway companies by ordinance, since the 99-year contentions of the companies have been removed.

At a conference today between Mayor Dunne and the attorneys of the street car companies, it was decided to issue permits as soon as possible, permitting the companies to trolleyize the present cable lines. It was also decided that the tunnels which extend under the surface of the Chicago river, connecting the south with the north and west sides, shall be removed early next month. The tunnels have for many years been a decided impediment to the navigation of the river, and the war department of the United States has already ordered that they be demolished.

ROMANCE WAS BRIEF.

Woman Who Fell in Love Kept Husband But Few Days.

Stillwater, Minn., March 14.—A romantic marriage, the desertion by the groom during the honeymoon and an action for divorce, because of desertion, are the salient parts in a story that affords diversion for Stillwater people. Miss Grace Farmer, an attractive young woman who was fond of riding horseback and has been at the state fair as a driver of a fine roadster in competition, fell in love with Charles C. Lewis, a trained nurse, who was caring for her late father, E. D. Farmer, during his last illness. They were married in Minneapolis, March 16, 1904. She says he deserted her in March, of the same year. The petition for divorce was verified by her in Baltimore, but she claims Stillwater as her home for the past ten years.

URIC ACID GRAVEL

IS CAUSED BY THE KIDNEYS BEING UNABLE TO CARRY THE POISONOUS WASTE MATTERS OUT OF THE BLOOD.

The urine of persons suffering from uric acid or gravel is generally scanty, and after it has stood a while, a reddish sediment like brick dust forms in it. In advanced stages the uric acid sometimes appears as fine sand, or large crystals.

Those who pass gravel in any considerable quantity are usually troubled with inflammation of the kidneys, bladder and urinary organs, sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn, gout and rheumatism.

CURED BY WARNER'S SAFE CURE

"I have used Safe Cure for chills caused by uric acid poison in my system and I have been perfectly cured. It has done for me what I have never known any other medicine to do. It cures people in the South who suffer much from malaria, which always affects the kidneys. If all the doctors would prescribe Safe Cure instead of quinine for cases of malaria there would be less bad after effects, as quinine does not remove the disease germs from the system like Safe Cure. I take 'Safe Pills' when I need a gentle laxative."—Mrs. M. E. DEAN, Treas. Lotus Club, Chattanooga, Tenn.

THIS TEST WILL TELL:

Put some urine in a glass or bottle. After it has stood 24 hours, if it is cloudy, or contains a reddish-brown sediment, or if particles float about in it, your kidneys are diseased and unable to do their work, and if not attended to at once, Bright's Disease, diabetes, rheumatism, gout, uric acid, inflammation of the bladder, gallstones or urinary troubles will develop and prove fatal in a short time.

Safe Cure is the only absolutely safe and certain cure for all these forms of kidney, liver and bladder diseases. It is purely vegetable, free from harmful drugs found in many so-called kidney cures, contains no sediment and is pleasant to take.

For sale at all drug stores, or direct, 50c and $1.00 a bottle.

ANALYSIS FREE.

If after making this test you have any doubt as to the development of the disease in your system, send a sample of your urine to the Medical Department, Warner Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., and our doctors will analyze it and send you a report, with advice and medical booklet, free.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS.

They are worthless and very often exceedingly dangerous. Ask for Warner's Safe Cure; it will cure you.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

JUDGMENT FOR FINCH

Saloonkeeper Fails to Collect Bar Bill From Railroad Man.

License Was Made Out in Name of Brewing Company.

Saloonkeepers who operate their places of business under licenses made out in the names of brewing companies, cannot collect through the courts bills contracted by patrons of the saloons.

Such is the effect of the decision handed down today by Judge Windom in the municipal court, in the case of John Hollen against W. H. Finch. Hollen sued Finch for a bar bill and $19 borrowed money, amounting in all to about $105, of which he claimed only $40 had been paid.

Finch admitted the indebtedness, or a part of it at least, but his attorney, A. E. McManus, set up the defense that Hollen had no license, as he was operating under a license issued to one of the brewing companies. He claimed that Hollen was violating the law, and that he sold the liquor to Finch without a license to do so, which was admitted by Hollen himself, when he was placed on the stand yesterday afternoon.

The attorney argued that the court would be aiding Hollen to break the law, if judgment were given him.

Judge Windom took the case under advisement, and this morning gave his decision in the matter, in favor of Finch.

But Hollen's troubles are not over yet. The court ruled that the $40 which was paid should apply on the only legal debt, which was the $19 borrowed money, and now Finch is said to be planning to bring suit to have the balance of $21 returned to him for the same reason that he was absolved from paying the balance of $65.

Hollen has already suffered to the extent of about $33, having been arrested on a complaint sworn out by Finch for keeping his saloon open on Sunday. He pleaded guilty and was fined $30 and costs by the court.

Up to the present time, therefore, the honors are altogether on the side of Finch. He has escaped paying the balance of his bill, has had his enemy fined $30 and costs, and now stands a show of getting back a part of the money already paid to the saloonkeeper. It looks as if railroad switchmen were hard customers for saloonkeepers to handle.

Case Reaches Jury.

The civil action of Henry Holland against Monaghan & Scott was given to the jury this morning, and a verdict had not been arrived at this noon. Holland claims that he secured the attorney as a client in a personal injury case, with the understanding that he was to receive a third of the compensation in case the plaintiff was successful. He claims that the case was settled out of court, and that it was on the basis of $10,000 damages. Monahgan & Scott claim that the settlement was made for $7,500, and that Holland had no claim whatever on the compensation received by the attorneys.

New Officers at Herman.

At the annual election held in the town of Herman yesterday, the following officers were chosen: Supervisor, three years, A. T. Anderson; clerk, J. R. Brady; treasurer, H. Halverson; assessor, William Jaunzig; justice of the peace, E. Culbranson; constable, two years, August Stebner; constable, one year, George Goppenger.

NORMAN COUNTY ALL "DRY"

Only "Wet" Towns in County Voted Against Saloon Licenses.

Crookston, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the elections held yesterday Ada, Shelley, Halstead, Twin Valley and Ulen all voted against saloon licenses. As these were the only "wet" towns in Norman county, that county is the only one in the state which is "dry." In Polk county, Erskine, McIntosh and Beltrami went dry as before, and Fosston, Mentor, Fertile, Climax and Lengby voted for saloons, the first three having been dry last year.

DECLARES SMOOT HAD THREE WIVES

Utah Clergyman Asserts That Apostle-Senator is a Polygamist.

New York, March 14.—Definite statements have replaced the rumors long afloat that United States Senator Smoot is a polygamist. To date three wives are put to his account. The names of two of the women to whom, it is declared, he has been joined by the rites of the Mormon church, are given by Rev. N. E. Clemenson of Logan, Utah, who is in the city arranging an itinerary for the Presbyterian board of missions.

Mrs. Smoot No. 2 was known before her marriage to the senator and is known in Utah as Rose Hamilton. Mrs. Smoot No. 3 is known as Lottie Greenwood through Southern Utah.

The story of the senator's second marriage is understood to contain the facts upon which an affidavit, charging Mr. Smoot with polygamy, was based during the senate committee's hearing of the charges designed to oust him from his seat in the senate.

This affidavit was sworn to by Dr. L. J. Lellach, superintendent of Methodist missions in Utah. It contained, however, only the general allegation tht Smoot had more than one wife.

The story of Rose Hamilton comes from her own lips. She was born in Milwaukee, Wis., in April, 1884. Three years ago, while stopping in a hotel in Omaha, Neb., she met Apostle Reed Smoot and wife No. 1. Acquaintance ripened into friendship and the outcome was that Miss Hamilton was converted to Mormonism. Miss Hamilton was not in robust health and Mr. Smoot recommended the climatic advantages of Utah for her and induced the girl to go there. He had promised her also that if she went through the Mormon endowment society she would be made well and strong.

In time what is known as the "celestial marriage" was performed and there was Mrs. Smoot No. 2.

In February, 1904, Mrs. Smoot No. 2 gave birth to a son in Fresno, Cal. At this time Mr. Smoot was in Washington preparing his defense of the seat in the United States senate from which powerful anti-Mormon forces were allied to oust him.

It was necessary to the senator's case that the fact of the second wife should be kept secret. United States Marshal Heywood had been scouring the state with subpoenas for persons wanted in Washington to shed light on the relations of Mr. Smoot with the Mormon church.

Mrs. Smoot No. 2 was kept on the move to avoid being found by the marshal, although that official had no knowledge of her existence.

From California Mrs. Smoot No. 2, according to her own story to Rev. Mr. Clemenson, went and took up her abode in Idaho. Thence she journeyed to Colorado, shifting her abode from point to point, directed by agents of Senator Smoot. In April, 1905, she returned to Logan, remaining there until June, when she fled through Blacksmith's canyon into a cabin in the Bear lake country.

She stayed in the cabin until it was deemed safe for her to go out again in the open. Her next place of abode was Cheyenne, Wyo. From there she went to San Juan, Mexico, where, from the latest advices, she is living.

The mother of Rose Hamilton Smoot lives in Plainfield, Mo. Her name is Mrs. Ada Hungerford. When the facts reached her ears she disowned her.

About wife No. 3, Lottie Greenwood Smoot, details of the marriage are not yet made known, but Rev. Mr. Clemenson and others who are collecting evidence against the senator, will be in a position, they say, before long, to give her story as completely as they are able to give that of Rose Hamilton.

ACTIVE BRAINS

must have good food.

Grape-Nuts

THE WORLD-FAMOUS BRAIN FOOD.

Read the "Road to Wellville" found in the pkg.

SUPPORTED BY TAWNEY

Efforts to Suppress Free Seed Graft Meet With Approval.

Speaker Cannon is Also Against Further Free Distribution.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—In their efforts to suppress the free-seed graft, the majority of the house committee on agriculture will have the strong support of Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on appropriations. Speaker Cannon is against further appropriations for the free distribution of peas, beans, corn, turnips and peanuts, and, while the members of the committee on agriculture are fully informed on the subject, "Uncle Joe" thinks they should be backed up by others not on the committee. Consequently, Mr. Tawney is securing much valuable and interesting data on the subject which he will present to the house should there be an attempt to over-ride the committee. He has received a very interesting letter from Secretary of Agriculture Wilson reviewing the history of the appropriations for this purpose. Secretary Wilson practically takes the ground that congress and not the department is responsible for the growth of this form of graft and that if the congressmen are willing to forego their little packets of seeds, he is more than willing.

The secretary states that the first appropriation for seeds was in 1839, when the commissioner of patents was allowed $1,000 for collecting agricultural statistics and "the purchase of seeds of new and rare varieties of plants." From 1839 to and including 1865, the total amount expended in collecting statistics and supplying seeds was $672,724. The appropriation for the current year for seeds alone is $290.000 or almost one half of the total amount expended in the twenty-six years from 1839 to 1865 in the encouragement of agriculture. Secretary Wilson notes that "The purpose of the early legislation for the introduction and distribution of seeds was to introduce into this country seeds of new and improved varieties and of new crops in order to increase the horticultural and agricultural products of the United States." As long as it was confined to this purpose great good was accomplished. But he continues: "As the demand for the new seeds being introduced by the department increased, such demands naturally found expression in requests made to senators and members of congress, and in course of time the number of these requests became so great that it was impossible to fill them with strictly new varieties of seeds, hence the practice began of sending out larger quantities of packages of vegetable seeds." Secretary Wilson thinks considerable good has been accomplished in this direction, but adds: "The distribution of such seeds increased, however, so that by about 1890 it had become the most prominent feature of the distribution, and although the distribution of new varieties of field crops was not entirely lost sight of, the proportion of such seeds introduced was exceedingly small, and the original purpose of the legislation, namely, the introduction of new and improved varieties was not kept prominently in the foreground." Accordingly in 1897 congress specified that $2,000 should be used for the introduction of new crops from abroad and a separate section of foreign seed and plant introduction was established, which has done much good work.

Secretary Wilson thus compares the "graft" seed distribution with that which is recognized as legitimate and proper. "There is no doubt," he says, "but that although the amount that is expended distinctly for this work of introducting and developing new crops is relatively but a small proportion of the entire appropriation, the relative amount of good done by this branch of the work is far in excess of that accomplished by the mere distribution of miscellaneous standard varieties of vegetable and flower seeds which can be purchased from any seedsman." In conclusion the secretary informs Chairman Tawney that as far as he is aware there is no other government "that buys ordinary miscellaneous vegetable and flower seeds from growers and dealers and then distributes them to its citizens."

SHERIFF BLOCKS ESCAPE.

Man Held at Newton, Iowa, Caught Sawing Cell Bars.

Newton, Iowa, March 14.—Jacob Resnyder, who was brought here from Fort Madison penitentiary to testify in a criminal case, made a desperate but unsuccessful effort to escape from the county jail. A turnkey, in making his rounds Monday night, discovered that four bars of the cell in which Resnyder was confined had been sawed through. He called the sheriff and the cell was searched, but the saw could not be found. They then determined to handcuff and shackle the prisoner, and this was done. Later in the night the turnkey discovered that Resnyder had secured the saw and was at work on his shackles. The prisoner finally agreed to give up the saw if his fetters were removed. This was done and he produced the saw, made from a piece of clock spring. It was hidden under an edge of the cell flooring. Resnyder has been returned to the penitentiary.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Herald want advertising has just enough of the "spice of chance" to make it interesting—for the right person does, sometimes, fail to see the first insertion of the ad.

D. E. H., March 14, 1906.

NEW GOODS!

Stein-Bloch Clothes
Manhattan Shirts
Hanan Shoes
(For Ladies and Gentlemen.)
Knapp-Felt De Luxe Hats

If style, quality and assortment are the springs of action on the part of good dressers, then The Columbia should sell every shoe, shirt, hat and suit in Duluth.

Columbia Clothing Company.

SUFFEL & CO. 131 W. Sup. St.

ELK SKIN SNEAKERS

For **Men, Women and Children**—something new—the finest thing out for **Gymnasium** and **Housewear**—all sizes—at moderate prices.

ASK TO SEE THEM.

THREATENS TO KILL MORGAN

Woman to be Arrested and Examined as to Her Sanity.

New York, March 14.—A warrant was issued today for the arrest of a woman known as Mrs. Williams, who of late has made frequent visits to the office of J. P. Morgan & Company and has made threats of physical violence either to the financier or his employes. Mrs. Williams will be taken into custody as soon as she can be found and will be examined as to her sanity.

It was learned today that Mrs. Williams approached Mr. Morgan sometime ago with a claim to certain property in Baltimore. Mr. Morgan investigated the claim and found that it could not be substantiated. When the result of the investigation was communicated to Mrs. Williams, she expressed herself as dissatisfied with the result and since that time she has called at the Wall street office almost daily. On her recent visits she threatened to do something desperate unless the claim was adjusted to her satisfaction.

TENNENT ARRESTED.

St. Louis, March 14.—John H. Tennent, Sr., president of the defunct Tennent Shoe company, was arrested today on a bench warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses.

1-30th

of the entire Quinine production of the World is consumed every year by the makers of

Laxative Bromo Quinine

"Cures a Cold in One Day"

E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Union Made

There's No Excuse

Many men allow their families to drift along with a shabby appearance, knowing full well they can procure good *Clothing on Credit*, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing their wants. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult us, and we will be pleased to explain our plan of clothing the family on easy weekly or monthly payments. We ask nothing in return except your good will. Our plan has helped thousands, it can help you. Don't delay. Come now. Your credit is good.

GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Special Sale.....

Crockery Odds & Ends

This sale is a clean sweep of all broken lots and odds and ends in the crockery and housefurnishing departments, and the prices are so low that to you it will be almost like finding the goods. You know when French & Bassett decide to close our certain things the cuts are deep and the movement quick, so don't delay if you want any of these things.

The Bargain List:

For 3c Each

Olive Dishes, Pickle Dishes, Spoon Trays, Berry Saucers, Plates, Cups, etc.—articles worth up to 15c—to close out, only 3c each.

For 5c Each

Celery Dishes, Cruets, Creamers, Cups and Saucers, Berry Bowls, Plates, Glasses, Butter Dishes, etc.—pieces worth up to 25c—for 5c.

For 10c Each

Butter Dishes, Sugar Bowls, Cream Pitchers, Bowls, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Platters, Tea Pots, etc.—pieces worth up to 50c—close out price, 10c.

For 15c Each

Covered Dishes, Platters, Water Pitchers, Kettles, Sugar Bowls, Nut Bowls, Sauce Boats, Covered Butters, etc.—articles worth up to 75c—for 15c.

For 25c Each

Tea Pots, Coffee Pots, Covered Dishes, China Platters, Butter Dishes, China Sugar Bowls, large Platters, etc.—worth up to $1.00—for 25c.

All Goods Sold on Easy Payments.

The World of Sports

NATIONAL CHAMPIONS

In Three Lines of Sport in Duluth This Week.

Best Wrestler, Skater and Ski Jumper to Be Here.

National champions in three different lines of sports will be in Duluth this week.

Tomorrow evening Frank Gotch, wrestling champion of America, will be seen at the Lyceum theater, where he will endeavor to throw Billy Maynard, the Duluth wrestler, three times within an hour's actual wrestling time.

Friday evening, Norval Baptie, the champion speed skater of America and probably the world, will be seen at the Central ice rink.

Baptie, who is a North Dakota boy, has defeated all of the best men in this country, such as Harley Davidson, John S. Johnson, John Nilsson and the Eastern cracks. He has just completed a tour of the East, where he has successfully met the best skaters in the country.

Friday evening he will meet Charles Rankin, the Duluth skater, who has been making a name for himself this year. Rankin has skated twelve or fifteen races this year and has won all of them but one, having lost to Baptie in Grand Forks. The race was skated on a rink which had twenty laps to the mile, and Rankin has been used to a much larger sheet of ice, the Central rink having but nine laps to the mile.

The two men will race a half mile, three-quarters of a mile and a mile.

Following the races Baptie will give an exhibition of fancy and acrobatic skating.

Rankin put up a hard race against Baptie at Grand Forks and on ice with which he is familiar he has some hope of defeating the Dakota boy and will undoubtedly give him one of the hardest races of his career.

Incidentally it might be remembered that Duluth has in Ole Feiring the champion ski jumper of America, so that Thursday evening three national champions in three different lines of sport will be in the city.

DULUTHIANS WIN HONORS

Ward Ames, Jr., and L. J. Hopkins Capture Golf Prizes.

They Come Out Victorous in Contests at Florida Resorts.

Duluth is famed for many things and among others for its golfers.

Ward Ames, Jr., and L. J. Hopkins have been proving this to those Americans who are enjoying the balmy breezes of Florida at this time of the year.

Last week, Mr. Ames defeated all comers in the 1906 tournament at Nassau, Florida. He did not tell them beforehand that he was going to do it, for, like all Duluthians, he is modest. He merely selected his sticks from the caddy with cool precision and made the rest of the bunch seen like on-lookers.

Mr. Ames wrote his father, Ward Ames, Sr., that the only thing that made him nervous before the contest was the rumor that L. J. Hopkins, another Duluthian, was coming over from Jacksonville to participate in the tournament. He said that if Mr. Hopkins had entered, he would not have come out victorious. In any event, however, the championship would have been won by a member of the Northland Country club of this city.

Even though he did not go to Nassau to play in the tournament there, Mr. Hopkins has not shunned the links since he left the Head of the Lakes. Advices from Jacksonville are to the effect that he has made every golfer in that city take to cover. He has walked away with most of the links' honors there this winter.

GOT THEIR SHARE.

Members of Lakeside Ski Club Made Good Showing in Tournament.

Capt. Arthur German of the Lakeside Ski club calls attention to the fact that all of the prize winners in the event for boys under 18 years of age in the recent tournament of the Duluth Ski club were members of the Lakeside organization.

The Lakeside members were compelled to take out a membership in the Duluth club before competing in the tournament, as it was a club tournament only, but they managed to carry off their share of the prizes in the event for novices.

Sporting Notes.

The annual meeting of the Duluth Boat club will be held on April 10, when the election of officers will take place.

* * *

Harry Webb of Duluth defeated Elmer Thomson of Calumet in a half mile race at the Palestra rink in Calumet last evening.

* * *

Members of the Portage Lake and Calumet hockey teams passed through Duluth last evening on their way to Winnipeg, where they will play a series of exhibition games. They may stop at Duluth on their return, if the weather remains favorable, and a suitable rink can be secured.

* * *

Two games were played last evening at the curling rink, the McLennan rink winning from Harris in the Manley-McLennan event, and Myron defeating Stillman in the Herald event.

Billiard Tournament.

Chicago, March 14.—Calvin Demarest of Chicago, and J. Ferdinand Hoggeburg of New York, won the second and third games in the national amateur billiard championship tournament here yesterday. They defeated National Champion C. F. Conklin of Chicago, and Charles S. Norris of New York, respectively, the victors displaying masterful billiards, especially Demarest, whose youth and inexperience in tournament play were expected to count against him. Except for occasional flashes of nervousness, however, he stuck to his work like a veteran and electrified the audience with a brilliant run of sixty-five and many sensational masse plays. Hoggenburg's play was marked by the steadiness for which he has become noted and his victory fulfilled expectations.

WILL WEAR WHITE SOX

Graham, Second Baseman From Western League, Signed by Duluth

Graham, second baseman, who was with the Pacific club in the Western league last season, has been signed by Duluth for the coming year.

Graham was recommended by Randall. He is a Denver boy and Randall saw him play while he was with the Denver team.

"Si" Bennett is expected back from Winnipeg within a few days. "Si" has been working in the Canadian city during the winter, and will be seen in the Duluth outfield again this year. Si was batting at a .300 clip at the close of last season, and should have no trouble making good this year.

O'Dea will hold down first base again this year, and unless Neighbors makes good with Toledo early in the season, he will be back in the center garden again, as Duluth has a string on him. "Newt" Randall, a former Duluth player, is in the city for a few days this week. He is due to report in Denver March 23, having signed with Denver again this year. He played in the outfield for the Grizzlies last season, and batted over the .300 mark. Quillan is also in the Western league, playing with St. Joseph.

None of the other players signed by O'Dea are known as yet. The list includes a number of men from independent teams in Ohio, and three or four have been brought from city teams in Cincinnati.

SUIT WILL BE HEARD TUESDAY

Judge Parish of Ashland to Hear Grain Case at Superior.

Gregory, Cook & Company's suit against the Wisconsin grain commission will be heard in Superior Tuesday by Judge Parish, of the circuit court at Ashland.

The firm is proprietor of the Commander mill across the bay and the suit is brought in an effort to restrain the Wisconsin commission from interfering with the concern's business by taking complete charge of the weighing apparatus at the mill and weighing al of the grain that is taken into the institution.

The milling company's stand will be that is does not buy or sell grain in Wisconsin and is therefore immune from the provisions of the Badger state inspection act, which was amended at the special session of the legislature some time ago. It is understood, also, that the commission is anxious to have the case tried at once.

Gregory, Cook & Company will be represented by Attorneys Savage and Purdy of Minneapolis and Senator Hudnall and L. K. Luse will look after the commission's side of the case.

CHANGE OF MANAGERS

Capt. Dennis Sullivan to Handle Great Lakes & St. Lawrence Fleet.

D. T. Helm Will be Local Agent—Vessel Assignments Soon.

Capt. Dennis Sullivan of Chicago has been appointed manager of the Great Lakes & St. Lawrence Transportation company's fleet of canal size lake steamers. He replaces Capt. A. B. Wolvin of Duluth, who was responsible for the creation of the fleet. Capt. Sullivan is also a managing owner as well as the Chicago agent for the fleet of the Pittsburg Steamship company. The Great Lakes fleet, it is said, was recently refinanced, and E. C. Lott of Chicago installed as president. It is understood that most of the ships of the Great Lakes fleet have been chartered for the season.

D. T. Helm has been appointed agent of this fleet at Duluth. The appointments of masters and engineers of the fleet's vessels have not yet been announced, but it is understood that the list will be practically the same as last year, with the exception that in one or two cases, men who have been hitherto serving as mates will serve this year as masters. The list last year was as follows:

A. M. Marshall—John Duncanson, master; George McMonagle, engineer.

John Crerar—Alex Craigie, master; John Bustead, engineer.

John Lambert—Ralph Gleason, master; W. T. Riley, engineer.

Robert Wallace—D. A. Kiah, master; George E. Willard, engineer.

A. D. Davidson—Hugh J. Hagan, master; W. N. Newcomb, engineer.

S. N. Parent—J. W. Goodrich, master; J. W. Drysdale, engineer.

H. G. Dalton—W. D. Waite, master; Guy L. Barnhart, engineer.

J. S. Keefe—Dan Barry, master; George Winters, engineer.

John Sharples—J. S. Johns, master; L. W. Griggs, engineer.

George C. Howe—Frank C. Pratt, master; J. H. Norton, engineer.

GAS WELL BREAKS GREAT IRON HOOD

Is Again Sending Out a Mountain of Unquenchable Flame.

Caney, Kas., March 14.—The great gas well six miles from here, which was capped Monday with a huge iron hood after it had burned without restraint for seventeen days, consuming millions of feet of gas, burst forth again yesterday. After having confined the fire for twenle hours the hood was perforated by the tremendous force of sand and flame beneath it, and soon became a heap of scrap iron.

Conditions at the burning gas well are worse than at any time since the fire started. A veritable mountain of flame is now pouring from the well and the hood and huge system of pipes which were used in a vain attempt to cap the gasser are either a molten mass are wraped or twisted by the intense heat. Trees at a considerable distance, which had put out leaves as a result of the artificial heat, are now on fire. After the sand cut through the hood it collapsed so rapidly that not even the truck and system of pipes resting upon it could be removed from danger. But the loss of the hood and almost the entire system of connections does not appear to discourage the men in charge, as they are now engaged in the construction of a new hood and material is on the way to repiacce the other parts which have been rendered useless by the heat.

WILL FORM NEW COMPANY.

Elmon Brothers to Launch New Wholesale Grocery Concern.

Negotiations are said to be nearly closed for the launching of a new wholesale grocery concern at Superior, with a capital stock of $100,000. The promoters are Elmon Bros., who have associated with them several prominent citizens of that city. The new company is understood to have under consideration two sites in Superior, one of them the Terminal block at the corner of Winter street and Ogden avenue, and the other a block on Banks avenue.

Elmon Bros. have been identified with the wholesale grocery business at the Head of the Lakes for many years. About five years ago they merged with the Twohy Mercantile company, forming the Twohy-Elmon company. Recently Elmon Bros. withdrew from the company.

GOOD ROADS MEETINGS

Are Being Arranged All Over the State at Present.

St. Paul, March 14.—The work of the new state highway commission is being taken up with great interest in all parts of the state, and the interest in good roads were never greater. George Cooley, the engineer of the commission, is being overwhelmed with requests for presence at good roads meetings to give instructions in the making of good roads. The good roads associations, which exist in a number of counties, local commercial clubs and farmers' clubs are arranging good roads meetings all over the state. Mr. Cooley had already attended several of them, and in the near future about a dozen meetings are being arranged. There will be a meeting at Renshaw on March 15, at Litchfield on March 20, Aitkin on March 22, another near Aitkin on March 23, at Askey on March 27, at Warren on March 30. One will be held at Plainview at some date not yet fixed and another at Duluth on May 20. Long Prairie and Wadena have asked for meetings, and dates are being arranged. At these meetings Mr. Cooley will explain the provisions of the new law creating the commission and how the community can get the benefits of the law. Then he will give a general talk instructing in the building of roads from the material at hand in that vicinity.

ALABAMA QUAIL

To be Distributed in Minnesota by the Game Commission.

St. Paul, March 14.—Sam Fullerton, state game warden, has received the first consignment of Alabama quail ordered by the commission. Two boxes were received yesterday with about a dozen birds in each, the commission having ordered twelve dozen.

These birds will be sent out and distributed at places where the quail were drowned out during the wet season last year. One box was sent to the neighborhood of St. Peter and the other to Norwood, and others will be sent up north along the Soo line and other places. The quail are the same as our common Bob White. The game and fish commission feared the birds might not stand the climate but previous experience has proven that they do. Mr. Fullerton has instructed those receiving the birds not to turn them loose in the woods too quickly but carry them out in the box to some spot where they can find shelter and agreeable surroundings, then place the box carefully on the ground, scatter some feed around it, and make a small opening in the box large enough for the birds to go through. In this way they will go out slowly, find food outside and get into their new surroundings without any excitement.

TANNER PROTESTS

Against the Proposed Law Reducing Pay of Aged Clerks.

Washington, March 14.—"Corporal" Tanner, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has written a letter to Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the house committee on appropriations protesting against the action of Mr. Tawney's committee in recommending the enactment of a law reducing the compensation of government clerks after they have attained the age of 65 years. "Corporal" Tanner writes particularly in behalf of his comrades of the Civil war, many of whom now employed in the government service would be affected seriously by the proposed reduction in compensation.

"Corporal" Tanner ventures the assertion to Mr. Tawney that "you won't find a Confederate soldier behind your bill,. and, incidentally, pays a tribute to a Confederate brigadier who refused to permit a single one of the union veterans to be disturbed when he had the power to remove them.

BURGLAR KILLED.

Red Oak, Ia., March 14.—Sheriff William Thomas yesterday shot and instautly killed Harry Barker while the latter was in the act of committing a burglary in the office of George Brown's Iron works. Baker and a companion were working in the lighted room and the sheriff fired through the window. The other burglar escaped. They secured no booty. Barker was an ex-convict, and a dangerous man.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

New Tailored Suits
New Waists
New Skirts

A most interesting collection of women's wearables ever shown in this section of the country.

TAILOR MADE SUITS.

Beautiful creations of finest mixtures distinguished by their dignity, grace and quality so characteristic in all S. & B. Co.'s garments. Prices commence at $19.50, then $25.00, $27.50 and up to $75.00.

SPECIAL TOMORROW.

Stunning model in broadcloth suit, Eton-bolero style jacket, new circular gored skirt, pleated front and back—made with the proper fullness, all the new shades - for tomorrow $35.00.

$25.00—A smart model made of fine quality Panama—all the new shades. Short Eton-bolero coat trimmed with rich tailored braid and new circular gored skirt, braided. One of the best values shown at this price.

SHIRT WAIST SUITS.

Smart, chick, new models, serviceable garments for street or afternoon wear—made of fine worsted panamas, voiles and silk.

SPECIAL TOMORROW.

$25.00 Shirt Waist Suits of voile $19.50—made in latest style, richly trimmed, all sizes and colors—they will not last long at this price so come early.

LINGERIE WAISTS.

The new conceptions, made of fine sheer Handkerchief Linen, Mull or Batiste; hundreds of beautiful styles, profusely trimmed with lace or embroidery; with the Eton or new gauntlet detachable cuff.

The latest creations in fine net, exclusive with us.

The new "Princess" waist—a new model by the best artists and only shown here—prices start at $1.25 and range up to $25.00.

Lingerie Net Waists from $5.00 to $35.00.

SPECIAL WAIST, $1.50—We offer tomorrow the greatest value in a fine Lawn Waist, shown; made with the new elbow or long sleeves—embroidered front—and Val. insertion and tucked yoke. Regular $2.25 values. Special at $1.50 tomorrow.

SPECIAL SKIRT VALUES.

For tomorrow we offer a new idea in circular skirts, made of fine quality Panama, in all colors, at $9.75.

(Compare this with $12.50 skirts elsewhere.)

The Store of Quality — Silberstein & Bondy Company — The Store of Quality

COCKRELL IS INDIGNANT

Over the Refusal of Standard Oil Men to Tell the Truth.

Kansas City, March 41.—Frank M. Cockrell, of the interstate commerce commission, severely reprimanded G. W. Mayer, Kansas City manager of the Standard Oil company, yesterday, during the investigation into the alleged methods of railroads and the Standard Oil company in discriminating against independent oil men hereabouts. The lawyers for the commission and the lawyers for the independent oil producers had been trying hard to get from Mayer an admission that there was any connection between the Standard Oil company, the Union Tank company, the Republic oil company, the Waters-Pierce Oil company and other companies.

To all questions Mr. Mayer answered "I do not know."

At the close of his testimony, Mr. Cockrell asked him:

"Tell this commission, are the Republic Oil company and the Waters-Pierce Oil company part of the Standard Oil company?"

"I do not know, sir."

"What's your best impression about it?"

"I have none."

"Don't you feel and know in your heart that they are all part and parcel of the same company?"

"I do not know."

"Don't you feel in your heart it is so?"

"I do not know, sir."

Then the veteran ex-senator slapped the desk with his fist and said, severely:

"I am tired and sick of this effort made by Standard Oil people to conceal this fact when every man, woman and child knows it is so. Now, everybody wants the truth told here and why don't you tell it. Every tub ought to stand on its own bottom and you folks ought not to dodge this question further."

Several witnesses testified to discrimination by railroads against independent producers.

COACH O'DEA RESIGNS.

Madison, Wis., March 14.—Andrew O'Dea, coach of the Wisconsin university crews, yesterday resigned his position, to take effect at the end of this school year. Dissatisfaction with existing conditions is given as the cause.

Beecham's Pills

When lack of appetite is caused by overeating, take Beecham's Pills to relieve the feeling of heaviness. When a sick stomach takes away all desire for food, use Beecham's Pills. They invariably tone the digestion and

Create Good Appetite

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

COAL TAR DYES

Used in the Adulteration of Candies and Ice Cream.

St. Paul, March 14.—Startling discoveries of adulteration of candies and ice cream with coal tar dyes were brought to light yesterday by the state dairy and food department. Patriotic ice cream served at a local Washington's birthday party caused the guests to become deathly sick, which led the host to turn a sllee of the patriotic coldness over to the state chemist. It was sent to him in a napkin. When the chemist was through with his analysis the napkin in which the ice cream was wrapped was dyed a brilliant red relieved by a blue sky. It was discovered that coal tar dyes had been used in large quantities. The ice cream had red, white and blue layers. Candies were also sent to the commission which were badly doped with coal tar dyes to give them attractive coloring. Creme de menthe, the banquet cordial, was also found to be generously colored with the deleterious dye. A rigid campaign against the violation of the pure food laws will be started at once.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Bessemer—John Ohnes, a Swede-Finn, employed in No. 6 shaft of the Tilden mine, at Bessemer, was instantly killed by a fall of ground caused by the giving away of a portion of a pillar near which he and several others were working. Ohnes was a single man about twenty years old. He had formerly worked in the Tilden. He had been away for a time and returning recently went to work at his old job. Miners injured by the same accident were: John West, cut about the face and badly bruised; John Contratto, contusion of the left foot and other slight injuries; Thomas Lucarech, right ankle sprained.

Menominee—It is reliably reported here that Archie V. Freeman, recently released from the Marquette prison, after serving five years for embezzlement, is now in jail at Tacoma, on a charge of embezzling $20 from Frank Bagley, a wealthy lumberman, by whom Freeman was employed as timekeeper in one of Bagley's camps.

Freeman was a high liver in Menominee, and his embezzlement of several thousand dollars from Raber & Watson, cedar dealers, caused a tremendous sensation. After being arraigned in this city, Freeman fled to Mexico, and was arrested by Detective Schumacher. The latter was shot and killed by Bill Rudolph, the Missouri bank robber.

Freeman's wife and family are now in Ohio.

Manistique—M. P. Winkelman, a leading merchant of Manistique has returned from a business trip to Chicago thankful to still be in the land of the living. He came within an ace of being asphixiated to death in a prominent hotel. Entering his room at night he turned on two gas jets but only ignited one when the match went out and finding the illumination sufficient, he forgot to close the other valve.

He awakened late in the morning very weak and greatly nauseated and not until mid-afternoon did sufficient strength return to enable him to get out of bed to the window. This latter he had fortunately left open, and to this fact he alone attributes his escape from death.

Ironwood—The right of a municipality to fix the limits within which it shall be unlawful to sell liquor has been upheld by the supreme court in the case of Adolph Johnson vs. the City of Bessemer. Johnson attempted to conduct a saloon in a part of the city prescribed by the council, and was refused for relief, and this has now been denied him by the highest tribunal in the state.

DR. HOAG.

Dr. Hoag will be in Superior, Wis., at Hotel Superior, Thursday, March 15, 1906; office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; and in Ashland at the Commercial House, Friday, March 16; office hours from 11 a. m. to 9 p. m., where he can be consulted privately and free of charge.

THE SUCCESSFUL CHICAGO SPECIALIST.

Cures all affections of the Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, together with all Nervous derangements, and this reflex action upon the system; all affections of the Brain and Spinal Cord, Blood impurities and taints, Skin Diseases, Rectal Diseases, Stubborn, unyielding cases of long-standing, chronic in nature which refuse to yield to all other methods of treatment.

DISEASES OF MEN.

Those secret ailments, peculiar to the sex, including Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility, Errors of Youth, and their baneful results, Infectious Diseases and all Blood Taints and Skin Eruptions of every nature he cures in less time than by any other treatment.

CONSULTATION FREE

Address for home treatment, Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 362 Minerva Ave., Chicago Ill.

COAT SHIRTS

have the quality, appearance and wearing abilities of custom made garments. White or color-fast fabrics. On and off like a coat.

$1.50 and more

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.

Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World

Direct from Our Distillery to YOU

Saves Dealers' Profits
Prevents Adulteration

HAYNER WHISKEY

4 FULL QUARTS $3.20

WE PAY EXPRESS CHARGES

We will send you, in a plain sealed case, with no marks to show contents, FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES of HAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE for $3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Try it, have your doctor test it, test it any way you like. If you don't find it all right and the purest and best whiskey you ever tasted, ship it back to us at our expense and your $3.20 will be promptly refunded.

At our distillery, one of the largest and best equipped in the world, we distill an average of 9,580 gallons of PURE WHISKEY a day. When you buy HAYNER WHISKEY, it goes direct to you from our distillery, thus assuring you of perfect purity and saving you the dealers' big profits. HAYNER WHISKEY is prescribed by doctors and used in hospitals and by half a million satisfied customers. That's why YOU should try it.

WRITE OUR NEAREST OFFICE

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO.

ST. PAUL, MINN. ATLANTA, GA.
DAYTON, O. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be on the basis of 4 QUARTS for $4.00 by EXPRESS PREPAID, or 50 QUARTS for $16.50 by FREIGHT PREPAID.

DISTILLERY, TROY, O. ESTABLISHED 1866.
302 Capital $600,000.00 Paid in Full.

Peculiar to Itself

In combination, proportion and process, Hood's Sarsaparilla is therefore *Peculiar to Itself* in merit, sales and cures.

It is made from the best blood-purifying, alterative and tonic ingredients by such original and peculiar methods as to retain the full medicinal value of each and all.

The severest forms of scrofula, salt rheum, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, and debility are cured every day by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists everywhere. Buy it today.

SPECIAL. To meet the wishes of those who prefer medicine in tablet form, we are now putting up Hood's Sarsaparilla in chocolate-coated tablets as well as in the usual liquid form. By reducing Hood's Sarsaparilla to a solid extract, we have retained in the tablets the curative properties of every medicinal ingredient except the alcohol. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. 100 doses one dollar. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE TEST TOO SEVERE

Candidates for Position of Assistant Librarian All Fail.

Civil Service Board Makes Some Changes in Its Methods.

None of the candidates for the position of assistant city librarian were successful in passing the recent examination given by the board of civil service commissioners, and at the meeting of the board last evening it was decided to hold another examination.

The paper was one of the most difficult that has ever been given on an examination of this kind, and it required of the candidate a most extensive knowledge on a dozen different subjects, which could be secured only by the most thorough course of reading. The subjects were unfamiliar even to the best posted and most cultured readers, and it was no disgrace to the candidates that they failed to secure a good standing on the examination.

The board met last evening and when the papers were looked over it was decided to hold another examination.

The date set for the examination was May 8, and on that occasion the young ladies will be given another opportunity to show what they can do, with a less difficult test.

The two candidates for the position of firemen were successful, and will be placed on the eligible list if they pass their physical examination. The two men who tried the examination were A. A. Hern and J. A. Lubansky. The physical test will not be held at this time, but the men will be examined after the next written examination in May. They will not have to try the written test again.

The May examination will be for firemen, clerks and assistant librarians. There are six or seven substitutes in the department now who have not passed the civil service examination, and who should have written at the last test.

There are no vacancies for clerks, but the board desires to establish an eligible list from which to fill any positions which may fall vacant.

The board also decided that in future the physical tests for firemen and policemen shall be held before the written examinations. This will do away with much of the chance for favoritism in the markings, and those who fail to come up to the physical requirements will not have to take the written test.

It was the last meeting of the old board, and at the next meeting Mr. Coventry will be replaced by C. E. Erickson. The other four members are Charles E. Dice, A. A. Fider, C. B. Nunan and L. C. Harris.

NEWS OF BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Masquerade, Social and Basketball Game Are Scheduled for Friday.

The Friday night social at the boys' department Y. M. C. A. this week will take the form of a masquerade and each boy will be required to wear a masquerade of some kind and the boy having the best make up will receive a prize. There will be games, refreshments, and a play entitled "How the Freshmen Won"

The outing committee will hold a skating party Saturday afternoon.

The High school basket ball game between the seniors and juniors will be played in the gymnasium Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The teams will line up as follows:

Seniors	Juniors
Earle White	center... William Burris
Frink	guard ..Sargent McGonagle
Ed. Borgan	guard....Lyman Taylor
Forsythe	forward..... Cole
Ober	forward Charles Bradley

The cabinet will hold the regular monthly meeting tonight at 6:30.

Lecture in Swedish

Thursday evening, March 15, Dr. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., at Bethany Lutheran church, under auspices of Young People's Society of the church. Subject: "Influence." Tickets, 25c.

HIS REMARKS WERE INSULTING

Aged Masher is Fined for Addressing Young Italian Girl.

Because he entered the confectionery store on West Superior street, run by Miss Lucy Fiskett and her brother, and made some insulting remarks to the girl, Louis Beckman was this morning fined $15 and costs by Judge Windom, with the alternative of twenty days in jail at labor.

Beckman is a man about 60 years of age, while the complaining witness is a pretty young Italian girl, not more than 20 years of age.

She claims that Beckman entered the store and made an insulting remark to her. She ordered him out, and when he refused to go, she struck at him with a billiard cue. Later he is claimed to have returned, and the girl then summoned an officer and had him arrested. The police say Beckman was intoxicated at the time.

"WHERE VALUES REIGN SUPREME."

Stack & Co

21 and 23 West Superior St.

A Selected Bulletin of Special Values for Thursday and Friday

5c Cotton Torchon Laces—over 1,000 yards just received. Special sale price..... **2½c**

10c Torchon Laces—even better values—780 yards in this lot, and special tomorrow..... **5c**

45c Fancy Silkoline Covered Sofa Cushions, filled with silk floss. Special **29c**

25 pieces of extra good value in embroidery—sold at 15c, 17½c and 20c a yard. Special tomorrow at **10c**

65c all-wool Taffeta Cloth—38 inches wide—in all the new Spring colorings; yd. **50c**

40-inch black and white Shepherd Checks—45c values. Special for Thursday and Friday, yard **29c**

33c Embroidered Silk Mulls—27 inches wide—in all the fashionable Spring shades, for—yard **19c**

12½c London Voiles, in a handsome assortment of new Spring colorings. Special—per yard **8c**

36-inch Bleached Dress Linen—25c values **15c**

12½c fine sheer White Lawns, special **8½c**

25 pieces of Crash, dice patterns full bleached and 10c values at **6½c**

50 doz. Bath Towels, unbleached and good full size—20c kind, special..... **13½c**

100 heavy mercerized Sateen Petticoats; extra good value; tomorrow at **79c**

$4.50 drop Silk Petticoats, in black and colored changeable effects **$2.98**

Ladies' extra heavy fleece lined Vests, silk trimmed; Pants to match; French bands; buttoned on side; cut to.. **39c**

Ladies' extra heavy Plated Wool Vests, silk trimmed, pearl buttons; Pants to match; French bands; $1.00 goods reduced to **75c**

Children's and Boys' plush-lined extra heavy Vests, Pants and Drawers; worth 35c; to close **25c**

Children's all-wool and Plated Wool Vests and Pants—sizes up to 34—65c, 75c and 90c values—choice **49c**

Gents' extra heavy plush-lined Vests and Pants; also heavy wool Sweaters; 50c and 65c values reduced to..... **39c**

Gents' medium weight Balbriggan Vests, silk trimmed, pearl buttons; Pants to match; 35c goods cut to **25c**

Men's extra heavy Leather Gloves; wool lined and buckskin; 39c, 75c and $1.25 values; choice, 98c, 49c, and **25c**

Men's extra heavy wool Overshirts; blue and mixed colors; manufacturer's samples; choice, 98c and **50c**

OPINIONS ARE WANTED

Proper Method of Celebrating Minnesota Semi-Centennial Discussed.

Mayor Cullum a Member of Committee to Suggest Plans.

Suggestions as to the proper method of celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Minnesota as a state, are wanted by Mayor Cullum.

The mayor is a member of the committee appointed by Governor Johnson to recommend to the next legislature, some plan of celebrating the occasion in a fitting manner. The governor was requested by the last legislature to name such a committee, and Mayor Cullum is representing Duluth and the Northern part of the state on it.

The committee will hold its first meeting next week in St. Paul and suggestions are now in order.

The mayor is anxious to hear some expressions of opinion from Duluth citizens, as to what they believe would be the best means of commemorating the anniversary. No plans have yet been discussed, and the task of deciding upon the proper means will be left entirely with the members of the committee, unless they secure some suggestions before going to the meeting in St. Paul.

The spirit of the enterprise in embodied in a short poem contained in the communication notifying the mayor of his appointment. It is as follows:

"Beside the squaw's bright birch, canoe,
The steamer rocks and raves,
And city lots are staked for sale,
Above old Indians' graves.
I hear the tread of pioneers,
Of nations yet to be,
The first, low wash of waves,
Where soon shall roll a human sea."

"The only way I have thought of yet," said the mayor this morning, "is to get everybody in the state to come to Duluth and run them through the White City. But if anybody has a scheme he wants to broach, I would be glad to hear it and lay it before the committee next week."

AGAURANTEED CURE FOR PILES
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

EXPLAINS HIS APPOINTMENTS

Mayor Says the Entire Administration Was Endorsed by People.

"While the heads of the various departments may have made blunders and mistakes during the last two years, yet I feel that they have had much to do with all that has been commendable in the administration so recently endorsed by the public," said Mayor Cullum this morning in pointing out the fact that practically all of his choices were reappointments.

"I feel that it is only fair to the public and just to these officials to continue them in office, hoping that they be enabled by experience to avoid similar mistakes in the future."

One appointment was announced this morning, B. Silberstein having been chosen to succeed himself as a member of the board of park commissioners. The appointment must be confirmed by the judges of the district court.

A Lively Tussle

With that old enemy of the race, Constipation, often ends in Appendicitis. To avoid all serious trouble with Stomach, Liver and Bowels, take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They perfectly regulate these organs, without pain or discomfort. 25c at all druggists.

REV. A. F. ELMQUIST

To Lecture Thursday Night at Bethany Lutheran Church.

Rev. A. F. Elmquist, pastor of St. John's English Lutheran church of Minneapolis will lecture tomorrow evening on "Influence" at Bethany Lutheran church, Twenty-third avenue west and Third street. The subject will give Dr. Elmquist ample scope for his powers, which are too well known here to make it necessary to dwell upon them.

Dr. Elmquist was, until last June, pastor of the church he is to lecture in tomorrow night, and his ability won for him a call to a much larger church and a wider field. He is an orator of acknowledged ability and is eloquent in either the Swedish or the English tongue.

There is but little doubt that Bethany church will have its capacity taxed tomorrow evening to hear Dr. Elmquist, for he was really exceedingly popular in Duluth, among all classes, but especially with his own congregation. His influence was tremendous here and if he can put into words the scheme of securing influence, his lecture will be well worth listening to and will be profitable.

Dr. Elmquist will probably visit here for a few days before he returns to Minneapolis. He will also perform a marriage ceremony while here.

FOR SALE!

Grocery business for sale—fine location. Address F. 5, Herald.

THE ORIENTAL TURKISH AND VAPOR BATH PARLORS

Seventh avenue west, opp. the Incline, have the most modern and completo equipment in the Northwest. The up-to-date treatment for rheumatism and kindred diseases. Prices 25c and 50c

98c For Plain Bed Spreads

Extra size crochet spreads, heavy weight, beautiful new marseilles patterns, soft, the kind that launders easily, a $1.25 spread, Thursday for..... **98c**

Freimuth's

Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Sts., Duluth, Minn.

Fringe Bed Spreads, $1.48

Full extra size crochet spreads, hand knotted fringe, new designs in marseilles patterns. They are cheap at $1.75. Take your choice Thursday for..... **$1.48**

Freimuth's New Spring Coats

$7.50 40 nobby, correct Jackets, 20 inches long; satin lined, with neatly tailored strappings of cloth; our regular price $10.00; for Thursday, special at..... **$7.50**

A complete line of nobby, up-to-date garments for early Spring wear. The new Pony Coat and tight-fitting Jackets are stylish and proper for early Spring; 20 to 22 inches long.

$13.50 for 20-inch Jackets; 24-inch loose Coats and 50-inch models; in mixtures of grays and tans; an assortment of the best coats in the city for. **$13.50**

$27.50 for that nobby, new English Coat for women, made in the shadow stripe Veromba; it's the smartest coat shown this season; Special for Thursday **$27.50**

WOMEN'S SUITS.

A most beautiful assortment at popular prices.

$14.98 buys an assortment of nobby Eton Coat Suits; in Alice blues, green, grays and black; prettily trimmed with braid; can't match it at..... **$14.98**

$16.95 for a stylish Eton Suit, circular skirt, and taffeta trimmed; neatly tailored... **$16.95**

$10.00 An immense assortment of new models, in the braid trimmed covert cloths; smart, loose half-fitting and tight-fitting Jackets; 20 to 22 inches long; satin lining; would be cheap at $15.00. Thursday **$10.00**

50-inch steamer Coats—half-fitting and tight-fitting coats, in those new English mixtures; also the new English Top Coats, in shadow plaids. Prime favorites for spring of 1906.

$17.50 nobby, short and long coats, in mixtures; a splendid assortment to select from; every one this season's models. New and stylish; handsomely combined with trimming to harmonize; shown only at Freimuth's; Thursday **$17.50**

$5.00 A special skirt for Thursday—100 of them; black and colored walking skirts; all wool; full circular or plaited styles; manufacturer's samples; made to sell for $10.00; your choice, Thursday..... **$5.00**

New Taffeta Petticoats at $4.75—

One lot special Silk Petticoats; the hard, rustling kind; every color and changeable; deep flounced; a wonderful bargain; positively valued at $8.75. Special..... **$4.75**

A Pocket Book Special—19c

For Thursday we offer in our leather section a women's combination pocket book, black morocco leather, with guaranteed safety snap strap on end. It would be a genuine bargain at 35c—while they last..... **19c**

THREE WAIST ITEMS

Three extra specials—others of every conceivable variety, typically Freimuth's high grades at low prices

75c

10 dozen Waists, made of excellent quality India lawn—embroidery panels—in new, large sleeves with long elbow cuffs. Price is always $1.00—Thursday's sale price..... **75c**

$1.75

A beautiful assortment of Fancy White Waists, trimmed with embroidery, Val. lace, or both—long cuffs—button back—a stylish Waist—sale price Thursday will be only. **$1.75**

$2.75

Dotted Swiss Waist; it's the "proper caper;" beautifully set with handsome embroidery panels, embroidered cuffs—launders splendidly. Thursday's special price only..... **$2.75**

Thursday Specials

In Art Goods Section.

18-in. for 15c | 12-in for 10c

For beautiful new centers on white or tan material—finished edge—tinted floral designs—

25c **For Pure Linen Tray Cloths 18x27.**

New Laces for Battenburgs—Bruges or the heavy silk braids for hats—Children's bonnets—cuffs and collars, etc. Popular prices.

Tailored Hats, $5.

Smart tailored street Hats in the new fancy braids, artistically trimmed with wings and quills. Newest light shades for spring, Thursday—

$5.00

2 Specials on the Bargain Square.

WHITE MADRAS—Full 32 inches wide. 20 different styles. **15c** The real 35c kind—in flat mercerized cords—there are no better goods to wear or launder made—sold everwhere at 35c.

GINGHAM APRONS—Women's Gingham Aprons at..... **21c** Made of best Amoskeag Ginghams—plain or with bib—deep ruffle on bottom; large & small check

Thursday Ribbons

Real Ribbon bargains is a Samaritan act.

100 pieces of excellent quality—all silk satin taffeta Ribbon, all the leading shades such as ciel—mushroom—queen rose—resedas—as well as the staple colors—full 4-inches wide and worth 35c—Thursday per yard..... **22c**

Thursday Dress Goods Specials

We offer tomorrow four extra specials, quality and style considered these prices are unequaled.

Assorted weaves of fashionable fabrics in those new elephant greys, styles of small and medium plaids Thursday per yard..... **$1.25**

50c for 42-inch cream mohair, perfect in weave and fine lustred special..... **50c**

Also Henriettas and cord cheviots Thursday's offering.

Fine etamine and voile weaves, styles in those faddish Scotch plaids, Highland patterns of blue and green, quite the thing for skirts, 44-in. wide, per yard..... **$1.00**

$1.00 for poplinettes and taffeta weaves, soft and lustred checks and plaids..... **$1.00**

Our Exhibit of New Wash Goods

Daily receipts of new Ginghams, Lawns and Percales. An exhibit of richness at popular prices.

Imported organdies, mulls, de chines and silk webs in French floral, Dresden and simple designs—the real expensive kinds at **35c**

32-inch organdies—as fine and sheer as the French kinds—printed mark patterns in florals and Dresdens—reproductions of imports, at per yard..... **10c**

Heather Bloom Taffeta

Handsome as silk and wears better—conforms to the present style of costume. Every shade—for your new gown..... **35c**

MERCERIZED SATINE—for lining Petticoats or Shirt Waists—high finish—soft as wool—yard..... **20c**

Rubber Special.

Shoe section in the Annex.

Women's first quality rubbers—croquette 60c and 75c rubbers for **50c**

Women's Cuban heels—our 75c brands for **59c**

Men's spring low-cut 90c rubbers for **75c**

Misses' first quality storm rubbers—60c ones for **45c**

Boys' low-cut rubbers—regular 75c grades—for **59c**

Children's storm rubbers—45c qualities for **35c**

Val. Laces

For Shrewd Thursday Buyers.

29c for fine valenciennes laces, edgings and insertions. ½ to 1½ inches wide, fine Brussels Body, styles in the conventional and fancy staples, small duchess edges, snow drops, teneriffs, etc

For bolt of 6 yds. **29c**

7½c and 10c Embroideries.

Two lots of new embroideries—perfectly finished scalloped edges—in Hamburgs and Cambrics—Beautiful blind stitching or eyelets—widths from 1 inch to 6 inches wide—wonderful values at 10c and **7½C**

49c for Corsets

They are a high-grade, steel-filled Corset, with deep hip and medium large bust; side and front hose supporters, white only—special for this sale—

49c

DESPERATE MAN IS CAPTURED

A Murderous Marriage Broker Caught by a Butcher in Berlin.

Berlin, March 14.—Hennig, a marriage broker, whose swindling, murders and other acts of violence and his bold escapes have given the Germans many thrills for three months, was captured as he had shot a policeman today, by a butcher, who will be well-to-do, owing to the aggregate of the rewards offered for Hennig's capture. Hennig is accused, among other alleged crimes, of having decoyed a bartender named Glernoth to the forest of Guenewald, near Berlin, and there murdered him. Afterward, he is alleged to have impersonated Glernoth and hypothecated his property. Hennig is also charged with having shot a Berlin policeman. When arrested today, he was escaping over housetops while being chased by the police and others, who were trying to capture him for attacking an aged nobleman, Baron Von Zitzwitz, one of the richest Pomeranian land owners, in a railroad car. He shot the baron six times, without killing him, however, and escaped from the train.

DOUBT IF GOD KNOWS

What the Senate Is Likely to Do, Says Speaker Cannon.

Washington, March 14.—Speaker Cannon extended an informal reception in his office at the capitol today to delegates who are attending a meeting of the National Consular Reform association in this city. Speaker Cannon, in speaking of the pending consular reform bill, assured the party that he favored consular reform, but said: "However, gentlemen, it is always hard to tell what the house will do. God only knows, and sometimes I doubt if he knows, what the senate will do."

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles Gustason has been appointed postmaster at Tenstrike, Beltrami county, Minn., vice R. A. McCuaogh, removed.

CROWN BRONCHIAL TROCHES — FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Beneficial to elderly people who suffer from dryness of mouth and throat. In boxes only.

REPRESENTATIVE ADAMS HAS COLD

And May Not be Able to Address Garfield Club.

Washington, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Bede this morning received a note from Representative H. C. Adams of Madison, Wis., announcing that he is ill and may not be able to go to Duluth to address the Garfield club at their banquet on March 23. Mr. Adams is not at all critically ill but he has contracted a rather serious cold and this, of course, would prevent him from making a speech. It may happen that the cold will yield to treatment in time to permit him to make the journey to Duluth and address the Garfield club. Today, however, it does not appear that Mr. Adams will be in condition to attend the Garfield banquet.

Low Rates to Coast Points.

February 15th to April 7th, Northern Pacific railway will have on sale daily, one way second class rates to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, as follows.

Billings, Mont., and Intermediate points	$15 60
Helena, Butte, Anaconda, Missoula	20 00
Spokane, Nelson, Rossland, Ellensburg	22 50
Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Vancouver, Ashland	25 00
San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal.	34 90

For tickets and sleeping car reservations, call at City Office, 334 Superior street.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $1.00 per box; 6 boxes guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 933 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

TUESDAY'S ELECTIONS

Warm Fight Ends in License Majority at Two Harbors.

Frank Ansley Elected President of Village of Hibbing.

Two Harbors, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The warm contest over the license question was decided at the polls yesterday, and license won by a very small margin, the vote standing 311 in favor of license and 306 against. The election of village officers resulted in the following being chosen: President, C. G. Rothfus (Socialist); trustees, W. A. Doerr, H. Otterlee and J. Beck (Citizens); recorder, F. E. Evans (Citizens); treasurer, Thomas Martin (Citizens); justices of the peace, W. S. Andrews (Citizens) and J. W. Woodfill (Socialist); constable, C. A. Yernberg (Citizens). The vote was: For president—C. G. Rothfus, 352; George A. Rock, 261. For trustees—W. A. Doerr, 428; Hans Otterlee, 249; Joseph Beck, 425; Alex Halliday, 174; Nels Westlund, 155; C. E. Bergren, 135; C. B. Johnson, 229. For recorder—F. E. Evans, 467; C. W. Dawson, 142. For treasurer—Thomas Martin, 471; L. D. Rose, 139. For justices of the peace, 241; John Turnquist, 231; W. S. Andrews, 262; J. W. Woodfill, 279. For constable—C. A. Yernberg, 469; W. D. Newell, 143.

License lost out in the township, the vote standing 244 for license and 277 against, which means the closing of saloons at Knife River. The township officers elected are as follows: Supervisor, E. E. Cavalin; clerk, J. J. Croke; treasurer, W. F. Lawrence; assessor, A Tabor; overseer of highways, J. Olson; justices of the peace, J. W. Dodge and W. S. Andrews; constable, C. A. Yernberg. The vote was as follows: For supervisor—E. E. Cavalin, 413; J. B. Boyer, 177. For town clerk—J. J. Croke, 324; Swan Essen, 264. For treasurer—W. F. Lawrence, 589. For assessor—August Tabor, 589. For overseer of highways—John Olson, 333; S. Gervais, 196. For justice of the peace—J. P. Dodge, 291; W. S. Andrews, 519; John Turnquist, 244; J. W. Woodfill, 88. For constable—C. A. Yernberg, 574; W. D. Newell, 13.

Hibbing.

Hibbing, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Ansley and the whole People's ticket were victorious in the village election yesterday, the winning ticket being as follows: President, Frank Ansley; trustees, Fred A. Klass, H. R. Weirick and Oscar Bay; recorder, Peter Bardessono; treasurer, J. F. Twitchell; justice of the peace, J. A. McCarthy. The vote was as follows: For president: Frank Ansley, (People's), 523; Peter McHardy, (Village caucus), 408; G. P. Peterson, (Socialist), 71. For trustees: F. A. Klass, 580; H. R. Weirick, 544; Oscar Bay, 527; M. E. Pearce, 396; Leonard Kero, 329; John Lindblood, 387; Otto Mattson, 70, and John Jaskurl, 70. For recorder: Miles Gandsey, 477; eter Brandessono, 453. For treasurer: J. F. Twitchell, 561; W. H. Latham, 264; Adolph Hejola, 169; John J. Kolu, 68. For justice of the peace, J. A. McCarthy, 493; S. Lokvic, 427. The proposition to enlarge the sewerage system carried by 170 for and 4 against.

In the township of Stuntz, the regular caucus ticket was elected, as follows: Supervisor, P. J. Somers; town clerk, C. E. Dwyer; treasurer, Mike Gleason; assessor, John B. Connors; highway overseer, Jacob Koivisto; justices, J. B. Connors and W. J. Ryder; constables, Peter Wring and Daniel Miles. The vote stood: For supervisor—P. J. Somers, 583; John Kritz, 302. Clerk—C. E. Dwyer, no opposition, 887. Treasurer—Mike Gleason, 493; H. E. Little, 289; Herman Antonelli, 105. Assessor—J. B. Connors, no oppositon, 887. Overseer of highways—Henry Enright, 578; Jacob Kloviste, 302. Justice of the peace—W. J. Ryder, no opposition, 887; J. B. Connors, no opposition, 887. Constables—Peter Wring, no opposition, 887; Daniel Miles, 515; Thomas Tomaick, 353.

Chisholm.

Chisholm, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The People's ticket won out yesterday by majorities running from 20 to 35, a total vote of 551 being polled. R. S. O'Neill headed the People's ticket for president, and the opposition ticket was headed by Benjamin Ledoux. The latter claim that forty illegal votes were cast at the Clark mine and threaten a contest. The winning ticket is as follows: President, R. S. O'Neill; trustees, Julius Grosso, J. M. McDavid and E. Nadisen; recorder, W. G. Shane; treasurer, Jacob Skalla; assessor, D. C. Hackett; justice of the peace, Henry Sugere; constables, George Wilkin and N. Simonson.

Bovey.

Bovey, Minn., March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following village officers were elcted yesterday: President, Henry Volke; councilmen, Charles Peterson, Ralph Whitmas and Edward Chamberlain; recorder, D. M. Vermilyea; treasurer, Erik Johnson; justices of the peace, Nels Lexon and John Griffin; constables, August Valley and Peter Westerlund.

Buhl.

Buhl, Minn., March 14.—A total vote of 76 was cast in the village election yesterday, and the Citizens' ticket, headed by M. A. Nichols, was the winner. The vote was: For president, M. A. Nichols, 54; John Nelmilla, 20. For trustees, William Fanta, 59; Gust Meisner, 57; William Anderson, 46; Louis Johnson (Ind.), 25; Ole Peterson, Albert Lindor and Gust Jackala; candidates for trustee on the Miners' union ticket, 17 votes each. For recorder, John Pasich, 60; Sivert Thompson (Miners' union), 15. For treasurer, John Johnson, 59; John Anderson, 17. Justice of the peace, Barnum Bragg, 58; Alex Renlund, 18. For constable, Edward Lebeau, 56; Andrew Anderson, 20.

The result of Great Scott township election, which includes Buhl, was as follows: For supervisor, Gus Cronberg; clerk, E. A. Barrett; treasurer, Joseph Grant; assessor, John O'Donnell; justice of the peace, Alex Renlund; constable, Gus Anderson; overseer of highways, John L. Anderson. The total vote cast in the township was 110.

Sparta.

Sparta, Minn., March 14.—The feature of the election here yesterday was the victory of Ignace Topich, who ran independently for trustee, over the regular caucus nominee. There were no other contests. Following were elected: President, Edward McHale; trustee, Julius Borden, Carl Frederickson and Ignace Topich; treasurer, Carl Gustafson; recorder, D. M. Mouser; constables, Peter Cosgrove and William Olson.

Fayal.

Eveleth, Minn., March 14.—At the election yesterday Fayal township, which includes part of the city of Eveleth, elected the following ticket: Supervisor, John B. Johns; treasurer, George H. Dormer; assessor, J. P. Rutherford; clerk, W. H. Plummer; justice of the peace, E. C. Proal; constables, H. J. Orton and James Hocking; overseer of highways, Elmer Field.

Mount Iron.

Mount Iron, Minn., March 14.—Frederick Mott was elected president of the village of Mount Iron yesterday.

Biwabik.

Biwabik, Minn., March 14.—At yesterday's election, the proposition to let a contract to the Biwabik Mining company for $4.86 per year to furnish electric light to the village was carried by a vote of 89 to 23. The proposition to bond the village in the sum of $10,000 for the construction of a waterworks system carried by a vote of 111 to 24; the proposition to issue $20,000 bonds for the construction of a sewerage system carried by 95 to 28, and the proposition to issue $5,000 bonds to install an electric light plant at the Biwabik mine carried by a vote of 92 to 32. N. B. Shunk was chosen president without opposition, receiving 149 votes. Following were other results. For trustees: J. E. Riley, 92; F. B. Myers, 131; Thomas Trevena, 140; A. Lundstrom (Ind.), 56. For treasurer, E. M. Gleason, 123; J. S. Hopkins (Ind.), 26. For recorder, F. M. Butler, 97; J. Cadarinca, 52. For constable, Michael Norton, without opposition, 149. For street commissioner, John Kostamo, 53; J. Verrill, 85.

In Biwabik township the following ticket was elected: For supervisor, (three years), S. Kinney; clerk, J. Cameron; treasurer, Barney Kinney; constable, William O'Hara; overseer of highways, Malcolm Anderson.

Missabe Mountain.

Eveleth, Minn., March 14.—The voters of Missabe Mountain township, which includes the Spruce and Adams mining locations, yesterday voted to appropriate $5,000 for a township hall on a site on the northern border of Eveleth. The following ticket was unanimously elected: Supervisor, (three-year term), D. H. Mouser; clerk, S. E. Helps; treasurer, Thomas J. Murphy; assessor, A. J. Penna; overseer of highways, John Morrow; justices of the peace, Michael Langdon and O. H. Hachmae; constable, Frank Kuchovi.

Nashwauk.

Nashwauk, Minn., March 14.—The ticket headed by P. T. Riley was chosen by the voters of Nashwauk yesterday. A total of 172 votes were cast. Following was the result: For president, P. T. Riley, 103; T. R. Dotson, 65. For trustees, Edward Larson, 161; Charles Lotvala, 153; Matt Aminson, 74; Charles Ollila, 49; Thomas Brown, 48. For recorder, John H. Carlson, 168. For treasurer, W. W. Carley, 167. Justices of the peace (two elected), George McNeal and E. J. Gram, 161 each. For constables, Charles Palmquist, 164, and Edward Vincent, 162.

In the Nashwauk township election 220 votes were cast. There was but one contest, that for the office of assessor. Edward Logan with 137 votes against W. A. Gordon's 57. Others elected were: Supervisor, B. W. Batchelder; clerk, George S. Bolton; treasurer, John Ericksson; justices of the peace, George McNeal and E. M. Richards; constables, Edward Vincent and Baptiste Depredo; overseer of highways, Larry O'Brien.

Aurora.

Aurora, Minn., March 14.—By almost unanimous vote the electors yesterday decided that a water works and sewer system, under the control of the municipality, shall be constructed here. The vote stood 56 for, against 4; 35 failed to vote. The proposition was whether or not the village should be bonded in the sum of $8,500 for the purpose of building the sewer and water plant. The ticket, headed by R. J. McGee, was elected. Mr. McGee received 53 votes for president, against 41 by S. Nelson. Following was the vote for trustees: Charles Hill, 68; Matt Alto, 53; J. C. Vickers, 40; August Johnson, 28; Frank Krayzka, 27; Steve Patrick, 1. For recorder, H. B. Anderson won, receiving 50 votes, against 50 by W. H. Guinn, and 2 by H. E. Reese. For treasurer: Peter Johnson, 46; W. J. Lang, 53. For assessor, Charles Olson, without opposition. For constable, Matt Turk, 53; A. Johnson, 1; A. Knuti, 1. For justice of the peace, P. Christianson, 77; G. J. Roop, 1.

Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 14.—At the village election held here yesterday the following ticket was elected by a large majority: President, Dr. G. C. Gilbert; trustees, F. L. Gorenflo, D. L. Stanton and W. F. Koeneman; recorder, George Stein; treasurer, H. N. Harding; assessor, A. Swanberg; justice of the peace, E. R. Sundberg; constable, Morgan Kenyon.

Scanlon.

Scanlon, Minn., March 14.—At the election here yesterday over J. C. Watterson by 48 majority, C. H. McNie was chosen for recorder; James Murphy for treasurer; John Deutch for justice of the peace; Charles Sloan for constable, and W. J. Dawson, Joseph Lambert and H. Berg for trustees.

Proctor.

Proctor, Minn., March 14.—The Citizens' ticket defeated the Taxpayers' ticket yesterday by majorities from 24 to 74. The Citizens' ticket was headed by George A. McEwen for president, who received 135 votes, against 72 received by his opponent, John Deucner. Other results were as follows: For trustees: Frank Paulu (Cit.), 125; Fred Wilkins (Cit.), 143; C. B. Gilbert (Cit.), 113; D. O. Mills (Tax.), 85; John Doyle (Tax.), 74; W. Call, (Tax.), 74. For treasurer, H. S. Burnham (Cit.), 133; H. H. Ceyton (Tax.), 73. For recorder: D. W. Ramshaw (Cit.), 116; H. O. Smith (Tax.), 92. For assessor: J. J. White (Cit.), 140; Earl Eller (Tax.), 66. For justice of the peace: G. J. Birch (Cit.), 132. C. Woods (Tax.), 76. For constable: John Fraser (Cit.), 126; I. Young (Tax.), 79.

Grand Rapids.

Grand Rapids, Minn., March 14.—The village election resulted in a victory for the ticket headed by H. D. Powers. Following was the vote: President: H. D. Powers, 198; George Riddell, 145. Treasurer: Fred A. King, 215; Trainor, 130. Recorder: H. E. Graffan, 175; McMahon, 170. Trustees: A. C. Bossard, 335; D. M. Gunn, 210; Dibbert, 207; Locoux, 133; McHugh, 131. Justice of the peace: Charles Wollenberg and H. S. Huson (no opposition.) Constable: Jesse Harry, 216; J. F. McCormick, 121.

The township ticket elected is as follows: Supervisor, Edward Haschey; clerk, Joseph McMahon; treasurer, James Passard; assessor, L. W. Huntley; justice of the peace, R. H. Bailey; constable, J. F. McCormick.

Aitkin.

Aitkin, Minn., March 14.—Village officers elected yesterday are as follows: President, B. R. Hassman; trustees, P. Casey, P. O. Erickson and H. C. Beecher; recorder, A. O. Vachon; treasurer, A. A. Sweetman; assessor, C. B. Moran; constables, Luther Olts and John Swedberg.

Pine River.

Pine River, Minn., March 14.—In yesterday's election, Daws was elected president of the village; Cramett, Lunden and Hill, trustees; H. P. Hanson, recorder; J. E. Gearey, treasurer; S. P. Hansen and J. N. Stewart, justices of the peace; C. J. Chrysklund and R. F. Kline, constables.

LEAVES WITH ACTRESS.

Forgeries by Thacker Account for His Lavish Expenditures.

Chicago, March 14.—Diamonds, cold bottles, extravagant fancies, automobile trips and fondness for actresses are responsible for the criminality of Edwin L. Thacker, former bookkeeper in the employ of the German-American Provision company, who decamped with his actress bride from Chicago, a defaulter to the amount of nearly $50,000.

The announcement was made that Thacker had disappeared and that his departure was mourned by a host of firms, banks and friends who hold his worthless paper. He was supposed to be the scion of a wealthy family in Kentucky. Although the recipient of a salary of only $22.50 a week, he lived like a prince, rode in a $2,000 automobile with a chauffeur, bought diamonds for his wife to the value of $8,000, and entertained friends in grand style.

Thacker's manipulation of the checks of his firm which passed through his hands, explains the source of his revenue.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cents at any drug store.

CHECK GIVEN TO BAYLIES

And He Withdrew From the Mayoralty Race at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 14.—Publication on an acknowledgement that Frank A. Baylies, the "Business Men's candidate" for mayor, had received a check for $400 in consideration of the withdrawal of his caudidacy, has caused one of the greatest political sensations that Des Moines has experienced in years.

Business men, actuated by the thought that Mayor Mattern and Alderman Van Dyke, the two candidates for mayor at the Republican primary, were utterly unfit for the office, brought out Baylies as a candidate. He is a prominent business man himself. He remained in the race until just before the primary, when he withdrew in the interest of Mattern.

It has just been discovered that Mattern's manager gave him a check for $400 at that time, which he has since presented at a bank and cashed. Baylies and Mattern, upon being confronted with the charge, admitted it, and explained that the sum named in the check represented only the expense to which Mr. Baylies had been placed in his campaign, and that it was in the nature of a reimbursement instead of a bribe for his withdrawal. Mattern secured the nomination.

Judgment Stands for City.

Judge Cant has denied the motion of the Northern Pacific company to have set aside the judgment in favor of the city of Duluth in the matter of the Lake avenue viaduct. The court also denies the motion for an order amending the conclusions of law and order for judgment in favor of the city so that judgment shall be rendered in favor of the railway company, and denies the motion for a vacation of judgment and for a new trial.

Mr. Hibbard Exonerated.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have been the recipient of a number of inquiries from friends and acquaintances of your city in reference to the reputed connection of my name with the Puter-McKinley state school land swindles. It is my desire through the columns of your paper to explain my position in as brief a manner as possible and thereby quiet any fears which they may have gathered from what has proved to be a most embarrassing circumstance both for myself and others.

Without going at length into a varied explanation of a chain of circumstances that are bound to follow the wake of any man in a given line of business, particularly an attorney for a land company, I herewith submit a copy of a letter from State Indian Agent Oswald West of Salem, Or., in reply to a letter demanding an explanation for such unwarranted action by him and Hiram Goddard of La Crosse, Wis., to-wit:

"Salem, Or., Feb. 14, 1906.—Mr. George J. Hibbard, Oregonian Bldg., Portland, Or.: Dear Sir: I am in receipt of yours of the 6th inst., and would have written you sooner, but have been out of the state. I am very sorry this has occurred and will be pleased to set you right when in Porland, which will be this week. Yours very truly, OSWALD WEST."

In view of the fact that the local papers exonerated me from all suspicion whatsoever, I have deemed it advisable, in justice to my friends and business acquaintances throughout the Middle West, to give out the above explanation. Yours truly, GEO. J. HIBBARD.

Portland, Or., March 10.

Get My Free Book — Rheumatism

It tells about Rheumatism, about the causes, the way to live to avoid and free the system of rheumatic poisons—even in desperate cases—with

DR. SHOOP'S RHEUMATIC TABLETS

Dr. Shoop Racine Wis. Sold By Druggists.

BABY COVERED WITH SORES

Would Scratch and Tear the Flesh Unless Hands Were Tied—Wasted to a Skeleton—Awful Suffering for Over a Year—Grew Worse Under Doctors—Skin Now Clear.

WOULD HAVE DIED BUT FOR CUTICURA.

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh.

"He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk. My Aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. So great was her faith in it that she gave me a small piece of Soap to try and a little of the Ointment. I took it home without any faith, but to please her I tried it, and it seemed to dry up the sores a little.

"I sent to the drug store and got a cake of the Soap and a box of the Ointment and followed the directions, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since.

"He is now strong and healthy, and I can sincerely say that only for your most wonderful remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. I used only one cake of Soap and about three boxes of Ointment. (signed) Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, R. F. D., No. 1, Woodville, Conn, April 22, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Baby Humors."

Embroidery

50 pieces of corset cover embroidery Thursday, with beading top—full 18 in. wide—usually 35c—at, yard 25c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Handkerchiefs

25 dozen ladies' scalloped and embroidered handkerchiefs—soft, sheer and dainty; sold regularly at 10c—for, each 5c

Many the Novelties in the New WASH GOODS

We're not satisfied to say it's a beautiful lot, nor that it's the finest we've ever shown, but going a step farther we claim that it's the most elaborate and exclusive collection of dainty and beautiful fabrics ever presented to Duluth women.

Our opinion is confirmed by the many remarks of admiring and discriminating women, as, from day to day, they see and examine these materials.

Chiffone Lisse—the fabric that made such a hit in the importing centers; its soft blue, pink, helio and reseda checked effects give it a really "silky" appearance; shown by us only—and only, a yard 25c

Silk jacquard organdies—42 patterns and colorings—soft and rich— per yard 50c

Phantom striped silk organdies—32 styles and colors—at 29c

50 styles of silk organdies—at, per yard 25c

Cotton organdies in greater variety and the same quality as you see in other stores at 25c—at 19c

Best Irish Dimities, in organdy patterns 25c

Silk Mousseline—plain and dotted, all shades; others are asking 50c for this quality—at 39c

NOTE—If we say "others ask more," it's because we know they do—and if you investigate you'll find it the case oftener than we mention it.

(Wash Goods, West Aisle)

These Fine Long Black Coats for So Little!

Some are broadcloths, some kerseys, some cheviots and some unfinished worsteds; they're all beautiful, long-fitted coats, with a mark of real "swellness" in the tailoring, in the fit and in the styles. Some of the best we had—but they all look alike to us, regardless of how "swell" they are, because they must go.

$21.25 for a $42.50 coat.
$9.25 for an $18.50 coat.
And plenty of styles, sizes and prices between the two.

More New COATS for Girls and Misses, Here

All the little novelty mixtures are here—some are quite good-sized plaid checks, others are quite small checked effects; then there are the tiny English mixtures and some so small that they look to be almost a plain color.

They're finished with velvet inlaid cuffs and collars, with strappings of self materials and buttons set on in various styles; most have the swatch pockets, and some are taffeta lined.

Swell-looking little box coats of the short style, or the longer full, "box" effects — and both in all those rich and dainty new mixes to be so much "THE THING."

Girls' sizes—$4.50 to $10.00.
Misses' sizes, 10 to 20 years—$6.50 to $25.00.

(Suits and Coats, Second Floor)

Madras Gingham 8c on the Bargain Counter

Seems as if most everybody is supplying their ginghams through us this season—how they do go! Here's another lot for Thursday: Fine stripe, Madras ginghams—not cheap goods, but every piece the very best 12½c quality to be had. This price for only a day—Thursday, a yard 8c

New Linene and Linen Waists for Spring Wear

Interest seems to grow in the matter of what's right for spring waists, and from every side flashes the word that "white waists will lead."

You might naturally suppose that with cottons and woolens higher in price, waists would be more expensive—and so they are in most stores. But this lot was bought at a low figure because we took the last of a maker's entire line of new spring styles, and these prices turn our advantage to your favor.

98c Linene waists that others probably ask $1.50 for.

$1.25 Such waists as are selling for $1.50 to $1.75 in the ordinary way.

$1.49 Waists for which other dealers must get $2.25.

$1.98 Really worth the $2.75 asked in most stores.

$2.98 Real linen waists, such as we might be expected to get $4 for—they have hand embroidered panel fronts.

(White Waists, Second Floor)

You Don't Like to Wear RUBBERS in Spring?

Then read this! From our shoe department comes notice of a new cork sole shoe, in ladies' kid blucher cut, with extension sole, hand welt, that is "damp proof." Isn't that about what you want? And then, it's made just as stylish and trim-looking as any other shoe you could select, and is equal in point of wear to most and better than many $3.50 shoes—and it's yours for $2.98.

(Shoe Dept., Second Floor)

Do You Get Satisfaction in GLOVES?

Do you buy kid gloves that are guaranteed to be "the best to be had?" That's our kind, and the kind that do give satisfaction — so everybody says who ever wore them—and the number increases daily.

$1 to $2 Our own importation, direct, made for us—we have all the colors and can match your new suit or dress.

SPECIAL — A full line of sizes in those beautiful white glace kid, twelve and sixteen button length—and at special low prices while they last. You'll need them with the short sleeves.

(Glove Section, Main Aisle)

Splendid Savings in New Hosiery and Und'wear Here

It invariably happens that in the course of a buying tour, such as that from which our buyers recently returned, some exceedingly good bargains come to them—rare chances to provide for our customers by a shrewd, quick purchase, big values at much less than even an ordinary price. Such are these:

25c Two fine stockings—both spring weight, (though not the same weight), and made from finest combed maco yarn; fast black, with high spliced heel and double sole and toe; either kind are "extra" at 25c a pair.

10c We were lucky in this purchase, for this lot of "mill run" stockings looks just as fine as any of the 20c quality; ladies' fast black maco, and there are no seams; only a limited quantity at 10c a pair. A good 20c worth of wear.

50c to $1.50 Pure white Underwear—new weights for spring, in fine jersey-ribbed materials—for women. No one but that will be pleased—there are vests, pants, tights and combination suits—in both regular and out sizes.

15c The men, too, share these good things. Here are medium-weight cotton socks, of maco yarn—made without a seam—double sole, extra spliced heel and toe; such as usually go at 20c to 25c, but this lot comes to us and you at 15c—or 4 for 50c.

"Final Call" on the Last of These Winter Suits

Just a few left—but that many more than we want at this time. To close them out Thursday we've divided them into three lots, regardless of former prices, and here are the prices as you'll get them tomorrow:

$4.49 on lot No. 1—suits formerly selling up to $24.50; $10.98 on Lot No. 2—formerly priced up to $39.50; $18.50—suits that were $44.50 to $87.50. And some of them are swell Eton and Eton blouse models.

More Popular Than Ever the New SHEER SILKS

Sheer silks promise to take a position for popularity in the making of summer waists and other warm weather wear, that will surpass anything in previous years. In fact, there's no doubting but that, all through the line, silks of all kinds are to be extremely popular. If everybody knew we had some of these at the prices we sell them for, we'd be ordering more tonight.

New Habutai wash checks—48c.
Finest wash silk cords—39c.
Crepe de Chines—all the new colors you could wish for—in the quality you'd consider very fine at 75c, for only 59c a yard.

Among the latest arrivals are a few of the beautiful silks for suits and dresses, such as

New satin jacquards—$1.25.
New satin foulards—89c, $1 and $1.25.
Louisines and Persian taffetas, floral and novelty designs—$1, $1.25 and $1.50.
"Rajah"—too well known for talk—$1.25.
Rough suitings, 27 in., all colors—75c.

(Silk Section, West Aisle)

A FEUD OF ROYAL KIND

Duke of Cumberland and German Emperor Most Concerned.

It Involves a Throne, and No Peace is in Sight.

London, March 14.—One of the men upon whom the eyes of all Europe are turned at present is the Duke of Cumberland. For the first time since their estrangement, the duke recently consented to meet the German emperor at the funeral of the late king of Denmark and now it is being asked whether the son of the last king of Hanover is not finally prepared to relinquish his claim to the lost throne of that country and live at peace hereafter with the royal house of Prussia, which annexed his inheritance.

Those who expect him to do so, however, must have forgotten that the duke promised his royal father when the latter was on his deathbed always to look upon Prussia and Prussia's rulers as his natural enemies, and he is not the man to break his pledged word. Probably, in fact, he consented to break bread with Wilhelm II at Copenhagen only because it had been the wish of the dead King Christian, who, during his life, made several futile attempts to bring about a reconciliation between the two men. At any rate, the fact that no details whatever have been allowed to reach the public as to what took place at the meeting between the duke and the emperor is evidence that it was purely a formal proceeding.

The story of this historic feud is now such comparatively ancient history that its detail may have been forgotten by most people. It may not be amiss to explain, therefore, how the duke of Cumberland came to sit on the throne of Hanover, and how that throne was irrevocably lost. As heiress to the crowns of England and Hanover, Queen Victoria would, under ordinary circumstances, have ruled over this kingdom of North Germany, but the salic law prevented this and so the crown went to the oldest male member of the royal house of Hanover, Ernest, duke of Cumberland, who was Queen Victoria's paternal uncle. He, in turn, was succeeded in 1851 by his son, George, the father of the present duke of Cumberland, and this king it was who was so ill-advised as to throw in his lot with Austria against Prussia in the short but decisive war of 1866. As everybody knows, Austria was badly beaten; and King George of Hanover, dethroned and his country taken possession of by Prussia, was forced to take refuge across the Austrian border.

Here he was joined, later on, by his son, the present duke, who had fought with the Austrian forces, and who now was appointed to a colonelcy in the army of Francis Joseph. When his father died in 1878, the duke notified the various powers of his continued claim to the crown of Hanover, as well as to the duchies of Brunswick and Luneberg, and soon afterward he married the Princess Thyra of Denmark, and thus became brother-in-law to the then heirs apparent of the British and the Russian thrones.

Meanwhile the Prussian government had sequestrated, or in other words taken possession of the entire property of the Hanoverian crown, and it was affirmed for many years that Bismarck made use of the proceeds in bribing a portion of the German press to support his policy. For many years, however, the Prussian royal family has continuously held out the olive branch to the house of Cumberland and made them every reparation in their power—short of giving them back the crown of Hanover.

These overtures were begun by the late Emperor Frederick, the father of Wilhelm II, and when the present emperor came to the throne he sent a special mission to Gmunden, the seat of the Cumberlands in Austria, with a commission to negotiate a settlement, and at first all went smoothly. After some correspondence between the duke and the emperor, the sequestration of the property of the Hanoverian crown was removed, the duke professed his loyalty to the German fatherland, and his son, Prince George William, was recognized as duke of Brunswick. The emperor, however, insisted that the duke should formally abandon his royal claims. This the latter refused to do, and so the breach came about between them which has never been healed, and probably never will be.

The duke of Cumberland's existing honors are, however, many. As a direct descendant of George III and a member of the British peerage he has a right to sit in the English house of lords, and he is a general in the British army. His family seat, Schloss, Cumberland, near Gmunden, in Upor Austria, is a fine residence, loftily situated, and commanding beautiful views of the Austrian Alps. And here the duke and duchess of Cumberland, who might have been king and queen today had the former's father not made so bad a break, live the lives of a country squire and his lady, and find their pleasures chiefly in the companionship of their children and relations.

Doctors Are Puzzled.

The remarkable recovery of Kenneth McIver, of Vancebore, Me., is the subject of much interest to the medical fraternity and a wide circle of friends. He says of his case: "Owing to severe inflammation of the Throat and congestion of the Lungs, three doctors gave me up to die, when, as a last resort, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and I am happy to say it saved my life." Cures the worst Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Tonsilitis, Weak Lungs, Hoarseness and La Grippe. Guaranteed at all drug stores. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

What an artistic effect you can obtain in your store or office by letting us install for you one of our new designs in metal walls and ceilings. Practically indestructible, fire, water and vermin proof, and require no repairs.

Attractive interiors, as you know, draw trade, and why not join the procession of progressive and up-to-date business men and let us figure with you.

Duluth Corrugating and Roofing Company,

Office and factory—126-130 East Michigan St., Duluth.

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'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126.

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Largest Circulation In Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

THE MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

Mayor Cullum's message to the city council last night had a very firm, business-like ring to it, besides another merit uncommon in such documents—that of brevity.

Mostly, it is occupied with a succinct review of the year just past, in the course of which the progress of the city and the work of the municipal government are touched upon. Discussing the aerial bridge, he showed that all that remains to be done is to settle the expense account with the bridge company. "We cannot be expected to stand the expense of their failures and delays," says the mayor; a conclusion not by any possibility to be assailed. One street railway extension has been completed and another agreed upon, and much improved service is expected from the company this year. The crematory has been completed, the new milk ordinance appears to be working satisfactorily, the branch state laboratory is affording great convenience and accomplishing much good, the railroads have been made to pay for the Lake avenue viaduct improvements through a suit in court, the board of public works and the park board have done much work toward maintaining and beautifying the city; and so it goes through the details of municipal housekeeping.

His suggestion that brewers holding saloon licenses be held to the strictest accountability for the acts of their agents is timely, and should be rigidly observed. His tribute to the police department is a simple act of justice, serving to remind the citizens by comparison with the situation in other cities that they have ample reason to be thankful for the small measure of crime that exists in Duluth. As to the enforcement of law, he takes issue with those who believe all laws should be strictly enforced or repealed, and says that while some laws may not be strictly enforced at all times, they are none the less good laws, and should not be repealed, but should be used by the "conscientious executive to protect and benefit the public, but not to plague and persecute the individual." Which reasoning, in view of the fact that partial enforcement of law is better, clearly, than no enforcement at all, is not to be gainsaid.

A community as a rule is just as good as the average of its citizens want it to be. It is neither so bad as its worst elements might like to see it, nor so good as its best citizens might wish it to be, but somewhere between, the exact level depending somewhat upon the preponderance of good or bad elements in the community.

It is a pretty good, common sense, business-like message, and it is impossible to refrain from again commending the mayor for his temperance in the use of words, in that he put in small compass what many mayors might have spread thinly over a dreary waste of verbiage.

DESERTERS OF FAMILIES.

It is comforting to hear from the local poor authorities that the demands for public aid are very slight these days, but it is most depressing to learn that 90 per cent of the appeals that do come in are from mothers and children who have been deserted by their husbands and fathers.

The man that would run away and leave the dependent members of his family to shift for themselves is a heartless, unspeakably brutal cur, and the law should hold no mercy for his shameful offense.

Yet according to A. P. Cook, clerk of the poor board, who comes into contact with all the applicants for public aid, the law has been made so merciful to these rascals that their offense is more common than it was when a sterner provision of law prevailed.

Five years ago there was a law that made wife-desertion a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the state penitentiary. One man was caught by it, sent to prison for a year, and infinitely improved by the process. Not only that, but his experience no doubt had a wholesome effect upon other shiftless husbands who might have been thinking upon the plan of leaving their families in want that they might live comfortably themselves. Now that law has been repealed, and the worst that can be given a wife-deserter is ninety days in the county jail.

This is too little. One might almost feel like going so far as to agree with Mr. Cook that perhaps the whipping post might be revived with advantage for the benefit of such worthless scoundrels. At least, even if people shrink from the relapse to barbarism implied in a revival of corporal punishment for offenders against public decency, all will agree that a short jail sentence, which means nothing more or less than free board and lodging to most of them, is a ludicrously inadequate punishment.

In times of prosperity like these, wherein there is ample work for all willing hands, there is no excuse for pauperism, and there is practically none except such as abandoned families provide. The way to stop that is to punish those who bring it about with as little mercy as they show their dependent wives and little ones. A year at hard labor is punishment light enough for the base hound that will desert his family. The law should certainly be changed back to a basis where it will give the courts a chance to deal out suitable punishment in such cases.

JUST PLAIN THEFT.

When District Attorney Jerome brought the life insurance cases to the attention of the grand jury, the first thing taken up was the contribution of large sums of money to campaign funds by the officers of several of these companies.

The question then arose whether or not this is a crime, and if so, what particular crime it is. So they asked the court about it.

The judge told them what it was. Shorn of legal abstrusities and amiable circumlocutions, what he said it was was this: Larceny; otherwise known as stealing.

This agreed with the popular idea of the offense. The people did not know, of course, just exactly what view the courts would take of it, but they had their own views, and they were most definite and pronounced. They did not even call it by so euphonious a name as "larceny." They called it theft, and they demanded its prosecution as such.

Said the court: "A person who appropriates to his own use, or that of any person other than the true owner, any money, personal property, thing in action, evidence of debt or contract, or article of value of any kind, steals such property, and under the law of the state of New York is guilty of larceny; and again, and nearer in point to the questions submitted by you, a person having in his possession, custody or control as agent, clerk, trustee or officer of any association or corporation, any money, property or evidence of debt or contract, article of value of any kind or thing in action or possession, who appropriates the same to his own use or to the use of any other person than the true owner or person entitled to the benefit thereof, steals such property, and under the law of the state of New York is guilty of larceny."

That ought to be plain enough. The Hamilton committee's investigations developed the uncontroverted fact that the officers of certain life insurance companies, having in their custody and control certain trust funds belonging to the companies and to the policyholders of these companies, appropriated portions of such money to the use of the Republican national committee on several distinct occasions. It is not necessary to twist the law or the court's interpretation of the law to make that out to be larceny, pure and simple.

Of course the insurance officials did not intend to steal the money. They had no criminal thought in mind when they took it. But technically, at least, it appears clear enough that the act was larceny, and as such it is proper matter for a grand jury to consider and act upon.

STATE LAND SALES.

The Duluth Commercial club is taking hold of the campaign of advertising the approaching sales of state lands in Northern Minnesota in a properly vigorous manner.

The map it has issued in response to the suggestion of the state auditor includes not only St. Louis county, but all the adjoining counties in which state lands sales are to be held, as follows: Itasca, Beltrami, Hubbard, Cass, Aitkin, Carlton, Crow Wing and Wadena. Besides showing the location of the land and explaining the terms of sale, the map describes the nature of the soil and the weather conditions and gives a number of other pertinent facts about the land and its sale.

In these sales about 300,000 acres of land will be offered. Most of it is adjacent to the settlements, and it should find a ready sale providing it is advertised extensively enough so that people will know that it is going to take place. The efforts of the Commercial club in taking up this matter of advertising the sales, and the manner in which it is being done, is well-advised.

The state land sales would have better success if the legislature had been more generous in its appropriations for advertising purposes. The amount it grudgingly doled out was small, but it has been made to go as far as possible, and the results from its expenditure should warrant the next legislature in loosening the purse strings a little more. Sales since the advertising was done have been more largely attended and have yielded higher prices than any previous sales.

While the request of the state land department was simply that each locality advertise its own county, the Duluth Commercial club is advertising the whole sale at the same time, for every acre of the land offered is in Duluth's territory, and every settler added to the area tributary to Duluth is a help toward building up not only all Northern Minnesota, but toward making Duluth, its capital, a greater and a better city.

Meantime, all the other counties in which sales are to be held are laboring to promote them and to arouse public interest in them, so that bidding should be lively when the state's auctioneer comes around upon his duty. The dates of the sales are as follows: Duluth, April 9; Carlton, April 10; Aitkin, April 11; Brainerd, April 12; Walker, April 13; Park Rapids, April 14; Bemidji, April 16; Grand Rapids, April 17.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The groundhog is due to wake Friday, if the heat has not disturbed his slumbers already.

* * *

The editor of the code appears to have been trying to do his little best in the interests of Republican harmony. He left Hennepin county out.

* * *

A royal duke has been placed under guardianship for mental weakness, drunkenness and prodigality. And yet he is still a duke; still a member of the "nobility."

* * *

Pick out your strong men for the legislature from Northern Minnesota, see that they get there, and make sure that they do something while they are there.

* * *

The term "contempt of court" acquired a new and deeper shade of meaning when Justice Deuel of "Town Topics" fame resumed his seat on the New York bench.

* * *

It is a mercy that people have not the capacity to feel such a horror as the French mining casualty, where over 1,000 lives were lost, in anything like its proper proportion.

* * *

After flirting with license for a time, most of the small towns of Vermont are back on a prohibition basis. The local option plan seems in many ways to work best of all temperance attempts.

* * *

The Pittsburg Dispatch says: "The senate counts that day lost when it does not discover a new flaw in the rate bill." It's pretty sad, too, when a day passes without its being able to put a flaw in it.

* * *

In 1874 Wisconsin passed a railroad law, and a railroad president declared solemnly that it meant the destruction of all future railroad enterprise in that state. When he spoke Wisconsin had 1,525 miles of railroad, and today it has over 7,000 miles.

* * *

Some Minnesota newspapers think they are having fun with Governor Johnson because he has indicated that he will suggest certain things to the next legislature, and the election has not yet been held. Even if he were not elected, the retiring governor sends a message to the legislature, as well as the incoming chief executive.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Wyoming is one of the richest states in the Union and one of the least known," said J. A. McAvoy of Lander, Wyo., at the McKay. "Five thousand miles of railroad will be built within the borders of this great commonwealth within the next five years, and the resources will make it one of the most important states in the Union from a mining, agricultural and commercial standpoint.

"The Northwestern railway is building 150 miles of track from Casper, Wyo., to Lander, and this will be completed this summer. The Burlington is also building a line into the state from the north. Lander is a progressive Western town of 1,500 inhabitants, and the population is increasing at a rapid rate. It is the supply point for a large sheep, cattle and mining country, and has long been in need of a railroad. Up to the present time all the freight has been brought to the town by the wagon route. Despite the great distance it is from the railroad, Lander is an up-to-date town in all respects, with fine churches and public buildings. The educational system is equal to any in the country.

"The largest opening of Indian reservation land in the history of the United States will occur next June, when 1,500,000 acres of land now within the borders of the Shoshonee reservation will be opened to settlement. It is expected that fully 100,000 people will register to have a chance at the land.

"Within ten miles of Lander there are seven oil wells capable of flowing 1,000 barrels a day each. The wells are plugged at present, but enough oil runs so that it is necessary to burn 1,000 barrels of it every month to get it out of the road. The company controlling the property formerly had immense reservoirs in which to store the oil, but these broke last year and, mixing with the waters of the river, overflowed a number of farms below where they were located. The concern had to pay out $10,000 damages. The reservoirs were on the Little Popoagia river.

"Thirty miles south of Lander is the Sweetwater gold mine, located on the old overland trail. There are five mines in the district, each of which has produced $1,000,000 in ore, and all the digging thus far has been above the 200-foot level. Probably the largest deposit of placer gold in the world, so far as is known, is located in the vicinity of Lander. There are 10,000 acres of pay gravel.

"In addition to the mining and oil, that part of Wyoming is a great agricultural and fruit country, and cattle and sheep are raised on an extensive scale. All the grains and all the hardy vegetables are raised. Apples from this district took first prizes at the St. Louis and Portland expositions. Irrigation is depended upon almost entirely. The government is expending $5,000,000 in irrigation projects, and is now building the largest dam in the world at Alcova, on the Sweetwater river.

"Casper, Wyo., last year was the biggest wool-shipping center in the United States. Formerly, it was a great cattle country, but the sheep have driven the cattle farther west. Even now the feeling between the sheepmen and cattlemen is very bitter, and occasionally there are battles between them, in which the herders lose their lives. The cattlmen have even gone so far as to establish a dead line quite a distance west of Landers, and notices are posted along it. The sheepherder knows that it is the much as his life is worth to cross the line and disregard the notices. Cattle cannot live in a sheep country, but sheep can grow fat following a herd of cattle. The smell of live mutton is objectionable to the cattle, and they will go 100 miles to escape it."

* * *

"Talking about automobiles," said C. A. Rose of Chicago at the Lenox, "reminds me of a story I heard the other day about an Illinois farmer who had been greatly troubled by ground hogs or woodchucks. The broad acres owned by the man were full of holes dug by the industrious creatures. A happy thought struck the farmer one day, and he drove his automobile into the back pasture, and removing the safety valve, attached a piece of garden hose to the boiler of the steamer. The other end of the hose was inserted into a hole in the ground and the steam turned on. The man was armed with a shotgun, and he stood back a few yards ready for action.

"Soon the steam began to penetrate the corridors of the groundhog home, and from the different exits were seen the tips of the noses of the groundhog family. As fast as they appeared on the surface they were shot by the farmer. In a short time he had killed nine of the woodchucks, and he also captured eight young wolves that were driven out in the same manner. The state paid a pounty of $5 each for the wolves, so that the morning's sport netted $40, and in a day or two the farm was rid of groundhogs."

* * *

Members of the Portage Lake hockey team were registered at the Lenox yesterday. They were on their way from Michigan to Winnipeg. They arrived over the South Shore road in the morning and left over the Great Northern in the evening.

* * *

Maurice S. Dessau of New York, said to be the youngest black diamond salesman in the business, but among the oldest in point of experience, is registered at the Spalding. He has just returned from the range towns, where he did a very good business. There is something attractive about the life of a black diamond salesman, for his field covers the whole of America. Mr. Dessau visits Canada, all parts of the United States, from coast to coast, and Mexico in carrying out his business.

"Our firm, S. Dessau's Son, imported the first black diamond ever brought into this country," said Mr. Dessau. "Black diamonds come from Brazil. This is a great season for business, and there is plenty of it for all the companies engaged in the sale of black diamonds. If the sales continue as large during the remainder of the year as during the first part, this will be a gala year. Black diamonds are scarce, and the price is consequently high, but they are in big demand nevertheless, particularly through Northern Minnesota, where a lot of new development work is being carried on.

"Mining is also active in the West and Southwest and in Mexico."

* * *

At the McKay: R. L. Lewis, St. Paul; M. E. Watts, St. Paul; B. M. Buckinnester, Grand Forks; J. Myrman, Minneapolis, Minn.; G. W. Smith, St. Paul; F. O. King, Aitkin, Minn.; R. J. Wayne, St. Paul; Miss Jessie Sheridan, Miss Grace Sheridan, Solon Springs, Wis.; W. P. Winn, McKinley, Minn.; J. Lane, M. F. Stellmyern, Minneapolis; L. Moore, A. Reese, Lander, Wyo.; Ema Fluk, East Grand Forks; J. W. Murphy, Virginia.

* * *

At the Lenox: C. M. Thorpe, Toledo, O.; L. A. Rounds, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; L. Babin, Two Harbors; J. B. Rayn, Minneapolis; M. L. Elsemore, Lake Nebugamon, Wis.; T. R. Simpson, St. Paul; G. P. Goodell, Barnum, Minn.; Miss Annabelle Evans, Minot, N. D.; J. L. Stallman, Minneapolis; E. P. Sternberg, St. Paul; E. E. Stinson, Buffalo; J. McDonald, H. Wiegard, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.; E. Loretie, Ely, Minn.; L. Zoretie, Ely; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Wilson, New York; W. J. Monroe, St. Paul; W. Van Alstine, Rio, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs. R. Haldane, Houghton, Mich.; A. O. Wilson, Hibbing; F. W. Laing, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Spalding: E. McMurray, Brooklyn, N. Y.; S. H. Wilson, H. L. Happer, Minneapolis; E. DuBaes, Trenton, N. J.; DeForest Ward, Fairmont, Minn.; C. H. Smith, Wausau; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Satterlee, Minneapolis; T. C. Robinson, Chicago; S. A. Williams, W. H. Caskey, Cleveland; D. Bentron, Tower, Minn.; E. S. Kennore, Minneapolis; F. C. Laird, Skibo, Minn.; Miss L. F. Hamilton, Calumet, Mich.; M. T. Harris, J. H. Nelson, Hibbing; J. L. Heinrod, Los Angeles, Cal.; E. C. Mench, Rockford, Ill.; E. Arnold, J. F. Wood, J. B. Fay, Cleveland; H. W. Prnor, Dayton, Ohio.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. J. Travis, Owatonna, Minn.; E. M. Smith, Detroit; P. Schaefer, Ely, Minn.; G. E. Crume, Cando; J. C. Nethaway, C. N. Nethaway, Stillwater, Minn.; W. Merrill, Virginia; N. Somers, Ely, Minn.; M. T. Savage, J. H. Savage, Virginia; E. M. Runeck, Philadelphia; C. W. Barto, J. Verne, C. Gibbons, St. Paul; W. Orr, Woods, Minn.; G. C. Stall, Wheaton, Ill.; M. Peterson, Cloquet, Minn.; M. O. Aubolee, Two Harbors; E. Gunderson, J. Sedulholm, Ironwood, Mich.; J. Bedford, G. H. Good Ely; P. E. Dowling, Eveleth; A. H. Powers, Hibbing; R. Messerlin, Mitchell, S. D.; F. B. Rosson, Virginia; G. G. Ryan, North Freedom, Wis.; L. D. Hartman and mother, Two Harbors; H. F. Kendall, Hibbing; E. C. Mueller, Davenport, Iowa; D. L. McKay, Aitkin, Minn.; C. Stinson, Minneapolis; H. C. Braeger, Neenah, Wis.; E. J. Boyce, Neenah, Wis.

THE WEATHER

Instead of turning warmer and working up a small blizzard, as yesterday's indications seemed to forecast, it stopped snowing last night and turned colder, reaching down to 12 degs. below before it turned upward again. This morning it was clear and cold, with a sharp wind driving the frost in and making it stick. The warmest yesterday was 6 degs. above zero. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"The Saskatchewan high pressure has advanced its center to Minnesota causing a cold wave in the Dakotas and zero temperatures quite generally throughout the Northwest, the coldest being 32 degs. below zero at Williston, N. D., while at Duluth it was 12 degs. below zero at 7 a. m. The Utah disturbance remained stationery. It decreased in strength, but caused a continuance of snow or rain in nearly all districts. The high pressure will pass across this section tonight and Thursday and will be attended by fair weather and northerly winds, while the temperature will begin rising Thursday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	20	Miles City	—8
Atlanta	52	Milwaukee	12
Battleford	—10	Minnedosa	—14
Bismarck	—22	Modena	32
Boston	18	Montgomery	58
Buffalo	16	Moorhead	—16
Calgary	—24	New Orleans	66
Charleston	54	New York	38
Chicago	26	Norfolk	40
Cincinnati	26	Northfield	2
Davenport	20	North Platte	10
Denver	8	Oklahoma	24
Detroit	20	Omaha	12
Devils Lake	—20	Phoenix	52
Dodge	12	Pierre	—10
Duluth	—12	Pittsburg	24
El Paso	48	Portland, Or.	56
Escanaba	0	Prince Albert	—14
Galveston	62	Port Arthur	—16
Green Bay	2	Qu'Appelle	—14
Havre	—22	Rapid City	—6
Helena	—8	St. Louis	36
Houghton	—4	St. Paul	2
Huron	—14	San Francisco	48
Jacksonville	60	Santa Fe	34
Kamloops	8	Sault Ste. Marie	—4
Kansas City	20	Shreveport	62
Knoxville	52	Spokane	8
La Crosse	10	Swift Current	—18
Lander	—16	Washington	38
Little Rock	44	Williston	—32
Los Angeles	46	Winnemucca	26
Marquette	0	Winnipeg	—12
Medicine Hat	—20		

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, March 14.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; continued cold tonight; rising temperature Thursday; fresh northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 14.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and colder tonight, with snow in southeast portion; Thursday probably fair and continued cold.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Thursday; colder in southeast portion tonight; rising temperature Thursday.

North Dakota—Fair tonight and Thursday; slowly rising temperature.

South Dakota—Fair tonight and Thursday, except snow flurries in southwest portion; rising temperature Thursday.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Chicago Tribune: Miss Thuttyfore—He was the best and truest man in the world, but we quarreled, and—well, you know the rest.

Miss Chillicon—Yes, I understand; it is always the biggest fish that gets away.

Brooklyn Life: The Magnate—Do you mean to say, sir, that you will charge me $1,000 for this operation if I live and $2,000 if I die? How is that?

Great Surgeon—If you die it will be so much easier to collect from the estate.

Catholic Standard and Times: "You know," remarked Mr. Klumsey, "they say dancing is the poetry of motion."

"Huh!" snorted Miss Grace, just recovering from a waltz with him, "but when the feet get twisted it's mere doggerel."

Cleveland Leader: Her—No, Tim—my ideal man must be brave and intellectual.

Him—Well, didn't I rescue you from those tramps that attacked you?

Her—That was brave, but not especially intellectual.

Him—Wasn't it? I hired those tramps to attack you!

Cleveland Plain Dealer: The bride's father was looking the presents over.

"How are we coming out, daddy?" she asked, in her playful way.

"As near as I can figure up the lot," he gloomily replied, "we are coming out in debt."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I see that the Monte Carlo gambling shop cleared a profit of $5,990,000 last year."

"That's a great bank to do business with—for the syndicate that runs it."

Chicago Tribune: "Sh!" whispered the burglar to his pal. "What's that?"

"Nothin' but a graphophone," said the other. "G'wan in. It's on the floor above."

"Ye blame fool, hain't ye got sense enough to know that everybody in this flat'll be wide awake and swearin'? Back out!"

The rear window was found open next morning, but nothing was missed.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Crookston Times: Frank M. Eddy announces that he is not a candidate for governor, and the Warroad Plaindealer has our sympathy at this time.

Mankato Free Press: McCleary, alarmed over his impending downfall in the Second district, has had the word spread broadcast that the Germans are after his scalp, and propose to dump a few barrels of money into this neck o' the woods in order to accomplish their purpose.

Stillwater Gazette: With the best bread and butter in the world and a pure food law that is working over time, all we now need, to be at the top of the ladder of fame, is a law actually requiring good cooking.

Red Wing Republican: Apparently the only tie that binds President Roosevelt and Senator Tillman is a railroad tie.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: Two cents a mile is all right, but it is not half as important as having a square deal on freight rates. The railroads while making a bluff of opposition for public effect, will be well pleased with a change in the law abolishing railroad passes and making the passenger rate 2 cents a mile. They reason if they permit this to be done they can head off for several years the more important matter of giving the people fair freight rates. Your railroad boys are a wise lot—and they are working all the time, while the people pay the bills.

Fairmont Sentinel: The trust attorneys, sometimes referred to as United States senators, have killed the Philippine tariff bill. The tobacco trust and the sugar trust told their agents what they wanted and it was promptly looked after.

Moorhead Independent: Some of the railroads are conducting a bureau of education—free—for the newspapers of the Northwest, sending out their literary effusions from Chicago. They make dandy copy paper—but it is an awful waste of postage.

North Branch Review: "Silence is golden"—that's why there are so many poor people.

Carlton Vidette: Dr. Wiley declares that there is only one brand of whisky in this country that is fit to drink. There is a difference of one between Dr. Wiley and the W. C. T. U. which insists there is no brand that is fit to drink.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: With Block a candidate, what reason can Republican papers and Republican speakers give to the people why he should be elected over Governor Johnson, save that he is a good fellow and a Republican? Like some ten or twenty thousand other citizens of the state, he would make a creditable governor if elected. But what is there in his record or his personality that makes him the best man to lead the Republican hosts in a desperate battle?

Walker Pilot: In a town overrun with saloons you generally find a grocery man overrun with bad accounts.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The oftener a man swears off the easier he thinks it would be to live up to it.

Once in a while the world has as good an opinion of a man as he has himself; but it is after he is dead.

About the meanest thing people do in the world is the way the red-headed ones pass it along to their children.

There is hardly anything so surprising as to kiss a girl when the lights go out and find I was somebody else.

A man would have to be mighty rich not to begin to grumble about the stock market when he suspects somebody is going to strike him for a charitable subscription.

An Encouraging Boycott.

Philadelphia Record: The Chinese boycott upon the trade of this country is not so serious as it has been represented. According to the Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance, the exports of the United States to China in the seven months ending with January, 1906, amounted in value to $28,862,690, against $23,432,948 in the corresponding period of the preceding year. There is little cause to complain of that kind of a boycott.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Greatest Aid to Cookery

With least labor and trouble it makes hot-breads, biscuit and cake of finest flavor, light, sweet, appetizing and assuredly digestible and wholesome.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken From the Columns of The Herald of This Date, 1886.

***J. J. Costello, having associated with him Charles Wetherbee, is now prepared to do all kinds of gas and steam fitting and plumbing.

***At a meeting of a large number of laboring men at the G. A. R. hall last night, much enthusiasm prevailed and the question of forming a branch of the Knights of Labor was discussed.

***Taylor's sawmill on the lower part of Fifth avenue west has started up after a long shutdown. The lumber is being cut for the St. Paul & Duluth railroad and will be used on the work in the swamp.

***M. S. Colson will remove his St. Nicholas restaurant to his recently acquired property adjoining Tom McGowan's on May 1.

***It is said that the St. Paul & Duluth flour house, now in course of construction, will be the largest building used for the same purpose in the world.

***Col. Lounsberry has left the city and it is thought he will be heard from through a new Minneapolis paper in a short time.

***The great Winslow house in Minneapolis, the ancient hotel which was used in summer by Southerners in the early days of St. Anthony, is being torn down as rapidly as possible, to make room for the new Minneapolis exposition, to be completed in August next.

*** Forest & Perault have opened a new establishment at 624 West Superior street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, for the sale of wall paper, etc.

***Abaout 775 men went over to West Superior this afternoon to answer the advertisement for seventy-five men.

***The following real estate transfers have been recorded:

Fred Smith to William C. Sherwood, lot 290, block 17, Second division, $1,500.

Robert Stratton to Daniel Samuelson, lot 38, block 86, Third division, $200.

W. L. Banning to Superior Short Line railway, lot 3, block 17, Commerce division, $1,000.

Andwer Kubissyuski to John Fraser, lots 33, 35, 37 and 39, block 113, $600.

J. R. Myers to S. Bronhan, lots 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, block 128, Second division, $400.

Joseph R. McKinnon to T. A. Olmstead, lots 309 and 311, block 72, Second division, $1,500.

Smith & Sherwood to Mary A. Mennis, lots 8 and 9, block 62, Portland division, $650.

Mrs. Stewart to J. H. Douds, part lot 2, block 3, Central division, $5,000.

***Died, yesterday morning, in her 60th year, Mrs. M. C. Hoffman, mother of George N. and John H. LaVaque and Joseph Tall.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN

ALL THIS WEEK—Matinees Thursday and Saturday

CHERRY BLOSSOMS

Thursday is Ladies' Day. You know—Free Souvenirs. Night Prices 15c, 30c and 50c. Matinees 20c and 30c.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | GREAT ATTRACTIONS THIS WEEK.

TOMORROW NIGHT

Grand WRESTLING TOURNAMENT

Friday, Saturday, Saturday Matinee

The play divided into four acts,

"CHECKERS"

Big Racing Play. 150 People.
Prices 25c to $1.50—seats now.

LYCEUM | Seats Are on Sale Now at Lyceum Box Office.

Tomorrow (Thursday) Night.

A Grand Wrestling Tournament.

FRANK GOTCH AMERICA'S CHAMPION WRESTLER

—VS.—

The Gritty Duluthian—BILLY MAYNARD

Prices 25c to $1.50—All Seats Reserved.

Three Excellent Preliminary Matches, Beginning at 8:15 o'Clock.

SUNDAY EVENING, MARCH 18th

LYCEUM THEATER

"SOUSA"

"Sousa is great! After appearing before the courts of Europe he returns to his own unspoiled and more delightful than ever. The unanimous verdict in Symphony hall last night was 'Guilty in First Degree of giving the finest performance of his career.'"—Boston American, Thursday, Jan. 11.

Selections by Weber, Clarke, German, Zichrer, Mendelssohn, Gounod, Wagner and SOUSA.

SOLOISTS

PRICES 50c-$1.00.

Elizabeth Schiller, soprano; Jeanette Powers, violin; Herbert Clark, cornetist.

Gray-Tallant Co

Smart Styles in Spring Coats

Snug, convenient garments fashioned in neat, snappy styles. The prettiest of fabrics and trimmings are used in their make-up—nothing slighted about them—meant to keep out the nip and chill, and do it. You will admire their graceful lines. See them and you see the choicest. The price range is attractive.

TOURISTS' COATS—made of small, neat, checked gray goods or covert cloths—prettily trimmed with self strappings or velvet and braid—three-quarter or full length—very swagger—sell at from **$10 to $25.**

FITTED COATS of covert Venetian or broadcloth—some have coat collars, others inlaid with velvet and braid; plain rows of tailored stitching or strap trimmings; lined or unlined—neat styles—**$6.50 up to $25.**

THE UTILITY COAT—Rainproof materials in plain or checked goods—semi-fitted and loose back, prettily trimmed—the coat that looks dressy and suited for all kinds of weather; a big assortment at prices from **$9.50 to $28.**

SHORT BOX COATS—Nobby garments, and so handy—made of coverts or plaid mixtures, in pretty colorings; plain or strap trimmed—most comfortable garments; priced from **$6.50 to $15.**

Shadow Embroidery Most Popular.

Have you tried it yet? The stitch is simple and can be picked up in a very short time. Our Art department folk will teach you free of charge. Many ladies are embroidering whole dresses of sheer linen with it—others are making cuffs, collar and girdle to go with their gowns—it will make a hit. Then there are centerpieces, scarfs, doilies, corset covers, and many other pieces that it will be used on. We have the patterns and materials for the work—put in a few spare moments off and on and you will be surprised how you will enjoy it—beautiful when finished and so easy to do. Get a pattern and try it.

New Gloves.

The wanted kinds in all the new shades—dependable qualities. Don't run the risk of not getting yours later on—buy now when the assortment is largest.

MOSQUATAIRE GLOVES—16 and 12-button lengths—colors in gray, tan, black and white—the kinds that are wanted—some of your gowns or waists will have short sleeves—you will want these gloves—soft, pliable kid of a superior grade—16-button at $3.00; 12-button at **$2.50**

MOCHA GLOVES—the new Spring weight—very comfortable—pretty shades of plum, green, gray and mode—most satisfactory wearing—neat styes—extra value at, a pair..... **$1.50**

CENTEMERI GLOVES—a washable kid glove that will be immensely popular—very serviceable—shades of pearl gray, champagne, tan, navy and white and cream—fine fitting—a pair..... **$2.00**

Odd Laces and Insertions.

Many pieces of Valenciennes laces and insertions where the sets have been broken; good, desirable styles for trimming waists, dresses and underwear; just the kinds you will be wanting to use in your Spring sewing—we want a quick clearance of them—you will find them in one lot tomorrow. They sold up as high as 15c a yard, but regardless of this you have your choice at, a yard **5c**

Thursday Specials.

BELT BUCKLES of gilt and oxidized silver—pretty styles and good value at 35c. Tomorrow only. **25c**

HAND BAGS made of good quality of leather—colors in brown and black only—have coin purse—a 65c bag, Thursday, at.... **50c**

TUMBLER DOYLIES—pretty Tenneriffe wheel doylies offered tomorrow, while they last, at—each **10c**

RUCHINGS—the wanted colors and black and white—soon be picked up when they are offered tomorrow at, a yard..... **15c**

New Foulards.

The silk that always wears well and makes up so prettily—the new ones are printed in polka dot and small rosebud designs—23 inches wide and beautifully finished; firm weave and sure to hold its shape; pretty colorings—the very best offered at, a yard..... **69c**

Mohair Special.

Three pieces of cream mohair in corded and nubbed effects—heavy, firm weave and sure to launder and wear well—would make elegant suits, skirts or coats; on account of their hard finish they do not soil easily—$1.25 is the regular price of them—to close them we mark them, a yard **50c**

AN ARTICLE BY McGUIRE

Superintendent of Experimental Farm Gives Advice to New Settlers.

He Explains Conditions in Northeastern Part of the State.

Prof. A. J. McGuire, superintendent of the Northeast Experimental farm at Grand Rapids, Minn., has written an article on "Dairying for Northeastern Minnesota," which has been incorporated in a circular boosting this part of the state, issued by L. B. Arnold, assistant land commissioner of the Duluth & Iron Range road.

Prof. McGuire says:

"In locating in a new country a farmer should make himself acquainted with the natural conditions, and find out what branch of farming the country is best adapted for.

"Farming in a new country without 'getting the lay of the land' and without a definite plan or system of farming to follow too often results in failures. Every new country has its failures and this is largely the cause. Men have pulled out empty-handed from the very best farming districts in their early days for the reason that they did not utalize the natural advantages.

"Northeastern Minnesota has certain natural conditions that are especially favorable for dairy farming, and a dairy farmer may be sure of success if he follows the right system.

"The one thing which above all others that recommends Northeastern Minnesota as a dairy section, is its adaptability to growing feed. Clover, timothy, various kinds of wild grasses and wild pea vines, and under cultivation fodder corn and roots.

"Red clover, as well as the white clover and Kentucky blue grass grows naturally wherever the ground is at all broken as may be seen along railroads and through the trails in the woods. Under proper cultivation it yields from two to three tons per acre and at a single cutting. Fodder corn yields from four to eight tons of cured fodder per acre. The stock carrot and mangle yields from fourteen to twenty tons per acre. A piece of ground may be cleared in the spring and a crop of fodder corn or roots grown the first year.

"The uncleared lands furnish summer pastures whenever the timber has been removed sufficiently to let in the sun, or where there are open meadows and only light timber.

"With clover and fodder corn and roots, dairying may be conducted in winter without the use of expensive grains and mill products. In summer the dairy cow will bring in a splendid profit from the wild lands which otherwise would give no returns till put under cultivation.

"It is a conceded fact that the climate of the country about the Head of the Great Lakes is most favorable for the manufacture of the highest quality of butter and cheese. The air is pure, there is an abundance of water, and plenteous rain fall in summer.

"The richest iron mines of the world are located in Northeastern Minnesota. Railroads are opening up new towns and cities, affording more accessible markets. Indications are that the Head of the Great Lakes will become the greatest inland shipping point in the United States.

"A farmer will make no mistake by locating in Northeastern Minnesota. See your land before buying. If you don't mean business, keep out of the country. Only a worker of the old-time pioneer type will succeed. But for the man who is seeking a home and who is willing to work and intelligently, there is every opportunity.

"Bring only a few good animals with you. You must first get some land cleared to grow winter feed, and then increase your cows as the acres under cultivation increase.

"The system of farming in Northeastern Minnesota must be a diversified one with dairying as the leading feature, to sell products in a finished form—butter, meat, eggs and vegetables, etc.

"The timber in most cases will more than pay for clearing the land, but it should be remembered that the farmer who attempts to live off of the timber without putting the soil under cultivation will sooner or later come to grief. Use the timber as a means to better farming."

MELLIN'S Food for the Baby

We will suppose that your baby is having a little difficulty with his food. Perhaps he "Throws it up" after eating. If you will use Mellin's Food, properly prepared, the result will be that the meal is retained, and baby gets the full value of the nourishment, — then he grows strong and sturdy. Send for our free book of "Mellin's Food Babies."

The ONLY Infants' Food receiving the GRAND PRIZE at St. Louis, 1904. Gold Medal, Highest Award, Portland, Ore. 1905.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

UNIQUE FRAUD CHARGED.

Gothamite Lawyer Produced Bogus Heirs to a Valuable Estate.

New York, March 14.—Charged with forgery, committed in an attempt to get control of property valued at $1,000,000, Henry Huffman Browne, a lawyer, who at one time published Browne's Civil Procedure Reports, was placed on trial.

As outlined by Assistant District Attorney Train, Browne had an elaborate scheme, which involved bringing into existence persons who never had been heard of and representing they were the heirs of the original owners of the land. At one time, it is said, he posed as William R. Hubert before a notary public, who has identified him since his arrest. On this the specific charge is made.

Ebbe Peterson, a Norwegian, owned large tracts of land in Inwood and Mount Hope. In 1885 he determained to go back to Norway, and for this reason he deeded the land to his wife. Before sailing, however, he decided to take his wife and one child with him. They sailed on the steamship Geiser, which was run down by the Thingvalla off Sable island, and the Petersons were among the passengers who perished. They had no heirs and the property was apparently without an owner.

Browne had known Peterson, and, eight years after the disaster, he said he had found two heirs to the property. They were Charles A. Clark and a man in Boston named Wing. Soon thereafter a deed was filed, conveying part of the property from Clark and Wing to John J. Kelley. There were transfers of other pieces of the property. Kelley and Ignatius F. X. O'Rourke transferring their part to William F. Colliton. Mr. Train declared all these names were fictitious.

Three years ago there were recorded two mortgages on certain of the properties. They were for $3,300 and were made to a William R. Hubert, who was supposed to have taken the property from Benjamin W. Levitan. Browne told the court that Hubert was alive and in Colorado. This was denied by Mr. Train, and the court asked that all facilities be given to Browne to communicate with Hubert, if there was such a man.

Sloan's Liniment

For Tonsilitis

Price 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

RAILROADS

PLOT SEEN IN RATE CUT

Chicago Shippers Are Suspicious of Hiland's Proposition.

Declare Against Project to Effect Freight Charge Reduction.

Chicago shippers are up in arms against the proposition to reduce the Western lines' proportional of the through freight rate from New York to the Missouri river, and believe that they have discovered in it a plot to discriminate against Chicago jobbers.

Chicago's and St. Louis' interest in the matter comes entirely from the fear that, when the through rates are reduced to Kansas City and other Missouri river jobbing points, there will be no relative reduction in the rates between Chicago and the Missouri river, so that there will be a differential against Chicago, which will prohibit her jobbers doing business on the river, or in Colorado, Utah, Indian Territory, Missouri, Texas and Minnesota. It is declared that the proposed cut will affect the rates to all of this territory and will reach half way back into Iowa.

This fear is expressed despite the fact that Vice President J. H. Hiland has made public the statement that his plan comprehends the reduction of the local rates between Chicago and the Missouri river, as well as the local rates between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers. Chicago shippers declare they doubt Mr. Hiland's sincerity toward Chicago, and it is openly charged that he has an understanding with some Missouri river jobbers that they will give him a certain percentage of their business if he will get the other roads to accept this proposition, or if that is not possible, if he will make the rate independently.

THE COLD WEATHER.

Different Views Held Concerning It by Railroad Contractors.

The continued cold weather is a disappointment to the contractors who have in charge the work of constructing the Lake Superior & Southeastern road between Duluth and Ladysmith, Wis., but is regarded with warm favor by P. McDonnell, who will build the extension of the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road from Ashawa, Minn., to the border.

The Southeastern contractors are forced to wait until warm weather puts the ground in such condition that work of construction can be carried on, while the Rainy Lake road contractors wish the ground to remain frozen and covered with snow long enough so that they will have a chance to get their supplies for the summer into the district where the work is to be carried on. The swampy character of much of the ground makes teaming very difficult through the wilds of Northern Minnesota during the warm months.

New York Central Mortgage.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., March 14.—The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company has filed a mortgage for $1,000,000 issued by the Rutland Transit company to the Guaranty Trust company of New York, with United States Customs Collector Daniels of Ogdensburg. The mortgage covers the company's terminal and property in Chicago and seven steamboats operating between Ogdensburg and lake ports. The money is to be used for additional equipment and improvement of the company's property. The papers have been filed here where the company's vessels are registered in order for it to become valid.

Indigestion is much of a habit. Don't get the habit. Take a little Kodol Dyspepsia cure after eating and you will quit belching, puffing, palpitating and frowning. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold by all druggists.

IN SEARCH OF A WIFE.

Nebraska Man May be Accommodated at Sioux City.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 14.—"I want a wife. I don't give a hang whether she is good-looking or not, or how old she is, but she must be congenial and not belong to any church whatever." Bringing with him his fiddle and $1,800, C. W. Perry of Emerson, Neb., aged 75, came to Sioux City Monday bent on securing a wife. Before the end of the day he had numerous applications, and took two of the applicants under advisement by inviting them to eat dinner with him.

Maj. H. M. Chittenden, United States engineer in charge of the Yellowstone park and the entire Missouri river, will be transferred to Seattle, Wash., where he will take charge of the government station. It was first expected he would go to Savannah, Ga., but the order has been changed. Maj. Chittenden is one of the best engineers in the service of the government, which was recognized several years ago when he was chosen by congress to prepare a plan for irrigation in the arid West. Lieut. Col. Quinn is expected to succeed Maj. Chittenden at this point.

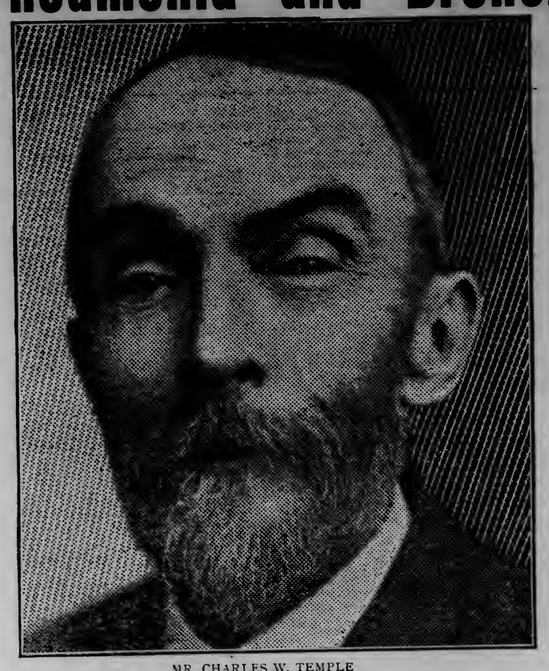
ADAMS DENIES CHARGES.

Superintendent of Wisconsin University Farm Contradicts Accusers.

Madison, Wis., March 14.—Before the legislative committee which is investigating the affairs of the state university, Prof. W. D. Frost of the bacteriological department denied that he has ever been instructed by persons in authority to be lenient with the class work of university athletes and to give them special examinations and other privileges not enjoyed by other students. He said, however, that he understood special favors were granted such students by certain members of the faculty.

Supt. L. H. Adams of the university farm, the man who is alleged to have stirred up most of the strife in the college of agriculture, flatly denied many of the charges made against him by members of the faculty, students and former employes of the farm. Adams is a nephew of Dean Henry, who is at the head of the college of agriculture. Professors L. H. Russell and E. G. Hastings of the bacteriological department declared there was no discord in their department and no favoritism shown to any students.

Pneumonia and Bronchitis Cured



MR. CHARLES W. TEMPLE

Mr. Charles W. Temple, of Manchester, New Hampshire, aged 73, praises Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for its wonderful curative powers.

Mr. Temple was enabled recently to celebrate his golden wedding anniversary, thanks to Duffy's, which cured him of pneumonia after having been confined to his bed for four long weary months.

He also finds Duffy's his only relief from bronchitis, with which he has suffered for years.

In an appreciative letter Mr. Temple says:

"I am nearly 73 years old and celebrated my golden wedding anniversary on November 15th last in the very best of health.

"In February, 1904, I was taken sick with pneumonia and was laid up for four months. No one thought I would recover, and I had almost given up hope myself, when I decided to try Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

"It soon cured me and brought back my health and strength to me. I find Duffy's my only relief for bronchitis, with which I have suffered for years, and I am never without a bottle of your grand medicine. CHAS. W. TEMPLE, 63 Peacock St., Manchester, N. H., Dec. 22nd, 1905."

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is an absolutely pure, gentle and invigorating stimulant and tonic, builds up the nerve tissues, tones up the heart, gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles and richness to the blood. It brings into action all the vital forces, it makes digestion perfect, and enables you to get from the food you eat all the nourishment it contains. It is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and sickly children. It strengthens and sustains the system, is a promoter of good health and longevity, makes the old young and keeps the young strong.

Duffy's is the only Whiskey that has been recognized as a Medicine. This is a Guarantee.

CAUTION.—Beware of so-called "cheap" imitations. A dangerous substitute is dear at any price, and you cannot risk trifling with your health. There is but one Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, and it is sold in bottles only, never in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and insist on having the genuine. You can get it at all druggists and grocers, or direct. $1.00 a bottle. Doctor's advice and medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

BOYCOTT OF THE VICAR

Led to Suicide of His Daughter, Who Was Ostracized.

Parishioners Would Not Relent Even After the Tragedy.

London, March 14.—Since that peculiar system of social ostracism and persecution, first introduced in Ireland, added a new word to the dictionary, boycotting has produced no more tragic and pathetic story than that which has just come to light through the suicide of one of its victims, the 14-year-old girl, the daughter of the Rev. William Bryant of Stoke Lyne. Notwithstanding his tragic bereavement, which has evoked expressions of sympathy from all over the country, the 175 inhabitants of that benighted Oxfordshire hamlet still continue the boycott of their vicar with unbated vigor. None of them will enter his church; none of them will do a stroke of work for him, and he has even to prepare his own meals.

What renders the case all the more remarkable is the entire absence, apparently, of any good reason why he should be subjected to such cruel treatment. The worst that can be said of him is that he has been unfortunate in his domestic relations and did not get along with some of his parishioners. Even his worst enemies do not accuse him of any moral turpitude as would justify shunning him like a creature accursed. He declares that the boycott is the result of coercion exercised against the parishioners by some powerful local magnates who are bent on driving him from his church. And he refuses to be driven.

Mr. Bryant is an M. A. of Oxford, a brilliant scholar and an excellent preacher. At the two previous livings which he had occupied he had given entire satisfaction, and at one of them he had established a church institute where he was wont to lecture on astronomy. He went to Stake Lyne in 1892. He gave offense to some of his parishoners by refusing to permit the schoolroom attached to the church to be used for smoking concerts. He wounded the dignity of a charwoman who had been engaged to clean the church by telling her that he did not consider it good manners on her part to sit down in his presence while he, himself, stood. He gave offense to Sir Algernon and Lady Peyton by remonstrating with a governess in their employ for remaining seated during the recital of certain portions of the church service when it is customary for all the congregation to stand. After that Sir Algernon and Lady Peyton came no more to the church, and Sir Algernon resigned his church wardenship. So far as relates to his treatment of his parishioners, in his official capacity, these constitute the most serious charges made against him. No one would venture to affirm that such acts, even if the worst possible construction were placed upon them, would justify the application of a boycott more merciless and persistent than was ever witnessed in Ireland.

Apparently, it was the infelicity of Mr. Bryant's domestic relations—matters which are commonly regarded as a man's own private concerns—which gave the greatest umbrage to his parishioners. He married a widow witn two daughters. It is no unusual thing for men who marry widows with ready made families to find connubial life anything but blissful. Just whose fault it was in this case isn't clear, and it doesn't matter much. Both of Mr. Bryant's stepdaughters left him, and four years ago his wife followed suit.

Rightly or wrongly, Mr. Bryant thought that it was mainly outside interference which had wrecked his family life, and was injudicious enough to express the opinion, from his pulpit that someone in the parish had done the mischief. That was the signal for the aplication of the boycott in full force. The organist, choir, parish clerk and all the other officials and hirelings of the church, down to the church cleaner, resigned and all the worshippers abandoned their pews. The room in which he was accustomed to hold a Sunday school was locked against him.

After that, save for a chance wayfarer or two who happened to stray in, his own little daughter, Emily, was the only attendant at the church services. She was 10 years old when the boycott against him was proclaimed. She shared his lonely life after his servants had left him. She seems to have been a peculiarly precocious and sensitive child, and her sympathy with her father, rather than the conduct of neighbors toward herself, personally, caused her life to be as isolated as his own. She did not go to school because she could not endure to hear what other children said about her father. In him, however, she found an able teacher, and made great progress in her studies, which were destined to fit her to enter the medical profession, but she often complained of the loneliness of her life.

She had been prepared for confirmation. One evening—it was the fourth anniversary of her mother's flight from the house—she asked her father if he thought a girl who had prepared for confirmation, if she shoul ddie before she was confirmed, would go to heaven. He replied that he thought she would. That night she took cyanide of potassium and died. Then it was the vicar recognized the significance of the question. All Stoke Lyne flocked to the inquest where the tragic story was told.

The next Sunday none of the inhabitants of Stoke Lyne went to the church. The boycott was still on. The vicar tolled the bell himself and alone entered the building where the dust of many months lay undisturbed on window ledges, and all save one, the little pew up at the top of the church where poor Emily was wont to sit. The hassock still shows the impression of her knees as Sunday after Sunday she knelt there alone to receive on behalf of Stoke Lyne her father's benediction.

Impelled by inexorable law, the vicar went through the service to empty benches. No anthem cheered him and no friendly face was there to chase away the uncomplaining resignation in his tear dimmed eyes. He even preached a sermon to the unresponsive walls. As he began it a stranger entered the vestibule and screened by the half open door was an unobserved observer of the scene that followed.

"If in this life alone we have hope in Christ, we are all men the most miserable," we are the text chosen by the afflicted man, and on it he founded a little homily which sounded strangely like an expression of his own blind trust in the Almighty. Suddenly he paused and looked at the empty benches. One by one he scanned them till he looked at the place where the child of his heart used to sit and listen to his teaching. Checking by an effort the sob that rose in his throat, he resumed his discourse. "It will not be expected," he said, "that I should say much this morning concerning her who is in all our thoughts. Only I may remind you that she was to us an exemplification of the truth of our text. It is true that she had hopes in this world. She had hopes and plans and prospects, for her great ambition was to serve God, and to do good to her fellow men. But then she also looked beyond this world."

Human nature ould stand no more. The poor man's stubborn fortitude gave way and he burst into tears, but only for a moment. Clutching the ledge of the pulpit with both hands he pulled himself together, and left his child "In peace with God where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest."

The last prayer read, he stood on the altar steps, and raising his hands to heaven, uttered the beautiful words of the benediction, and a moment later was kneeling alone in his church, bowed beneath the weight of unutterable woe. His duty done he locked the doors. For a moment he stood with clasped hands by his daughter's grave and then passed on to the gray solitude of the vicarage where he lives an outcast from his people.

"Generally debilitated for years. Had sick headaches, lacked ambition, was worn-out and all run down. Burdock Blood Bitters made me a well woman."—Mrs. Charles Freitoy, Moosup, Conn.

ADVENTURESS IS SENTENCED

To Eighteen Months' Imprisonment for Defrauding London Hotel.

London, March 14.—"Princess Soltykoff," the most remarkable adventuress who has appeared in Europe for many years, has been sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment for defrauding a hotel.

She is the daughter of a poor Cheshire joiner, and her career of crime was due to the fact that she had a passion for posing as a member of the nobility. That she often succeeded is due to her aristocratic type of beauty. She is cultured and refined appearing.

The princess has become an alleged convert to Mohammedanism and her oath in court was taken in a spectacular manner. In the witness box she removed her shoes, placed one hand on the Koran, another on her forehead, palm outward, and bowed three times, making her palm touch the book.

At the age of 18, after leaving her home, the princess made the acquaintance of Lord Anglesey, who ran himself into bankruptcy through his inability to resist feminine charms. His lordship took the girl to Monte Carlo with him, and afterward she assumed the name of Lady Murial Paget, Paget being the Anglesey family name. With this title she went to fashionable shops and had wares sent to her house. After she got the goods she left her boarding house without paying her bill. This trick she constantly repeated. Later she took the name of Princess Soltykoff, claiming she had maried a Russian prince in Scotland.

She testified in court that her principal drink was vodka, two bottles of the liquid a day. She also took quantities of morphine and opium.

The princess took up the profession of nurse as a pastime, and, posing as a lady of title and well-to-do, she induced a young student at Guy's hospital named Prebble to marry her.

When Prebble's relatives discovered she was an adventuress they cut him off and he joined the army, where he is now a corporal at $3 a week.

Her husband tried to keep her straight, but nothing could stop her periodically recurring desire to pose as a woman of title.

Evils Resulting From Constipation

How This Trouble May Be Readily Corrected

You are drowsy, heavy, loggy, lack energy—every exertion is an effort—your head is not clear and it is hard to think, you have a full and oppressed feeling in your stomach and bowels—all your limbs and body ache—in fact, life seems hardly worth living under such conditions. Ask yourself, "Do your bowels move regularly?" If you feel as above your answer will be "NO"—that is the cause of your troubles. If not properly corrected this condition will lead to much more serious disorders of the blood and body due to the poisons in the waste matter which should be promptly carried off. And it seems so foolish to suffer when Nature has provided her own wholesome and certain remedy in the pure Mineral Laxative Water—HUNYADI JANOS—from the famous Springs in Hungary. ½ a tumblerful of this wonderful water drunk on arising in the morning (slightly warmed for best results) will give you within an hour a delightfully pleasant and copious movement. This will clear your head, sharpen your appetite and make a new man of you. Try it and see. At all Druggists.

WEAK EYES

Directly due to coffee in many cases. Think not? Try

POSTUM

10 days in place of coffee.

WOMEN'S PAGE

"Don't talk to me," gasped the girl in the gymnasium suit as she stood on one foot on the scales and held her breath. She wanted to weigh light. The hundred pound symbol was put on and the balance business moved to the right. It was moved ten pounds worth; nothing doing. Ten more, the hook shaped arrangement still remained up in the air, ten more, and ten more and ten more and ten more and eight more. "A hundred and sixty-eight" said the inexorable mentor who was presiding at the scales. "Oh," groaned the victim, "me to the Indian clubs and hip reducing exercises.

"Me, next," shrilled the thin girl and she plumped on the scales and bore down hard. "A hun-dred a-nd three," said the person who did the counting. "Well, if that isn't consumtive sounding," said the girl who was composed apparently mostly of wire. "I just knew I was getting thin. What would be the best thing for me to do," she asked anxiously of the director. "Get busy," was the laconic reply. And then a dozen more girls got on and not one approved of the result that the scales showed up, which suggested the eternal fight for beauty which is being eternally waged.

The person who has five pounds more than 150 is worrying herself pink and healthful to reduce it and the one who doesn't aproach 120 drinks chocolate, sleeps much, lies abed late when she wants to get up, lets pickles alone when she is just simply smitten with every variety, and gains one pound and worries off five if he doesn't telephone upon the minute when she is expecting it. The war of the classes isn't in it with the everlasting war that the feminine world carries on against increasing avoirdupois or a cold looking slenderness.

"I am spoiling my disposition trying to get thin," said a girl who in ten more years will have regular jowls. "I constantly and regularly worry over everything. I don't really care, you know, but they advise thin people not to worry, and the inverse or opposite of that proposition ought to be true, so I spend hours anxiously trying to find out what I will do if our neighbors move this spring and others move in, and what we will do if we don't like them; and then I bother my head over how unalterable it would be if I should get a spring suit in grey and it made me look larger and a hat that wouldn't be becoming, but you see," she said with a comfortable gurgle, that displayed several dimples of couplous size, "it doesn't do a bit of good."

The pictured advertisements of before and after to the contrary, the fight is a hopeless one but the people who want to reduce and the people who want to increase go to gymnasiums nearly every hour of every day, and take the very same exercises with hopeful optimistic energy that the exercises will take away that extra ten or add it on.

Y. W. C. A. Lecture.

Dr. Homer Collins will be the speaker this evening at the Young Women's Christian association in the series of talks which have been arranged by the educational committee. "The Eye and Its Care" will be the subject of the talk to be presented this evening and the members and their friends are invited to be present at 8 o'clock.

Lecture on Play.

The Morning Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club has arranged for a lecture to be given tomorrow morning at the club room of the library by Prof. James Murdock of Superior, who will speak on "The Winter's Tale." Mr. Maddock is an earnest Shakespearian student and the talk on this comedy is being eagerly anticipated by the members. A very cordial invitation is extended the members of the other classes of the club and any one interested to attend the meeting at 10 o'clock.

Secretary Here.

Miss Daisy M. Griggs of Minnapolis, state secretary of the Young Women's Christian association, arrived in the city this afternoon. It is not known how long her stay in Duluth will be in the interests of the local association, and no plans have yet been made for any public meetings. Miss Griggs, during her visit, will be the guest of Miss Kathleen Watterworth of East First street.

Events of Interest.

The Women's Relief corps will entertain at cards tomorrow afternoon at their hall at 112 West First street.

* * *

The Park Point auxiliary of the First Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. Radcliffe of Thirty-first street.

* * *

A benefit entertainment arranged by Miss Evelyn F. Casmir will be given Sunday evening at the Flaaten auditorium by the Jolly Coterie. The program will consist of literary and musical numbers and also a one-act comedy entitled "Kate's Infatuation."

* * *

Mrs. J. M. Murphy of the Christian block, entertained Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. J. E. Owen of Minneapolis at an afternoon tea. Mrs. Owen, Mrs. Cutliff, Mrs. Gibbs and Mrs. Dillon assisted in receiving.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. Pascal Ware of Omaha is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Blanchard of the Belvidere apartments.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cotton left today for Hot Springs, Va. Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hartman will leave within the next few days for New York and from there will go to Hot Springs, and Mr. and Mrs. William White and the Misses White wil lalso be among the Duluth colony at this resort.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Wessinger have returned from a several weeks' trip through the West.

Card Party.

Mrs. D. J. Dellin of Osborne Terrace entertained with cards Monday evening for Mrs. J. E. Owen of Minneapolis. A guest prize was awarded Mrs. Owen; the first prizes to Mrs. Western and Mr. Butchart; second prizes to Mrs. Kruschke and Mr. Ayers and consolation prize to Mrs. Kruschke. Musical numbers were given by Mrs. Purdy, Mr. Wood, Miss Annie Purdy and Mrs. Gibbs. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
W. E. Wicks,	McCormack,
Kruschke,	Ayers,
Freeman,	Butchart,
Weston,	Wood,
Mesdames—	
Purdy,	Yergen,
Murphy,	Larson,
James,	Lyons,
Misses—	
Annie Purdy,	Freeman,
Messrs.—	
Nelson,	Lester Dillon.
Dillon,	

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Hubbard squash, 5 cents a lb.

Pineapples, 50 cents each.

Asparagus, 20 cents a bunch.

Eels, 20 cents a lb.

Little trout, 15 cents a lb.

Skinned perch, 10 cents a lb.

Day after tomorrow is the anniversary of the birth of the Irish saint, who acording to report got busy along about the fifth century with the squirmy, wiggly things that were getting the people all fidgety. Well, in the butcher shop they've got a group of things that look like the originals banished from Ireland. They are frozen and about two feet long and slender and curved and black looking and unattractive, and arouse fear that if they were allowed to thaw thy would coll in and out among themselves and they would make you esthetleally shudder "Boo" to the delight of the stoical butcher man And to "come the full stop" they are eels. Eels which may, according to Mrs. Rorer, be boiled or fried or made into a kind of chowder; eels which make you dream dreams at night after having seen them in one curving mass that make the hallucinations of a police court habitue a mild and harmless delusion; eels which take on many colors and much activity after the "death of each day's life" lays hold of one, and eels which can be procured for nothing less than 20 cents a lb. The first to be received are in the local market and you may get them if you hurry.

Spring Shopping for White Gowns Has Begun Early

By A. T. ASHMORE.

It is never too early to shop, for it is only by commencing weeks ahead of time that a satisfactory outfit is ever acquired by the date necessary. This year it will be easier than usual to order beforehand the spring trousseau, for the exceptionally mild weather has relegated to the shelves and back parts of the store all winter garments.

Not only spring gowns but fascinatingly pretty summer frocks are already on view everywhere. These last, however, have been specially designed for the Southern resorts and are still on hand for those who will take their winter vacation just before Easter. Southern trips seem to have been rather postponed this year, but there are few who will give up altogether the necessary rest ensuing from change of scene and climate, and for these last are still exhibited dainty muslin dresses, picturesque leghorn and lingerie hats.

A white gown is, of course, the most economical robe to purchase, no matter how high the price, and particularly for the costume that is to do service during the summer all white is unquestionably best. Organdie is being worn again this year and some of the prettiest models now seen in the South are of this material, trimmed simply with Valenciennes lace. Among the white gowns there are many beautiful lingerie—hand embroidered linen—dresses. These are worn in the South for morning and afternoon and many of them are seen in the evening, as a decollete gown is not often worn at a hotel. Instead of all white, pink, blue, green or mauve sashes and belts are worn, giving an attractive note of color, the same shade being carried out in the net or parasol. Round belts are still fashionable, but sash ends have grown extremely popular of late.

Lace robe dresses are to be worn extensively this coming spring and summer, and remarkable bargains are to be obtained among the robes now exhibited. With the white lace gowns are being worn fascinating little bolero jackets of bright colored taffeta. These jackets are worn with the lace gowns very much as lace coats are used to trim the taffeta dresses, and the effect is equally good in both instances. The bolero should not be attached to the waist, for it can be worn with any white gown. The jacket has elbow sleeves and itself is very short, falling just to the top of the wide girdle. It is trimmed only with ruching or bouillomes (shirred bands) of the silk. In cerise, green, mauve, or, in fact, with any shade, light or dark, pale or effective, this coat gives a most attractive touch of character to the costume.

Taffeta silk, in a new, soft variety, is already destined to be one of the leading spring textures. A white taffeta gown—that is, waist and skirt—is always useful. This season short taffeta jackets are being made to go with the dresses, which are made probably en princesse. There are, too, white taffeta coat and skirt costumes which are both useful and decidely ornamental. These are intended more for the morning and have the skirt clearing the ground and a rather simple coat, either long or short, as happens to be the more becoming. Very handsome are the embroidered taffeta coats. The open embroidery probably shows to better advantage, although the other is often beautiful.

The Test of Time

It's rather a difficult thing to do, but a woman who can be content to wait to let things work out with time has gained an enormous amount of strength to endure the daily fight of life. The hardest thing almost in the world is to wait patiently, but to do what one thinks is right, and be willing quietly to wait the test of time to find out the correctness of one's action amounts almost to heroism. One must wait, of course; there is no getting around that; but to do it quietly and without fussing, is superb.

This interval of seeing the result is not, however, to be spent in idleness, and waiting for things to work out does not mean folding one's hands or having one's mind empty. Few important things in life are done all at once. They are begun and worked out literally either through brain or physical power. This applies as much to housekeeping as it does to an art or profession, but a woman who starts housekeeping daily confronts situations in which she must act to the best of her judgment and having acted, must try to bring it out right. A woman adopting a career has only begun when she decides what she will be.

The rest of her life or many years of it will be spent in waiting to see it work out, but the work does not do itself; she must do it.

A woman who undertakes anything important, however, with this idea of trying to work it out to the best of her ability, whether it is cooking or sculpturing, lets no opportunity escape of learning something about it or applying her powers of observation. The best cooks are not those who have been to cooking school, but who have intelligence, listen to the suggestions that are given, descriptions of dishes their mistresses have eaten in other houses, and go and try to make the same. They wouldn't be good cooks without the effort, and intelligent effort proves that they have worked out their problem of life and have adopted a good course in being cooks.

Patience is such a virtue that the mere allusion to it is enough to irritate frail human nature that would succeed all at once in whatever it undertakes, and is not content to let the test of time be applied. But Time's hallmark is the best guarantee of success, and without it many things are worthless. An opinion of a servant on the first day in a new place is not apt to be worth much. It is only after a month that one can fairly say precisely what she is, and it may take even longer than that to learn her peculiarities and limitations. In that test of time she either succeeds or fails. The same thing is true of a book, picture or the like. Probably one reason that so many new books are constantly being published is that few can stand this test and, being rapidly thrown aside, make place for others still newer.

The constant knowledge of doing one's best is the greatest aid while waiting to see what decision time will make in one's affairs. The end may be failure, as far as the world can see, but there is not failure, morally speaking, if one has untiaggingly done one's best. There will be regret, sorrow, perhaps discouragement even, but that awful agony of remorse that may accompany failure because one has not tried one's very best is spared to those who have done so.

New Style Bridal Bouquets for Lenten Weddings

Though there are few Lenten brides, those who have weddings during the days of penance carry an entirely new style bridal bouquet. It is called the "spray" and is entirely different in shape from the "shower" that has been a favorite for so many seasons. It lacks the set appearance of the latter, and is more attractive for that reason. To add to its effectiveness the flowers assume a different shape every time the hand moves, so that held upright the bunch looks like the old shower bouquet, but when resting across the arms it resembles a semi-circle.

This new "spray" bouquet is built on different lines from the shower. The frame, to which each flower is wired, closely, resembles a horse shoe, with the ends twisted inward, so that it will hang securely on the arm of the bride and save her the trouble of constantly holding it in her hands. Then, too, the individual blossoms are loosely held by wires, so that they fall gracefully in any position in which the frame is moved. At the right side of the wire setting there is a small white kid handle fitted to the blossom, so that it can be easily carried.

In making a "spray" bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley, a combination that is in great demand just now, the orchids—white, of course—are filled in the frame in a solid mass, with lilies of the valley stuck on the sides, making, with the narrow white gauze ribbon, the desired shower. At the top, on the right curve of the bouquet, a large French bow of wide satin ribbon is tied in four long loops that are from six to eight inches in length and two long ends that fall over the hand. When finished this bouquet will weigh about two pounds and will be from two to two and a half feet across. The depth depends, of course, upon the length of the lilies of the valley and the ribbons in the shower. About one hundred and fifty orchids and three hundred sprays of lilies of the valley are required to build it, and the cost is from $75 to $100. The sum depends entirely upon the value of the orchids

A bouquet of camellas and lilies of the valley is made on exactly the same lines, with one difference, and that is that a greater number of the large blossoms are used, but instead of being filled in the frame in a mass are put in so that they look like an individual bunch around which the lilies of the valley and shower ribbon are arranged.

On the curve that is really at the top of the bouquet a large French bow and long ends of white satin ribbon droop over the hand as in the other orchid and lilies of the valley bouquet.

It takes from two to three dozen camellas to make the bunch sufficiently large and about three hundred sprays of lilies of the valley. This bouquet is heavier than the one made of orchids, etc., and will weigh from two and a half to three pounds. It measures at least two and a half feet across. As fewer camellas than orchids are used, the cost of such a bouquet is less, being from $70 to $90.

In the sprays, as in the shower bouquets, nothing but white is used for a bride, and for this reason pure white orchids make the bunches decidedly expensive, for they are not plentiful in this country.

Since Mrs. Longworth carried a bunch of orchids without any trimming or bows of ribbon these flowers have become more popular for brides than they were before, and consequently are bringing higher prices. The president's daughter had a perfectly plain bouquet, with the exception of a few pieces of fine ferns, but as yet none of the late winter brides have followed her example, but instead have used the "spray," with a suggestion of the "shower," that has been so pronounced in the "regular shower bouquet."

Farmers, mechanics, railroaders, laborers rely on Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Takes the sting out of cuts, burns or bruises at once. Pain cannot stay where it is used.

Smart New Wraps for Spring Wear

New Style Manteau Coat for Spring

PHOTOS BY JOEL FELDER. Smart Cape-like Wrap for Evening

Smart wraps for early spring and summer wear will be loose this season. And the newest imported models from Paris are made on empire and semi-fitting cape lines. Of light weight material in dainty light grays, blues or cream, they are particularly effective for use with afternoon and evening gowns, or for carriage wear. These models are from Dukes et Joire, Boulevard de la Madeleine, Paris.

The coat is formed somewhat upon empire lines, the short yoke effect over the shoulders concealed by the deep hood like collar, this in its turn covered with a rather coarse Venetian guipure. The empire effect is further emphasized by the sash widths that are caught across the center front and back, deep gun metal buckles catching the centers. The sleeves are full and puffy, in three-quarter lengths caught into a shallow cuff of white, edged with a richelieu pleating in silver. The whole effect of the garment is of a simple modishness that is effective in the extreme.

French Models for Afternoon Dresses for Young Girls for Spring

Figure 1 shows a smart street suit of black and white plaid for a young girl. In figure 2 is a dress of white liberty satin with yoke and sleeve puffs of plaited mousseline de soie.

EVENING STORY

THE RED ROSE

By Allison Yewell.

(Copyright 1905 by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It had been such a happy summer and now it was all over. The last day had dawned. Millicent had lingered to the very last and he had lingered, too, for wherever Millicent Osborn was, there Jim wanted to be.

He wanted to stay all his life wherever she was, but to save that life he couldn't tell whether Millicent shared the feeling. She was not a coquette. At least she had not given any evidences of being shallow or heartless. But there had been others at Smithville that summer—far more than Jim would have liked to see, but he couldn't tell the landlord to order them out of the house. Really he couldn't. They had paid their board as regularly as he and their money looked as good to the landlord as his.

But during the five or six weeks he had lingered on, Millicent had distributed her favors impartially between Thompson, Morton, Harris and Jim. None of them had any fault to find or cause of complaint as compared with the others. Neither had any cause for self-congratulation. Each had had his innings. Harris was a splendid tennis player, Thompson was a crack oarsman, Morton was something of a poet. Possibly Jim had a shade the best of the argument; at least he had enjoyed more of Millicent's society than any of the others by reason of the fact that he had had his car sent down and he had made the trips last as long as he possibly could.

But despite it all, as he smoked moodily on the veranda before turning in, he could not say that he stood any more of a chance with Millicent than either of the other three—and all four wanted Millicent.

"Perhaps they have all proposed to her," said Jim to himself, "and she has accepted one of them. Perhaps she wants to let the rest of us down easy. Perhaps she doesn't care a rap about any of us. Perhaps she has just been having a jolly time with us here."

But Jim was loyal and he would not think anything unworthy of Millicent. He did not really believe she was a flirt.

"She has let me drive her to the station, though," he mused, "and that will give me the chance I ought to have improved long ago. Hang it! Why didn't I have the nerve to propose before? I had a dozen good chances."

But the time had passed so pleasantly and Millicent had so deftly turned aside any conversation that seemed to her to be taking a serious turn, that he had never pressed the matter. In his secret heart, however, Jim believed that if he had been a little more insistent she would not have been mortally offended.

But brooding over lost opportunities would not bring them back to him and he threw the end of his cigar away and turned with a fixed determination to improve that chance which the four-mile drive to the station would afford.

It was just as bad, however, when the drive began. For the first mile Millicent talked like a house afire. Her merry, mischievous eyes twinkled with fun and she had never been so witty and altogether charming. Try as he would, Jim could not see a single opening. Then they had a little accident and that delayed them so that they had to make the dust fly to get to the station in time. The second mile and a bit more went in this way.

Jim was in despair, and it was not until the station was actually in sight that he almost rudely interrupted Millicent in a flow of bubbling wit and said suddenly, with a seriousness that made her grave in turn:

"Don't play with me, Millie. You know very well that I have something to say to you. You have prevented me a score of times saying it, but until I know from your own lips that it is distasteful to you I shall not know whether you were in earnest or not. I love you, Millie! This summer has passed as in a dream. When I first came down here I did not dream that in this little out-of-the-way place I should meet the one woman in all the world for me. Our little summer has come to an end and we shall separate in a few minutes. Before I give you over to your other friends won't you tell me whether there is any feeling in your heart for me that can give me hope? I can't bear to have you go away from me without knowing my fate."

The girl's blue eyes were very tender as she raised them to his face.

"I do not know," she said, seriously. "Really, I do not know. Somehow you are very close to me. You must give me time to think it over. I shall send you your answer from the city."

"That is all I could ask," replied Vincent. "I shall pray every moment that the answer will be 'Yes.'"

"Shall I send it by the rose?" she said softly. She was holding a bouquet of fragrant roses which he had given her, flaming meteors and pure white blooms that looked almost like lilies.

He had never seen her in this tender mood before.

"I'll send you a meteor for 'yes' and a white rose for—"

Her voice faltered for an instant.

"Do not even suggest it," he cried. "I could not bear to have you say no. Send me the meteor. It is a love rose, you know. White is for death and love means life."

"Life and death are always waging war," she replied. "Let this be our war of roses. Red will mean 'yes' and white will mean 'no.'"

With that he was forced to be content and a few moments later he deposited her at the station, where she was surrounded by a bevy of girl friends and admirers. There was no time for any private communication, though he was the last to bid her adieu as the train was about to move.

"Send me the Meteor," he pleaded, as he left her.

She sat long and thoughtfully when he was gone. Now a blush suffused her cheeks and now the old mischief twinkled in her eyes.

"Of course I love him," she said to herself. "I'll send him a white rose and a letter that will make him forget the prank."

A week later a little parcel and a letter were laid on his desk in the city. Divining that the rose would be in the parcel, which was directed in Millicent's hand, he opened it first.

His face turned as white as the rose that fell out upon the desk. A white rose! That meant no! She had not cared, then. She would never care. No meant no. He was not one to importune. He had asked her for an answer and she had given it. Perhaps the letter would give her reasons. But the rose was enough. He could not bear the pain of reading the letter.

That Southern business trip which he had put off too long already might as well be taken up now. It would help him to divert his mind.

But he did not get far on the trip. Everybody recalls the worst railroad horror of that year. From out the mass of maimed and mangled humanity they took James Vincent. The nurse at the hospital, staunching the ugly wound in his left side, drew from his waistcoat pocket a little cardease, from which fell a rose that had once been white, but was white no longer. It was red with the blood that might be James Vincent's life-blood for all the doctors knew. Jim smiled faintly as he saw it.

"It's a red rose now," he murmured. "If she had only meant that color!"

She read his name in the papers and it was her face that was pressed close to his and it was her tears that were falling when he awoke a few hours later from a fitful slumber. She was murmuring sweet words in his ear and there was a flaming red rose on her breast. She took it off when he opened his eyes and pressed it to his lips.

"It was the color I meant, dear," she sobbed. "I was only playing a foolish prank. Won't you forgive my silly whim?"

There were roses in both her cheeks—red roses—when he showed her how a man forgives.

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
TWELVE MILLION PACKAGES LAST YEAR; SOME ONE WAS SATISFIED.—
MERRELL-SOULE COMPANY SYRACUSE, NEW YORK
IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES.

THE GOOD THINGS OF EARTH

Are Not All Far-Fetched.

That our American forests abound in plants, the roots of which possess the most valuable medicinal and curative virtues, is abundantly attested by scores of the most eminent medical writers and teachers of our age. Even the untutored Indians had, by intuition and experiment, discovered the usefulness of many native plants before the advent of the white race on this continent. This information, crude though it was, imparted freely to the friendlier of the whites, led the latter to continue investigations until to-day we have a rich assortment of most valuable American medicinal roots and herbs.

It is no longer thought necessary that a medicinal agent, in order to be good and useful, must have been brought across the ocean or that "being carried seven times across the Sahara Desert on the backs of fourteen camels" makes it the more valuable.

Dr. Pierce believes that our American forests abound in most valuable medicinal roots for the cure of most of our obstinate and most fatal diseases, if we would properly investigate them; and, in confirmation of this firm conviction, he points with pride to the almost marvelous cures effected by his "Golden Medical Discovery," which has proven itself to be the most efficient stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart tonic and regulator, and blood cleanser known to medical science. Not less marvelous, in the unparalleled cures it is constantly making of woman's many peculiar affections, weaknesses and distressing derangements, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, as is amply attested by thousands of unsolicited testimonials contributed by grateful patients who have been cured by it of leucorrhœa, painful periods, irregularities, prolapsus and other displacements, ulceration of uterus and kindred affections, often after many other advertised medicines had failed.

Both these world-famed medicines are wholly made up from the glyceric extracts of native, medicinal roots, found in our American forests. The processes employed in their manufacture were original with Dr. Pierce, and they are carried on by skilled chemists and pharmacists with the aid of apparatus and appliances specially designed and built for this purpose. Both medicines are entirely free from alcohol and all other harmful, habit-forming drugs. A full list of their ingredients is printed on each of their wrappers. They are both made of such native, medicinal roots as have received the strongest endorsement and praise for their curative virtues from the most prominent writers on *Materia Medica* in this country. What is said of their power to cure the several diseases for which they are advised may be easily learned by sending your name and address to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a little booklet which he has compiled, containing copious extracts from numerous standard medical books, which are consulted as authorities by physicians of the several schools of practice for their guidance in prescribing. It is FREE TO ALL. A postal card request will bring it.

You don't have to rely solely upon the manufacturer's say-so as to the power of Dr. Pierce's medicines to cure, as with other medicines sold through druggists. You have the *disinterested* testimony of a host of the leading medical writers and teachers. Send for this copious testimony. It can be *relied* upon to be truthful because *it is entirely disinterested.*

From the little booklet above mentioned, you will learn what a marvelous curative action Stone root, one of the prominent ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, exercises over the heart and its diseases, especially those valvular affections which are attended with difficult breathing, smothered sensations, palpitation or irregular heart action. Dr. Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, considered Stone root specific in these cases, and cites bad cases cured by it in his extensive practice. Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of Dr. Pierce's "Discovery," is also a valuable heart tonic, as is also Black Cherrybark, another ingredient. You will also learn that the eminent Drs. Hale, Ellingwood, Johnson, Hare, Coe and others recommend Golden Seal root, and several of them Stone root, Queen's root, Bloodroot and Black Cherrybark for bronchial, throat and lung affections attended with hoarseness, persistent cough, night-sweats and kindred symptoms indicating approaching consumption. All these agents are faithfully and fully represented in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and it can be confidentially relied upon to produce their combined curative effects, not only in the above mentioned affections, but also in all catarrhal diseases, no matter whether affecting the nasal passages or other regions of the body.

In nasal catarrh, while relying on the "Discovery" as the best constitutional remedy known to medical science, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy should be used to cleanse the nasal passages. Together they constitute the most thorough and effective course of treatment which can be employed for the cure of that troublesome disease.

No other medicines sold through druggists for like purposes, have any such *professional* endorsement as Dr. Pierce's, and, in consequence, none are so largely prescribed by physicians who know what they are made of and that their composition is of the best ingredients regardless of cost. Send for the little *free* book now.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" must not be expected to produce miracles. While it is especially suited for the cure of all *chronic, lingering coughs that are curable,* it is not so effective in *acute* colds and coughs unless slippery elm mucilage, flaxseed tea, solution of gum arabic, or other mucilaginous demulcent be drank *freely* in connection with its use. Nor must the "Discovery" be expected to cure consumption in its advanced stages. In its early stages it will stay its progress and often effect a cure if its use be persisted in for a reasonable length of time. Send for the little book noted above and learn what those most eminent in the medical profession say of the ingredients out of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are made and thereby learn *why* they cure obstinate diseases.

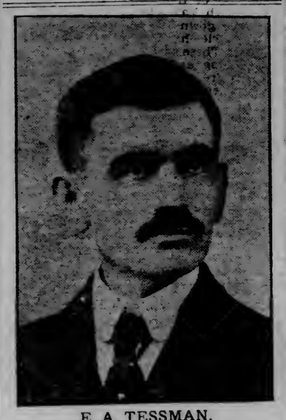
Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, loss of appetite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in glass vials, tightly corked, thereforo always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are cathartic. They regulate, invigorate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels.

A good medical book, written in plain English, and free from technical terms, is a valuable work for frequent consultation. Such a work is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in plain English, or Medicine Simplified. It's a book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated with wood cuts and colored plates. It is given away now, although formerly sold in cloth binding for $1.50. Send 21 cents, in one-cent stamps, to pay for cost of mailing only for paper-covered copy, addressing Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.; or 31 cents for an elegantly cloth-bound copy. It gives over 200 prescriptions for the treatment of acute and chronic ailments.

TESSMAN WINS OUT IN PRESIDENTIAL FIGHT

Alderman McEwen Withdraws From Race After Fiftieth Ballot.

Deadlock on City Sealer —No Change in City Offices.



E. A. TESSMAN,
President of City Council.

ELECTED BY COUNCIL.
President, Emil Tessman, Dem.
Vice-President, W. B. Getchell, Dem.
City Clerk, H. W. Cheadle, Dem.
Harbormaster, Thomas Burke, Dem.
City sealer, no choice.

APPOINTED BY MAYOR, SUBJECT TO CONFIRMATION.
City Attorney, Bert Fesler, Dem.
City Engineer, T. F. McGilvray, Dem.
Health Commissioner, Dr. D. D. Murray, Dem.
Building Inspector, S. M. Kelley, Dem.

APPOINTED BY MAYOR, WITHOUT CONFIRMATION.
Chief of police, C. H. Troyer.
Secretary to mayor, Alfred McCallum, Dem.
Member of board of public works, Thomas Dillon, Dem.
Water and light commissioner, George Spencer.
Civil service commissioner, C. W. Ericson, succeeding John Coventry.
Fire commissioner, Theodore Hollister.
Labor and employment commissioner, Henry Dworshak.

Failing to get together at the caucus held in the afternoon, the Democratic members of the council, went to the meeting last evening undecided upon any plan of campaign.

The result was a three cornered fight between Aldermen Tessman, McEwen and Haven, for the presidency, which was not settled until after the fiftieth ballot, when a recess was taken, and the Democrats got together on Alderman Tessman, Alderman McEwen agreeing to pull out if he were assured that the Democrats would make a clean slate of it.

For the first fifty ballots Alderman McEwen had four votes, Alderman Tessman five, and Alderman Haven seven. The ballots varied slightly, a Republican occasionally switching over to McEwen, but it was evident that the seven Republicans were prepared to unite on Alderman Haven at a moment's notice, if any of the Democrats showed signs of wavering.

Finally it was seen that the meeting might prove a long one, another all night session, if some agreement were not reached. An adjournment was taken, and at the conference which followed, Alderman McEwen consented to withdraw, on the understanding that the Democrats would unite on city sealer, vice president, and harbor master. Alderman Getchell was selected for the position of vice president, and Thomas Burke was picked as harbor master. All but Alderman Schaffer united on Charles R. Hoar as city sealer of weights and measures.

On the return to the council chamber this slate was elected, with the exception of Charles R. Hoar. The seven Republicans suported Noble Sampson for this position, and with Alderman Schaffer's support, Sampson was able to prevent Hoar from being elected. The deadlock remained unbroken, and the election was postponed until next Monday evening.

City Clerk Cheadle had the unanimous support of all the aldermen.

Alderman Tessman, the new president, was greeted with a rousing cheer, when he took the chair vacated by President Haven. He briefly thanked his friends for their support and said that he would endeavor to discharge his duties to the best of his ability.

Alderman Tessman is one of the oldest members of the council, being now on his third term.

Previous to the election of president, Mayor Cullum read his annual message to the council and submitted his list of appointments, which were referred to the committee and will probably be confirmed next Monday evening.

The list was given in part in The Herald last evening and was correct as far as it went. All of the heads of the departments were reappointed for another term, and also Alfred McCallum, the private secretary, and Thomas Dillon as a member of the board of public works.

George Spencer was reappointed a member of the water and light board. C. W. Ericson was appointed to the board of civil service commisioners to succeed John Coventry, Theodore Hollister was reappointed to the board of fire commissioners, and Henry Dworschak was reappointed to the board of labor and employment commissioners.

The city assessor is not appointed until September and the new members of the library board are appointed in May.

Following is a copy of the mayor's message:

To the Common Council of the city of Duluth:

Dear Sirs: I desire to congratulate the members of the old council on the manner in which they have conducted the legislative affairs of the city. It is indeed most satisfactory to be able to say, from year to year, that there has been no whisper of scandal or graft connected with this body. I most thoroughly appreciate the assistance you have given to the various departments in the performance of their duty.

To the new members we extend a cordial greeting, confidently expecting them to help maintain the splendid reputation of the city fathers.

We wish also to express our gratitude to the press for the impartial and just treatment received from them.

Our citizens have abundant reason to congratulate themselves on the rapid advancement made in the direction of our manifest destiny, and we may look forward to the coming year as one of even greater promise and progress. The reports of the various departments are before you in detail—hence I shall be very brief in review.

Aerial Bridge Finished.

Under the superintendence of the engineering department our aerial bridge, after continual and aggravating delays, has been finished. It remains for the council to adjust the expense account with the bridge company. We cannot be expected to stand the expense of their failures and delays.

The work of the engineering department has increased very materially with the demands of the city—much time having been given to the bridge, to the establishment of building lines, and the work connected with the new reservoir.

After much urging for the past two years, we have at last succeeded in framing a building ordinance that, with perhaps an occasional amendment, where defects are found, will meet with the approval of the public.

The crematory has been completed. It remains yet to be proven how successful it will be, but from present indications it looks very encouraging.

The new milk ordinance seems to be giving very general satisfaction. The branch state laboratory has been established and has proven a great benefit to the physicians of the city, as well as to the inhabitants. An infectious disease hospital is badly needed by this department. The general health record of the city is a matter we can well be proud of.

Commends Attorneys.

In the legal department much good work has been acomplished. The suit in regard to the Lake avenue viaduct—a very important one—has been decided in our favor, which means a saving of many thousands of dollars to the city. The assistant city attorney has made an enviable record before the municipal court.

The board of public works has had a very busy year. It has done much paving at very much less expense to the property owners than in preceding years. An immense amount of work is before them this year, and it will require an extremely careful management of the funds at their disposal.

The park board is making great progress toward beautifying the city. The members of the board are intensely interested in their work. It is regrettable that the city has not a larger fund with which to secure more ground for park purposes, as there are many opportunities at present that we should be able to take advantage of.

Our conference committee has been obliged to economize in order to make the various funds sufficient to meet the ever increasing demands of a growing city. It must be apparent to all that we cannot continue to do business and make improvements without more money—hence the valuation or the percentage of taxation must be raised, in a small degree.

Our water and light department, under the splendid management of the present board, has been able to reduce their rates to the consumer very materially. They are now building a reservoir at West Duluth, and have in view the building of further extensions that will enable many more of our citizens to receive the benefits of both city light and water.

Lighting Contract.

Our lighting contract will expire in the near future, and as our local representatives in the legislature could not or did not secure to the city power to vote bonds for the construction of its own plant, we must necessarily provide for the lighting of the city on the most favorable terms possible. This is a matter that you will no doubt be called upon to handle very soon, and it is to be hoped that a favorable contract may be made.

We must not forget the debt of gratitude we owe to those unselfish citizens who are serving on our various boards without pay.

It has been the practice, as you know, to allow the brewing companies to take out a number of liquor licenses in the name of some employee. It has been claimed by some that the companies, having larger interests, could be held more responsible for the orderly conduct of their establishments than the individual. I have thought that perhaps this was true; but they must not be allowed to avoid the responsibility they assume, as in the case of Hoken Swanson. The council should exercise its right, under those circumstances, of not only putting the individual offender out of business, but giving the brewing companies to understand once for all that such men must not be employed in any saloon in this city. The license should be revoked, and if this is not sufficient, the council should decline to give a license in this particular location for a certain number of years—thus giving everyone interested to fully understand that we will stand no foolishness in this respect.

The police department is in good hands, and their record is a good one. I believe it can be truthfully claimed that there is less crime in the city of Duluth than in any other city of its size in the Union. But in order to maintain a high standard of efficiency, an increase in the number of patrolmen can no longer be avoided. They have been instructed to give special attention to the gambling and social evils, to the orderly conduct of saloons, and to keep a sharp lookout around those places where the small boys are encouraged to congregate. Any information furnished this department in regard to these resorts, by parents or others who are interested, will be thankfully received and promptly acted upon.

Enforcement of Law.

The reputation of each succeeding administration depends upon the manner in which the law is enforced or ignored. It has frequently been said by men whose good intentions cannot be questioned that if a law cannot be strictly enforced it should be repealed. That sounds reasonable, and I have not yet known a man in public life bold enough to question this statement; but at the risk of being severely criticized, I do certainly question it, and contend that our inability to enforce all good laws is no more reason for their repeal than it would be to forget or disregard the Golden Rule or the Ten Commandments because we do not live up to them.

General laws, dealing with the liberties of individuals, never have been or will be conceived or enacted that can be enforced strictly, yet such laws are good and useful laws and should not be repealed, but used by the conscientious executive to protect and benefit the public, but not to plague and persecute the individual.

Our strenuous president and our governors are by common consent given a certain latitude in the use and construction of the law. Then is it not reasonable to suppose that the mayor of a city, who comes more closely in contact with the people—with their many racial customs and prejudices, conflicting religious teachings, honest moral convictions, and varying social conditions and opportunities—should be allowed to exercise some judgment in the use of the law?

There are here before me tonight sixteen councilmen who have been thought worthy by their constituents to represent them here; yet there is not a man who has served here for one year who has not time and again helped some unfortunate to escape the full penalty of the law that you yourselves have created. You have used your judgment, as you are expected to do, and wisely so, and as I am expected to do; and I shall continue to use the law to suppress as nearly as possible everything that is mean, brutal and vicious. How well I will succeed depends much upon the members of this council and the public generally.

Yours,
M. B. CULLUM,
Mayor.

MORE VOTES THAN VOTERS

Extra Ballot Cannot be Accounted for in South Stillwater.

St. Paul, March 14.—Village elections were held throughout Minnesota yesterday and generally passed off quietly. Party lines were not drawn and in many cases the offices were not contested for. The question of license was an issue in Stillwater, the villages of Bayside, Grayton, Hayfield and Annandale favoring a license while Atwater, Milan and Elmore voted "no license." A peculiar situation resulted from the election in South Stillwater. For the office of trustee one candidate received 102 votes and his opponent 101. As the records showed only 202 voters and the extra ballot could not be accounted for, the candidate elected has not yet been determined.

RAW RECRUITS ARE GATHERED

Local Offices Secure Many New Men in a Day.

Recruiting offices for the United States army, navy and marine corps did a rushing business yesterday, the total number of men enlisted being seventeen. At the close of the day, the score stood as follows: Army, eight men; marine corps, eight men, and navy, one man.

The army recruits will be sent to Fort Snelling. They are Bert Stevens, Milwaukee; John Westling, Duluth; Charles A. Callaghan, Duluth; John H. Swenson, Cumberland, Wis.; Marshall Gange, Montague, Mich.; Archibald J. Pilotte, Kanabec; Albert B. Bergman, St. Paul, and Clarence Ackerman, Colborne.

E. F. Kindrick, 1901 East Fifth street, Duluth, elected to join the ranks of the United States navy and has gone to the navy yard at Norfolk, Va., to begin service as a seaman's apprentice.

Those who enlisted at the marine corps office are: Antony Doell, Edward Gill, Frank De Perry, Edmond Fontaine and John F. Larson, all of Duluth; Martin Steyvenberg, Appleton, Wis.; Martin E. Caffey, St. Paul; Stanley S. Courtright, Cadillac, Wis., and John F. Larson, who previously saw service with Company I, Fourth Wisconsin infantry. These men will probably be sent to the Philippines. Lieut. William Brackett of St. Paul, went to Grand Rapids yesterday to establish a marine corps recruiting office. It will be in charge of Private Thomas Miller, who has been attached to the Duluth office.

WHOLE BOTTOM INJURED.

Repairs on Steamer Corey Are More Extensive Than Expected.

The repairs on the steamers damaged last fall in the heavy gale which put a fleet of ships out of business, are being rapidly pushed at the Superior shipyards. The work on the R. W. England is about finished, and the W. E. Corey is being hurried. The Corey is still in dry dock, but it is expected that her repairs will be finished by the middle of April, after which she will go into commission again. About 250 plates had to be taken from her hull where she was injured by going on one of the Apostle islands in the gale of Nov. 28, and fully one-third of these plates had to be replaced by new ones. The rest were re-rolled and put on again. Many of her frames had to be taken out and straightened. Almost every inch of her bottom was injured in the accident she suffered.

The R. W. England went on shore in the same gale, on Minnesota Point, it will be remembered. She was quite easily pulled off, comparatively speaking, and it was not believed that she was very much damaged; but it has been found that she was much more severely wounded than at first supposed. Forty-four plates had to be taken off and re-rolled, and in fact her whole spar deck had to be removed and straightened up, taking out eight hatches. Seventy-eight frames and a number of the beams had to be removed and repaired. In fact, the England amidships is practically rebuilt.

The England will be ready to go out of the yard in a few days, and as soon as she is removed the steamer Western Star will take her place for repairs. Minor repairs to a great many vessels are being quickly attended to, and there will be a great exodus of ships from Howard's Pocket when the navigation season opens.

The best way to rid the system of a cold is to evacuate the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar acts as a pleasant yet effectual cathartic on the bowels. It clears the head, cuts the phlegm out of the throat, strengthens the bronchial tubes, relieves coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, etc. Sold by all druggists.

Will Entertain Duluthians.

The Minneapolis Real Estate exchange is arranging an entertainment for the exchanges at St. Paul, Duluth and Winnipeg, according to a Duluth real estate man who has just returned from the Twin Cities. The Minneapolis exchange has been entertained by both the Winnipeg and the Duluth exchanges, and it expects to return the courtesy in the near future. When the Minneapolis real estate men were here last year they were banqueted, given rides about the city and to the iron ranges. They also visited the work on the water power up the St. Louis river.

Reliable Dentistry!

First Anniversary Special Prices Till April 1st.

Full set Teeth...$4 to $8 | Silver Fillings....75c
Gold Crowns...$4 to $6 | Guaranteed Work.

Our prices the lowest in the city. Our work strictly guaranteed to be the best.

LEE & TURLEY, 114-116 West Superior Street. Open Evenings.

NEEDLESS ALARM.

Here's a poor man coughing away his lungs—at least so his relatives think.

It's cough, cough, cough; hack, hack, hack; all day and sometimes all night.

"Must be consumption," think the alarmed ones.

And, of course, there is always a possibility that they may be right.

But in most cases, they're wrong; because Dyspepsia is so much more common than Consumption.

And Dyspepsia causes chronic Cough, just like Consumption.

The dyspeptic cough, it is well to remember, can be quickly cured by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No need to be alarmed about it, unless you make up your mind to neglect it.

Then, indeed, you must look out for danger; for the Dyspeptic Cough often grows into a Consumptive Cough if neglected, by the constant lung irritation which it causes.

So the best way is to waste no time, but begin at once the use of these famous little tablets, the timely use of which has saved many a sick person from ending in a consumptive's grave.

Remember, however, if you please, that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will positively not cure Consumption, but prevent it.

Of course, they can always be depended on to cure all the other symptoms of indigestion.

They are a universal cure, for one universal disease.

They cure nothing else; but what they do, they do thoroughly and well.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the result of the most thorough investigation into the inside causes, and the cure of Indigestion, that has ever been attempted.

They have solved a problem, the answer to which a hundred thousand physicians in America are today groping for in vain.

They cure the most severe, long-continued chronic, complicated cases of Indigestion that can be found. They are far ahead of the most modern medical practice, because the most successful physicians of the day, in the cure of diseases of the digestive organs, are using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets as a basis for their success.

They stoop to Stuart's to conquer.

And Stuart's lift them up, out of the rut.

If, therefore, your are a victim of this dread disease, which counts its victims by the million, brace up and take new heart, for you cannot fail to cure your trouble, if you will only put your faith in this great remedy, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

They are positively, frankly, truly, a sure and permanent relief.

Try them.

Book on Dyspepsia free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

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FRANK A. MUNSEY, 175 Fifth Ave., New York

OUTLOOK IS PROMISING

For Crops in the Trans-Mississippi Region at Present.

Wall Street Sees Chance for Some Profitable Investments.

New York, March 14.—An official of the Atchison railway is quoted as stating that Western railroads never had anything approximating the present shipments of freight. He also says that there is no damage in sight on the winter crops, and his statement is confirmed from all the great trans-Mississippi country. Wheat has wintered well, and there is sufficient moisture to permit early farming operations and to give a good start for the spring planting. From now forward to September great attention will be given to crop reports, and the business of 1907 will in a great measure depend upon the agricultural results of 1906. Suffice it now to say that no unfavorable indications are as yet visible.

Greater importance than heretofore noted is attached to the expected peaceful adjustment of national policies at Algeciras. Until last week but few in Wall street appeared to realize what a tremendous impulse to business would be given by the loosening up of money in Europe once the world's peace was assured. On Thursday last, however, the reassuring advices from the conference brought a flood of inquiries from abroad, and the offerings of foreign exchange brought a break of nearly 40 points in the price, with a strong impression created that imports of gold are not far distant.

The extraordinary strong reports from the Bank of England and the Bank of France, made the same day, developed conditions that would permit shipments of gold to any point in the world without inconvenience to either London or Paris. Indeed, if the Algeciras conference terminates with full and complete agreement, London and Paris bankers will encourage the liberal distribution of their large reserves to other countries, so as to keep their own markets well in hand.

It is a settled policy with them not to allow home "booms" to be based on plenty of funds, so they keep their immediate surroundings easy, but never flush. The Bank of England's gold holdings increased very largely during the week, and the reserve of the bank stood on the 8th inst. at the high percentage of 46 98-100. The Bank of France's gold holdings increased 17,105,000f in the same period, with a plethora of funds on hand.

The European situation is better than at any time for the past two years—better than for months prior to the opening of hostilities between Russia and Japan. Peace once assured at Algeciras, the financial condition in England will be stronger than at any date since the opening of the Boer war, for the disturbances in financial and industrial England consequent upon the campaign in South Africa were not quieted when the Asian struggle commenced to draw upon the cash of both England and France.

King Edward's visit to France and to Spain will serve an excellent purpose in producing a general good feeling between the nations.

It is to be sincerely hoped that his life will be a prolonged one, as he is eminently fitted by temperament and disposition, by the wisdom attained through long experience to be the peacemaker of Europe.

It is known that he has no ambitions to gratify at the expense of neighboring nations, and this gives these nations confidence in his unselfishness and his good counsel.

The new ministry and the new parliament of the United Kingdom are emphatically for peaceful relations with all other governments, and nothing but actual aggression by other powers will provoke them to strife. They will not be so absolutely submissive and Quaker like as was Gladstone's administration of the early eighties, but England now looks forward to a long era of peaceable relations, while always prepared for defense. This week the new secretary of war was clear in his statements as to reduction of English army expenses, and it was made plain that he desired only a small but an efficient army. His suggestions as to a general reduction in the military forces of European nations and the lessening of the burdens of taxation on the people of those nations through this reduction were wise and opportune. What a relief to every continental country this would prove if his suggestions were adopted. What a boon to the populations! What a blessing to millions of homes! There is no doubt that King Edward inspired this utterance, and he may be able to bring practical results through his influence with France and France's relations with the czar.

The Kaiser, the heir of his grandfather, is much less bellicose than his words would lead one to believe, and is a very shrewd and a wise man when fully understood. Even he may lessen his army if France and Russia indicate their acquiescence in the suggestion.

In our own country Secretary Shaw eased money matters by the allotment to the banks of $10,000,000 United States deposits. This action had an immediate effect, and call money was fairly quiet all the week. The secretary's prompt action was highly commendable, and he seems to realize that the proper place for the currency of the country, over and above actual treasury requirements, is the channels of business.

The house of representatives' banking and currency committee on Thursday reported favorably a bill permitting national banks to loan money on real estate within the state in which the banks are located. It is stipulated that said loans must not be greater in any instance than 50 per cent of the value of the estate, including improvements. There is also a prohibition of the aggregate of such real estate loans by any bank being greater than 25 per cent of the paid-up capital and surplus of the bank.

This is a measure of vast importance, and will if enacted be of incalculable benefit to the people of the United States. It will inure to the great profit of the banks as well, for it will largely increase the volume of their business and make available, a security that they were under existing law to accept. In this case the interests of the people and the banks are identical, and no banking and currency legislation proposed within the last ten years equals it in benefits to the masses of the people. Thousands of good business men, possessors of valuable realty, have been unable to secure quick relief at unexpected demands because of the difficulty in speedily arranging for loans upon their property. Other men who held first-class mortgages could not use them as collateral in national banks under the strict interpretation of the present law. In every state of the Union this proposed legislation will be welcomed and will enable enterprising men in agricultural communities as well as in the cities to do business with much greater ease and certainty.

At present banks have as customers many men of active accounts and often of small resources with but little if any realty. Their principal losses come from this class. Under this new proposition they will have added a sterling reliable class with visible assets, and when loans are made the proceeds will not so quickly disappear from the bank's deposits.

PREACHER PLAYED POKER.

Disguised as Tough, Visited Gambling Halls and Secured Evidence.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 14.—Rev. Dr. Charles A. Fulton, pastor of the First Baptist church, told how he visited two gambling places in disguise last Wednesday night and obtained evidence which will be used against the proprietors before the grand jury.

Dr. Fulton shaved off his mustache, put on a slouch hat and a disreputable looking overcoat and first visited the White Elephant club, where four men were playing poker. Dr. Fulton and a friend who went with him sat in and lost $3 playing poker. They then went to the poker room of Willis S. Barnum, in the Larned block, where they were admitted without trouble, and again started in to play poker. It did not take the minister long to lose $3 more, and they left.

Mr. Barnum is the father of the District attorney, W. L. Barnum, who will face the duty of prosecuting his own father or be threatened with removal by the governor.

The gambling rooms were closed last Sunday night for the first Sunday night in five years.

Drunkenness

Physicians pronounce drunkenness a disease of the nervous system. No "will power" can heal the stomach membranes which have been burned and seared by alcohol.

ORRINE

Cures Whiskey and Beer Habit

ORRINE removes the craving for liquor by acting directly on the effected nerves, restoring the stomach and digestive organs to normal condition, improving the appetite and restoring the health. No sanitarium treatment or publicity.

To cure without patient's knowledge, buy ORRINE No. 1; for voluntary treatment, buy ORRINE No. 2. Price $1 per box.

Cure Effected or Money Refunded

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Spread the World's Table

along every line of longitude from North to South; every parallel of latitude from East to West; pile thereon the foods of every clime and

Uneeda Biscuit

will surpass them all in the elements which make a perfect world-food.

5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

STRENUOUS SERENADERS

To the Number of Forty to be Arrested for Damaging Property.

Perryopolis, Pa., March 14.—Because he was beseiged in his home all night and because of damage to his property by strenuous serenaders upon the occasion of the wedding of his son, H. J. Mossbury of this place has sworn out warrants for the arrest of forty of the town's prominent young men. Mr. Mossbury says the serenaders made him a target for sticks and stones, riddled his house with shot and caused other damage with dynamite. In addition to the criminal prosecution, Mr. Mossbury announces he will bring civil suits against the offenders.

The serenaders, fifty in number, appeared at the Mossbury home last Thursday night, and when Mossbury, with his son and daughter-in-law appeared on the porch, the crowd threw a volley of stones, one of these hitting the elder man in the leg, causing a painful wound. Incensed with rage, he drew a revolver, and, firing into the air, ordered the crowd to leave. His act only served to enrage them, and after sending a part of their number after shotguns, members of the mob began a fusillade which did not diminish until nearly four hours later. Over 350 shots were fired during this time and when the crew ceased firing at 2 o'clock Friday morning the shade trees in the front yard were shot to pieces, the roof of the porch and parts of the house were riddled with shot and the fences in the immediate vicinity were laid flat on the ground. Later the besieging force secured five sticks of dynamite and exploded all of them simultaneously. Nearly every window in the house was shattered and its occupants badly frightened. When the crowd dispersed nearly two bushels of empty shotgun shells were picked up in the front yard.

Deserted Wife Asks Aid.

Mrs. Mary Penttela of Virginia has applied to the county poor commission for aid. She says her husband deserted her and her little 4-year-old daughter, who is weak-minded. Mrs. Penttela claims that she was able to make a living by working until sickness came and depleted her small savings. The authorities will send the daughter to the state home for feeble-minded, and will assist the mother until she is able to take care of herself again.

TO CALL ON GOVERNOR

To Make Good His Charges of Bribery by Railroads.

Des Moines, March 14.—The house, by a vote of 73 to 6, late yesterday passed the Gilliland resolution calling on Governor Cummins to make good his charges that railroad influence was used to defeat the primary election bill. The amendment providing for a committee of investigation was voted down and the governor will now be asked to send in a proof of the charges he made in his letter accepting the third-term nomination. The governor charged that the railroads were using every power that money or influence could direct and intimated that members of the legislature had been influenced. The governor promises now to make sensational disclosures, which he claims to have regarding the work of the lobbyists in the state, and his friends in the legislature secured the passage of the resolution.

SIMON CLARK IN CHARGE.

Gasper Estate Is Being Settled Up by Administrator.

Charles A. Peterson, special administrator for the estate of Charles Gasper of Fond du Lac, has filed his final account in probate court, and Simon Clark, general administrator, has taken charge of affairs. The inventory of the estate shows a grocery store and stock, a farm and other real estate in the vicinity of Fond du Lac, valued at more than $11,000. The debts amount to something over $2,000, consisting mostly of accounts with local jobbers.

Mr. Clark has advertised the grocery stock for sale and is proceeding to wind up the affairs as soon as practicable.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Margaret Sauer, accused of embezzling $30,000 in San Antonio, was defeated again Tuesday in the superior court at Los Angeles, in her efforts to resist extradition. This is the second habeas corpus case to be decided against her in the extradition proceedings.

Morning and afternoon sessions were held in the United States court at Savanna, Ga., Tuesday, in order to finish as soon as possible the testimony of E. J. Johnson, expert accountant, who is testifying relative to the division of the alleged spoils by Greene, Gaynor and Carter.

The Indiana Bituminous Coal Operators' association adopted a resolution at the annual meeting at Terre Haute, Tuesday night, opposing any changes in the scale of wages that will increase the cost of production above the scale made two years ago.

How to Fool a Lazy Liver with Artificial Exercise

EVERY serious Sickness has a small beginning.

And, in nine cases out of ten that small beginning is made in the Bowels.

Indigestion is the beginning of most diseases.

It paves the way for all others.

Lack of exercise, hasty eating, improper food, are its first causes.

Laziness, and postponement, permits it to grow into Chronic Constipation, which means life-long Discomfort.

It isn't necessary to be sick-a-bed, you know, in order to be mighty uncomfortable.

Even slight indigestion affects the nerves, dulls the mind, and obscures the merry sunshine of Life.

And, Indigestion once started, grows fast, corrodes temperament, and discounts happiness, good cheer, capacity.

It does that long before it puts you on the Sick list.

Every thinking Doctor knows why.

* * *

Professor Rand knew it.

That's why he framed up for students his famous formula for Happiness, viz.: "Trust in God, and keep your Bowels open."

The Bowels need adjustment from time to time, just like a clock, or a watch.

No "Good time" is humanly possible without this.

And, the time to adjust the watch is not when it has run down, nor when the main spring is broken, but at the very minute adjustment is discovered necessary.

The time to adjust the Bowels is not merely when your Head Aches, when your Liver is Sick, your Stomach in Revolt, and Nature's Food Process retarded for 24 hours or longer.

The proper time to adjust them is the very minute you suspect they need adjustment.

—If your tongue is slightly coated,

—If your breath is under suspicion,

—If your Head feels a trifle heavy or dull,

—If digestion seems even a little slow,

—If Heartburn, Belching, Colic or Restlessness begin to show themselves,

—That's the time to eat a Cascaret.

* * *

Don't imagine the Cascaret is ineffective because it is pleasant to eat as Candy.

It acts as pleasantly as it tastes. It is as congenial to your Bowels as it is to your Palate.

It is not a "Bile-driver" which floods out your stomach today with fluid juices needed for tomorrow.

But, it acts like Exercise, instead.

It stimulates the muscular lining of the Bowels and Intestines, so that they mechanically digest food and drive out the waste.

* * *

The time to use a Cascaret is when you first suspect you need one.

The only way to have them ready to use precisely when you need them is to carry them constantly in your pocket, as you do a Watch or a Lead pencil.

The ten cent box of Cascarets is made thin, flat, round-edged, and small, for this precise purpose.

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

* * *

☞ FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed, GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX, hard-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets, with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 716

Send To-day, mentioning this paper. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

TO BE TRIED SEPARATELY

Vranjesch and Ivankovich Will Each Make His Own Fight.

Court Appoints L. H. Corcoran and J. H. Norton to Defend Them.

Vranjesch and Ivankovich, the Austrians indicted for the murder of Rade Tonkovich, a fellow countryman, at West Duluth about ten days ago, are to be given separate trials. Both of the accused men have requested that they be tried separately and under the law their request must be granted.

It has not yet been determined whether Vranjesch or Ivankovich will come on for trial first or just when either trial will be called. County Attorney McClintock states that Vranjesch's attorney has requested all the time possible to get his defense ready, so that it is likely the murder trials will be the last criminal cases called.

L. H. Corcoran has been appointed by the court to defend Vranjesch, and John H. Norton, candidate for the Republican nomination for county attorney has been employed to defend Ivankovich.

The law provides that in case of an indictment for murder in either the first or second degree the persons accused of the crime shall be given the benefit of a trial, even though they should be willing to enter pleas of guilty.

Vranjesch has already admitted that he fired the shot that took the life of Tonkovich. This confession was made at police headquarters the day following the shooting affray. At that time, it is said, Vranjesch claimed that he fired the fatal shot from a revolver which Ivankovich pushed into his hands with the directions that he use it. Ivankovich is said to claim, while the revolver is his, it was taken from his pocket by Vranjesch.

In case Vranjesch continues to admit that he did the killing Ivankovich's fate is likely to depend largely on the evidence as to whether he gave the weapon to his companion with instructions to shoot, or whether he really had nothing to do with the killing, Vranjesch taking the revolver from his pocket without his consent or knowledge.

So far as can be learned by the county authorities neither Vranjesch or Ivankovich has any family or relatives in this country, in fact very little has been learned concerning their previous life or circumstances.

Since their incarceration in the county jail both men have shown the usual uncommunicativeness of persons of their nationality when in custody, charged with crime.

DUFFIES IN CHARGE.

Former Duluthian Succeeds Capt. Rice at Harbor Beach Work.

Word has been received here that E. J. Duffies, assistant United States engineer at Harbor Beach, Mich., is now in charge of the work there, Capt. W. E. Rice, the former chief, having been removed for cause. Mr. Duffies was formerly assistant engineer of the city of Duluth and is well known here.

About two years' work is yet to be done at Harbor Beach harbor and if appropriations enough are made the work will probably extend over five or ten years.

FAME WOOED MONK

From the Cloister and Love Ensnared His Feet.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 14.—Joseph Graham, who for twenty-five years discarded his name for that of "Brother Eugene," forsook his friends and dwelt in perpetual silence within the somber walls of the monastery at New Mellery, near Dubuque, Iowa, has left his fellow Trappists for the world life and love, and will this spring be married to Mrs. Dena Colbert, a widow living in Dubuque.

Long life in the "House of Silence," as the monastery is called, has apparently lost to Graham the art of friendliness. He shuns companionship, and his long-sealed mouth opens now only of necessity. The announcement of his marriage is a surprise.

While at work in the gardens surrounding the monastery, he had difficulty with an end board and thought he could improve it. He tried and succeeded admirably. He believed the invention should be given to the world. The thought gave him a mad desire to seek fame among men. He applied for and was granted a dispensation by the pope.

He left the mysterious hills, twelve miles south of Dubuque, and went down into the city, where he has battled with little success for a livelihood. He met Mrs. Colbert, and confiding his sorrows to her won sympathy, which has ripened into love. The monks of New Mellery arise at 4 and work and spray all day. They never speak; eat only the positively necessary food, dig their own graves and are buried without a coffin and wrapped in sackcloth.

CEMETERY FOR UNION MEN

And Their Families Will be Started by Chicago Union.

Chicago, Ill., March 14.—There is a trust for the dead as well as for the living in Chicago, according to the finding of the Cigarmakers' union. There is a monopoly on cemeteries within the city limits, and union labor has no place to bury its dependent dead except at prices for lots that are prohibitive. In order that union laborers may have a decent place for burial without paying excessive tribute to the so-called trust, a project has been started to establish a big cemetery where only members of labor organizations of good standing shall find a resting place.

The plan is to purchase land by the acre, lay out a cemetery and sell plots to the different labor unions in the city.

The cigarmakers have about $15,000 invested in the project. The committee having the matter in hand found it would cost almost $15 a grave to buy plots in any of the existing cemeteries.

COPPER IS STRONGER

George L. Walker Reports Firmer Tone in Metal Market.

Discusses Future of Copper Share Market—Bear and Bull Parties.

George L. Walker in his weekly letter reports the copper metal market as decidedly stronger. The supply of spot copper is very low and there is a demand for copper for delivery as late as the fall months. Walker also has interesting discussion as to the future of the copper stock market. He says:

"Copper is decidedly stronger. Lake and electrolytic are in demand at 18½ cents for delivery throughout the summer months and as far ahead as September. There is a marked scarcity of spot copper in this country, and the foreign visible supply is smaller than it has been at any previous time since the world's production was one-quarter of what it is at present. European consumers are out of supplies and are again buying copper. American consumers are booking by far the largest volume of business that they ever did at this time of year. Fortunately, all of the large producing companies are increasing their outputs, and it is probable that an advance to any higher level than 20 cents per pound will be prevented.

"The present prospect is that electrical development now planned will eclipse that of any preceding year, and that next year will record a much stronger chapter in electrical history. It would seem that the price of copper must be maintained at approximately the present level for several years to come. Unless the current monetary stringency is permitted to grow until it saps the foundations of our industrial structure, copper mining should continue the most profitable business in the world for many years to come.

COPPER SHARES.

"The developments in the stock market during the past two weeks have convinced practically all of the old-school speculators and investors that the price tide has turned. From now on they expect to see occasional rallies, but they are certain that the general level of prices will work gradually lower. 'It always has been so in the past, and history will repeat itself.' They are as confident of their position now as they were that a bull market could not possibly follow the panic of May 9, 1901, as they were that the decline in security prices which began in the fall of 1902 was the forerunner of a 5-year period of acute business depression. They said then: 'It always has been so, and history will repeat itself.'

"There is another school, however, which says: 'Every great bull market since the beginning of stock speculation has found its culmination in an oversupply of securities. Bull markets create a public demand for stocks that makes possible the flotation of new companies. Eventually the appetite for new stocks is satisfied and, overloaded with undigested non-dividend paying securities, the market goes down to panic prices.' As yet there have been no new flotations of moment. There is a distinct scarcity of good stocks, and established railroad, industrial and mining companies are making unprecedented profits. The business outlook is much brighter today than it was a year ago. There are larger orders on corporation books and relatively smaller supplies of raw materials. Commodity prices are advancing, and labor is everywhere employed at remunerative wages. No more healthy business conditions could be imagined.

"This year will witness the most remarkable metal market conditions in the history of the trade. The big producing companies, already rich in cash, will be able to distribute to their stockholders fully one-half of their gross earnings. It is not improbable that copper will sell at 20 cents per pound, notwithstanding the increased volume of production. Such a condition of things strongly invites the purchase of good copper stocks and the formation of new mining companies. Capital is not shy. There is enough for new ventures of promises, and new ventures will be made.

"The only real cloud on the financial sky is the money stringency. If money works easier, as it undoubtedly will, we are likely to see much more extensive speculation in copper than has so far developed. In view of the fact that Boston brokers have arranged to have the coppers quoted continuously in every great city from Portland to Los Angeles and San Francisco and from Butte to New Orleans, it is to be hoped that Boston banks will co-operate in the work of making this a greater and stronger financial center.

"A few weeks ago I expressed the opinion that a market rearrangement was underway, that many stocks were too high and that they would decline and others take their places as market favorites. These coppers which have shown the most strength during the past two weeks should now prove the safest and best ones to buy. I would buy Greene Consolidated, Copper Range, Utah Consolidated, North Butte, Granby, Calumet & Arizona, Osceola, Butte Coalition, East Butte, Centennial, Michigan, Helvetia and Butte Exploration. All of these stocks should sell much higher. The first seven named are dividend payers and excellent investments, and the others are attractive speculative purchases.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

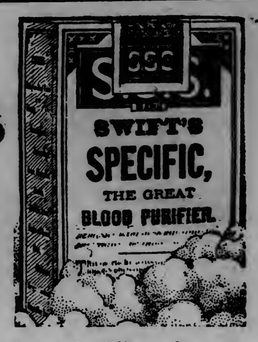
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE KING OF BLOOD PURIFIERS



No other remedy has given such perfect satisfaction as a blood purifier and tonic or is so reliable in the cure of blood diseases of every character as S. S. S. It is known as "The King of Blood Purifiers," and the secret of its success and its right to this title is because ***"IT CURES DISEASE."*** It is an honest medicine, made entirely of purifying, healing roots, herbs and barks, which are acknowledged to be specifics for diseases arising from an impure or poisoned condition of the blood and possessing tonic properties that act gently and admirably in the up-building of a run-down, weakened or disordered condition of the system.

One of the greatest points in favor of S. S. S. is that it is the only blood remedy on the market which does not contain a mineral ingredient of some kind to derange or damage the system. It is the one medicine that can be taken with absolute safety by the youngest child or the oldest member of the family, and persons who have allowed their systems to get in such condition that most medicines are repulsive to the stomach will find that S. S. S., while thorough, is gentle and pleasant in its action, and has none of the nauseating effects of the different mineral mixtures and concoctions offered as blood purifiers.

As every part of the body is dependent on the blood for nourishment and strength, it is necessary that this vital fluid be kept free from germs and poisons. So long as it remains uncontaminated we are fortified against disease, and health is assured; but any impurity, humor or poison acts injuriously on the system and affects the general health. Pustular eruptions, pimples, rashes and the different skin affections show that the blood is in a feverish and diseased condition as a result of too much acid or the presence of some irritating humor. Sores and Ulcers are the result of morbid, unhealthy matter in the blood, and Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison etc., are all deep-seated blood disorders that continue to grow worse as long as the poison remains.

Gentlemen:—S. S. S. is used as a family medicine in our home. I myself have taken and always found it what it is claimed to be. It thoroughly cleanses the system of impurities, increases the appetite, improves the digestion, and builds up the general health. I have given it to my children with fine results. It promptly restores the appetite and clears the skin of all eruptions. It is a very fine blood tonic and has my hearty endorsement.
124 S. 9th St., Lebanon, Pa. P. H. THOMPSON.

But all blood diseases are not acquired; some persons are born with an hereditary taint in the blood and we see this great affliction manifested in many ways. The skin has a waxy, pallid appearance, the eyes are often weak, glands of the neck enlarged, and as the taint has been in the blood since birth the entire health is usually affected.

In all blood troubles S. S. S. has proved itself a perfect remedy and has well earned the title of "KING OF BLOOD PURIFIERS." It goes down into the circulation and removes all poisons, humors, waste or foreign matter, and makes this stream of life pure and health-sustaining. Nothing reaches inherited blood troubles like S. S. S.; it removes every particle of the taint, purifies and strengthens the weak, deteriorated blood, and supplies it with the healthful properties it needs and establishes the foundation for good health. As a tonic this great medicine has no equal, and it will be found especially bracing to weak, anaemic persons. Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison and all other blood troubles are cured permanently by S. S. S., and so thorough is the cleansing of the blood that no trace of the disease is left to break out in future years or to be transmitted to offspring. If you are in need of a blood purifier get "THE KING" of them all, S. S. S.—and good results are assured. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired furnished without charge to all who write.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

SMALL REPUBLIC IS MAKING GOOD

Panama Spending Her Money in Extensive Improvements.

New York, March 14.—A Panama cable to The Herald says: In all that has been said about the Panama canal treaty and the canal proper, little or no inquiry has been made about the baby republic of Panama and what she has done with the $10,000,000 of good United States gold and the independence gained by reason of her understanding with Uncle Sam.

Just as it is in the United States, the "outs" are stating that the government is incapable, extravagant and is rapidly spending the nice little gift of the United States.

The party in power points with pride to what has already been done with the $600,000 spent, and says that all of the work contracted is within the $1,500,000 appropriated. The interior of the country has had special attention in the matter of roads, bridges, port improvements, schoolhouses and public buildings. The whole country is well policed, and if good land and immigration laws are passed there is no reason why, after the money that the canal construction brings is no longer the country's chief income, the interior, with its mines, forests and agricultural products, should not support an extensive government system.

The list of public works, which has been completed and paid for, is a long one. It includes a number of sea walls at important forts, roads and bridges, schoolhouses and a wharf at Port Posada. Many other works are under way, including public fountains, more schoolhouses and roads and extensive additions to the postoffice at Panama. The government has also started work on a lighthouse for Old Bank and a water system for Bocas Del Toro.

☞ WEDGED IN A CORNER

Behind the Bed and Unconscious, Mrs. Felix Was Found.

Pittsburg, March 14.—Haysborough was thown into a state of excitement by the disappearance of Mrs. John Felix Friday evening. Every nook in the little town was searched, and the whole country for miles around covered by parties of twenty or thirty men, in a vain endeavor to locate the missing woman. Preparations were being made to drag the river unless some tidings were learned of her. Sunday afternoon one of the children went upstairs and discovered their mother wedged into a corner behind a bedstead unconscious.

Mrs. Felix is subject to strange affections, something on the order of a trance, and it is supposed that she was overcome by one of them and crawled behind the bed in her agony. She was unable to cry out, being in a semi-conscious condition. It is feared she cannot recover.

QUIVER OF EYELASH

Showed That Missouri Woman in Coffin Was Alive.

New Cambria, Mo., March 14.—After preparations had been completed for the funeral of Mrs. Jerome Griffin, and after the body had reposed for six hours in the coffin, the startling discovery was made that she was still alive. The news of the woman's death in the morning had spread over the community, and the report later in the afternoon that she had "returned to life" caused a deep sensation.

The Griffin home is in the country, eight miles northwest of here. For several days she had been quite ill and not expected to live. The doctor yesterday morning found the woman's pulse had ceased to beat and pronounced her dead. An undertaker was called in and prepared the body for burial. While about to inject the embalming fluid, however, the undertaker noticed that an eye lash moved. He notified the doctor, and upon his return it was found that the woman was still alive. Her condition, however, is critical and she probably will not live much longer. It is supposed that she was in a trance.

CAPT. MALLORY HAS BEEN FINED

Charges That Federal Authorities Never Gave Him a Hearing.

Capt. George B. Mallory, master of the steamer Amasa Stone, has been fined $1,000 by the federal authorities for the part his boat played in the sinking of the Etruria last summer. It was ruled that Capt. Mallory did not stand by after his collision with the Etruria and that he did not file a report with the steamboat inspectors.

Capt. Mallory now announces that the federal inspectors gave him no hearing and that he has been fined without being given a chance to explain. He also declares that the contention of the inspectors that he did not file a report is entirely wrong.

Capt. Mallory declares that at the time of the collision with the Etruria a heavy fog hung over the water. He said that as soon as he could bring his boat about after the collision, he returned to the place where it occurred and stood by for about two hours, blowing his whistle continually. Nothing was seen of the Etruria or her crew and the captain of the Amasa Stone concluded that the Etruria had not been hurt much and proceeded on his way. He did not learn of her loss until he reached Port Huron. Capt. Mallory is well known here.

Bilious? Feel heavy after dinner? Tongue coated? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver needs waking up. Doan's Regulets cure bilious attacks. 25 cents at any drug store.

Notice of Appeal.

Porter J. Neff, attorney for George A. Potter, has filed in district court notice of an appeal to the state supreme court from the judgment entered against Potter in favor of Miss Sara Ham, in the famous breach of promise case tried in this county over a year ago. Potter's bond in appeal has already been filed.

CROWN SKIN SALVE

GUARANTEED--TRIAL PACKAGE FREE

PERMANENTLY CURES

ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM, TETTER, ITCH, ERYSIPELAS, OLD SORES, BARBERS' ITCH, CUTS, BURNS, BRUISES, SCALDS, HIVES, RINGWORM, IVY POISON AND

ALL SKIN DISEASES

Thousands have attested to the wonderful healing qualities of this preparation. Hiram L. McCandless, Bevington, Iowa, writes: "My wife was troubled with Salt Rheum on her hands and feet for 25 years and has been entirely cured by the use of one box of Crown Salve." Mrs. A. Pritchard, Maxwell, Iowa, says: "It has been worth $1,000 to me,—in fact money would not buy its benefits"

MAIL THE COUPON TODAY FOR A FREE TRIAL PACKAGE.

GRACE MEDICAL CO., DES MOINES, IOWA 121

GENTLEMEN:—Please send without expense to me a trial package of your Crown Skin Salve which I agree to use as directed.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Our Trial Package will prove all and is yours for the asking. Use the coupon or address us as below. A postal card with your name and address will bring it. WRITE TODAY.

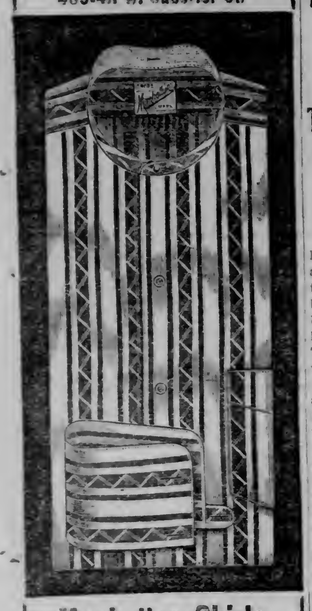
GRACE MEDICAL CO., 121 LOCUST STREET, DES MOINES, - IOWA

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY ALL DRUGGISTS OR SENT POST PAID ON RECEIPT OF 50¢

The Real Duluth Boys

KENNEY & ANKER,

409-411 W. Superior St.



Manhattan Shirts.

Specially finished for us. New plaited and plain fronts; swell colorings and fancy figured effects; attached or detached cuffs, at—

$1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

We are headquarters for the world famous—

STETSON HATS

We show them all—the season's styles and colors,

$3.50 and $5.00.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Spring 1906 Suits, Top Coats, Rain Coats.

The cleverest clothing ever perfected. Sold in Duluth only by

Kenney & Anker,

409-411 West Superior Street.

The Finest Cafes at Head of the Lakes Are in connection with

The Spalding and Hotel Superior

Special Monthly Rates for the Winter now in effect at both Hotels.

American or European Plans.

IT IS ALWAYS RELIABLE

White Loaf Baking Powder

Healthful and Pure.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

WE TEST EYES

as well as, if not better, than any one else in Duluth. Our prices are lower than the other good specialists.

C. D. TROTT No. 3 West Superior S

EDISON THE WIZARD

We are headquarters for Edison Phonographs and the famous Gold Moulded Records—the No-Scratch kind. We carry every record in the catalogue. Machines sold on the easy payment plan.

B. F. HATHWAY,

200, 201, 202 ALWORTH BUILDING.

Zenith Phone—Office, 261; Res., 329-Y.

STEAMSHIP SINKS AT SEA

The British King Foundered While on Voyage to Antwerp.

Twenty-Eight Saved and Twenty-Eight Supposed to be Lost.

Boston, March 14.—The Phoenix line steamer British King foundered at sea last Sunday and only 28 out of the 56 on board are known to have been saved. News of the disaster was brought to this port today by the Leyland liner Bostonian from Manchester. The British King was bound for Antwerp from New York.

The British King went down at about 6 o'clock, Sunday morning, in latitude 41.40 north, longitude 60.11 west.

The disaster was caused by barrels of oil and other wreckage which had been washed overboard in a violent storm, being thrown back against the hull by the waves until an aperture was made through which the water entered.

The Bostonian had an board only seventeen of the survivors. The eleven others known to have escaped were picked up by the German tank steamer Manheim, Hamburg, for New York.

The survivors on the Bostonian say that there is little doubt that the twenty-eight missing men perished.

Among the rescued was Capt. James O'Hagan of the British King, but he died later on board the Bostonian from the effects of injuries. Among the others rescued by the Bostonian was Thomas Flanagan, the second officer; J. D. Crawford, the chief engineer; Adolphus Beck, the fourth engineer, and William J. Curry, the steward.

The rescue work of the Manheim and the Bostonian was effected at the risk of the lives of the rescuers. The first boat launched by the Bostonian was crushed to pieces in the sea and the crew was saved with difficulty. The second boat was at once launched, and the crew on this succeeded in taking 28 thirteen men from the sinking steamer, including Capt. O'Hagan.

After the sailors had been placed on the Bostonian, this life boat, too, was smashed and the crew, like the other, was in grave danger, but eventually all were taken from the water. The five others rescued by the Bostonian were removed from the wreckage to which they were found clinging. These five included Second Officer Flanagan, Chief Engineer Crawford, Fourth Engineer Beck and two cattlemen.

The British King was lost near Sable Island in one of the fiercest storms ever seen by the sailors. The rescue of eleven of the crew of th British of eleven of the crew of the British thrilling and wrought with as great peril as that performed by the men from the Bostonian.

After the thirteen men had been taken off by the Bostonian, darkness set in, and it was necessary to postpone further work of rescue on account of high seas until the rising of the moon. Before the moon shone, however, the British King went to the bottom and in the opinion of the rescuers, twenty-eight persons went down with her.

The fact that the leak was not discovered for many hours was the immediate cause of the ship's loss. The British King left New York last Tuesday. She carried a general cargo and 150 head of cattle.

New York, March 14.—Sanderson & Son, the New York agents of the company, which operates the steamer British King said today that there were no passengers on board the steamer which was wrecked last Sunday.

To become a Gordon Hat wearer—You have only to see Gordon Hats. To stay a Gordon Hat wearer, you have only to wear a Gordon $3.00

The Swedish Amateur Dramatic Club

Has been compelled to postpone the play which was to be given March 15, at Flaaten's auditorium. The play will now be presented March 22 instead of March 15.

PRESIDENT ST. JOHN RELEASED BY JUDGE.

Boise, Ida., March 14.—Vincent St. John, president of the Miners' union at Burke, Idaho, who was arrested, Feb. 18, charged with complicity in the assassination of Former Governor Steunenberg, was released today on a writ of habeas corpus granted by Judge George N. Stewart of the district court. Judge Stewart held that the probate judges ceased to have jurisdiction over St. John after March 2, when his preliminary examination should have been held.

High Grade Life Insurance Man

To represent a company that has stood the test of modern criticism—the Phoenix Mutual of Hartford; position as district manager of Duluth.

WALTER H. COBBAN,
Kitchi Gammi Club.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Facial Massage, Manicuring, at Miss Horrigan's.

Best place to get shoes repaired while shopping. Gopher Shoe Works.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHOCOlate dipper at Victor Huot's.

MANICURING, FACE AND SCALP treatments. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Blk.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gustaf Nikkila and Sophia Manklnen.
Oscar Bjork and Edith Akerstrom.
John A. Talle and Matilda Hallund.
Omund Nelson and Sofie Larson.

BIRTHS.

CARLSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Carlson of 313 Fifty-sixth avenue west, March 13.

HATLY—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hatly of 3611 Coates street, March 8.

FINLY—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Finly of 2019 West First street, March 13.

PETERSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Peterson of 2026 Huron street, March 12.

CARLSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Carlson of 1901 West Fourth street, March 12.

ANDERSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Anderson of 231 East Sixth street, March 10.

DEATHS.

LUTES—Margaret Lutes, daughter of Mrs. Mary Lutes died this morning at the residence of Charles H. Lutes. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

BUILDING PERMITS.

W. L. Jackson, frame cottage on Minnesota avenue between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth streets, to cost $250

Mrs. H. Frotz, porch on building on Sherburn street between Seventy-first and Seventy-second avenues west, to cost 125

Molitor Brothers, repairs to building on Superior street between Lake avenue and First avenue east, to cost 300

S. Carlson, alterations to building on Piedmont avenue between Second and Third streets, to cost 75

The Sale of Water Damaged Goods of Finch, Young & McConville Still Continues.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17-19 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

COPPER STOCKS TRIFLE LOWER

Steady During Most of Day But Weaker at Close.

The copper stock market was active today. Prices were quite steady during the session but fell off a little at the close. North Butte was not very active. It opened at $83, fell to $82 and closed at $82 bid and $82.25 asked. Amalgamated opened at $108.62½, advanced to $109.25 and fell to $107.62½, closing at $107.75 bid and $108 asked. United Copper opened at $72, advanced to $72.50 and fell to $69.50. The closing price was $69.25 bid and $70 asked. Anaconda fell from $274.50 to $270, closing at $270 bid. Butte Coalition was quite active, selling at $36.50 and $36.87½. The closing price was $36.25 bid and $36.75 asked.

Calumet & Arizona was stronger, selling at $13 and closing at $113 bid. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $29.50 and closed at $29.50 bid and $30.50 asked. Denn-Arizona sold at $20 and closed at $20 bid. Junction sold at $25.25 and closed at $25.50 bid and $26 asked. Lake Superior & Pittsburg sold at $41.50 and closed at $41.50 bid and $42.50 asked, and Pittsburg & Duluth sold at $22, closing at $21.50 bid and $22 asked.

Black Mountain was inactive and closed at $11 bid and $11.25 asked. Keweenaw at $14.50 bid and $15 asked and Copper Queen of Idaho at $2 bid and $2 asked. Warren sold at $15.25 and closed at $15 bid.

CITY BRIEFS

Rev. S. G. Briggs will preach at the evangelistic services at Grace M. E. church this evening.

The fire department had two runs this morning to small fires in the East and West ends. A small outbuilding burned at Twenty-first avenue west and Michigan street, and there was an alarm from the residence of J. J. Desmond on Twentieth avenue east.

The jury in the personal injury case of Paul Dorion against Butler Bros. was excused this morning, while the attorneys argued to the court on a motion to direct the verdict in favor of the defendant.

The Real Estate Exchange will not meet this evening at the Commercial club to discuss taxation matters. County Auditor Halden was to have been present to take an active part in the session, but he will be unable to be present so the members of the exchange decided to postpone the meeting just one week.

The members of the Delphian club will have an old-fashioned spelling match at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. It will be followed by the usual practice in parliamentary procedure.

PERSONALS

F. D. Orr left last evening for a business trip to Oshkosh, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hartman left for the East today.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Rice left yesterday over the Northern Pacific for the Pacific coast.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Alden left today for Aberdeen, Wash., over the Northern Pacific.

Gad Smith returned to Marquette today.

H. W. Jackson of Chicago, general agent of the Colorado Midland road, is in the city today.

G. A. Herman of Iron River, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Capt. W. Anderson of Hibbing is a guest at the St. Louis.

E. Pepper of Knife River, Minn., is registered at the St. Louis.

The best safeguard against headache, constipation and liver troubles is De Witt's Little Early Risers. They don't gripe. Sold by all druggists.

PRESIDENT DENOUNCED

Washington, March 14.—President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor and A. Furuseth, president of the Seamen's union, caused a furore today before the house committee on judiciary during the hearing on anti-injunction bills, by denouncing the Gilbert anti-injunction bill, which is said to have been drawn by Mr. Garfield, chief of the bureau of corporations, and to have the endorsement of President Roosevelt.

Of the president's reported endorsement of the Gilbert bill, Mr. Furuseth said:

"If he understands this bill and then gives it his endorsement, he is an enemy to honest labor, struggling under adverse conditions for better life; nay, he would be an enemy to human liberty. We do not believe it."

The Gilbert bill grants courts sitting in equity absolute jurisdiction in all cases growing out of labor troubles. The equity process in labor suits is violently opposed by the labor leaders.

JAPS CANNOT PASS.

Vladivistock, March 14.—Gen. Grodekoff, commander-in-chief of the Manchurian army has issued an order prohibiting Japanese from passing north of the Russian lines.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO.

We will place on sale tomorrow—

Spring Models in Eton Suits

Of neat checked materials. Circular-gored skirt, with high, detachable Princess girdle, at **$18.50**

Worth $25.00.

Also attractive lines of—

Nobby Covert Jackets

In Pony styles, or single-breasted box effects—satin-lined throughout—at **$10.00**

Worth $13.50.

Also a Line of Long Coats in the New English Plaids-- Double-breasted, with large self-covered buttons—velvet collar—45 inches long—at **$12.50**

Worth $18.50.

And some very new and stylish models in **Lace Trimmed Waists** at **$1.75**

Worth $2.50.

Also **Lace Trimmed Mull "Slips"** for wear under shirt waists, of splendid quality mull, in light blue, pink, light green, violet and white or blue—at **$1.00**

Value $1.50.

$6.50 for Fur Scarfs that were $13.50 and $15.00—just ones and twos from the season's selling remain—you can't regret buying now, even if you lay them away until next season.

$2.75 the last of Fur Scarfs -- that were $5.75—some of the $3.75 Scarfs at $1.50. A handful of each left.

$3.75 for Skirts that were $6.75 to $8.50. Only a small lot left. Come tomorrow and take your choice—also some

Skirts that were $12.00 and $15.00 are now $6.75

Sizes are broken, but the bargains are great!

$5 and $9.75 for the last of the Tailored Suits from the winter stock, were formerly $20 to $49.50—not more than a dozen left. Come in time.

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

We will continue to sell the remainder of our winter stock of

Coats

At $5.00

Coats that were formerly $12.50 to $16.50. The balance of lines that sold at these prices. 45 to 50 inches long, in a variety of models and materials. Not more than 20 coats, all told.

At $8.75

Coats that were formerly $19.50 to $25.00. Just a handful of good values for tomorrow—in long, loose coats; sizes are still fairly good.

At $12.50

Coats that were formerly $29.50 to $35.00. Ones and twos left from the season's selling. Some are long and loose, some are long and tight-fitting; a few swell Paddocks and semi-Paddocks among them. Blacks, grays and tan coverts.

Still Selling Children's Coats for a Song!

About 35 coats still remain from the large winter stocks that we had. These are being sold every day. Parents realize that a warm coat is always sensible in this climate. **$10, $12 and $15** coats—now **$3.75, $4.75 and $5.75.**

J. M. Gidding & Co.,

Superior St. and First Ave. W.

STANDARD OIL HAS PIPE LINE

Along the Right of Way of the Santa Fe Road.

Kansas City, March 14.—Half a dozen witnesses were still to be examined when the interstate commerce commission resumed its hearing here today into the charges of rate discrimination made by the Kansas Oil Producers association.

J. R. Kontz, general freight agent of the Santa Fe railway, the first witness, was asked by Mr. Marchand, attorney for the commission:

"Are the pipe lines of the Standard Oil company upon the right-of-way of the Santa Fe railway?"

"Yes, sir; they are for a distance east of Sugar Creek (Kansas City) to a point somewhere in Illinois where they branch off. West of Sugar Creek the pipe line is upon the right of way of the Southern Kansas division of the Santa Fe for a considerable distance."

"How did the Standard Oil company get this right of way?"

"I do not know."

Mr. Kontz was questioned about the meeting of traffic managers of different railroads in St. Louis in June, 1904, at which the oil rate east from Illinois was raised from 10 cents to 17 cents a hundred pounds. He said that he was at the meeting. He did not know who called it.

ALEXANDER II

Was Assassinated by Bomb Twenty-Five Years Ago Tuesday.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—Yesterday being the anniversary of the assassination of Emperor Alexander II, grandfather of the present czar, who was killed by the explosion of a bomb in the streets of St. Petersburg, March 13, 1881, services in his memory were held in the churches and the newspapers published articles recalling the murder which for twenty-five years put an end to the project of reform for Russia.

The Nove Vreyma asserts Russia is again "At the parting of the ways."

Louisville, Ky., and Return $23.55.

On March 15, 16, 17 and 18, the "North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return, at $23.55. Tickets good for return March 21st.

Account American Bowling Congress.

City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

HANGMAN BLUNDERED.

Execution of Ivan Kulikoff Was a Horrible Affair.

Minsk, Russia, March 14.—The execution today of Ivan Kulikoff, who during the recent year attempted to assassinate the governor of Minsk, Gen. Kourloff, was a horrible affair. He was hanged at the gate of the prison in the presence of a gaping crowd but the noose was so badly adjusted by the policeman brought from Kursk to act as executioneer that Kulikoff suffered agonies for ten minutes.

MORRISON CONTINUES.

Chicago, March 14.—District Attorney Morrison continued his argument today in the hearing of the packers special pleas for immunity.

Man proposes—woman disposes. To insure a pleasant reception, wear a

Stetson

every time you call.

We have the Stetson Soft and Derby Hats in all the latest styles.

FLOAN, LEVEROOS & CO.

THE BEST BOYS' SHOES IN TOWN

$1.50 to $3 A PAIR.

PHILLIPS&CO.

218 West Superior St.

IT'S ALWAYS LESS AT

OPPEL'S

117 East Superior Street

Oranges	Two dozen Navel Oranges for	25c
Quaker Oats	25c packages for	19c
Prunes	Do you want the best 10c prunes two pounds for	15c
Potatoes,	Early Rose per bushel	55c
Raisins,	Large Fancy Raisins, 3 lbs.	25c
Rolled Oats	8 lbs. bulk for	25c
Gloss Starch	7 pounds for	25c
10c Corn Starch	for	6c
Laundry Soap	10 bars Swift's	25c
Saxon Oats	25c package for	21c

Have You Seen the

White Carnival?

We've had a siege of rapid-fire selling—the results have exceeded our great expectations—our record of sales for the past two days proves this to be the most popular of all sales held by us in this city. No need to ask the reason why—such quick choosing and fast buying as prevailed here for the past week can only come from big display and unpriced selling of fine goods of high merit. Tomorrow again you'll find a big list of attractions and many new ones.

First Ave. West and Superior St. **ALBENBERG'S** *First Ave. West and Superior St.*

MARKET IS STRONGER

Little Foreign Demand But Prices Are Better at Close.

Flax Very Active and Closes 1 5-8 Cents Higher in Duluth.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 14.—Reports of snow and colder weather throughout the winter wheat country continued to come in today and wheat was a little stronger in the American markets. There seemed to be no foreign demand for any wheat except durum, however, and the buying of shorts probably caused the advances. Liverpool closed ⅜d to 1½d lower; Berlin, ⅛c lower, and Antwerp, ⅜c to 1¼c lower.

The May option was ¼c higher in Duluth, a shade up in Chicago, ⅛c up in Minneapolis, ¼c up in New York, ¼-⅜c up in St. Louis, ⅜c up in Kansas City and ¼c up in Winnipeg. The July option was ⅜c up in Duluth, ⅛c up in Chicago, ¼c up in Minneapolis, ¼c up in New York, ⅜c up in St. Louis, ¼c up in Kansas City and ⅜c up in Winnipeg.

Corn was stronger. The May option was ⅛-¼c up in Chicago. Corn was ⅝d lower in Liverpool. May oats were ⅛-¼c higher in Chicago.

Car receipts at Duluth were 46, against 8 last year, and at Minneapolis 355, against 164 last year, making a total of 384 for the Northwest, against 172 last year. Chicago received 7, against 7 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 450,000 bus., last year 314,000 bus. Shipments 160,000 bus., last year 247,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 213,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 329,000 bus., last year 623,000 bus. Shipments 280,000 bus., last year 572,000 bus. Clearances were 284,000 bus.

Wheat was active in the local market May wheat opened ¼c lower at 76c, and at 9:35 had fallen to 75⅞-76c and at 12:30 rallied to 76⅝c. At 12:30 the price had fallen to 76⅜c and at 12:40 had rallied to 76½c. The closing price was 76½c, a gain of ¼c. July wheat opened ¼c lower at 77½c, advanced to 77⅝c, advanced to 78⅛c and fell to 78c. The closing price was 78c, a gain of ¼c over yesterday.

Flax was stronger and trading was very active during the session of the local market. Laplatta linseed was 1½d higher and Calcutta ¾d higher in London, and Antwerp was unchanged. Bullish news from India, indicating that the yield there would be small and the acreage decreased, had its effect on the American markets. May flax opened 1c higher at $1.16, advanced to $1.16¼, fell to $1.15¾ and advanced to $1.17. The closing price was $1.16⅝, a gain of 1⅝c over yesterday.

July flax opened ⅞c higher at $1.17½, advanced to $1.17¾, fell to $1.17½ and advanced to $1.18⅜ and the closing price was $1.18¼, a gain of 1⅜c over yesterday. September advanced 1¼c and October 1½c.

Oats to arrive and on track were ¼c higher. May oats and the other coarse grains unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive—No. 1 northern, 75⅝c; No. 2 northern, 73⅝c. On track—No. 1 northern, 75⅝c; No. 2 northern, 73⅝c; May, 76½@c; July, 78c; September, 77½c. Durum—No. 1, 72c; No. 2, 69c. Flax—To arrive, $1.15⅜; on track, $1.15⅜; May, $1.16⅝; July, $1.18¼; September, $1.17; October, $1.15½. Oats—To arrive, 28½c; on track, 28½c; May, 28¼c. Rye, 56c. Barley, 37-45c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 46, last year 8; oats 13, barley 9, rye 2, flax 54, last year 3.

Receipts—Wheat, 62,827; oats, 36,603; rye, 825; barley, 9,861; flax, 71,126.

Receipts—Oats, 1,700.

Cash Sales Wednesday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars	$0.76¾
No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	75¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	75⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	75⅞
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	75½
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	76
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car	73
No. 2 northern, 1 car	73⅝
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	73½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	74½
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	72
No. 3, 1 car	72⅝
No. 3, 1 car	70¾
No. 3, 1 car	71½
No. 3, 1 car mixed	71½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car	70
No. 4 wheat, 1 car	71¾
No grade wheat, 1 car	58
Durum wheat, 1 car No. 1	72
Durum, 3 cars No. 2	69
Flax, 3 cars	1.14½
Flax, 3 cars	1.15
Flax, 1,000 bus	1.14½
Flax, 1 car 1802	1.13⅝
Oats, 2 cars No. 2 white	28⅝
Oats, 3 cars No. 3 white	28¾
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white	28½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white	28½
Oats, 3 cars No. 3 white	28¾
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white	28⅝
Barley, 1 car	38¼
Barley, 1 car	38½
Barley, 4 cars	39
Barley, 5 cars	39½
Barley, 1 car	40

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Lower Cables and Liberal Receipts Give Wheat Easy Feeling.

Chicago, March 14.—The wheat market was the easiest at the opening today. Fit traders were bearishly inclined because of lower cables, liberal receipts in the Northwest and continued snow in the Southwest. May opened ¼@¾c to ½@⅝c lower at 76⅝c to 76½c, advanced to 76@76⅞c, reacted to 76⅝@¾c, and sold at 76⅝c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 391 cars against 302 cars last week, and 179 cars a year ago.

Towards the middle of the day the market became strong on covering by shorts who were actuated by reports of a famine in Russia. Just before the close the market slumped off somewhat on profit taking. The high point was at 77⅛@⅜c. The close was steady with May up a shade at 77c.

The corn market was steady, chiefly because of smaller local receipts. May opened a shade lower at 42@42⅜c, advanced to 43⅛@43⅜c, and sold at 42⅝@43c. Local receipts were 153 cars with one of contract grade.

The market became firmer later because of an improved demand for cash corn, May advancing to 43c where it closed steady. The net gain for the day in the May option was 1@1¼c.

Profit taking by local holders caused an easier tone in the oats market. May opened unchanged at 29⅜c, and declined to 28¾@⅞c. Local receipts were 105 cars.

Trading in provisions was light, but the market was firm. May pork opened 22½c higher at $15.75, and sold at $15.80. Lard was up 2½@5c at $7.82½. Ribs advanced 2½@5c at $8.35.

Close: Wheat—May, 77c; July, 77½c. Corn—May, 43c; July, 43½c. Oats—May, 29@29⅛c; July, 28½c. Pork—May, $15.70; July, $15.65. Lard—May, $7.80; July, $7.90@7.92½. Ribs—May, $8.20@8.22½; July, $8.35@8.37½. Rye—Cash, 55½c; May, 60½@61c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.13½; southwestern, $1.07; May, $1.13½. Timothy—March, $3.15. Clover—Cash, $13.85. Barley—Cash, 37@52c. Cash wheat, 2 red, 81¼@82¼c; 3 red, 77@80c; 2 hard, 76½@79¼c; 3 hard, 72¼@76½c; 1 northern, 77½@80c; 2 northern, 76¼@78c; 3 spring, 72@78c. Corn—2, 41¾@42c; 3, 40½@42c. Oats—2, 29¼c; 3, 29c.

New York Grain.

New York, March 14.—Close: Wheat—May, 84c; July, 83⅜c; September, 83¼c. Corn—May, 49¼c; July, 49¼c; September, 46⅝c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, March 14.—Close: Wheat—May, 76⅝c; July, 77¾@78c; September, 77¼c; No. 1 hard, 75⅝c; No. 1 northern, 76⅜c; No. 2 northern, 73½c.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 4; No. 1 northern, 8; No. 2 northern, 12; No. 3 spring, 6; No. 4 spring, 1; rejected, 3; No. 1 durum, 1; No. 2 durum, 8; No. 3 durum, 2; no grade and No. 4 durum, 1; total of durum, 12; total of all wheat, 46; last year, 8.

Flax—No. 1, 54; rejected, 54; last year, 3.

Oats, 13; rye, 2; barley, 9.

Total of all cars, 124.

American Wheat Markets.

May—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	76	76¾	76¾-¾	83½
High	76¾	76⅞	77½-⅝	84¼
Low	75¾-76	75	76⅝-½	83⅝
Close	76½B	75⅝B	77⅛	84A
Close 13th	76¼	75½	76⅞-⅞	84¾
July—				
Open	77⅝	77¾-⅞	76⅞-77	83½
High	78¼	78⅜	77⅞	84
Low	77½	77⅛-¼	76¾	83¼
Close	78¼	77⅜-⅞A	77¼B	83¾A
Close 13th	77¾	77⅛-¼	77⅛	83⅝
September—				
Open	76½		76¾-77	83
High	77⅜		77⅞	83⅝
Low	77½		76¾	82¾
Close	77½B		77¾	83¼A
Close 13th	77½		76¾-⅞	83

St. Louis—	Close 14th.	Close 13th.
May	74¾-⅞	74½
July	75⅝	74¼
Kansas City—		
May	71¾	71⅝
July	70	69¾
Winnipeg—		
May	74¾	74½
July	76⅜	76

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	29⅛	42¾	$15.75
High	29⅜	43⅛	15.75
Low	28⅞-29	42⅝	15.67
Close	29¼-⅜	43A	15.70

Minneapolis Flour.

Minneapolis, March 14.—The domestic trade for the last two days has been fairly active. Up to noon today the prospects were not so bright. Foreign bids, it is still claimed, are out of line. The shipments are 36,047 barrels. First patents, $4.00@4.10; second patents, $3.80@3.90; first clears, $3.50@3.60; second clears, $2.40@2.55.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, March 14.—Wheat: Spot nominal; futures steady; March 6s 5¾d; May 6s 4⅞d; January 6s 4¾d. Corn: Spot American mixed new, firm 4s 1d; American mixed, old quiet, 4s 7d; futures quiet; March 4s 8½d; May 4s 1½d.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—An unexpected good buying demand developed in the market today, and it seems to us to have come largely from the shorts, taking advantage of the bearish conditions prevailing at the opening. There was nothing in the early news to inspire confidence on the long side, rather conditions were more bearish than heretofore inasmuch as the entire winter wheat country had received a splendid blanket of snow over night, adding to the already favorable conditions. The cables could not give the bulls the help they needed and the early market showed a dragging tendency. General conditions seems to us unchanged. There are large supplies everywhere, excellent crop prospects, and the foreigners are apparently still independent of us. Until conditions change, we think it the part of wisdom to sell wheat on the pronounced hard spots, at the same time, we advise caution in getting too enthusiastic on the short side on breaks.

It seems as if the better feeling in wheat was largely responsible for much of the buying today in corn and oats, but trade at no time showed much, if any, snap. The market is a slow scalping one at best, we think the selling side on the bulges will result in profit.

There was much wonderment at the difference between the daily receipts of hogs and the estimates. In part this can be accounted for by the conditions of roads, which in some places are extremely bad. Looking at the stocks and the cash side of the market, we can but feel that the holders have the upper hand.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—A splendid trading market in wheat, prices fluctuating over a range of 1⅜c for Minneapolis May. A very liberal business was transacted, indicating that today's low prices are now attracting general attention. In Chicago there is increased interest in the important buying orders placed by Armour, and there is further evidence of accumulation by the Eastern crowd. Broomhall cabled a review from the London Standard which is to the effect that the famine in Russia at the present time exceeds that of 1891 in intensity and area, and that country is threatened, too, by a revolt as soon as spring sets in. The weather forecast is not as the bears would like to have it; low temperatures will prevail over the Northwest and Central Mississippi valley states. Another feature that came in for consideration was the light acceptances of bids sent to the country. All in all, we regard the news as being partially favorable to holders, and believe new investors are making a mistake not to buy this wheat at a time when the price is very low and interest in the market is on the point of broadening.

We are headquarters for

Bonanza Circle

AND

North Butte Copper Stocks

PAINE, WEBBER & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

328 West Superior Street.

EDWARDS - WOOD CO.

(Incorporated)

Dealers in

Stocks, Grain, Provisions

Main Office

Fifth and Robert Sts., ST. PAUL, MINN

OPHIR-BUCKHORN

Have they consolidated?

Answer: Is property sold on contract for deed sold?

Yes, there is a contract between the parties who control the Ophir Tunnel Co. and the parties controlling the Buckhorn mine, which is a practical consolidation of the two into the Buckhorn Ore Co.

If anyone desires to see a copy of the contract, call upon

H. E. Smith & Co.

William Kaiser, Manager.

Main Floor Palladio Bldg.

Phones: Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

ARE YOU BUYING MINING STOCKS?

Before doing so, write me. I offer for sale limited blocks of Seyler-Humphrey, 55c; Red Top, $2; Fair Rock Manhattan, 1c; Empire Tunnel, 26c; Panhandle Smelter, 9c; Mount Union, 19c; Jumping Jack, 30c; Overland Gold, 4c, and all other desirable mining stocks at prices that will save you money.

R. B. HIGBEE Broker.

Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Established in 1899.

$10,000,000 BALAKLALA!

California Copper Property Is Taken Over By American S. & R. Company, Lewisohn and Rogers —Guggenheim's Deal.

New York, Feb. 24.—Charles D. Barney & Co. of 25 Broad street, acting for a syndicate, have purchased control of the Balaklala copper properties of California. It is reported that the syndicate is composed of American Smelting & Refining company interests, Adolph Lewisohn and H. H. Rogers. Altogether, about $10,000,000 is involved.

Contracts for smelting the copper ore will be made with the smelting combine.

It is understood that the syndicate participations of the leading copper and mining companies were the result of negotiations of young Daniel Guggenheim, son of the president of the smelting trust. The participation of the leading interests is considered an evidence of the friendly trade relationship of the principal mining and smelting interests in this country.

The Balaklala Consolidated Copper company, at present, has a capital stock of $10,000,000.—Denver Daily Mining Record.

The Balaklala is in the same district as the Shasta May Blossom, the stock of which is for sale by

H. E. SMITH & CO.,

Wm. Kaiser, Mgr.

Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.

Phones—Zenith 696; Duluth 82-L.

PLOT TO KILL DR. PARKHURST

Said to Have Been Discovered by the New York Authorities.

New York, March 14.—The report of an alleged plot to kill Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, was made public today. Dr. Parkhurst has been prominent for years as a police reformer. It is understood that the district attorney's office has prepared to summon several witnesses in connection with this plot, which is said to have originated because of a raid made upon a disorderly house by agents of the Parkhurst society some time ago. District Attorney Jerome, when asked about this report today, refused to discuss it. According to the report a man has been hired to club Parkhurst at the first opportunity presenting itself. Dr. Parkhurst today refused either to confirm or deny the report.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED

Woodsman at Cedar River, Mich., Found Dead on Track.

Menominee, Mich., March 14.—The body of Michael McFadden, a woodsman employed by Crawford & Sons at Cedar river, was found on the railroad track horribly mangled today. McFadden had considerable money on his person yesterday and all was missing when the body was found. Foul play is suspected.

Copper Range Consolidated Company.

DIVIDEND NO. 5.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held February 28th, 1906, a quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share was declared, payable on Saturday, March 31st, 1906, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 7th, 1906. The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on Wednesday, March 7th, and will be opened on Monday morning, April 2nd, 1906.

FREDERIC STANWOOD, Treasurer.

STAGNATION IN STOCKS

Due to Uncertainty of Factors Overshadowing the Market.

Fluctuations Were Limited and the Close Was Easy.

New York, March 14.—First prices in the stock market today were a fraction higher than last night. Trading was quiet and the volume of transactions small. Gains in excess of ½ were in General Electric, Colorado Fuel, Cotton Oil and Anaconda. Chicago Union Traction ran off 1¼.

Speculative ventures were largely limited to stocks which for one reason or another were good mediums for professional operations. Among these were the coalers, southern and Hill grops of railroads and certain specialties. Chicago Union Traction sold down 2 points. Varying operations of room traders were all there was to the market. Bonds were steady at noon.

Uncertainty as to the working out of various factors overshadowing the market such as the international political situation and the home labor conditions seemed to be regarded as the chief cause of the stock market's stagnation. None of the usual prominent stocks moved widely enough between 12 and 1 o'clock to call for comment. Central of Jersey gained 1, New Haven 1½, and General Chemical 2. Northwestern and Tennessee Coal lost 1.

Professional interest in the market diminished greatly and fluctuations were trivial.

American Tobacco preferred rose 1¼ and Manhattan 1¾. The general list sold off to the lowest of the day on the hurry in the call money rate. New York Central & St. Louis dropped 2½. Northern Pacific 2⅝; Great Northern preferred 3½. Northwestern 2¾. Consolidated Gas and Lead 1⅛, and St. Paul, Copper, Colorado Fuel Pressed Steel Car and Virginia-Carolina Chemical a point or more. The close was easy and without rebound.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd.			102¾
do com.	94½	93¼	93⅝
Smelter, com.	161⅜	159⅜	160⅜
American Woolen	43¾	43¼	43¼
Amalgamated Copper	107⅜	105⅞	107⅝
B. & O. Ry.	110¼	110¼	110¼
B. R. T.	86½	84¾	85
Canadian Pacific Ry.	170⅜	170	170
C. & O.	57¼	56½	56½
C. F. I.	65⅞	64	64¼
C. G. W. com.	21⅜	21	21
Erie 1st pfd.	74⅜	73¾	73¾
do com.	43¼	42⅜	42⅝
Illinois Central	172½	170	171
Central Leather	45⅜	44½	44½
L. & N.	150⅜	148⅜	149
Mex. Central	24⅜	24¼	24⅜
Met. Ry.	115½	114¼	114½
Mo. Pacific	100⅜	99½	99½
Manhattan	153⅜	151⅜	153⅜
N. Y. C.	148	147	147
O. & W.	51¼	50⅜	50⅜
People's Gas	97¾	97	97⅛
Pacific Mail			44
Penn. Ry.	138⅜	137¾	137¾
Rock Island com.	27¼	26½	26⅝
Rock Island, pfd.	66¼	65⅛	66⅛
Reading, com	128¼	127⅜	127⅞
R. I. & S., pfd.	106⅜	105¼	105½
R. I. & S., com.	30¼	30	30
Rubber, com	53⅜	53	53⅜
St. Paul	177	176⅛	176⅛
Sugar	140⅜	139⅜	139⅝
So. Railway, com.	41⅜	40⅜	40⅝
So. Pacific	67⅜	66⅜	66½
T. C. & I.	151½	151	151½
U. S. Steel, pfd.	106¼	106⅜	106⅝
U. S. Steel, com.	41½	40⅜	40⅝
Union Pac., com	153⅜	142¼	152¼
Wis. Cent., com	27	26	26
Western Union	94	93¾	93⅞
Wabash, com			67⅜
Wabash, pfd	51⅜		51
Nor. Pacific	221¼	218	218¼
Erie 2nd			67¾
American Locomotive	70⅞	69¾	70⅜
Great Northern	325⅜	320	320

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Stocks through most of the session ruled without any special feature, but the sudden sharp advance to 6 per cent for money brought about general selling of stocks, leaving the list soft and lower. Market seems to be more like a scalping affair, and we feel it is likely to continue so until something definite is known regarding the coal strike. Probability of higher money and fear regarding the coal strike are the factors likely to hold market in check. We feel market will do better.

• • •

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was steady and inclined to be strong. Northern Pacific and Great Northern were bid up, also Copper. The further break in Chicago Traction had little effect. In the afternoon the advance in call money to 6 per cent had a bad effect and traders sold stocks. The whole list declined and prices reacted to the lowest of the day. There was little news and the market advanced and was mostly in the hands of traders. We look for more of a traders' market for the rest of the week, and one in which it is wise to take quick profits.

The Cotton Market.

New York, March 14.—The cotton market opened barely steady at a decline of 4@5 points and was almost sensationally active and weak during the first ten minutes, with prices selling off to a new low level, and about 200 to 225 points below last night's finals under heavy stop loss selling and active bear pressure. There was demand for covering at the decline, but after rallying 5 or 6 points, the market turned nervous and irregular.

Cotton futures closed steady; closing bids, March, 10.19; April, 10.23; May, 10.35; June, 10.44; July, 10.47; August, 10.43; September, 10.15; October, 10.03; November, 10.04; December, 10.07; January, 10.11.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, March 14.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $153,105,406; gold, $77,919,344; gold certificates, $45,923,560.

New York Money.

New York, March 14.—Money on call firm and higher, 4@6½ per cent; ruling rate 4½, closing bid 5, offered at 6. Time loans steady; sixty days and ninety days, 5@5¼ per cent; six months, 5. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.65@7.0 for demand and at $4.82.40@45 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4.83½ and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.82. Bar silver, 63⅜c; Mexican dollars, 49¼c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds firm.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	107¾	108
Anaconda	270	.....
Atlantic	21½	22
Arcadian	4	.....
Adventure	6½	6¾
Allouez	38	38½
Bingham	39	39½
Black Mountain	11	11¼
Copper Range	79½	79¾
Calumet & Hecla	685	690
Calumet & Arizona	112½	113
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	30½
Centennial	25½	26¼
Denn-Arizona	.....	25
Daly West	14¼	15
Franklin	19½	20
Granby	12	12½
Green Cons.	29	29½
Isle Royale	22½	23
Junction	25½	26
L. S. & Pittsburg	41½	42½
Michigan	13½	14
Mayflower	1	1¼
Mass	9¼	9½
Mohawk	58	58¼
Mercur Con.	66c	68c
North Butte	82	82¼
National	2	2¼
Old Dominion	45¼	45⅜
Osceola	100¼	101
Phoenix	1	1¼
Parrott	37½	38
P. & D.	21½	22
Quincy	92	93
Rhode Island	5⅞	6
Santa Fe	1¾	2
Shannon	6¾	7
Tecumseh	13½	14
Tamarack	105	109
Trinity	10⅜	10⅞
U. S. Mining	55¾	56
Utah	61¼	62
United Copper	69¼	70
Union Land	2½	3½
Victoria	9	9¼
Wyandot	1⅜	1½
Wolverine	142	143
Winona	8½	9
Warren	.....	16
Butte Coalition	36¼	36¾
Copper Queen	2	3
Keweenaw	14½	15
Boston Con.	22½	23
Nevada Con.	19	19⅛
East Butte	10¾	11
Sullivan	.....	2½

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Liquidation of Boston Consolidated was very heavy again today and the stock sold lower than it has for several months. The rest of the market held very steady. The local curb stocks are active at present and seem to absorb a large part of the public interest. Butte Coalition, East Butte, Raven and Cumberland and Ely were all strong and active throughout the day.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

The following prices, with the exception of those on hay, feed and meats, are the official quotations of the Duluth produce exchange, and shippers can rely upon them as being correct. The list is corrected daily by the secretary, and it shows accurately the market condition up to 12 o'clock on the date of issue. The weekly market letter, published on Fridays, is not an official statement of the exchange, but the information is gathered personally from the different dealers.

BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	28	@	29
Creamery, in tubs	27	@	28
Dairies, fancy	18	@	19
Renovated	20	@	21
Packing stock	12½	@	13
EGGS.			
Fresh	15	@	16
Storage	10	@	11
CHEESE.			
Full cream twins	14	@	14½
Block and Wheel Swiss	14½	@	15
Brick cheese, per lb	14		
Limberger, full cream cheese	15		
Primost	6½	@	7
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	13½	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb.	15		
Maple syrup, 1-gallon cans	1 35		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb.	13		
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb.	15		
Cocoanuts, per doz.	60		
Brazils, per lb.	12		
Hickory nuts, per bus.	2 00		
Pecans, per lb.	13		
Almonds	16		
Black Walnuts, per bus.	1 65		
Mixed nuts	12½		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb.	12@		8
Chestnuts, per lb.	14		
FRUITS.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	6 50		
Baldwins	6 00	@	6 50
York State Russets	6 00	@	6 50
Spitzenbergs, sweets	6 00	@	6 50
Colorado Winesaps, per box	3 00		
Bananas, per bunch	2 00	@	2 50
Cranberries	16 00		
Prunes, fard, 12-lb. box	1 10		
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb. box	1 00		
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb. box	1 35		
Grape fruit, per case	4 25		
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50		
Lemons, Cal., per box	4 25	@	4 50
California Navels	3 25	@	3 50
Strawberries, per qt	50		
VEGETABLES.			
Navy beans	1 75	@	2 00
Beets, per cwt	2 00		
Top beets, per doz.	1 00		
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 25		
Cabbage, per ton	30 00	@	40 00
Cauliflower, per box	3 75		
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35		
Celery, Cal., per doz	50		
Carrots, per cwt.	1 20	@	1 25
Egg plant, per doz	2 25		
Horseradish, per barrel	7 00		
Lettuce leaf, per box	1 35		
Onions, per cwt	1 50	@	1 75
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 25		
Parsley, per doz	45		
Parsnips, per cwt	2 00		
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50		
Potatoes, per bus	55	@	60
Radishes, round, per doz	75	@	1 00
Spinach, per box	1 50		
Florida tomatoes, basket	90		
Rutabagas, per cwt	85		
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb.	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
CIDER.			
Clarified, 16-gal. k	3 50		
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50		
Black raspberry juice	5 50		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Springs, per lb.	14	@	15
Hens, per lb.	13	@	14
Spring ducks, per lb.	14		
Turkeys, per lb	18	@	20
Geese, per lb	12	@	14
FISH.			
Trout, per lb.	11		
Pike, per lb.	10		
White, per lb.	10	@	12½
Lake Superior herring	2½		
Skinned perch	6		
Smelts, No. 1	12		
Smelts, No. 2	10		
Fresh salmon, per lb.	15		
Halibut, per lb.	12½		
Oysters, standard, per gal.	1 45		
Oysters, select, per gal.	1 85		
HAY.			
Timothy, No. 1, per ton	9 00		
Timothy, No. 2, per ton	8 00	@	8 50
Upland, per ton	8 00	@	8 50
FEED.			
Bran, per ton	17 00		
Oats, per bus	31½		
Shorts, per ton	18 00		
MEATS.			
Beef	5½	@	7½
Mutton	8½	@	9½
Lard	8¼		
Pork loins	10½		
Veal	8	@	9

New York.

New York, March 14.—Butter steady; unchanged. Receipts, 7,000 packages. Cheese firm, unchanged. Receipts, 4,315 packages. Eggs firm; receipts, 12,653. State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 20@21c; western firsts, 15c; do seconds, 14½c; southerns, 13½@15c.

Chicago.

Chicago, March 14.—Butter steady; creameries, 16@26½c; dairies, 15@23c. Eggs easy; at mark, cases included, 12½c. Cheese steady; daisies, 12½@13c; twins, 11¾@12¼c; Young Americas, 12c.

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C. C. WYMAN & CO.

DULUTH. GRAIN COMMISSION. MINNEAPOLIS.

NOTICE!

Business houses wishing to get the trade of the Finnish people will be wise to advertise in a humorous Finnish newspaper, "Velasuu." "Velasuu" is the only Finnish newspaper in Northern Minnesota published in a region where thousands of Finnish people are living. "Velasuu" has subscribers all over the United States. Address

"VELASUU,"

Box 559 Hibbing, Minn.

BONANZA CIRCLE STOCKS

Telephones—Duluth, 1408. Zenith, 971. **Headquarters** 404-405 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minnesota.

FRED H. MERRITT

I devote my entire time to buying and selling on commission and guarantee best prices. I confine myself to the most active stocks and make a specialty of large orders.

Condition of the market at the close Wednesday, March 14, 1906:

COMPANY.	Bid. Shares	Bid. Price	Asked. Shares	Asked. Price	Last Sales. Shares	Last Sales. Price
Calumet & Arizona	20	$113.00	50	$113.50	15	$113.00
Calumet & Pittsburg	100	29.50	50	29.75	60	29.60
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg	100	41.25	50	41.75	20	41.50
Pittsburg & Duluth	100	21.50	25	22.00	25	21.75
Junction Mining Co.	50	25.50	100	25.75	50	25.65
American Dev. Co.	75	11.00	50	11.25	50	11.00
Warren R. & D. Co.	60	15.00	25	15.25	50	15.25
Denn-Arizona	50	19.50	25	20.00	50	20.00
Black Mountain G. M. Co.	100	11.00	50	11.25	15	11.25
Keweenaw Copper Co.	150	14.00	25	14.75	25	14.50
Butte & London Copper Co.	250	2.75	50	2.80	200	2.75

LATEST NEWS: Market is quite active and stocks are fairly well taken. However, the supply seems to be increasing rather than decreasing. Calumet & Arizona showed considerable strength; that is to say, very few shares were offered for sale. Calumet & Pittsburg seems plentiful at gradually declining prices. However, the property is still there and the work is being pushed night and day. Denn-Arizona is also getting down where it looks attractive to both speculator and investor, and should be a profit producer for both. I think the market should be very closely watched for the next ten days, as undoubtedly there will be some good fluctuations which, if taken advantage of, will prove profitable.

MUCH MONEY IS WASTED

To Support the Civil Service, Says Congressman Grosvenor.

One Half Would Supply All Necessary Public Buildings.

Washington, March 14.—The legislative bill was laid before the house and Mr. Babcock (Wis.) took the floor for a speech on statehood. He said the house bill was one of the greatest legislative outrages ever enacted, that the senate had properly amended the bill and he favored the senate amendment.

He dealt at length on the reasons why Arizona and New Mexico should not be united as one state. Applause on both sides of the chamber greeted Mr. Babcock's conclusion.

Announcing that he wished to discuss the civil service of the government, Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) remarked that he did not wish to say "I told you so." One half of the money that is squandered annually to support the civil service of the government, he said, would supply needed public buildings and provide for ship subsidy, which, after two years, he maintained, would put more money into the treasury than it took out. While the efforts of the committee were honest, he thought they were on the wrong track. He reviewed the history of the merit system, enacted in a crude way in 1883. Since then a hundred bills have been introduced to perfect that law, but not one bill has ever come before the committee, he said. It had not dared entrust the American congress to legislate on that question.

"Talk about sitting on the lid," he continued, "the house committee on civil service has had it bolted down completely since 1883."

Whenever a demand was made for general reform in this respect, he said, the charge that a return to the "spoils" system was made. He denied this absolutely. "But we have sought an opportunity to stay this tide

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST

DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand

PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value. 14 years of success in.

Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

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Tours de Luxe and Vacation, covering all Europe. Varied routes; choice of steamship lines. Including all traveling expenses, $175 to $1185

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WINTER RESORTS.

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Open all the year. Write for booklet.

EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*3:40 a.m.	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 p.m.
*4:00 p.m.	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Appleton	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m.

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m.	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m.
† 8:00 a.m.	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m.
* 7:30 p.m.	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m.
* 8:30 a.m.	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m.
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m.	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m.
* 1:55 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.		* 7:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Union Depot and 401 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m.	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:50 p.m.
* 3:50 p.m.		* 2:00 p.m.
*11:15 p.m.		* 6:10 a.m.
* 9:30 a.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast, Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	* 6:30 p.m.
* 8:15 p.m.		* 7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		†12:20 p.m.
† 6:20 a.m.	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:50 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 390 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44

All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m.	Lv. North Country Mail	Ar. *8:55 a.m.
	All Points East.	
†7:45 a.m.	Lv. LOCAL	Ar. †6:45 p.m.
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:34	Ar. Ely Lv	7:35	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sunday.	A.M.	P.M.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar. Fin Junct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. Mt'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:02
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX

Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

SUMMONS IN APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of Edith T. Braden to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely:

Lot numbered four (4), in block numbered sixty-one (61), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County, Applicant.

vs.

City of Duluth, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 9th day of February, A. D. 1906.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

(Seal.)

ALFORD & HUNT,

Attorneys for Applicant.

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-23—Mar-7-14—1906.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education, School District No. 27, Hibbing, Minnesota, up to 2:00 p. m., March 19th, 1906, for the erection and completion of a Public School Building. Bids will be addressed to A. P. Silliman, Clerk of School District No. 27, Hibbing, Minnesota, and endorsed on the envelope "Proposal for School Building." Bids will not be taken at this time upon plumbing, heating or lighting.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check amounting to 10 per cent of the bid, made payable to the order of W. H. Day, Director, as a guarantee that bidder will enter into contract with Board of Education. Successful bidder will be required to furnish a Surety Company Bond, satisfactory to the Board of Education, in full amount of his contract.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on file with A. P. Silliman, Clerk of School District No. 27, Hibbing, Minnesota; at the Builders Exchange, Duluth, Minnesota; at the Builders' Exchange, St. Paul, Minnesota; at the Builders' Exchange, Minneapolis, Minnesota, or at the office of the Architects, W. R. Parsons & Son Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

Special arrangements can be made with the Architects for the exclusive use of a set of the Plans until date of letting, if desired.

Time of completion of the work is the 15th of August, 1906.

Board of Education reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of Board of Education.

A. P. SILLIMAN, Clerk.

Dated at Hibbing, Minnesota, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1906.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 26-Mar 1-5-7-10-14-17.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT default has been made in the conditions of a Mortgage executed by Robert J. Godfrey and Maude Godfrey, his wife, Mortgagors, to William G. Close, Mortgagee, dated June 9th, 1904, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, 1904, in Book 207 of Mortgages on page 306.

That the amount which is claimed to be due and is due on said Mortgage at this date is Seven Hundred and Sixty-Eight Dollars and Fifty-eight Cents ($768.58).

That the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage are Lots Twenty-six (26) and Twenty-seven (27) in Block Ten (10), in Hillsbury Addition to Hibbing, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of said Register of Deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota.

That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said Mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of said premises at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, by the Sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the Front Door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County and State, on Monday, the 16th day of April, 1906, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount due on said Mortgage, together with the costs of said sale and Fifty Dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said Mortgage.

Dated February 27th, 1906.

WILLIAM G. CLOSE, Mortgagee.

BALDWIN, BALDWIN & DANCER, Attorneys for Mortgagee, 301-304 First National Bank Bldg., Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-28—Mar-7-14-21-28—April-4—1906.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Arthur H. Burg, Plaintiff,

vs.

Cathrena Andrews, Nordin Andrews, her husband, Mike Profetto and C. O. Baldwin, Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That, under and by virtue of a Judgment and Decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of February, 1906, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, the 16th day of April, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said Judgment and Decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of St. Louis, and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The northerly Twenty-eight (28) feet of Lots Sixty-two (62) and Sixty-four (64), in Block one hundred and twenty-six (126), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated February 27th, 1906.

WM. J. BATES, Sheriff of St. Louis County.

By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.

BALDWIN, BALDWIN & DANCER, Attorneys for Defendant C. O. Baldwin.

Duluth, Minn.,

301-304 First Nat. Bank Bldg.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-28-March-7-14-21-28-April-4-1906.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 12th, 1906.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Schramm, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Augustine Schramm of the County of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that William Schramm, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1906, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Augustine Schramm granted;

It Is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said County on Monday, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County, and that a copy of this order be served upon the County Treasurer of St. Louis County, not less than ten days prior to said day of hearing.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 12th day of March, A. D. 1906.

By the Court,

J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-14-21-28-1906.

Week-End Excursions---Minneapolis St. Louis Railroad.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will place in effect until March 31 the following excursion arrangements:

Half rates—After 12 o'clock noon of Saturdays to all points within 150 miles, good for return until Monday morning; minimum rate 75 cents.

Fare and one-third—On sale Fridays to points not less than 75 miles nor more than 150 miles distant, limit the following Monday.

One fare plus $2—To points more than 150 miles away, limit five days.

These rates apply to the cities where theatrical attractions and other amusements are best at this season of the year, and they also apply to all local stations on the line.

For further particulars call on Minneapolis & St. Louis agents.

It takes a lot of preaching to convert some men to the value of advertising, but they always stay put.

WEST DULUTH

TWO FEASTS ABOUT DUE

Dynamite Club and Commercial Club Annual Banquets Come Soon.

Man Practicing Imposition on Charitable People.

West Duluth will shortly have two banquets. The first is that of the Dynamite club and the other is that of the West Duluth Commercial club. Each will be an event of great interest. The former is more in the form of a jollification than anything else; while the latter will be of the heavy artillery character.

The Dynamite club will banquet in the Commercial club rooms next Saturday evening. This club formed some years ago as more of a joke than anything else and has followed the custom of banqueting every 17th of March. Each is more largely attended than the former; and the club, while still a jolly one, is taken more seriously than it formerly was. There is a sort of freemasonry among its members which does not reach outside of those in the mystic circle, joke though the club may be; and he who gets within its portals kicks himself sincerely because he was not in before, it is said. The club's membership is select, congentiality being the first requisite. When a man has established himself as the right sort he may be accepted, but not before. Among the speakers at the banquet Saturday night will be City Comptroller W. S. McCormick, who is an honorary member of the club. Ike Deatherage is chef of the club and is making arrangements.

The banquet of the West Duluth Commercial club will take place one week from tonight and it is expected that it will be an affair of importance. A number of very prominent men have been invited to speak and it is quite likely that some really important speeches will be given. An acceptance of the invitation to speak has been received from T. D. O'Brien, state insurance commissioner. Others are expected daily.

IS AN IMPOSTOR.

Man Asks Alms Using Name of Father Feehely Falsely.

Rev. John Feehely of St. James Catholic church of West Duluth said this morning that he has been notified of an imposition on charitable people, practiced in his name and desires to stop it. A man who formerly lived in West Duluth and now lives in Duluth, he says, is going about soliciting alms, representing himself as having the endorsement of Father Feehely. This, Father Feehely claims to be absolutely untrue and is an imposition on charitably inclined people.

Father Feehely has turned the matter over to the police, who will probably take summary action in putting a stop to the practice being carried on by the man, whose name the father will give for publication should the like happen again.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

Our sale continues unabated. Cash prices are a charm. People buy cheerfully and save money.

Men's 50c articles, in Underwear, Neckwear, Suspenders, Silk Handkerchiefs, Skirts, Socks, Gloves and Mittens are now being closed out at **39c.**

SPECIAL SHOE SALE.

Our prices of Shoes are way down. Buy now and save money.

Infants' Soft Soles, worth 35c—at **25c.**

Child's 60c Shoes at **50c.**

Children's Shoes, worth 75c to 85c—at **68c.**

Children's Shoes, worth 90c—at **75c.**

See our boys' and misses' Shoes, worth $1.25 to $1.35—at, sale price, only **$1.00.**

Ladies' Shoes, worth $1.75—at **$1.48.**

Ladies' Shoes, worth $2.50—at **$1.98.**

Ladies' patent leather Shoes, worth $3.50—at **$2.90.**

Deep Cut in Prices of Men's Shoes.

All men's Shoes, worth $2.50—to be closed out at **$1.90.**

Men's dress Shoes, worth $3.50—at **$2.90.**

Good stock of Men's Heavy Shoes, all at sale prices.

Come and see. We can save you money at

HENDRICKS' CASH SYSTEM SALE.

AMBULANCE ASSIGNED.

No Conference or Effort Necessary to Secure One for Here.

The morning paper stated that an effort will be made by the West Duluth aldermen to secure an ambulance for West Duluth and says that it would probably be brought up in the next meeting of the city council. This will be unnecessray for the reason that the city has already assigned an ambulance for service in West Duluth and the same is now being painted. It is one of the old city ambulances and the matter was arranged some little time ago.

The ambulance has been rebuilt, new springs put in it and is now being repainted. As soon as this part of the work will have been finished, bids will be received by West Duluth stables as to the place where the ambulance will be kept.

The aldermen from West Duluth understand this and no conference will be held on the matter.

W. C. T. U. to Meet.

The West Duluth W. C. T. U. will meet tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fay Doherty of 522 North Fifty-sixth avenue west. The subject up for discussion will be an interesting one and the verdict will be waited for by the men with some interest, it is probable. It will be "What Should Women Know of Business Transactions?" Mrs. V. R. McKinley will be the leader in the discussion.

West Duluth Briefs.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Neering of North Fifty-sixth avenue west died this morning of pneumonia. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

William Mills of Sixty-first avenue west and Cody street has purchased a house on Bay View Heights and is today moving his family there.

The union revival services to be held in the Scandinavian churches of West Duluth for two weeks began last night. Tonight Rev. H. Henricks will be the speaker and the service will be held at the Swedish Mission church.

The rink skipped by G. W. Meldrum has won the W. F. Hurst trophy buttons, winning six straight games. The other members of the rink are Olaf Olson, Frank Ashley and Henry Gifford.

WATCH REPAIRING—HURST, 301 CENTRAL avenue.

A daughter was born last evening to Mr. and Mrs. Alfonse La France of Fond du Lac.

"Japan" is the subject at this afternoon's meeting of the guild of Holy Apostles Episcopal church, which is being held at the home of Mrs. Walter M. Evered of 626 North Fifty-sixth avenue west. Rev. R. J. Mooney will deliver an address on Japan.

Tomorrow evening a special Lenten service will be held at Holy Apostles church and Rev. H. S. Webster of St. John's Episcopal church at Lakeside will preach.

A concert will be given in the Norwegian Lutheran church, 57th and Wadena st., March 15. The pipe organ solos given by John Sethe of Minneapolis. Soloists, Roy Pritz and Clara Richardson.

DENIES CHARGE BY HIS BROTHER

Lawrence Zoretic Claims He Did Not Take the Jewelry.

The case of Lawrence Zoretic, who is being tried on the charge of stealing a case of jewelry from his brother, Mark Zoretic of Ely, was expected to reach the jury early this afternoon.

Mark Zoretic claims that the case of jewelry was taken from his house one night by his brother without permission, and that he never heard from Lawrence again until some time afterward when a countryman said he had seen Lawrence in Chicago. Mark claimed that half of the jewelry taken away from Ely is missing.

Lawrence testified that an agreement had been entered into with Mark whereby the former was to go out on the road to sell the jewelry. Supporting his testimony was that of another younger brother who said he heard the agreement made.

Zoretic is defended by N. H. Wilson.

Torture by Savages.

"Speaking of the torture to which some of the savage tribes in the Philippines subject their captives, reminds me of the intense suffering I endured for three months from inflammation of the Kidneys," says W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me. "Nothing helped me until I tried Electric Bitters, three bottles of which completely cured me." Cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Blood disorders and Malaria, and restores the weak and nervous to robust health. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50c.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN — The Cherry Blossoms.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM — Friday and Saturday, "Checkers."

LYCEUM — Sunday evening, Sousa's band.

SWING SONG.

One of the many beautiful musical numbers given by the Cherry Blossoms at the Metropolitan this week is "Sweethearts of Boyhood's Days," sung by the entire company as the finale to the openeing burlesque. The song is a very pretty one and is handsomely mounted. Five young women are seated in swings which are bedecked with colored lights and swung out over the heads of the parquet to the catchy refrain. Other pretty musical numbers introduced are "Lindy Lou," "Wait Till the Sun Shines, Nellie," "Boys in Brown," "Cheyenne," "The Girl of the U. S. A." and "Under the Banana Tree."

"CHECKERS."

"Checkers," described by the critics of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston as a dramatization, not only equal but superior to the book from which it is taken, is announced for an engagement at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday. The play comes here direct from most successful engagements in New York. It brings with it the credentials of its success in the shape of very warm newspaper praise from the theatrical authorities of those cities and the very enviable box office statements showing that the success from a financial point of view is quite as great as from the artistic. The play is described by William Winter of the New York Tribune as "The greatest racing play since the day of 'The Flying Scud.'" Opie Read, the noted novelist, has spoken of it as "One of the choicest, strongest and prettiest representations of a bit of everyday life that he has ever seen on the stage."

MASTER OF THE HEART.

Known for two decades and more as "The March King," Sousa's growing and lasting popularity have earned him a new title, "Master of the Heart." In other words, he is intensely human in his music, and knows as few others the value of ryhthm, vibration and motion, as counterparts of the heart-throbs and pulse-beats. Sit under the spell, for example, of his marches, make effort to locate the cause of their incisive impressions, and you will not be able to flee from the conviction that the heart strings sway in complete harmony and sympathy. Attendance upon a Sousa concert means mental and emotional exhilaration. Sousa and his band will be at the Lyceum Sunday evening.

Colds Cause Sore Throat

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

ON TOP

For style and good taste, and the best quality, you will find our stock of furnishings, shoes and clothing. When out to buy your Spring stock, let us put you on top as to saving your money.

Eagle CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

321 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Our "Quitting Business" Sale

puts our entire stock on the bargain list. *Everything goes at big discounts.* It will pay you to attend this sale. For Thursday from 9 to 9:30 a. m. all hinges, all butts in our stock go at exactly half the regular prices; this includes cast butts, wrought butts, bronze butts, strap and tee hinges, and limit each customer to a $2.00 purchase. You must present this clipping from this paper at this sale.

Friday, March 16, From 10 to 10:30 a. m.

(Note the Date and Hour.)

LACE CURTAINS HALF PRICE

All we have on sale. *Limit one pair to each customer.* If you wish any more they go at regular sale price.

Regular $1.00 pair at this sale for----------50c a pair
Regular $3.50 pair at this sale for--------$1.75 a pair
Regular $6.00 pair at this sale for--------$3.00 a pair
Regular $12.00 pair at this sale for-------$6.00 a pair
Regular $14.00 pair at this sale for-------$7.00 a pair

Any pair Lace Curtains in our Stock at Half if you have your clipping with you.

21st Avenue West on Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Avenue West on Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Jamestown Sues Property Owners for Defects Causing Injury.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—By order of the city council of this place the city attorney will bring suit against owners of the property on which Ellen Pike sustained injuries for which she was given a judgment against the city for $5,000. If the owner of the lot is liable the city attorney expects to be able to transfer the judgment from the city to the individual.

Medina—Building operations have been in progress at this place during the entire winter in order to meet the demand. As spring draws nearer the demand increases, carloads of settlers are arriving daily, most of them coming from Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin and Iowa. This is one of the busiest of the many new towns started in the state during the past year.

Bismarck—The Commercial club has received word from the J. I. Case Threshing Machine company of Racine, Wis., that it will establish Western headquarters in this city and as soon as weather conditions permit, will begin the erection of a large concrete storage building. The building is to be 75 by 140 feet and two stories in height. The contract has been awarded to a local builder. The company will make this the distributing point for its business on the Missouri slope.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—The Ogden mill, chemical reduction plant for gold ores, burned to the ground early Tuesday morning. It had just completed the first test run, with satisfactory results. It treated ores by a new method with cyanide, other chemicals and electricity. Vice President McAdoo says the company will rebuild at once.

Spearfish—Suffering with melancholy, Herman Boettel, a ranchman in the Crow Peak district, took his life by shooting the top of his head off with a gun. He had returned from a rabbit hunt with a friend and, after writing some letters, went out with the latter, who busied himself with chores on the ranch. Boettel took a small saddle gun and, placing it over the left eye, pulled the trigger, blowing the top of his head off. He is survived by a sister in Maywood, Ill., to which place the remains will be shipped. He left a number of sealed letters, the contents of which are not known.

Pierre—At the last meeting of the city council, a resolution was adopted exempting from taxation for ten years the operahouse which is being erected here by Charles L. Hyde. This action does not apear to be entirely satisfactory to other taxpayers, and a petition is being circulated for the submission of that action of the council, through the referendum, to the voters at the city election next monh.

The Rapid Cly & Northwestern railway, the new extension of the North-Western road from here to Rapid City, has filed with the state land department its plats for the state lands it crosses. The plats are across the following sections: 36, in township 2 south, range 10 east; 16, in township 1 south, range 12 east; 36, in township 1 south, range 13 east; 16, in township 1 south, range 21 east; 36, in township 2 south, range 25 east; 16, in township 2 south, range 27 east, and 36, in township 2 south, range 29 east.

While the Milwaukee road has not yet filed its plats, it is known that the line location will be south of the Bad Lands wall, passing in the vicinity of Casey, and swinging north of Sheep mountain, down Spring creek to the Cheyenne river, and down that stream to the mouth of Rapid creek, and following that up to Rapid City.

Sturgis—A brick building known as Benevolent hall and valued at $15,000 was destroyed by fire here Monday. Several firemen narrowly escaped death. The insurance on the building was $8,000. The D. G. Clothing company had about $30,000 stock, which was greatly damaged by water. A bowling alley in the basement, valued at $10,000 and partially insured, was destroyed. The cause of the fire is not known. The building was owned by the Masons, Odd Fellows and United Workmen.

If you have used Witch Hazel Salve without being relieved, it is probable that you got hold of one of the many worthless counterfeits that are sold on the reputation of the genuine De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. All Druggists.

Columbus, O.

Use the Erie Railroad Short Line—the popular route—two through trains daily. Apply to E. R. Porch, traveling passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

The Proper Care of Chronic Private Diseases

Is a very important matter to the afflicted one.

There Are Many Reasons Why

You should consult the Progressive Medical Association.

We have long been resident and are permanently established in Duluth. We are reliable and responsible financially. We will cure you if we take your case.

Our physician has no peer in successfully combatting and effectively curing Chronic Private Diseases.

We are here to be seen every day in the year—at No. 1 West Superior street, corner Lake avenue.

You receive the personal care and attention of our physician—a noted Specialist—until you are cured.

We are here to stay, and will guarante to treat your case until cured for the one fee—and that fee reasonable.

We treat our patients generously and fair—our friends are legion.

We have the confidence of the community and patients come to us every day from all over the Northwest.

If you are afflicted with VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, STRICTURE, GLEET, GONORRHOEA, PROSTATIC TROUBLES, KIDNEY, URINARY AND BLADDER DISEASES, LOST MANHOOD OR NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY—or any Chronic private disability—

CONSULT US FREE!

Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

If you cannot call, write Dept. A, Progressive Medical Association, Duluth, and explain your condition fully to us. It will receive the prompt attention of our Specialist. All correspondence strictly confidential and replies sent in plain envelopes.

PROGRESSIVE Medical Association,

NO. 1 WEST SUPERIOR ST., CORNER LAKE AVE.

ADVERTISING

Doesn't need to be original. It needs to be truthful and to the point. To select well among old things is equal to inventing new ones

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

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CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

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BEST OF WORKMANSHIP. PRICES reasonable. C. Gill, 124 Second avenue west. Zenith 'phone, 1518-X.

Moderate Priced Homes.

$3150 Seven-room house on Third street, near Sixth avenue east; stone foundation, hot water heat, gas, bath, etc.; good plumbing. (3267)

$2300 Eight-room house on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue east; bath, etc.; city water and sewer, electric light and gas, combination fixtures; small barn; 25-foot lot. (3268)

$3000 Eight-room house on Fifth street, near Second avenue west; bath, electric light, furnace, grate and mantel; hardwood finish on first floor; stone foundation; easy payments. (61)

$4200 Large lot and nice seven-room house on Oxford street at Hunters' Park; stone foundation, furnace, bath, gas and electric light, grate and mantel, hardwood floors throughout. (3332)

$2500 On East Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue—seven-room house, bath, city water and sewer, small barn; lot 25x105 feet. (4067)

$1800 Two lots, making 100x120 feet, on upper side of Grand avenue, near Fifty-fourth avenue east, with seven-room house, electric light. Easy payment plan. (4004)

$950 At West Duluth, in very good location, above Grand avenue; seven-room house, city water—25-foot lot. Easy payments. (3991)

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STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK

LITTLE & NOLTE — INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE — LOANS — UNDER AM. EX. BANK. — ESTABLISHED 1885

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$1400—Two-and-a-half-story house on Piedmont avenue, near Twenty-first avenue west. Easy terms. Rentals pay 10 per cent. 103-1

$850—Lot 50x140 on Jefferson, near Twenty-first avenue east. Sewer and water. 175-1

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General Insurance and Surety Bonds
YOU WANT THE BEST WE FURNISH IT
TORREY BLDG. 12TH FLOOR

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value.

$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.

Call in and see us about the above.

C.P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PILES are serious, cause much pain and discomfort, and sometimes actual disability.

SYMPTOMS: There may be itching and stinging, then again pain, soreness and bleeding. Tumors form, enlarge, protrude, and if neglected, ulcerate, becoming very serious and painful. To cure them quickly and painlessly use

INJECTION MALYDOR.

Instant relief. Cures in several days. At druggists, or sent with Syringe, for $1.00

Malydor Mfg. Co., Lancaster, O., U. S. A.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 305 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

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	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton	1729-L	1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	982
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1151-K	554

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SMALL FURNISHED ROOM FOR rent. 208 West Third street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, modern; private family. 412 West Fourth street. Old phone, 1295-L.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two gentlemen in private family. 130 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room, all modern conveniences; private family; gentlemen preferred. Flat "G," Bostwick Flats.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED STEAM-heated room. Call at 315 Pioneer block, for ladies or gentlemen.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 232 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM furnished. All modern. Apply 310 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM MODERN house, 2527 West Second street. H. H. Hanford, 102 Providence building.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614 Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, in Park terrace, cheap. Apply Myers Bros., 206 Lyceum building.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—THREE-ROOM FLAT, 305 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM BASEMENT flat; $6 a month, including water. 205 Eleventh avenue west.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT. CALL 614½ EAST Second street.

THREE-ROOM, STEAM-HEATED, FURNISHED flat, complete for housekeeping. 315 West Fourth street.

SECOND FLOOR, 473 MESABA AVENUE, three rooms and alcove, between Second and Third avenues west; no children. Per month, $12.

A cozy corner for what the Gopher Shoe Works saves you on shoe repairing.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT; water, light and sewer; rent $16 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

BOARD OFFERED.

YOUNG LADY CAN SECURE BOARD and room in private family, very central. G 80, Herald.

DOUBLE PARLORS, SINGLE OR EN suite, to one or more; also single room, with board, in one of the best private families in city; location finest to be had in East end; references required. V 86, Herald.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED south room in modern house; hot water heat; $23 per month. G 82, Herald.

THE LYLE, 28, 30, 32, East Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 122 East First street.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT — NEW STORE ROOM, 112 West First street, 140 feet deep; fine dry basement; paved alley in rear; up-to-date. Possession at once. J. W. Rowley, 24 West Third street. Zenith 1314.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MILLINERY.

Miss Fitzpatrick, 504 E. 4th. Old 'phone.

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CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio Bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — GUN METAL OPEN-FACE watch, with silver pin, after 5:30 Tuesday. Return to 211 Providence building.

LOST — ON FIFTH STREET, CHILD'S fur scarf. Return to 1115 East Fifth street.

LOST — IN OR NEAR THE SPALDING hotel, a man's diamond ring. Reward will be paid if returned to Whitney Wall, Palladio building.

FOUND—Place equipped for doing good work while you wait. Gopher Shoe Wks.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

POIRIER & CO., 106 East Superior street.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

OLD CLOTHES BOUGHT.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

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WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable, up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, pianos, cattle, horses, wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building
New 'phone, 936. Old 'phone, 759-R.

$1 PER WEEK PAYS BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST on a $20 loan. Other amounts in like proportion.
ACTUAL REBATE given if paid before due.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security, easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, furs, rifles, etc., and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

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1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

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TELEPHONE YOUR UPHOLSTERING wants to Cameron. He will call at your residence with a complete assortment of coverings and estimate your work. Zenith 'phone 787, Bell, 325-L.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior St.

MORRISON'S TAILORING.

YOU CAN HAVE A GOOD SUBSTANTIAL, stylish suit made at Morrison's for less than you can get the same quality for anywhere. Come and see. D. M. Morrison, 8 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

MAGIC PIANO POLISH.

BEST POLISH ON MARKET, PREpared by C. O. Kristensen. Used by principal piano houses in city. 336 E. Sup. St. 'Phone, 1202-L.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER TO INVEST $3,000 with or without services, in an established, profitable retail business. Rapid growth of business requires increased capital. Thorough investigation courted. V 87, Herald.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313X, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

I HAVE A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS with which I wish to buy half interest in some established business and become active partner. Write, stating business and giving address; dealings strictly confidential. F 8, Herald.

WANTED TO BORROW—$2,500, ON first-class security before April 1. Call 328 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Adhesive, invisible, harmless. Satin skin powder is made in 4 alluring tints. 25c.

COMPOUND and VAPOR BATHS.

WE CURE COLDS, RHEUMATISM, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, gout and all blood poisons, give magnetic compound vapor baths. No. 16 East Superior street. Mr. and Mrs. A. Ecker, proprietors.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna iron range, Morrison, 146 Torrey building.

SHOES WELL BOUGHT ARE HALFsoled at the Gopher Shoe Works.

FOR SALE—POOL TABLE. NORTHern restaurant, Garfield avenue. C. Johnson.

FOR SALE—$1,000 POLICY IN THE States Installment Realty Co.; will mature in four months. Address, V 100, Herald.

WILL SELL FINE UPRIGHT PIANO for $125 cash. 319 East Superior street.

A 21-FOOT YACHT HULL, NEW, TORpedo design, fast type, very attractive. First-class workmanship, can be bought cheap. Call up old 'phone 3013-M, or Zenith 'phone 3685-X.

CHICKERING PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO.,
17 West Superior Street.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.
EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE for eight-room house, in whole or part; also high-top Chicago cottage organ, in excellent condition. 4931 Peabody street, Fiftieth avenue east, Lakeside.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; will sell all or part. Call Flat 13, 2231 West Michigan street.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, CHICK food, hatching eggs, poultrymen's supplies. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNISHings, sideboard, chairs, beds, etc., Friday and Saturday, March 16 and 17. Fred J. Griffith, old Munger residence, Fourth avenue west and Mesaba avenue.

"SHAKESPEARE" STOCK BOUGHT and sold. Morrison, 416 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—LEASE OF FOURTEEN-room rooming house, and furniture of seven rooms; must be cash. Parties leaving city. M 85, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL-SIZE DRESS COAT and vest, in first-class condition; a bargain. Address N. T. C., Herald.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

I CAN LOCATE YOU ON THE FARM lands on Willow River and Little Fork valleys. New rail and county roads now under construction. Pat Greaney, Ashawa, Minn.

LANDS FOR SALE—2,000 ACRES OF improved farm lands in the Red River valley land district, in farms from 160 acres to 400 acres. Prices from $15 to $30 per acre. For full particulars write W. G. Robertson, Fairdale, N. D.

FOR SALE—GOOD IMPROVED FARM, 80 acres; 40 acres cleared and stumped and under cultivation; large size first-class buildings and all farming machinery; $2,400. Apply H. F. Berbig, 910 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, Twenty-fifth street, Park Point; used summer and winter. C. Finkler, Twenty-fifth street, Park Point.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.

A large assortment of horses always on hand at our stables in Duluth and Midway, St. Paul.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.

FOR SALE — GOOD RELIABLE DRIVing horse, guaranteed to be sound. Apply 18 First avenue west.

FOR SALE — HORSE, HEAVY SINGLE sleigh and harness. 126 East Second street.

FOR SALE — HEAVY TEAM OF horses, 3,100 pounds, wagon, sleigh and horses. S. B. Sher, 405 St. Croix avenue.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE; BEST OF workmanship. Suits pressed, 50c; pants, 15c. 118 First avenue west. Old 'phone 1430-L.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARgest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING and REPAIRING

ED OTT, No. 6 W. First St. Both 'phones.

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERING.

C. F. FORSELL—GOOD WORK GUARanteed. 338 E. Sup. street. Zenith, 949.

DYE WORKS.

WE Sponge and Press by the month. Duluth Dye works, 330 East Superior St.

MAYBE

Somebody's just wishing for some article you have and don't want—and perhaps you'd like an article "that very somebody" has and wants to get rid of. FIFTEEN CENTS buys an ad in The Herald's For Sale Miscellaneous column.

TELL IT TO PHONE 324.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

50 men daily to get shoes resoled—while you wait. The Gopher Shoe Works.

WANTED — 1,000 RAILROAD LABORers and station men for Washington, near Portland, Or. Good wages, two years' work; fare free from Duluth. Ship daily. Write or apply to the Duluth Employment company.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able bodied unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

RELIABLE MAN OR WOMAN TO TRAvel, distribute samples, and employ agents. Local managers also. $18 a week and expenses. Ziegler Co., 225 Locust street, Philadelphia.

WANTED — THREE SHOP CARPENters. Apply Woodruff Lumber company's mill.

WANTED—BOY OVER 16. CALL 208 West Superior street tonight, between 8 and 9.

WANTED—FOREMAN FOR RETAIL coal yard. North Land Coal company, 328 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, TWO GOOD MAchinists and two good molders; steady work and best wages; don't write, but come. Virginia Foundry & Machine company.

WANTED—A BOY TO DRIVE DELIVery wagon. Wages, $6.00 week to start with. 117 East Superior street.

WANTED — 100 TUNNELMEN AND hammermen, $2.50 to $2.75 per day, for Washington. Two years' work; free fare. Ship daily. Apply to the Duluth Employment Co.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED YOUNG man stenographer, with some knowledge of bookkeeping; good chance for advancement. Address Q. T., care of Herald.

WANTED—CANVASSERS FOR HIGHclass periodical, good pay, easy work. Address B, this office.

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN FOR collecting and assisting in office. Apply to Duluth Van company.

WANTED — BOY NOT UNDER 16. MINnesota Cigar Box Co., 26 West First St.

WANTED — DENTAL STUDENT OR bright young man 18 to 20 years old, who wants to learn mechanical dentistry or study dentistry. Must be well recommended and want to stay. Country boy preferred. Small wages to start with. Dentistry, Herald.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN WATCHmaking; earn while you learn; write for our free book, "How to Be a Watchmaker." Stone's Watchmaking school, Globe building, St. Paul.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Only short time required. Now is the time to learn and prepare for the busy season. Illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—POSITION AS PIANO PLAYer. Telephone, 4073-K Old Phone, or address E. B. Baskin, 1907 Banks avenue, Superior, Wis.

MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION AS driver; laundry preferred. Address X X, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG SWEDE OF good education, position in some office, wholesale house or store. Understands English thoroughly. A. E. 1025, Garfield avenue.

SITUATION WANTED AS TALLYman for lumber scaler; best of references. V 84, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS CAMP clerk or tallyman for scaler, by competent, energetic young man. Address G 83, Herald.

BOOKS PROPERLY WRITTEN UP, adjusted and audited by expert accountant. Auditor, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — BY COUPLE, TWO OR three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; West end preferred. Address, G 77, Herald.

FOR RENT—ABOUT APRIL 1, SEVENroom house, near Twenty-fourth avenue west. Call Duluth 'phone 3043-M.

FOURTEEN OR FIFTEEN-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished, in good location, or would buy out one that would wish to sell for cash. G 87, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—BY COUPLE, A modern house on East side, by April 15; state size of house and rent wanted; also location. Address April, care Herald.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, one or two desirable furnished rooms; light housekeeping privileges preferred; East end. G 200, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND safe. Address T. C., Herald.

ONE GOOD OFFICE TABLE. SEATONDay Electric company, 25 North Fifth avenue west. Zenith 'phone 38.

STANDING TIMBER IN MINNESOTA. Address V 9, Herald.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT—Top floor Burrows Bldg.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old phone, 1614.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old phone, 1594; Zenith, 1295.

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED

CARPET SWEEPERS REPAIRED. Duluth Carpet Sweeper Repair Co., 123 W. First street. New phone, 1578-D.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's Female Regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT COOK AT Mrs. Page Morris,' 2232 East First street.

WANTED—SERVANT GIRL. 1624 EAST Third street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; best wages; must be competent. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — FILLER STRIPPER. Head of the Lakes Cigar company, 2730 West Third street.

GOOD GIRL GENERAL HOUSEWORK, four in family. 1424 East Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady to clerk in cloak department; references required. Apply Bee Hive Department Store, 115 East Superior street.

WANTED—MARKER AT LUTE'S laundry.

WANTED—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer operator; state salary expected, experience, age, etc.; permanent position. G 75, Herald.

WANTED — PROTESTANT GIRL FOR general housework. Call 2107 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEwork; must understand cooking. Mrs. M. L. Jenks, 821 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; four in family. 1420 East Fourth street. Call mornings.

WANTED—FILLER STRIPPER, HEAD of the Lakes Cigar company, 2730 West Third street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. 2319 EAST First street.

WANTED — GIRLS FOR PRESSING ladies' garments. Zenith City Dye works, 6 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework. Apply, 2703 West First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework; best wages. 1305 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST IN kitchen work. 18 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1014 East Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY TO WORK in dental office. Address, Box 475, Virginia, Minn.

GIRL WANTED AT 931 EAST FIFTH street.

WANTED — TWO OR THREE GOOD dining room girls. 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework. 2327 East Second street.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN BARbering, hair-dressing, manicuring and massage. Particulars free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 Fifteenth avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES POSITION AS stenographer or office girl; has had two years' experience at stenography. V 89, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home; work guaranteed. Address G. B., Herald.

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing at your home. G 67, Herald.

LADY WISHES POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper or taking care of furnished rooms. Address G 81, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS CASHIER or assistant bookkeeper by lady. L. C., Herald office.

WANTED — WASHING OR HOUSEcleaning by the day; washing and ironing to take home. 704 East Second street.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS work afternoons. T. Herald.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Tuesday morning, March 6, 1219 East Seventh street. Phone, 1387 Zenith.

E. CARLSON JUST ARRIVED WITH A carload of fresh milch cows. Zenith phone, 1051-D.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—NICE SIX-ROOM HOUSE, fine condition, East end, easy walking distance, stone foundation and all conveniences; act quick; reasonable price. W. M. Prindle & Co., No. 3 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—A FINE 12-ROOM HOUSE on Sixth street and First avenue east; must be removed at once. George A. Wieland, office, 211 Alworth building; new phone, 278. Residence, 1127 East Third street; new phone, 252.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY RENT—Call on us, we will show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent. Let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. S. S. Williamson, 614—Torrey building. New, 135. Old, 1351.

WHILE-YOU-WAIT SHOP.

GET YOUR SHOE REPAIRED. HANDsewed soles, 75c. Nailed soles, 50c. All kinds rubber heels, 40c. Ladies' and boys' soles, 40c. All hand work, no machinery; best oak tanned leather. 302 East Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

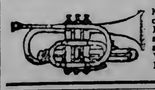
CREMONEA VIOLIN MAKER.

RARE AND OLD VIOLINS REPAIRED; modern violins regraduated so they will improve with age. I develop the fullest tone capacity of every violin submitted. Forty years' experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. Lambert, 121 East Fourth street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. NOVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PIANO LESSONS.

PIANO LESSONS BY COMPETENT teacher, 35c a lesson. V 35, Herald.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 19, 1906. Work, second degree, Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 12, 1906. Work — First degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30, March 14, 1906. Work M. M. degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave 8 p. m., Tuesday, March 20. Public installation of officers, Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, March 15, 1906. Work—Twenty-sixth degree. J. E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 21. Work—Second degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday, in K. O. T. M. hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Mar. 15. Beneficient degree. T. J. McKeon, J. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. C. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 103, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patshkowski, M. W.; W. Fensternacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., meets every Tuesday at 118 West Superior street. Work—Second rank, Tuesday, March 20. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and Third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next regular meeting March 16, 1906—initiation. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Next meeting March 13; work first degree. Visiting members always welcome. S. F. Staples, V. C.; N. P. Turnblad, banker; R. Rankin, clerk, 1322 Jefferson street.

CLAN SRTEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, March 21. Debate. Subject, "Single Tax;" open meeting after 9 o'clock.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall first and third Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1315 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, will hold a musical and social entertainment March 21. The ladies will serve refreshments, coffee and cake. Invite your friends and have a good time. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt.-Gen.; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1044, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, Charles E. Norman; record keeper and finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m., residence, 412 West Fourth street.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John P. Gogins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gilliland; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.
COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets the first and third Tuesday of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting, March 20. Card party. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 224 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.